ANTENNA SPECIAL ISSUE



DIFFERENTIAL MATCHING AMPLIFIER

REVIÊWED

UNIVERSAL M1000 DECODER

THE CASE OF THE FLUSHING TOILET

Plus Regular Features Covering

Airband, Scanning, Junior Listeners, SSB Utility Listening, Propagation Amateur Bands, Long, Medium & Short Waves, Satellite TV Reports, Weather Satellites and more.

October 1993 £1.90 ISSN 0037 - 4261



YUPITERU MVT-7100 Handheld Sensation

- ▲ Continuous Coverage 100KHz = 1650MHz
- ▲ 1000 Memory Channels ▲ All Mode Reception
- All Mode Reception (including SSB & CW)
- 🔺 High Scan Speed

The MVT–7100 is a new handheld sensation with the widest ever frequency coverage! It's sensitive receiver provides effortless reception of SSB and CW using true carrier injection with 50Hz resolution. It can even be hooked up for fax and data reception (with accessories).

The MVT–7100 is a complete communications package in the palm of your hand.

Accessories supplied:-Telescopic Antenna, NiCad Batteries, Car Connector, UK Charger, Carrying Strap, Earphone, English Manual

Available from your local dealer or direct from U.K. Distributors

NEVADA COMMUNICATIONS

189 London Road, North End, Portsmouth, Hants PO2 9AE. Tel: (0705) 662145 Fax: (0705) 690626

features

VOL. 52 ISSUE 10 OCTOBER 1993

ON SALE SEPTEMBER 23 (Next issue on sale October 28)

EDITOR: Dick Ganderton, C. Eng., MIEE, G8VFH ART EDITOR: Steve Hunt. Layouts: Richard Gale NEWS & FEATURES: Elaine Richards G4LFM

EDITORIAL

Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW Tel: (0202) 659910 FAX: (0202) 659950

BOOK SERVICE, SUBSCRIPTIONS, BACK ISSUES ETC: CREDIT CARD ORDERS: (0202) 659930 (Out of hours service by answering machine)

ADVERTISEMENT DEPARTMENT ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER Roger Hall G4TNT TEL: 071-731 6222 Cellphone: (0850) 382666 FAX: 071-384 1031

ADVERTISEMENT PRODUCTION (Broadstone) Lynn Smith (Sales) Ailsa Turbett (Production) TEL: (0202) 659920 FAX: (0202) 659950

© PW PUBLISHING LTD. 1993.

Copyright in all drawings, photographs and articles published in Short Wave Magazine is fully protected and reproduction or imitation in whole or in part is expressly forbidden. All reasonable precautions are taken by Short Wave Magazine to ensure that the advice and data given to our readers is reliable. We cannot however guarantee it and we cannot accept legal responsibility for it. Prices are those current as we go to press. Short Wave Magazine is published monthly for £21(UK) or \$45 (USA) per year by FW Publishing Ltd., Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 BFW. Second class postage paid at Middlesex, NJ. Postmaster. Send USA address changes to Short Wave Magazine, c/o Permit to post at Hackensack pending. The USPS (United States Postal Service) number for Short Wave Magazine is: 006696.

pw publishing ltd.

Cover:

Our cover this month shows the antenna arrays of the Hillbillies Contest Group. The inset picture shows a community telecomms mast somewhere in Germany. This type of tower carries antennas for just about every type of radio service imaginable.



DISCLAIMER. Some of the products offered for sale in advertisements in this magazine may have been obtained from abroad or from unauthorised sources. *Short Wave Magazine* advises readers contemplating mail order to enquire whether the products are suitable for use in the UK and have full after-sales back-up available. The Publishers of *Short Wave Magazine* wish to point out that it is the reponsibility of readers to ascertain the legality or otherwise of items offered for sale by advertisers in this magazine.



14

Universal M-1000 Review *Mike Richards*

A Day in the Life of a Radio Inspector - The Case of the Flushing Toilet J Edward Brown



- A Differential Matching Amplifier for Loop Antennas David Porter G4QYX
- 24
- The Ferri-Ten Experiment *Richard Q Marris*
- A Simple Receiving Loop Antenna Len Buck G0DLR
 - Improvements to the Hexagonal Loop Antenna John Wells
- 36

AOR LA320 Active Antenna Review *Mike Richards*

37

The Man from Marconi *Joan Ham*

Roberts R817 Review *Peter Shore*

regulars

- 53 Airband
- 50 Amateur Bands Round-up
- 48 Bandscan Europe
- 72 Book Service
- 60 Decode
- 45 DXTV Round-up
- 4 Grassroots
- 57 Info in Orbit
- 76 Index to Advertisers
- 5 Junior Listener
- 2 Letters
- 33 Listen With Grandad

- 63 Long, Medium & Short
- 6 News
- 71 PCB Service
- 40 Propagation
- 4 Rallies
- 43 Satellite TV News
- 54 Scanning
- 2 Services

good listening

- 49 SSB Utility Listening
- 75 SWM Subscribers' Club
- 69 Trading Post
- 67 Off the Record

00

editorial

SWM SERVICES

Subscriptions

Subscriptions are available at £21 per annum to UK addresses, £23 in Europe and £25 overseas. Subscription copies are despatched by accelerated Surface Post outside Europe, Airmail rates for overseassubscriptions can be quoted on request. Joint subscriptions to both Short Wave Magazine and Practical Wireless are available at £36(UK) £39 (Europe) and £41 (rest of world).

Components for SWM Projects

In general all components used in constructing SWM projects are available from a variety of component suppliers. Where special, or difficult to obtain, components are specified, a supplier will be quoted in the article.

The printed circuit boards for SWM projects are available from the SWM PCB Service, Badger Boards, 87 Blackberry Lane, Four Oaks, Sutton Coldfield B74 4JF. Tel: 021-353 9326.

Back Numbers and Binders

Limited stocks of most issues of SWM for the past five years are available at £2.00 each including P&P to addresses at home and overseas (by surface mail).

Binders, each taking one volume are available for £5.50 plus £1 P&P for one binder, £2 P&P for two or more, UK or overseas. Please state the year and volume number for which the binder is required. Prices include VAT where appropriate.

Orders for back numbers, binders and items from our Book Service should be sent to: PW Publishing Ltd., FREEPOST, Post Sales Department, Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone Dorset BH18 8PW, with details of your credit card or a cheque or postal order payable to PW Publishing Ltd. Cheques with overseas orders must be drawn on a London Clearing Bank and in Sterling.

Credit card orders (Access, Mastercard, Eurocard or Visa) are also welcome by telephone to Broadstone (0202) 659930. An answering machine will accept your order out of office hours and during busy periods in the office. You can also FAX an order, giving full details to Poole (0202) 659950.

Earlier this year it was decided to re-vamp RadioLine in an attempt to revitalise the service. This was Short Wave Magazine's own '0898' telephone information service that, initially, had proved to be popular with

readers. Unfortunately it took a lot of editorial staff time to update it weekly - time that, with a limited staff, simply was not available. My primary aim must be to ensure that your favourite magazine appears on the bookstalls on time, every month - a target that has been met ever since we took over the title in 1987.

The new style RadioLine should have been a success - it had everything going for it. But it has not! The listening figures have not approached those enjoyed by the service when it was first launched and the cost of having it professionally produced has ensured that it makes a loss! It is with regret, therefore, that I have decided that RadioLine has to be withdrawn. RIP.

Leicester ARS

The two-day show at the Granby Halls, Leicester on 29 & 30 October

should prove to be as successful as in previous years. Two years ago we experimented with a clinic,

run by the late Peter Rouse, on SSB Utility Listening. It proved to be so successful that we repeated the experiment last year with Mike Richards and Decode. This year it is the turn of Godfrey Manning and Airband. Godfrey will be available during the show to offer help, information or just natter about anything to do with Airband. Even if you are not into Airband, it is still well worth visiting the show.

letters

Brickbats and Bouquets

Dear Sir

I would like to thank ERA and Mr Bill Green for their excellent service I have been given. I purchased from them a new Synoptic decoder that has a few bugs inthe firmware. I returned it to them the day after the Cardiff post strike finished and the received the unit back with a new version (1.3) chip in four days and free of charge.

Thank you again ERA. R. Evans Gwent

Dear Sir

The suspicion I get when reading 'good and friendly service' is that the writiers of these letters have had bad or poor service at some time from advertisers.

How about a list of traders giving bad or poor service? Those, for example that require ten days to clear a cheque before despatching goods. Those who clear a cheque in ten minutes but don't acknowledge receipt of an item for repair three weeks after despatch. Finally, those traders who hold repairs for four to six weeks before starting the

job. **J** Fairgrieve Edinburgh

IF YOU HAVE ANY POINTS OF VIEW THAT YOU WANT TO AIR PLEASE WRITE TO THE EDITOR. IF YOUR LETTER US PUBLISHED YOU WILL RECEIVE A £5 VOUCHER TO SPEND ON ANY SWM SERVICE

Morse & the RAE

Dear Sir

I read with great interest the letter from Allan Young on Tonbridge, whose comments | heartily endorse.

My suggestion regarding Morse and A and B licences is as follows:

I would first propose that all who sit for the RAE and pass should eventually be allowed to become A licence holders. Initially, those who pass the RAE should be B licence holders for a period of, say, three years, after which time they should then be allowed to apply for an A licence.

For those who wish to use Morse in addition to having an A licence, they should take the Morse test as usual and be given the advantage of having a suffix after their callsign for identification and recognition, i.e. G3???CW.

I think this system would allow the new licence holders to have a period of apprenticeship of three years to acquire the necessary skills to become competent operator A licence holders.

H R Hawkins East Sussex

Dear Sir

l agree the c.w. mode using Morse is useful, but what has this got to do with must for an 'A' licence? **R** Johnstone

Inverness-shire

The Editor reserves the right to shorten any letters for publication but will try not to alter their sense. letters must be original and not have been submitted to any other magazines. The views expressed in letters published in this magazine are not necessarily those of Short Wave Magazine.

Vintage Radio

Dear Sir

John Tuke, with his Thirties radio, suffers from pulling and wind-wobble. He should try the effects of putting a small variable capacitor in the antenna lead. This would, of course, reduce signal strength, but it would improve selectivity and reduce or eliminate the other troubles.

For s.s.b. reception, it often helps matters to use a much smaller grid leak. This prevents 'squegging', and gives better control of the re-inserted carrier, thus allowing strong, as well as weak signals to be resolved.

C.R. Eve (Jersey) cannot oscillate at all. I suggest that he should use a large grid leak, say 5M Ω , returned, not to cathode, but to h.t.+. In this way, I persuaded an L63 triode, in a Hartley circuit, to go into oscillation with only 4.5V on the anode, the h.t. (and l.t.) supply being a 6V motor cycle battery. H.S. Stevens **Buckinghamshire**

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993



The Real A J Alan

Dear Sir

Eric Westman's article 'Mystery Man of the BBC' in the August issue hardly does Leslie Lambert, A.J. Alan, justice. He was not a 'nonentity', nor was he merely a 'civil servant'. This was official dis-information.

Around 1909 Lambert was a good conjurer, attending several society and royal functions. Early in 1914 he had given a performance at Marlborough House and had met Queen Alexandra. It is thought that by this time he may have had an amateur licence. When WW1 started in August 1914, he was already involved in Naval Intelligence ('Room 40'), and in September 1914 he joined a primitive interception station at Hunstanton. The qualifications required included faultless Morse operation at a minimum of 25 words per minute. This station quickly became a key station in DFing and intercepting German naval communications.

One day, Queen Alexandra unexpectedly visited Hunstanton when Leslie Lambert was on duty. She immediately recognised him, and greeted him cordially leaving the other ratings openmouthed! Lambert refused to tell them how he knew royalty. He was clearly an accomplished W/T operator at this time. There is thus the mystery of why and when he became an experienced radio operator before WW1, since he does not appear to have gone to sea in either the Merchant or Royal Navies.

After WW1, Lambert was inducted into GC&CS - the forerunner of GCHQ. GC&CS stood for 'Goverment Code and Cypher School', and came into operation in 1920. His name appears in the GC&CS staff list for 1922. (Public Record Office, File CAB/63/29). He was still engaged in radio intelligence duties.

Around 1921, GC&CS discovered by interception and crypt analysis that the new Soviet goverment was helping Indian Nationalists and funding the Communist Party of Great Britain. The decrypted texts of some of these incriminating signals were published. Lambert certainly played a part in this operation. In May 1927, the

Metropolitan Police raided the

London offices of the All Russian Cooperative Society (ARCOS), which was a commercial front for largescale intelligence operations. Much incriminating material was discovered. Again, Lambert was involved in intercepting the signals traffic. The result was the destruction of much of the Soviet spy network.

In 1930, an illicit radio transmitter link between the Comintern in Moscow (Communist International) and a terraced house in London was operating. Lambert and another GC&CS technician did the DF, and another GC&CS staff member successfully decoded the traffic.

Some time in the 1920s, Lambert obtained an amateur radio licence with the callsign G2ST. Are there any QSL cards in existence?

Lambert continued to serve British radio intelligence for many years, and became a cryptographer. His life at Bletchley Park early in the Second World War was one of monotonous regularity.

He died in late 1941 in a Norwich nursing home, after having had an operation for, I believe, cancer.

Leslie C. Lambert, *alias* A.J. Alan, was not only a mysterious man, he was also a man who liked mystery.

Further Reading

The History of Broadcasting in the United Kingdom. Volume 1: The Birth of Broadcasting. Pub. Professor Asa Briggs. OUP London 1961. Pages 285-286. This is London.... Stuart Hibberd, Pub. MacDonald & Evans, London 1950. Pages 17-19, 97 and photo opp. Page 89 and page 212. GCHQ - The Secret Wireless War 1900 - 1986. Nigel West. Pub. Weidenfeld and Nicholson, London 1986. Pages 35, 81, 91 and 94. The Eyes of the Navy. Admiral Sir William James. Pub. Methuen & Co. London 1956. Pages 28-29. File CAB/63/29. Public Record Office. Most Secret War. Professor R.V. Jones. Pub. Hamish Hamilton, London 1978. Pages 60 and 122.

letters

Now for something different. I would like to add to the article by S. Pope on the T1154/R1155 equipment.

The R1155 was my first 'professional' short wave receiver. As a schoolboy s.w.l. in the 1950s, it took me a whole year to save up to buy a brand new one in its original transit case. My parents bought me the external power supply/loudspeaker unit.

The R1155M was really an R1155A, but during production a corrosive soldering flux was used in error. As this would eventually give rise to serious problems, the R115M was restricted to ground use only. Not a good surplus buy!

The R1155C was modified for use in Coastal Command aircraft needing h.f./d.f. ('Huffduff') on the highest frequency range of 7.5 to 18.5MHz. They were used for locating German U-boats by DFing their h.f communications and also DFing the l.f./m.f. homing signals used to attract other Uboats to an Allied convoy before attacking it. This set would now be extremely rare.

The trap circuits mentioned for the R1155A, E and M were called 'Athlone Traps' because they prevented i.f. breakthrough from this Irish broadcasting station operating around 560kHz. To aircraft flying at 10000 feet or so, this station gave a surprisingly high field-strength! The i.f. bandwidths in all R155s was about 4.5kHz for 6dB 'down' and 18kHz for 60dB 'down'.

The low power testing of T1154s in grounded aircraft was picked up by German radio intelligence. The differing pattern enabled them to determine whether a heavy raid was likely that evening. For safety, the radio testing was usually done before the bombs and ammunition were loaded into the aircraft during the afternoon. If the testing was spread out through the working day, then RAF activity that night would probably be light.

The 'Key Type F' Morse key used with airborne T1154s was hideous - the spark retardent foam inside made the key 'soggy', and the 'upside-down' internal construction made it difficult to adjust and operate properly. I tried one on my amateur radio TX and almost immediately gave the key away in disgust!

An early aircraft/flying boat Marconi communications and DF equipment was described in *Short Wave Magazine* in November 1938, pages 26-27, in an article by C. A. Rigby. It's not hard to see that this is the 'grandaddy' of the

T1154/R1155 equipment. The T1154/R1155 was called 'Marconi Geep' and a total of about 80000 equipments were built in the war. So many were required that production was divided between the Marconi Company and four or five other firms, including Ekco at their 'shadow' factory at Aylesbury. After the war, the T1154/R1155 was produced for several years as the AD87/8882B civilian equipment by The Marconi Company.

Individual manufacturers of wartime equipment can sometimes be identified by internal test and inspection stamps, as these may carry the initials of the manufacturer. Of course, sub-assemblies could be made at one factory and used at another, just to confuse things and improve security!

Finally, the complete RAF technical manual for the T1154 and R1155 equipments is *AP* 2548 Volume 1 - now as rare as the Dead Sea Scrolls!

Further Reading

AP 2548 Volume 1. Transmitters T1154 Series and Receivers R1155 Series. With A/Ls 1-9 RAF Air Publication. Wireless Direction Finding. R. Keen, Pub: Wireless World/Iliffe London. 4th Edition 1947, Chapter 13, 'The Marconi General Purpose Aircraft Wireless Equipment.' J.L. Scott, Marconi Review No 76 (1945). Page 1 onwards. A History of the Marconi Company. W. J. Baker. Pub: Methuen & Co, London. 1970. Page 309 and photo Plate 10. The Setmakers. K. Geddes

and G. Bussey. Pub: BREMA London. 1991. Page 262 and photo page 271.

George Saunders G3OYN Caversham Reading

grassroots

rallies

*October 3: The Great Lumley Amateur Radio & Electronics Society will take place in the Community Centre. Doors open 10.30am for the disabled and 11am for others. There will be trade stands, Bring. & Buy and refreshments available. Talk-in on S22. Admission £1. Barry G1JDP. Tel: 091-388 5936.

October 9/10: The All Ireland International Radio & Hobbies Exhibition will be held at Dundalk. Raymond. (0762) 870423.

October 10: The Kidderminster & District ARS Rally will be held at Sourport-on-Severn high School, Minster Road, Sourport-on-Severn. Usual traders, Bring & Buy, flea market, refreshments, talk-in on S22 with Admission £1.00 per car/pedestrian. G8JTL. Tel: (0384) 894019.

*October 29 & 30: Leicester ARS at Granby Halls, Leicester. The 22nd Annual Leicester Amateur Radio Exhibition will be held at the Granby Halls, Leicester. Doors open at 10am each day (9.30am for the disabled). All the usual facilities. Frank G4PDZ. Tel:(0533) 871086.

*October 31/November 1: The Sixth and Seventh North Wales Radio & Electronics Show will be held at the Aerconwy Conference & Exhibition Centre,Llandudno. Bring & Buy stand and a good range of traders from both radio and computing sides of the hobby. Doors open to the public at 10am on both days. B. Mee GW7EXH. Tel: (0745) 591704.

October 31: The Bishop Auckland Radio Amateur Clubs Rally will be held at Spennymoor Leisure Centre, Spennymoor. There will be the usual stands and Bring & Buy, catering and bar facilities, plenty of car parking and the complex has much to offer for all the family other that the rally. Doors open at 11am, 10.30am for the disabled. Access for the Bring & Buy is 10am. Mike GOPRO. Tel: (0388) 766264.

November 7: Donegal Tir Conaill ARS Annual Radio Rally, Jacksons Hotel, Ballybofey, Co. Donegal. Bring & Buy, leisure facilities on site. Ken McDermott. Tel: 010-353-74-31109.

November 21: The West Manchester Radio Club Winter Rally will be held at the Boiton Sports & Exhibition Centre, Silverwell Street, Bolton. All the usual trade stands, societies, Bring & Buy, etc. All at pavement level with facilities for the disabled. Refreshments/meals available all day as well as a bar. Doors open at 10.30am for the disabled, 11am for the general public. Admission £1, children free. Dave. Tel: (0204) 24104.

If you're travelling long distances to rallies, it could be worth 'phoning the contact number before setting off to check all is well.

AVON

RSGB City of Bristol Group: last Mondays, 7pm. The Small Lecture Theatre, Queens Building, University of Bristol, University Walk, Bristol. October 25 - AGM. Dave. (0272) 672124.

South Bristol ARC: Wednesdays. Whitchurch Folkhouse Assoc, Bridge Farm House, East Dundry Rd, Whitchurch. Dctober 6 - 10th Anniversary, 13th - CW with Club Members, 20th - Home-Brew, 27th -Simple Computer Programming Workshop. For more information ring 0275832222 on a Wednesday evening.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE

Atari RUG: G. Rayer, 38 Brockhurst Road, Chesham HP5 3JE.

CHESHIRE

Stockport RS: 34 Ladythorn Road, Branhall, Stockport, Cheshire. October 13 - RIS by Alan Clayton, 27th - Homebuilt Receivers by G3RJV. J. France 061-439 4952.

CORNWALL

Cornish RAC: 7.30pm. The Village Hall, Perranwell Station, Perranwell, Nr Truro, Cornwall. October 7 -Multimeters, 11th - Computer Section. Geoff. (0209) 820836.

DERBYSHIRE

Derby & DARS. Wednesdays, 7.30pm. 119 Green Lane, Derby. October 6 -Junk Sale. Mrs Hayley Winfield, 2 Hilts Cottages, Crich, Matlock, Derbyshire DE4 5DD. (0773) 856904.

DEVON

Torbay ARS: Fridays, 7.30pm. ECC Social Club, Highweek, Newton Abbot. October 22 - Peter Chadwick G3RZP, RSGB President. Peter G4UTO. (0803) 864528.

DORSET

Dorset Police ARS: 1st Thursdays & 3rd Tuesdays at Head Quarters, in the Bar & Social Club. PC915 Richard Newton. (0202) 229351 or PC828 Bob Knight. (0202) 552099 ext 2031.

EAST SUSSEX

Southdown ARS: 8pm Chasely Home for Disabled Ex-Servicemen, Southcliff, Bolsover Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex. October 4 - Equipment Sale. Jan G4XNL. (0323) 412699.

ESSEX

Vange ARS: Thursdays 8pm, Barnstable Community Centre, Long Riding, Basildon, Essex. October 7 - Junk Sale, 14th - Steam Trains, 21st The PX4 Xomputer Discusssion, 28th -Construction Contest. Doris. (0268) 552606.

FIFE

Dundee ARC: Tuesdays, 7pm. College of

Club Secretaries:

Send all details of your club's up-and-coming events to: Lorna Mower, Short Wave Magazine, Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW. Please tell us your County and keep the details as brief as possible.

Further Education, Graham Street, Dundee. October 5 - Holiday, 12th -Construction Night, 19th - Members Night, 26th - Construction Night. GM4FSB, 30 Albert Crescent, Newport on Tay, Fife DD6 8DT

GREATER LONDON

Acton, Brentford & Chiswick RC: 3rd Tuesdays, 7.30pm. Chiswick Town Hall, Heathfield Terrace, Chiswick, W4. Octoner 19 - Mobile Radio Equipment by GOIIP. Colm. 081-749 9972.

Edgware & DRS:-Thursdays, 8pm.Watling Community Centre,145 Orange Hill Road, Burnt Oak. October 14 - Operating QRP by GOJJQ, 28th -Morse Training Evening. Rod Bishop 081-2041868.

Wimbledon & DARS: 2nd & last Fridays, 7.30pm. St Andrews Church Hall, Herbert Road, SW19. October 8 - Desert Island Radio, 29th - AGM. 081-397 0427.

HAMPSHIRE

Horndean & DARC: 1st Thursdays, 7.30pm. Horndean Community School, Barton Cross, Horndean. October 7 -AGM. S. Swain (0705) 472846).

HEREFORD & WORCESTER

Bromsgrove ARS: 2nd & 4th Tuesdays. Lickey End Social Club, Alcester Road, Burcot, Bromsgrove. October 12 - EMC Problems, 26th - Electromagnetic Waves, RSGB Video. Barry Taylor. (0527) 542266.

Bromsgrove & DARC: Fridays. Avoncroft Arts Centre, South Bromsgrove, Worcester. Joe Poole. (0562) 710010.

HERTFORDSHIRE

Dacorum AR & TS: 1st (informal) & 3rd (formal) Tuesdays, 8pm. The Heath Park, Cotterells, Hemel Hempstead. October 19 - Talk by Mike Dennison G3XDV. Dennis Boast. 8 Juniper Green, Warners End, Hemel Hempstead, Herts HP1 2NQ.

Hoddesdon RC: Alternate Thursdays, 8pm. Conservative Club, Rye Road, Hoddesdon. October 14 - The Schneider Trophy Air Race by G3NQT, 28th - Visit to Hertfordshire Display Company with G4VMR. Roy G4UNL. 081-804-5643.

HUMBERSIDE

Wirral & DARC: October 6 - Drink & Waffle at Chimneys, Hooton, 13th - Talk at Irby Cricket Club, 20th - Visit to Mersey Tunnel, 27th - The Friedrichschafen Adventure. Paul 051-6485892.

KENT

Bromley & DARS: 3rd Tuesdays, 7.30pm. The Victory Social Club, Kechill Gardens, Hayes. October 19 - Junk Sale. A.G. Messenger. 081-777 0420.

Medway AR&TS: Fridays, 7.30pm. Tunbury Hall Catkin Close, Tunbury Avenue, Walderslade, Chatham. October 1 - Junk Sale, 15th -Interference by GOOAT. Gloria. (0634) 710023.

Sevenoaks & DARS: Sevenoaks DC, Council Dffices, Argyle Road, Sevenoaks. October 18 - Air Crashes by Dick Vance.

West Kent ARS: 3rd Fridays, 8pm. The School Annex, Albion Road, Tunbridge Wells, Kent. October 1 - Informal Meeting, 15th - Crowborough Radio Station by G3FET. John Taylor G3DHV. (0892) 664960.

LANCASHIRE

Rochdale & DARS: Mondays, 8pm. Cemetry Hotel, 470 Bury Road, Rochdale. October 18 - Bring & Buy Sale. GOPUD. (0706) 32502.

NORFOLK

Norfolk ARC: Wednesdays, 7.30pm. The Norfolk Dumpling, The Livestock Market, Harford, Norfolk. October 6 -Construction Competition, 13th -Glimpses of Norwich 1909-1939 by G3NJQ, 20th - Real Radio Night on the Air, 27th - Construction of a 12ft e.m.e. Antenna by G4EOL. Sheila Snelling G0KPW. (0603) 618810.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

Mansfield ARS: 2nd Mondays, 7.30pm. The Polish Catholic Club, off Windmill Lane, Woodhouse Road, Mansfield. October 11 - Demonstration of p.c.b. Manufacture by G8EHX and G6CUK. Mary G0NZA. (0623) 755288.

South Notts ARC: Fridays, 7pm. Highbank Community Centre or Fairham Community College, Farnborough Road, Clifton Estate, Nottingham. October 1 -WAB Award Scheme by GOFEZ, 8th & 22nd- Construction and On Air from Fairham College, 15th - Open Forum, 29th - Junk Sale. Julie Brown GOSOU. (0602) 211069.

SURREY

Sutton & Cheam RS: 1st & 3rd Thursdays, 8pm. Sutton United Football Club, The Borough Sports Ground, Gander Green Lane, Sutton, Surrey. October 21 - Junk Sale. Tel: 081-655 9945.

WARWICKSHIRE

Mid Warwickshire ARS: 2nd & 4th Tuesdays. October 12 - Satellites & Amateur Radio by Brian Slatter. Don Darkes. (0926) 424465.

WEST MIDLANDS

South Birmingham RS: West Heath Community Association, Hamstead House, Fairfax Road, West Heath, Birmingham. G1DKI. 021-4743784.

WILTSHIRE

Trowbridge & DARC: 3rd Wednesday. The Southwick Village Hall, Southwick, Trowbridge. October 6 - Earthquake Disaster Refief Operations by G0(RJ, 20th - Antenna Systems Matching by G0DAB. Ian G0GRI. (0225) 864698. Jon Jones PO Box 59 Fishponds Bristol BS16 4LH

junior listener

American Forces News

Following Mark Jones' recent enquiry about reception of this station, John Parry has written in with some extra information. Apparently, American Forces News (AFN) began its days back in 1943 after US troops arrived in this country to support the war effort. The US military managed to persuade the UK government to allow them to install a network of low power radio transmitters. These were set up on many of the larger US bases to broadcast entertainment to the local troops.

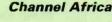
The developments continued when in June 1944 the Allied Expeditionary Forces (AEF) program was introduced. This used a high power (100kW) transmitter based in Crowborough and became very popular. Towards the end of hostilities, the AFN set-up a pair of transmitters in southern Germany which became the basis of todays transmissions. One of their more famous programmes was Midnight in Munich that had a very large UK audience and played requests until late in the night. During the mid forties the station expanded its range of frequencies with 100kW transmitters in Munich and Stuttgart and short wave frequencies of 8.565MHz and 6.080MHz. Sadly this has now changed somewhat and the station has to compete with an array of high power continental stations. Thanks to John Parry for this interesting report.

Guide to the Galaxy!

With so many different services now becoming available over satellite based systems, it's surprising how little information there is about what's up in the skies. Fortunately, Radio Sweden have come to the rescue with the excellent *DXers Guide To The Galaxy* by George Wood. This forty-eight page, A5 book provides a very good overview of the current satellite systems.

The first section deals with the TV Receive Only (TVRO) systems that are used primarily for domestic broadcasting. This section contains a listing of just about every satellite in current use. The coverage is world-wide, but with particularly extensive listings of American and European systems. The listings also give details of the frequency bands and the range of services being transmitted. This extends to cover the rapidly growing transmission of radio stations over satellite. The book concludes with a review of the other services that make use of satellites. These include the weather, military and amateur services. One of the problems facing the author is that of producing an up-to-date listing as the satellite scene is constantly changing. The current edition (5.4) was printed in February of this year so is reasonably accurate.

Perhaps the most surprising feature of this excellent book is its price - its free! To order your copy just write to **George Wood DX Editor, Radio Sweden, S-105 10 Stockholm, Sweden.**



In the August column, I mentioned a QSL address for Channel Africa. They were very quick off the draw and replied straight away with full station details. The station used to be called Radio RSA, but its work as the external arm of the South African Broadcasting Corporation continues as Channel Africa. As you would expect from a major broadcaster, they run a very comprehensive transmitter network.

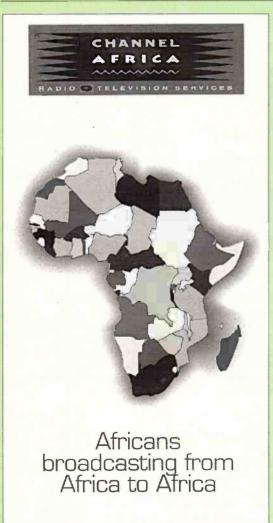
They have a total of 58 antennas all operating with either 250 or 500kW short wave transmitters. The frequency range covered is 3 to 27MHz with four basic types of antenna used. The antennas themselves are pretty sophisticated with gains from 17 to 20dB. When you match that to the powerfull transmitters, that makes for an awful lot of radiated power! If you would like to try and catch this station, English language broadcasts go out as follows:

5.96MHz at 0158-0355UTC 3.995MHz at 0258-0455UTC 7.23MHz at 0358-0455UTC 9.695MHz at 0458-0555UTC 15.22MHz at 0558-0655 & 1558-1655UTC 17.805MHz at 0958-1055UTC 9.73MHz at 1058-1155UTC 4.945MHz at 1558-1755UTC 11.75MHz at 1658-1755UTC

Channel Africa can be contacted at PO Box 91313, Auckland Park 2006, South Africa.

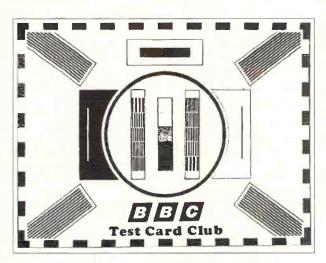
World DX Monitoring Service

Hank Bennett W2PNA has written sending me details of the World DX Monitoring Service. The service started as an individuals effort to learn just how many DXers there are. In the interim the service was taken over by a magazine and has since matured into the present monitoring service. As part of the registration process you are given a unique identity rather like an amateur callsign. This identity can then be used in your correspondance with other listeners and broadcast stations. You also get an impressive registration certificate. For full details of the service and registration details contact Hank Bennett, WDX Monitoring Service, PO Box 3333, Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08034, USA.



news

Test Cards



Since 1963, Keith Hamer has built up a collection of BBC archive material covering many topics such as graphic design, engineering achievements and anything associated with BBC Trade Test Transmissions. To coincide with the 30th year if the establishment of Keith's unique BBC Archive Collection, he has recently launched the BBC Test Card Club. Members receive a quarterly magazine called *Test Cards*, this 20-page A4 magazine covers many aspects of BBC Engineering (past and present).

The annual subscription to *Test Cards* is £8.50 (£11 world-wide via airmail). A leaflet is available by sending an s.a.e. to Keith.

Keith Hamer, 7 Epping Close, Mackworth Estate, Derby DE3 4HR. Tel: (0332) 513399.

Frequency Schedule

We have received some details of Radio New Zealand's schedule for the period 2 October 1993 to 19 March 1994.

UTC	Freq (MHz)	Comments	
1650-2136 2137-0658 0659-1206 1207-1648	9.55 15.120 9.700 9.510	Monday-Friday Daily Daily Occasional Use	
0659-1206	9.700	Daily	

WXSAT Late News

The American WXSAT NOAA 13 stopped transmitting during early September, apparently due to electrical problems with its on-board timing system. It appears this fault is similar to the one which may have disabled the Mars Observer 1 probe.

The new CIS METEOR 2-21 WXSAT was launched around late August/early September. Early Kepler elements for 2-21 may have contained an error, leading to possible misidentification of the WXSAT. Transmissions on 137.40MHz received in Plymouth on 1 September matched closely the current elements for METEOR 2-16. Positive identification should have been made by the time this is published. The signal appears unusually weak.

Radio & TVDX News

Cellular phones are now operating in Greece, Panafon (Vodafone + France Telecom) and Stet Heelas (Nynex and others). Stet covers Athens with over 30 base stations and Panafon covers both Athens and Attica and intends to cover all of Greece and Crete by 1996. The Telecoms boards of both the States of Guernsey and Jersey have signed with STC Submarine Cables for two undersea fibre optic cables to be laid by an operational date of September 1994. The system will provide a ring network around the islands and improved UK contact. At the present time, a Dartmouth -Guernsey fibre optic link is in operation and plans are afoot for connection onwards to Goonhilly providing full global communication.

'S-PLUS' is the new Swiss 4th channel which opens late September 93 is intended to keep the younger generation tuned to the local Swiss channel rather than viewing the German language alternatives such as RTL, SAT-1, etc. Another defection to the UK standard Ceefax Teletext system with Belgium dropping their own Percival system. And the new transmitter now under construction at St. Pieters-Leeuw (15kW SW Brussels) will be a mega-power transmitter replacing the Wavre Ch. E28 transmitter. The 'Tele 21' service from Wavre and Tournai (Ch.E63 vert) transmitters is now called 'Sport 21' whilst Anderlues Ch. E61 transmits the 'ARTE 21' scrambled channel.

And in brief 'Televise Samoa' is now on-air thanks to TV New Zealand who assisted with the planning and installation for the 6th Pacific Nation TV service. In South Korea 4 religious radio stations (rather than TV stations) have been allowed to go on-air. These are the Budhist Broadcasting System (BBS) with stations in Kwangju and Pusan, the Protestant-Christian (CBS) in Chunchon and the Roman Catholic Pyonghwa Broadcasting System (PBC) in Taegu. And in nearby Thailand the government have allowed the first privately owned TV station to be opened and franchise applications are now awaited.

New Kenwood Dealer



Kenwood have appointed a new amateur radio dealer in the south west. Based in Weston-super-Mare, QSL Communications is run by Graham Patterson. Graham has

many years of experience in the amateur market and has built his reputation on the wide range of high quality QSL cards that he prints. QSL Communications will also be attending many of the rallies up and down the country.

OSL Communications, Unit 6 Worle Industrial Centre, Coker Road, Worle, Weston-super-Mare BS22 OBX. Tel: (0934) 512757.

Malaysian Radio News

The South Midlands Communications team who were recently in Sabah Malaysia (9M6) providing communications for the Camel Trophy event have scored more points.

With great help from the Sabah licensing authorities, Richard Diamond G4CVI received permission to operate on 50MHz as G4SMC/9M6. SMC have also donated a 50MHz beacon to Sabah, which will be sited on the Sabah Medical Centre using the callsign 9M6SMC on 50.014MHz.

BARTG AGM

The BARTG AGM will take place on Saturday November 13 at 2pm in The Green Wine Bar and Restaurant, The Green, Mere Green Road, Four Oaks, Sutton Coldfield.

Topics to be discussed will include the subs for 1994, plans for the BARTG 1994 rally, the

QTI have Landed

QTI Talking Newspaper Association have finally come to rest in Cockermouth and had a name change to QTI Tape Magazine Association. This charity is dedicated to the production of an audio tape magazine for radio enthusiasts who are unable to read articles in print. The QTI Tape Magazine is compiled so as to help them keep in touch with modern radio communications, to benefit their training as radio amateurs, to entertain them with stories of radio and rigs and so that they can enjoy articles in print that most of us take for granted.

Each issue of QTI contains articles from current radio magazines, including *Short Wave Magazine*. This is virtually a 'one-man-band' outfit run on a shoe-string. They are always in need of financial help, but there are no salaries or perks to fund. If you think you would like to help in any way, contact: QTI Tape Magazine, Towers Cottage, Towers Lane, Cockermouth, Cumbria CA13 9ED. direction for BARTG and data comms in the next few years, highlights and hiccups of 1993 and the election of a new committee. if you intend to go to the AGM, please

R

T

G

contact: lan Brothwell G4EAN, 56 Arnot Hill Road, Arnold, Nottingham NG5 6LQ. Tel: (0602) 262360.

Radio! Radio!

The second edition of Radio! Radio! by Jonathan Hill has now been published. It is a profusely illustrated history of the British radio receiver. There are 244 pages, A4 containing nearly 1000 photographs of classic British radio sets spanning the late 19th Century right through to the 1970s. This book costs £25 post free from the publishere.

publishers, Sunrise Press, 2-4 Brook Street, Bampton, Devon.

The Yupiteru MVT-3100

The Yupiteru MVT-3100 covers the frequency range 143-162, 347-542 and 830-960MHz with 100 memory channels designed to cover marine, p.m.r., military aircraft and 900MHz u.h.f.

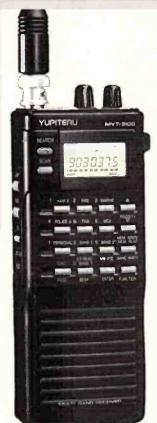
Costing just £199, the handheld is available from: Nevada, 189 London Road, North End, Portsmouth PO2 9AE. Tel: (0705) 690626.

SMART Winners

ICS Electronics Ltd., are pleased to announce their success in the 1993 SMART award competiion for research and development funding to small companies, sponsored by the DTI.

Nationwide, 180 awards were made from 1400 applicants and within the south-east of England, 34 awards were made from 401 applicants.

ICS Electronics Ltd., Unit V, Rudford Industrial Esate, Ford, Arundel, West Sussex BN18 0BD. Tel: (0903) 731101.



news

DXpedition

On the weekend of October 2 & 3, a group of radio amateurs will undertake a small expedition to the Island Pampus. The Island Pampus is a fortress-island near Amsterdam. It was built in 1895 as a part of the 'Position of Amsterdam' - a circle of 42 fortresses around Amsterdam.

The Pampus Foundation is trying to restore the fortess to its original state. Therefore, this group of amateurs have created a new award - The Pampus Award. The profits from the award will be used to help the Pampus Foundation continue its work.

The locator they will be operating from is JO22MI, which is unusual and there are not normally radio contacts from this locator. Two special callsigns will be in use, PA6PAM and PA6PUS. If you hear/work both stations you can apply for the Pampus Award by sending an extract from your log to: Award Manager Pampus Award, Rob de Visser

PA3AGT, Gloriantstraat 17-3, 1055 CV Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

The cost of the award is £2.50 or \$5, No IRCs please. The application period is open until December 31. A QSL will be sent for every contact.

The operating times will be October 2 1100UTC until October 3 1100UTC on the following frequencies. 3.650-3.7, 7.050, 14.190, 21.250, 145.375MHz f.m. and 144.375MHz s.s.b.

Anniversary Bargains

Technical Software are ten years old this year. To celebrate their first decade of producing amateur radio and s.w.l. systems, they are offering their best products at bargain prices.

For BBC computers, you can get the RX-8 program (FAX, SSTV, RTTY, c.w., AMTOR, packet, UoSAT & ASCII receive system) at the bargain price of £159, a saving of £100. Or the GX-2 program (FAX, SSTV transceive system) can be obtained for £49, a saving of £50.

If you have a Spectrum computer there is 25% off the FAX, weather satellite receive system.

They are making offers on their other products too. Anyone who buys one of their popular TX-3 or RX-4 programs gets a Morse Tutor, Logbook or Locator program with it free!

These offers are available on purchases made in October and November 1993 only. **Technical Software, Fron, Upper Llandwrog, Caernarfon, Gwynedd LL54 7RF. Tel: (0286) 881886**.



Power Supply

The Ambassador Centurian p.s.u. enables 12V d.c. equipment to be used easily from a mains supply. It provides up to 20A of current and will give a no-break

uninterupted back-up of up to 12 ampere hours.

Design features fitted include three colour coded l.e.d.s on the front panel, and you can opt for a fan to be

included. If you would like the full details on this piece of equipment, contact:

Diplomat Communications Systems, Unit 3 Summerlea Court, Herriad, Basignstoke, Hants RG25 2PN. Tel: (0256) 381656.



lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe ics lowe nics lowe nics lowe nics low nics low nics low onics

lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics tronics low 101 onics onics 10V low. nics nics lowe lowe nics ics lowe e lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics lowe electronics **lowe electronics**

WHEN YOU WALK THROUGH THE **DOOR AT THE** LEICESTER SHOW, WE'RE **THE FIRST** COMPANY YOU'LL SEE. DO YOU **REALLY NEED TO LOOK ANY** FURTHER?

ALINCO, AKD, AOR, ARRL, BARENCO, BENCHER, BNOS, BUTTERNUT, CUSHCRAFT, DATONG, DEECOMM, DEWSBURY, DIAMOND, EMOTATOR, ERA, GLOBAL, HITACHI, HY-GAIN, HIMOUND, ICOM, ICS, JIM, JRC, KANTRONICS, KENT, KENWOOD, LOWE ELECTRONICS (WHO?), MALDOL, MANSON, MFJ, MICROSET, MOMENTUM COMMUNICATIONS, OPTOELECTRONICS, PANASONIC, PERMANOID, REVCO, REVEX, RF CONCEPTS, RF SYSTEMS, RSGB, SIGNAL, SONY, SSC, SSE, TONNA, TOYO, WIN, YAESU, YUPITERU. ALMOST THE WHOLE A TO Z !!

In that little lot, you'll find Shortwave receivers, scanners and specialist airband receivers, together with power supplies, rotators, aerial hardware, datacoms equipment including decoders for FAX, RTTY, Morse etc., filters, connectors and connecting leads, antenna accessories like wire, baluns and low-pass filters, books, maps, videos, software, pre-amps, TNC s and other datacomms equipment, test gear, ATU s, HF beams and verticals, VHF beams, verticals and mobile mounts with a huge range of mobile antennas - if it is worth having, you can be sure we've got it - and we can support it!



Leicester's here once again and you're all hoping for fantastic bargains. Well, look no further, we've got 'em all! We've really butchered the opposition for the last few years and this year we will do the same again - but maybe we'll do it differently. See you there, I hope !

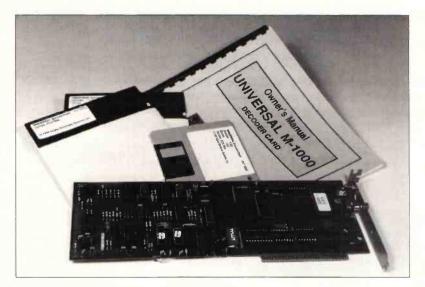
REMEMBER I We stock, display, demonstrate, sell, and more importantly for you, we repair and support everything we sell. Here at Lowe's the emphasis is on support. Professional engineers look after your repairs - not a collection motley of "enthusiasts". Our workshop turn-around time at the moment is under a week - despite guided tours! (At least you can visit our workshop!)

AT MATLOCK WE OPERATE THE BIGGEST AND BEST SHOWROOM IN THE COUNTRY, AND OUR FULLY-STOCKED WAREHOUSE MEANS WE CAN RESPOND IMMEDIATELY TO YOUR MAIL-ORDER REQUESTS. BACKED BY THE FINEST ENGINEERS AND WITH EXPERT SALES STAFF, YOU CAN HAVE ABSOLUTE CONFIDENCE THAT WE WILL LOOK AFTER BOTH YOU AND YOUR PURCHASE FOR A LONG TIME TO COME

LOWE ELECTRONICS LTD CHESTERFIELD ROAD, MATLOCK, DERBYSHIRE, DE4 5LE TEL 0629 580800 FAX 0629 580020 FAXINFO 0629 580008 or try our nationwide network of branches......

BOURNEMOUTH	BRISTOL	CAMBRIDGE
0202 577760	0272 315263	0223 311230
CUMBERNAULD	HEATHROW	LEEDS
0236 721004	0753 545255	0532 452657
MAIDSTONE	NEWCASTLE	PLYMOUTH
0622 692773	0661 860418	0752 607284

Universal M-1000



In the last of this series of Universal decoder reviews, Mike Richards looks at the compact M-1000.

nlike the other decoding systems in the Universal range, the M-1000 is computer dependent and needs an IBM compatible PC. However, for those who already own such a computer, the M-1000 represents a very attractive and economic way of entering the world of decoding. The excellent range of modes supported places it in competition with decoders at many times the price. Included in its arsenal are standard RTTY. Morse, Packet, SITOR plus five extra ARQ modes, data analysis and a comprehensive FAX system.

Installation

Installation proved to be very straightforward - both hardware and software giving no problems. The operations are very well described in the manual, which gives the operator a step-by-step guide. For the hardware installation you simply have to insert the supplied full length ISA card into a vacant eight or sixteen-bit expansion slot. Although the manual covered this well you would be well advised to consult your computer's operating manual. In the case of the

neatly into my aging Amstrad PC2086 with no problems. Once installed, you just have to connect the phono socket to the audio output of your receiver. As the M-1000 is happy to work with input levels of around 200mV, it should work with the fixed audio output of most receivers. This saves having to use the external speaker socket. To obtain the best performance from the M-1000, the input level needs to be set to match the requirements of the decoding program. This is done by adjusting a small pre-set potentiometer on the front plate of the M-1000 card. The software installation also proved to be very simple just copy all the files from the supplied floppies to the required directory on your hard disk. For those without a hard disk, the programs could run from floppies with no problems. As there is no copy protection on the software, you are free to make your own back-ups. With the software installed, the final task is to run the initialisation program. This let you configure the package to run with your hardware set-up. The adjustments covered video modes and

review model, the card fitted

preferences, port addresses and printer port. Once the set-up had been completed, the details are stored in a disk file for future use. One unusual feature of the M-1000 is the provision of a separate FAX decoding program, I'm not sure why it couldn't have been intregated with the other decoding routines, but I'm sure Universal have their reasons. An interesting problem found during the review concerned the use of mouse drivers. My own machine, like most, is configured to load the mouse driver as part of the start-up routine. However, the M-1000 is not really designed to use a mouse so if you're not careful you'll tend to find the selection cursor flying around adjusting various parameters. The simple solution is either not to run the mouse driver or to make sure the mouse is safely tucked away before you run the program! Aside from this minor oddity, the decoding programs are very easy to use. The main options are selected and changed by moving a highlighted cursor along a bar at the bottom of the screen. Once the required option is highlighted the Up and DOWN arrow keys are used to adjust the setting. There are also a number of

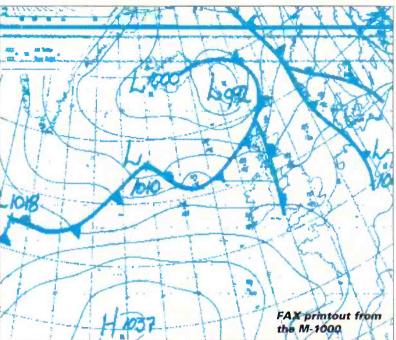
short-cut keys available to take you straight into the required mode. This technique is used both for the main decoding program and the FAX system. For the new user there is a very convenient status line help facility. Once activated this gave a short summary of each option as it is selected. The only other point to watch is that hitting the Escape key gives an immediate exit from both programs. I was caught out by this on several occasions as most commercial programs ask if you really want to guit before throwing you out. This can be particularly disasterous of your part way through a FAX chart.

Operational Features

To help the operator get the best from the various different signals and reception conditions, the M-1000 is equipped with a number of useful facilities. One of these is the ability to change the alphabet used in the decoding process. The M-1000 featured ITA 2, Telex, Military and Literal. The Telex and Military modes are useful for providing a more accurate decode of this type of signal. The provision of the Literal

Review

alphabet is really for use with the ARQ modes. By selecting this mode the various alpha, beta and other control codes are displayed. This information can be useful when decoding new or unusual stations. Next came what now appears to be a standard Unshift On Space function for helping to reduce errors when receiving normal text. The M-1000 gave the operator particularly good control of the audio tones used in the decoding process. In addition to opting for either the standard Low or High tones you had wide control over the shift. This could either be set in 5Hz increments from 60 to 1200Hz or stepped up through the standard shifts by pressing the Up and DOWN keys. This offered great convenience for the operator. A further sophistication is the addition of automatic filter tuning. Provided you are reasonably close with your initial settings, the M-1000 would carefully match the mark and space frequencies of the decoder to that of the incoming signal. At the end of the process not only are the filters altered but the resultant shift is shown on the main display. This can prove very useful for signal identification as the various signal types tend to use standard shifts. The final sophistication is the ability to alter the bandwidth of the detection filters. The M-1000 also included a number of useful post detection features to help reception under poor conditions. The Automatic Threshold Control helps to overcome problems caused by the variable propagations effects found on the h.f. bands. Those of you experienced in RTTY reception will no doubt have come across occasions when the mark or space tone is obliterated by an adjacent signal. The M-1000 can tackle this problem by decoding from just the mark or space tone. This is a very powerful and effective option for the serious DX listener. One of the problems facing newcomers is establishing the baud rate of



the various utility signals. The M-1000 has this taped with a special speed measurement facility. Perhaps the final sophistication is the combination of the speed read-out and filter tuning to create the AUTO-TUNE mode. Providing the manual settings are reasonably close, the M-1000 will automatically measure the speed and shift. set the decoder to those settings and display the result. This is a very powerful package both in terms of convenience and station identification. It should also be noted that you cannot expect the analysis to work properly when dealing with very weak or noisy signals. You also need to ensure that you have a healthy audio level.

Tuning Aids

A common problem when dealing with utility stations is finding the optimum tuning point. Not surpisisnally there have a been a wide range of different systems developed over the years. The M-1000 includes a number of different options to make the operator's life easy. As you would expext all the options are displayed on the computer screen. I was very pleased to see that Universal have done a very good job here in providing very quick response times. I've seen plenty of on-screen tuning aids that end-up being

far too slow for practical use. There's none of this with the M-1000 as all the options proved to be extremely effective. The main aids comprise a pair of vertical bargraphs located in the bottom right hand corner of the screen. The first of the two configurations uses one bar as an input level indicator and the other as a tuning point indicator. This gives a maximum display at the ideal tuning point. The alternative set-up uses the bars to represent the decoded mark and space respectively. Not only does this help show the correct tuning but it's very good for setting up the shift. To achieve this all you do is trim the receiver tuning and shift setting to achieve maximum displacement of the bars. The bargraph is supplemented by a Datascope facility that draws an oscilliscope type display on the screen showing the incoming signal crossing the centre point of the tone detectors. The optimum tuning point is shown by the maximum deflection of the trace.

FAX Reception

As mentioned earlier, FAX reception required the use of a separate decoding program. This is not particularly inconvenient as both the Decoder and FAX

programs loaded very quickly. It would be very easy to write a small batch file or configure vour disk manager to make this operation even simpler. Once into the FAX program you are presented with a screen very similar to that used for the main decoder. In addition to setting the main polarity, speed and IOC parameters you also have access to the displayed pallette. This could be set to one of four options which are Black and White (for charts), Monochrome (General) plus three pseudo colour presentations. One of the particular attractions of this program is the inclusion of an a.m. reception mode for orbiting satellites. Automatic

FAX reception is supported, but with a few limitations. Reception would stop as soon as the screen is full. This meant you would lose the bottom from most h.f. charts. The M-1000 FAX is also set to stop when an idle is detected instead of using the more conventional stop tone. This can create a problem with some chart types that have areas with little information. I really don't see why Universal don't use the stop tone like every one else - it would save the inconvenience of having your decoder stop part way thorough an image. However, this may all be academic as the program's limitation of just receiving a screen full, means that charts from most stations will be stopped before the stop tone anyway. These limitations mean that the FAX program's auto reception is limited to a single chart. Having received your image you have the option to print or store to a disk file. The images are stored in .PCX format so can easily be manipulated with standard graphics packages. A basic print routine is included, though you may get better results by using a commercial graphics program. Despite my moans about the auto FAX reception, the displayed results, using a VGA screen, are very good.

The Leicester Amateur Radio Show Committee

Invite you to the

Amateur Radio, Electronics and Computer Show

Granby Halls, Leicester

on Friday & Saturday 29th & 30th October Friday 10.00 am – 6.00 pm Saturday 10.00 am – 5.00 pm

Admission

ADULTS £1.50

Concessions for Children and O.A.P.s

> Enquiries to Frank G4PDZ on (0533) 871086

NOW EVEN BIGGER AND BETTER

> MORE THAN A HUNDRED EXHIBITORS

> > **BRING & BUY**

Review

Morse Reception

The Morse decoding mode of the M-1000 proved to be very

quick and effective. There are three speed ranges provided but I found that the MEDIUM setting is fine for most signals. Correct tuning is shown by the word ERROR flashing on the display in time with the incoming signal.

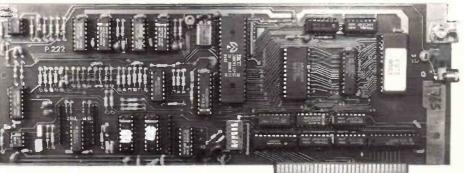
Although slightly unusual, it proved to be a very fast and accurate tuning indicator. The centre frequency of the Morse decoder could be set of an extremely wide range from 500 to 1500Hz in 50Hz steps. This means the centre frequency can be matched precisely to that of the c.w. filters in your receiver. Synchronisation and tracking of signals is really very good indeed and made Morse a pleasure to monitor. The excellent internal filtering of the M-1000 meant that it could also handle poor quality signals very well.

RTTY/SITOR

These are perhaps the two most monitored modes, so performance in these areas is critical. The M-1000 fared very well through a wide range of operational conditions. The good input filtering and post detection controls proved very useful when trying to dig a station out of the noise. Providing the input level is adequate and the tuning close enough the Auto-tune is a great way to match the decoder to the required signal. The basic SITOR ARQ modes are covered with three reception modes. Probably the most used will be the AUTOR mode that automatically detects the type of signal and quickly locks on. For the occasions when you want to stick with a particular mode and not be distracted you can manually select either ARQ mode A or B. If you want to monitor amateur Packet transmissions a standard implementation is

provided in the M-1000. Both h.f. and v.h.f. packet is catered for with baud rates of 300 and 1200 baud respectively. For

the very small number of stations that run with both channels active. A good example of this is the



the more adventurous listener there is a selection of the more advanced ARQ modes. Included within this are ARQ-E. ARO-E3 and the multichannel ARQ-M2 and M4 systems. All of these modes featured both automatic and manual synchronisation which worked very well. The only problem I found was with the reception of the multi-channel modes. The selection of which channel to print is an automatic process. The idea being that the program decodes whichever channel is active. Whilst this is fine for the majority of cases, it's not a lot of use for

Specifications

Modes:	
ASCII:	110, 150, 300, 600 & 1200baud
Packet:	300 and 1200baud
Baudot:	45, 50, 57, 74 and 100baud plus variable 40 - 200baud in 1 baud steps
Sitor:	Mode A and B plus AUTOR 100baud
ARQ:	M2 & M4 two channel 86, 96, 100, 172, 192 & 200baud four channel 172, 192 and 200baud
150 5	
ARQ-E:	48, 64, 72, 86, 96, 144 and 192baud
ARQ-E3:	48, 64, 72, 86, 96, 100, 192 and 200
	baud
Morse:	5 to 120 w.p.m. auto ranging
Data Bit:	synchronous and asynchronous 45 to 200baud
Facsimile:	a.m. and f.m. 60, 90, 120 and 240
100	l.p.m.
IOC :	288, 440 and 576
Demodulators:	
Radioteletype:	Microprocessor controlled switched
naalotolotypo.	capacitor filters for channel and post detection
Morse:	Envelope detection using A/D convertor
Indicators:	On-screen bargraph of level, filter
lobut:	tuning and mark/space radio 4-600Ω 200mV p-p nominal
Input: Board size:	
buard size:	8-bit 305mm length

Brazzville aeronautical transmissions on 8.123MHz. This station frequently has flight plans running on both channels.

Advanced Facilities

Supporting the wide range of decoding options are a number of advanced features. One of these is the built-in mode memory system. This provided ten programmable memories that could store the full mode settings. Another aid to rapid mode selection is the pre-programmed short cut keys. These enable any mode to be selected with a

emulated the system used on the M-8000 and could be set to start decoding following receipt of a key word. A typical example would be the monitoring of press stations. You could set the system to start printing after the start signal

single key press. There are

also a number of data flow

controls of which the Selcall

is the most interesting. This

(ZCZC) and stop at the end of message (NNNN). To help capture all the valuable messages, the M-1000 can store the decoded text to a disk file. The system is effective, if a little clumsy - it just dumps a file named TEXT ?? into the root directory. However, it's a simple matter to recover these files and tuck them away safely.

Summary

The M-1000 proved to be a very fast and versatile decoding system that interfaces well with the computer. The range of modes provided covers all the most popular systems as well as a few interesting variants. There are a few rough edges that could do with some attention - especially the FAX program. I was very pleased to see that the on-screen tuning indicators are fast enough to be useful - many programs fall down here. The M-1000 is also particularly good when working under the poor conditions. Despite my grumbles, the M-1000 represents good value and will I'm sure be very popular with computer users. The M-1000 decoder costs £379.95 and can be obtained from Martin Lynch, 286 Northfield Avenue, Ealing, London W5 4UB. Tel:081-566 1207. My thanks to Martin for the loan of the review model.

Just before going to press Martin Lynch told us that an enhanced model, the M-1200. at £400, is to be introduced.

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Feature

IN THE LIFE OF A RADIO IN THE LIFE OF A RADIO IN SPECTOR

J Edward Brown recalls the case of the Flushing Toilet.



t was an ordinary 1930s bungalow, but not exactly in the best part of town, and it hadn't become gentrified and trendy. The concrete path to the front door was badly cracked. Under the eaves was an ancient brush radio aerial, a mass of wires splayed out from the insulator, like a broom gone wrong.

"This house is old enough to have power wiring in conduit, and that could be the trouble," Kilocycle Ken the senior radio inspector said to Young Golly the radio inspector trainee.

Though it was idle speculation until they talked to the complainant, and had a look at her radio. It could be a faulty set.

Kilocycle Ken twisted the metal turn-type knob of the front door bell. An old woman wearing an orange floral smock, her hair in curlers, opened the door. She had an ancient fire shovel in her hand, defensively.

Kilocycle Ken launched into his patter. "Good morning, we are radio inspectors, called about your radio interference complaint to the Post Office."

She brightened, lowered the shovel and invited them inside.

The sitting room had the original high ceiling height reduced artificially by cords looped backwards and forwards, the plaster painted black, a fashionable trick, years ago. There were paper flowers, a wooden tea wagon, a carpet square with a surround of bare varnished floor, ferns, browned photographs of people, an old 78r.p.m. HMV gramophone with a stack of thick black disks in brown envelopes. There was a photograph of Michael Joseph Savage, the 1930s Labour Prime Minister on the wall, and a silver-paper passe-partout picture.

The radio was an old Pye with a short wave band.

"Don't see many of these around anymore," Kilocycle Ken complimented the old lady. "Good tone, 6V6 valves in the output, as I remember." The old lady preened. "My husband bought it years ago, shortly before he died."

"And now you are getting interference on it," Kilocycle Ken said kindly. He noticed the wire for the aerial entered the house through a black tube with a brass screwed rod and protected by a brown porcelain lighting arrester, an ancient arrangement used when wireless was wireless and not radio.

Preserved in Time

Most radio interference complaints were from elderly people, at home all day, the radio their only companion. He'd been in many houses like this, preserved in time in a different age, with oak dining room suites, three piece lounge suites and probably in the bedroom would be an oak bedroom suite with a wardrobe, a double bed and a couple of chests of drawers.

"I see by the complaint sheet that your problem is very personal." Kilocycle Ken looked at the woman.

The complaint tittered, then whispered, "It's the toilet. I flush it - and the noise on the wireless! It's something terrible. I didn't know what to do. It's very upsetting - and mysterious, and - embarrassing."

"It's not particularly unusual," Kilocycle Ken said quickly, reassuringly. "Quite common in ageing houses. What happens is that when you pull the chain the rush of water through the pipes causes them to vibrate, thus upsetting your radio reception, probably by earthing your corrugated iron roof, which is acting as your aerial, despite your brush type aerial outside."

"My husband swore by that brush aerial, he could get America on short wave."

"Wonderful," Young Golly said vaguely, cynically.

Kilocycle Ken frowned at him. "But to work to check the theory, could we have the wireless switched on, please?"

She turned a knob. They waited. It had to warm up. No instant transistor sound here.

"You don't get interference on your hi-fi," Young Golly said suddenly.

The complainant looked at him. "It's a gramaphone," she said sarcastically.

Kilocycle Ken asked, "Have you got any George Formby records? I like his music, but they never play it on wireless anymore."

"No," she said regretfully. "Gracie Fields is one of my favourites. 'We'll Meet Again'."

"Elvis Presley?" Young Golly asked.

"Did he make 78 r.p.m. records?" the old woman snapped.

RC818 (SSP £199.99) Multi-band Digital Preset Stereo

Multi-band Digital Preset Ster World Radio with Cassette Recorder

This flagship model demonstrates the leading edge of Roberts technology. With a clear LCD display of all functions, it has 5 tuning methods, 45 preset stations, dual-time display, standby and clock/alarm plus a cassette section for timed recordings from the radio. Provision is made for single sideband and CW transmissions as well as stereo FM on headphones and stereo record/playback of cassettes. Comes complete with a mains adaptor.

• 5 Tuning methods – direct frequency keying, auto-scan, manual scan, memory recall and rotary • 45 memory presets • SW metre bands from 120m to 11m • BFO control for reception of CW and SSB • FM stereo on headphones • AM wide/narrow filter • Waveband coverage: LW 150-519 kHz; MW 520-1620 kHz; SW 1.621-29.999 MHz; FM 87.5-108 MHz • Radio standby function

 Pre-programmable radio to tape recording
 LCD display
 Signal strength and battery condition indicator
 Sleep timer
 Safety lock switches
 Adjustable RF gain
 700 mW Power output

2816

RTS

R817 (SSP £169.99) Multi-band Digital Preset Stereo World Radio

R817

Offers all the outstanding features of the RC818, minus the cassette section.

An unequalled combination of value, quality, technology and choice....in short....

R808 (SSP £119.99) Multi-band Digital Preset Stereo World Radio

The R808 has all the advanced features of the R817 with the exception of BFO (Beat Frequency Oscillator) but in a more compact case specially designed for the regular traveller.

R621 (SSP £59.99) 10-Band Compact Stereo

World Radio (FM/MW/SW1-8) All the functions of a much larger model are combined in this compact radio with clock/alarm. Easy SW bandspread tuning with LCD tuning/ stereo indicator and FM stereo on ear or headphones. The clock/alarm shows dual time on a backlit display with up to 60 min sleep timer and snooze with wake to radio or buzzer. Comes complete with soft carrying pouch and stereo earpieces.



R101 (SSP £49.99) 9-Band Miniature World Radio (FM/MW/SW1-7)

Exceptional sound quality and facilities in a truly pocket-sized, ultra-light receiver. Easy to tune with featherlight touch-band switches. LED tuning/stero and waveband indicators. Wide SW bandspread tuning with stereo FM via ear or headphones. Complete with soft carrying pouch and stereo earpieces.



For your nearest stockist contact: ROBERTS RADIO CO. LTD 127 Molesey Avenue, West Molesey, Surrey KT8 2RL Tel: 081 979 7474 Fax: 081 979 9995

BEATS

NOW THATS WHAT I CA

SHORTWAVE EQUIPMENT Six of the Best

Kenwood R5000

Although several years old, the R5000 receiver from Kenwood still dominates the



receiver sales. With or without the v.h.f. option extending the range to 118-174MHz, the price verses performance cannot be beaten

Deposit only £99.00 and 12 payments of £75.00. Total £999.00 or with v.h.f. converter, deposit £149.00 and 12 payments of £87.50. Total £1199.00 Zero APR.

Yaesu FRG100

Now one year old, the FRG100 has proved itself to be the hot favourite for midpriced shortwave receivers.



Deposit only £50.00 and 12 payments of £45.75. Total £599.00. Zero APR.

Drake R8E

The only receiver fitted with ALL

optional filters as standard, the Drake is still one of Lynch's best sellers. Offered with v.h.f. converter or not, the R8E is a firm favourite for computer control or a top of the range desk top receiver.

Deposit only £99.00 and 12 payments of £75.00. Total £999.00 or with v.h.f. converter, deposit £157.00 and 12 payments of £89.00. Total £1225.00. Zero APR.

Lowe HF150

Still continues to be the best budget selling shortwave receiver.



Offered with NiCads and telescopic whip, the HF150 is the ultimate for compact listening.

Deposit only £50.00 and 12 payments of £30.00. Total £410.00. Zero APR.

Icom ICR72E

Typical Icom quality, the new ICR72E still shows the others how to offer a top quality receiver at a lower than normal selling price.



Deposit only £79.00 and 12 payments of £65.00. Total £859.00. Zero APR.

Yaesu FRG8800

With or without v.h.f. option, the Yaesu receiver holds it's value very well. Several have come in



used, in excellent condition. Offered with 6 months warranty. Have interest free and save moneyl

Deposit only £65.00 and 12 payments of £38.75. Total £530.00 or with v.h.f. fitted, deposit £81.00 and 12 payments of £41.50. Total £579.00. Zero APR.

M8000



Magazine last month, the M8000 is the ultimate in stand alone "code crackers" for your receiver.

Deposit only £319.00 and 12 payments of £80.00. Total £1279.00. Zero APR. 14" SVGA Monitor required at £199.00.

offered with a video card enabling on





JART

AMATEUR RADI IN FED

Hello Chaps! Here is another I've bought together the ve Scanners & Decoders for yo products including the m antennas, books, pre-amps, fi whole magazine

> DECC The Fai

screen fax display, in addition to the RTTY/Sitor and c.w. modes

Deposit only £67.00 and 12 payments of £38.50. Total £529.00. Zero APR.

M400

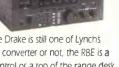


RTS, the M400 is a neatly packaged decoder offering

The deposits on my INTEREST FREE SCHEME have been reduced to a minimum & I have EXTENDED the payment period to make it even easier.

Martin Lynch is a Licensed Credit Broker, (and always has been). Full written details available on request.

h 286 NORTHFIELD AVENUE, EALING, LONDON W5 4UB



M900 Baby brother to the M8000, the M900 is



LL SHORT WAVE RADIO



selection from the Lynch Stable. y best in Shortwave Receivers, to choose from. To list all my ss of accessories, (including ters & so on), would take up the Perhaps one day...



reception of RTTY/Sitor. FAX (to printer), Pocsag, Golay, DTMF, CTCSS and DCS. As reviewed in August SWM.

Deposit only £45.95 and 12 payments of £29.50. Total £399.95. Zero APR.

M1200 NEW/!!

The latest version of the famous M1000, the new M1200 is a complete decoder on a card to install in your P.C. All modes displayed on screen in full colour, if you've got a

SCANNER EQUIPMENT The Magnificent Seven

AR1500EX

Every one scrambles for the MVT7100 and forgets the AR1500EX. Performance on shortwave is actually better for sensitivity and you get ALL the options!

Deposit only £49.95 and 12 payments of £25.00. Total £349.95. Zero APR.

MVT7100

The latest from Yupiteru and still selling very well. Wide band, all modes including u.s.b./l.s.b. selectable. Offered with FREE set of spare NiCads and on INTEREST FREE.

Deposit only £59.95 and 12 payment of £32.50. Total £449.95. Zero APR.



HA.

P.C. then make it's a day - install a M1200II



Deposit only £49.95 and 12 payments of £29.50. Total £399.95. Zero APR.

MCL1200

A stand alone decoder built in this country that works as well as the MCL1200 from Momentum is got to be worth considering. Price is so low that the competition can't get near it and offer interest free, its got to be worth considering! Amtor/Sitor/c.w. and RTTY are all standard.

Deposit with High Definition 9" green display, deposit only £48.00 and 12 payments of £29.25. Zero APR.

I've expanded the Lynch Mob even more and now have SIX phone lines - so get dialing. You've got Jennifer, Chris T, Brian, Tony, Chris P, Steve, Richard, Graham & even me to choose from!!



Still the best selling Base/mobile scanner, the AR3000A from AOR will make the most of the receiving equipment in your



shack redundant. Special offer this month only - LOW DEPOSIT and pay over a whole 18 months!

Deposit only £149.00 and 18 payments of £44.44. Total £949.00. Zero APR.

VT225

For the serious Air Band enthusiast, this dedicated handle is the only choice for Civil and Military listening.

Deposit only £29.95 and 12 payments of £20.00. Total £269.95. Zero APR.

MVT7000

Almost identical performance to the new MVT7100 but without the s.s.b. facility. Offered with FREE spare NiCadsI

Deposit only £48.95 and 12 payments of £26.95. Total £369.95. Zero APR.

ICR7100

Almost at the top of the lcom range, the NEW ICR7100 is the professional choice for scanner

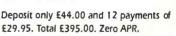


enthusiasts. With h.f. modification giving a full 50kHz to 2000MHz, the receiver is in a class of its own.

Deposit only £315.00 and 18 payments of £60.00. Total £1395.00 or with the h.f. board fitted, £343.00 and 18 payments of £64.00. Total £1495.00. Zero APR.

ICR1E

Still the very smallest pocket scanner available on the market today. Supplied with NiCads and charger, after 3 years, nobody has got anywhere near the compactness of the ICR1E.





 Dial 081 566 1120
 FAX: 081 566 1207

 SWTCH
 SWTCH

YUPITERU THE NEW MVT 7100

Set to be THE handheld scanner of 1993 this radio has to be heard to be believed! Now with SSB reception here are some of the many features:-

- ★ Covers 530KHz-1650MHz * Modes
- NFM/WFM/AM/LSB/USB
- * Memories 1,000 channels
- ★ Freq steps 0.05/0.1/1/5/6.25/9 12.5/20/25/50/100 KHz selectable

MVT 7000 HANDHELD

- Receives 8 to 1300 MHz 100kHz-1300MHz lat reduced sensitivity)
- 200 Memory channels
- * AM/FM/NFM
- * Rotary or keypad freq control

★ Large display with signal strength meter EACH SET IS

SUPPLIED COMPLETE WITH :-

Full set of high power NiCads, AC charger, DC power lead and carry strap NOW IN STOCK!

YUPITERU

Original Leatherette soft carrying cases for MVT-7100 or MVT-7000 £15.95 plus £1.25 p&p

State which model when ordering

MVT 8000 MOBILE/BASE

This new model is the mobile version of the popular MVT _____ 7000 Handheld abave

* Receives 8 to 1300MHz, 100kHz to 1300MHz

(at reduced sensitivity)

THIS RADIO IS ESPECIALLY SENSITIVE AT UHF FREQS. Set is supplied with main NOW IN STOCKI power unit.

3.8

£269

AIRBAND RADIOS VT-225 CIVIL/MILITARY AIRBAND

A powerful pocket scanner that leaves the competition standing, - A super sensitive set designed for optimum performance on the

- Civil/MilitaryAirbands. ★ Receives 108-142 MHz Civil Airband 222-391MHz Military Airband
- 149.5-160MHz Marine Band
- 100 Memory chonnels
- ★ AM/FM an VHF

★ Priority channel function VT-125 UK CIVIL AIRBAND

RECEIVER

Using the same technology as the VT-225, this set covers the full Civil Airband - hearing distant signals that are inaudible on some other scanners.

★ Covers 108-142MHz

18

 ★ 30 Direct entry memories
 ★ Search steps 25, 50, 100kHz SUPPLIED COMPLETE WITH NICADS AND UK CHARGER £189

FAIRMATE HP2000

100

STILL ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR HANDHELD SCANNERS ON THE MARKET. Over the last year the HP2000 has outsold

- almost all other models.
- ★ Cantinuous caverage from 500kHz to 1300MHz
- 1000 channels of memory Keypad or rotary control
- AM, FM and WIDE FM modes
- Search steps from 5 to *
- 995kHz Supplied with full set of

£299.99 accessories/charger

NEVADA



MOBILE VERSION OF THE HP2000 HANDHELD BUT WITH SEVERAL ADDITIONS:-

- ★ Switchable audio squelch
 ★ Tape recorder output socket
- Automatic signal operated tape recorder
- switching Metal case for improved EMC compatibility Receives: 500kHz - 600MHz, 805 - 1300MHz. Supplied with mains ×
- £299 power supply...

AOR SCANNERS NOW IN STOCK THE NEW AR1500 EX

ENHANCED MODEL FOR THE UK. With a new circuit board and many improvements this set

- is better than ever. Covers 500kHz to 1300MHz receiving NFM, WFM, AM, and SSB. Supplied with a large selection of accessories including:-
- * Charger * Soft case ★ Dry cell battery case ★ 5 mtr LW antenna



Nodes

Introducing the new YUPITERU MVT-3100

A low cost scanner built to the same high standards we expect om Yupiteru, covering Marine, PMR, UHF Military and 900MHz bands. * Receives 43-162MHz, 347-542MHz, 830-960MHz + 100 memory channels + Mode - FM

Frequency steps: 10kHz-143 155MHz, 430-440MHz, 12.5kHz-155 162MHz, 347.7-429.9MHz, 440-

- 452MHz, 830-960MHz
- * Priority channel function

THE FASTEST MAIL ORDER COMPANY

The set is supplied with a full range of accessories including UK charger PRICE £199.00 + £4.75p&p PRICE

BLACK JAGUAR BJ200 MKIV

A new and complete re-vamped version of this popular scanner. Now using

surface mount technology performance is better than ever

- ★ 50-88, 26-30, 115-178, 200-280, 360-520 MHz
- * Selectable AM/FM
- ★ 16 memories IDEAL FOR: Civil/Military Airbands......£239

NEW COMMTEL SCANNERS

We are pleased to introduce a new range of scanners under the Commtel brand. Although a new name to the UK, Commtel scanners are made by one of lapan's largest and

most respected manufacturers. They have been building high quality products for the American and European markets for many years.

We have tried and tested the first samples and can thoroughly recommend these scanners.

They are reliable and easy to use.

COMMTEL 102

COMMTEL 203

Easy to programme, covering all the popular bands up to 960 MHz. Its double conversion receiver provides excellent reception. ★ 200 channels ★ Frequency coverage: 68-88 MHz, 118-174 MHz, 380-512 MHz,

806-960MHz

* Scan delay * Lock out£199.00

COMMTEL 204

★ Ear piece

£349

Top of the range with a triple conversion receiver. Selectable AM/FM. ★ 200 channels mem. ★ Frequency coverage: 68-88MHz, 118-174MHz, 220-512MHz,806-999.99MHz ★ Selectable AM/FM ★ Scan delay £249.95 * Search function

COMMTEL 205

A superb base/mobile scanner with easy-toread front panel display/cantrol buttan. ★ 400 channel mem. ★ Frequency coverage 2-50 20MHz, 760-1300MHz ★ Direct occess up to 207,002 frequencies ★ Modes – AM, INFM, WFM ★ Audio squelch ★ Scon delay * Plus many other features.....£344.00



Pocket shortwave plus VHF radio supplied with Pocket shortwave pius vi in twee guide. This headphanes, case and shortwave guide. This **£179.99** SW7600

As a Sony Shortwave Centre we stock the

complete range of Sony Shortwave products here is a selection of the popular models.

JUST RELEASED, this new model covers 13

★ World time clock, adjustable by city name
 ★ 17 memories
 Supplied c/w Compact Antenna, Carrying
 Case, Short Wave Guide Book

All major SW broadcast bands

FRY

£139.95

£58

See us at the Leicester Show Stand No. 534

One of Sony's most popular VHF and Shortwave radios, 76-108MHz 150kHz FM, 150kHz - 30MHz Shortwave receives AM, FM, SSB..... Well Rated.!....£179.99

SONY SW55

A new multiband radio from Sony with dual conversion receiver that gives outstanding results

- 1.50kHz-30MHz 76-108MHz *
- ★ All modes including SSB
 ★ 125 multi-function memories
 Plus lots more facilities £279.99

AN1

SONY

SW33

bands 76-108MHz

SW77

* *

An external active antenna with built-in pre-amp, covers 150kHz - 30MHz. Fully portable with easy to mount fixing £58 brackets.

AN3

Active antenna for Aircraft and VHF reception, suitable for Sony Air 7 and others

JAPANESE LOW LOSS COAX

Super low loss coax – essential for optimum performance with wideband UHF scanners connectors for the abave cable £ CALL

THIS MONTH'S BEST BUY NEW HARI SHORTWAVE RECEIVING ANTENNA

* Professional Construction * 1-30MHZ Freq. coverage * Worldwide reception * Fitted Balun for optimum performance * Suitable for all types of Shortwave receiver * 14 Metres long

We have often been asked for a general coverage Shortwave antenna that would allow good worldwide reception of both Broadcast and Amateur bands. This new high quality antenna manufactured in Germany, fits the bill. Beautifully constructed to professional standards, it gives full coverage of Shortwave bands from 1-30MHz. Constructed from high quality. £59.95 £4.75 p&p

VISA

USE YOUR CREDIT CARDS

FOR SAME DAY DESPATCH

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

'HING FOR THE RADIO ENTHUSIAS1 HUGE STOCKS - FAST DELIVERY - PERSONAL SERVICE

TELEPHONE HOTLINE: (0705) 662145 FAX: (0705) 690626

ACCESSORIES

WIDEBAND PRE-AMPLIFIERS These low noise pre-amplifiers are a must for the scanner enthusiast and will improve reception on many brands of base/hand-held

radio SCANMASTER GW-2

A low noise GaAs FET overing pre-amp covering 1.1400MHz with variable gain |-3 ta +20dB]. Requires PP3

battery JIM M75

Similar to GW-2 above but with selectable band pass filter for improved performance and (25-2100MHz) freq coverage£79.95

JIM PSU101 MK IV

A combined desk stand and power suppty/charger for handheld scanners. Suitable for most

JIM PSU101 TA

A new 9V version of the popular desk stand and power supply, suitable for most Tandy and new Commtel scanners. Please advise model when ordering ... £29.50

SCANNING ANTENNAS SCANMASTER BASE (500 kHz - 1500MHz)

New high quolity wide band receiving antenna uses fibre glass/stainless steel, with 4 small radials. 'N' type connector. Length metres

£39.95 + £4.75 P&P

SCANMASTER MOBILE (25-1000MHz)

A wideband high quality magnetic mount mobile antenno – wired ready to go with 12ft of low loss coax and BNC connector.

Approx. 18" long ... £29.95 + £4.75 P&P

SCANMASTER DISCONE (25-1300MHz) Stainless steel top of the range 'N' type connector. Complete with short mounting pole and clamps "8 elements with vertical whip" complete with short mounting pole and clamps etc etc. Best value at ... £49.00 + £4.75 P&P

SCANMASTER DOUBLE DISCONE -1300MHz) Our very

latest antenna – gives outstanding performance. Nearly 2,5dB gain over a stondard discone plus transmit on any frequency in its range! We've heard signals on this antenna that were inaudible on

INTRODUCTORY PRICE.

SCANMASTER ON GLASS (25–1300MHz) ideal for mounting on the rear window – discreet but excellent

reception. Supplied c/w 15 ft. cable p BNC connector ready to go ... £29.95

DIAMOND D505 (500kHz - 1500MHz) Mobile version of D707. £94.95 + £4.75 P&P

DIAMOND D707

(500kHz-1500MHz) base ant, with 20dB pre-amp 3.5ft long preglass. Requires 12V DC supply. £125.95 + £4.75 P&P

YAESU NEW FRG-100 HF RECEIVER

Call us now and be one of the first to own this brand new general coverage receiver. To the first customers we will offer a UK Mains Adaptor free of charge plus a G5RV Antenna. £599 Order Now

ICOM

IC R7100 Covers 25 · 2000MHz, Includes 900

memory channels with all mode capability Five different scan options and an automatic record facility, what more you ask? Full brochure available. Special offer£1395

IC R72

IC P1

Covers 100kHz to 30MHz on the HF Bands and offers all mode reception (FM, with the optional board) Easy to use and idealy suited





£895

Icom's most popular pocketsized wideband scanner Frequency from 150kHz to 1300MHz with 100 programmable memories. AM, FM and WFM Modes. Sleep timer and clock facility Optional NiCads, carry cases, and fast chargers are available NEW LOW PRICE £305

IC R100

£59.95

Mobile or base extra wideband scanning receiver covering 500kHz to 1.8GHz with 100 memory channels and receives AM, & WFM Modes £629

VIDEOS

Three times Emmy Award winning producer, Richard Moseson NW2L, has pulled out all the stops to create a series of interesting, informative and entertaining VHS videos on Amateur Radio backed by CQ Magazine USA.

- ★ Getting Started in Ham Rodio
- ★ Getting Started in Packet Radio
- ★ Getting Started in Amateur Satellites
- ★ Getting Started in DX'ing

All videos £19.95 each, plus £2.75 p&p. Running time approx. 50 mins.

BOOKS

VHF/UHF Scanner Frequency Guid	e
New 160 Page guide covers 26/VHz to 12GHz	£9.95
Shortwave Con Freg List 0-30MHz.	\$9.99
Marine Freq Guide Near the coast? .	£4.95
VHF/UHF Airband Guide	£6.95
Scanners 2 by Peter Rouse	£10.95
Short Wave Communications.	£8.95
Flight Routings Guide Book (1993 version)	£5.9.5

JUST RELEASED **NEW THIRD EDITION UK SCANNING DIRECTORY**

Now with spiral binder and even more frequencies! This book is the last word for scanner enthusiasts - order yours now.

KENWOOD R5000 RECEIVER

Based on the receive section of the TS440S HF Transceiver both in looks and design this model covers 100kHz to 30MHz all mode, 100 memories and facility fo filtering. **RECOMMENDED** for aptional E CALL

MICRO-

READER



decoder - decodes RTTY, CW, AMTOR (A) & SITOR (B). 16 character LCD display needing only connection to receiver extension speaker socket. Shortly to become available will be the large 4-line LCD display with built-in parallel printer driver port Voriable in-built morse tutor. (Call and reserve your optional display now)..... £169.00

RECEIVERS

LOWE HF-225 Receiver (30kHz - 30MHz) Optional extras inc FM/AM detector, Ni-cads, Speaker, Cose

& Active Ant. Long stonding favourite £479.00 Quality filtering included. LOWE 225 EUROPA

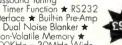
LOWE HF-150

Receiver Economy model but with an excellent set of 'EARS'. LCD display. Portable or £359.00 Mains Power





Drake R8E – To own one of these receivers is a dream in itself – everything you could ever want in facilities and performance is in the R8E. Drake are no newcomers to radio – they have been No. 1 in the USA since 19431 Unlike other expensive receivers the Drake has all its filters fitted as standard, therefore, there are no hidden extra costs. Its performance is truly staggering! With an excellent dynamic range coupled with superb filtering it takes a lot of beating! Multiple scan facilities, easy use 100ch. memory, all mode coverage and synchronous declector for improved AM memory, all mode coverage and synchronous declector for improved AM reception are just a few of its extensive range of facilities. * Twin VFO's & Selectable AGC * Passband Tuning * Timer Function * RS232 Interface * Builhin Pre-Amp * Dual Noise Blanker * Non-Volatile Memory * 100KHz - 30MHz Wide Coverage



overage Options



Full W/Stop Manual VHF Convertor (Internal)



Simply divide the price into 3 equal payments. Write 3 cheques dated in Simply divide the price into 3 equal payments. Write 3 cheques dated in consecutive months starting with today's date. Write your telephone number and cheque card number on the back of each cheque. Post them to us, enclosing your name and address and we will (subject to status), send your goods immediately. The hardest part is deciding what to buy!

SANGEAN ATS803A Full coverage

shortwave receive

with AM/FM and SSB



sensitivity filtering. This has become one of our most popular low cost radios. SPECIAL OFFER THIS MONTH: Free £119 past and packing.

STEEPLETONE MBR7

to both Aircroft Enthusiasts and the Marine Monitors. The multi-hand `jumbo' radio has almost





everything you need to monitor these bands, LW, MW, & SW plus the Marine and Aircraft Bands... £76.40 Good Storter

TRADING POST

SCANNING RECEIVERS

2000 ALTER ALTER	
Sony Air 7 Handheid Receiver	£185.00
kom R100 Mobile	£425.00
Yaesu FRG9600	£365.00
Fairmate HP100, av. cond	£175.00
Kenwood RZ1 Mobile Scanner	£315.00
Bearcat 200XLT c/w 900MHz	£165.00
Standard AX700 c/w PAN display	£475.00
Nevada MS1000 Shop soiled	£199.00
AOR AR1000 Handheld, 1000 Ch .	

SHORTWAVE RECEIVERS

kom K71E excellent S/W Rx	£675.00
Trio JR500/S "Cheapie" Basic	£95.00
Kenwood R2000 RX c/w VHF Con.	£525.00
Trio R1000 General coverage	£325.00
Yaesu FRG7700 Digital S/W Rx	£425.00
kom R7000 Wideband, inc. HF	£795.00
Yaesu FRG7700 (choice of 2)	£395.00
Kenwood R820 Base S/W Rc	£325.00
Sangean AT8035 Port. (to 30MHz)	£70.00
Kenwood R5000 "Flagship"	£695.00
Drake R8E - As new condition	£750.00
Yaesu FRG8800 c/w ATU/Act. Ant,	£600.00
Trio R1000 General coverage	£295.00

HE TRANSCEIVERS	
Yaesu FT902DM HF Base TX	£625.00
Sommerkamp FT101ZD	£495.00
Kenwood T\$530/S HF Tx. immoc.	£549.00
Yaesu 757 MK1 HF Mobile	£575.00
Kenwood TS8305 soughtafter TX	£585.00
kom K725 Mobile HF	£625.00
korn 701 HF & matching PSU, vgc	£545.00
Kenwood TS4305	£675.00
Yaesu FT747GX c/w FM & filter	£595.00
Kerrwood TS940S AM, Mems (ATU).	£1495.00

Our stock of secondhand product changes daily - if you can't see what you are looking for here, please give us a call. We offer generous P/X - call for quotation.

Price: £16.95 plus £2.75 p&p SHOWROOMS:- 1A MUNSTER ROAD, PORTSMOUTH PO2 9BS MAIL ORDER:- 189 LONDON ROAD. PORTSMOUTH P02 9AE







"Before his time," Young Golly said.

"They don't make records like they used to," Kilocycle Ken said nostalgically.

"They are mostly my husbands, Caruso and classical orchestral. He did like music."

The radio was tuned to the National Network programme.

"I used to love the old morning serials," she said. "Portia Faces Life, Doctor Paul, but all gone."

"Where is the bathroom?" Kilocycle Ken asked gently. It had a copper geyser, a cracked pedestal basin, a tin bath, a canary in a cage, a Shanks lavatory pan with a plain wooden scrubbed toilet seat.

Kilocycle Ken gravely fondled the dangling porcelain handle on the old-fashioned chain of the overhead cistern. "Antique, probably worth a bit of money." He tugged the handle.

The plumbing clanked and roared and hissed. In the sitting room the old wireless almost leapt off the table with the vibration from the old-electro-magnetic speaker.

Real Man's Job

"Dear, oh dear," Kilocycle Ken said. "You do have a problem, but I think we can fix it for you. Have you got a step ladder?"

"Only got kitchen steps."

"High enough. I'll see if I can find the pipes causing the trouble, tie them together so they don't rattle, solve your problem."

He got a pair of khaki combination overalls from the car and a small transistor radio.

The man-hole for the ceiling space below the roof was in the bathroom. Kilocycle Ken balanced on top of the steps to reach the access.

"Why don't you send the boy up?" she asked.

"This is a real man's job," Kilocycle Ken said gravely. Young Golly yawned.

"You don't see tradesmen like you used to," the old woman said.

"We are not tradesmen," Young Golly said stiffly. "We are professional radio interference investigators."

"Have you got a torch?" Kilocycle Ken asked, unprofessionally.

She had a small plastic torch which gave a weak glimmer.

He hoisted himself up. "Any mice?" he called.

"There are no rodents in this house," she snapped. "Any borer in the house?" Young Golly asked.

"Why?"

"All wooden houses have borer."

"Not this one, my husband had it treated."

Kilocycle Ken crawled across the rafters. He

sometimes wondered why he crawled around ceilings. Was that what life was about?

He found the pipes. The torch died. He rattled the water pipe and the metal electrical conduit pipes, which were touching, listened on the transistor radio. The noise was loud.

He had a small coil of soft copper wire in the overalls pocket.

He bound the two pipes together, very tightly, by feel. "Flush the toilet," he called.

The woman hesitated. Young Golly did the deed. The toilet roared and there was no reaction on the wireless.

The old woman almost smiled.

Kilocycle Ken didn't really know how it happened. He was trying to go backwards towards the man-hole when he got his leg caught in the joist, and his foot went through the ceiling.

He could see daylight. Young Golly sneezed.

A Procedure

The old woman let out a roar, surprisingly loud for such a person. "Come down out of there, young man. Oh what have you done!"

She sat on the toilet, moaned, "Oh my ceiling." "Easily repaired," Young Golly said. "Bit of plaster

stuff, comes in a packet, mix it with water."

It was a few minutes before Kilocycle Ken reappeared. Then he was wearing a bowler hat.

"Charlie Chaplin?" Young Golly asked.

"My husband used to wear that! I wondered what had happened to it."

"One finds many strange things in the ceilings," Kilocycle Ken said.

"My ceiling?"

"Such accidents are not unknown. There is a procedure. Somebody will call to inspect the damage and it will be made good. Just as good as new. Better than new."

"I should have endured the radio interference," she moaned.

Kilocycle Ken said, "Can't agree with that. Your

programmes from now on will be received crystal clear." She sighed. "Thank you - anyway."

"She must be very lonely," Kilocycle Ken said, outside. "She should take in boarders."

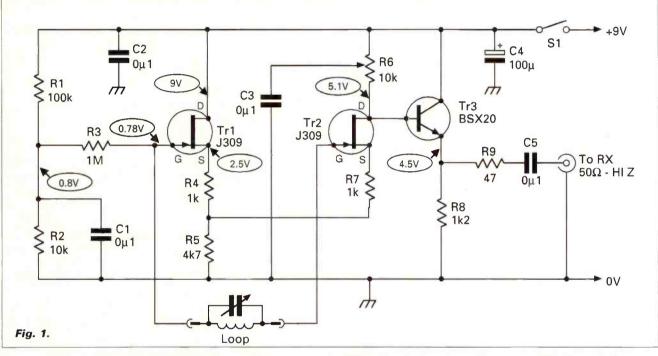
"Nobody boards today," Young Golly said scathingly. "But she should turn the house into flats. You've already started her on the road to renovations."



I suppose steam radio had gone out of fashion when you were being trained!

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

A DIFFERENTIAL MATCHING AMPLIFIER FOR LOOP ANTENNAS



David Porter G4QYX, describes an amplifier to improve the sensitivity and selectivity of a loop antenna.

With both night-time and day-time DXing becoming popular, night-time for overseas stations and day-time DX for the reception of UK and Eire 'local' radio stations, there is an incentive to construct a loop antenna. It might be one of the many 'standards', such as a 500mm or 1m diameter type, or one to your own design.

It is generally acknowledged that the signal pickup of the 500mm and smaller loops is considerably reduced compared to the signal obtained from the 1m loop. Having said that, verbal harassment to a 50cm loop user is also considerably reduced. After all they're sometimes not appreciated in quite the same vein by other members of the family!

In order to increase the signal from the 500mm loop, making it in effect, electrically equivalent to a 1m loop, I've added a differential matching amplifier (d.m.a.). This latest design differs from earlier versions, in that the output is accurately matched to 50Ω to suit modern communication and portable receivers. Provision is made for a self contained preset gain control to be incorporated. Adjustment of the gain control ensures that overloading, and possible cross-modulation effects inherent in modern receivers, may be neatly avoided.

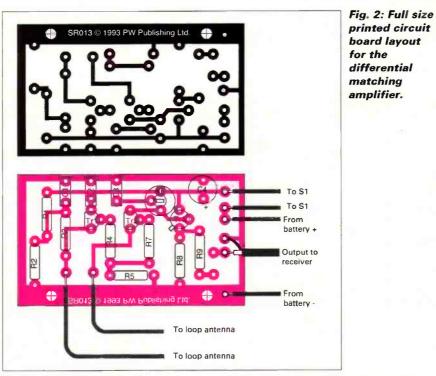
Circuit Explained

Referring to the circuit diagram, shown in **Fig. 1**, you will see that the loop antenna is connected to the amplifier directly, without matching or secondary loops being needed. The two field-effect transistors (f.e.t.s) Tr1 and Tr2, are used in a long tailed pair configuration. The d.c. bias to these f.e.t.s, determined by potential divider R1 and R2, is fed directly, via a $1M\Omega$ resistor, to the gate of Tr1 (a J309 type), and via the actual loop winding itself to the gate of Tr2 (another J309 type).

The input impedance of the amplifier is greater than $1M\Omega$, and so ensures negligible loading to the tuned circuit. This keeps the loop antenna Q high, and so gives better selectivity and excellent efficiency.

Using high tolerance (2%) balancing resistors, R4 and R7 (1k Ω each), and the common resistor R5 (4.7k Ω), ensures an accurate current balance in Tr1 and Tr2. This balancing of the currents gives good differential amplification.

The d.c. bias on the gates of the f.e.t.s is arranged so that, the voltage at the drain of Tr2 is about 0.6V above



the half supply voltage, (5.1V). With the base to emitter volt drop, a nominal 0.6V in Tr3, its emitter quiescent output voltage is at half supply voltage (4.5V). When set at this point, the transistor acts in a wide range linear fashion, and reproduces faithfully the signals input to its base. It is also the action of Tr3, an emitter follower, that enables 50Ω loads to be driven.

The control of overall gain is by means of the preset resistor R6. This control shunts 'excess' signal away, via C3 on the slider of the gain control. The combination of R9 and C5 act as

Component List

Resistors

1	Metal film 0.5	W 2%	
4	47Ω	1	R9
	1kΩ	2	R4,7
	1.2kΩ	1	R8
	4.7kΩ	1	R5
	10K	1	R2
	100K	1	R1
	1MΩ	1	R3
1	Miniature cer	met preset	
	10kΩ	1	R6 (RS 187-539 or Maplin WR42V)

Capacitors

 Miniature dlsc ceramIC

 0.1μF
 4
 C1, 2, 3, 5 (Maplin YR75S)

 Miniature electrolytic 16V working

 100μF
 1
 C4

Semiconductors

2

J309	
BSX20	

Tr1, 2 (RS 295-602) (Maplin QH59P) Tr3 (RS 296-172) 2N2369 is also suitable

Miscellaneous

Small s.p.s.t. miniature toggle switch, a suitable plastics material (ABS) box (150x80x50mm), a suitable connector pair such as Belling Lee coaxial TV connector and the surface socket, 2mm plugs, and socket, either a p.c.b. or a piece of Veroboard, nuts, bolts, wire, crocodile clip, PP3 battery and connector.

The 9V supply, from a PP3 or 6F22 battery, is decoupled, at r.f. by C2, a 0.1μ F ceramic type and at lower frequencies by C4, an electrolytic capacitor. Overall current consumption is 5-7mA and an alkaline battery is recommended. Do not be tempted to use a mains power supply as noise from the mains can find its way on to the output amplifier and spoil otherwise good reception.

Construction

The amplifier may be constructed on the printed circuit board as shown in **Fig. 2**. Or it may be constructed on 0.1in matrix board. Miniature components are used, throughout, 30V disc ceramic capacitors and metal film 0.6W resistors are recommended. Suppliers of components and equivalents are given in the component list.

After fitting the the components to the board and soldering, the board is carefully checked for solder bridges etc., and is secured in the box by 2x2.5mm nuts and bolts.

In the prototype, an abs plastics box, measuring 150x80x50mm, was used, with the on/off switch (S1) placed in the lid. The connections to the loop antenna are by two leads crocodile clips on one end and 2mm plugs on the other. Two 2mm sockets are mounted in the ABS box. The layout will depend on the box you choose.

The output socket could be a Belling Lee TV 'surface' type, and then URM76 or URM202 coaxial cable can be used with a standard TV antenna plug. The connections to the receiver, will be to suit the plug/socket on the receiver itself.

The coaxial output lead may be up to 10m long without detriment to the signal, but 2-3m is sufficient to allow the loop orientation, and tuning to be within easy reach whilst sitting at the receiver.

Voltage Readings

Voltage reading should be taken using an high-impedance multimeter. I find a digital meter easiest, and the low loading of the multimeter doesn't change the readings much. If you are using an Avo or similar low(ish) impedance $(20k\Omega/V)$ meter, the

continued on page 29

THE FERRI-TEN EXPERIMENT

The Ferri-Ten is a small, external ferrite loop, receive antenna for the 28MHz band. It is one of a series of ongoing experiments, conducted by Richard Q Marris over the years looking into the RX and TX performance of various ferrite rod materials, at v.h.f. and u.h.f.

The circuit (Fig. 1) is as simple as possible. The construction is physically simple, and clearcut, but must be carried out with extreme care to achieve good results. The cost is minimal, in fact, apart from the ferrite rod, the whole thing can be made up from bits and pieces from the junk box or surplus market.

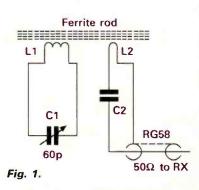
The Ferri-Ten covers up to approximately 45MHz. It's peak performance is targeted in the Ten Metre band (28-30MHz), although it also covers 21MHz, where the performance is falling off, due to the adverse LC ratio for that band.

The ferrite rod used is an Amidon type R61-050-400 (100mm long x 12mm diameter). This is made of a nickel-zinc material with a permeability of 125, and said to be useable up to 10MHz for ferrite rod antennas. However, it has been found that this can be 'stretched' up to the lower v.h.f. frequencies with careful design and construction of the windings.

The antenna consists of an inductance, L1, resonated with a 60pF variable capacitor, C1. As the 28MHz band resonates with the plates of C1 approximately 20% enmeshed, it is obvious that the value of C1 could be reduced. Also on the rod is a coupling coil L2, which is connected to the RX, via a series coupling capacitor, and a short length of RC58 feedline. With most RXs a pre-amplifier will be required, and it is

suggested that this should be wide-band with an adjustable gain up to about 20dB.

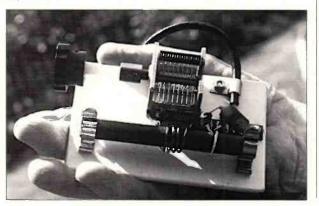
The chassis was made from a piece of 3mm thick Perspex measuring 115 x 75mm. Onto this is mounted the rod and coil assembly, using a suitable Terry clip at either end, the variable capacitor (C1) fitted with an insulated extension shaft, a small tag strip



and a length of RC58 feedline held with a cable clip. All screws are countersunk, underneath the 3mm thick plastics chassis. This layout can be seen on Fig. 1, and the photographs. A further refinement would be a slow motion drive on C1.

Coil L1 consists of three full turns, of 16 AWG Thermoleze insulated wire. located at the centre of the rod and wound so that there is no physical contact between the wire and the ferrite rod. This is achieved by winding four closewound turns of wire, around the rod, and letting it unwind to 3^{1/}2 turns, the result being a coil with a 1.5mm air gap between wire and ferrite rod. The ends of the wire are carefully bent to three turns (opened to about 2.5mm apart) for soldering to C1, with short leads. With careful mounting of the rod, and C1, the air gap between the coil and rod can be achieved. The wire ends are approximately 10mm long. One end is soldered direct to the metal body of C1, the other to the stator solder tag, giving a very rigid coil assembly. Attempts to use a coil former resulted in a lower frequency range and a drop in sensitivity.

The coupling coil, L2, is one turn of pvc covered, stranded 7/0.2mm wire, wound onto the rod, with the ends secured by a short piece of heat shrink sleeving. In series with L2 is a 100pF silver mica coupling capacitor. The position of L2 is critical. On the prototype it is 16mm from the outer turn of L1. Individual layouts may differ, and L2 positioning



should be adjusted, as described later.

The whole assembly should be rigid. On the first mock-up the 1.5mm thick chassis used was found to be slightly flexible, and altered the tuning. For this reason the chassis should be a minimum of 3mm thick plastics. It is suggested that a spot of expoxy adhesive should be applied, where necessary, to ensure component rigidity, but not onto L1!

Using the antenna for the first time produced quite adequate signals, on a high gain RX, without a pre-amplifier. To adjust L2 it is necessary to tune to a captive signal source, or a 28MHz beacon, and move the single turn of wire, slightly inwards and out for optimum coupling. Overcoupling produces a wideband, double hump effect. Undercoupling produces a peak, with a loss of signal strength. The optimum coupling point can be found by moving L1 outwards, minimally, from the point where overcoupling can first be detected. Once settled, L2 should be held in position with a spot of hot candlewax.

The coaxial RC58 feedline used has an impedance of 50Ω . Should any other impedance type be used, then it is suggested that alternative values of C2 be tried and L2 coupling adjusted as required. Other forms of coupling have been tried, but the described method has been found to be the best for this application.

It has been found that this antenna, being directional, can be rotated to reduce QRM, QRN and domestic electrically generated noises.

You Will Need

Capacitors

Air-spaced variable C1 1

60pF (see text)

Silver mica 100pF 1

C2

Miscellaneous

Ferrite rod 100mm long x 12mm diameter, Amidon Type R61-050-400; Thermoleze insulated wire, 16AWG, (Amidon); 115 x 75 x 3mm (minimum) Perspex, or other plastics, chassis; Terry Clips to hold ferrite rod (2); RC58 coaxial feedline; Nuts, bolts, cable clip etc.

Amidon Associates, 12033 Otsego Street, North Hollywood, California, USA.





YOUR SONY SPECIALIST Full Worldwide Guarantees from SONY! CALL THE SONY SPECIALISTS 071-637-0353/0590!! Mail Orders Welcome.

071-637-0590/0353 Fast - Efficient - Convenient. To your doorstep!!

 PRO worldband rec incl

 weather fax
 £2699.00

 PRO dish antenna
 £1599.00

 SONY

 ICF-SW7600
 £154.95

 ICF-SW1E
 £154.95



ULTRA-COMPACT SHORTWAVE RADIO WITH PLL SYNTHESIZER CIRCUITRY

FM/LW/MW/SW reception • PLL synthesized circuitry • FM stereo • Continuous AM frequency coverage • 4 way tuning: 10 memory presets, auto scon, monual tuning, 10 key direct tuning • Programmable timer • Sleep function • Digital clack and alarm • LCD display with light function • Dual conversion system • 2 step tone control • Key protection • Record aut socket • Supplied with stereo eorphones, shortwave guide and compact aerial • Power; 2×AA size battery.

ICF-SW800	£59.95
ICF-SW20	£69
AN-1 ANTENNA	
ICF-7601L	



SONY ICF-SW55 "SUPERADIO" • World time zones • SSB • Full digital p/sets

£249。

Multiband



071-637-0353/0590 AN AWARD WINNING MASTERPIECE

ICF-2001D Kit£275 ONLY Finest all-round pro-receiver in the business.

FW/LW/MW/AIR mulit-band reception • 32 station preset memory • Synchronous detector circuit • PLL quartz-locked synthesiser circuit digital/analogue tuning • 2-way scan tuning (memory, broadcast, define) • 2-position tone control • Direct metre band access • 4-event programmable time • AM attenuator SSB reception • External antenna for AM, FM and AIR band • 288×159×52mm (w/h/d) 1.7kg. 2001 DSYSTEM-ICF-2001D with active antenna AN-1 in one complete package.

eal call: 071-637-03



£349





HIGH PERFORMANCE PORTABLE RECEIVER WITH PLL SYNTHESIZER CIRCUITRY AND CONTINUOUS AM FREQUENCY COVERAGE

CR-V21 world band receiver – fax printout, RTTY weather rec£2699

YUPITERU AIR-POWER AT YOUR	FINGERTIPS YUPITER	AOR AOR	
		AOR1500EX	£319.0
VT-125	329.95 142-170MHz	AOR2800	£409.0
VT-225 £	730 05 FM marine monitor	169.95 AOR2000	£279.9
MVT-7100	399.95 MVT-8000 £	349.95 AOR3000A	£859.9
PANASONIC	F69.95 ALINCO	YUPITER	U
RF-B10 World bond receiver - pocket size	D1.1905		-
RF-B65 S/pro multi band digital radio – memories preset	189.95 DJ-SIE		JU
RF-B45 Digital m/band radioE	129.95 DJ-FIE		FD //
071-637 0353/0590	DJ-F4E		EK
and a set of the set o	DJ-580E Dud band		
ICOM 🗸 🛝 🗷	DR-599E Dual band 2m/70am - 50 watt mobile		'D
SCANNERS/TRANCEIVERS	DR-112E 2m FM 45w mobile transceiver	00.000	-
IC-R1 15-1300 MHz	DJ X 1 I with free niced & charger	C709.95 ONLY	
	VJAII with the facial & charger	£299.95 UNLY	
100 memories Only £380.00			_
100 memories only £380.00 ICP-2ET£310.00			S
100 memories0Nly £380.00 ICP-2ET£310.00 ICR-7100£1199	New fu	ll range antenna	s,
100 memories only £380.00 ICP-2ET£310.00	New fu	ll range antenna	s, etc
100 memories0Nly £380.00 ICP-2ET£310.00 ICR-7100£1199	New fu		s, etc
100 memoriesOnly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 iCW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED	New fu	ll range antenna ons, CB mobiles,	etc
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 ICP-2E 144MHz £275	New fu base stati	ll range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP	etc
100 memoriesOnly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 ICP-2E 144MHz £275 IC-21E £275 IC-25 £500	ROBERTS	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP	etc
100 memoriesOnly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 iCW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-21E £275 IC-25 £500	ROBERTS	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP	etc
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 ICP-2E 144MHz £275 IC-21E £275 ICP-2E 25 £500 ICP-2E £279 ICP-2E £279	ROBERTS R717 R701 R737 E	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 279.95 279.95 29.95 29.95 29.95 202345	etc S
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-2E 144MHz £275 IC-2E £319 IC-2E £279 IC-25 £319 IC-26E £319 ICP-28E £369 ICW-21E £369	New full base stati ROBERTS R717 R701 R737 RP-15	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 79.95	etc S
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 iCW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-21E £275 IC-25 £309 ICP-2E £279 ICP-2E £275 IC-25 £319 ICP-26E £319 ICW-21E £369 ICW-21ET £429	New full base stati ROBERTS R717 R700 RP-28 R7-75 R10	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 79.95 70.95 7	etc S
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-2E 144MHz £275 IC-2E £319 IC-2E £279 IC-25 £319 IC-26E £319 ICY-28E £369 ICW-21E £369	Roberts R717 ROBERTS R737 £ R737 £ R737 £ R62 6	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 279.95 279.95 279.95 289.95 19.95 • Portable Radio • LW/MW/FH/2 x SW • F Tuning Control • Mains/battery supply	etc S
100 memoriesOnly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-21E £275 IC-22E £319 IC-22E £319 ICP-2E £319 IC-29E £319 IC-29E £369 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-3230H £675	Roberts R717 R70 R717 R70 R737 C R737 C R737 C R737 R101 R817	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 279.95 279.95 279.95 289.95 19.95 21.95 21.95 21.95 Toriable Radio • LW/MW/FM/2 x SW • F Toriable Radio • LW/MW/FM/2 x SW • F Toriag Control • Mains/battery supply 554.95 39.95 D1875	etc S
100 memoriesOnly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-21E £275 IC-22E £319 IC-22E £319 ICP-2E £319 IC-29E £319 IC-29E £369 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-3230H £675	New full base stati ROBERTS R717 R701 R701 R728 R737 RP-15 R101 R621 R817 R618	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 • Ortable Radio • LW/MW/FM/2 x SW • F Tuning Control • Mains/battery supply 54.95 39.95 54.95 39.95 01875 • Compact 12-band Portable Radio • W/MW/FM/2 schrware • Large tuni	eic S £24.9
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED 5 ICP-2E 144MHz £275 IC-21E £275 ICP-2E £319 ICP-2E £310 ICP-2E £275 IC-29E £369 ICP-2E £369 ICP-2E £369 ICP-2E £459 ICP-2E £459 ICP-2E £459 ICP-2E £459 ICP-2E £459 ICP-2E £459 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-3230H £675 GRUNDIG £349.00	Roberts R717 ROBERTS R717 R70 RP-28 R R737 E R737 E R737 E R10 R R62 R R817 E R2818 E R7275 bonds - FM/MW/SW/W/SW1-4	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 70.95 7	E CALLER S £24.9. ng control •
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED £275 IC-21E £275 IC-22E £300 ICP-2E \$275 IC-21E £275 IC-22E £309 ICP-2E £369 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-3230H £675 GRUNDIG \$349.00 YACHT BOY 222 £52.95	Robins Robins<	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILLP 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 79.95 70.95 7	etc S £24.9 ng control • erroceptor
100 memories0nly £380.00 ICP-2ET £310.00 ICR-7100 £1199 ICW-2E £429.95 FULL RANGE STOCKED 5 ICP-2E 144MHz £275 IC-21E £275 IC-22E £300 ICP-2E 144MHz £275 IC-22E £300 ICP-2E £279 ICP-2E £369 ICP-20E £369 ICW-21E Dual Band £429 ICW-21ET £459 ICW-3230H £675 GRUNDIG £449.00	Roberts R717 ROBERTS R717 R70 RP-28 R R737 E R737 E R737 E R10 R R62 R R817 E R618 E R7275 bonds - FM/MW/SW/LW/SW1-4	Il range antenna ons, CB mobiles, PHILIP 79.95 70.95 7	ng control • erroceptor me

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

PLEASE MAKE ALL CHEOUI

Waters & Stanton UK's largest stockist of specialist receivers

Mail Order Code

- Immediate despatch
- · 24 hour delivery on most items • Full value carriage insurance
- 3 full time service engineers on ham radio
- · 10 days to return if not satisfied · 12 months parts and labour
- warranty
- Excellent spares stocks
- No grey imports just honest prices
- · Free after sales help
- NOBODY BEATS OUR SERVICE!

Budget CW & Rtty Decoder MFJ-1225 £89.95



Here's a simple way of getting into data decoding using a standard PC and this MFJ-1225. You will be able to resolve the various forms of RTTY and CW on your computer screen. All you need is this unit, an IBM compatible computer and a copy of the MFJ-1285 software (£19.95). Compare the cost of similar units and you will see what excellent value this is. Requires an external 12 Volt source at approx 100mA

UK SCANNING DIRECTORY

We've got the new 3rd edition in stock. Is it legal or is it not? Get your copy before the whole lot get taken off the market! As a service to our many mail order customers we are offering this post free. £16.95

HB-400 Amazing! \$13.95! P&P \$2.00 Hand-held mount

The easy way to mount your hand-held or scanner in the car. Fits any hand-held using the belt clip. Gives firm mounting for safe driving.

Sangean ATS-803A



October offer £118.95 inc free delivery!

This well respected budget class receiver offers excellent short wave performance and is ideal for use at home or out portable. You get AM and SSB capability and a clear LCD frequency read-out. The large speaker provides good fidelity and there's 10 memories to store your favourite stations. For domestic use you also get Long and Medium Wave coverage plus FM stereo on headphones. For bedside use there is a built in clock and alarm. Now you can sit at home or go away on holiday and keep in touch with ham radio, aircraft, mari and broadcast transmissions. Then look at our price and remember you get the after sales service of the biggest name in ham radio business.



TGSP Scanner Model 30 - 1200MHz

COMPLETE

Just attach to the glass surface of rear window and line up the internal connector box on the inside £32.95 Z of the window. It's as simple as that. 14' of cable is provided with screw connector to attach to box. If you ever need to remove the aerial we can supply the special kit to carry out this with replacement parts for

remounting.

NEW FOR OLD! Too good to be true? Well er...yes. But the next best thing is to part exchange your gear. We are always interested in good clean equip-ment that needs a new home. We have customers waiting for all the ment that needs a new home. We have customers waiting for all the popular items so why not give us a call today and see if we can help you buy that new model or even pay you cash. Everything we take in is checked in our own workshops and you get a true 3 months warranty. Stocks at the moment include a lovely old Eddystone EC-10 £95; Icom R-715 from £549; Realistic DX-390 short wave receivers from £119; AOR-2002 £269; IC-R100 £329; R-535 VHF/UHF Airband £199; DJ-X1 £229; Pro-30 and 32s from £119 and lots more. We'll send you the list on request. Plenty of transceivers for HF and VHF also normally in stock. DIAL 0702 206835 for quote or information.



For the first time ever you can obtain a copy of this catalogue packed with Ham Radio equipment and accessories, some never before advertised. You get the full specification with pictures and accompanying price list. Forty four pages of

absorbing reading and it's all FREE! Just call in and collect one from our Hockley or Hornchurch stores. Alternatively send two first class stamps to cover postage.

Frank G80RV in control of mail order despatch



FREE CREDIT

On Most HF Receivers 12 Months to pay!

Yupiteru Ex Showcase Stock: **At Wholesale Prices!**

I've got a quantity of brand new Yupiteru receivers that have been sitting in our glass showcases and somebody has stolen (or removed) the original distributor of Yupiteru to the UK we cannot sell these as brand new items. (yes we really are that honest!) So I have decided that I'll have to cut my losses and offer them at a price that will make you rush to me with Pound notes (or cheques. or credit cards or whatever). It



Mark Francis GOGBY

or creat cards or whatever, it brings tears to my eyes when I think what I could have sold them for. (Wait till i get my hands on the B_{---} who pinched the boxes!) Seriously though, these are all brand new, un-used, and have all accessories with them. And of course you get our 10 day no quibble money back guarantee. So get to those phones now! 0702 206835 Mark Francis

MVT-7100 SSB/FM/AM	£449 - £369
MVT-7000 2-1300MHz	£369 - £309
VT-225 Civil/Military Airband	
VT-125 Civil Airband	£189 - £159
VT-150 Marine / 2 metres	£189 - £159
All the above come with Genuine	UK warranty

cards! Carriage £5



Phone for latest price!

MFJ-1020A £99.95

Indoor Active Aerial 300kHz - 30MHz

Now you'll rival or exceed the reception of outside long wires with this tuned Radio TV Handbook says MFJ-1020 is fine value. fair price, best offering to date, performs very well indeed. Tuned



minimises circuitry intermodulation. improves selectivity and reduces band noise. It can also be used as a pre-selector with an external antenna. Controls comprise Tune, Band, Gain, On Off/By-Pass and the unit comes with telescopic whip

SONY Active Aerials from stock AN-1 £52.95 post free!

Wideband Flexi RH-536 Just arrived from Diamond. this is a wideband receiving antenna (also tx on 2m/70cms) that will not break! Ideal for scanners, you also get some gain! Fitted with BNC, total length is 36cm. Can you tie a knot in your antenna? **£29.95**

Retail and Mail Order: 22 Main Road, Hockley, Essex SS5 4QS. Tel: (0702) 206835/204965 Fax: (0702) 205843 12 North Street, Hornchurch, Essex. Tel: (07084) 44765 **Retail Only:** VISA & ACCESS MAIL ORDER. 24 Hour Answerphone. Open 6 Days a Week 9am-5.30pm Rail: Liverpool St./Hockley or District Line/Hornchurch



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Radio Communication Products from AOR



AR1500EX - The very compact AR1500EX handheld wide range receiver offers all mode reception including SSB as standard. Newly designed printed circuit boards have been incorporated to ensure this new circuit boards have been incorporated to ensure this new version offers the very best performance. Frequency range is 500 kHz ~ 1300 MHz without gaps (reduced sensitivity below approx 2MHz - all modes), all mode reception AM, FM(N), FM(W) & SSB (USB, LSB &CW - with BFO). The AR1500EX offers full coverage of the VHF, UHF and Shortwave Airbands plus Broadcast Ameteur band. Utility corplicate at plus Broadcast, Amateur band, Utility services etc. Many accessories included: NiCad pack, Charger, Dry battery case, DC lead, Soft case, Belt hook, DA900 VHF-UHF aerial, SW-wire aerial, Earphone, Compre-hensive Operating manual... Suggested Retail Price of £349.00 inc VAT. (UK Carriage free)

AR2000 - this popular receiver continues and remains a firm favourite with listeners and enthusiasts. There has to be a compromise in hand-held design when compared to base units such as the AR3000A receiver. However when compared to other wide range hand-

held monitors on the market, the AR2000 provides the very best balance between sensitivity and strong signal handling. The AR2000 has a very wide frequency coverage from 500 kHz to 1300 MHz (1.3 GHz) with no gaps (reduced sensitivity below approx 2MHz - all modes). The modes available are AM (Amplitude Modula-tion), FM (Narrow Band Frequency Modulation -N.B.F.M.) and WFM (Wide Band Frequency Modulation). Any available mode may be Modulation). Any available mode may be selected at any frequency within the receiver's's coverage. For your convenience the search banks have been preprogrammed at the factory to largely suit the UK band plan, this allows you to switch on the AR2000 and immediately enjoy hours of no fuss listening. Of course the AR2000 is supplied with an operating manual showing examples of programming etc. There are 1000 memories arranged in 10 banks of 100 channels,

there are also 10 additional programmable search banks. Supplied with: High Capacity NiCad batteries, AC charger, DC lead, DA900 VHF-UHF aerial, soft case with carry strap, belt hook, earphone and operating manual. Suggested Retail Price £309.00 inc VAT. (UK Carriage free)



strong signal performance... The ABF125 is a receive bandpass filter especially designed to improve the strong signal handling characteristics of receivers for VHF commercial Airband listening. The ABF125 is suitable for connection to most airband and wide range receivers on the market, it is not designed just for AOR branded products. The addition of this filter to the aerial signal path will provide additional selectivity which will enable the receiver's circuitry to cope much more easily with strong interfering signals such as Band-2 Stereo or Shortwave broadcast transmissions which can be manifest in many ways such as 'hissing', mixing of many signals together, music breakthrough and desensitisation of the receiver. The ABF125 is not an amplifier so will not 'boost' signals, however the additional selectivity offered can significantly improve reception in many situations by

ABF~125 VHF Air Band Filter for better

removing unwanted strong signals which may overload the receiver and reduce it's effectiveness Note: Remember to remove the ABF125 from the aerial when monitoring signals other than VHF Airband or signal strength will be dramatically reduced. Suggested Retail Price £24.50 inc VAT. (UK Carriage £1.50)



With the AR3000A (base-mobile receiver) your listening horizons are truly extended providing receive coverage from 100 kHz all the way up to 2036 MHz without any gaps in the range. The AR3000A offers the widest coverage on the market today with a high level of performance and versatility from long wave through shortwave, VHF and onward to the upper limits of UHF and SHF. Not only will the AR3000A cover this extremely wide range it will allow listening on any mode: NFM, WFM, AM, USB, LSB and CW. The AR3000A also features an RS232C port for computer control. **Suggested Retail Price £949.00 including VAT.** (UK Carriage free)

AORSC is a powerful program for the IBM PC (and 100% compatible) AORSC is a powerful program for the IBM PC (and 100% compatible) computer, which allows you to control an AOR scanning receiver using a serial port (RS-232 interface) of the computer. Many facilities are offered to provide you with a high performance radio monitoring system. The software is priced at £75.00 plus £2.00 P&P. AORSC is supplied on both 3.5 & 5.25 inch media for installation onto a hard drive. A DEMO disk (without RS232 support) is with the area 2.6 inch disk for installation onto a hard drive. available on a 3.5 inch disk for installation onto a hard drive, Price is £3.00 *** Windows software soon to be released ***

ACEPAC3A For those with a larger budget, ACEPAC3A is also available for the AR3000A & AR3000 receivers. Installation is recommended on a hard drive but can be run from 3.5 or 5.25 inch floppies depending on machine compatibility. Features are similar to AORSC but ACEPAC3A has a more versatile spectrum graph type display. A descriptive leaflet is available to request. Suggested Retail Price £139.00 plus £2.00 P&P

"Nearly New" stock offers substantial savings

Occasionally we are able to offer "Nearly New." equipment with full 12 months' AOR warranty at attractive prices. There can be many reasons for this stock, but most important for 'you' is that we can offer substantial savings from Suggested Benil Price. All environment is through the stead before despatch

	to ensure full conformity to specific			
MODEL	DESCRIPTION	Suggested Retail Price	"Nearly New" Price	Saving
AR3000A	The ultimate. Unique all mode extremely wide band base-mobile receiver. Coverage is from 100 kHz - 2036 MHz with no gaps.	949.00	799,00	150.00

	is item ree in a second in the Buber	111.00	177,00		
AR1500e	Compact <u>all mode</u> hand-held receiver. Receive coverage 500 kHz ~ 1300 MHz AM/NFM/WFM & SSB using BFO. Enhanced model.	Was 299.00	250.00	49.00	
AR1500E	X Compact <u>all mode</u> hand-held receiver. Receive coverage 500 kHz ~ 1300 MHz				
	AM/NFM/WFM & SSB using BFO. Latest model.	349.00	299.00	50 .00	
AR2000	Hand-held receiver 500 kHz - 1300 MHz without gaps. AM/NFM/WFM.	309.00	270.00	39.00	
AR2800	Competitively priced full featured base - mobile scanning receiver. All mode operation AM/NFM/WFM & SSB using a BFO. Cover is 500 kHz - 600 MHz & 800 - 1300 MHz.				
	Includes internal NiCad battery.	449.00	375.00	74.00	

"Nearly New" equipment is truly supplied as-new and is not the result of worn out used equipment through trade-in deals etc. Offer only available directly from AOR UK and is subject to availability. Please phone or send a large S.A.E. for full details of New and "Nearly New" equipment, there are many models in the range.

Many other receivers and products are available from the AOR range. Please phone or send a large S.A.E. (34p) for full details. Dealers throughout Europe.... fast mail order available for direct orders.



AOR (UK) Ltd. Adam Bede High Tech Centre, Derby Road, Wirksworth, Derbys. DE4 4BG. Tel: 0629 - 825926 Fax: 0629 - 825927 AOR (UK) Ltd is a subsidiary of AOR Ltd Japan. All Trade Marks acknowledged. E&OE.



A Differential Matching Amplifier for Loop Antennas

continued from page 23

reading may be lower than you expect, especially the voltage at the junction of R1/R2.

Important measurements are the voltages at the sources of the f.e.t.s, they should match to within $\pm 0.2V$. If on test it is found that these voltages are not similar, it may be necessary to swap over the f.e.t.s, or try a third f.e.t. to find a balanced pair.

Operation

Mount the boxed amplifier on a suitable part of the frame of the loop antenna. Try to locate the amplifier as near as possible to the tuning capacitor, keeping the leads to less than 300mm. Connect the output of the d.m.a. to the receiver using coaxial cable and ensure that the preset potentiometer is fully clockwise.

Switch on the d.m.a. and tune the loop to a strongly received signal. Adjust the preset resistor R6, until overloading does not occur in the receiver on this strong station.

I'm sure you will find the combination of a loop antenna and this amplifier to be useful. The amplifier functions efficiently and offers useful gain up to 10-12MHz.

The project was originally designed for use with a large wooden framed loop antenna but will worked just as well with a ferrite rod antenna. The original winding, through the d.m.a., produced excellent results on feeding it to the receiver.

I'm indebted to Trevor Brook G3WBQ, of Surrey Electronics for his

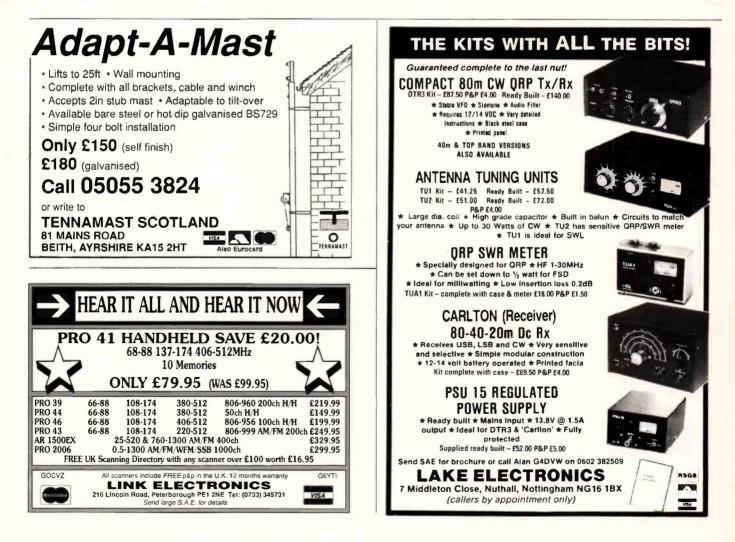
Useful adresses

Maplin Electronics PO Box 3 Rayleigh Essex SS6 2BR Tel: (0702) 554161

Electromail (for RS part numbers) PO Box 33 Corby Northants NN17 9EL Tel: (0536) 204555

Cirkit Distribution Ltd. Park Lane Broxbourne Herts EN10 7NQ Tel: (0992) 444111

help with the original circuit, and to testers, Derek Bell of Preston, and Barry Davies of Warrington, for trying the prototypes.



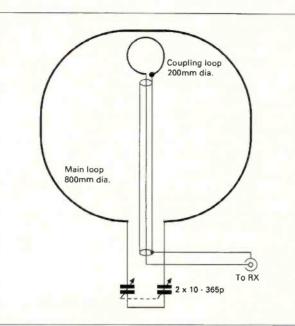
A SIMPLE RECEIVING LOOP ANTENNA

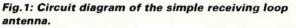
Several years ago Len Buck GODLR bought a Yaesu FRG7700 receiver. This was a useful addition to the shack, except after dark, when hordes of medium wave signals appeared to swamp the higher h.f. bands with whistles and other intermodulation products. The simple loop antenna described in this article was built to overcome these problems.

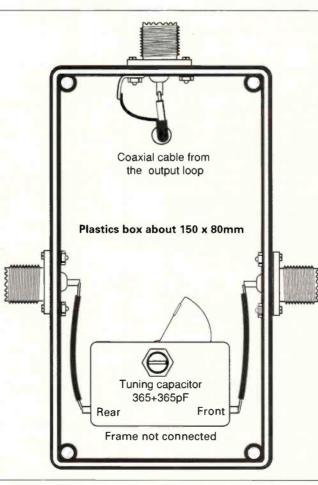
The recent upsurge of interest in small loop antennas led me to think that the inherent narrow bandwidth of this design would be the solution to the i.m.d. problem, and so a simple and rather 'Heath Robinson' loop was made up using a short length of H100 coaxial cable. This provided a loop about one metre in diameter, supported by a cruciform wooden structure and tuned by a 3-gang capacitor liberated from a decrepit broadcast radio. Coupling was by a 200mm diameter loop of the same cable. The results on the 14MHz band were impressive, with stations that were totally lost under a welter of i.m.d. noise when switched to a 11m long wire, being received in the clear when using the loop.

Aesthetically Pleasing

Spurred on by these encouraging results a start was made on a more aesthetically pleasing version that would sit on top of the receiver and grace the shack. It was decided







that the material for the main loop would be 10mm diameter copper tubing, partly because this would be selfsupporting and partly due to the fact that there was a bent and battered piece, several metres long, buried in rubbish at the bottom of the garden!

This was disinterred and straightened and provided a good useable length of 2.4 metres that was duly bent into a loop approximately 800mm in diameter. It was found that the ends of the tube could, with a little filling, be fitted into a standard PL259 plug body. When soldered into place these provide a neat way of terminating the ends. The centre pins of the plugs are shorted out to the bodies with suitable wire links.

Some plastics boxes that had seen previous service were found in the junk box and it was decided to use two of these measuring 150 x 80 x 45mm deep. One is inverted and used to mount the loop and house the capacitor and the other as the base. A pair of SO 239 sockets are mounted on opposite sides to accept the ends of the loop, and a third socket is situated on one end to act as the output connection.

The tuning capacitor in my prototype is fitted with its spindle emerging from the bottom panel and one section is connected to each of the loop sockets, providing, in effect, a split stator component. This helps prevent hand capacity effects when tuning the loop. The capacitor that I used was too large to allow the use of the original box lid, and therefore the second box was needed to

continued on page 33 ►

Fig.2: Layout of the box. The box must be a plastics type to ensure that the tuning capacitor and sockets are isolated.



FACT. NOT FICTION.

The ABC allows professional buyers and sellers of advertising space in national and regional newspapers and consumer magazines to buy and sell better. It does so by providing an independent,

authoritative circulation audit that is the single most obvious indicator of a magazine's self esteem and a publisher's confidence in his title. An ABC certificate is your guarantee of integrity. So, if your next schedule includes titles that aren't audited - ask why. For details of ÅBC's activities relating to the consumer press and

ABC audit ENVEAU OF CITCUTATIONS the benefits of ABC membership contact Anthony Peacham, Consumer Press Manager, on 0442 870800.

Audit Bureau of Circulations Ltd., Black Prince Yard, 207-209 High Street, Berkhamsted, Herts., HP41AD. Tel: 0442 870800 Fax: 0442 877408



For the best in Communications Receivers Look to Lowe

John Wilson Rides Again!

The HF-150; could it be the best short wave receiver you ever owned? Just read what the reviewers (and more importantly the owners) say about my baby:-

From "The HF-150 was taken by one of Australia's leading TV personalities, Clive Robertson, who also happens to be a short wave buff owning receivers such as the Icom R-9000, JRC NRD-535, Drake and Icom R-7000. He rang me after a couple of days to tell me that he considered the unit to be Brilliant."

Fromda "...my choice fell on the HF-150, an excellent choice indeed. Great size, Great features; a quality receiver and simple but complete features at a reasonable price, in short - a little jewel. You have managed to put in all features of top models like the R-5000 and Drake R-8 in the HF-150.

The tuning knob is super smooth and I find its reception capabilities equal if not superior to the R-5000; the sound quality and ability to stay on frequency to be excellent. The clarity of reception is exceptional and portability superb."

Fromside "I've been using the HF-150 for about a fortnight now and as a listener of over 40 years standing I can honestly say it's the best I've had. Congratulations to everyone concerned with this receiver. I wish you all the success you deserve."

From Tuning" "I can state categorically: the Lowe receivers are the best sounding shortwave radios Journal I have ever heard" and another comment "One thing you notice immediately is that there is no "chuffing" on these receivers as with many other digital radios including the Drake R-8."

The HF-150 has proved to be the most popular shortwave receiver ever made. It combines top performance with ease of use, and because we make it here in England it costs less than imported radios which have less to offer. Call in at your nearest Lowe branch today or ask for the brochure. You will be surprised when you try one out, and delighted when you buy it.



NOW - what is the other unit sitting on top of the HF-150? This is our new PR-150 preselector, and although styled to match the HF-150 it's equally at home with any other shortwave radio. To know more, just send for my leaflet entitled "ATU or Preselector", in which I give you the complete story on why a preselector will improve your radio and what the differences are between them. As the "SUN" would put it - "Blows the lid off the ATU myth".

A personal recommendation

When asked to recommend the best book for the short wave listener, I unhesitatingly say "Passport to World Band Radio". This book is absolutely the best accessory anyone can have. Every section carries the unmistakable authority of the world's best shortwave companion, and there are almost 400 pages of information including 50 pages of receiver reviews by Larry Magne, probably the best informed reviewer in the world. This outstanding publication costs a mere £12.95 (+£1.55 p&p) and is available from stock at all times. If you own a short wave radio, you simply must have "Passport" by your side.



Lowe Electronics Chesterfield Road, Matlock, Derbyshire DE4 5LE Tel: 0629 580800 Fax: 0629 580020

complete the enclosure. However, various two section capacitors are available which may be compact enough to allow the use of a single box. The value should be 10 - 365pF per section with the loop described this will provide a tuning range from about 8 - 30MHz.

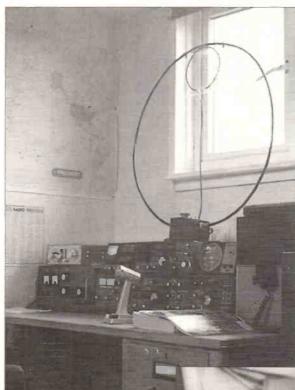
Coupling Loop

With the loop connected to the sockets the next step is to mount the coupling loop. This is made of RG58 coaxial cable formed into a single turn, 200mm diameter, with the inner and outer connected together at each end. This is attached to a piece of plastics sheet by small wire ties, with suitable terminations being provided by 2BA nuts and bolts. The assembly is suspended at the top of the main loop using a coupled of small plastics cable clips bolted to the corners of the plastic sheet. A length of RC58 coaxial cable, connected to the coupling loop, is taken down to the output socket through a small hole in the capacitor housing

The antenna is now complete and it only remains to fit the base. In my case, this was of course the second box, which was stuck in place using Araldite. However, whether one or two boxes are used, the loop will be found to be top heavy and eager to fall over at the least provocation. A simple wooden base is the simplest cure, as shown in the photograph.

Sharp Tuning

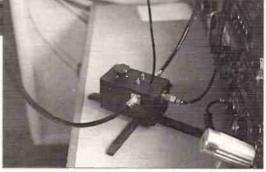
The loop should be connected directly to the receiver and not through a matching unit. The tuning is sharp, but not so sharp as to create difficulties. My own



The Simple Loop Antenna can be set on top of the receiver. The extra terminals on the top of the plastics box are authors additions.

loop gives coverage from 8 -35MHz and despite the capacitor having too low a voltage rating for normal h.f. transmitting use, it has proved to be quite satisfactory when used with low power. An s.w.r. of better than 1.3:1 is achieved with careful adjustment. However, because of the high Q factor, this only

holds over a narrow bandwidth without retuning. The radiation pattern is along the planes of the loop, so this is a



directional antenna, though it is not discernable when used for h.f. reception.



Listen with Grandad

By Leon Balen and David Leverett

Don't you think you are getting a little too old for these aerial gymnastics Grandad?



	ECTRONICS
Miniature (only 34×9×15mm), any frequency in	PREAMPLIFIERS
Stock versions: 6m, 4m, 2m, 137MHz (W-Sat) Airband 118-136MHz (reduced gain due to fre	ouency spread)
Other frequencies in the range 40-200MHz to Any of the above finished in die-cast box with	orderE1 BNC or SO239 connectors (state which) add
£12.00 to the above prices. N connectors add	E14.00. ANCE 144-146MHz PREAMPLIFIER
RF switched (35 watt max. power), 3 band part	ss stages for improved
	h BNC sockets£4 /DC INVERTERS
A popular line for many years. Economy pack	age: chassis section cut from commercial R/T ge
12V DC input, 250V 150mA DC output. 12V DC input 400V 200mA DC output	1
(24V versions to order)	RX CONVERTER
High quality PMR front end by famous manufa	
4 METRE O	.5 WATT FM Tx
Tx low power driver unit matching above Rx, v Or + xtal for 70.45MHz. £20.35. Suitable PTT	with modulator, ready aligned, with data:£1 fist microphone
	ENNA RELAYS
WESTMINSTER FM BAR Converts 50kHz or 12.5kHz FM Westminsters	
Converts 50kHz or 12.5kHz FM Westminsters Comprises 2×IF filters + squelch board	(UHF or VHF) to Amateur band 25kHz spec.
50MHz 1	O WATT FM PA
Also available: matching driver and me	atts output£1 odulator assemblies for complete 50MHz Tx. obile antennas available.
SPECIAL OFFER GAREX V	VHF FM MONITOR RECEIVERS
180x140x50mm, Built-in speaker, Requires 12	pot frequency from 27-200MHz in neat cabinet 2V DC supply. Includes crystal for your choice of
frequency (allow 4 weeks delivery). Ideal for Packet, RAYNET and other Emergen	ncy frequencies. Special price £59.95.
Many options available, including multi-chann	el, ask for details. DIPOLE NEST WIDEBAND ANTENNA
Receive 25-1300MHz out-performs discones,	with guaranteed Tx performance on
Updrade kits available to allow 1x on 27-28M	HZ also SUMHZ and ZUMHZ
Open 10am - 5pm M ALL PRICES INCLUDE UK	lines, components and bargains for callers. on - Fri (occasional Sats). CARRIAGE AND VAT AT 17.5%
Arrest	ECTRONICS
STATION YARD, SOUTH BR	ENT, SOUTH DEVON TO10 9AL
	770 Fax: (0364) 72007
	EURS EXAM
PASS FI	RST TIME!
PASS FI Before you enrol of	RST TIME! check the benefits of
PASS FI Before you enrol of	RST TIME!
PASS FI Before you enrol o RRC'S unique Ho	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this unique	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages:
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages:
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages:
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages:
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a ⊘ A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages:
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Free advice before you enrol Free How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their tue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Free dvice before you enrol Free thow to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their tue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Free dvice before you enrol Free thow to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this unique which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Raption these at these at these at these at these at these at the second study material prepared by specialists A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets Personal study programme Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated 48 hour despatch	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first ti
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you all dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Free Yow to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Estra tuition free if you don't pass first ti
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets Personal study programme Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated A hour despatch POST COUPON TODAY FOR	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first ti
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this unique which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a ✓ A qualified personal tutor ✓ Study material prepared by specialists ✓ Completely self-contained courses ✓ Handy pocket-size booklets Ø Personal study programme Ø Regular marked tests Ø Courses regularly updated Ø 48 hour despatch	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first ti
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets Personal study programme Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated A hour despatch POST COUPON TODAY FOR RADIO AMATEURS PROSPER Please send me my prospectus as	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first ti
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets Personal study programme Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated A thour despatch POST COUPON TODAY FOR RADIO AMATEURS PROSPER Please send me my prospectures and	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you all dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first to FREE CTUS quickly as possible.
PASS FI Before you enrol of RRC'S unique Ho RRC'S unique Ho RRC has helped thousands examinations with this uniq which guides you, step-by possible time. Only The Rap these a A qualified personal tutor Study material prepared by specialists Completely self-contained courses Handy pocket-size booklets Personal study programme Regular marked tests Courses regularly updated A shour despatch POST COUPON TODAY FOR RADIO AMATEURS PROSPER Please send me my prospectus as	RST TIME! check the benefits of ome Tuition Service s of students to success in their ue system of postal tuition, one -step, to qualify in the shortest oid Results College offers you al dvantages: Free advice before you enrol Telephone Helpline Free 'How to Study' Guide Instalment Plan Free Postage on course material Worldwide Airmail Service Extra tuition free if you don't pass first ti

Dept. JV139, Tuition House, London SW19 4DS. FREE ADVICE: 081 947 7272 (9am-5pm)

PROSPECTUS: 081 946 1102 (24 hour Recordacall Service quoting Dept. No. above).

The Rapid Results College

CACC

TIM

Antenna Special

IMPROVEMENTS TO THE HEXAGONAL LOOP ANTENNA

innermost turn of the tuned winding and make a pencil mark on each of the six support points. The pencil marks are the position of the new loop to be used for coupling. Carefully measure the required circumference, mine was 2160mm, add the required length for a lead-in cable, arriving at a total length for the coaxial cable needed for the new element of about 4 metres.

The coaxial cable selected should be of a type with a well filled outer braid - I used UR43. The type described as 'Low-Loss' TV cable is not necessary. In fact it is undesirable, as the outer braid is often not well filled in these cables.

> At one end of the cable remove both the outer and inner insulation for about 60mm, 'tailing' the braid in the process. You should have about 50mm of the inner conductor protruding

Measure 2160mm - the circumference of your loop from the end of the inner Insulation and remove 10mm of the outer insulation. 5mm each side of your mark. Be very careful

not to nick the braid while doing this. Bend the cable round into a loop and wrap the end of the inner conductor, together with the braid 'tail' around the middle of the exposed braid. Solder both in place - as quickly as possible to avoid melting the inner insulator!

Now measure halfway round the loop and mark. Remove the outer insulation and the braid as well this time, for about 5mm each side of the mark, leaving a 10mm gap in the braid. The drawing makes this clear, I hope! Make absolutely sure that there are no braid 'whiskers' straying into the gap!

Now install the new loop inside the original tuned winding, over the pencil marks, fastening it to the frame with Nylon P-clips and 12mm No. 6 screws. You may find it easier to tape the loop in place temporarily to ensure a good tight fit with the clips once installed. Keep the loop well stretched to ensure straight sides evenly spaced from the winding. Terminate the far end of the coaxial cable to suit your receiver.

Tuned Winding

Since the tuned winding can't easily be screened, it must be balanced. Carry out the following experiments. Connect the

loop to your receiver and tune in a fairly strong local radio station. It should be fairly near to ensure ground-wave reception with no fading. Don't expect any marvellous nulls yet! However, the loop should work with about the same signal strength as the original design, when the loop is tuned. Now, using about 150mm of wire with a croc-clip on each end, connect one side of the tuning capacitor to the earth junction point on the braid of the coaxial cable pick up loop. You will need to reduce the setting of the tuning capacitor to peak the signal. Now remove the crocclip and re-connect to the other side of the tuning capacitor. You will probably now need to re-tune again. Note the difference between the two settings.

Now un-solder the tuned winding ends from the tuning capacitor, reverse them and re-solder. Repeat the croc-clip experiment

Connect the tuned loop wire whichever way round gave the least difference between the two croc-clip pairs of settings. This is the right way round for minimum imbalance in the stray capacity of the loop.

Now take a small capacitor, say about 20-30pF. Solder one end to the braid junction point. Now, with the croc-lead. connect the other side of the trimmer to the end of the tuned loop - the outside turn - at its junction with the tuning capacitor. Now try the antenna for a null. Adjust the trimmer for the best null, continually retuning the loop and rotating it. The final setting of the trimmer is very critical - probably to less than 1pF - but you will now get nulls down to noise level even on the strongest signals! If it appears that the trimmer needs to go below minimum, reconnect the croc-lead to the other side of the capacitor used for tuning.

Finally, replace the croc-lead with wire and critically re-balance the trimmer. You will find that the same trimmer setting will serve over the whole band, but its setting will be more critical at the h.f. end, so use that end for the final 'tweak'. Good Hunting!

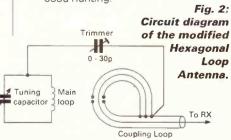


Fig. 1: Details of the new screened coupling loop.

Strip the screen away for about 10mm at this point

Solder centre conductor and Form the screen into a 'tail'

Measurements start from this point

John Wells offers some practical modifications to the John Ratcliffe designed Hexagonal Loop Antenna to improve its performance.

'tail' to the screen

The Hexagonal Loop Antenna that I built to John Ratcliffe's design, described in SWM April 1989, did not seem to work very well. The null was disappointing, being only about one 'S' meter point less than the maximum! On the plus side, the loop tuned sharply, too sharp for comfort with direct drive to the tuning capacitor even with a 75mm knob, slowing the Q was good, and it covered the correct frequency range.

I came to the conclusion that the antenna was acting as much as a vertical antenna as it was a loop. It needed screening, but as this is not very practical with this design I choose an easier method.

Faraday Loop

The first step is to screen the coupling loop, replacing the open wire with a 'Faraday Loop'. First, remove the inner coupling loop completely, together with its coaxial cable. Measure 40mm from the

Antenna Special

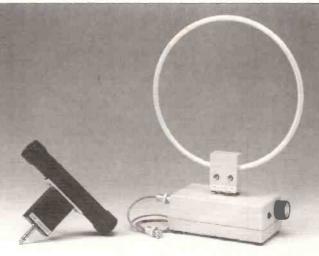
AOR LA320 ACTIVE ANTENNA REVIEWED

Whilst receivers and power supplies have been getting ever smaller, the antenna problems facing the listener on the move remain. Mike Richards has been looking at the AOR LA320 active antenna system.

Even the best receivers are hopeless without an effective antenna. The AOR LA320, reviewed here, is designed to overcome many of the problems. As you can see from the photo, the LA320 uses the loop antenna system that has proved so popular with broadcast enthusiasts. One of the main advantages of this system is its directional properties, giving the operator the facility to null-out some interfering signals.

Getting Started

The LA320 arrived very well packaged with all the necessary bits and pieces required to get on the air quickly. There was even a 9V PP-3 size battery and a BNC - BNC lead for connection to the receiver. It's worth remembering that you will probably need an adaptor to convert between the BNC and the connector used on your receiver. Despite the fact that few receivers feature BNC connectors, there are probably many adaptors available for this series of plug, so it's a good choice. In standard form, the LA320 covers 1.6 to 15MHz using two plug-in antennas. The higher frequency antenna is enclosed in a 215mm diameter aluminium loop and covers 5 to 15MHz. For coverage of the frequencies above 15MHz, AOR recommend using a simple whip antenna. Coverage from 1.6 to 5MHz utilise an encapsulated bar antenna. For those with an interest in the lower frequencies, there are two optional bar antennas available covering 0.2 to 0.54MHz and 0.54 to 1.6MHz respectively. Changing between the various antenna options is easy thanks to the use of a standard 6.3mm stereo jack to make the connection. Not only does this give a simple and strong mounting



Product Details

Supplied:	
LA320	Base Unit
320S	Element 1.6-5.0MHz
320H	Element 5.0-15.0MHz
BNC - BNC	Coaxial patch lead
Battery	006P 9V dry battery
Options:	
320L	Element 0.2-0.54MHz

method, but it enables the antenna to be rotated - essential with directional antennas

Element 0.54-1.6MHz

Operation

320M

With the battery fitted and the appropriate antenna pluged-in, operation could hardly have been easier. The only control is the combined rotary power and tuning knob mounted on the front panel of the base unit. The tuning system used a pair of voltage controlled Varicap diodes to adjust the loop frequency. The requirement to tune the antenna can be particularly helpful when the system is used with cheaper receivers. These often have poor front end selectivity and can suffer badly from strong local signals. The use of a tuned antenna system, such as the LA320, can often help to alleviate the problem. Getting back to the operation of the LA320, the tuning control proved to be extremely easy to use throughout the frequency range. The knob is not

calibrated, you just set it for maximum signal strength. Although the tuning is very sharp, the sensitivity of the control is just about right. Once a station has been tuned-in you need to turn the antenna for best signal strength. Alternatively, you can use the directional properties of the antenna to minimise interference.

On The Air

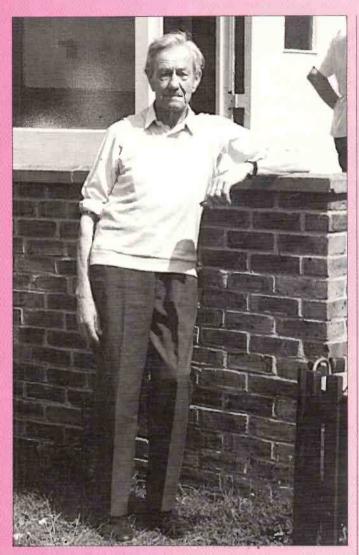
So what is it like to use? To give the system a realistic test I used it with the excellent Lowe HF-150 receiver. This powerful little receiver doubles as a very good portable running off of eight internal Ni-cads. The LA320 antenna is connected to the

standard 50 Ω antenna socket with the sensitivity set to normal. The sensitivity of this combination proved to be very good indeed. It is equally at home with utility signals as it is with broadcast stations. The directional properties of the bar antennas are particularly sharp and great for cutting out many of the annoying hetrodynes that often spoil short wave reception. The 5-15MHz loop did show directional reception, but nowhere near as distinct as with the bar antennas. The only drawback with active loop systems such as this is that of local interference. If you attempt to use the system next to a computer or TV you will find most signals are swamped by interference. However, for its intended use the system is very good.

Summary

The AOR LA320 performed extremely well throughout the review. The sensitivity is excellent and likely to satisfy the needs of all travellers. The only disadvantage is the number of antenna units required to give full coverage. However, if your interest is limited to the short wave bands you can manage with the two standard units and a simple whip. The AOR LA320 costs £119.00 inclusive of v.a.t. while the 320L (0.2-0.54MHz) and 320M (0.54-1.6MHz) optional antennas are priced at £29.90 each. Carriage is extra on all these prices. The LA320 can be obtained from AOR (UK) Ltd, Room 2, Adam Bede High Tech Centre, Derby Road, Wirksworth, Derbys DE4 4BG.

Feature



he Wireless and **Communications** library at The Chalk Pits Museum recently received a valued addition to its Marconi archive, a fine photograph of the 5SW transmitter. This was at Chelmsford and was the first official Empire Broadcasting Station. The kind donor was Ted Owen who spent 31 years of his working life with The Marconi Company installing or commissioning communications and broadcasting equipment.

Ted's life in the world of wireless began in 1922 when he became 20W, having learnt his Morse from a Royal Flying Corps Officer in 1918. At this stage, he concentrated on reception and clearly remembers hearing his first signal in June 1922. This, rather prophetically, was the opening of the Marconi War Memorial at Marconi House. Ted describes the Buglers sounding the Last Post coming from his receiver. Another very clear memory of those days was of hearing the original tests between Poldu and Marconi's floating laboratory, the yacht *Elettra*. This was a long series of calls, "Hallo *Elettra*, Poldu calling, Hallo *Elettra*, Poldu calling".

By 1923 he had notched up his first American broadcast station, WMAF calling from the Round Hills Radio Corp. Soon after this, Ted started transmitting and achieved the first two-way 56MHz contact with Stephen Cutler, G20L. The next memory was of logging the flight of the Southern Cross by Kingsford Smith in 1930. The expedition had been well advertised among the wireless fraternity because their reports were sought, and Ted remembered the signal breaking up when the trailing antenna of the aeroplane touched the waves! The other recollection of that year was of receiving a television picture across the Atlantic Ocean. It was transmitted by the Alexanderson system and the

The Man from Marconi

Joan Ham was delighted when Ted Owen visited the Chalk Pits Museum in person and she was able to take time by the forelock and sit him down in the new library for a chat about his interesting past.

sepia picture, illuminated by a neon tube, was the size of a postage stamp. Ted reckons that the mechanical scanning in use made it almost impossible to resolve, but they saw part of the callsign, WX... and 'a man in a JR hat' for just a few seconds. This was achieved at Marconi's station at Broomfield, near Chelmsford, in the Research Department.

At this stage I asked Ted about propagation conditions that had brought about this prototype DXTV, and although this was not immediately recalled, in did say that in 1937-8 he could cover all the UK with 3.5MHz using 1 watt of power. The firm was not really doing much in the way of television at that time and although they knew about transistors and had developed printed circuits in the 30s their potential and significance seems to have escaped notice and little was being done with them either.

Ted's career with Marconi took him to the outposts of Empire - in fact, he put two Marconi stations on the old Empire Air Routes so that their flying boats could keep in touch. He also installed transmitters at Entebbe, Dar-Es-Salaam and Lindi in Africa and Jiowani, India. In 1932, he joined the newly formed Royal Navy Wireless Auxiliary Reserve, in which he was No. 25. They were trained to the required Morse speed of 30w.p.m. at the Admiralty, where Hungarian was transmitted at them to ensure accuracy!

The War overtook Ted as he was on his way out to India. He remained a civilian in this reserved occupation, but says that as soon as the other Britsh passengers were clear of Europe, they all seemed to become brigadiers and lieutenants! Returned to this country, Ted continued installing equipment, especially d.f. stations, at RAF bases. As might be supposed, his unique expertise was also utilised in other ways during the war.

After 1945, the amateur world changed as did life in all other aspects. Not only was a new call sign launched - G2SF but with an increase in power from 10 to 100 watts. Still active in this field, his interest returned to reception and especially to terresterial magnetism. He has built a magnetometer producing results which he is gratified to find agree with the official stations at Eskdalemuir and Hartland, He contributes his findings monthly to the British Astroniomical Association.

I found it irresistible to ask Ted, with a long life in the experimental side of a famous country, how he compared old and modern amateur equipment. He expressed high praise for the best of the homebuilt sets. He once took an amateur receiver of the detector - I.f. - self excited reaction type and found it so sensitive that it could not be measured. The signal was still there when it should have cut off.

Professionally, The Marconi Company was still doing things by hand as late as the 1970s and without the aid of computers. He was amused to recall that their first computer cost over £400, weighed 40lbs and could not do square roots! When I asked what it could do, he compared it to today's £5 pocket calculator.

I asked him what he thought there was left for amateurs to do. It always seems, when talking to old-timers, that all the excitment and discoveries have already happened, but Ted felt that there would always be room for the experimental amateurs, although there might not be as much scope for them to contribute. Their real value, he said, was in collecting reception data and confirming its quality in various conditions.

Roberts R817

R817

The top end of the world band radio market has for many years been dominated by Japan's Sony Corporation. But today, other companies are entering with products that are less expensive, yet probably equal in many respects to the sets produced by the giant manufacturer. Peter Shore has been looking at the new Roberts R817 receiver.

One example amongst the top-end products is the Roberts R817 receiver, sold by the long-established British family firm, but manufactured by the Taiwanbased Sangean company, who also make sets for Siemens of Germany. It is very loosely based on the original Sony 2001 (the predecessor of the 2001D), but both the circuitry and design have moved on considerably since the days of Sangean's first imitations of the early Sony product. The R817 is a large, table-top radio set, with all the functions that have now become commonplace on receivers in the higher price bracket. The UK Roberts' specified R817 offers continuous coverage from 150kHz through to

29.999MHz, as well as Band II v.h.f., 87.5 to 108MHz, with stereo reception if listening through headphones.

The design is not startling. The set measures 296mm wide x 192mm high and 68mm deep, so it is quite large. The finish of the radio is steel arey, with white for the labelling of the controls. The front panel is conventionally divided into two almost equal halves, with the loudspeaker grill to the left, taking up a little under 50% of the surface, and the operational area to the right. This is where the liquid crystal display is located, together with the 35 main buttons and knobs that allow the user to control the receiver. Time is constantly displayed in the l.c.d., and this can be switched between two clocks, allowing local time and UTC to be selected.

Frequency is shown in megahertz on the short wave and f.m. bands, and in kilohertz on long and medium waves. There is a signal strength meter in a horizontal bar on a purple background, with a numeric scale from one to seven along the top of the bar is at the base of the display. Other parts of the display show various additional functions, including the memory number.

A long 7-section, telescopic antenna is situated on the top of the receiver. A pull-out stand on the back allows the set to be used at an angle on a desk-top.

Using the radio

Switching the set on, the display immediately shows the frequency to which the set is tuned, and the signal strength is shown, provided a station is operating on that channel. Volume is adjusted by a rotary knob on the righthand side of the radio. Tuning is possible in the usual variety of ways offered by modern receivers: four buttons allow band selection while a large tuning knob, a little way above the volume control. allows a band to be searched manually. The speed of manual tuning using the knob can be altered - a small control on the right-hand side switches from slow to fast and allows the knob to be locked. In fast mode, the set tunes in 100kHz steps on v.h.f., in 9kHz steps on long wave and medium wave, and 5kHz steps on short wave. Selecting 'slow' changes the steps to 50kHz on v.h.f., and to 1kHz on long, medium and short waves.

As an alternative manual tuning is possible by two buttons on the front panel marked ^ and v. Frequencies may be directly entered using the keypad below the display. It is necessary to press the button marked FREQ first something that I find annoying - followed by the frequency in either kilohertz or megahertz, and then a single depression of the ENTER key. The tuning speed of the buttons is fixed to 100kHz on v.h.f., 9kHz on long and medium wave and 5kHz on short wave.

When the set is being tuned on short wave, a beep sounds each time the top or bottom frequency of a broadcast band is reached.

Automatic scanning is available: holding down either the ^ or v keys for half a second or more starts the set tuning along the band, stopping when a signal is received. It is necessary to restart the scanner once the set has stopped on a frequency where a signal is present. If scanning is started within a short wave broadcast band, the set will scan only within that band, moving to the opposite end of the band when the top or bottom frequency is reached. Outside the bands, the set scans until the next broadcast band is reached, when it will beep and scan within the frequency range of that band.

When using automatic tuning, there is a major problem on long wave: the old long wave channels are the only ones which can be tuned! 200kHz is selected instead of 198kHz, and so on, even though it is some years since the channel allocations were altered.

The broadcast bands can be quickly accessed by pressing METRE and then the number key which relates to the appropriate band - all 13 broadcast bands are programmed for rapid selection. The handbook which accompanies the set suggests that a random frequency within the broadcast band is tuned under these conditions. But I found that selecting a band, the last frequency received on that band was recalled - useful for rapidly comparing signals, for example, of a broadcaster using two different channels.

The set has switchable bandwidth on long, medium and short waves, giving narrow and wide positions.

Memories

Today's digital receivers, almost without exception, offer memory facilities and the R817 is no exception. 18 frequencies can be stored on short wave, and nine on each of the three other bands. Storing a frequency, and subsequent accessing of a stored channel is straightforward: to store, the user needs to select the frequency, either directly via the keypad, or manually using the tuning knob or buttons, and then press the button marked M and the number of the memory position that is to be used. Recall is just a matter of selecting the wave band and tapping the number of the memory (1 - 9 - and on short wave only, 01 to 09).

SSB

Single sideband reception of non-broadcast signals is possible as the R817 is equipped with a beat frequency oscillator, of b.f.o. When an s.s.b. signal is encountered, the b.f.o. switch can be moved to ON and reception is adjusted by rotating the b.f.o. knob on the front panel. Used in conjunction with the a.m. r.f. gain control, quite good results can be achieved when listening to radio amateurs.

Other facilities

As I mentioned earlier, there is a dual time clock, which also acts as an automatic timer, switching the receiver on at predetermined time, or sounding a buzzer, depending on one's preference. It is easy to set the alarm time: depress the STANDBY button, and enter the time such as 74 5 for 0745 or 2 2 1 5 for 2215.

Headphones can be connected by means of a standard 3.5mm stereo plug, and this allows f.m. signals to be heard in stereo. An external antenna can also be connected, also with a 3.5mm plug.

Performance

I have been checking the set's performance on short wave, and overall the results have been good. Sensitivity, the ability to receive weak signals is fairly good, measuring -86 to -94dB for 15dB S+N/N ratio. As for selectivity, the ability of the set to discriminate between the signal one wants and others on adjacent channels, with the filter is wide position. the test results were 29dB down at ±5kHz and 68dB down at ±10kHz, which is fairly good. In narrow, the results were 54dB down at ±5kHz and 71dB down at ±10kHz, equating to good performance.

Strong signal handling is fairly good, but image rejection is about 38 to 46dB, depending on the frequency, which can only be described as moderate.

The curent drawn from the battery is 138mA, which is high, but is compensated by the fact that 4D size batteries are used to power the set. In addition, 3AA size cells are needed for clock and memory back-up. It is advisable to use a mains adapter to power the receiver to reduce running costs: the model I have been testing was not supplied with an adapter, although the handbook lists one under 'accessories'.

Overall assessment

The set is attractive and wellbuilt. It is heavy, weighing some 1.6kg without batteries, so it is not really suitable for the globe trotting business or leisure traveller. At home, however, the R817 offers good value for money. Performance is generally good to very good, and the connection of an external antenna helps to pull in weaker signals. The radio is easy to use, with large controls, so will not be unattractive to anyone with physical disabilities. The absence of a raised 'blip' on the 5-button keypad will, however, be frustrating for people with impaired vision.

Sound quality from the relatively large loudspeaker is good (a nominal 800mW), and through headphones the ability to receive stereo is a positive point. The incorrect channels on long wave is annoying, but not disastrous since manual slow tuning with the rotary tuning knob is in 1kHz steps, thereby allowing the correct frequency to be tuned.

The provision of a b.f.o. is useful, although I do hope that any successor model has switchable u.s.b. and I.s.b.

The R817 is a receiver that I would not mind owning, and using regularly. The number of memories on short wave is, perhaps, a little limited in this day and age when several hundred are offered by competing models. But at around £170 this is probably not a major point against the receiver.

I must, however, comment on the Wave Handbook, which fell out of the box. The index lists AFRTS, the American Armed Forces Radio and Television Service. Page 20 of the handbook lists AFRTS on short wave. They went over entirely to satellite five or six years ago! Perhaps I should offer to compile an up-to-date booklet....

The Roberts R817 has a price tag of £169.99 including VAT. My thanks to **Roberts Radio Company** Ltd for the loan of the review model.



ne RC818 is much the same as the R817 but with a cassette section added.

By Ron Ham

Faraday, Greyfriars, Storrington, West Sussex RH20 4HE

he South Downs Astronomical Society's annual public exhibition was held on July 11 at their observatory in the old RAF wireless station on Trundle Hill, overlooking the Goodwood racecourse. Their display of astronomical telescopes, high-powered binoculars and various mounts included a refractor telescone with a solar projection box fitted below the eyepiece, Fig. 1. The sun's image is displayed on a paper screen at the base of the box in Fig. 1 and any sunspots are pencilled in. Because it is so DANGEROUS TO THE EYES AND BRAIN to look directly at the sun, similar methods to this are used by all regular sunspot observers.

Solar Reports

In June, Ron Livesey (Edinburgh), using a 2.5in refractor and a 4.0in projection screen. located three active areas on the sun's disc on days 6, 8, 9, 26 & 27. Despite broken or wispy clouds on some days in the month. Cmdr Henry Hatfield (Sevenoaks), using his snectrohelioscope, located one sunspot group,

Fig. 2. 11 filaments and eight small quiescent prominences on the 8th; 18fs and 10 small qps on the 15th; 15fs and 8qps on the 20th, 20fs and six gps on the 23rd; one grp, a slightly active plage, 19fs, five small qps and a bright plage on the sun's east-limb on the 25th; 18fs, nine small qps on the 26th; one grp, 16fs, six small qps and a small, slightly active, plage on the 28th and two grps, 18fs, six small qps and a 'tree' like prominence on the west-limb at 1035 on the 29th. Early in July he found 1grp on the 1st and 2nd and two grps on the 3rd, 4th and 5th and an average of 13fs and six small qps over the five days. He observed three active plages and a small circular flare on the 3rd and a plage almost flaring in a group near the west-limb at 1025 on the 4th.

Henry's radio telescopes recorded individual bursts of solar radio noise on June 20 & 29 and continuous noise all day on the 24th, on 136MHz and small bursts on the 20th & July 2 on 1297MHz.

From his observatory in Selsev, Patrick Moore, kindly sent a drawing of the sunspot groups, Fig. 2, as they appeared on his projection screen at 1130 on June 29. In Bristol, Ted Waring projected nine sunspots on July 6, 10 on the 16th and 11 on the 24th.

Auroral

Ron Livesey, the auroral cofor the British ordinator Astronomical Association, received reports of 'active' aurora for the overnight period on June 3/4, 4/5, 11/12, 12/13 & 19/20, 'glow' on 14/15 and 'rays' on 22/23, 23/24 & 30/01 from North Dakota where the summer skies are darker than here in the UK.

Magnetic

3.

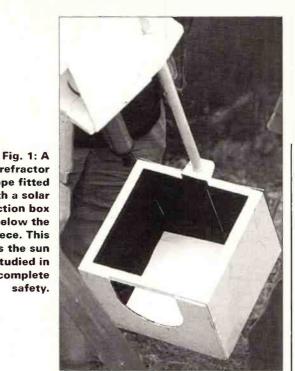
The various magnetometers used by John Fletcher (Tuffley), Tony Hopwood (Upton-on-Severn), Karl Lewis (Saltash), Ron Livesey, **David Pettitt** (Carlisle) and Tom Rackham (Goostrey), between them recorded some form of disturbance on June 3-12. 16, 17 & 20-29

inclusive, with magnetic storms on the 4th, 10th & 11th.

Propagation Beacons

First, my thanks to Gordon Foote (Didcot), Henry Hatfield, lan McDermid (Comrie), Ted Owen (Maldon), Ted Waring and Ford White (Portland) for their 28MHz

refractor telescope fitted with a solar projection box below the eyepiece. This enables the sun to be studied in complete safety.



beacon logs from which I prepared the chart seen in Fig. 3. Henry reports that the signals from EA3JA were 'very loud' on July 8, 14, 15, 18 & 20. While lan was idly tuning through the 28MHz band at 2220 on the 17th, he found it dead except for a lone strong signal from the Italian beacon IY4M. Between them they added CTOAPO, IK1PCB, OH9TEN and S55ZRS to Fig. 3 this time.

Band II

Dave Coggins (Knutsford), using a Grundig Satellit 700 RDS receiver, heard stations from Italy and Spain, in Band II via Sporadic-E, during the evenings of July 8 & 9 respectively. He also heard a strong Arabic voice on 87.6MHz at 1400 on the 10th from an unidentified station.

While S.M. Hockenhull (Bristol) was using his Philips car-radio on the 10th, he heard Portuguese and Spanish stations competing with the local signals from Mendio and Wenvoe. He tuned just below 88MHz and heard continuous Arabic music fighting with a Spanish station. On arrival home he studied the World Radio TV Handbook and is now sure that the music was coming from Rabat, in Morocco, on 87.9MHz.

More Sporadic-E At 1220 on the 17th, caused Tim Bucknall (Congleton) to hear mainly Italian and possibly a Scandinavian stations between 87.6 and 88.1MHz. He also heard a repetitive tune. with an occasional break, from an unidentified source on 97.5MHz.

Tropospheric

While trying a new Panasonic receiver on Cairn 'O Mounth on George 29. Garden June (Edinburgh) received a signal 'coming in waves' from a German station on 96.3MHz and strong signals from Metro FM (Newcastle area) and TFM (Independent Radio Tees).

Dave Coggins logged BBC Cymru on 94.2MHz, almost daily, during the first week in July, Mercia FM (97.0MHz) at 2117 on the 6th and Ireland's RTE on June 27, July 1 & 6. Daily atmospheric pressure readings for the period June 26 to July 25 can be seen in my 'Television' column elsewhere in this issue.

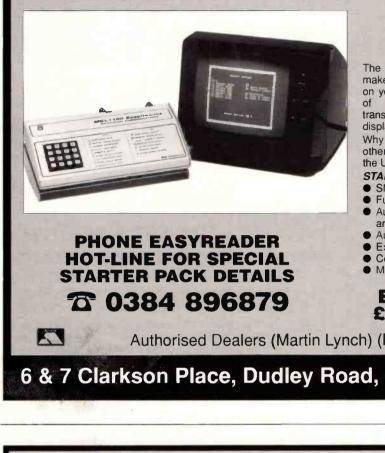
Fi	a		3	
	9	-	-	

			Jur	ie															Jul	у										
Веасоп	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
CTOAPO				Х		1				Х											Х		Х			1				Х
DFOAAB			Х	Х	Х	X							Х						Х											
DKOTEN	X	Х	Х		Х		Х					Х	Х	Х			х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х				х		Х
DLOIGI	X	Х	Х		Х	X	Х			х			х	Х	Х	X	х	Х	Х	Х	X	х	х	х			Х	х	Х	Х
EA3JA											Х	Х	Х	х	Х	X	х	Х	х	х	X	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	х	Х
HG5GEW	X		Х		Х	X	Х			Х			Х	Х		Х	Х		Х		X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
K1PCB	X	х	Х	Х		X							Х	Х		X			х	Х	X	Х		х	Х		х		х	Х
Y4M	X	х	х	Х	Х	1	X		Х	X		х	х	х		х	Х		х	х	x	х	Х	х	Х		х	Х)
LASTEN				х	х				х		X	х	Х		Х			Х		Х									Х	Х
OKOEG											1										Х									
OH2TEN		Х	Х	Х	Х	X		Х				Х	Х		Х	Х	Х			Х				Х			Х		Х	Х
DH9TEN			Х	Х	Х						[х	Х		X				
SK2TEN						X																							Х	
SK5TEN			х	Х	х	X	Х		Х		х	х	х		Х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	x	х	х	х		X	х		х	х
SV3AQR													Х	Х		_	х		х	х	x		х	х				Х		Х
S55ZRS		-	Х		X		Х	-			Х	Х	Х	Х		X	Х		х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х
ZSILA	X	х																												
5B4CY	-			х	х								Х						Х		x		Х					Х		



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

MOMENTUM COMMUNICATIONS



MCL 1100 DATA DECODER

The MCL 1100 Easyreader Data Decoder will automatically make sense of some of the strange noises that you can hear on your H.F. Radio Receiver enabling you to make FULL use of your equipment. The MCL-1100 processes data transmissions without the need of a separate computer and displays a full screen of text on your video monitor.

Why make-do with one or two lines of information as offered by other manufacturers. And it's designed and manufactured in the IIK

STANDARD FEATURES:

- SMARTLOCK system for easy tuning.
- Full screen of readable text with on-screen tuning indication. Automatic decoding of RTTY, CW, FEC (NAVTEX)
- and ARO.
- Auto or manual selection of transmission speeds.
- Extremely rapid lock onto signal.
- Connection for a parallel type printer.
- Made in the U.K

EASYREADER STILL ONLY £225.00 inc. VAT + Postage

VISA

Authorised Dealers (Martin Lynch) (Lowe Electronics) (ARC)

6 & 7 Clarkson Place, Dudley Road, Lye, West Midlands DY9 8EL



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Satellite TV

Roger Bunney, 33 Cherville Street, Romsey, Hants SO51 8FB

ith the recent publicity in the UK media concerning leaks of a John Major interview and 'chat' lifted from personal recordings, which then became public knowledge, a great deal of interest has been apparent as to the potential viewing of 'non-TV by hroadcast' satellite enthusiasts - I have already been approached by one respected national paper and a TV programme maker seeking details of 'what can you see and how can it be done'. Having formerly worked in broadcasting for many years, I respect the privacy of TV workers and their 'behind the studio scenes' informal natters amongst themselves and their guests. I'm not happy to encourage evesdropping as a nation-wide hobby for the population as a whole, though the unusual news feeds, outside broadcasts and TV links are a part of the sat-zapping pastime.

Having given an almost policy statement (1) one satellite enthusiast, John Locker by name, came across a quite remarkable SNG rehearsal recently whilst checking across the 12.5GHz segment of Eutelsat II F1 at 13°E. Activity on screen related to a recent death with live interviews and inserts from around the UK with mentions of a Mrs. Robinson and a link from Caithness - in the pouring rain. The Sunday People the following weekend told the story. The rehearsal was for the future death of the HRH Queen Mother as to be carried by ITN and called 'Operation Mrs. Taybridge'. The BBC carried out a similar rehearsal a few weeks earlier. Sad as it may seem, all noted personalities have prepared obituaries, ready for any untimely end, residing in the VTR libraries of broadcasters.

I had a letter the other day from Bandula Gunasekera in Sri Lanka. He is very active with C Band (4GHz) satellite reception and from the Gorizont satellite at 40°E our very own Super Channel programming has recently been carried on occassions for test purposes, followed some days with the Deutche Welle programme. This is received from Eut. II F1 13°E in Moscow and then uplinked onto the 40°E bird. Also via the same bird are EBU Moscow news feeds Eastern bound for Tokyo. Just as an aside, Gorizont 11°W often can be seen downlinking various Astra channels. These are received in Moscow and uplinked onto 11°W

for downlinking across Europe in Ku FSS band 11.525GHz on the Loucht transponder. This same satellite is well worth checking out for the occassional test card, WTN Westbound news feeds out of Moscow and various other video offerings! The diet of neighbouring 14°W is rather more staid being usually Visnews feeds and the occassional 2 way interview.

In Bahrain veteren TVDX Bud LLovd-Bennett has migrated to the microwave bands, not with direct satellite reception but the terrestrial microwave service (MMDS) offered by Bahrain TV. Several satellite channels are received and transmitted over the 2GHz band MMDS system for reception at home using small dishes (around 500mm maximum). Bahrain retransmit CNNI, TV5, Star Sports, MTV and Dubai Satellite TV with more upcoming (Wot, No BBC WSTV?!). Satellite reception is now allowed in Bahrain subject to government permission. A UK offshoot called 'Satlink' have a local subsiduary offering C Band installations from a 2.3m dish upwards to 5m. The cheapest 2.3m dish installed runs to £1000 and the 5m with tracking hits a hot £7500.

lt's amazing, the poor technical quality of some satellite linked programmes, August 11 saw an attractive female presenter standing at the track side of a large car racing circuit at 1550BST voicing into an item for Wire TV' - The Cable Network based in Bristol. Picture quality was excellent but the radio mic audio was appalling, if not completely unuseable, how such quality can actually hit the air is beyond me! At the end of the live offering the OB crew very rapidly cut carrier (a fast derig!) and the 13°E 12.56GHz France Telecom transponder resumed after some seconds of shash with the usual Telecom caption.

If you're up early in time for the BBC/ITV Breakfast Show offerings then often live inserts are carried on several satellites and its just a case of seeking them out. The *Big Breakfast* leases Eutelsat I F1 25°E on a daily basis and GMTV often use 13°E I was delighted to see Norman Wisdom staggering across the the Isle of Man sands on his morning health run and 'finding' a TV crew and uplink truck waiting to interview him (2 August, VISENG-SNG-1',11.59GHz horizontal).

A more dramatic suggestion

for a TV channel has originated from Saddam Hussein in Iraq who is wanting to open a satellite channel offering 'good taste, culture and arts' that would be beamed to Europe and the Middle East via both Arabsat and Eutelsat. Iraq International Television will provide the service. If transponder facilities can be sourced, then test transmissions will start during autumn, with an on-air target of mid winter.

Good news for the USA's first DBS service from DirecTV. They plan to operate with a digitally compressed satellite operation (using SpectrumSaver) from early 1994. Already 12 cable programmers have signed to open on the bird, including CCN, MGM, Sci-Fi, Nashville Network and Country Music TV (CMTV). Hughes intend that eventually 150 channels will be downlinking compression. usina Manufacturers are well advanced with prototype equipment with a shelf price around \$600 for an inclusive receiving package.

Filmnet is going fully digitally compressed for their European programme distribution of 3 channels on a single transponder over Intelsat 601 @ 27°W Using the UK's NTL System 2000 compression all cable head ends are being equipped with MPEG Scientific Atlanta decoders to a cost of an equivalent £2 million. This should, in one swoop end all the piracy that currently takes place with Filmnet.

Eutelsat are planning their own hot spot in the sky at 13°E to rival the Astra offerings at 19°E. Eutelsat plan their 'Hot Bird' that will be 100% TV downlinking from early '95 offering at least 16 channels with recently а announced 'Hot Bird Plus' to fly the following year again for the 13°E slot and exclusively TV. Already Eutelsat have been 'moving' certain corporate activities such as the BT conferencing feeds from 13 to 16°E Interesting that downlink powers will be very high on 'Plus' running with 110W TWTs needing only 400mm dishes.

July 7 saw Poland open a new Earth station at Psary, 200km South of Warsaw providing digital satellite communications via TDMA (Time Division Multiplexed Access technology) between Warsaw and much of Western Europe. A new VSAT station has also been opened at Poreby, 50km North of Warsaw giving access for 2000 VSAT terminals.



Figs. 1-4: A selection of test cards used prior to news feed distribution snapped by Andrew Sykes using only an 800mm offset dish.

Vintage satellite Eutelsat I F1 is to be moved from 25°E to a new slot at either 36 or 50°E providing direct access from stations far to the East of Moscow -Turkmenistan, Kazakhastan and Uzbekistan - into Central and Western Europe. Poor old Eutelsat I F2 is to be pushed out of orbit into space and switched off - RIP.

Readers contemplating the purchase of either the latest Card German Smart the replacement 8502 microprocessor chip that will decode - it is claimed permanently - all of Sky's Videocrypted transmissions will be advised not to buy since a new Series 8 Sky Smart Card is shortly being issued that will be used for an upgraded encryption decode. Currently the 8502 hack has been partially defeated with clear video alternating with encrypted every few seconds.



DXIV Round-up

Ron Ham, Faraday, Greyfriars, Storrington, West Sussex RH20 4HE

Reports were still coming in about the June openings after I had completed my work for the September issue, so, because it is important to make a record of these disturbances, I will open with them this time.

Band I

Within the 33 day period between June 24 and July 26 inclusive, Bob Brooks (Great Sutton) found Sporadic-E disturbances, influencing the paths of television signals, throughout Band I, on 28 of those days. Spread through the active periods, he logged pictures from Denmark (DR Danmark), Finland (YLE TV1), Germany (ARD), Hungary (MTV), Iceland (RUV), Italy (RAI-Uno), Norway (NRK & the regionals Hemnes & Stavenger), Poland (TVP), Portugal (RTP), Romania (RTV), Spain (TVE & regionals Barcelona & St. Lucia), Russia (NTA) and Sweden (STV).

In addition to adverts, cartoons, clock-captions, various logos, testcards and programme schedules, he saw athletics, ballet, dancing, such films as As Time Goes By, Birds, Elephant Boy, Laurel & Hardy and High Chapperal, football, news and news-specials from Germany (Weltspiegel), Fig. 1, Italy, Portugal, Russia (HOBOCTN), Fig. 2 and (Teledario), plays, Spain programmes about animals, cookery, flowers and puppets, singing, tennis, television specials like The Bill, Murder She Wrote, Robin Hood and William Tell, Teletext, Tour de France and weather reports.

Between 1400 and 1700 on June 28, John Woodcock (Basingstoke) received pictures from Italy (RAI) and Spain (TVE1). In July, he logged short duration signals from Spain at 1312 on the 10th, a news programme from Spain at 0905 on the 16th, a mixture of pictures from Italy and Spain at 1840 on the 18th, an unidentified picture with a large figure '1', in the bottom right hand corner, at 1828 on the 19th, a cartoon from Spain at 0728 on the 20th and possibly, Germany's ZDF at noon on the 25th.

During the evening of June 10, **Paul Field** (St. Albans), using a DX100 converter received pictures, from Ireland (RTE1) and Poland (TVP1). At 1920 and 1940 he logged programmes in Band II on Chs. R3 and R4 and for about 30 minutes after he heard Austrian and/or Swiss voices.

In Arbroath, David Glenday logged television signals from Germany (ARD1), Hungary (MTV1), Russia (2nd Programme on Ch. R1 and 1st Programme on Ch. R2, in colour) and Spain (TVE1) on June 11, Norway (NRK), Poland (TVP1) and Russia on the 22nd, Portugal (C-1) and Spain (TVE1 & 2) on the 26th and Poland and Spain on the 28th. David tells me that Russian TV is now so commercialised. He has seen adverts for Cadbury's Fruit 'n Nut, Hewlett-Packard computers, Kodak film, Schweppes, Sony electronic goods, Twix and various brands of shampoo.

In June Neil Purling (Hull) noted Sporadic-E openings on days 8-12, 15, 21 & 22. Among those days he saw a variety of adverts, logos, news (Taggeschau and Hirek) and sport, programmes and test-cards from stations in Austria (ORF), CIS, Germany (ARD1), Iceland (RUV Island), Italy (RAI), Norway (NRK & the regionals Melhus fighting with Steigen), Poland (TVP), Spain (TVE1 & 2) and Sweden (Kanal-1, Sverige).

While using his JVC receiver, with its own rod antenna, on Cairn O' Mounth at 1726 on June 28, George Garden (Edinburgh) watched a comedy programme from Spain's TVE.

The July Sporadic-E log from Simon Hamer (New Radnor) includes Albania (RTSH), Austria (ORF-1), Czechoslovakia (CST/CTV), CIS stations on Chs. R1, 2, 3, 4,



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Denmark (DR), Finland (YLE), France (TDF), Germany (ARD1), Hungary (MTV1), Iceland (RUV), Italy (RAI-Uno), Norway (NRK), Poland (TVP), Portugal (RTP1), Romania (TVR1), Spain (TVE1 & 2) and Sweden (SVT1) spread through days 8, 15, 16 & 25.

Picture Archives

From Leiden, Holland, Peter de Jong sent a couple of 'announcements' that he received from the satellite Astra 1C, Figs. 3 & 4. From Meerut, India, Lt. Col. Rana Roy sent photos he took in 1992 of a test-card that he received from Iran, Fig. 5, on Ch. E2, via Sporadic-E, on May 11 and a Band III programme from Pakistan (STN), Fig. 6 during a tropospheric opening on November 6.

Weather

"The weather here has been mostly hot and dry, with very little rain", wrote **David Ashley** (Norwich) at the end of June. John Woodcock reported thunderstorms in his area on July 19.

Joan and I watched a very stormy weather front coming in from the southwest, Fig. 7, while we were near Hastings pier on the 13th. Note the empty beach for a 'summers' day, hi. The falling pressure from midday onward on the 13th, as this storm came in, is clearly shown on the pressure chart, Fig. 14. The atmospheric pressure readings for that chart, covering the period June 26 and July 25, were taken at noon and midnight from my own barograph.

In July, I recorded 3.17in of rain compared with 3.29in for the same period in 1992. The heaviest amount, of 1.0in, fell on the 19th and the 28th saw the month's highest relative-humidity of 82%.

Tropospheric

David Glenday found improved tropospheric conditions almost daily throughout June. He logged pictures from Denmark



Fig. 1:Germany.



Fig. 2: Russia.



Fig. 3: From Astra 1C.



Fig. 4: From Astra 1C.

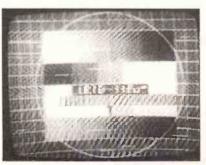


Fig. 5: Iran.



ACTIVE ANTEN

0

Satisfaction for you and your neighbours! Highly unobtrusive yet ideal for DX reception, Datong actives feature a dipole (not a monopole) for optimum rejection of local interference.

Our full catalogue plus further details of any product are available free on request. Dealers in most countries, please send for list. Credit cards accepted.

Datong Electronics Ltd.,

Clayton Wood Close, West Park, Leeds LS16 6QE, England.







New 3rd Edition - List over 12,000 Spot Frequencies Here is the book that every scanner owner has been waiting for! This new 3rd edition has been completely revised and thoroughly updated, and its comprehensive coverage and detail continues to amaze readers. Listing over 12,000 spot frequencies 25 MHz - 1.215 GHz, remains the biggest and best guide on the market, and covers public utilities. security, telephones

and lots more we dare not mention! Price £16.95 incl. UK post Overseas post add £2 EEC and sea, or £5 airmail.

New Monitoring the Yugoslav Conflict

Listen into AWACS, the UN boarding ships, aircraft enforcing the Exclusion Zone, diplomatics, press, relief flights and more. Lists over 100 active frequencies and is a must if you want to be in the thick of the action!

Price £4.95 incl. UK post. Airmail Worldwide £1.50.

Monitoring the Iraq/Kuwait Conflict Things are hotting up again in Iraq so the radio traffic is increasing again. The disarmanant programme and refugee problem will ensure the bands remain active, and it includes an extensive list of US Air Forces flight frequencies.

Price £4.75 incl. UK post. Overseas post add £1 sea or £1.50 airmail. New Computerized Radio Monitoring

This book explains how to marry radios to computers for tuning, searching scanning, logging, analyzing, decoding, develop monitoring strategies, plan databases and even remote monitoring, plus reviews software radios and terminal units.

Price £19.50 incl. UK post. Overseas post add £2 sea or £4.50 airmail.

The International Callsign Directory

Has the most comprehensive list of tactical callsigns and their identifications ever published for the US Air Force. Navy, Customs Marine Corp and foreign military. Also lists worldwide internationally registered callsigns and their users for aviation, NASA, military, Interpol, embassies, maritime and many more.

Price £18.50 incl. UK post. Overseas post add £2.50 or £5.50 airmail. **INTERPRODUCTS** VISA S93 8 Abbot St., Perth, PH2 0EB, Scotland

Tel. and Fax 0738-441199

ANNIVERSARY BARGAINS

We are 10 years old this year and to celebrate we are offering unrepeatable bargains on our most desirable products.

For example: For BBC computers: RX-8 8-mode receive system £100 off

For Spectrum computers: FAX/WXsats receive system 25% off These and other amazing offers are available during

October and November ONLY, SO

BUY NOW!!

Full information available on everything. Please ask.



DXTV Round-up



Fig. 6: Pakistan.

(DR), Germany (ARD1), Holland (NED1), Norway (NRK) on Chs.E6 and 7 and (TV2) on E12) and Sweden (Kanal1) in Band III and Belgium (BRTN1 & 2), Denmark (TV2), Germany (ARD1 Plus, MDR3 with "mdr SPUTNIK" logo, NDR3, RTL+, SAT1, VOX, ZDF and 3SAT), Holland (NED1, 2 & 3), Norway (NRK) and Sweden (TV2) on many channels in the u.h.f. bands.

"The beginning of June saw continental tropospheric DX on 11 of the first 14 days", wrote David on July 2 and continued, "the DX from the evening of the 28th, through the 29th, to the early hours of the 30th was some of the best I've seen". He saw test-cards from Denmark (DR) overpower BBC1 from Craigkelly on Ch. E31 and their TV2 overpower CH4 from Angus. In addition, Dave saw Norway's TV2, on Ch. E37, with the TV2 Norge 5534 test-card for the first time and Sweden's TV-2 obliterate Scotland TV from Craigkelly on Ch. E24. Sounds a muddle readers but that often happens during a good tropo-opening.

The first week in June brought new DX for David Ashley when he added Norway 2, Sweden's SVT 1 & 4 and signals from Grampian's Durris transmitter to his u.h.f. log. During the month he logged Belgium (BRT1) on the 5th and 30th, Denmark (TV2) on days 3-6 & 30, France (TF1) on the 3rd, Germany (ARD1, N3, SAT1, ZDF) on the 3rd-6th, 29th and 30th, Holland (NED1,2&3) on days 1, 3-8, 29 & 30, Norway (CH2) and Sweden (SVT1&4) on the 4th and from the UK, Carlton, Central, Grampian, Meridian, Tyne Tees and Yorkshire TV spread over the days previously mentioned.

During his expedition to Cairn O' Mounth on June 28, George Garden, using a JVC610 and a wideband multi-director antenna, received coloured pictures in Band III from Denmark and Germany and Belgium (TV2) and Germany (ZDF) in the u.h.f. bands. He decided on this outing when he noted a ridge of high pressure was gradually intensifying over the North Sea and as it moved eastward it began to decline.

On the 29th, Simon Hamer received pictures from Denmark (DR) and Germany (ARD) in Band III and from Denmark (TV2) and Germany (N3,



Fig. 8: French SSTV.

Fig. 9: German SSTV.



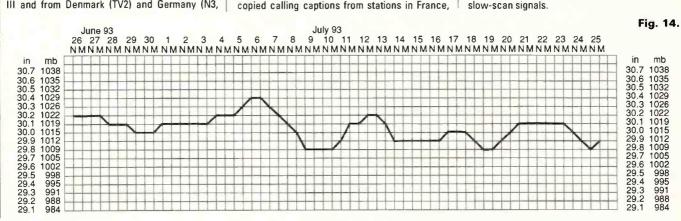
Fig. 11: German SSTv.



Fig. 13: The Netherlands SSTV.

Fig. 8, Germany, Fig. 9 and Sweden, Fig.10, cartoons from Germany, Fig.11 and Sweden, Fig.12 and a 'parrot' from Holland, Fig.13, mainly around 14.230MHz.

"Some good SSTV pictures have been received from SM5EEP/HB9ANT/HB9AXG", said John and explained that, in July, these were copied between 14.230 and 14.233MHz from 1500 to 1700. John found a Spanish station, EA2JO, transmitting SSTV from 2130 to after 2200 on some days and says that the late afternoon seems a good time to check the 14MHz band for slow-scan signals.



10: Swedish SSTV.

Fig. 12: Swedish SSTV.

clear colour".

SSTV

West3 & ZDF) in the u.h.f. bands. "Two German

regional stations familiar to TVDXers are now on

Astra 1C satellite", said Simon and explained

that, "WEST-3 is on transponder 39 and Bavaria's

BRF-3 can be found on transponder 45, in crisp

When home at weekends, John Scott (Glasgow)

enjoys tuning around the slow-scan television

segments of the h.f. amateur bands. In June he

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Bandsgan

EUROPE By Peter Shore

f you can cast your mind back a few years, you may remember that Radio Tirana broadcast some of the most bizarre, and boring, programmes to be heard on short wave. Of course, if you were a student of the Marxist-Leninist school, then you were doubtless riveted by the commentaries on the Albanian Clothing Workers Resistance to the Imperialist Attempts to Destabilise the Marxist-Leninist Principles of Revolutionary Albania, or titles of a similar style.

But reality has caught up with Albanian broadcasting who have decided that, despite savage cuts to the overseas service, reducing the number of languages on the air to 12, further pruning is necessary. Now Radio Tirana is down to just 8 languages, and the English service is reduced from an hour a day to just 45 minutes. The second half-hour programme has been halved to 15 minutes a day. The broadcasts can be heard. beamed to Europe, at 1430 to 1500 on 9.76 & 7.155MHz and at 2200 to 2215 on 11.815, 9.76 & 1.395MHz, and to the Americas at 0130 to 0200 on 11.84 & 9.58MHz and at 0230 to 0245 on the same frequencies.

BBC World Service Television got something of a shock at the beginning of August when Rupert global Murdoch's News Corporation bought over 60% of Hutchvision, the parent company of STAR-TV in Hong Kong. World Service Television's Asian service was launched in November 1991 as one of five channels on STAR-TV, with a ten-year contract. At the time, STAR's ultimate owner was a Hong Kong Chinese entrepreneur, but Murdoch, keen to get his hands on a Hong Kongbased broadcaster, and frustrated in his attempts to buy another commercial operation based in the colony, bid over US\$500 million for STAR.

What this means for the London-based BBC World Service Television channel is unclear. Already a number of Asian leaders have protested about Murdoch's acquisition of STAR, fearing interference in the internal affairs of Asian countries.

World Service is sanguine, saying only that the deal confirms that STAR-TV has enormous potential and therefore it was right to go into partnership with the company. However, will Murdoch try to launch a rival news service, perhaps based on SKY News seen in Europe, or will he try and influence the BBC? Time will tell.

Morse code is not the most commonly used means of communication these days, but it seems that the news has not reached the former Soviet republic of Lithuania. Radiocentra

Lithuania. Radiocentras, a commercial broadcaster in the capital Vilnius has been carrying out test transmissions on 9.40MHz in upper sideband. The power of the transmitter is just 5kW, but the station has put in good signals across much of Europe. Reports on the slow-speed Morse tests are welcome, and should be sent to: Radiocentras, Box 1792, Vilnius, Lithuania. Make sure that you include a couple of international reply coupons for a verification.

Radio Vilnius, the international service of the Lithuanian republic, has announced that a commercial organisation in Lithuania is sponsoring overseas broadcasting until at least the end of 1993. The station's finances have been extremely shaky in recent months, and there was some doubt whether or not it would be able to remain on the air.

With no sign to the end of the conflict in Bosnia, Radio Netherlands began a programme for Dutch troops serving in the region with UN peace-keeping forces. The weekly, 55 minute long programme, is in Dutch and is beamed from the station's transmitting station on the Flevoland polder on 9.59 and 11.73MHz at 0830UTC.

An interview with a senior member of Radio Austria International's management carried on Radio Japan revealed that because of objections by environmentalists, the station can only use one of its two 500kW transmitters at its Moosbrunn site at any one time. There are also two 100kW senders at Moosbrunn and there seems to be no problem using both of those together, and in tandem with one of the two 500kW. The matter has been referred to Austria's High Court, and the outcome is pending.

This story has similarities with one that has affected neighbouring Swiss Radio International. Environmentalists have managed

to prevent the station from building a new short wave transmitting station in recent years to replace existing sites at Schwarzenburg, Sottens and Sarnen. Nobody in Alpine countries seems to want high powered transmitters and their associated antennas anywhere near their homes!

Meanwhile, you can tune in to Radio Austria International from Vienna at

0530, 0830, 1030, 1230, 1530 & 1930 on 13.73 & 6.155MHz.

One service to Europe has ended and one has merged into another in the past three months. The BBC's French Service to Europe ended abruptly on July 2, after more than 50 years on the air. It was down to just a medium wave service by the time it closed, and it appears that almost no one was listening to it.

Back in October last year, the French section Bush House started a digital music and news stream, fed by satellite, to local stations in France who could buy all or part of the output. This seems to be the only way to reach listeners across the country, unless they are die-hard DXers. The BBC's French Service continues to broadcast on short wave to Africa, where there are many more people who tune to the high frequency bands.

Meanwhile, Deutschlandfunk closed down at the end of June. Deutschlandfunk was the European international broadcaster of West Germany, but with the reunification of the country, it was doubtful whether it was efficient to run both DLF and its sister operation, Deutsche Welle, which broadcasts in non-European languages outside the continent.

On July 1, DW took over DLF's European language services, announcing in the English service that it was "Deutsche Welle - English for Europe". The station continues to use the medium wave frequency of 1.269MHz at 1915UTC, as well as the Astra satellite.

Astra 1C is now successfully transmitting on several of its transponders, and a number of new radio stations are on the air. Virgin 1215 AM is on the Sky News transponder, and there are three new Spanish stations - the first on Astra - on transponder 30. Look out for World Radio Network relaying some National Public Radio programmes from the USA within a matter of weeks, as well as a number of international radio stations.

Back to good old fashioned steam radio, and news that one of Britain's last remaining wireless set manufacturers, Roberts Radio of West Molesey in Surrey, has introduced the Roberts Revival. The set is ideal for everyone keen on nostalgia, or who simply wishes to be reminded of the good old days. The radio's case is an authentic replica of an early Roberts set (probably still around in a good many homes even today), made of solid wood with leathercloth covering. Inside, though, it's all new, with f.m., medium wave and long wave, complete with modern circuitry. It runs on a PP9 or via a mains adapter. The only draw back is that it does not have short wave. But if you want to tune in to what's left of European medium wave radio, and hark back to the days of the Ovaltinies on Radio Luxembourg, the Revival is perhaps just up your street.

(0) ilem D

Graham Tanner.

42 David Close, Harlington, Middlesex UB35EA

Just a brief word about anonimity. Several letters that I have received recently have asked that I keep the senders name out of the magazine. I am happy to do this, my policy is to use only a writers name and not mention a place name, although in some cases I will use an initial and place name. If you want to be completely anonymous, please say so in your letter.

USAF KC-135s

During 1991, the US Air Force underwent a major change in its structure. One part that seems to have remained unscathed was the Air National Guard (ANG). Each US State has at least one ANG unit operating either combat, transport or tanker aircraft. Many States operate different types and several operate all three. It is the latter two that are of interest, since the large aircraft types are more likely to venture overseas, and they are also more likely to operate on h.f. This month, I have a list of callsigns used by KC-135 refuelling aircraft (Table 1) operated by various ANG units. Each of the units is based within the State, and many of them use callsigns that relate to the State (the abbreviation ARS is for Air Refuelling Squadron).

As you can see from the list, some of the unit callsigns are still unknown, generally because the unit has just changed from one aircraft type to another. Another non 'activeduty' organisation is the Air Force Reserve (AFRes). They also operate three squardons of KC-135 refuelling aircraft; these are the last five units in the listing. These are often heard on the usual USAF GHFS frequencies, and also several of the NAT and CAR networks. During times of crisis, these aircraft often support the deployment of fighter aircraft.

Round the World

A letter from Keith Elgin mentioned the 1993/4 Whitbread Round the World Race, which is due to start at about the time these pages are read (i.e., late September 1993). I have received a 'press pack' from the organisers and the following will be of interest to those who wish to monitor race progress.

The first leg of the race starts from Southampton on September 25, and is due to end about nine months later back at Southampton. New technology from BT means that live (or pre-recorded) video pictures can be beamed back from boats in the race; this will be accomplished using the INMARSAT-A satellite system. Also, each yacht in the race

will be fitted with a SatCom-C unit that will transmit the yachts position whenever Race HQ 'calls' them; this will translated and he tabulated by BT for the media, and you can see this in newspapers, on TV and on Teletext.

According to the organisers, there is a very good chance that the yachts will use h.f. for various other communications during the race; these are most likely to be

national radio networks from the country of each competitor. The UK legs of the race (the first and last legs) will probably use Portishead Radio for this kind of contact, so keep a lookout on their calling frequencies. The calling frequencies for the Portishead maritime service were listed in the February 1993 issue of this magazine, so I won't repeat them here. Keep a good watch on these frequencies, and be ready to QSY to other frequencies as the yachts and shore station jump to a working frequency.

So that you know which yachts to listen for, a list of names and countries is given below (Table 2). There are two classes of yacht in the race - the MAXIS and the WHITBREAD 60s. The details are in country order, I don't want to be accused of favouritism! The 'Europe' entry in the Whitbread 60s is a yacht crewed by members from numerous European countries. For those of you with suitable equipment, the INMARSAT-A frequencies to monitor are 1540-1550MHz.

To give you an idea of the size and duration of the event, I have also included details of each 'leg' of the race (Table 3).

Your Letters

lan Lockwood writes with his usual extensive log full of interesting and varied stations. His equipment comprises an AOR 1500EX with a 16m wire antenna in the loft. He reports hearing naval 'tri-graph' callsigns (e.g., '3UH' and 'C3T') and code-word callsigns on 7.904MHz, and suggests that this may be another frequency being used in the UN blockade of the former Yugoslavia. Station 'ICEMAN' said that he was patrolling various areas, and there was talk of boarding some ships. This certainly sounds like one of their frequencies, but without further reports it is difficult to be certain; it's certainly a frequency to 'watch' though.



Bight: A close-up of the nose of a KC135 of the New Jersev ANG hence the nose-art of a blonde 'Jersey Girl' (the nearest to a 'page 3' girl that the magazine

editor would publish!).

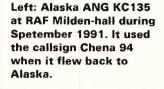




Table 1 - Air National Guard KC-135 callsigns

1	08thARS	Chicago - O'Hare, Illinois	Wendy, Coder
1	16thARS	Fairchild AFB, Washington	Expo
1	17thARS	Topeka, Kansas	Тетро
1	26thARS	Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Upset
1	32ndARS	Bangor, Maine	Maine
1	33rdARS	Pease AFB, New Hampshire	Pack
1	41stARS	McGuire AFB, New Jersey	Jersey
1	45thARS	Rickenbacker AFB, Ohio	Pearl
1	46thARS	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Steel
1	47thARS	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	Shake, Steel
1	50thARS	McGuire AFB, New Jersey	Rocco, Jersey
1	51stARS	Knoxville, Tennessee	Soda
1	53rdARS	Meridian, Mississippi	
	66thARS	Rickebacker AFB, Ohio	Sluff
	68thARS	Eielson AFB, Alaska	Chena
	91stARS	Salt Lake City, Utah	Utah
	96thARS	March AFB, California	
	97thARS	Phoenix, Arizona	Copper
	03rdARS	Hickam AFB, Hawaii	
-	3rdARS	Selfridge ANGB, Michigan	Ramit
	2ndARS	Grissom AFB, Indiana	Mash
	4thARS	Grissom AFB, Indiana	
-	14thARS	Beale AFB, California	Darr
3	36thARS	March AFB, California	Rats
_			

Table 2 - Whitbread Race Yachts.

Whitbread 60s		Maxis	
Europe	Intrum Justitia	France	La Poste
Italy	Brooksfield	N Zealand	NZ Endeavour
Japan/N.Zealand	Yamaha	Russia	Odyssey
Japan	Tokio	Spain	Fortuna
Spain	Galicia 93 Pescanova	Switzerland	Merit Cup
Ukraine	Hetman Sahaidachny	Uruguay	Uruguay Natura.
Ukraine/USA	Odessa	_	
UK	Dolphin & Youth W60		
USA	Winston		
USA	US Women's Challenge		
		1000	

Table 3 - Whitbread Race Dates and Course

leg	start date	distance (naut miles)	from - to
1	25 Sept 93	5938	Southampton - Punte Del Este, Uruguay
2	13 Nov 93	7558	Punte Del Este - Fremantle, Australia
3	9 Jan 94	3272	Fremantle - Auckland, N. Zealand
4	20 Feb 94	5914	Auckland - Punte Del Este, Uruguay
5	2 Apr 94	5475	Punte Del Este - Fort Lauderdale, Florida
6	21 May 94	3818	Fort Lauderdale - Southampton

Amateur Bame 0 D

Paul Essery GW3KFE, PO Box 4, Newtown, Powys SY16 1zz

n anguished cry came from a reader recently. He tried to put up an outside antenna but came against neighbour smack up problems. Whatever can he do, he asks? Above all, first be on the right side of the neighbours. Be friends but don't fall out!

Three possibilities exist: 1. An antenna in the loft (or indeed anywhere indoors); 2. an 'invisible' wire outside; and 3. give up!

Option 1. Since our anguished correspondent is aiming at a licence I have discarded the otherwise obvious active antenna. Indoor antennas can be useful and should be tried first: if results seem good, then stick with it; at h.f., stay with a single element. However, the electrical QRM mav be overpowering.

Looking at Option 2. the pundits tell us that a thin wire is lossy and hence useless. They overlook that it is a damn sight better than QRT! I have an old coil of 28s.w.g. (around 0.3mm) in the workshop, and a bit of this is so arranged that on 3.5MHz the current reaches maximum at the top of the vertical part; by using a tuner on 1.8, 3.5, 7 and 10MHz against earth, I can now comment that all continents have been raised - not just heard - on the three latter bands with acceptable reports, and Top Band is acceptable. (Useless, the pundit said!) Because of the thin wire, I can now use clear nylon monofilament line to hold the wire up. This acts as a light very long efficient insulator, and is itself invisible.(You need advice from a fishing expert for tying knots in it though)

The biggest trick is getting the antenna up without creating suspicions. To carry a coil of wire up the ladder is asking to be questioned. My method is a bit like Go up with coil of this: monofilament in pocket, and garden twine in hand. Put up obvious strings to hold climbing plants; while up there put up the nylon also, and drop the end to ground when no-one is looking!. Go down, connect your thin wire, hoist the nvlon back aloft, and make secure. Now head for the far end. Once again get your nylon organised. Now comes the tough bit. You have to get the wire across between the prepared ends, preferably when noone is looking. Very early on Sunday morning in summer is favourite here. Many years ago, for a bet, I got a thin wire over two houses and across two roads to a distant tree without even being noticed; and the owner of the house hadn't noticed the wire a year later!

As for efficiency - no antenna at all is very inefficient!

Letters

Mel Thurlby had only been going for six weeks when he wrote at the end of July; as he has bought an FT-747GX, I can guess at a new amateur ere long in the Bartonupon-Humber district! The antenna is an omnidirectional Antron 99. Seeing my mention of the YLs expeditioning to VP2M, Mel was pleased to locate a string of Europeans working VP2M/AB6MP around 0650UTC on 14.250MHz.. I also noted this same operator at the much more 'normal' time of mid-evening. 0715 was the time for VE8RCS working VO1TED/VE8 on Ellesmere Island plus Europeans and KH6XM. Just to confirm this last call, Mel identified NH6XM in Hawaii only a few moments later. Among the Europeans, Mel is as puzzled as any of us by the present European prefix changes, but a copy of Geoff Watts' Lists will be the right answer. Write, with a s.a.e., to Geoff Watts at 62 Belmore Road, Norwich for the details.

From Hafnardfjordur in Iceland Geoff Crawley wonders why he can often hear European CBers on 27MHz while the amateur 28MHz band is dead. Two possible answers come to mind; one is that the m.u.f. just happens to lie between the two bands for the path to Iceland, while the other one suggests that since so many available CB antennas are vertical, signals from them are launched at a much lower angle than the 28MHz horizontal favoured on the amateur band. Of course, once the signals reach the ionosphere, the high-angle stuff will disappear into space - but what comes down again will have lost its 'verticality' of polarisation and so be useful to Geoff's antenna. That's my guess anyway! But unpredictability was ever a factor (and half the fun!) around 28MHz

From Birmingham, John Collins stuck to 14MHz telephony and his Eddystone 870A; outside he has a wire fed to the receiver through an antenna tuner. John notes that EL2PP - a YL - said her card would be slow due to 'problems' in Liberia. Between midnight and 0100UTC, John noted also VE8PW, ZC4KS, HB0/DL2GB, a VE3, Z32ZM, P43TAT, 9H4B, W5RRR, YI1MH, an oddity signing RX4ASB & 3D2RF.

In Swinton, Gerald Bramwell gave Top Band away as they say in VK-land, because of an S9 plus static throughout the period. Oddly enough, it's not been too bad at all this summer in Mid-Wales. On 3.5MHz sideband Gerald notes Europe, S. America, Oceania, Africa but no N. Americans north



This is the excellent but simple to use FT-747GX similar to the transceiver that Mel Thurlby is now using.

of VP2EY. As for 7MHz, again the Ws are sparse, though VE1DCG was noted; JK60T0 and US7I were noted as on c.w. 14MHz gets almost a page to itself, with c.w. from EA9AID, ZV7A, HI5CT, UA9AJ, W25WMU, K5MR, KC1F, KW2J, K40AR, WZ3Q, WB5IG, KT3Y. USORR; plus RTTY from UG6GG, WA9WJE, K0FF, W4JXM, VU2YK, FY5FJ, W3GG, PY7AJC, VE1QA, KB2HK and dozens of DX s.s.b. stations. 18MHz is also liked, because here the list is almost as long, with c.w. from PP1RRG, WA1PMA, VE2EOS, W4XJ, 4X1VF, VP2VE and s.s.b. stations with N. Americans plentiful. At 21MHz it was all s.s.b., save for W1IXI on the key, while 24MHz s.s.b. showed with ZD7DP and D44BS. A change of mode to frequency modulation was used on 28MHz to book in 7X2DG.

Mark Malone is in Great Horwood, and uses a Realistic DX-302 fed from a Datong active antenna in 'inverted-V' position. On 14MHz this netted JX3EX, W1SEB, W4FLA, 9H4B, G3AGP/EA3, 4Z4DX, EA6ZY, 4L4KK and lots of Europeans. 9H1EL was noted on 21MHz, and a visit to 7MHz various Europeans including G3KPV.

Robin Guppy of Westcliff-on-Sea exchanged the antenna to a half-sized G5RV; on 14MHz I see K1PS, KF6QL, TI4CF, N2IDM, VK600, JA9GI, VE2AFU, ZL400, 9A3IJ, WA4AFE, N1CZI, 9H1EU, JA1JRK, PY1AQT, 4Z4UR, VE7GQ and VP2APB. A turn on 3.8MHz saw Robin log VO1FG, EA1HP and a string of GB calls. T71CE was logged on Forty, while an OZ came in on 18MHz.

On now to Simon Griggs in Chelmsford where 28MHz c.w. produced EA8/DL70M. 3.5MHz, when visited, gave VP5JM, W4WJO, WA2UZI, K40DL, KE1E, K3YGO, V01BTM, K3JRR, AC4SH, W4QCU, WB5RNG, K4CEB and CO2PX, all on sideband. 7MHz needed c.w. to decipher VP9NMX, WA9TOC, VE1BN, 9X5HG, UA9AAV, K3XIA, W3IRE and PY7ZK. Mixed

modes on 21MHz, where the c.w. netted FY5YE, KC4VAE, CU2BJ, VI9BWO, 9H1EL, TA2AI, LU9EDY, KP2J, VA9FMZ & CP8BT, while on s.s.b. Simon noted FG5FC, XX9AS, NC2E/KP4. RH1E/VA9XMC, ZP5PX, C56/DL70TA PR7SGT. LU6AMD, WB5MXX, D44BC, VP2MR. HK5JPS, ZD8Z and JA8ASQ. The final list is for 14MHz. again c.w. first: EA9UK, UZ9CXA, a couple of T94, KC4NZB, CE3FCF, 4Z4DX, 4X4JU, SV, KI6CG, RZOY/UAOWW, RW9C, 9H3XX UI9ACQ, while on sideband CU2YA, EA9UK, YV5ENI, KC4PE, YV5DPO, 9K2GS, 4X4JU, AC4NJ, 9K2HA, TI4CF, 9K2JC, 9K2ZZ and HV2JO made the lists.

Ted Trowell on the Isle of Sheppey, with the XYL's help, has laid in more ground radials. In addition, they have built a screened receiving loop using heavier coaxial cable. This is interesting since by receiving on the loop he can hear, for example, ON7BW on Top Band when that station is inaudible in the noise with either of the two outside antennas.

Finally, D.L. Maclean in Yeovil who has a tower and a beam - but his rotator control unithas been away for repair! The columnar answer to this one is always to park the beam looking west on the one hand, and secondly to keep an old second-hand rotator in reserve. At least, looking west the beam is wide enouah to cover the Americas and long-path VK/ZL, with the odd European off the back.

Deadline

As usual, the beginning of the month to the address above. Anything that 'misses the bus' is of course held for the following month.





To order or for more information including sample printouts write or call. All products are guaranteed for two years. Prices include VAT and delivery



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

simply plugs into your speaker socket.

No computers or programs needed. Decodes C.W. RTTY. AMTOR, SITOR + built in morse tutor and RS232 port backlit LCD display.

Price still £170.00





- YUPITERU MVT-7000 1MHz-1300MHz • AM-NBFM-WBFM • Multiple steps
- Better than 0.5µV 200 memories • Rotary dial • S-meter • Fast scan speed • Lockout/priority • Ni-cads
- Charger/AC PSU 12V lead

The MVT-7000 from YupIteru provides unbroken coverage throughout the spectrum. Each one is carefully tested by us and supplied with a unique power supply that will not only recharge the ni-cads, but also run the set directly from the mains. Its beautifully styled lines and superb engineering make it the best buy for the customer who wants the widest

frequency range possible. £315 inc. VAT The Flying Shon. Biggin Hill Air



carry strap

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

• Excellent reception • 108-142MHz

• Illuminated LCD display! 25, 150 or

100kHz steps • Search, scan or direct frequency entry • Keylock • Keyboard

Complete with 3 AA size nt-cad batteries, 240V mains adaptor. 12V d.c. cigar plug &

YUPITERU VT-225

£235 inc. VAT

£165 inc. VAT

beep tone • LCD signal meter

30 memory channels

Airband

Godfrey Manning G4GLM c/o The Godfrey Manning Aircraft Museum, 65 The Drive, Edgware, Middlesex HA8 8PS

ifty years on, one Shorts Sunderland flying boat remains in airworthy condition. This example is an MR5, G-BJHS, which carried the military serial ML 814 and was named Islander. Unfortunately, like so many important aircraft, its future does not lie in Britain where we don't seem to cherish our aviation heritage as strongly as do the Americans. In early August, the aircraft arrived in the care of Kermit Weeks in the USA. I spoke to its pilot-in-command for that Ken Emmott historic trip, (Farnham), Kermit, who now takes over flying the aircraft, also went along for the experience.

Powered by four Pratt and Whitney R1830 radials of 1200hp each, the aircraft is only capable of operation from water. Beaching gear is provided, to enable the machine to be pulled out onto a slipway for safe keeping, and you can see these wheels attached to the example on static display in the RAF Museum Battle of Britain Hall, Hendon. The 36 hour (airborne) Atlantic crossing had therefore to be staged via suitable stretches of water.

The route was as follows: Calshott (Southampton), Lough Derg (River Shannon, Ireland), Reykjavik (Iceland), Goose Bay (Canada), Toronto, Lake Winnebago (Oshkosh). I don't need to remind readers that Oshkosh hosts what must be the world's biggest fly-in rally! Towards Iceland, a patrolling RAF Nimrod (the Sunderland's modern-day counterpart) joined up impromptu formation. in an Unfortunately the next sector was delayed for four days due to restricted visibility and low cloud at the Canadian end. On the way in to Toronto, Ken's son arrived in formation in a Piper Malibu and there was also an escorting fleet of airborne photographers - all trying to formate on the relatively unmanoeuverable Sunderland. At Oshkosh, the Sunderland's flypast was the opening item of the display!

In June next year, the aircraft will appear in further displays before moving to its new, permanent home on Lake Agnes at Polk City, Florida, where it will remain airworthy as part of Kermit's Fantasy of Flight theme park.

What problems are there in ferrying a vintage aircraft? Triplicated Global Positioning Systems were installed, which compute their position from satellite transmissions. Ancient technology, consisting of an astrocompass and an optical drift sight, provided a cross-check. Although h.f. was carried, it became consistently unserviceable, so it was fortunate that much of the flight was conducted either in v.h.f. range or with the help of other aircraft relaying messages. of Although most the communications transceivers were the original ones with valves, a modern portable set was also carried as a standby. Conducted entirely under visual flight rules, this voyage was a far cry from the high-altitude instrument-controlled luxury of the airliners on the North Atlantic Organised Track System.

You can read more about this particular aircraft in *The Last Flying Boat* by Peter Smith (Ensign Publications, Hampshire Books Ltd., 2 Redcar Street, Southampton SO1 5LL), which costs about £20.

You Are Clear to Display

Kevin Earwicker (Bournemouth) saw the Red Arrows arrive the evening before their display in early August. During a display, Squadron Leader Adrian Thurley, in Red One, growls at the other eight pilots on 243.45 with 242.2 and 377.6MHz also available. You could hear this on the soundtrack of the TV coverage of the IAT Fairford display. I was struck with how calm the Italian Frecce Tricolore team sounded in comparison!

There are in fact ten Hawks making up the Arrows of which nine fly in each display. They have a spare aircraft - but not a spare pilot! The Team Manager (who also often commentates) flies the extra aircraft to each venue. The Arrows are not just a public relations exercise; they are an operational 'shadow' squadron and need to practise their routine flying skills in case of going on active service in time of war.

Chris and I saw the Arrows perform at Silverstone. Not being interested in Grand Prix racing (to me, aircraft have more appeal than cars, although this is not familial as my five-year-old nephew Adam disagrees!) we watched the event from a nearby public road. After a most agreeable pub lunch, with plenty of helicopters passing overhead on their way to the racetrack, we were able to view a part of the Arrows' display that is normally ignored. After each pass, the formation has to change to the next figure - perhaps from Diamond Nine to Concorde Turn. This repositioning takes place away from the crowd and is perhaps the tricky bit. Also, the other seven



Fig.1: Boeing PT-13D at the PFA Rally, Wroughton Photo: Chris Mlynek



Fig. 2: Chipmunk G-BBMV at the PFA Rally, Wroughton Photo: Chris Mlynek

aircraft need to hold off whilst the Synchro Pair perform. To land after a display, the fighter pilot's run in and break is necessary to separate the formation. Having overflown on runway heading, the Arrows peel off to the downwind leg in turn, thus achieving adequate separation.

Information Sources

Have you got Airband Factsheet (Issue 2) yet? On it are the addresses of AERAD and the RAF (see next paragraph). All you need to do is to send a stamped, selfaddressed envelope (capable of holding one A4 sheet) to the Broadstone editorial offices and make sure that you mark it clearly as being a request for the Airband factsheet.

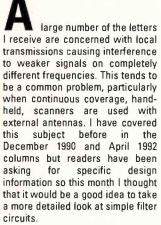
Tracey Gardner (Leicester) wants me to clarify the differences between the *En Route Supplement* as produced by AERAD and the RAF 1 AIDU. Both are available to the public by mail order, see the addresses on Airband Factsheet. have just bought the Europe & Middle East AERAD publication for £9 plus postage. The nearest RAF version covers the British Isles and North Atlantic. AERAD is intended for civil operators and doesn't tell you about u.h.f. channels. It is notable for a decode list of ICAO RAF indicator letters. The publication deals with airfields likely to be visited by military flights and is good on u.h.f.; it also shows installation offshore oil/gas navigation aids. Unlike AERAD, it has a look-up table from which the details of beacons can be found if only the Morse ident is known.

Tracey is disappointed that not all beacons are listed. Certainly, the RAF publication might gloss over those serving the smaller civil aerodromes but, in the case of beacons like Fenland (FNL, 401kHz) there is a further explanation. With a reliable range of only 15mm, this beacon is known as a terminal n.d.b. It is not really suitable for enroute navigation. Having arrived in

CONTINUED ON PAGE 55 🕨

Scanning

Alan Gardner PO Box 1000, Eastleigh, Hants SO5 5HB



Interference problems usually occur because the r.f. stages of the scanner have only been designed to cope with the relatively small signal levels which are normally anticipated when the supplied antenna is used. The much higher signal levels produced by a base station antenna overload the receiver and produce unwanted spurious signals on other frequencies.

FM Broadcast Band

The most common problems seem to be associated with f.m. broadcast stations operating in the 88-108MHz band. One of the reasons for this is that most antennas designed for use with scanning receivers are optimised for use in the 108-136MHz v.h.f. aircraft band. However they also work reasonably well only a few MHz away in the f.m. broadcast band, where the radiated signal power can be 2500 times stronger than that normally found in the aircraft band.

If you are only interested in one group of frequencies such as the v.h.f. airband one solution would be to fit a bandpass filter (such as the AOR ABF 125) between the receiver. antenna and the Bandpass filters are a combination of high and low pass filters which are designed to only allow frequencies in one specific range to pass to the receiver. This is a good method if you are only interested in one small band of frequencies, but if like me, you want to be able to monitor several different frequency bands some other solution is required.

Notch Filters

One way is to fit a filter designed to reject a specific interfering signal. This type of circuit is usually referred to as a notch filter, several of which can be cascaded in order to give the required rejection. The simplest notch filter would just consist of either a parallel or series tuned circuit connected in line with the antenna feed to the receiver. The parallel tuned circuit produces a high impedance path to the signal at its resonant frequency whereas the series tuned circuit presents a low impedance path shunting the unwanted signal to earth.

The basic circuit configuration and formula for component valuesis shown in Fig. 1. In the case of the f.m. broadcast band, a capacitor value of 10pF gives a good starting point, and an inductance of 0.26µH should make the circuit resonant in the middle of the band at around 98MHz. You may have to adjust the inductor slightly to get the best rejection of the strongest signals, which tend to be the BBC national services at the low frequency end of the band.

By adding additional sections it is possible to increase the amount of rejection produced by the filter and so improve its effectiveness. An example where series and parallel circuits have been combined and the component values chosen to give а compromise between maximum rejection of the f.m. broadcast band whilst minimising any loss of signals in the adjacent frequency bands is shown in Fig. 2. In really bad cases it may be necessary to use several single notch filters tuned to individual frequencies. For example the circuit shown in Fig. 1 could be repeated with each stage tuned to a slightly different frequency. e.g. National radio services such as Radio 1, 2, 3, 4, Classic FM and any local stations which may be present.

Short Wave Interference

If the problem is due to short wave broadcast stations or CB transmissions overloading the receiver, fitting a 30MHz highpass filter in line with the antenna feed will reject frequencies below 30MHz whilst allowing those above to reach the receiver. Alternatively strong u.h.f. TV signals or cellular telephone base stations can be rejected by fitting a lowpass filter tuned to 470MHz.

Simple high and lowpass filter designs are shown in Figs. 3 & 4. These are just intended to be examples but it is possible to cascade several different filters together to give the required response, e.g. a band pass or band reject filter can be produced by

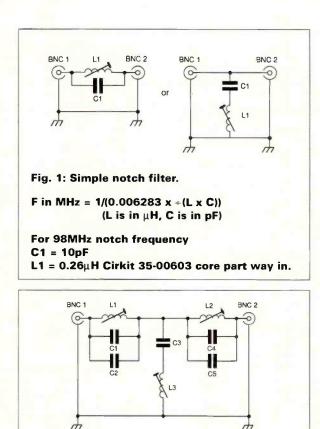


Fig. 2: 3-section notch filter.

For 98MHz notch frequency C1, 2, 4, 5 = 6.8pF C3 = 5.6pFL1, 2 = 0.194μ H Cirkit 35-00403 core at base. L3 = 0.47μ H Cirkit 35-10803 core level with top.

combining the high and low pass sections in series or parallel with the correct choice of cutoff frequencies. Alternatively they can be used to combine or split different frequency bands as I described in the January 1992 column.

Construction

When constructing any r.f. circuits it is important to follow a few simple rules. The first (and as far as I am concerned the most important) is to keep all component leads as short as possible, including connections to plugs and sockets. This is vital, as even a few millimetres of component lead can act as a tuned circuit that can cause all sorts of unpredictable results. For this reason it is a good idea to use the smallest components you can find, surface mount capacitors are ideal for this purpose - if you can see them! When more than one inductor is

When more than one inductor is used in a circuit care must be

taken to stop any signals being coupled between them. One way to do this is to mount the inductors at right angles to each other or provide screens between them. If the components are mounted on a piece of copper p.c.b material this can be used to provide a common earth connection and all the sections of the circuit connected to the enclosure earth plane. Sections can then be screened from each other by soldering small pieces of copper p.c.b. material at right angles to the earth plane.

The circuit should be built inside some form of screened enclosure. Small diecast metal or screened plastics boxes are ideal for this purpose. Alternatively, if you want to save money or make the unit as small as possible, you can use more pieces of copper p.c.b. soldered together to make a neat housing.

Aligning Circuits

ust be Once you have built your circuit Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

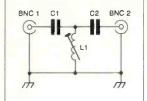


Fig. 3: Simple high pass filter.

C in pF = 3180/F in MHz L in μ H = 3.97/F in MHz For 30MHz cutoff C1, 2 $= 106 pF L1 = 0.132 \mu H$ C1, 2 made from 68pF & 39pF in parallel L1 Cirkit 35-10303 core at base.

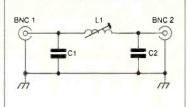


Fig. 4: Simple low pass filter.

C in pF = 3180/F in MHz L in μ H = 15.88/F in MHz For 470MHz cutoff C1, 2 = 6.8pF L1 = 0.034μ H C1, 2 Cirkit 04-68903 L1 Cirkit 35-00103 core part way down.

frequency slightly. This can be

compensated for by varying the

component values to bring the

circuit onto the correct frequency.

In order to simplify tuning, I have

only used variable inductors in the

examples shown. In order to be

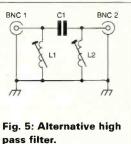
able to do this it may be necessary

to use parallel combinations of

capacitors in order to obtain the

The easiest way to tune a filter

correct values.



C in pF = 1590/F in MHz L in μ H = 7.94/F in MHz

circuit is to use a receiver with a

signal strength meter. If your

scanner hasn't got one then you

will just have to rely on your ears

to judge signal strengths. Tune

your receiver to the interfering

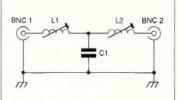


Fig. 6: Alternative low pass filter.

C in pF = 6360/F in MHz L in μ H = 7.94/F in MHz

the next problem is to check that it is working correctly. The actual resonant frequency of circuits will vary slightly from the design values due to the method of construction and the loading effects of external circuits such the antenna or receiver. All of these factors will add additional inductance and capacitance to the input and output ports of the circuit which will

de-tune the resonant

AIRDang

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 53

the general vicinity of the airfield, certainly within a 15mm radius of it, the terminal beacon will help the pilot to home in for a final approach.

Not being a chemical engineer I can't tell Tracey too much about the gas venting stations marked on the various charts except to say that overflying them is best avoided. Their fumes might be harmful to aircraft occupants, especially if the consciousness of the pilot is impaired. Some have tall flames that are hard to see on a bright day. In one recent accident, the pilot flew near an industrial plant that was giving off foulsmelling fumes. The pilot thought that this smell was due to an onboard electrical fire and decided on an immediate precautionary landing, during which the aircraft ran through a hedge and was damaged. It might seem embarrassing to damage а perfectly serviceable aeroplane in this way, but at least the pilot was playing safe.

Frequency and **Operational News**

In the July GASIL from the CAA, three aerodromes have had frequency changes. At Perth, 119.8 122.3MHz on the replaces Approach, Prestwick has a Radar service on 119.45MHz. Wattisham's Aerodrome Traffic Zone (ATZ) and Military ATZ have been reactivated, the frequency now being 124.925 which replaces 135.2MHz. Another ATZ new is at Deenethorpe. At last, the Ipswich n.d.b. (PSW) has a new frequency of 389.5 which replaces 328kHz and should solve the earlier problem of co-channel interference from a French beacon.

Under the Heathrow approach in Cranford lives Dieter Kreuchen GOPER, who like many others takes advantage of listening to this column as read by me and Chris for the QTI Talking Newspaper. Dieter reports a change of Heathrow Delivery to 121.975MHz, which replaces 121.7MHz. During off-peak times. Delivery is closed and the first contact by departing flights is Ground 121.9MHz.

Clearance Delivery (to give its full name) liaises between the flow management regulator at LATCC and the departing flight. Once a slot time has been confirmed, Delivery passes the initial clearance as issued by LATCC. This will typically consist of departure route, initial squawk (transponder code that identifies the aircraft on radar) and first frequency to contact after finishing with Heathrow. A number of set Standard Instrument Departure routes are available at larger airports and Heathrow's terminate at Brookmans Park, Compton, Daventry, Dover, Mavfield. Midhurst, or Southampton at which points the

signal and connect the circuit with your antenna. Slowly adjust the coil until you can detect a have. reduction in the signal level. Keep on turning the core until the signal starts to increase again. Turn the Listening.

core back in the opposite direction until you have found the point at which the signal is at a minimum, the circuit is now tuned.

I hope that these simple examples give you some ideas for experimentation and help to solve any interference problems you may

Back to the more usual format next month, so until then - Good



Fig. 3: A Beagle Bulldog at the PFA Rally, Wroughton. Photo: Chris Mlvnek

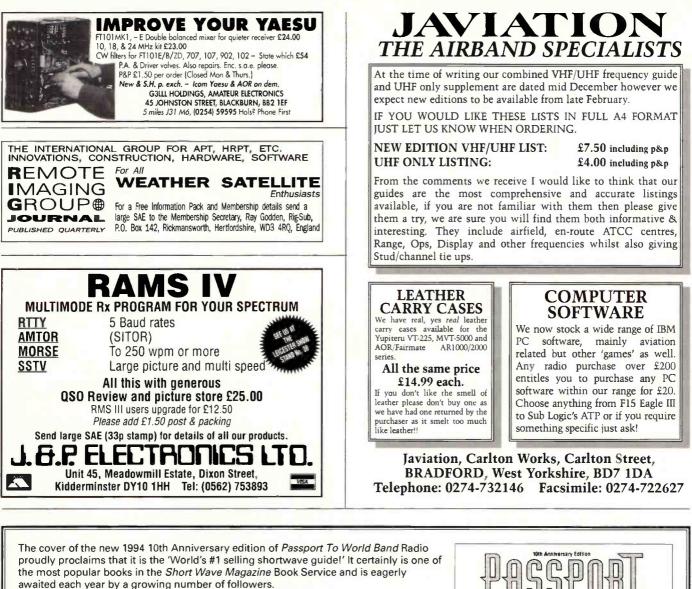
en-route flightplan is then followed. So, the important thing about Delivery (or, during off-peak hours, Ground) is that this is the first frequency to be contacted by any departure. After that, the aircraft will follow a series of hand-offs from one controller to another, and the pilot will clearly read back the next frequency before changing to it.

Now that British Airways have taken over Brymon, Chris Brenton (Plymouth) notes that Dash-7 flights from his home town of Newquay and Heathrow have been given BAW 15* callsigns, where * is a letter denoting the flight within the day. Competition is in the form Newquay Air, equipped with Piper Navajos.

The next three deadlines (for topical information) are October 15, November 5 and December 3. Replies always appear in this column and it is regretted that no direct correspondence is possible. All letters to 'Airband,' c/o The

Abbre	viations
CAA	Civil Aviation Authority
GASIL	General Aviation
	Safety Information
	Leaflet
h.f.	high frequency
hp IAT	horsepower International Air
	Tattoo
ICAD	International Civil
	Aviation Organisation
kHz	kilohertz
LATCC	London Air Traffic
	Control Centre
MHz	megahertz
n.d.b.	non-directional
	beacon
nmn	autical miles
QTI	Quotations of Technical Interest
u.h.f.	ultra high frequency
v.h.f.	very high frequency
	tory man requertey

Godfrey Manning Aircraft Museum, 63 The Drive, Edgware, Middlesex, HA8 8PS. Genuinely urgent information/enquiries: 081-958 5113.



Inside *Passport To World Band Radio* you will find details of the world's radio stations listed by country in alphabetical order offering interesting notes, where applicable, local times, toll-free telephone numbers, free gifts, goodies, contacts, postage requirements and fax numbers.

You will also find details on news and views from world-wide sources, world music, sports and entertainment, as well as schedules from 165 countries. Then there is the '1994 Buyers Guide to World Band Radio' which is a comprehensive listing of radios with advice on choosing a suitable set, what to put in your car, portables and tabletop sets.

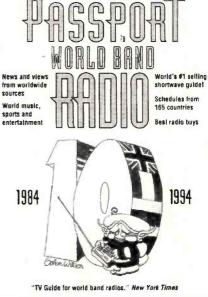
To: Short Wave Magazine Special Offer (October)	
FREEPOST, Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broads	tone,
Dorset BJ18 8PW.	

Please send me.....copies of Passport to World Band Radio @ £12.50 inc. P&P (UK), £13.25 inc. P&P (overseas)

Name
Address
Postcode
I enclose cheqye/PO (payable to PW Publishing Ltd) ${f f}$
Charge to my Access/Visa Card the amount of £
Card No.
Valid from to
Signature

Passport To World Band Radio, of course, has a Channel-by-Channel Guide to World Band Schedules' otherwise known as 'The Blue Pages' - giving you rapid access to stations, times, languages and target areas in ascending frequency order.

This is one reference book that should be beside your short wave radio, not on your bookshelves!



Passport to World Band Radio is available from the Short Wave Magazine Book Service for £15.50 inc. P&P (UK), £16.25 inc P&P (overseas). However, for a limited period Passport to World Band Radio 1994 edition is on special offer, costing only £12.50 inc. P&P (UK), £13.25 inc. P&P (overseas).

SUBSCRIBERS' OFFER

If you are a subscriber to Short Wave Magazine you can get your copy of Passport to World Band Radio 1994 edition for £11 inc. P&P (UK), £11.75 inc. P&P (overseas), giving you a further saving of £1.50, by filling in the coupon on page 83.

The closing date for this offer is 28 October 1993 (UK), 25 November (overseas).

Tel:

Info in Orbit

Lawrence Harris

5 Burnham Park Road, Peverell, Plymouth, Devon Pl3 5QB

his column is mainly devoted to the monitoring of weather satellites, though I cover some other satellite activity in the 137MHz band as well. The postbag for this column continues to grow; the largest number of requests are for Kepler elements, with many others asking for general or specific information about satellites. Some special offers are included this month.

NOAA 13

I write this near the middle of August, having recently picked up the first weather pictures from the new American WXSAT NOAA 13 transmitting a.p.t. on 137.62MHz. It is always exciting to collect such pictures from a new WXSAT, and we had an early indication of the launch - see later. Two callers also confirmed reception.

I recorded both signal and picture, and will be happy to provide copies of the images to anyone who wants them - formats available include PCX and Timestep's NOA. Both that image (of Europe) and the following one (which includes the UK) are available. Both contain twin visible light pictures, characteristic soon-after-launch NOAA of transmissions before the infra-red sensors are operational. They show slightly different spectral responses. suggesting that they were not from the same sensor.

Overnight signals from NOAA 13 (southbound around 0100UTC), produced, as expected, two blank images containing only non-image data (calibration and minute markers). Just send a formatted disk with return s.a.e. and one extra stamp.

Current WXSATs

At the beginning of August, I found NOAA 9 unexpectedly off when it normally would have heen transmitting. This suggested that launch of NOAA 13 was imminent because it was going to use the same frequency. However, NOAA 9s 137.77MHz beacon continued to transmit on each pass. It later ceased transmissions, but unexpectedly picked it up again while writing this column.

Subsequently NOAA 13 became operational as reported above. The American WXSATs NOAAs 11 and now 13 both transmit a.p.t. (pictures) on 137.62MHz and have beacons on 137.77MHz. These beacons contain a considerable amount of data themselves, but that is another story!

NOAA 11 passes Britain travelling northbound around 1530UTC each day - see Fig. 1 from Roger Ray of Telford. It travels southbound over Britain around 0300UTC. NOAA 13 follows a similar orbit but passes us around midnight (southbound) and then mid-day (northbound). We shall see pictures like Fig. 1 but brighter, from NOAA 13, around 1300UTC each day, the sun being higher in the sky.

The saga of the CIS WXSAT METEOR 3-4 continued during July with sporadic visible-light pictures being transmitted on 137.30MHz, alternating with almost blank images. Transmissions then became erratic.

During the second half of July, METEOR 3-4 was near the terminator - the night/day boundary. I used the InstantTrack program to display its orbit, then selected the option that gives a birds-eye (global) view of the footprint. This allowed me to monitor its distance from the terminator during a 24 hour period. Comparing this with the live image, the WXSAT could be seen to be almost following along the terminator, never straying far into sunlight.

The bars seen along the edge of a METEOR picture represent the dilation of the aperture, and therefore change with the brightness of the scene below. Instead of altering, they remained fixed, suggesting a fault condition.

On July 28, METEOR 3-4 was finally switched off, leaving just METEOR 3-3 operating (continuously) on 137.85MHz. Further METEOR launches are planned during the next few months.

METEOSAT 5

I received a call asking for confirmation that METEOSAT 5 (MOP-2) was transmitting around 1 August. Checking with my small, portable antenna I received strong transmissions from both METEOSAT 4 and 5, the two being separated by several degrees. EUMETSAT is the organisation that controls METEOSAT operations.

METEOSAT 4 (officially called MOP-1) was manoeuvred a few degrees to the east of longitude 0°, with MOP-2 being manoeuvred a few degrees to the west. They were some 10° apart. I was pleasantly surprised to find that MOP-2 was also transmitting Primary Data at high signal strength and I collected some of the best images that I have ever received. Meanwhile further MOP-2 tests are being scheduled.

METEOSAT encryption

Details of the proposed future encryption of METEOSAT Primary and Secondary data arrived on my desk just a few hours before my Fig. 1: NOAA 11 Europe in spring from Roger Ray.

Fig. 2: St Lawrence River -Canada from Laurence Patton.

deadline! A very quick glance reveals that some Primary Data (PDUS) will be encrypted from 1994, with full encryption from 1995. Major changes to WEFAX transmissions are also scheduled. Full details will be published next month.

Letters

A number of correspondents have sent several pictures - perhaps I might be able to persuade Editor Dick Ganderton to give extra space sometime to publish several at one go? Meanwhile **Fig. 2** is from **Laurence Patton** of Perth and shows an edited image of the entrance to the St Lawrence River near Quebec. Laurence is a keen s.w.l. as well as a WXSAT monitor and has bought several well-known programs for decoding and image processing. He has added in place names before screen photography.

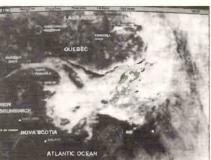
The existence or otherwise of 'WeatherWatch', is queried by **B**. **Berman** of Burton-on-Trent, who has been trying to make contact. This organisation was based at Alton in Hampshire some years ago, and provided a telephone number from which current information about WXSATs could be obtained. I have not had any response from the organisation, to my letters, and others report similar experiences. If any reader can provide further information about 'WeatherWatch' I will include it.

Fellow Plymothian Jason Turner recently fitted a CD-ROM unit to his computer and then obtained some WXSAT and other images from NASA's various space missions. NASA inform me that such CD-ROMs are now commercially available. Perhaps when I manage to get a job...

BBC Hardware

A kind offer comes from **Roger Ray** of Telford who is willing to provide some Maplin equipment for use with a BBC computer. I recently mentioned an item on this matter and was surprised with the number of





enquiries. Those readers who are interested should send a letter with s.a.e. to Roger, to my address - see top of column. Mark it for Roger's attention, and I will be happy to forward all correspondence.

JVFAX 5.2

A second kind offer for readers of this column has come from **James Burns**. He has the latest version of JVFAX, and permission from the author to make copies available to anyone who sends either a 5.25 or 3.5in disk with return postage and packing included, and one extra stamp. Write to James at 110 Park Road, Calderbank, Strathclyde ML6 9TD.

WXSAT BBS

Many hobbyists are using modems fitted to their computers to collect data, and I receive requests for the telephone numbers of BBS (Bulletin Board Systems) carrying WXSAT information. Before describing what's on offer, it might help beginners to explain what is involved.

Modems

Computers communicate with each other in various ways, the most usual being the use of a common standard of disk to transfer information. Direct communications between computers are accomplished by connecting a suitable cable between interfaces on the back, usually the serial port. To connect the computer to a remote machine, the usual method is to use a telephone line.

Before signals can be transferred through this network they have to be converted to a compatible form, which involves modulating the signal at one end, and therefore de-modulating it at the other. The unit which does this is called a modem.

The rate at which data can be transferred depends mainly on the quality of the telephone line. Bursts of noise heard so often during

Info in Orbit

normal telephone conversations have the effect of corrupting any signals being transmitted, so normal practice is to use some form of error checking program - referred to as the protocol - incorporated within the software. Whenever two computers communicate, they must use the same protocol. The rate of data transfer is referred to as the baud rate - the number of bits of information per second. My modem uses a baud rate of 2400.

I logged into the three main UK BBS for WXSAT users - Dartcom's, RIG's, and Timestep's, with some interesting results. One use for such BBS is the supply of recent Kepler elements, ideally covering all current NOAA and CIS WXSATS and preferably some of the 'stand-by' craft. Older series two WXSATS are unlikely to be re-activated.

Other useful services can include programs and data files for down-loading. It is important to realise that logging on to such BBS is generally free (other than the cost of the call), and is effectively a service provided by the system's operator (sysop). That is why larger firms, like Timestep Weather Systems and Dartcom, are currently providing them. The other BBS is maintained by the Remote Imaging Group for the benefit of its members (of which I am one) and is funded by them.

Modem Facilities

communications The program normally has an option to retain terminal activity - storing all information received from the server computer. This allows you to subsequently plan future communications sessions - usually down-loading files - in the minimum of time, and therefore cost. Data can be examined later at leisure. Using this facility I reduced the time taken to collect a set of WXSAT elements from a remote computer, to about 90 seconds - costing within 15p!

Dartcom BBS

This BBS is at the offices of Dartcom. a supplier of WXSAT equipment based near Tavistock in Devon. I have not received any product details from them for several years, so have assumed they are catering for a different market.

I called up their BBS during July - access was very quick (you are requested to give a password) and within seconds I was scanning their file list. The introductory screen advises you of their general equipment supplies. An occasional message - a sort of quote of the day was periodically printed but was of no interest to me. What did confuse me was a request by their software to transmit an average of one file for each ten of theirs that I downloaded. I was guite happy to do this,

in fact after I had seen their list of current WXSAT transmissions. which was not accurate, I prepared a file containing an up-to-date list. Unfortunately their software did not appear to have any facility to allow me to send it. I contacted Dartcom by phone and was told that they did not actually accept file input because of the virus risk!

Dartcom advise that they update their Keoler element list at the beginning of each month so I logged in on August 2 and down-loaded BULLETIN.TXT that contains the data for many satellites in NASA 2-line element format. For beginners, it is worth mentioning that this is probably the most common format for all satellite Kepler elements, consisting of just two lines of data containing each parameter in a fixed position, and can be read by most predictions programs.

I was pleased to see that this data was current and would recommend this file to anyone wanting a comprehensive collection of elements. Transfer was completed by the Dartcom 'server' computer that transmitted the file in ASCII format - straight on to the screen! Transmission took about 40 seconds. Dartcom's BBS number is (0822)

88249

RIG BBS

The Remote Imaging Group operates a BBS for members, with access currently permitted to all. The first signing-on procedure seemed rather long in comparison with the other BBS, and I would recommend users enter NO to the offer of ANSI graphics, otherwise this takes some unproductive seconds to display.

The board carries Kepler elements 'pinched' (it says) from the board. file Timesten The TWOLINE.NEW contained elements from the previous week, but fortunately with no warnings (see Timestep BBS). During this and later contacts I did notice a number of data transmission errors occurring; this had been pointed out to me by other users of the system.

The files list was quite comprehensive, containing several programs and data files that will be of interest to WXSAT monitors. The recently changed METEOSAT schedule was included. There were other Kepler element files, one of which I down-loaded without noticing that it was over nine months old!

I was surprised to see that RIG, like both the other BBS, contained an inaccurate WXSAT operating status. It was date stamped yet stated that NOAA 10 was off when in fact it had been transmitting for nearly two weeks. I logged back on to the BBS and sent a copy of my own observations. After a few days I again logged on, but found there had been no correction - NOAA 10 was

Fig. 3: **METEOSAT 4** image from Roger Ray.

still described as being off. A few days after NOAA 9 was commanded off I logged on and found that both NOAAs 9 and 10 had a wrong status given. The availability of

several useful programs and files plus recent Keplers makes

this a useful service for members. The RIG BBS number is (0945)

85666. Membership enquiries to Ray Godden G4GCE, Wayfield Cottage, The Clump, Chorleywood, Herts WD3 4RG

Timestep BBS

When I first logged on to this board I got an unwelcome surprise! It starts by warning users that legal action will be taken against anyone distributing the data it contains.

I receive large numbers of requests, from both newcomers and more experienced people, for printouts of recent Kepler elements, and it had been my intention to use these elements for that purpose. The data originates from US Space Command and is normally issued on a 'free-to-all' basis; additionally, I receive this same information from NASA on a weekly basis through another route, and this is the data that I normally distribute. I hope to obtain clarification!

As with the RIG and Dartcom BBSs, the WXSAT status was not accurate, so I transmitted a copy of my current observations. It was not used. By early August, however, the BBS had been updated to show the correct status of NOAAs 9 and 10.

The board contained several useful files including a more comprehensive satellite listing, plus some picture files. I was particularly impressed with the file TWOLINE that is updated late on Friday nights with elements within about 24 hours old. As yet, I daren't distribute them!

Finally, the BBS warns that it will be withdrawn soon except to those users that have registered a password on the system. Well worth registering.

Abbreviations



BBS System Operators

I welcome any comments from these, or any other BBS operators, or others, for inclusion in this column. All the above comments are based on my own recorded communications with those systems. If anyone knows of other BBS carrying WXSAT or indeed any type of satellite information, please let me know so I can pass the word along.

Kepler Elements

Paul O'Brien is a teacher at a school in Co. Antrim where they have recently acquired a WXSAT tracking system, and wanted a source of Kepler elements to update their program. I can send printouts of the latest elements upon receiving an s.a.e. and extra stamp towards the cost of data collection. Transmission frequencies are included if operating. This data originates from NASA.

Peter Rouse

Like many other SWM readers and contributors I was deeply saddened to hear of the passing of Peter. Just prior to his entering hospital, he had rung me to say that he had some unused WXSAT hardware which he felt might be of use to readers of this column. Sadly this was superseded by events. Kindness was one of his many qualities which I will not forget.

Frequencies

NOAAs 11,13 a.p.t. on 137.62MHz; NOAAs 10, 12 on 137.50MHz; NOAA beacons on 136.77 and 137.77MHz; METEORs 3-4 or 3-5 may use 137.30MHz and METEOR 3-3 on 137.85MHz

a.p.t.	automatic picture transmission
AOS	Acquisition of signal
AVHRR	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer
BBS	Bulletin board service
CGA	Colour Graphics Adapter
DOS	Disc Operating System
EGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter
EMS	Expanded (or extended) memory
ESA	European Space Agency
GOES	Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite
GOMS	Geostationary Operational Meteorological Satellite
h.r.p.t.	high resolution picture transmission
LOS	Loss of signal
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
PDUS	Primary Data User Station
SVGA	Super VGA
VGA	Video Graphics Array

Timestep

PROsat II is used by most leading Weather Satellite enthusiasts. Lawrence Harris, Roger Ray and Brian Dudman are just a few who have come to rely on the vastly superior features of PROsat II. Features such as 1,000 frame full screen full colour animate, 3D, direct temperature readout and Windows export make Timestep products preferred by most users. All satellites are catered for including the awkward Japanese GMS and the very infrequent Soviet Okean series. All current SVGA cards are supported. NOAA images contain full resolution visible and infrared data in a stunning 2.4Mb file!

If you really are serious about Weather Satellites, phone or write us now for a colour catalogue and find out why the world's experts including Arthur C. Clarke use and recommend our equipment.



Timestep PO Box 2001 Newmarket CB8 8QA E Tel: 0440 820040 Fax: 0440 820281

Advanced Weather Satellite users will by now have read about our new TRACK II prediction software. Full screen colour graphics and 6 simultaneous satellites are just some of the amazing features. For the ultimate in detail we offer HRPT digital systems with five 1.1km ground sensors, towns and rivers are clearly visible. For everyday use we also have the PDUS digital Meteosat system that takes 2.5km data every 30 minutes. Timestep **PDUS** colour animate is used several times a day by Anglia Television because of its very high resolution combined with spectacular colour. Forecasters will appreciate temperature calibrated 30 minute interval images.

A full range of separate Antennas, Preamplifiers, Cables, Receivers and accessories are held in stock.

England

** Special Show Offers ** Visit our stand at Leicester to see our SPECIAL OFFERS ON Radio Controlled Clo<u>cks</u>

HIGH QUALITY PRODUCTS FROM AMDAT



NEW Radio Clock for your Computer NEW

AMDAT will soon be launching our latest Radio Code clock but instead of placing it on the shelf the ADC-60 connects to the serial port of your computer. The highly accurate clock can now be used to update your computer clock ensuring that your system is always on time. It is ideal for satellite stations, bulletin boards or any system which MUST be on time. A prototype will be on display at the Leicester Rally but if you can't wait send an SAE for more information.

Radio Controlled Clocks

Naulo Controlleu Clocks	
DIGITAL CLOCKS Eurochron Digital Alarm Clock	£32.95
Digital Alarm clock black or white	£53.95
Time Zone digital in black or white	£53.95
MANTEL CLOCKS	
Large face available in white and black	£74.95
Grey Mantel 12hr Roman (grey face)	£79.95
Black Mantel 12hr with black face	£79.95
Real wood – walnut, cherry or maple from	£189.00
Eurochron Mantel clocks in black and grey	£53.50
CARRIAGE CLOCKS	
Solid brass 18cm x 18cm	£163.00
WALL CLOCKS	
Black polished ABS case 22cm diameter	£79.00
Large white 22cm diameter	£73.00
Large white 32cm diameter	£105.00
Solid wood case 26.5cm diameter from	£119.00
	1115.00
WRIST WATCH	6120 OF
New digital Wrist Watch only	£139.95
Analogue radio controlled Wrist Watch from	£279.00
Ladies Wrist Watch black face – black leather	£299.00
Digital Wrist Watch still available from	£149.00
Send a large SAE for full details	

Amateur Radio Software

We are able to supply a wide range of public domain and shareware software for all aspects of amateur radio. For example, we can supply the JVFAX 5.2 program which uses just a simple interface to display superb FAX pictures. Other software is also available which will TX/RX CW and RTTY with a simple interface which we are able to supply. If you are interested in a particular topic or just want to look at what is available please send an SAE and we will send a catalogue by return. If you also require details of the interface please ask.

WE now have on line a number of CDs which contain over 20,000 PD and Shareware programs/files. Send a £1 stamp to receive a disk containing details for all the files. When you order from these CDs each 1.44 Mbyte disk you fill

with any mix of software will cost just **£5.00**



Decode

Mike Richards G4WNC 200 Christchurch Road, Ringwood, Hants BH24 3AS

ike most people, my name seems to appear in all manner of mailing lists and hence I get my fair share of junk mail. However, now something really and again interesting appears that makes it all worthwhile. An example of this was a catalogue from Pasternack Enterprises in the USA. The mailshot comprised a plain envelope with a fairly cheaply produced catalogue and no covering letter. I had half a mind to throw it in the bin until I thumbed through the pages. I could hardly believe my eyes as the catalogue comprised fifty-nine pages crammed full of coaxial products. Included within this were just about every combination of patching lead in standard lengths from 6 to 72in. They were also quite happy to quote for any other cable length.

If you ever wanted a coaxial adaptor, Pasternack list over threehundred different types! There are also some very unusual (and expensive) professional adaptors. How would you like a rotary coaxial joint rated at 15kW between d.c. 11GHz? If you would, and Pasternack have some at a mere \$1295! The catalogue was completed with an extensive selection of attenuators and dummy loads. These ranged from simple low power receiver attenuators through 50W d.c. to 18GHz units. I know this is nothing to do with utilities, but I was so impressed with the range, I thought they deserved a mention! If you'd like more details write or phone: Pasternack Enterprises, PO Box 16759, Irvine, CA 92713 USA. Tel: 714-261-1920 or Fax: 714-261-7451.

New Books

This month sees the release of annual updates of two Klingenfuss publications - *Guide to Facsimile Stations* and *Air and Meteo Code Manual.* This is a good opportunity to review these two popular books.

The Guide to Facsimile Stations does exactly as the title suggests and provides comprehensive guidance for the FAX listener. The first part of the book provides brief specifications of around seventyseven decoding systems and accessories. Although there is a strong continental slant, all the main UK products are represented. For the technical minded, there are descriptions of the FAX transmission process along with details of all the standard start and stop tones. This is particularly useful for anyone thinking of producing their own FAX decoding

systems. If you're into satellites, you will find detailed information on the various weather satellite systems as well as decoding information for the APT Predict and FANAS codes used by some RTTY meteo stations. No guide to FAX stations would be complete without a frequency list and the Klingenfuss guide can justifiably claim to be the most up-to-date as it is comprehensively reviewed annually.

Perhaps one of the most important features is the detailed transmission schedule for every listed FAX station. This lets the operator view the range of charts available and plan the ones to receive. The book even includes chart decoding details so that you can convert the chart type abbreviations into something a little more meaningful. There are also full QSL address for all the major weather authorities that can provide useful reference material. Most of the remainder of the book is taken up with a wide selection of charts received from FAX stations all over the world. Not only does this provide interesting data on the various chart types, but it illustrates many of the propagation related problems that effect FAX reception.

The FAX enthusiast will find the *Guide to Facsimile Stations* is both interesting reading and a very practical reference.

The Air and Meteo Code Manual provides an essential reference for everyone invloved in aeronautical and meteorological utility monitoring. An example of its usefulness is contained elsewhere in this months' column. The first sections of the book are dedicated to meteorological information and provides extensive decodina information for a wide range of code forms: AIREP, ARFOR, BATHY, METAR/SPECI, PILOT/PILOT MOBIL/PILOT SHIP. ROFOR TEMP/TEMP SHIP/SYNOP, TAF, DROP/TEMP MOBIL/TEMP SHIP TESAC, TRACKOB and WINTEM. This comprehensive information is supplemented by a world-wide listing of around 8000 observation stations and their respective numeric identifiers. In addition to the decoding tables there are plenty of worked examples to illustrate the way in which the codes are used.

The second half of the book concentrates on decoding the various types of aeronautical information. Following an introduction to the Aeronautical Fixed Telecommunication Network (AFTN) the guide gives details of



Fig. 1: An example of poor clock synchronisation.

the AFTN and ATS message systems that are in common use for the communication of aircraft flight plans. As with the meteorological section, there were plenty of worked examples to help the newcomer understand the way in which the code is used. To further help with decoding there were approximately 130 pages of location indicators, addressee designators and aircraft type designators.

As you can see, the Air and Guide Meteo provides а comprehensive of range information. Although this information can be obtained from other 'official' (& expensive) sources, its concentration into one document makes the Air and Meteo Code Manual an excellent reference.

Both the books covered here have just been released in their thirteenth edition and are available from the Short Wave Magazine Book Service price £18.00 for Guide to Facsimile Stations and £18.00 for the Air and Meteo Code Manual. See the Book Service pages for the appropriate post and packing rates.

Simple WX Decoding

Ronald Still of Bournemouth writes asking if there's a quick way of decoding the RTTY weather stations such as Bracknell Met on 4.489MHz. The problem with these stations is that the data has been encoded to facilitate processing by computer. This means that it's bound to be difficult for us mere mortals to decode! The obvious solution is to use a computer based decoding system.

There are a few excellent systems available such as Skyview and ICS-SYNOP and the hardware Synoptic Decoder from ERA Ltd.

However, not everyone can justify the additional expense of such systems and so a manual alternative is required. Although you can perform complete decoding manually, it's a very tedious task that few have the patience to do. What we can do is pick out a few items of information that are likely to be of interest and ignore the rest. To further simplify the task, we could only look at SYNOP and SHIP reports. These are by far the most common reports and also likely to be of most use to the listener. Because all of these reporting systems send their data in a pre-defined order, it's comparatively easy to pick out the required information. I will attempt to show you how you can extract the following from each report: date, time, weather station, wind speed and direction, temperature and current weather. This should be enough to give an idea, of the weather patterns at a number of locations.

I always find the best way to understand this type of decoding is to look at a few examples so here we go!

The first is a report received from Bracknell on 4.489MHz.

ZCZC 302

SMUK22 EGRR 141200 AAXX 14124

03809 31465 50905 10184 20131 40118 56006 70242 81831 333 81818 84075=

The first marker to look out for is AAXX or BBXX. In these transmissions AAXX shows that it's a SYNOP report from a land station whilst BBXX shows a SHIP report. The first four digits of the following number show the date and time of the reports. Our example shows the 14th of the month at 1200UTC. The number at the start of the next line is called the station identifier and lets you know where the weather

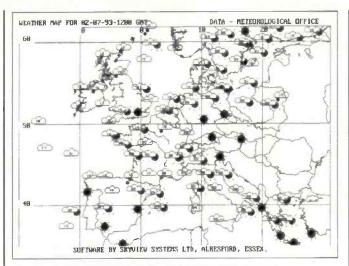


Fig. 2: A synoptic chart from Skyview Systems.

readings were taken. To work out the station details you will have to use to a reference book such as the Klingenfuss *Air and Meteo Code Manual.*

In this example 03809 is Culdrose. We now need to skip the next five digit group and look at the last four digits of following group (50905). These tell us the direction and speed of the wind. In this case the direction is 090 degrees and the speed 05 knots. To establish the temperature we move onto the next group that starts with the number 1. The following digits shows whether the temperature that follows is positive or negative (0 for +, 1 for -). The final three digits show the temperature to one decimal place. In our example this is 18.4C.

To capture the weather at the time of the reading we need to skip to the eighth or ninth group which should start with the number 7. The next two digits show the weather using a comprehensive coding system. Rather than go through this in detail, I'll just show the broad categories here:

00-49 No precipitation

50-99 precipitation

Generally speaking the higher the number the worse the weather. Complete details can be found in the Air and Meteo Code manual or Admirality List of Radio Signals Vol 3

Our example shows no precipitation.

As practice makes perfect, heres another example for you to try.

03853 31562 11403 10230 20186 40116 57021 70511 81101 333 81820=

Decoding this should result in the following:

Yeovilton, wind 140 deg 3 knots, temp 23C, No precipitation (haze).

And one more: 07110 31462 62606 10192 20138 40125 52006 70341 82136 333 82816 85273=

Brest, wind 260 deg 6 knots, temp 19.2C, no precipitation (clouds forming).

Incidentally, the = sign at the end of each of these reports marks the end of each stations readings.

With a bit of luck you should now be starting to get to grips with this short form manual decoding. If

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

you would like more information check out the *Air and Meteo Code Manual* or write to the column.

ICS News

I've just received a hot press release from ICS Electronics giving details of new products and updates. The first concerns the release of PACTOR updates for decoders in the AEA range. PACTOR is that burst mode signal found on the amateur bands that sounds like a cross between SITOR and FEC! The models concerned are: PK-232MBX, PK-900, DSP-1232 and DSP-2232. A check through their price list shows that the upgrade is priced at £69.95 plus £3.00 for UK carriage. Those of you contemplating a new decoder will be pleased to hear that all the afore mentioned decoders are now supplied with PACTOR included as standard. The prices are: PK-232MBX £385.00, PK-900 £549.95, DSP-1232 £799.95, DSP-2232 £999.95.

The second new release will have particular appeal for IBM PC users. Decoders such as the PK-232MBX usually operate with a special driver program installed on the computer. This provides a whole range of sophisticated control functions designed to add to the already comprehensive features. Perhaps the most common of these programs is PC-PAKRATT. The latest development is the release of PC-PAKRATT for Windows. One of the most significant advantages of this system is the ability to multitask decoding with other operations. In this way you can carry on using your word processor or database while PC-PAKRATT works in the backgroud decoding all the incoming signals. As is normal with applications, PC-Windows PAKRATT requires Windows 3.1 with 4Mb disk space and 2Mb RAM. PC-PAKRATT also supports the full range of AEA data controllers. For more details contact ICS Electronics at Unit V, Rudford Industrial Estate, Ford, Arundel, West Sussex BN18 0BD, Tel: (0903) 731101.

JVFAX Update

Now that a number of readers are using this excellent FAX program, I'm starting to receive a few queries that I can answer through the column. I recently received a letter from **Peter Lee** of Coulsdon asking about a.m. FAX reception.

Whereas all h.f. FAX transmissions use f.m. or f.s.k., the orbiting satellite systems use a form of a.m. for their pictures. In these cases an 1800 or 2600Hz tone is amplitude modulated with the picture information. The JVFAX decoding system can process this type of information, but Peter Lee reports very little success. Having looked at Peter's set-up I can see that the problem is the interface that's being used. Like most people, Peter is using the simple interface comparator that connects to the serial port of the computer. Although this works quite well for f.m. signals, it cannot work for a.m. This is because the comparator is effectively an overloaded amplifier and swings between its positive and negative limits. Whilst this helps with f.m. reception, it completely eliminates any a.m. information present in the signal! The only solution is to use one of the more sophisticated interfaces that are described in the JVFAX documentation. The only snag here is that all the ready-built units only appear to be available in Germany. Can anyone help with a supplier of analogue interfaces for the JVFAX decoder? If you can, please write to the address at the head of the column.

The second JVFAX topic is also relevant to many other computer based FAX programs and concerns clock speeds. I've seen many examples of charts received of systems that do not have the clock speeds optimised. I've shown an example to illustrate the point. As you can see in a bad case you end up with a very badly skewed image. This is due to the computer' internal clock being out of synchronisation with that of the transmitting station.

Although all FAX programs have facilities to correct this error, it's often overlooked. One good way to check for synchronisation is to tune into the Rugby MSF time signal on 60kHz. This produces a very precise one second pulse that's ideal for setting-up FAX decoders. First set your FAX unit to 120 lines per minute and an IOC of 288. Then tune into the Rugby signal and adjust your receiver until you start to see a vertical line appearing on the screen. Using the instructions for your decoder you then need to adjust the clock frequency so that the line stays parallel to the edge of the screen. One important point BEFORE you start this operation, make a written note of the original clock setting. If you should get in a mess you can use this to get back to where you started!

Frequency List

Now for this months' collection of readers logs. If you would like a copy of my Decode list or Day Watson's Beginners list, just send three first or second class stamps to the address at the head of the column. By the time you read this I will have returned from my holiday in sunny Menorca and I should apologise for the delav experienced by anyone who's asked for a list over the past few weeks. For obvious reasons, I don't like to advertise when I'm away from home!

This month's log has been compiled from reports from the following: Day Watson, Lee Williams, Gavin Jones and Andy Keddie.

Frequency	Mode	Speed	Shift	Callsign	Time	Notes
6.446MHz	FAX	120	576	GYA	0955	RN Northwood
7.592MHz	RTTY	50	400	YZD6	1819	TUNJUG press
7.75MHz	FAX	120	576	RAW78	0800	Moscow met
7.8424MHz	RTTY	50	400	CNM201X	1655	MAP Rabat press
7.88MHz	FAX	120	576	DDK3	1330	Hamburg met
7.959MHz	RTTY	50	400	9BC23	1913	IRNA Tehran
8.165MHz	RTTY	50	400	5YD	2015	Nairobi
10.973MHz	ARQ	100	170		1145	Swiss Embassy
12.0626MHz	RTTY	75	85		2325	US Military
12.110MHz	RTTY	50	400	YOM21	1114	ROMPRES
12.186MHz	RTTY	50	400		1742	JANA Tripoli
12.886MHz	CW			EAD	1915	Madrid
13,9965MHz	RTTY	50	400	STK	0030	Khartoum
14.912MHz	RTTY	75	400	-	1425	Yugoslav diplo
18.972MHz	RTTY	75	400	DFZG	1545	MFA Belgrade
19.357MHz	FEC-A	96	600		1324	Nigerian Embassy
19.8215MHz	ARQ	100	170	1.20	1330	UN Geneva
20.734MHz	ARQ	100	170		0808	UN Geneva



GUIDE TO FACSIMILE STATIONS

13th edition • 400 pages • £ 22 or DM 50

The recording of FAX stations on longwave and shortwave and the reception of meteorological satellites are fascinating fields of radio monitoring. Powerful equipment and inexpensive personal computer programs connect a radio receiver directly to a laser or ink-jet printer. Satellite pictures and weather charts can now be recorded automatically in top quality.

weather charts can now be recorded automatically in top quality. The new edition of our FAX GUIDE contains the usual up-to-date frequency lists and precise transmission schedules - to the minute! - of 90 FAX stations and meteo satellites. This includes Bracknell Meteo, Royal Navy London, METEOSAT, and a detailed description of the new Bracknell and Washington meteo telefax polling services! It informs you with full details about new FAX converters and computer programs on the market. The most comprehensive international survey of the "products" of weather satellites and FAX stations from all over the world is included: 337 sample charts and pictures were recorded in 1992 and 1993! Here are that special charts for aeronautical and maritime navigation, the agriculture and the military, barographic soundings, climatological analyses, and long-term forecasts, which are available nowhere else. Additional chapters cover abbreviations, addresses, call sign list, description of geostationary and polar-orbiting meteo satellites, regulations, technique, and test charts. Euder nublications available are *Guide to Littitu*.

Further publications available are *Guide to Utility Radio Stations* (11th edition), *Radioteletype Code Manual* (12th ed.) and *Air and Meteo Code Manual* (13th ed.). We have published our international radio books for 24 years. They are in daily use with equipment manufacturers, monitoring services, radio amateurs, SW listeners and telecom administrations worldwide. Please ask for our free catalogue, including recommendations from all over the world. For a recent book review see the *Decode* section in *Shortwave Magazine* 3/93, and RSGB's RadCom 6/93. All books are published in the handy 17 x 24 cm format, and of course written in English.

Do you want to get the *total information* immediately? For the special price of £ 110 / DM 250 (you save £ 22 / DM 50) you will receive all our manuals and supplements (altogether more than 1700 pages!) plus our *Cassette Tape Recording of Modulation Types.*

Our prices Include airmail postage within Europe and surface mail elsewhere. Payment can be by £ or DM cheque, cash, International Money Order, or postgirio (account Stuttgart 2093 75-709). We accept American Express, Eurocard, Mastercard and Visa credit cards. Dealer inquiries welcome - discount rates on request. Please fax or mail your order to Θ

> Klingenfuss Publications Hagenloher Str. 14 D-72070 Tuebingen Germany

Fax 01049 7071 600849 . Phone 01049 7071 62830

SOUTH ESSEX COMMUNICATIONS LTD

New DRESSLER Active Antennas

ARA 100 HDX

40kHz – 200MHz Gain: 9dB to 100 MHz 8dB to 150 MHz 7dB to 200 MHz

3rd Order IP +48 -50dBm typical N-type between antenna and interface BNC plug to receiver. Length 1250mm. Complete with 15 metres cable, power supply, interface and mounting brackets.

ARA 2000

50MHz – 2000MHz Gain:19dB to 1000 MHz 18dB to 1400 MHz 16dB to 2000 MHz Noise: 1.5 – 2dB to 1000MHz 1.8 – 2.5dB to 1500MHz 2.5 – 4dB to 2000MHz 3rd Order IP +40 -42dBm typical. Complete with 15 metres cable, power supply, interface and mounting brackets.

ARA 60 and ARA 1500 are still current and available at £169.00 each. We also are now specialising in TSM range of antenna products.

This month's special offer: only while stocks last. Yaesu FT890 with internal auto ATU £1325

Prompt mail order service, finance facilities available, interest free credit on selected items. Prices correct at time of going to press, E&OE



191 Francis Road, Leyton, London, E10 6NQ Telephone: 081-558 0854 081-556 1415 Fax: 081-558 1298 Telex: 8953609 lexton G

SOLE UK IMPORTERS DRESSLER ACTIVE ANTENNAS

ARA60 Active Antenna 50kHz-60MHz with limited performance up to 100MHz

£169

 Frequency
 Gain

 50-1000
 11.5dB

 100-1500
 11.0dB

WIDE-BAND MAST-HEAD PREAMPLIFIERS ALSO AVAILABLE 50MHz - 950MHz from £89.

OUR LOCAL AGENTS

DAVE (Eastcote, Leics) 0533 608189; STUART (Bromley, Kent) 081-313 9186; TERRY (Biggleswade, Beds) 0767 316431

TRADE ENQUIRIES WELCOME FROM BONE-FIDE DEALERS CALL FOR LATEST TRADE PRICE LIST

> Opening hours: Mon-Fri 9:00am-5:30pm Sat 9:30am-4:30pm

(06 0 0 0 0 0

By Brian Oddy G3FEX,

Three Corners, Merryfield Way, Storrington, West Sussex RH20 4NS

Medium Wave Chart

Froq kHz	Station	Country	Pewer (kW)	Listener
520	Hof-Saale	Germany	0.2	A,R*
531	Ain Beida	Algeria	600	S*
531 531	Leipzig	Germany	100 20	A.C.F*.G*.Q* A.C.G*,Q*,S
540	Oviedo(RNE5) Wayre	Spain Belgium	150/50	A.C.F.G*,Q*,S.T
540	Solt	Hungary	2000	G*,Q*
540	Sidi Bennour	Morocco	600	S*
540 549	Vitoria(EI) Les Trembles	Spain Algeria	10 600	G* G*,O*,S*
549	Bayreuth(DLF)	Germany	200	A,C,F,G*,I*,M.Q,S,T
558	Rostock(NDR)	Germany	20	K*,Q*,R*
558	Tirgu Jiu	Romania Spain	200	S*
558 567	Valencia(RNE5) Berlin	Germany	100	C,G*,Q*,S* Q*
567	Tullamore(RTE1)	Ireland (S)	500	C,D*,E,F,G*,LM,S,T,V
567	Marbella(RNE5)	Spain	10	S*
576 576	Muhlacker(SDR) Schwerin(NDR)	Germany Germany	500 250	A,F*,R*,S G*,I*,Q *,R* ,T*
576	Riga	Latvia	500	S*
576	Barcelona(RNE5)	Spain	50	G*,Q*,S*
585	Paris(FIP)	France	8	C,F,K,S
585 594	Madrid(RNE1) Frankfurt(HR)	Spain Germany	200 1000/400	A,F*,G,Q*,S*,T*,V A,C,F,G*,I*,Q*,S*,T*,V*
594	Dujda-1	Morocco	100	S*
594	Muge	Portugal	100	Q*,S*
603	Lyon	France	300	Q*,V*
603 612	Sevilla(RNE5) Kiel(NDR)	Spain Germany	50 10	Q*,S*
612	Athlone(RTE2)	Ireland (S)	100	A.C.D*.E.F.G.S.T.V
612	Lerida(RNE1)	Spain	10	Q*,S*
621	Wavre	Belgium	80	C,F,G,Q*,S,T*
621 621	Barcelona(OCR) Santa Cruz(RNE1)	Spain Tenérife	50 100	G*,Q*,R*,S* R*
630	Dannenberg(NDR)	Germany	100	H-
630	Vigra	Norway	100	Q*
630	Tunis-Djedeida	Tunisia	600	Q*.S*
639	Praha(Liblice)	Czech	1500	Q*
639 639	La Coruna(RNE1) Zaragosa(RNE1)	Spain Spain	100 20	C,D*,E,G*,Q*,S*,V* G*
648	Mallorca(RNE1)	Spain	10	Q*
648	Orfordness(BBC)	UK	500	F,G,K,M,Q*,S,T
657	Neubr burg(NDR)	Germany	250	1°.0°.R°
657 657	Madrid(RNE5) Wrexham(BBCWales)	Spain UK	20 2	G*,Q*,S* F,K,M,T
666	Bodensees'dr(SWF)	Germany	300/180	Q*
656	Lisboa	Portugal	135	' G*,S*
566	Barcelona(CDPE)	Spain	10	R*
666 575	R.Vilnius Marsaila	Lithuania	500	0* A R* C C* 0* S*
675 684	Marseille Sevilla(RNE1)	France Spain	500 500	A.B*,C.G*,Q*,S* A,G*,M,Q*,S*
684	Beograd	Yugoslavia	2000	S*
693	Viseu(RDP1)	Portugal	10	R*
693 693	Burghead(BBC5)	UK	50 150	M,V FFT
693 693	Droitwich(BBC5) Postwick(BBC5)	UK	150	E,F,T M
702	Flensburg(NDR)	Germany	5	A,1*,Q*.R*
702	Monte Carlo	Monaco	300	Q*
702	Zamora(RNE1)	Spain	10	G°,S°
711	Rennes 1 Heidelberg	France Germany	300 5	C,F,G,J,Q*,S Q*
711	Laayoune	Morocco	600	S*,T*
711	Murcia(CDPE)	Spain	5	G*,S*
720	Langenberg	Germany freland (N)	200 10	R C,S*,V
720	Lisnagarvey(BBC4) Norte	Portugal	100	0°
720	Lots Rd,Ldn(BBC4)	UK	0.5	F.S
729	Leipzig	Germany	5	B*,Q*
729	Putbus/Bergen(NDR) Cork(RTE1)	Germany Ireland (S)	10 10	1° 0.0*0*07.1/*
729 729	Dviedo(RNE1)	Spain	50	C,G*,Q*,S,T,V* G* Q* S*
738	Paris	France	4	G*,Q*, S* Q*,S
738	Poznan	Potand	300	S•
738	Barcelona(RNE1)	Spain	500	G",Q",S",V"
747 747	Flevo(Hilv2) Cadiz(RNE5)	Holland Spain	400 10	C,E*,F,G*,Q*,S,T,V* G*
756	Braunschweig(OLF)	Germany	800/200	A.C.G*,I*,Q*,S*
756	Lugoj	Romania	400	R8
756	Redruth (BBC4)	UK	2	Q*,S
765 774	Sottens Bonn(WDR2)	Switzerland Germany	500 5	E*,G*,Q*,S* R*
714	Enniskillen(BBC4)	Ireland (N)	1	Q*
774	S.Sebastian(RNE1)	Spain	50	G*,Q*,S*
774	Plymouth(BBC4)	UK	1	0*
783	Burg Miramar(R.Porto)	Germany Portugal	1000	A,G*,Q*
783 783	Miraman(H.Porto) Tartus	Syria	100 600	G*,0*,S* R*
792	Limoges	France	300	Q*,S,T*
792	Lingen(NDR)	Germany	5	B*,1*,S*
792 801	Sevilla(SER)	Spain	20 300	G*,Q*,S* Q*
801	Munchen-Ismaning Burgos(RNE1)	Germany Spain	300	G*,M.Q*,S*
810	Voru	Estonia	5	S*
810	Madrid(SER)	Spain	20	G*,Q*
810	Burghead(BBC)	UK	100	D*
810 819	Westerglen(BBC) Toulouse	UK France	100	C,G*,M,Q,S*,T,V A,Q*
819	Trieste	Italy	25	G*,M,S*
819	Rabat	Morocco	25	A*,B*
819	Warsaw	Poland	300	S*
		Germany	100/5	1*,Q* S*
828	Hannover(NDR) Barcaloog(SER)			
828	Barcelona(SER)	Spain France	200	0*.S.V*
828 837 837		Spain France Spain	200 10	Q*,S,V* G*,Q*,S*
828 837 837 846	Barcelona(SER) Nancy Sevilla(CDPE) Rome	France Spain Italy	10 540	G*,Q*,S* B8*G8*Q8*S8*T8*
828 837 837 846 855	Barcelona(SER) Nancy Sevilla(CDPE) Rome Berlin	France Spain Italy Germany	10 540 100	G*,Q*,S* B8*G8*Q8*S8*T8* Q*
828 837 837 846 855 855	Barcelona(SER) Nancy Sevilla(CDPE) Rome Berlin Murcia(RNE1)	France Spain Italy Germany Spain	10 540 100 125	G*,Q*,S* 88*G8*Q8*S8*T8* Q* E*,G*,Q*,S*,T*,V*
828 837 837 846 855	Barcelona(SER) Nancy Sevilla(CDPE) Rome Berlin	France Spain Italy Germany	10 540 100	G*,Q*,S* B8*G8*Q8*S8*T8* Q*

73 73 73 73 73 82 82 82 82 91 91 000 009 90 90 91 81 81 81 81 90 009 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Frankfurt(AFN) Zaragoza/SER) Enniskilen(RUI) Washord(BC) Algiers Milaga(COPE) Malaga(COPE) Malaga(COPE) Malaga(COPE) Mallorca(RNES) Bitbao(COPE) Mallorca(RNES) Bitbao(COPE) Mallorca(RNES) Bitbao(COPE) Mallorca(RNES) Bitbao(COPE) Madrid(RInt) Wolvertem Birmen Venezia RNES via ? Toulouse Birmol[Dobrochon] Madrid(RI) Sofia Bitbao(SER) Redmoss(BBECsol Medgara Coimbra Berlin Reinos(RNE1) Algar Milamos(RNE1) Algar Milamos(SER) Redmoss(BBCScol Madrid(CPE) Las Palmas(SER) Revol(Miv-51 Reinos(SER) Corazia Serva ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE) Zarogoza(COPE)	Germany Spain UK Germany Spain UK Algeria Spain Spain Spain Belgium Germany Italy Spain Belgium Germany Trance Ireland (S) Germany Spain France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Gran Canarte Holland Germany Spain France Portugal Germany Spain Gran Canarte Holland Germany Spain Portugal Spain Spain Portugal Spain	150 20 12 50 50 600/300 600 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	6.L0*5*,T* 6.0*5* 0 6 6',M0*5* 4',G'J,0*5*T* 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
73 82 82 82 82 82 83 81 91 91 90 000 009 90 99 90 99 85 4 54 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	Enniskiller(R,UU) Wachenbrunn Malaga(CDPE) Washnford(BBC) Algiers Huisberg Milan Bibao(CDPE) Milan Bibao(CDPE) Milan Bibao(CDPE) Milaf Edge(BBC2) R Ljubijan Madrid(R,Int) Wolvertem Biremen Venezia AntEs via 2 Toulouso Brnel/Dorochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron(Dbrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron(Dbrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Toulouso Brnel/Dbrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Toulouso Brnel/Dbrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Brnel/Dbrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pon Paris Brnel/Dbrochon) Madrid(CDE) Las Patmas(SER) Hewo(Hiv-51) Rheinsender(SWF) RNES via 2 Burgoe(RNES) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alizant(SER) Lisbon(Prog) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE)	UK Germany Spain- UK Algeria Netheclands Italy Spaan UK UK UK UK UK Solvenia Spain Belgium Germany Haly Spain France Exech Rep Spain Bulgaria France	1 250 100 20 600 20 600 10 10 10 20 600 20	0 6 6 7 7 8 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
822 822 823 821 821 821 821 821 821 821 821	Wachenbrunn MalagatCOPE) Washford(BBC) Algiers Huisberg Milan BitbaotCDPE) Mafforca(RNES) B'mans Pk(BBC2) Maffid(RInt) Wolvertem Bremen Venezia RNE5 via ? Toulouso Brind(Dibrochon) Madnid(RInt) Wolvertem Bremen Proni Bremen Bronen Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RAID Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? Riblaod(SER) Redmos/BRE1) Algor Megora Coimbra Bertin Reithaod(SER) Redmos/SER) Redmos/SER) Restons/SER) Brosoft(NES) Graz-Dobl SER va ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastion(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE)	Germany Spann UK Algeria Spann UK Spann Spann UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Germany Italy Spain Belgium Germany Trance Cizech Spain Bulgaria France Cizech Spain Bulgaria France France Cizech Spain Bulgaria France France Spain Algeria Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Algeria Germany Spain Cizech Spain Algeria Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Cizech Spain Cizech Spain Spain Cizech Spain Spain Cizech Spain Cizech Spain Spain Cizech Cizech C	250 5 5 500,000 10 10 10 100 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	6 6',M,Q*,S* V,D,G*,K,LQ,S,T,V* A*,G*J,Q*,S*,T* 0' 6'*,Q* 0' 7,V 6*,Q* 0',S* 0',S* 6*,Q* 4,C,G*,LO*,S,T 1*,Q,S* 5*,Q* 6*
82 82 82 83 81 91 90 00 00 00 90 90 83 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	Malaga(CPE) Washford(BBC) Algiers Huisberg Milan Bitbao(CDPE) B'mans Pk(BBC2) M'side Edge(BBC2) M'side Edge(BBC2) B'mo(D)Defrochen) Madnd(CI) Sofia Pori Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Proni Paris Pori Paris Pori Paris B'mo(D)Defrochen) Madnd(CI) Sofia Pori Paris Paris Pori Paris Pari	Span UK Algeria Netherlands Italy Span UK Slovenia Spain UK Slovenia Spain UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Belgium Belgium Spain Cermany Spain Cerech Rep Lizech Rep Spain Spain Budgaria Lizech Rep Spain Spain Bergaria Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Cara Canasia Holland Germany Spain Spa	5 100 500/300 20 600 10 10 10 200 200 200 200 200	6".M0".S" V.D.(5'.K.LQ.ST,V" A*.(G'.J'Q.S'.T" 0" 0".G'.LQ'.S'.V" 6".Q" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0" 0
91 91 91 91 90 00 00 90 90 90 93 554 554 554 554 554 554 554 554 554 55	Washford(BBC) Algiers Huisberg Milan Bitbao(CDPE) Malforca(RNES) Birman SP4(BBC2) Middle Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Birnel(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2)	UK Algeria Netherlands Italy Span Span UK UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Germany Spal Bulgaria France France France France France France Frant Spain France France France France France Frant Spain Spain France France Frant Spain France France Frant Spain France Frant Spain France Frant Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Cermany Spain Cermany Spain Spain Cermany Spain Cermany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Spain Germany Spain S	500,300 20 30 10 140 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	A, G, J, Q, S, T, Q, S, T, Q, Q, S, T, Q, Q, S, T, Q, Q, T, Q, Q, T, Q,
91 900 000 009 909 909 918 45 54 54 54 55 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	Huisberg Milan Ditbao(CDPE) Mellorca(RNE9) Brans PK(B5) Brans PK(B5) Brans PK(B5) Brans PK(B5) Miside Edge(BBC2) R Ljubjena Madrid(R1nt) Wolvertem Bremen Venezia ANE5 via ? Toulouso Brano(Tobrochen) Madrid(C1) Sofia Pon Paris Tri Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? Milamos(RNE1) Alger Mellowas(RNE1) Alger Mellowas(RNE1) Alger Berlin R Bitbao(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Flevo(Hiv-51) Rheisender(SWF) RNE5 via ? Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE)	Netherlands Italy Spain Spain UK UK UK Solvenia Spain Belgium Germany France Lizech Rep Spain France Italy Kerken Spain France Italy Reach Rep Spain France France Frank France Frank France Frank France Frank Spain France Frank France Frank Spain France Frank Frank Spain France Frank Spain Cermany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Can Canane Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Spain Can Canane Holland Spain Austria Spain Sp	20 600 10 10 200 200 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	0°.6°.L0°.5°.V° 6°.0° 0°.6°.L0°.5°.V° E 0°.5° 6°.0° A.C.6°.L0°.5.T F°.0.5° S°.6°.0° 6°.0° 6°.5° 4°.5°.V° 6°.5° 4°.5°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.T°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.T°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.T°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.T°.V° 6°.5° A.C.1°.5°.T°.V° 6°.5° A.C.5°.0°.5°.TV° 0°.5°.0° 6°.0° 6°.0° 0°.5°.1°.0°.5°.TV° 0°.5°.1°.0°.5°.1°.0°.5°.TV° 0°.5°.1°.0°.1°.0°.0°.1°.0°.1°.0°.1°.0°.1°.0°.0°.1°.0°.1°.0°.0°.1°.0°.0
000 000 009 009 009 009 009 009 009 009	Milan Bitbao(CDPE) Mafforca(FRNEs) B'mans Pk(BBC2) Miside Edge(BBC2) R. Ljubijana Madrid(R.Int) Wolvertem B'rmen Venezia RNE5 via ? Toulouse B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CI) Sofia B'rnol1Db/brochon1 Madrid(CDP) Las Palmas(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDP) Las Palmas(SER) B'rnol5ER) SER via ? Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dob1 SER via ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S: Sebastian(SER) Zargoqza(CDPE) Zargoqza(CDPE) Zargoqza(CDPE)	Italy Span Span UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Germany Italy Spain Bufgaria France Czech Rep Spain Bufgaria France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algoria Burecce Spain Algoria Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Spai	600 10 140 500 600100 20 300 100 7 300 20 20 20 20 20 500 20 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	0.61.(10'.5'.V* 6*0" 0* 7.V E 0"5* 0*,0* 0*,0* 0,0* 5* 0*,0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0*
000 099 099 18 27 36 45 54 54 63 36 33 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	Bibac(CDFE) Maliorca(RNEs) Bimans PA(BSC2) Miside Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Right Edge(BBC2) Madrid(RInt) Wolvertem Birme(Dbrochen) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Toulouse Brinol Dbrochen) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Toulouse Brinol Dbrochen) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pron Paris Tr Chonail Hamburg(NDR) Right Paris Right Paris Berlin Right Paris Berlin Ristaad(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDFE) Las Patmas(SER) Retov(Hiv-51) Rhesvia Paris Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zargogra(CDPE) Zargogra(CDP	Spain Spain UK UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Belgium France Exech Rep Spain France Exech Rep Spain Bulgaria France Franald France Franald Germany Spain Algerica Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Challad Germany Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain Spain Challad Spain	10 10 10 10 10 200 200 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	6*0* 6* 7.V E 0*,5* 6*,0* 4.C,6*,0*,0*,5,1 1*,0,5* 5* 6*,0* 6*
099 099 18 18 18 18 27 27 36 36 36 36 54 54 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63	B'mans Pk(B8C2) M'side Edge(B8C2) M'side Edge(B8C2) R-Ljubijana Bremen Venezia RNE5 via ? Toulouse Brnol1Dbrochon) Madnd(CI) Sofia Pori Pans Droi Pans Pori Pans Tir Chonàill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? M'Emos(RNE1) Alger Coimbra Berlin R-Bitback(SER) Redmos(SER) Redmos(SER) Redmos(SER) Redmos(SER) Redmos(SER) Berlin Baltback(SER) Redmos(SER) Berlin Baltback(SER) Redmos(SER) Baltback(SER) Ruestin SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastin(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE)	UK Slövenia Spain Belgium Germany Italy Spain Cizech Rep Spain Cizech Rep Spain Cizech Rep Cizech R	140 200 600/100 20 300 100 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 500 600 8 500 300 7 2 500 300 10 10 50 7 2 20 50 7 10 10 50 7 7 20 50 7 7 10 10 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	T.V E E C C C C C C C C C C C C C
099 18 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	M'side Edgel8BC2) R Lipbljans R Lipbljans Bremen Venezia ANES via ? Toulouse Brnol[Dobrochon] Madn(Cl) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? M'Lemos(RNE1) Alger Megore Coimbra Berlin R Bilbao(SER) Redmos(BBCScot) Madm(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Resviews) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicanct(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Seb astian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE)	UK Slovenia Spain Belgium Germany Italy Spain France Lizech Rep Spain France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Spain Algeria Germany Spain Spain Spain Germany Spain	200 600/100 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	E C'S' C'S
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	R Liphijana Madrid(R.Int) Wolvertem Bremen Vvenezia RNE5 via ? Toulouso Brnol(Dibrochon) Madrid(Ci) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? M*Lamos(RNE1) Algor Megora Coimbra Bertin R.Bitbac(SER) Redmoss(RB)	Storenia Spain Delgium Germany Italy Spain Erance Czech Rep Spain Bulgaria Digaria Spain Bulgaria France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain S	600/100 20 300 100 20 7 300 20 20 150 600 8 10 300 7 2 200 7 2 200 10 300 10 10 300 10 10 50 ? 7 10 100 ? 7	0-5* 6*,0* AC,6*,L0*,S,T 1*,0,5* 5* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,5* 6*,5* 6*,5* 7* 6*,5* 6*,5*,7* 6* 6*,0* 7* 6* 6*,0* 7* 6* 6*,0* 7* 6* 6*,5*,7* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6* 6
18- 18- 17- 17- 17- 17- 17- 17- 17- 17	Madrid(R.Int) Wolvertem Bremen Venezia ANES via ? Toulouse BrnollDotrochon) Madrid(CI) Sofia Pon Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) Anburg(NDR) Anburg(NDR) Alger Megora Coimbra Berlin R.Bitbao(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Adards(SER) Restinsender(SWF) RhEsvia ? Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Belgium Germanyu Itahy Spain France Lizech Rep Spain Bulgaria France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Spain Germany Spain	20 300 100 20 7 300 200 150 600 8 8 10 300 7 2 600 300 7 2 600 300 10 10 10 10 7 7	6",0" A,C,6",L(0*,S,T 1*,0,S* S* 6",0" C*,0",0",S* 0",S* 0",S* 0",S* 0",S* 0",S*,V* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,V* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* A,C+1*,0",S*,T* 0" C*,S* C*,0" C*,0" C
366 366 365 445 554 663 663 663 672 72 72 72 81 81 900 990 990 999 9008 9008 0008 0017 017 017 017 0226 0256 0256 0253 053 063 053 053 053 053 053 053 053 05	Gremen Venezia RNE5 via 2 Toulouse Brno[10brochen) Madnd(CI) Sofia Poin Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(INDR) AmEt via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Alger Megare Coimbra Berlin R Bitback(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Revol(Hiv-51) Rheinsender(SWF) RNE5 via 7 Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE) Zarogoza(CDPE)	Germany Italy Spain France Czech Rep Spain Bulgaria France Irreland (S) Germany Spain Spain Brecce Portugal Germany Spain Gran Canane Holland Germany Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain	100 20 7 300 200 150 600 8 10 300 7 2 200 10 300 7 200 10 300 7 200 10 300 7 200 10 300 7 200 7 7 20 7 7	I* 0.5* 5* 5* 0* 5*
36 36 36 45 54 54 54 54 54 63 63 63 63 63 63 72 72 72 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Venezia RNEs via ? Toulouso BrnollObrochon) Madnd(CI) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? MiLamos(RNE1) Algar Megora Coimbra Berlina Redmos(BBCScot) Madnd(CDFs) Las Palmas(SER) Revol(Hiv-51 Rheisander(SWF) RNEs via ? Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicanct(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPF) Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicanct(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPF) Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPF) Burgoe(RSE) Carogoza(CDPF) Burgoe(RSE) Carogoza(CDPF) Burgoe(RSE) Carogoza(CDPF) Ca	Italy Spaln France Czech Rep Spain Bulgaria Finalnd France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Borece Spain Algeria Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Spain Spain Spain Espain Espain Espain Espain Spai	20 ? 300 20 150 600 8 10 300 ? 200 7 200 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 7 ? 2 000 ? ?	5* 6*D* 6*D* 6*D* 6*S* 0*S* 6*S* 6*S* 6*S* 6*S* 6*D* 6*S* 6*D* 6*
36 45 54 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 72 72 72 81 81 90 90 99 90 90 99 90 90 90 90	RNES via ? Toulouso Brnol(12brechen) Madnd(CI) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via ? M*Lemos(RNE1) Alger Megera Coimbra Berlin R.Bitback(SER) Redmoss(RBCScot) Madnid(COPE) Las Patmas(SER) Redmoss(RBCScot) Madnid(COPE) Las Patmas(SER) Revol(Hiv-5) RNE5 via ? Burgoc(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Burgoc(RNE5) Burgoc(RNE	Spain France Czech Rep Spain Bulgaria Finalnd France Finalnd France Spain Spain Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain	? 300 200 200 200 500 600 300 7 2 500 300 10 10 10 1 50 ? 2 400 600 ? ?	6*0* E*.0*,5* 0*.5* 0*.5* 6*.5*,7* 6*.5* 6*.5* 6*.5* 6*.5* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 6*.0* 0*.5*,7* 4.6.5*.0*,5*,7* 0* 0*.5*,7* 0* 0* 0* 0*,5*,7* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0
45 54 54 63 63 63 63 72 72 72 81 81 81 90 99 99 99 99 99 90 99 99 008 80 008 007 017 017 026 026 035 044 044 053 063 053 063 072 072 072 072 075 075 075 075 075 075 075 075	Toulouse BrnollDobrochon) Madnid(CI) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via 7 M'Lemos(RNE1) Alger Coimbra Berlin R.Bilbao(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDFE) Las Patmas(SER) Flevol(Hiv-51) Rhesina 2 Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	France Lizech Rep Spain Bulgaria Finalnd France Irreland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Birrece Portugal Germany Spain Gran Canane Holland Germany Spain Gernany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Garnane Holland Germany Spain Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain	200 20 150 600 8 10 300 7 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 10 1 50 ?	E*0*5* 0*5*
54 53 53 53 53 53 54 53 54 54 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	Madrid(Li) Sofia Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(INDR) AME1 via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Alger Megare Coimbra Berlin R Bitback(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Hevol(Hiv-51) Rheinsender(SWF) RNE5 via 7 Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Lizech Rep Spain Bulgaria Friance Ireland (S) Germany Spain Birecce Portugal Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain	20 150 600 8 10 300 7 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 10 300 ? 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? 2 10 300 ? ? 2 10 300 ? ? 2 0 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?	0"5" F'.6'.0'.5',V* G'.6'.0'.5',T*.V* G'.6'.0'.5',T*.V* G'.0'.5',T* G'.0'.5',T* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G
63 63 63 63 72 72 72 81 81 81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Sofia Pori Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Algor Berlin Redmos(RNE1) Algor Berlin Redmos(SBR) Redmos(SBR) Redmos(SBR) Redmos(SBR) Rahmas(SBR) Havins(NC-5) Rahmas(SBR) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BC1)	Bulgaria Finalnd France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Brecce Spain Algeria Brecce Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Germany Spain Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain Portugal Estonia	150 600 8 10 300 7 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 10 10 20 7 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	0 F*6*,0*.5*,1*,V* 6*,5* 6*,5* 6*,0* 7* 6*,0*
63 63 63 72 72 81 81 81 90 90 90 99 90 99 99 99 90 99 90 99 90 99 90 90	Pori Paris Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Algor Berlin R. Bilbac(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Medrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Revol(Hiv-51 Rheinsender(SWF) Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallin Dresden S. Seb astion(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burgosa(BC1)	Finalnd France Irreland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Direcce Portugal Germany Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	600 8 10 300 7 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 7 400 600 7 10 100 7	F*G*Q*S*,T*V* G*S* A,G*1/:0.5*,T* G*0: R* G*0:S*,T* G*0: G*0: G*0: G*0: G*0: G*0: G*0: G*0
63 63 72 72 81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Paris Tir Chonail Hamburg(NDR) RNE1 via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Algar Megora Coimbra Berlin Redmos(SBBCScol) Madrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Revol(Hiv-51 Rheisender(SWF) RNE5 via 2 Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burgoe(RS) Carles Contexted Carles Carl	France Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algeria Birecee Portugal Germany Spain Cran Canane Holland Germany Spain Cran Canane Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Austria Spain Portugal Estonia	8 10 300 7 2 500/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 7 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	G* G*,S* A,G*,I*,Q*,S*,T* G*Q* R* G*Q* Q* Q* Q* Q* Q* Q* Q* Q* Q*
63 72 72 81 81 81 81 81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 008 008	Tir Chonaill Hamburg(NDR) RNE tvia 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Algar Goimbra Berlin R. Bitbad(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCSCot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCSCot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCSCot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCSCot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SBCSCot) Madrid(CDPE) Scotastin(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Ireland (S) Germany Spain Algoria Grecce Portugal Germany Spain Gran Cenarie Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	10 300 7 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 7 400 600 7 10 100 ?	6*5* A.6*1*.0*.5*, T* 6*0* 8* 6*0*,5*,T* 6* 6* 6* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0
72 72 81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	RNE1 via 7 M*Lemos(RNE1) Alger Megore Coimbra Berlin R.Bilbao(SER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Medmol(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Flevo(Hitv-5) RhEsvia 7 Burgoog(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog.3) Tallion Dresden S.sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burgooza(BC)	Spain Spain Aigeria Grecce Portugal Germany Spain Gran Canarie Holland Germany Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain	? 2 600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	G*0° R* G*0',S*,T* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G* G
72 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 008 008 007 017 017 026 026 025 035 035 044 053 053 062 071 071 071	M "Lemos(RNE1) Algar Mégara Coimbra Berlin R Bilback(SER) Redmoss(BECScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SER) Hevol(Hiv-5) Rhesinasender(SWF) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallin Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Algeria Girecce Portugal Germany Spain UK Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain Spain	2 600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	P* G*0:\$*,7* G* G* G* G*,0* G*,
81 81 81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Algor Megora Coimbra Berlin Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CPE) Las Palmas(SER) Hevo(Hiv-Si Rheinsender(SWF) RNESvia ? Burgoe(RNES) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Algeria Grecce Portugal Germany Spain UK Spain Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	600/300 200 10 300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	6*,0*,5*,7* 6* 6* 6*,0* 0* 0* 0*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 6*,0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0* 0*
81 81 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 91 90 92 90 93 90 94 9053 953 90 90 90 90 90 91 90 92 90 93 90 94 90 953 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Megora Coimbra Berlin R. Bilbad(SER) Redmoss/BBCScott Madrid(CDPE) Las Palmas(SBCScott Metwiki/sin Rhesviai? Prevo(Hi/s) Rhesvia? Burgosd(RNE5) Graz-Dobt SER via ? Burgosd(RNE5) Graz-Dobt SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Greece Portugal Germany Spain UK Spain Gran Canarie Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	200 10 300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	6* R* 0* 6*,0* 0*,6*,0* 6*,R* A,C,6*,0*,S*,T,V* A,0*,5*,1*,0,S*,T*,V* 0* 0*,S*
90 90 90 99 99 99 90 008 008 008 008 008	Berlin R. Bilbaod/SER) Redmoss/BBCScotl Madrd(CDPE) Las Palmas/SER HeinsendertSWF) RNE5 via ? Burgoog(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BSC1)	Germany Spain UK Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	300 10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	Q* G*,Q* Q* G*,G* G*,R* A,C G*,Q*,S*,T,V* A,D*,G*,1*,Q,S*,T*,V* Q* Q*,S*
90 90 99 99 90 008 008 008 008 008 008 0	R BitbackSER) Redmoss(BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Hevo(Hitv:51) Rhesinasender(SWF) RhEsvia ? Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain UK Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Portugal Estonia	10 1 50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	G*,Q* Q* O*,G*,Q* G*,R* A,C,G*,Q*,S*,T,V* A,D*,G*,I*,Q,S*,T*,V* D* Q*,S*
90 99 908 008 007 017 017 026 026 026 026 026 035 035 035 035 044 044 053 063 053 062 071 071	Redmoss/BBCScot) Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Flevo(Hitv-51 Rheinsender(SWF) RNES via ? Burgood(RNE5) Graz-Dob1 SER va ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Frog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BSC1)	UK Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	1 50 7 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	Q* O*,G*,Q* G*,R* A,C,G*,Q*,S*,T,V* A,D*,G*,I*,Q,S*,T*,V* O* Q*,S*
99 008 008 017 017 017 026 026 026 026 026 035 035 035 044 044 053 063 053 062 071 071	Madrid(CDPE) Las Patmas(SER) Flevol(Hiv-51) Rheinsender(SWF) RhE5 via ? Burgosd(RNE5) Graz-Dob1 SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallion Dresden S.sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	50 ? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	0°,6°,0° 6°,8° A,C,6°,0°,5°,7,V° A,D°,6°,1°,0,5°,7°,V° 0° Q°,5°
008 017 017 017 026 026 026 026 026 026 026 026 026 026	Las Petmas(SER) Flevo(Hilv-5) Rheinsender(SWF) RNE5 via ? Burgoe(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER va ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Frog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BSC1)	Gran Canaria Holland Germany Spain Spain Austria Spain Portugal Estonia	? 400 600 ? 10 100 ?	6*,R* A,C,G*,Q*,S*,T,V* A,D*,G*,I*,Q,S*,T*,V* D* Q*,S*
017 017 017 026 026 026 026 025 035 035 035 044 044 053 053 053 063 053 062 071 071 071	RheinsendertSWF) RNES via ? Burgosi(RNES) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicant(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BSC1)	Germany Spain Spain Austría Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	600 ? 10 100 ?	A,D*,G*,I*,Q,S*,T*,V* D* Q*,S*
017 017 026 026 026 035 035 044 053 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	RNE5 via ? Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via ? Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	? 10 100 ?	D* Q*.\$*
017 026 026 026 035 035 044 044 053 053 053 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Burgos(RNE5) Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	10 100 ?	Q*.S*
026 026 025 035 044 053 053 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Graz-Dobl SER via 7 Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Austria Spain Spain Portugal Estonia	100 ?	
026 035 035 044 044 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Alicante(SER) Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Spain Portugal Estonia		Q*,S*
035 035 044 053 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Lisbon(Prog3) Tallinn Dresden S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Portugal Estonia		G*
035 044 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Tallinn Dresden S.Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Estonia	3 120	S* D*,G*,Q*,S*
044 053 053 053 062 071 071 071	S. Sebastian(SER) Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)		500	\$* \$
053 053 053 062 071 071 071	Zarogoza(CDPE) Burghead(BBC1)	Germany	250	A,G*,Q*,S*
053 053 062 071 071 071	Burghead(BBC1)	Spain	10	G*.Q*.S*
053 062 071 071 071	our Auroau o Delle	Spain UK	10 20	Q* V
062 071 071 071	Droibwich(BBC1)	UK	158	D*,E,T
071 071	Kalundborg	Denmark	250	A.G*,K.Q.S*
071	Brest	France	20	A,G*,K*,Q*,S
	Lille Bilbao(EI)	France Spain	40	۵*,J* 6*, Q*
	Katowice	Poland	1500	G*,Q*,S*
080	Granada(SER)	Spain	5	G°,Q*
089	B'mans Park(BBC1)	UK	150	T,V
089 098	M'side Edge(BBC1) Nitra(Jarok)	UK Slovakia	150	E G*,K,Q*,S*
098	RNE5 via ?	Spain	?	D*.G*.Q*
098	Lugo(RNE5)	Spain	10	K,S*
107	Munich(AFN)	Germeny	40	D*.G*
107 107	RNE5 vla ? Caceres(RNE5)	Spain Spain	?	6*,0* S*
116	Bari	Italy	150	S"
116	Pontevedra(SER)	Spain	5	G°.Q°
125	La Louviere	Belgium	20	A.O.
125	Castellon(RNE5) Vitoria(RNE5)	Spain Spain	10	S* G*
134	COPE via ?	Spain	2	G*.Q*.S*
134	Zadar	Yugoslavia	1200	G*, Q, R*, S*, T*
143	Stuttgart(AFN)	Germany	10	G*.M,Q*.S*
143	Messina	Italy	6	G*,Q*,S*
143 143	Bolshakovo(Mayak) Reus(COPE)	Russia Spain	150	R* R*
152	Lerida(RNE5)	Spain	10	Q*
161	Strasbourg(Fint)	France	200	E*,G,Q*,S*,V*
179 179	Murcia(SER)	Spain	5	G*
179	Santiago(SER) Solvesborg	Spain Sweden	10	Q* G*,J*,K,L,Q,S*,T,V*
188	Kuurne	Belgium	5	A,E*,G*,Q*,S
188	Szolnok	Hungary	135	G°,S°
197 197	Munich(VDA) Virgin via ?	Germany	300 ?	D*,G*,Q* D*,F,G*,P,Q,S*,T*,V*
197 206	Virgin via ? Bordeaux	UK France	100	G*,Q*
215	Castellon(CDPE)	Spain	2	0*
215	Virgin via ?	UK	7	D*,E,F,N,D,P,S
215	Droitwich(V)	UK	105	T
215	Lisnagarvey(V) Vidin	UK Bulgaria	16 500	0
224	COPE via ?	Spain	?	G**
224	Virgin via	UK	2	E,P
233	Liege	Belgium	5	G*,S*
233	Nitra Marseille	Slovakia France	40 150	K*,Q*
242	Virgin via ?	UK		F,Q*,V*
251	Marcali	Hungary	500	Q*
251	Tripoli	Libya	500	Re
251	Huisberg Porto	Netherlands Portugal	10	G*,S* G*
251	Algeciras(SER)	Spain	5	G*
260	Valencia(SER)	Spain	20	G*,Q*,S*
269	Neumunster(DLF)	Germany	600	A,D*,E*,G*,Q*,S*,T*,U
269	COPE via ?	Spain Iroland (S)	?	G*,Q*
	Dublin/Cork(RTE2) LitomysI(RFE)	Ireland (S) Czech Rep.	10 300/200	A,D*,G*,Q,S*,T,V A* G* D* S*
278		Spain	10	A*,G*,Q*,S* G*

Note: I.w. & m.w. frequencies in kHz; s.w. in MHz; Time in UTC (=GMT). Unless stated, logs compiled during the four week period ending July 31.

Freq cHz	Station	Country	Power (IKW)	Listener
296	Orfordness(BBC)	UK	500	Q*,S*,V*
305	Rzeszow	Poland	100	Q*,S*
305	Drense(RNE5)	Spain	5	G*.Q*
314	Kvitsov	Norway	1200	A.D*, G*,Q*,S*
368	Foxdale(Manx R)	IOM	20	E*,G*,H*,J*,Q,S*,T*
377	tille	France	300	A.B.G*.K.Q*.S
386	Athens	Greece	50	A*.R*
386	Kalinmorad	Russia	500	A.G. J. K. Q. S.T
395	Lushnie(Tirana)	Albania	1000	G*,K*,Q*,S*,T
1395	RNE5 via 7	Spain	2	0*
404	Brest	France	20	A.B.E*.G*.Q*.S
413	BNE5 via 7	Spain	20	F*,G*,Q*,S*
413	Pristina	Yugosiavia	1000	S*
422	Heusweiler(SR)	Germany	1200/600	A,D*,E*,F*,G*,I*,Q,S*,T*
431	Dresden	Germany	250	F*.Q*.V*
440	Mamach(RTL)	Luxembourg	1200	A,E,G,J*,Q,S,T
440	Damman	Saudi Arabia	1600	F*.K*.Q*
1449	Berlin	Germany	5	F*,Q*,S*
449	Redmoss(BBC4)	UK	2	0*
458	Weida(MDR)	Germany	5	1*
458	B'mens Pk(BBCWS)	UK	50	De.
467	Esfahan	Iran	200	6
467	Monte Carlo(TWR)	Monaco	100*	5
503	Stargard	Poland	300	G*,K*,Q*,S*,V*
1512	Wolvertem	Belgium	600	A.E. G. K.O. S.T.V.
1521	KostcefCizatice	Ślovakia	600	6°.0°.S*
1521	Duba	Saudi Arabia	2000	R°
1521	R.Manresa(SER)	Spain	2	G*.S*
1530	Vatican R	Italy	150/450	B.E.G*.K.Q*.S*.V*
1539	Mainflingen(DLF)	Germany	700	G.I*.Q*.S*.T*
1539	Valladolid(SER)	Spain	5	G*
557	Nice	France	300	Q*.T
1557	Kaunas IR Vilnius)	Lithuania	75	0*
1566	Mavak	Bussia	7	R*
565	Samen	Switzerland	300	0.6
1566	Sfax	Tunisia	1200	R*.S*
1575	Burg	Germany	250	A.G*.0*
1575	Genova	Italy	50	8.S*
1575	Cordoba(SER)	Spain	5	G*.S*
1575	Orense(SER)	Spain	2	S*,V*
1593	Langenberg(WDR)	Germany	400/800	A.B*.D*.E*.F*.
1393	condennerd(++DH)	Construction	Horitong	G.I*,Q*,R*,S*,T*
1602	Vitoria(EI)	Spain	10	0°.G°.S*
1611	Vatican B	Italy	15	0,0,3 ≜*
	Addream	i cory	10	A

Note: Entries marked * were logged during darkness. All other entries were logged during daylight or at dawn/dusi

Listeners

Listeners: A: Ted Bardy, N. London B: Leo Barr, Sunderland C: Darren Beasley, Bridgwater D: Geoff Crowley, Iceland E: Martin Dale, Stockport E: Into Ecta Wolling F: John Eaton, Woking F. John Eaton, Woking G: Gerry Haynes, Bushey Heath H: Francis Hearne, N.Bristol. I: John HickInbottom, St.Dominic, J: Simon Hockenhull, E.Bristol. K: Sheila Hughes, Morden. L: Rhoderick Illman, Oxted, M: Stephen Jones, Oswestry, N: Cyril Kellam, Sheffield, D: Ronald Kilgore, Co.Londonderry P: Toour Kingore, Swender, P: Tony King, Swindon, Q: Eddie McKeown, Newry, R: Roy Merrall, Dunstable. S: George Millmore, Wootton IDW T: Sid Morris, Rowley Regis U: Roy Patrick, Derby, V: Tom Smyth, Co Fermanagh.

he long wave broadcasts from three stations in Europe have been heard in Canada by Alan Roberts (Quebec). Listening at 0305UTC on July 17 he heard a report on the Tour de France from Europe 1 via Saarlouis (2000kW) on 183kHz. Encouraged by this he checked the band again at 0305 on July 20 and heard R.Monte Carlo via Roumoules, (1400kW) on 216. At 0355 on July 26 he heard the BBC World Service via Droitwich on 198, but the signal was very weak. He says, "Similar to last year I've noticed transatlantic l.w. reception improving in mid-summer".

Medium Wave Reports

A slight improvement in the conditions for m.w. transatlantic DXing was noted during July. The broadcasts from CJYQ in St.John's, on 930kHz were logged as SINPO 33232 at 0057 by Ron Damp in Worthing. At 0118 he heard a station in the New York area on 1130, but was unable to obtain an ident. At best their signal was 21221.

CJYQ was received on three nights by Ted Bardy in N.London. On July 4 he monitored their signal until it faded out at 0342. It rated 33333 at 0230, 43334 at 0303, 23332 at 0330 and 11331 at 0340. On July 7 he logged it as 33232 at 0217. The conditions were more favourable on July 11, when

Long Medium & Short

Local Radio Chart

_		_		
Freq	Station	ILR	e.m.r.p	Listener
kHz		BBC	(kW)	
558	Spectrum R	1	7.50	A.C.E.H.I.K.Q.R.V
585		в	2.00	
	R.Solway		2.00	A,E,P,S
603	Cheltenham(CD603)	1		E,I,J,Q,R,U,V,Y
603	Invicta SG (Coast)	1	0.10	A,E,H,I,P*,Q,S,V
630	R.Bedfordshire(3CR)	В	0.20	A.C.E.H.I.K.Q.R.S.V.Y
630	R.Cornwall	8	2.00	C,E,P*,Q,T*
657	R.Clwyd	В	2.00	A,C,E,G,I,O,P*,Q,R,T*,V,Y
657	R.Cornwall	В	0.50	C.Q
666	OevonAir R	1	0.34	C.E.I.J.P*,Q.V
666	R.York	В	0.80	A,E,I,P*,V,Y
729	BBCEssex	В	0.20	A.C.E.H.I.K.Q.R.V
738	Hereford/Worcester	В	0.037	A.C.E.H.I.J.Q.R.V.Y
756	R.Cumbria	В	1.00	A,E,G*,I,P,Y
756	R.Maldwyn	3	0.63	E,I,M,N,Q,U,V
765	BBC Essex	8	0.50	A,C,D,E,H,I,K,Q,R,V,Y
774	R.Kent	В	0.70	A.C.H.I.Q.S.V
774	R.Leeds	8	0.50	D,E,G,Y
774	Gloucester (3CSG)	1	0.14	E,Q,R,Y
792	Chiltern (S.Gold)	1	0.27	A,C,E,H,I,K,L,Q,R,V,Y
792	R.Foyle	В	1.00	Y
801	R.Devon	8	2.00	A.C.E.I.J.P*,Q.V.Y
828	Chiltern (S.Gold)	1	0.20	A.C.H.I.K.V
828	R.Aire (Magic828)	1	0.12	E,G,V
828	R.WM	B	0.20	E,R,Y
828	2CR (Cl.Gold)	1	0.27	0,S,V
837	R.Cumbria	В	1.50	E,Y
837	R.Fumess	В	1.00	E,P*
837	R.Leicester	8	0.45	A,C,E,H,I,K,Q,R,V
855	R.Devon	B	1.00	C,Q
855	R.Lancashire	В	1.50	E.G.P*,Y
855	R.Norfolk	В	1.50	A.D.I.V
855	Sunshine R	1	0.15	E,I,J,K,R,V
873	R.Norfolk	8	0.30	A.D,E,I,K,Ł,Q,V,W*
936	Brunel R (Cl.Gold)	1	0.18	A,C,E,I,K,Q,R,V,Y
945	R.Trent (Gem AM)	1	0.20	A,C,E,G,I,K,P*, Q,R,V,X,Y
954	DevonAir (CI.GId)	1	0.32	C,I,Q,V
954	R.Wyvern (WYVN)		0.16	C,E,I,R,V,Y
990	WABC (Nice & Easy)	1	0.09	C.E.I.R.V.Y
990	R Aberdeen	в	1.00	0,P,T
990	R.Devon	B	1.00	C,I,J,Q,V
990	Hallam R.(Gt.Yks)	1	0.25	A,I,V,Y
999	R.Solent	В	1.00	A.C.I.J.K.L.Q.S.V
999	R.Trent (Gem AM)	1	0.25	D,E,I,V,X
999	Red Rose (Gold)	1	0.80	E,P,Y
1017	Beacon R (WABC)	1	0.70	A,C,E,G,I,M,P*,Q,R,V,Y
1026	Downtown R	1	1.70	0,Y
1026	R.Cambridgeshire	В	0.50	A,C,D,I,K,V
1026	R.Jersey	В	1.00	C.I.K.Q.S.V
1035	NorthSound R	i.	0,78	E*,1,0*,T*
1035	R.Kent	в	0.50	A,C,I,Q,V
1035	R.Sheffield	B	1.00	E,Y
1035	West Sound R	1	0.32	0,P
1107	Moray Firth R	1	1.50	1,0,P-,T
1116	R.Derby	В	1.20	A,B*,E,I,R,V,Y
1116	R.Guernsey	8	0.50	E*,I,Q,S,V
1152	BRMB (Xtra-AM)	Ĩ.	3.00	E, R,X
1152	LBC (L.Talkback R)	1	23.50	A.I.Q.S.V
1152	Piccadilly R(Gold)	5	1.50	E.G.Y
1152	R.Broadland	i	0.83	P* V
1152	R.Clyde (Clyde 2)	i	3.06	F*.0*,P*
			5.00	

Freq kHz	Station	ILR BBC	e.m.r.p (kW)	Listener
1161	Brunel R (Cl.Gold)	1	0.16	E,I,Q,V
1161	R.Bedfordshire(3CR)	В	0.10	A,E,I,V
1161	R.Sussex	В	1.00	I.K,Q.S,V
1161	R.Tay	1	1.40	0
1161	Viking R.(Gt.Yks)	1	0.35	E,P*,Y
1170	GNR Teeside	1	0.32	D
1170	Portsmouth (SCR)	1	0.12	A,I,L,Q,S,V
1170	R.Orwell (SGR)	1	0.28	LV.
1170	Signal R.(S.Gold)	1	0.20	E,G,I,R,Y
1170	Swansea Sound	1	0.58	P*
1242	Invicta Snd(Coast)	1	0.32	A,E*,I,V
1242	Isle of Wight R.	1	0.50	E*,I,P*,Q,S,V
1251	Saxon R. (SGR)	1	0.76	A,E*,I,O*,P*,V
1260	Brunel R (Cl.Gold)	1	1.60	I,K,P*,Q,V
1260	R.York	В	0.50	A
1260	Sunrise R	1	0.29	E,I,R,V
1260	Marcher Snd (Gold)	1	0.64	E,G,I,M,P*,Y
1278	Bradford (Gt.Yks)	1	0.43	A,E,I,Y
1305	Barnsley (Gt. Yks)	1	0.15	A,E,I,P*,X,Y
1305	Red Dragon (Touch)	1	0.20	G.I.M,P*,Q.V
1323	R.Bristol (Som Snd)	B	0.63	E°,I,V
1323	Brighton (SCR)		0.50	A,E*,I,Q,S,V
1332	Hereward R.(WGMS)	1	0.60	A,D,E,I,P*,V,Y
1332	Wiltshire Sound	В	0.30	1,Q,V
1359	Essex R.(BreezeAM)	1	0.28	A.H.I.K.P*.V
1359	Mercia Snd(Xtra-AM)	1	0.27	E,I,R,Y
1359	Red Dragon (Touch)	I I	0.20	I,P*
1359	R.Solent	В	0.85	I,K,P*,Q,V
1368	R.Lincolnshire	В	2.00	E*,I*,V,Y
1368	R.Sussex	B	0.50	A.H.I.K.Q.S.V
1368	Wiltshire Sound Sunrise R.	0	0.10	E*.1,P*.0 H.1.0.V
1413 1431			0.125	A.I.K.P*.Q.V
1431	Essex R.(BreezeAM)		0.35	
	R 210 (Cl.Gold)	8	0.14	I,K,Q,V D,I,Q,V
1449	R.Peterboro/Cambs GLR	B	50,00	A,I,K*,Q,S,T*,V
1458 1458	GMR	B	50.00	
1458	R.Cn-Trent	B	1.00	E,G,O,Y A.E.LP*.Q.R.V.Y
		B		
1521	Reigate (Cty Snd)	1 I	0.64	A,E*,I,K,P*,Q,T*,V
1530	Huddersfield(C.Gld)		0.74	LP*Y
1530	Sheffield (Gt.Yks)	В		
1530 1530	R.Essex	D	0.15	A,I,Q,V I,Q,R,T*
1548	R Wyvern (WYVN)	i l	97.50	A.I.K*,Q.S.T*,V
	Capital R (Cap G)	B		
1548	R.Bristol	1	5.00	P*.0 Y
1548	R.City (City Talk)			ү D,P*
1548	R.Forth (Max AM)		2.20 0.74	D,P*
1548 1557	R.Hallam (Gt.Yks) Chiltern R.(Gold)		0.76	U U.O.P*.R.V.X
		-	0.76	
1557	Southampton (SCR)	B	0.50	1,P*,Q,S,V P*,Y
1557	R.Lancashire	-	2.25	B*,V
1557	Tendring (Mellow)		0.04	
1584 1584	Kettering (KCBC)	В	1.00	LK ADIK P-OVY
	R.Nottingham	B		A,D,I,K,P ⁻ ,Q,V,Y
1584	R.Shropshire	в	0.50	I,R C* O.P*
1584	R.Tay R.Kent	B	0.21	E*,0,P* A,B,E*,I,P*,Q,S,V,Y
1602				

Listeners: A: Ted Bardy, N. London. B: Leo Barr, Sunderland. C: Darten Beasley, Bridgwater. D: Vera Brinder, Woodhall Spa. E: Tim Bucknall, Congleton. F: Gedf Crowley, Hafnarfjordur, Iceland. G: Martin Dale, Stockport. H: John Eaton, Woking. I: Gerry Haynas, Bushey Heath. J: Simon Hockenhault, E: Bristol. K: Sheila Hughes, Morden.

L: Rhoderick Illman, Oxted M: Stephen Jones, Oswestry. N: Cyril Kellam, Shefffeld. D: Ross Lockley, Stirfing. P: Eddie McKeown, Newry. C: George Millmore, Wootton, IOW. R: Si d Morris, Rowley Regis S: Harry Richards, while in Worthing. T: Tom Smyth, Co.Fermanagh. U: George Tebbits, Penmaenmawr. V. John Wells, East Grinstad. W: Francis Hearne, N.Bristol.

X: Francis Hearne, while in Nottingham.

CJYQ rated 43334 at 0230. At 0240 he heard CFDA Victoriaville on 1380 peaking 32233 and co-channel CKPC in Brantford, which was 22232.

Up in Iceland, **Geoff Crowley** (Hafnarfjordur) has observed that m.w. propagation has started to pick up. No doubt it will continue to improve as the long hours of darkness approach. His log was compiled between 2330 and 0100UTC.

Good reception of the broadcasts from some stations in N.Africa was noted after dark by **George Millmore** (Wootton, IOW), but none from the Middle East were heard. Reception from E.Europe was also favourable with more stations being logged.

Whilst checking the band at night in Cornwall, John Hickenbottom (St.Dominic) has noticed that many German stations share the same programme after midnight CET. This makes identification nigh impossible, so he compiled his list after dark but before 2200UTC.

Westdeutscher Rundfunk (WDR) have sent a copy of their frequency schedule to **Roy Merrall** in Dunstable. It shows that two main transmitters at Langenburg carry WDR2. One is on 702kHz

(200kW) from 0500-1600UTC and the second on 1593 (800kW) from 1600-0500UTC. There is a 4-6 minute overlap when both may be heard. They have only one other m.w. outlet, Bonn (5kW) on 774kHz.

Exploring the bands at a holiday location can be interesting and rewarding. Whilst enjoying a few days in Worthing, **Harry Richards** (Barton-on-Humber) compiled a m.w. local radio log for the chart.

Short Wave Reports

Effects of solar activity on propagation have been particularly noticeable in the **25MHz (11m)** band. Often the conditions have been unfavourable for the reception of R.Australia via Darwin on 25.750 (Eng to NE.Africa 0800-0855) in the UK. During one of the better periods it was 14421 at 0824 by Leo **Barr** in Sunderland.

There were no reports to indicate how well the broadcasts beamed to other areas reached their intended targets, but some listeners in the UK received them via back scatter and other modes. They come from UAE R, Abu Dhabi 25.690 (Ar to Far East 0900-1100) SI0152 at 1000 by Kenneth Buck in Edinburgh; DW via Julich, 25.740 (Ger to E.Asia 1100-1355), 23222 at 1341 by Gerry Haynes in Bushey Heath; RFI via Issoudun 25.820 (Fr to Africa 0900-1545), 25212 at 0930 by Eddie McKeown in Newry.

More reliable reception from R.Australia has been evident here in the **21MHz (13m)** band. Their broadcast to SE.Asia via Darwin on 21.525 (Eng 0200-0800) 55444 at 0649 in Bushey Heath; to Pacific areas via Carnarvon on 21.595 (Eng 0100-0900) was 35343 at 0853 by **Tim Allison** in Middlesbrough; to Asia via Darwin 21.745 (Eng 0800-?) 34433 at 1115 by **Rhoderick Illman** in Oxted.

In the morning, occupants of this band include DW via Trincomalee 21.640 (Ger to Australia, NZ 0700-1000) 34553 at 0703 by John Parry in Northwich and SI0333 at 0915 by John O'Halloran in Harrogate; via Julich? 21.600 (Eng to W.Africa 1100-1150) 44444 at 1143 by Chris Shorten in Norwich; R.Prague, Czech Rep 21.705 (Eng to Pacific areas 0730-0800) 43443 at 0730 by Robert Connolly in Kilkeel; Radio Pakistan, Islamabad 21.520 (Eng to Eu 0800-0845) 34323 at 0803 in Sunderland; R.Austria Int via Moosbrunn 21.490 (Eng to Australia 0830-0900) 15343 at 0830 by Eric Shaw in Chester; R.Japan via Moyabi 21.575 (Eng, Jap to Eu, M.East 0700-0900) 45123 at 0756 in Newry; also 21.640 (Jap to Eu, M.East, Africa 0800-0900) 55444 at 0850 by Darren Beasley in Bridgwater; R.Tunis via Sfax 21.535 (Ar [Home Service] 0700-1800?) SI0111 at 1145 by Philip Rambaut in Macclesfield.

After mid-day, UAE R.Dubai 21.605 (Eng to Eu 1330-1400) was SI0323 at 1330 by **Tom Smyth** in Co.Fermanagh; RCI via Sackville 21.455 (Eng, Fr to Eu, M.East 1330-1430) SI0333 at 1330 by **Phil Townsend** in E.London; BBC via Limassol 21.470 (Eng to E.Africa 0430-1615) SI0222 at 1406 by Julian Wood in Elgin; BSKSA, Saudi Arabia 21.505 (Ar [Home Service] 1100-1700) SI0455 at 1410 in Edinburgh; R.Portugal Int via Sines 21.515 (Eng to M.East 1430-1500) 44333 at 1430 by **Sheila Hughes** in Morden; BBC via Ascension Is 21.660 (Eng to Africa 0730-1745) 34433 at 1430 by **Simon Hockenhall** in E. Bristol; HCJB Quito 21.480 (Eng to M.East 1630-800) 34333 at 1745 by **Ronald Kilgore** in Co. Londonderry.

During the evening, R. Nederlands via Bonaire 21.590 (Eng to Africa 1730-2025) was 45534 at 1838 by **Darren Taplin** in Brenchley; RFI via Montsinery, Fr Guiana 21.685 (Fr to Africa 1600-2000) 34543 at 1905 by **Ross Lockley** in Stirling; HCJB Quito 21.480 (Eng to Eu, Africa 1900-2000) 55234 at 1915 in Barton on Humber; WYFR via Okeechobee 21.500 (Eng, Ger to Eu, Africa 1800-2000) SIO433 at 1942 by **Richard Howard** in Northampton; VOA via Greenville 21.485 (Fr to Africa 1830-2000) 33323 at 1945 by **Peter Pollard** in Rugby; HCJB Quito 21.455 (Eng, u.s.b. + p.c.) 44444 at 2035 in Worthing; WYFR via Okeechobee 21.525 (Eng to Eu, Africa 2000-2300) SIO322 at 2036 by **Bill Clark** in Rotherham.

Later, VOA via Greenville, 21.485 (Eng to Africa 2000-2200) was 42442 at 2156 by **John Eaton** in Woking; VOFC via Okeechobee 21.720 (Eng to Eu 2200-2300) SIO323 at 2210 by **Michael Williams** in Redhill and 45534 at 2243 in Hafnarfjordur, Iceland.

The **18MHz (15m)** band is being used by Catholic broadcaster WEWN in Birmingham, USA. Their 500kW amplitude modulated (a.m.) transmission on 18.930 (Port?, Eng, Sp to Eu? 1200-2155) rated 34553 at 1805 in Northwich. This

Medium & Short Long

Long Wave Chart

Freq kHz	Station	Country	Power (kW)	Listener
153	Bechar	Algeria	1000	M*,Q*
153	Donebach	Germany	500	A,B*,C*,D,E,F,G,H,J,K,L*,M,P,Q*
153	Brasov	Romania	1200	J*,K*
162	Allouis	France	2000	A.B.C*.D.E.F*.G.H.K.L.M.O*.P.Q*
171	Kaliningrad	Russia	1000	A,E,J*,K,L,M*,P
171	Medi t-Nador	Morocco	2000	н
177	Oranienburg	Germany	750	A,E,G,J,K*,L*,M,P,Q*
183	Saariouis	Germany	2000	A,B,C,D,E,F*,G,J,K,L,M,N*,D,P,Q*
189	Caltanissetta	Italy	10	0°
198	Warsaw 3	Poland	200	F•
198	BBC Droitwich	UK	500	A,B,D,E,G,H,J,K,L,N*,D,P,Q*
207	Munich	Germany	500	A,E,F,G,J*,K,L*,M,P,Q*
207	Azilal	Morocco	800	M
216	RMC Roumoules	S.France	1400	A.B*,E.G.H.J*,K,L,M,N*,P
216	Oslo	Norway	200	G°,J°,Q*
225	Raszyn Resv TX	Poland	?	E,G*,J*,K,L*,M*,Q*
234	Beidweiller	Luxembourg	2000	A,E,F,G,J,K,L,M,P
234	St.Petersburg	Russia	1000	J*
243	Kalundborg	Denmark	300	A.E.F.G.H.J°.K.L°.M.Q*
252	Tipeza	Algeria	1500	G°,K,Q*
252	Atlantic 252	S.Ireland	500	A,B,C*,D,E,F,G*,H,I*,J,K,L,M,O,P,Q*
261	Burg	Germany	200	A,E,F,G,K,L*,M,P
261	Taldom(Moscow)	Russia	2000	E,M*,0*
270	Topolna	Slovak Rep.	1500	A.F.J*.K.L.M*,Q*
270	Orenburg	Russia	40	M*
279	Minsk	Belarus	500	J*,K*,L*,M*

Note: Entries marked * were logged during darkness. All other entries were logged during daylight or at dawn/dusk.

Listeners

- Listeners: A. Ted Bardy, N.London. B: Vera Brindley, Woodhall Spa. C: Geoff Crowley, Hastnarfjordur, Iceland. D: Martin Dale, Stockport. E: John Eaton, Woking. F: Simon Hockenhull, E.Bristel. D: Sheile Muchen, Mardine.
- G: Sheila Hughes, Morden.
- G: Sheila Hughes, Morden. H: Stephen Jones, Oswestry. I: Ronald Kilgore, C. Londonderry. J: Eddie McKoown, Newry. K: George Millmore, Wooton, IOW. U: Sid Morris, Rowley Regis. M: Fred Pallant, Storrington.

- N: Alan Roberts, Quebec, Canada. O: Tom Smyth, Co.Fermanagh.
- P: Phil Toy nsend, E.Londo
- Q: Michael Williams, Redhill

narrow band extends from 18.900 to 19.020MHz and is reserved for single sideband s.s.b. + p.c.) broadcasts from the year 2007.

There is much to interest the listener in the 17MHz (16m) band! In the morning, R. Romania Int, Bucharest (Eng to Pacific areas 0645-0715) 22222 at 0645 in Morden; R.Japan via Yamata 17.810 (Jap, Eng to SE. Asia 0600-0900) 12331 at 0730 in Stirling; BBC via Kranji 17.830 (Eng to S. Asia, Australia, NZ 0500-1030) 33333 at 0740 in Kilkeel; AIR via Delhi 17.387 (In to Indonesia 0845-0945) 33333 at 0930 by Tony Singh in Hitchin; R.Japan via Yamata 17.860 (Eng to Oceania 0900-1000) 22232 at 0930 in Oxted; Voice of Greece, Athens 17.525 (Gr, Eng to Australia 0800-0950) 45433 at 0940 by Peter Polson in St.Andrews; KHBI, N, Mariana Is 17.555 (Eng to NE. Asia 0800-1155) SI0333 at 1020 in Rotherham; R.Australia via Darwin? 17.910 (Eng to S.Asia? 0800?-1300) heard at 1100 in Bushey Heath; Channel Africa, Johannesburg 17.805 (Eng to Africa 1000-1100) SI0243 at 1035 in Dunstable; R.Bulgaria, Sofia 17.830 (Eng to Eu 1030-1200) 44444 at 1100 by Michael Griffin in Ross-on-Wye; R.Pakistan Islamabad 17.900 (Eng to Eu 1100-1130) 54444 at 1112 in Norwich; BBC via Ascension Is 17.790 (Eng to C/W.Africa 0730-1200) 34333 at 1132 in Middlesbrough.

After mid-day, Africa No.1, Gabon 17.630 (Fr, Eng to W.Africa 0700-1600) was 44444 at 1315 in Brenchley; R.Tunisia Int via Sfax 17.500 (Ar [Home Service] 0700-1600) 34233 at 1327 in Woking; BBC via Skelton 17.705 (Eng to N/C Africa 0800-1615) SI0212 at 1400 in Co.Fermanagh; WEWN Birmingham 17.510 (Eng to Eu 1500-1555) SIO444 at 1500 in Harrogate; BBC via Ascension Is 17.880 (Eng to Africa 1400-2030) 34333 at 1801 in Co. Londonderry; WSHB Cypress Creek 17.710 (Eng to Eu 1800-2156) 55544 at 1830 in Bridgwater; R.Yugoslavia, Belgrade 17.710 (Eng to ? 1830-1900) SIO444 at 1835 by John Coulter in Winchester; R.Algiers Int via Bouchaoui 17.745 (Eng to Eu, E/C.Africa 1900-2000) 33333 at 1906 in Newry; VOA via Tangier 17.895 (Eng to N/W.Africa 1600-2100) SIO455 at 1955 in Edinburgh; VOA via Bethany 17.800 (Eng to Africa 1800-2200) 21111 at 2005 in Rugby; R.Nederlands via Bonaire 17.605 (Eng to W.Africa 1930-2025) SIO444 at 2004 in Northampton.

Later, RCI via Sackville 17.875 (Eng to Eu 2030-2130) rated 44423 at 2100 in Chester; R.Havana, Cuba 17.760 (Eng to Eu, M.East, Africa 2100-2200) 45544 at 2122 in Worthing and 55555 at 2137 in Hafnarfjordur; HCJB Quito 17.790 (Eng to Eu 2130-2200) SIO433 at 2155 in Redhill; VOFC Taiwan via Okeechobee 17.750 (Eng to Eu 2200-2300) SIO444 at 2200 by Cyril Kellam in Sheffield; VOA via Tinang 17.735 (Eng to E.Asia, Pacific 2100-0100) 22332 at 2216 by Robin Harvey in Bourne.

During the early hours of some mornings R.New Zealand's 15MHz (19m) broadcats to Pacific areas have reached the UK. Their 100kW transmission from Rangataiki on 15.120 (Eng 1850-0658) peaked to 43423 at 0440 in Bushev Heath. It was also logged in Hafnarfjordur as 33443 at 0500. Some of radio Australia's broadcasts have also been received here: 15.170 from Carnarvon (Eng, Chin, Cant to Asia 0900-1430) rated 22221 at 0908 in Oxted: 15.575 from Darwin (Chin to Asia 2200-2300) SI0322 at 2200 in Harrogate: 15.320 from Shepparton (Eng to S.Asia 2200-0730) 22222 at 2330 in Kilkeel.

Also logged in the morning were BSKSA Riyadh, Saudi Arabia 15.060 (Tur to Turkey 0400-0600), rated SIO444 at 0450 in Northampton; HCJB Quito 15.270 (Eng to Eu 0700-0830) 33423 at 0819 by Vera Brindley in Woodhall Spa; AIR via Aligarh? 15.050 (Eng to Australia, NZ 1000-1100) 32222 at 1040 in Rugby; BBC via Antigua, 15.220 (Eng to N/C/S.America 1100-1400) 42432 at 1145 in Bushey Heath; DW via Kigali 15.370 (Eng to W.Africa 1100-1150) SI0222 at 1100 in Macclesfield; R.Diff TV Congolaise via Brazzaville 15.190 (Fr to Africa 1100-1700) SI0333 at 1107 in Dunstable.

After mid-day, WWCR Nashville, 15.685 (Russ, Eng to Eu 1000-0000) was 32322 at 1400 by Martin Dale in Stockport: WCSN Scotts Corner 15.665 (Eng to Eu 1400-1555) 44444 at 1450 in St.Andrews; Voice of Turkey, Ankara 15.325 (Tur 0900-1700?) 45444 at 1501 in Woking; Voice of greece via Avlis 15.630 (Gr, Eng, Sw to USA 1500-1550) 54444 at 1535 by George Tebbitts in Penmaenmawr; KTWR Agana, Guam 15.610 (Eng to S. Asia, India 1500-1700) SIO322 at 1607 in Rotherham; KTBN via Salt Lake City 15.590 (Eng to USA 1600-0200) 13231 at 1732 in Co. Londonderry.

In the evening AIR via ? 15.075 (Eng to E.Africa 1745-1945) was 33433 at 1809 in Brenchley; R. Finalnd via Pori 15.440 (Eng to W.Eu. W.Africa 1830-1900) 45554 at 1852 by David Edwardson in Wallsend; Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi 15.009 (Eng to Eu 1900-1930) SI0333 at 1900 in Sheffield; RNB Brasilia, Brazil 15.265 (Eng, Ger to Eu 1800-2100) SI0322 at 1900 in Redhill; R.Romania Int, Bucharest 15.365 (Eng to Eu 1900-2000) 44444 at 1900 in Morden; VOIRI Tehran 15.260 (Eng to Eu 1930-2030) 54354 at 1932 in Newry; RNE via Noblejas, Spain 15.375 (Eng to Africa 1900-2000) 53343 at 1935 in Norwich; VOA via Tangier, 15.410 Eng to Africa 1600-2200) 43543 at 2000 in Stirling; also 15.205 (Eng to Eu 1700-2200) 33443 at 2140 in Middlesbrough; R.Damascus, Syria 15.095 (Eng to Eu 2005-2105) 23232 at 2030 in Ross-on-Wye.

Later, WINB Red Lion, 15.185 (Eng to Eu 2100-2245) was 32232 at 2119 in Worthing; UAE R, Abu Dhabi 15.315 (Eng to USA 2200-0000) SI0555 at 2200 in Edinburgh; also 15.305 (Eng to USA 2200-0000) 55555 at 2245 in Bridgwater; R.Korea, Seoul 15.575 (Eng. to Eu 2145-2245) 33443 at 2200 in Chester; BBC via Ascension Is 15.400 (Eng to Africa 1500-2315) 55545 at 2209 in Bourne; R. for Peace Int, Costa Rica 15.030 (Eng, [u.s.b. + p.c.] 24hr) 34333 at 2300 by Roy Patrick in Derby; RTL via Junglinster 15.350 (Ger to USA 24hrs) 23312 at 0005 in Barton-on-Humber; HCJB Quito 15.155 (Eng to USA 0030-0430) SI0333 at 0140 by Tony King in Swindon.

Some of the 13MH (22m) broadcasts to Europe originate from WYFR Okeechobee 13.695 (Eng 0500-0800, also to Africa), logged as 44444 at 0636 in Sunderland; Croatian R via Deanovec 13.830 (Eng 1303-1313) SI0333 at 1302 in Rotherham; R.Pyongyang, N.Korea 13.785 (Eng 1500-1550) 23332 at 1515 in Chester; R.Austria Int via Moosbrunn 13.730 (Ger, Eng, Fr, Sp 0500?-1900) SIO433 at 1800 in Northampton; R.Bulgaria via Plovdiv? 13.670 (Eng 1730-1900) SIO322 at 1830 in Co.Fermanagh; UAE R.Dubai 13.675 (Ar, Eng 0615-2100) 44444 at 1859 in Bridgwater; R.Kuwait via Kbad 13.620 (Eng 1800-2100), heard at 2055 in E.Bristol; WHRI South Bend, USA 13.760 (Eng 1700-0000) SI0122 at 2055 in Redhill.

Those noted to other areas came from WSHB Cypress Creek 13.615 (Eng to Oceania 0800-0955) 24333 at 0855 in St.Andrews; SRI via Sottens 13.685 (Eng, Fr to Australia, NZ, S.Pacific 0900-1030) 44544 at 0915 in Middlesbrough; also 13.635 (Eng, Fr to SE.Asia, Far East 1100-1200) SIO444 at 1115 in Harrogate; VOA via Greenville 13.775 (Sp to C.America 1200-1300, Mon-Fri; Sp to C.America, Caribbean 1200-1400, Sat/Sun) 43323 at 1339 in Bushey Heath; R. Australia via Darwin 13.605 (Chin, Eng to China 1000-1430) 34444 at 1141 in Hafnarfjordur abd 33343 at 1359 in Worthing; R. Netherlands via flevo 13.700 (Eng to S. Asia 1330-1625) SIO354 at 1535 in Edinburgh; R. Pakistan, Islamabad 13.590 (Eng to M. East 1600-1630) 54444 at 1620 in Norwich; R. Vlaanderan Int, belgium 13.685 (Eng to Africa 1800-1830) 33333 at 1800 in Ross-on-Wye; VOA via Selebi Phikwe 13.710 (Eng to Africa 1600-2200) 44444 at 1802 in Brenchley; AWR (KSDA) Agat, Guam 13.720 (Eng to Africa 1700-1900, Sat/Sun only) 35223 at 1815 in Newry; DW via Julich 13.790 (Eng to Africa 1900-1950) 34444 at 1931 by Ken Milne in Basingstoke; WWCR Nashville 13.845 (Eng to E.USA 1200-0100) 34222 at 1956 in Oxted; BBC via Rampisham 13.660 (Eng to Falkland Is 2130-2145) 45444 at 2140 in Co.Londonderry.

While beaming to Europe in the 11MHz (25m) band WYFR Okeechobee 11.725 (Eng 0500?-0600?) rated 44444 at 0530 in Rosson-Wye; HCJB Quito 11.830 (Eng 0700-0830) SIO444 at 0728 in Bushey Heath; WEWN Birmingham, 11.580 (Eng ?-0800?) 34433 at 0742 in Sunderland; R.Romania Int, Bucharest 11.940 (Eng 1300-1400) 43333 at 1330 in Penmaenmawr; Israel R, Jerusalem 11.587 (Eng 1900-1930, also to USA) 45554 at 1901 in Wallsend; R.Damascus, Syria 12.085 (Eng 2008-2108) 44444 at 2043 in Newry; AIR via Delhi? 11.620 (Eng 2045-2230) SIO444 at 2130 by Francis Hearne in N. Bristol; China

Long Medium & Short

Tropical Bands

Freq MHz	Station	Country	UTC	OXer	Freq MHz	Station
2.310	ABC Alice Springs	Australia	2038	G	4.820	La Voz Evang
2.325	ABC Tennant Creek	Australia	2040	G	4.830	R.Botswana,
2.850	KCBS Pyongyang	N.Korea	2005	K	4,830	R.Tachira
3.200	TWR Ndebele	Swaziland	2345	8.G.K	4,832	R.Reloj
3.210	Em.Nacional, Maputo	Mozambique	2100	E.F.G.J.K	4.835	R.Tezulutian,
3.220	R.HCJB Quito	Ecuador	0332	G	4.835	RTM Bamako
3.220	R.Togo, Lome	Togo	2136	F,K	4.845	ORTM Nouak
3.230	R Sol de Los Andes	Peru	0013	K	4.850	R.Yaounde
3.230	R.Oranje	S.Africa	2015	G,K	4.850	AIR Kohima
3.240	TWR Shona	Swaziland	0315	G,K	4.860	AIR New Del
3.245	R.Clube Varginha	Brazil	2150	K	4,865	PBS Lanzhou
3.255	BBC via Maseru	Lesotho	2051	E,F,G,M,P	4 865	L.V. del Cinar
3.267	RRI Gorontalo	Indonesia	2125	K	4.870	R.Cotonou
3.270	SWABC 1, Namibia	SW.Africa	2243	D,G.J,K	4.885	R.Clube do P
3.280	B.Beira	Mozambique	1850	6	4.885	Voice of Ken
3.300	R.Cultural	Guatemala	0326	G.K	4.890	RFI Paris
3.316	SLBS Goderich	Sierra Leone	2051	B.E.F.M.P	4.895	Voz del Rio A
3.320		N.Korea	0325	D,E,F,WI,F	4.905	
	Pyongyang		2059	0	4.905	Anhanguera
3.320	R.Allegro?	S.Africa		B,J,M,0	4.905	R.Relogio, Ri
3.320	R.Suid Afrika	S.Africa	1911	BEGM	4.905	R.Nat.N'djam
3.325	FRCN Lagos	Rwanda	2055	F.G.M	4.910	AIR Delhi
	R.Kigali B.Altura	Peru	0020	K K	4.910	
3.340 3.355				ĸ		R.Zambia, Lu
	R.Nac.Luanda	Angola	0025		4.915	R.Anhanguer
.356	R.Botswana	Gabarone	2055	B,E,F,G,M	4.915	GBC-1, Accr
3.365	R.Rebelde, La Julia	Cuba	0136	J	4.915	Voice of Ken
.365	GBC R-2	Ghana	2055	B.D,E.F,G,H.J.L,M.N,O.P	4.920	R Quito
3.365	TWR	Swaziland	2251	C	4.925	Em Merid, Ar
3 380	R.Malawi	Malawi	2010	B,F,G,M	4.925	R.Nacional, I
3.395	RRI Tanjungkarang	Indonesia	2228	E,K	4.935	Voice of Ken
.905	AIR Delhi	India	1753	G	4.940	SLBC (Eng.C
1.915	BBC Kranji	Singapore	1646	F	4.945	Channel Afri
1.955	BBC Skelton	England	2100	B,J,L	4.960	AIR New Del
3.955	Channel Africa	S.Africa	1857	К	4.970	R.Rumbos, C
3.955	Novosibirsk rly A.Ata	Kazakhstan	1830	К	4.975	R.Uganda, Ka
3.965	RFI Paris	France	2249	B,C,D,G,H,J,L,P,R	4.980	Ecos del Tori
3.970	R Buea	Cameroon	2155	В	4.985	R.Brazil Cent
3.975	BBC Skelton	England	0406	J	4.990	AIR via Made
3.980	VDA Munich	Germany	2045	B,G,H,J,L,R	4.990	FRCN Lagos
3.985	China R via SRI	Switzerland	2125	B,J,L,O	4.990	R.Ancash, Hi
3.985	SRI Beromunster	Switzerland	2012	B.D.H.J.L.R	5.005	R.Nacional, 1
3.995	DW via Julich	Germany	2250	B,C,D,G,J,L	5.010	RGaroua
4.000	Bofoussam	Cameroon	2000	B,K	5.015	R.Brazil Trop
4.700	R.Waira, Chota	Peru	0319	G	5.020	DRTN Niame
4.755	R.Educ CP Grande	Brazil	0105	B,J,K	5.025	R,Parakou
4.755	Caracol Neiva	Columbia	0015	B	5.025	R.Uganda, K.
4.765	Brazzaville	PR.Congo	2025	B,D,F,J,P	5.035	R.Bangui
4.770	FRCN Kaduna	Nigeria	2104	A.8.C.D.E.F.G.H.J.L.M.P	5.040	Voz del Upar
4,770	R.Mundial, Bolivar	Venezuela	2337	K	5.045	R.Cultura do
4,775	R.Gabon, Libreville	Gabon	2104	B,C,D,F,G,J,M	5.047	R.Togo, Lom
4.780	RTD	Oppout	1857	M	5.050	Voz de Yopa
	RTM Bamako	Mali	2105	B,C,F,M	5.050	SBC Singapo
4.783		Pakistan	1743	F.K.Q	5.050	R.Tanzania
	Azad Kashmir R.				1 corr	5 1.10- 1
4.790		Peru	0040	K	5.055	Faro del Cari
4.790 4.790	R.Atlantida	Peru		F		
4.790 4.790 4.800	R.Atlantida AIR Hyderabad	Peru India	1717	F	5.055	RFO Cayenne
4.790	R.Atlantida	Peru				TWR Manzin PBS Xinjiano

MHz	Stotion	and and a		one.
4.820	La Voz Evangelica	Honduras	0022	B,G,J
4.830	R.Botswana, Gaborone	Botswana	1940	B,D,F,G,H,J,M,P
4.830	R.Tachira	Venezuela	0030	B,E,G,J,N
4.832	R.Reloj	Costa Rica	0313	G
4 835	R.Tezulutian, Coban	Guatemala	0020	B,G.J
4.835	RTM Bamako	Małi	2050	L
4.845	ORTM Nouskchott	Mauritania	2038	B,O,F,G,L,M
4.850	R.Yaounde	Cameroon	2001	J
4.850	AIR Kohima	India	1925	M
4.860	AIR New Delhi	India	1906	F.M
4.865	PBS Lanzhou	China	2212	0
4 865	L.V. del Cinaruco	Colombia	0146	E,G,J-
4.870	R.Cotonou	Benin	2035	A.B.C.F.G.H.J.L.M.
4.885	R.Clube do Para	Brazil	0148	J
4.885	Voice of Kenya	Kenya	1950	F,G,J,M
4.890	RFI Paris	via Gabon	D403	J
4.895	Voz del Rio Arauca	Colombia	0027	G,J
4.905	Anhanguera	Brazil	2220	K
4.905	R.Relogio, Rio	Brazil	0345	K
4.905	R.Nat.N'djamena	Chad	1905	B,F,G.J,L,M
4.910	Tennant Creek	Australia	2100	B,M
4.910	AIR Dethi	India	0130	F,Q
4.910	R.Zambia, Lusaka	Zambia	2147	F,G
4.915	R.Anhanguera	Brazil	0300	J
4.915	GBC-1, Accra	Ghana	2052	B,C,D,F,G,H,J,L,M,
4.915	Voice of Kenya	Kenya	1850	G.J.M
4.920	R.Quito	Ecuador	0400	K
4.925	Em Merid, Arauca	Colombia	0022	К
4,925	R.Nacional, Bata	Eq.Guinea	0151	J
4.935	Voice of Kenya	Kenya	2036	B.E.F.G.I.J.L.M
4.940	SLBC (Eng.Comm.Svce)	Sri Lanka	0015	В
4,945	Channel Africa	S.Africa	1732	К
4.960	AIR New Delhi	India	0020	В
4.970	R.Rumbos, Caracas	Venezuela	0015	в
4.975	R.Uganda, Kampala	Ucanda	1944	F.G.J.M
4.980	Ecos del Torbes	Venezuela	0010	J.L
4.985	R.Brazil Central	Brazil	0020	B,C
4.990	AIR via Madras	India	0035	B,C,J
4,990	FRCN Lagos	Nigeria	2100	B,F,G,J,M,N,P
4.990	R.Ancash, Huaraz	Peru	0051	K
5.005	R.Nacional, Bata	Eq.Guinea	1945	B,C,F,G,H,J,M
5.010	RGaroua	Cameroon	2038	F,G,H,L,M
5.015	R.Brazil Tropical	Brazil	2156	C
5.020	DRTN Niamey	Niger	2257	D,F,G
5.025	R.Parakou	Benin	2156	F.G
5.025	R.Uganda, Kampala	Uganda	1938	B,F,G,M
5.035	R.Banqui	C.Africa	1932	B,F,G,H,J,M
5.040	Voz del Upano, Macas	Ecuador	2157	C
5.045	R.Cultura do Para	Brazil	2200	D,G,J
5.047	R.Togo, Lome	Togo	1947	B.C.D,F,G,J,M
5.050	Voz de Yopal, Yopal	Colombia	0300	G
5.050	SBC Singapore	Singapore	2210	E,F
5.050	R.Tanzania	Tanzania	1932	B,F,G,M
5.055	Faro del Caribé	Costa Rica	0258	G,K
5.055	RFO Cayenne (Matoury)	FR Gulana	2340	B,F,G,J,K
5.055	TWR Manzini	Swaziland	0335	K
5.060	PBS Xinjiang	China	0123	ĸ
5.000	Caracol Bogata	Colombia	0025	B,C,J,L,N
	CardCOI DOYata	COLOLIDIA	0045	M, J, D, D, D

Country

UTC DXer

DXers: A; Bill Clark, Rotherham B: Robert Connolly, Kilkee C: Geoff Crowley, Iceland D: John Eaton, Woking E: David Edwardson F: P. Gordon Smith, Kingston, Moray G: Gerry Haynes, Bushey Heath H: Sheila Hughes, Morden I: Rhoderick Illman, Dxted J: Eddie McKeown, Newry K: Roy Merrall, Dunstable L: Sid Morris, Rowley Regis M: Fred Pallant, Storrington N: Roy Patrick, Derby D: Peter Pollard, Rugby. P: Eric Shaw, Chester. Q: Tony Singh, Hitchin B: Phil Townsend, E.London

R, Beijing 11.500 (Eng 2000-2157) 54444 at 2145 in Norwich; R. Japan via Moyabi 11.925 (Eng 2100-2200) 32333 at 2152 in Woodhall Spa.

R. New Zealand's 9MHz (31m) broadcasts to Pacific areas have been received in the UK some During favourable mornings. conditions their signal on 9.700 (Eng 0658-1205) was 32332 at 0910 in Kilkeel. More often heard here was R.Australia via Carnarvon on 9.510 (Eng to S.Asia 1430-1800). In St.Andrews their signal was 44433 at 1520.

Also logged here were WCSN Scotts Corner 9.840 (Eng to Eu 0600-0800). SI0444 at 0715 in N.Bristol: WSHB Cypress Creek, 9.495 (Eng to USA 1000-1155) SI0312 at 1020 in Macclesfield; AIR via Aligarh? 9.910 (Dari, Pushtu, Eng to Afghanistan 1315-1544) 33333 at 1330 in Hitchin; R.Jordan via Al Karanah 9.560 (Eng to Eu 1100-1630) 32233 at 1505 in Rugby; Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi 9.840 (Eng to Africa 1600-1630) 44344 at 1608 in Woodhall Spa; Voice of Ethiopia via Gedia 9.560 (Eng, Amh, Fr 1500-1800) SI0232 at 1730 in Dunstable; Polish R, Warsaw 9.525 (Eng to Eu 1930-2025) SIO444 at 1930 in Winchester; R.Vilnius, Lithuania 9.710 (Eng to Eu 2130-2200) 43434 at 2130 in Chester; R.Cairo, Egypt 9.900 (Eng to Eu 2115-2245) SI0333 at 2200

Co.Fermanagh; R.Nac del in Paraguay 9.735 (Sp 0800-0400) 35543 at 2215 in Wallsend: Voice of Turkey, Ankara 9.445 (Eng to Eu 2200-2300) 44434 at 2233 in Penmaenmawr; R. Vlaanderen Int, Brissels 9.930 (Fr, Du, Eng, Sp to USA 2230-0055) SI0333 at 2338 in Elgin; VOIRI Tehran 9.022 (Eng to USA 0030-0130) SI0433 at 0100 in Swindon.

In the 7MHz (41m) band WWCR Nashviile 7.435 (Eng to Eu 0000-1000?) rated 34333 at 0500 in Rosson-Wyr; WEWN Birmingham, USA 7.425 (Eng to Eu 0500-1000) 44333 at 0608 in Bushey Heath; WHRI South Bend 7.315 (Eng to E.USA 0000-1300) 35443 at 0620 in Woking; KTBN via Salt Lake City 7.510 (Eng to USA 0200-1600) SI0322 at 0840 in Rotherham; WJCR Upton 7.490 (Eng to E.USA 24Hrs) SI0111 at 0958 in Macclesfield; R.Australia via Carnarvon 7.260 (Eng to S.Asia 1800-2100) 32432 at 1945 in E.Bristol; AIR via Aligarh 7.412 (Eng to Eu 2045-2230) 53443 at 2205 in Stirling; RTM Sarawak 7.160 (Eng/Chin to S.E.Asia 2300-1500?) 32222 at 2300 in Kilkeel; WRNO New Orleans 7.355 (Eng to E.USA 2300-0400) 23222 at 0004 in Newry.

Some broadcasters use relays in the 6MHz (49m) band to reach Europe. They include VOA via Woofferton 6.040 (Eng 0400-0700) SI0333 at 0645 in N.Bristol; R.Japan via Skelton 6.050 (Eng, Ger 0700-0830) SI0555 at 0700 in Sheffield: VOA via Woofferton 6.040 (Eng 1630-2200) 55544 at 1930 in Chester; RCI via Skelton, 5.995 (Fr, Eng 1930-2200) SI0444 at 2010 in Winchester.

QUARTERLY LIST OF EQUIPMENT USED SAugust, /September, *October'93

*Tim Allison, Middlesborough: Lowe HF-225 + r.w. Simon Bakewell, Moldgreen: Saisho SW-5000 + 10m wire

Se*Ted Bardy, N.London: Drake R8E; RA1217 + loop or

Set Ted Bardy, NLondon: Drake R8E; RA1217 + loop or V Beam Pteo Barr, Sunderland: Roberts RC-818; Sony ICF SW-7600 * 'Sooper Loop' or rw. S*TDarren Beasiay, Bridgwator; Philips D-2835 + loop or a LL + 15m wite S*Vere Bridley, Woodhall Space: Sangean ATS-803A; Saisho 3000, Sangean SW60 + rw. S*TEm Buckhall: Congleton: Sony ICF-2001D + AN-1, S*Bill (Clark, Rotherham: Sony ICF-2001D + AN-1, Sangean ATS-803A + AN-1 or 30m wire. S*Bohn Coulter, Winchester, Yaesu FRG-7700 + dipoles + Datong A0370.

wire.

S#*Ron Damp, Worthing: Racal RA17; Yaesu FRG-7 + FRT-7700; Sangen ATS-803A + Hex Loop or 2 band Windom.

Windom. \$#*John Eaton, Woking: Lowe HF-225 + r.w; Sony SRF M-43. \$#*David Edwardson, Wallsend: Trio R-600 +

inverted V trap dipole. #Steve Ferminger, Oxford: Lowe HF-225 + 40m or

5m wire. S#David Forester, Newcastle under Lyme: Yaesu FRG-7 + r.w. S#"Peter Gordon-Smith, Kingston, Moray:

Icom R-72 + a.t.u. + helical dipole. Se*Michael Griffin, Ross-on-Wye: Sharp + built-in

whip or 10m wire. S#*Robin Harvey, Bourne: Matsui MR-4099+

telescopic antenna. S#*Gerry Haynes, Bushey Heath: Kenwood R-5000 + Rhombic

Se*Francis Hearne, N.Bristol: Sharp WQT370 + r.w

Striffrancis Hearne, N.Bristot: Sharp W01370.4 r.w. #Gerald Herman, Coventry: Walkman cassenter/adio. StriStimen Acoskenulit, E. Bristot: Philips D-2345, HMW 1124 + 3m wire, ITT Colt. "Richard Howard, Northamptic: Philips D-2345, John Hickinstom, St.Domini:: Panasonic Ra-DT3. StriSteila Hughes, Morden: Sony ICF-7600DS + Ioop; Panasonic DR48 + 15m wire. StriBnderick Illman, Oxteck Kenwood R-5000 + AN-1 or aLu, + r.w. **Steven Jones, Dawestry: Matsui Hin6. StriCyril Kellism, Sheffield: Sony ICF-7600DS + AN-1 or Zim wire. StRiBnaid Külgore, Co.Landonderry: Drake R8E + a.t.u. + 30m wire.

25m wrie. %Ronald Kilgore, Co.Londonderry: Drake R8E + a.tu. + 30m wire. *Tomy King, Swindon: Panasonic DR-49 + indoor mag-mount CB antenna. %Zacharias Luangas, Thessaloniki, Greece: Philips D2935; Sony ICF-76000 + r.w. %*Ros Lockley, Surfing: Realistic DX-300 + Global AT-1000 + 50m dipole. SPatrick McKeever, Birmingham: Lowe HF-225 + 14m wire 4 Mag Baluo no Ioop. %*Eddie McKeever, Birmingham: Lowe HF-225 + 14m wire 4 Mag Baluo no Ioop. %*Eddie McKeever, Co.Down: Tatung TMR-602. %*Broy Merrall Dunstabile: Kenwood R-5000 + 4m wine. %*Gi Morris, Rowley Regis: Kenwood R-5000 + 11m wire. SJ-Ken Milne, Basingstoke: Matsui MR-4039 + whilp or Mag Balun + r.w. *Stick Morris, Rowley Regis: Kenwood R-5000 + 11m wire. SJ-Fred Pallant, Storrington: Trio R-2004 + r.w. in loft. S#Ap Varick, Cerbr: Lowe HF-125 + 22m wire or Inverred V. *Peter Pollard, Rugby: Sony ICF-2001D + AN-1.

inverted V. S#*Peter Pollard, Rugby: Sony ICF-2001D + AN-1. S#Peter Poison, St.Andrews: Lowe HF-225 + loop or

stretet roson, sometews: Love mr-223 stopp of indoor Joystok. S*P Philip Rambaut, Macclesheld: Int Marine Radio R-700M + r.v. SerMarry Richards, Barton-on-Humber, Grundig Satellit 700 + A0-720 or Massui MR-4999 + r.v. *Alan Roberts, Quebec, Canada: Love HF-225 + 41m or

Him dipple. \$**Eric Shaw, Chester; Lowe HF-225 + 7m wire. \$**Chris Shorten. Norwich: Matsui MR-4099 + 10m wire. \$*Tony Singh, Hitchin: Zenith 7000; Grundig Satellit 3400

+ built-in whip. S#*Tom Smyth, Co.Fermanagh: Sangean ATS-803A;

S#*iom Smyth, Co.Fermanagh: Sangean AI S-803A; M.Richards Rigi + whip. SCliff Stapleton, Torquay: Trio R1000 + dipoles or r.w. SJohn Stevens, Largs: Hammarlund HQ 180 or Icom R-70 + Jopo rr.w. S#*Darran Taplin, Brenchley, Yaesu FRG-7700 + SDT 3000 - Ste when

Se*Darran Taplin, Brenchley, Yaesu FRG-7700 + FRT-7700 + 35m wire. [®]George Tebbits, Panmaenmawr: Blaupunkt Stereo Radiogramme circa 1968. Se*Phi Townsend, London Lowe HF-225 + loop or r.w. [®]Ted Walden-Vincent, GLYarmouth; Grundig Satellit 3400 + whip S*John Wells, E. Grinsteat, ERCA AR-880 + loop. S**Michael Williams, Redhill: Lowe HF-225 + loop or 10m wire. S#* Julian Wood, Etgin: Kenwood R-2000 + Yaesu FRT-7700 a.t.u. + 5m wire.

2 aU 0

Andy Cadier,

28 Romney Avenue, Folkestone, Kent CT20 3QJ

his quarter we are making a brief visit to a radio jingle factory, well actually a production studio. During the 1960s and 70s British music stations used American jingle producers who had accumulated many years experience in this field. Pams of Dallas were one of the most common suppliers to Britain's gradually expanding broadcasting industry. As local radio grew, composer/musician Alan Fawkes and Steve England - a radio commercial production manager - realised the business potential of a British 'homegrown' jingle market. In 1979 they formed Alphasound and in 1983 they moved into their present studios in a former school at Ashton-On-Mersey. Here facilities include a 16-track music studio, an 8-track commercial production unit and a 4-track editing suite, plus the old playground in which to park your car. Customers can buy a custom-

built jingle package specially

composed for their own particular

mixed with an existing backing track, which explains why so many stations have a rather similar sound. Packages usually consist of 15 to 20 separate jingles, with an added option of having matching inserts personalised with DJs' names. In the

requirement, or alternatively settle

for syndicated set. These have the

stations own identification sung and

70s jingles were heavily into synthesisers and drum machines. now sounds tend to be softer with a greater emphasis on melody. Musicians and session singers rerecord the same jingle many times, while the producer constructs the sound, feeling and quality his client requires.

Stations tend to use jingles as part of their corporate image, they identify the broadcast, highlight programme features and create breaks. The continued use of jingles does suggest they are indeed good for the broadcasting business. Radio stations play their jingles on instant

SHORT WAVE IRREGULAR BROADCASTS CHART

Freq MHz	Programme Notes	Day	UTC	Monitors
3.910	Religious programme	Sun	1501	A,C,H
3.912	French air waves	Sun	0135	A
3.945	Scottish free radio	W/E	0114	A,G,H
6.200	Dutch station	Sun	0736	A,B,C,D,E,G,H
6.202	From North Kent	Sun	0700	A,D
6.205	Free radio in London	Sat	0939	А
6.205	Religious programme	Sun	1555	A, B ,F,G,H
6.210	Relay, Q102 Dallas USA	Sun	1029	A,B,C,D,H
6.220	Italy, Christian radio	Dly	1629	А
6.226	From Dun Laoghaire	Dhy	0658	A,B,C,E,F,H
6.235	Irish presenter J.R.	W/E	0708	A,B,C,E,H
6.240	Belgian relay station	W/E	1155	A,B,C,D,G,H
6.251	Northsea goes DX	Sun	0802	A
6.255	Coast commercial station	Sun	0955	A,B
6.266	Announced as 6.400MHz	Sun	0919	A
6.280	English programme	Sun	0920	A,B,C
6.285	Dutch coastal radio	Sun	0835	A,H
6.295	Ad. for Horizon Sales	W/E	0710	A,B,C,G,H
6.400	Short wave outlaws	W/E	1100	A,B,C,D,E,F,H
6.475	Radio de mon amis	Sun	1033	B,H
6.910	Dublin community station	Dly	1846	A,B,E,F,G
7.446	Scottish free radio	W/E	0855	A,B,C,D,G
7.473	French air waves	Sun	0808	A,B,C,E
7.484	German satellite station	Sun	0823	Α,
11.400	French air waves	Sun	0914	A,H
12.255	Religious broadcasts	Sun	1504	A

Dly = Monitored daily.

W/E = Heard on Saturdays and Sundays.

A: Free Radio Monitoring, Halesowen, W. Midlands.

B: Bob Marsh, Bexleyheath, Kent.

C: Simon Carrington, Sunderland, Tyne & Wear.

D: Darren Smith, Hailsham, East Sussex.

E: David Williams, Southampton, Hants.

F: Geoff Crowley, Hafnarfjordur, Iceland

G: John Parry, Northwich, Cheshire.

H: Gerry Haynes, Bushey Heath, Herts.

OUALITY ROCK MUSIC ON SHORTWAVE

LIVE WIRE RADIO

start digital

cartridge machines using tape, floppy disk or CD formats. Pictured is a part of Alphasounds impressive facilities at St. Martin's Studios in Greenbank Road near Sale in Cheshire.

Did You Know?

Radio Caroline have approached Manx Radio, at the Isle of Man, regarding the possibility of using their 20kW 1368kHz transmitter to Radio Caroline North carry They sent programmes. а demonstration recording and are now awaiting a decision from the IoM Government who at present own the station. Free Radio Monitoring sent me an unconfirmed report that Radio Seagull Ltd. are to apply for a licence to broadcast from a ship moored at London's Docklands. It is a fact however that the Radio Authority are advertising several m.w. frequencies in the Capital.

Recently I was given a tour around Caroline's MV Ross Revenge at Dover Harbour where I discovered most of the gear returned by the Dutch authorities, following the raid in 1989, has now been refitted. The exception is an RCA 50kW ampliphase transmitter that will require a total re-build if it is ever to be used again, the components are in a huge heap on the transmitter room floor.

John Burch has written a book called Wheel Turned Full Circle in which he recalls the events surrounding Offshore Radio 1584kHz. This was a restricted service licensed station that broadcast from the MV Galaxy during August 1992 from Frinton in Essex. John is now involved with lain Johnson in the production of an audio magazine called Tender-Trip.

The radio ship Droite de Parole, off Yugoslavia, is reported to have ceased transmitting its 'Radio Brod' programmes. It was initially stated that they had difficulties with their teleprinter reception and ship-toshore communications while their 50kW transmitter was is use. European anti-pirate broadcasting legislation may have finally drifted quietly into the Adriatic.

Feedback

Following last quarters comments about foreign m.w. stations John Parry writes giving a brief history of American forces radio in Europe. 1 wonder how many other readers remember AFN's Midnite In Munich programmes just after the war? Talking about memories Bob Marsh says he enjoyed the 'underground' music played on Radio Geronimo in

the late 60s. As a result he bought a number of King Crimson LPs. Radio Geronimo broadcast from the transmitters of Radio Monte Carlo from midnight onwards. Leo Barr writing on this same subject says I made no mention of the English m.w. broadcasts provided by Sweden, Finland, Norway, Italy, Germany, Russia or Albania.

He says these transmissions are there but you need to know when to listen. Mike Gauffman is seeking information on the Tyrolean music station on 6.425 and 6.650MHz in the mid-70s. He also asks where Reflections Europe comes from? Mike also says during the 70s he DFed the Lincolnshire Poacher transmissions to a site in Buckinghamshire.

6.6MHz Echo Charlie Band

Bob Marsh and several other readers say 6.6MHz is known as the Echo Charlie Band, but does anyone know why? He also recalls the days before s.s.b. when m.w. stations used frequencies around this area. Charles Vasili says he has been monitoring this band for some time and has heard operators refering to the use of amateur hand equipment connected to a transverter. Simon Parker also mentions the use of transverters obtained from areas of Europe where radio regulations are barely enforced. He says at one time s.s.b. CB sets like the Cobra 148 and the Stalker 9 were used, but these have given way to Kenwood and Yaesu transceivers or people using home-brew equipment. John Clark writes saying he has just monitored 6.690MHz and finds the general style of conversations to be more like licensed radio amateurs than typical Geoff Crowley CBers of Hafnarfiordur in Iceland says he also receives these operators on frequencies around 3.4; 13.9 & 25.26MHz.

Mike Le Ves Conte mentions he has heard illegal operators boasting that they were 'uncatchable'. He also sent a list of examples where air traffic controllers and authorised users have been obliged to change avoid illegal channels to Mike transmissions. is also concerned at the general conduct of some licensed amateurs and the irresponsibility behind the misuse of air traffic and marine radio frequencies.

The next 'Off The Record' appears in the January issue of SWM. If you wish your letter or irregular station log to be included please ensure it reaches me by November 1.



Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Trading Post

Fill in the order form on page 84 in BLOCK CAPITALS - up to a maximum of 30 words plus 12 words for your address - and send it, together with your payment of £2.35, to Trading Post, *Short Wave Magazine*, Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW. If you do not wish to cut your copy of *SWM*, or do not wish to use the order form provided, you must still send the cornerflash from page 70 of this issue, or your subscription number, as proof of purchase of the magazine. Advertisements from traders, or for equipment which it is illegal to possess, use or which cannot be licensed in the UK will not be accepted.

FOR SALE

Alinco DJ-580, dual-bander, mint condition, £220. Gordon, Ayrshire. Tel: (0290) 421720.

Antique radio bargains, due to moving house. Sets from 1934, many restored and working, plus horn speakers, wartime civilian receiver, HRO, Zeniths, radio books and magazines from 1920s. Tel: Glos (0285) 885725 anytime.

AOR 3000A boxed Yaesu phones. Diamond D130N discone antenna, £600. Tel: Essex 081-551 3479 evenings.

AOR AR-1500 wide-band scanner, as new condition, little used, £200 o.n.o. Keith, Essex. Tel: (0376) 321315.

AOR AR-3000A professional monitor receiver/scanner, boxed, as new, £675 including insured carriage. Tel: Lancs (0204) 20239.

AOR AR3000A professional monitoring receiver/scanner, boxed, in mint condition, £685 o.n.o. Andy, Lancs. Tel: (0706) 216749 after 6pm on weekdays.

AOR-1500, excellent condition, hardly used, all accessories included, s.w. and u.h.f., v.h.f. aerials instruction book, mains adapter, recharge batteries at, £225, buyer collects. Carl, Nottingham. Tel: (0602) 299776.

AOR-900 scanner, excellent condition with charger adapter and aerials, £125. Tel: Mid Glamorgan (0656) 786306.

Eddystone 880 MkII, 30 band, circuit, £250. S640 communicationsreceiver,£90. 770R, £110. S940, £190. EA12 Ham band, £150. EC1D, others HRO, £100. Wanted EP20 panadapter. Alan, Berkshire. Tel: (0344) 27869.

Eddystone receivers, various models for sale, all in nice condition, send s.a.e. for list. Peter Lepino, 31 Eastwick Park Avenue, Great Bookham, Surrey KT23 3LZ or FAX: (0372) 454381, Tel: (0374) 128170.

ERA MkII Microreader, £95. ERA BP34 audio bandpass filter, £65. Both in mint condition. Yupiteru airband receiver complete with NiCads, charger, £85, as new. VT-125. James, Berks. Tel: (0628) 27505.

Flight Plan USA, an exciting new board game using authentic beacons, airways emergencies, storms, altitudes, oceanic tracks, up to six players, ten years up, only, £14.95 post included. Mr S. Warland, 61 Imperial Road, Gillingham, Kent ME75PH. Tel: (0634) 576135.

FRG-7700 FRG 7 global tuner, 1992 call books, manuals for both receivers, £250 the lot, buyer collects, will negotiate. P. Collins, 137 Southgate Street, Gloucester GL1 1XQ.

Icom R71E communication receiver with f.m. unit and FL32 instold, going for, £600 o.n.o.AudiolinePT-345c.b.home base, 80 channels f.m. with minband for, £100 o.n.o. Tel: Westhoughton (0942) 816864.

Icom ICR-7000 scanner, v.g.c., boxed with manual, £690. Marconi 2345 2GHz digital counter, £525 o.n.o. with manual, may swap. Chris, Telford. Tel: (0952) 432400.

Icom R71E with external speaker SP3, original box, with manual, £650 o.n.o., buyer collects. Tel: London 081-558 5227 anytime.

Icom R72 receiver, 30kHz to 30MHz, 100 memories with built-in clock and timer, immaculate condition, £595. Tel: London 081-951 0676.

J&P Electronics FAX receive set-up for Spectrum, including interface for 128+2, £35 complete, plus postage. Tel: Wolverhampton (0902) 337559.

JRC NRD-525 receiver, 2 months old, boxed, as new, £650. Decoder MCL-1100 Easyreader Seikosha printer, green screen monitor plus all cables and instructions, boxed, as new, £400. Tel: Liverpool 051-259 2456.

JRC NRD-535 mint condition,

as new, boxed with manual, £900 o.n.o. Tel: Glasgow 041-772 8454.

JRC NRD-535, as new, original packing, manual etc., still under guarantee, £925. ERA Microreader MkII, unused, £90. Tel: Notts (0602) 335292.

Lowe HF-150 portable h.f. communications receiver plus NiCads a.c./p.s.u., boxed, as new, £250. G8ZLD, Staffs. Tel: (0889) 563495

Lowe HF-225 (Europa), includes power supply unit, keypad, a.m./f.m. detector, whip amplifier, whip and NiCad option, condition nearly new, still under warranty, £450. Tel: Derby (0332) 771410 anytime.

Lowe HF-225 a.m./f.m. syn detector, keypad, 7 months old, still under guarantee, excellent condition, hardly used, £375 o.n.o. Tel: Hants (0264) 72380.

Lowe HF-225 as new, with the following options: keypad, synchronous a.m./f.m. detector, active whip antenna, NiCads and carrying case, £400. Also ERA Microreader MkII, purchased April 1993, £130. John, Liverpool. Tel: 051-486 3921 after 6pm.

MFJ1278 multi-mode data controller TX/RX, packet, RTTY, FAX, SSTV, c.w. etc. with Commodore 64 + disk, drive software + IBM starter software. Buyer to collect, £250 cash. No offers. Tel: Leicestershire (0455) 846873.

Morse Tutor, Datong D70, mint condition, £45. HF-125 with sync. a.m. and f.m. keypad, mint, £200. Tel: Darlingotn (0325) 382376.

Notebook computer, Amstrad ANB-386SX 20Mb HD internal 3.5in floppy VGA I.c.d. screen. DOS5, Lotus Works software, fully IBM compatible, £400. Also Philips colour VGA monitor, £130. Full size keyboard, £15, all mint. Tel: Argyl (0631) 66583 day or (0631) 72418 evenings.

Philips 2935 with s.s.b. etc., battery mains, as new

condition, boxed, manual, £95. Tel: Blackpool area (0253) 727279.

Professional h.f. receiver, Eddystone 1830 with manual, in excellent working condition, £285. Oscilloscope PhilipsPM3240 dualtrace50MHz, in perfect working order, £150. Tel: Sussex (0293) 527288.

Racal RA17 in full cabinet with manual, £140, cash only. Buyer inspects and collects. Jim, Lancs. Tel: (0942) 718382 after 4pm weekdays.

Racal RA17 MkII, in good order, with product detector as in SWM, £150 or exchange for Eddystone pre-war model or accessories. Graham Leese, Barnsley. Tel: (0226) 288718.

Radio compass receiver R1933A (as new), £30. 100-400MHz receiver (valve), £20. Morse key with amplifier (tutor), £20. Mr Hayward, Kent. Tel: (0304) 853375.

Realistic DX-302 communications receiver with manual, £50. Yaesu FRT-7700 antenna tuner, £30. Datong AD-370 active receiving antenna, £20. Turner SSK base station mike, £30. Skipmaster base station mike, £20. Tel: Avon (0275) 340565.

Realistic DX-440 in mint condition, complete with instruction manual, mains adapter and original box, £60 o.n.o. Tel: Trowbridge (0225) 761248.

Realistic PRO-2006 400 channel scanner with magmount aerial, excellent condition, £200. Tel: South Yorkshire (0709) 528358 after 6pm.

Roberts R808 multi-band digital pre-set stereo world radio, 5 tuning methods, 45 pre-sets, boxed, as new, plus postage or collect. C. Robinson, Leeds. Tel: (0532) 636783.

Robot 400 SSTV transceiver, excellent condition, original cost, £600, bargain at, £160. John, Western Super Mare. Tel: (0934) 417714 evenings.

Sangean ATS-803A, boxed, as new, plus *Passport to World Band Radio* 1993 edition, £50, buyer collects or pays carriage. Tel: Derby (0332) 674092 after 6pm.

Scanner 25-1000MHz, 200 memories, base station, remote control, Shinwa SR001 as new, boxed, £165. Also

Trading Post

Fairmate v.h.f./u.h.f., mobile, air marine, £89. Wanted Icom R7000 and Icom R1, can travel. John, Suffolk. Tel: (0394) 272096 evenings.

Sony 2001D, £145. ERAS micro-reader + RS232 printer converter, new, £135. Pro printer for above, £55. VDU RS232 printer in/output 20. Sony TV + printer, £30, 250V=13.5V, new, £18. SW Books, £5. Two CB walk/talk radios, £10. Frank. Tel: (0850) 295326 evenings/weekends.

Sony 7600, £85. Realistic PRO30 hand-held scanner, £85. Realistic DX302 h.f. receiver, £65. Tel: Rochdale (0706) 45424.

Sony ICF SW20 worldband compact, recommended, mint, postfree, £49. Pioneer TX-9800 suitable DX, Radford FMT2, famous classy stereo tuners, £49. Laboratory 0-15V, £9. Microscope 600X Russian trilens, sealed box, halfprice, £99, R. Michaels, 11 Caracfacus Cottage View, Watford, Herts WD1 8LG. Tel: (0923) 223041.

Sony ICF-2001 f.m./a.m. s.s.b./c.w.6 pre-sets, two slight scratches on perspex frequency window, otherwise good condition, £90. Prefer buyer collects. Tel: Leeds (0532) 636983.

Sony SW20 analogue receiver. SW (7 bands) m.w.,

f.m., pocket sized, excellent condition, £40 inc. postage. Technics STG450L Hi-Fi tuner, digital display, presets, mint condition, £75 inc. postage. John, London, Tel: 081-553 2028 before 8pm.

Tatung TMR-7602, Sangean AT-803 clone portable desk RX, very good condition, complete with carry case p.s.u., lightweight headphones, wire antenna, manual, £70, will pay shipping. Tel: Essex (0255) 503176 after 6pm.

Uniden Bearcat UBC. 200XLT scanner, hand-held portable, as new, boxed, extra antenna stand scanner and scanner book with UK scanning directory, £120 o.n.o. Will deliver or post to you. Tel: Cheslyn Hay (0922) 701800.

Wavecom W4010 data decoder and analyser, 20 modes plus three analyser selections, power supply and manual included, £600. Brian, Bucks. Tel: (0494) 726563.

Yaesu 9600 scan receiver 50-950MHz, £325 boxed. Kenwood R2000 receiver with manual, £325. Brian, Lincs. Tel: (0205) 760007.

Yaesu FRG-7700 receiver, 100kH to 30MHz, good condition with global a.t.u., £280, no offers. Tel: North Wales (0492) 596517.

Yaesu FRG-8800, mint condition and boxed, £425. Alinco high power 88 channel programmable scan marine, hand portable, mint condition, £150. Tel: Devon (0803) 864033.

Yupiteru MVT-7000 handheld scanner with accessories and box. Easy to use. £230. Tel: Cheshire (0606) 836551.

Wanted

AR88D, must be working and in good condition with manual. will collect. Tel: South Wales (0267) 202321.

Eddystone general coverage h.f. receiver, like 830 or 940, good price paid (not AC/DC models). Also 1950s ARRL and radio (editors and engineers) handbooks. Tel: Essex (0279) 436660.

FM Receiver 66-73MHz for coverage of f.m. band used by former Eastern Bloc countries. Tel: (0260) 274775 or 33 Churchill Close, West Heath, Congleton, Cheshire CW12 4QU.

ICS FAX1 h.f. fascimile demodulator. Tel: Isle of Lewis (0851) 706448 after 5pm.

Independant side-band adapter for RA17, RA98? Your price paid, can collect. Tel: London 081-579 8929.

Instruction/operating manual for Sony multi-band receiver, ICF-6700 (1982/3) model. Original or photocopies, all reasonable costs gladly re-imbursed. D. Freeman, 4 Cwm Gwennol, Rushy Lake, Saundersfoot, Dyfed SA69 9PN.

Memory Unit for Yaesu 7700 please. Tel: Herts (0462) 490553

Pre-war or just post-war Marconi HMV combined radio and TV (small tube) any condition sought by rnthusiast, will collect. Usher, Bedford. Tel: (0234) 354767.

Racal R17, good working order, clean condition, two sets of Racal spares and valves, offers. Billington, London. Tel: 081-699 4413 after 6pm.

RTTY Unit CMH530 for NRD525 still wanted. For Sale Boxed, mint, MFJ5948 a.t.u., £100. SandPiper HFV9 all band vertical, £110. Technical Software's TIFI interface and RX4, TX3, SSTV Morse Tutor BBC disk, £50. Tom, Kettering. Tel: (0536) 522007 any reasonable time.

Exchange

HTX-100 10 metre mobile transceiver, 25W s.s.b./c.w. with accessories and manual, 11 months old, as new, £225 or exchange for modern communications RX, possible cash adjustment. G3PXV, Cambs. Tel: (073129) 231.

JVC 26in colour television. Nicam digital stereo, teletext, remote control, Scart sockets, excellent condition for good quality all mode base station, shortwave receiver. Tel: Derby (0332) 702094 anytime.

	Closing Date	e for Adverts Nove	mber Issue - 1st	October, December Issue - 1st November.
TRADING	POST	ORDER	FORM	PLEASE WRITE IN BLOCK CAPITALS

Please insert this advertisement in the next available issue of Short Wave Magazine.

A photocopy of this form is acceptable, but you must still send in the corner

l enclose Cheque/P.O. for £.....(£2.35). FOR SALE/WANTED/EXCHANGE maximum 30 words flash below, as proof of purchase. (Cheques and Postal Orders should be made payable to Short Wave Magazine). Name Address (30)VISA **CONTACT DETAILS maximum 12 words** Signature Expiry date of card **SWM OCT 93 TP** (12)

ELECTRONICS VALVES & SEMICONDUCTORS

Phone for a most courteous quotation

081-743 0899 Fax: 081-749 3934 Telex: 917257

We are one of the largest stockists of valves etc, in the U.K. 170 GOLDHAWK ROAD LONDON W12 8HJ

COLOMOR (ELECTRONICS) LTD.

LICENCED 1962 RAQTA ELECTRONICS I BUY AND SELL TOP QUALITY AMATEUR RADIO EQUIPMENT Telephone Dave (0708) 374043 [Eves & W/End) or Alan (0268) 752522 [Daytime] 9 Troopers Drive, Harold Hill, Romford, Essex Callers by appointment, Fart exchange welcomed! 73 de Dave

PC GOES/

PC HF FAX 6.0

RECEIVE and TRANSMIT weather charts, rebroadcast satellite pictures, amateur and press images.

230 Page manual with worldwide- fax frequency and schedule list, together with built in program database. Supports Hercules, CGA, EGA, VGA and SVGA, Printer support for 9 pin, 24 pin, inkjet and laserjet printers up to 14 linch carriage. Display in grey scale, blue grey and colour. All standard line rates and IOC supported. Automatic limage capture scheduler with sync and start/stop tone recognition. nages maybe saved in GIF or PCX format.

stallation is simple, both the demodulator and modulator plug into the serial port of the PC and are powered by the computer.

Upgrade for existing PC HF FAX users £43.40 P&P £1.50 £116.33 inc VAT P&P £3.25 **Optional Transmit Modulator £59.80**

SSI V 5.0

RECEIVE and TRANSMIT Slow Scan TV Images mages can be received and transmitted in monchrome or colour. Support for ROBOT, SCOTTIE, MARTIN and AVT modes. Image resolution in VGA or SVGA up o 640x480x256. Received and transmitted images can be converted to .PCX of .GIF formats. Tuning oscilloscope, noise smoothing, saving to disk, printing and diting are some of its many features.

Upgrade for existing SWL, HF FAX and GOES users £64.92 P&P £1.50 £99.00 Inc VAT P&P £3.25 **Optional Transmit Modulator £59.80**



All items come complete with a comprehensive manual, tutorial audio cassette and demodulator. They will work on any PC compatible computer from 8088 to 486 and notebooks. The demodulator plugs into the serial port of the PC and requires audio from a radio receiver. Suitable dedicated receivers and aerials are also available

Call today for full details and brochures COMAR ELECTRONICS

UNIT 3, MEDINA COURT

ARCTIC ROAD, COWES,

ISLE OF WIGHT, PO31 7XD

Tel: 0983 200308 Fax: 0983 280402



PC GOES/WEFAX enables you to receive both

FAX and SATELLITE images on your PC computer In FAX mode it will display weather charts, rebroadcast satellite images, press and amateur transmissions. In SATELLITE mode it will capture images from both METEOSAT and all Polar orbiting satellites. Some of its many advanced features

are: • Image resolution: 640×800×16 standard, 1280×800×256 with VGA and 1MB

WEF

ains the following facilities This new version o

Tris new version contains the tonowing facilities: + RTTV baudot 45, 50, 75 and 100, or user selectable rate • ASCII 75, 110, 150, and 300, or user selectable rate • FEC/ARO including AMTOR/SITOR 75 and 100 baud • MORSE CODE with automatic or manual speed control • NAVTEX marine weather and navigational information • RAW HEX for manual decoding • Improved automatic signal analysis • Integrated shortwave station log, to enable search, sort and store stations • New drop down menus, integration with PC HE FAX.

Upgrade for existing PC SWL users £43.40 p&p £1.50 £99 inc VAT p&p £3.25 Order PC SWL and PC HF FAX together for only £178 p&p £3.25

SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE PCB SERVICE

Printed circuit boards for SWM constructional projects are available from the SWM PCB Service. The boards are made in 1.5mm glass-fibre and are fully tinned and drilled. All prices guoted in the table include Post and Packing and VAT for UK orders.

Board	Title of Article	Issue	Price £
SR010	A Green Bandspread Dipper	Jun 93	5.75
SR008	Experimental VHF Receiver	Jun 91	5.81
SR007	VLF Receiver	Dec 90	5.24
SR006	Medium Wave AM Radio	Nov 90	3.34
SR005	R210 Converter	July/August 90	6.87
SR004	PRO-2004 Modifications	Oct 89	6.63
SR003	HF to VHF Converter	Aug 89	5.22
SR002	Weather Satellite Reception	Jun 88	3.88

Orders and remittances should be sent to: Badger Boards, 87 Blackberry Lane, Four Oaks, Sutton Coldfield B78 4JF. Tel: 021-353 9326, marking your envelope SWM PCB Service. Cheques should be crossed and made payable to Badger Boards. When ordering please state the Article Title as well as the Board Number. Please print your name and address clearly in block capitals and do not enclose any other correspondence with your order.

Please allow 28 days for delivery. Only the p.c.b.s listed here are available.

Badger Boards, 87 Blackberry Lane, Four Oaks, Sutton Coldfield B78 4JF. Tel: 021-353 9326





HOW TO ORDER. PLEASE USE THE ORDER FORM ON PAGE 75.

POST AND PACKING; add £1.00 for one book, £2.00 for two or more books, orders over £40 post and packing free, (overseas readers add £1.75 for one book, £3.50 for two or more for surface mail postage) and send a postal order, cheque or international money with your order to PW Publishing Ltd, FREEPOST, Arrowsmith Court, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW. Please make your cheques payable to PW Publishing Ltd. Payment by Access, Mastercard, Eurocard or Visa also accepted on telephone orders to Poole (0202) 659930. Books are normally despatched by return of post but please allow 28 days for delivery. Prices correct at time of going to press. Please note: all payments must be made in Sterling.

LISTENING GUIDES

AIR BAND RADIO HANDBOOK 4th Edition David J. Smith

Extensively revised & updated (October 1992). Air band radio listening enables you to listen-in on the conversations between aircraft and those on the ground who control and these of the ground with control of the and fascinating hobby. A new chapter on military air band has been added. The author, an air traffic controller, explains more about this listening hobby. 190 pages. £7.99

DIAL SEARCH 1992/94

George Wilcox The listener's check list and guide to European radio broadcasting, Covers m.w., l.w., v.h.f. & s.w., including two special fold-out maps. Also includes a full list of British stations, a select list of European station, broadcasts in English and 'Making the Most of Your Portable'. *46 pages*. £4.25

FLIGHT ROUTINGS 1993 Compiled by T.T. & S.J. Williams This guide was produced with the sole aim of assisting airband listeners to quickly find details of a flight, once they have identified an aircraft's callsign. Identifies the flights of airlines schedule chatter caron and airlines, schedule, charter, cargo and mail, to and from the UK and Eire and overflights between Europe and America. *122 pages.* £5.95

FERRELL'S CONFIDENTIAL **FREQUENCY LIST 8th Edition**

Compiled by Geoff Halligey Spirally bound, this easy-to-use reference book covers 1.6 - 28MHz in great depth, all modes and utility services, with new reverse frequency listing showing every known frequency against each callsign, who's using what frequency and mode, what's that callsign? These are some of the answers this book will help you find. 544 pages. £17.95

GUIDE TO FACSIMILE STATIONS 13th Edition

Joerg Klingenfuss The new edition of this super reference book covers the world's facsimile stations, their frequencies facsimile stations, their frequencies and methods of working. There is section covering the equipment needed to receive FAXes over the radio. To give you an idee of what is available there are many pages of off-air received FAX pictures. 392 pages. £18.00

GUIDE TO UTILITY STATIONS 11th Edition

The control Joerg Klingenfuss This book covers the complete short wave range from 3 to 30MHz together with the adjacent frequency bands from 0 to 150kHz and from 1.6 to 3MHz, It includes details on all types of utility stations including FAX and RTTY. There are 19549 entries in the frequency list and 3590 in the alphabetical callsign list plus press services and meteorological stations. Included are RTTY & FAX press and meteo schedules. There are 11800 changes since the 10th edition. 534 pages. £24.00

HF OCEANIC AIRBAND COMMUNICATIONS 4th Edition Bill Laver HF aircraft channels by frequency and

band, main ground radio stations, European R/T networks and North

Atlantic control frequencies. 31 pages. £3.95

INTERNATIONAL RADIO STATIONS GUIDE BP255 Peter Shore

As in 'Broadcast Roundup', his column in PW. Peter Shore has laid this book out in world areas, providing the listener with a reference work designed to guide around the evermore complex radio bands. There are sections covering English language transmissions, programmes for DXers and s.w.l.s. Along with sections on European medium wave and UK f.m. stations. 266 pages: £5.95

INTERNATIONAL WHE EM GUIDE 7th Edition. Julian Baldwin G3UHK & Kris Partridge G8AUU

This book gives concise details of repeaters & beacons world-wide plus coverage maps & further information on UK repeaters. *70 pages*. £2.85

MARINE UK RADIO FREQUENCY

GUIDE Bill Laver A complete guide (reprinted January 1993) to the UK s.w. and v.h.f. marine radio networks. Useful information, frequency listings and the World Marine Coastal Phone Stations. 62 pages. £4.95

MONITORING THE YUGOSLAV CONFLICT

Langley Pierce A guide to movitoring the Yugoslav radio transmissions of the UN, aircraft and shipping engaged in the civil war in the former Yugoslavia. 28 pages. £4.85

NEWNES SHORT WAVE LISTENING HAND BOOK Joe Pritchard G1UQW

Jee Princhard Glouw A technical guide for all short wave listeners. Covers construction and use of sets for the s.w.l. who wants to explore the bands up to 30MHz. Also covers the technical side of the hobby from simple electrical principles all the way to simple receivers. 276 pages. £15.95

POCKET GUIDE TO RTTY AND FAX STATIONS Bill Laver

A handy reference book listing RTTY and FAX stations, together with modes and other essential information. The listing is in ascending frequency order, from 1.6 to 26.8MHz. 57 pages. £3.95

BADIO LISTENERS GUIDE 1993

Clive Woodyear This is the third edition of this radio listener's guide. Simple-to-use maps and charts show the frequencies for radio stations in the UK. Organised so that the various station types are listed separately, the maps are useful for the travelling listener. Articles included in the guide discuss v.h.f aerials, RDS, the Radio Authority and nts from Blaupunkt 56 pages. £2.95

SHORT WAVE INTERNATIONAL

FREQUENCY HANDBOOK Formerly the Confidential Frequence List and re-published in April 93, th book covers 500kHz-30MHz. It 93, this contains duplex and channel lists, callsigns, times and modes, broadcast listing and times. *192 pages*. £9.95

UK SCANNING DIRECTORY

3rd Edition This spiral bound book list over 12000

UK spot frequencies from 25MHz to 1.213GHz. Articles on scanning in the UK. *250 pages.* £16.95

VHF/UHF AIRBAND FREQUENCY

GUIDE 4th Edition A complete guide to civil & military airband frequencies including how to receive the signals, the frequencies and services. VOLMET, receiver requirements, aerials and much more about the interesting subject of airband radio are included 123 pages. £6.95

VHF/UHF SCANNING FREQUENCY GUIDE

This book gives details of frequencies from 26MHz to 12GHz with no gaps and who uses what. Completely revised and enlarged (February 1993), there are chapters on equipment requirements as well as antennas, the aeronautical bands, as well as the legal aspect of listening using a scanner. *156 pages*. £9.95

WORLD RADIO TV HANDBOOK 1993

Country-by-country listing of I.w., m.w. & s.w. broadcast and TV stations. Receiver test reports, English language broadcasts. The s.w.l.'s 'bible'. £15.95.

ANTENNAS (AERIALS)

AERIAL PROJECTS BP105

Practical designs including active, loop and ferrite antennas plus accessory units. *96 pages*. **£2.50**

ALL ABOUT VERTCAL ANTENNAS W. I. Orr W6SAI & S. D. Cowan W2LX Covers the theory, design and construction operation of vertical antennas. How to use your tower as a vertical antenna and compact vertical designs for restricted locations. All about loading coils and a.t.u.s. 192 pages. £7.50

ANTENNA EXPERIMENTER'S GUIDE

Peter Dodd G3LDO Although written for radio amateurs, this book will be of interest to anyone who enjoys experimenting with antennas. You only need a very basic knowledge of radio & electronics to get the most from this book. Chapters include details on measuring resonance, impedance, field strength and performance, mats and materials and experimental antennas. 200 pages. £8.90

ANTENNA IMPEDANCE

MATCHING

Wilfred N. Caron Proper impedance matching of an antenna to a transmission line is of concern to antenna engineers and to every radio antenna engineers and to matched antenna as the termination for a line minimises feed-line losses. Power can be fed to such a line Power can be rea to such a line without the need for a matching network at the line input. There is no mystique involved in designing even the most complex multi-element networks for broadband coverage. 195 pages. £11.95

ARRL ANTENNA BOOK

16th Edition A station is only as effective as its antenna system. This book covers propagation, practical constructional details of almost every type of antenna, test equipment and formulas and programs for beam heading calculations. 789 pages. £14.50

ARRL ANTENNA COMPENDIUM

Volume One Fascinating and hitherto unpublished material. Among the topics discussed are quads and loops, log periodic arrays, beam and multi-band antennas, verticals and reduced size antennas. 175 pages. £9.50

ARRLANTENNA COMPENDIUM

Volume Two Because antennas are a topic of great interest among radio amateurs, ARRL HQ continues to receive many more papers on the subject than can possibly be published in *QST*. Those papers are collected in this volume 208 pages. £9.50

ABBL ANTENNA COMPENDIUM

ARRL ANTENNA COMPENDIUM Volume Three Edited by Jerry Hall KITD As the title suggests, this book is the third in the continuing series on practical antennas, theory and accessories produced by the ARRL. The book reflects the tremendous interest and activity in antenna work interest and activity in antenna work, and provides a further selection of antennas and related projects you can build. 236 pages. £9.50

BEAM ANTENNA HANDBOOK

W. I. Orr W6SAI & S. D. Cowan W2LX Design, construction, adjustment and installation of h.f. beam antennas. The information this book contains has been complied from the data obtained in experiments conducted by the authors, and from information provided by scientists and engineers working on commercial and military antenna ranges. 268 pages. £7.50

G-QRP CLUB ANTENNA HANDBOOK Compiled and edited by P. Linsley G3PDL & T. Nicholson KA9WRI/GWOLNO.

This book is a collection of antenna and related circuits taken from Sprat. and related circuits taken from Sprat, the G-QRP Club's journal. Although most of the circuits are aimed at the low-power fratenrity, many of the interesting projects are also useful for general use. Not intended as a text book, but offers practical and proven circuits. 155 pages. £5.00

HEANTENNA COLLECTION (BSGB)

Edited by Erwin David G4LQI This book contains a collection of useful, and interesting h.f. antenna articles, first published in the RSGB's Radio Communication magazine, between 1968 and 1989, along with other useful information on ancillary topics such as feeders, tuners, baluns, testing and mechanics for the antenna builder. 233 pages. £9.50.

INTRODUCTION TO ANTENNA THEORY BP198

H. C. Wright This book deals with the basic concepts relevant to receiving and transmitting antennas, with emphasis on the mechanics and minimal use of mathematics. Lots of diagrams help with the understanding of the subjects dealt with. Chapters include information on efficiency, impedance, parasitic elements and a variety of different antennas. *86 pages*. **£2**.95

NOVICE ANTENNA NOTEBOOK Doug DeMaw W1FB

Another book from the pen of W1FB. this time offering 'new ideas for beginning hams'. All the drawings are large and clear and each chapter ends with a glossary of terms. It is

written in plain language and you don't need to be a mathematician to build and erect the support structures that are presented in this book 124 pages. £6.95

PRACTICAL ANTENNA HANDBOOK Joseph J. Carr As the name suggests, this bool

offers a practical guide at everything to do with antennas, from h.f. to microwaves. It also has sections on propagation, transmission lines, antenna fundamentals and a helpful introduction to radio broadcasting and communication. The book neatly balances a practical approach with the minimum of mathematics, good diagrams and a lively text. 437 pages. £20.95

RADIO AMATEUR ANTENNA HANOBOOK

W. I. Orr W6SAI & S. D. Cowan W2LX Yagi, Quad, Quagi and LPY beam antennas as well as vertical, horizontal and sloper antennas are covered in this useful book. How to judge the best location, DX antenna height, ground loss and radials. 188 pages. £7.50

SIMPLE LOW-COST WIRE

ANTENNAS FOR RADIO AMATEURS W. I. Orr W6SAI & S. D. Cowan W2LX Efficient antennas for Top Band to 2m. including 'invisible' antennas for difficult station locations. Clear explanations of resonance, radiation resistance, impedance, s.w.r., balanced and unbalanced antennas are also included. 188 pages. £7.50

W1FB'S ANTENNA NOTEBOOK

Doug DeMaw W1FB This book provides lots of designs, in simple and easy to read terms, for simple wire and tubing antennas. All drawings are large and clear making construction much easier. There is no high-level mathematics in this book. just simple equations only when necessary to calculate the length of an antenna element or its matching section, 123 pages. £6.95

WIRES & WAVES Collected Antenna Articles from PW 1980-1984

Antenna and propagation theory. Anterna and propagation theory, including NBS Yagi design data. Practical designs for antennas from medium waves to microwaves, plus accessories such as a.t.u.s, s.w.r. and power meters and a noise bridge. Dealing with TVI is also covered. 160 pages. £3.00

YAGI ANTENNA DESIGN Dr James. L. Lawson W2PV This book is a polished and expanded version of a series of articles first published in Ham Radio following on from a series of lectures by the author, who was well-known as the expert on Yagi design. Chapters include simple Yagi antennas, loop antennas, effect of ground, stacking and practical antenna design. 210 pages. £10.95

25 SIMPLE AMATEUR BAND AERIALS BP125 E. M. Noll

How to build 25 simple and inexpensive amateur band aerials, from a simple dipole through beam and triangle designs to a mini-rhombic. Dimensions for specific spot frequencies including the WARC bands are also given. 63 pages. £1.95







25 SIMPLE INDOOR AND WINDOW AERIALS BP136

E. M. Noll Designs for people who live in flats or have no gardens, etc., giving surprisingly good results considering their limited dimensions. Information is also given on short wave bands, aerial directivity, time zones and dimensions, 50 pages, £1,75

25 SIMPLE SHORT WAVE

BRDADCAST BAND AERIALS BP132 E. M. Noll Designs for 25 different short wave Designs for 25 dimerent short Wave broadcast band aerials, from a simple dipole through helical designs to a multi-band umbrella. Information is also given on short wave bands, aerial directivity, time zones and dimension tables that will help spot an actical on a particular foreuron." aerial on a particular frequency 63 pages. £1.95

25 SIMPLE TROPICAL AND MW BAND AERIALS BP145 E. M. Noll Simple and inexpensive serials for the

broadcast bands from medium wave to 49m. Information is also given on band details, directivity, time zones and dimensions. 54 pages. £1.75

MORSE

INTRODUCING MORSE

INTRODUCING MORSE Collected Articles from PW 1982-1985 Ways of learning the Morse Code, followed by constructional details of a variety of keys including lambic, Triambic and an Electronic Bug with a 528-bit memory as well as a practice oscillator and Morse tutor. 48 pages. £1.25

SECRET OF LEARNING MORSE CODE

Mark Francis Updates for the Novice Licence Designed to make you proficient in Morse code in the shortest possible time, this book points out many of the pitfalls that beset the student. 84 pages, £4.95

SATELLITES

NEWNES GUIDE TO SATELLITE TV

Derek Stephenson This book, the 2nd edition, is a hard bound volume, printed on high quality paper. The author is a satellite repair and installation engineer and the book covers all information needed by the installation engineer, the hobbyist and the service engineer to understand the theoretical and practical aspects of satellite reception with dish installation and how to trouble-shoot when picture quality is not up to anticipated reception. Mathematics has been kept to a minimum. 284 pages. £17.95

SATELLITE BDOK - A Complete Guide to Satellite TV Theory and Practice John Breeds

John Breeds This book deals almost exclusively with television broadcast satellites and is a comprehensive collection of chapters on topics, each written by a expert in that field. It appears to be aimed at the professional satellite system installer, for whom it is invaluable, but it will be appreciated by a much wider audience - anyone interested in satellite technology 280 pages. £30.00

SATELLITE EXPERIMENTER'S HANDBOOK 2nd Edition Martin Davidoff K2UBC

Martin Davidon R20BC The book is divided into four main sections - History, Getting Started, Technical Topics and Appendices. I provides information on spacecraft built by, and for, radio amateurs. In addition, it discusses weather, TV-broadcast and other satellites of interest to amateurs. 313 pages. £14.50

SATELLITE TELEVISION A layman's guide Peter Pearson Pictures from space, that's what satellite television is all about. Orbiting satellites, 35000km high, receive TV signals from stations on

the earth and re-transmit them back again. This book explains all you need to know to set up your own satellite TV terminal at home, dish and accessories, cable and tuner. 73 pages. £1.00

SATELLITE TELEVISION 2nd Edition John Breeds

A practical guide to satellite television. Detailed guide-lines on installing and aligning dishes based on practical experience. *56 pages.* £13.00

WEATHER SATELLITE HANDBOOK Dr Relph E. Taggart WB8DQT

or naiph C. lagger WBBUII This book explains all about weather satellites, how they work and how you can receive and decode their signals to provide the fascinating pictures of the world's weather. Plenty of circuit diagrams and catellite or distinct diagrams and satellite predicting programs. 192 pages. £14.50

AMATEUR RADIO

ALL ABOUT VHE AMATEUR RADIO W. I. Orr W6SAI Written in non-technical language,

Written in non-technical language, this book provides information covering important aspects of v.h.f. radio and tells you where you can find additional data. If you have a scanner, you'll find a lot of interesting signals in the huge span of frequencies covered, 100-300MHz & 50, 420, 902 & 1250MHz hande. 167 ance 69.50 1250MHz bands. 163 pages. £9.50

AMATEUR RADIO CALL BOOK (RSGB)

1993 Edition Over 60000 callsigns are listed Uver buoud callisigns are listed including El stations. Now incorporates a 122-page section of useful information for amateur radio enthusiasts and a new novice callsign section. 444 pages: £9.50

ARRL HANOBOOK FOR RADIO AMATEURS 1993

AMATEURS 1993 This is the 70th edition of this handbook and contains the best information from previous issues. New for this edition is some information on feedback-loop design for power supplies, a new gel-cell charger project, updates on antenna systems and new coverage of baluns propagation programs are compared and colour SSTV and telephone FAX machines are also covered. Finally there's a new section on 'for the workbench' with new projects for t reader to build. *1214 pages*. £18.95 for the

ARRI OPERATING MANUAL

Another very useful ARRL book. Although written for the American amateur, this book will also be of use and interest to the UK amateur. Topics istening through operating awards to repeaters, operating and satellites. 684 pages. £12.95

ARRI SATELLITE ANTHOLOGY

The best from the Amateur Satellite News column and articles out of 31 issues of *QST* have been gathered together in this book. The latest information on OSCARS 9 through 13 as well as the RS satellites is included. Operation on Phase 3 satellites (OSCAR 10 and 13) is covered in detail. 97 pages. £5.95

ARRL UHF/MICROWAVE EXPERIMENTER'S MANUAL

Various Authors A truly excellent manual for the keen microwave enthusiast and for the budding 'microwaver'. With contributions from over 20 specialist authors. Chapters covering techniques, theory, projects, methods and mathematics. 446 pages. £14.50

COMPLETE DX'ER

Bob Locher This book covers equipment and operating techniques for the DX chaser, from beginner to advanced. Every significant aspect of DXing is Every significant aspect of DAIng is covered, from learning how to really listen, how to snatch the rare ones out of the pile-ups and how to secure that elusive QSL card. 204 pages. £7.95

HINTS AND KINKS FOR THE RADIO AMATEUR Edited by Charles L. Hutchinson and David Newkirk A collection of practical ideas gleaned from the pages of *QST* magazine. Plenty of projects to build, hints and tips on interference, c.w. and operating and snippets of Information from amateurs who've tried and tested the idea. tried and tested the idea. 129 pages. £4.95

NDW TO PASS THE RADIO AMATEURS' EXAMINATION (RSGB) Clive Smith G4FZH and George

Benbow G3HB The background to multiple choice exams and how to study for them with sample RAE paper for practice plus maths revision and how to study for the exam. The majority of this book is given to sample examination papers so that candidates can familiarise themselves with the examination and assess their ability, 88 pages, £6.70.

INTRODUCTION TO AMATEUR COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITES BP290. A. Pickard This book describes several currently available systems, their connection to an appropriate computer and how they can be operated with suitable computer. The results of description software. The results of decoding signals containing such information as telemetry data and weather pictures are demonstrated. 102 pages. £3.95

INTRODUCTION TO AMATEUR BADIO BP257 1. O. Poole

This book gives the newcomer a comprehensive and easy to understand guide through amateur radio. Topics include operating procedures, jargon, propagation and setting up a station. *150 pages*. £3.50

INTRODUCTION TO RADIO WAVE PROPAGATION BP293

J.G. Lee How does the sun and sunspots affect the propagation of the radio waves which are the basis of our hobby? Which are the basis of our hobby? They affect the ionosphere, but differing frequencies are treated differently. Find out how to use charts to predict frequencies that will be the most profitable. What effect will noise have on the signal? Find out with this book. 116 pages. £3.95

INTRODUCTION TO VHF/UHF FOR RADID AMATEURS BP281

I.O. Poole An excellent book to go with the new An accellent book to go with the new Novice or full callsign. Nine chapters and an appendix deal with all aspects and frequencies from 50 to 1300MHz. Topics include propagation, descriptions of the bands, antennas, receivers, transmitters and a special chapter on scanners. 102pages. £3.50

PASSPORT TO AMATEUR RADIO Reprinted from PW 1981-1982 The famous series by GW3JGA, used by thousands of successful RAE candidates in their studies. Plus other useful articles for RAE students including emission codes, explanations of diodes, s.s.b. and decibels. *87 pages*. £1.50

PRACTICAL GUIDE TO PACKET

PRACTICAL GUIDE TO PACKET OPERATION IN THE UK Mike Mansfield G6AWD Introduces the concept of packet radio to the beginner. Problem areas are discussed and suggestions made for solutions to minimise them. Deals with the technical aspects of packet taking the reader through setting up and provides a comprehensive guide and provides a comprehensive guide to essential reference material 205 pages. £8.95

ORP CLASSICS

URP CLASSICS Edited by Bob Schetgen Operating QRP is fun. The equipment is generally simple and easy to build, but often performs like more sophisticated commercial equipment. Some QRP Field Day equipment. Some un Field Day stations operate a full 27 hours on a car battery - it's the perfect equipment for emergency communication when the power fails. Extracts from 0.57 and the ARRL Handbook. 274 pages. £9.95

RADIO AMATEUR CALLBOOK INTERNATIONAL LISTINGS 1993 71st Edition

The only publication listing licensed radio amateurs throughout the world. Also includes OXCC Countries list, standard time chart, beacon lists and much more. Over 1400 pages. £19.50

RADIO AMATEUR CALLBOOK NORTH AMERICAN LISTINGS 1993 71st Edition

Listings of US amateurs (including Hawaii). Also contains standard time chart, census of amateur licences of the world, world-wide QSL bureau, etc. Over 1400 pages. £19.50

RADIO AMATEUR'S QUESTIONS & ANSWER REFERENCE MANUAL 4th Edition.

R. E. G. Petri G8CCJ This book has been compiled especially for students of the City and Guilds of London Institute BAE. It is structured with carefully selected multiple choice questions, to progress with any recognised course of instruction, although is is not intended as a text book. 280 pages. £7,95

RAE MANUAL RSGB G.LBenbow G3HB The latest edition of the standard aid to studying for the Radio Amateurs' Examination. Updated to cover the latest revisions to the syllabus. Takes the candidate step-by-step through the course. 127 pages. £6.70

RAE REVISION NOTES

George Benbow G3HB If you're studying for the Radio Amateur's Examination, this book could be useful. It's a summary of the salient points of the Radio Amateurs' Examination Manual, the standard textbook for the exam. It's A5 size and therefore can be carried with you wherever you go. Easy-to-read, it's divided into 13 chapters with topics divided into 13 chapters with topics like receivers, power supplies, measurements, operating procedures, licence conditions and a summary of the formulae all dealt with. 92 pages. £4.00

VHF/UHF DX BOOK Edited Ian White G3SEK

An all round source of inspiration for the v.h.f./u.h.f. enthusiast. Written by acknowledged experts this book covers just about everything you need to know about the technicalities of u.h.f.(u.h.f. enterprine v.h.f./u.h.f. operating. 270 pages. £18.00

W1FB's DESIGN NDTEBOOK

Doug DeMAW W1FB This book is aimed at the non-technical amateur who wants to build simple projects and obtain a basic understanding of amateur electronics understanding or amateur electronics. Your workshop does not need to be equipped like an engineering lab to be successful as an experimenter. Don't let a lack of test equipment keep you from enjoying the thrills of experimentation. 195 pages. £8.50

W1FB'S HELP FDR NEW HAMS Doug DeMaw W1FB

This book covers everything from getting acquainted with new equipment to constructing antennas, station layout, interference and operating problems to on-the-air conduct and procedures. 155 pages. £6.95

W1FB's QRP NOTEBOOK 2nd Edition

Doug De Maw W1FB The new improved and updated 2nd edition of this book, covers the introduction to QRP, construction methods, receivers and transmitters for QRP. This workshop notebook style publication, which is packed with new designs for the keen QRP operator, also covers techniques, accessories and has a small technical reference section. 175 pages. £7.95

YOUR GATEWAY TO PACKET BAOIO

YOUR GATEWAY TO PACKET RAUD Stan Horzepe WAILOU What is packet radio good for and what uses does it have for the "average" amateur? What are protocols? where, why, when? Lots of the most asked questions are answered in this useful book. It

included details of networking and space communications using packet. 278 pages. £8.95

THEORY

ARRI ELECTRONICS DATA BOOK

ARRL ELECTRONICS DATA BOOK Doug OeMaw WIFB Back by popular demand, completely revised and expanded, this is a handy reference book for the r.f. designer, technician, amateur and experimenter. Topics include components and materials, inductors and transformers, networks & filters and transformers, networks & filters, digital basics and antennas and transmission lines. 260 pages. £8.95

AUDIO Elements of Electronics - Book 6 **RP111**

F. A. Wilson This book studies sound and hearing, and examines the operation of microphones, loudspeakers amplifiers, oscillators, and both disk and magnetic recording. Intended to give the reader a good understanding of the subject without getting involved in the more complicated theory and mathematics. 308 pages, £3.95

BEGINNERS GUIDE TO MODERN ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS BP285.

R.A. Penfold This book covers a wide range of modern components. The basic functions of the components are described, but this is not a book on electronic theory and does not assume the reader has an in-depth knowledge of electronics. It is concerned with practicalities such as colour codes, deciphering code numbers and suitability. 166 pages. £3.95

EVERYDAY ELECTRONICS DATA BOOK

BOOK Mike Tooley BA This book is an invaluable source of information of everyday relevance in the world of electronics. It contains not only sections which deal with the essential theory of electronic circuits, but it also deals with a wide range of practical electronic anolications. practical electronic applications. 250 pages. £8.95

FILTER HANDBODK

HLIER HANDBODK A Practical Design Guide Stefan Niewiadomski A practical book, describing the design process as applied to filters of all types. Includes practical examples and BASIC programs. Topics Include approximation and action Topics include passive and active filters, worked examples of filter design, switched capacitor and switched resistor filters and includes a comprehensive catalogue of pre-calculated tables. 195 pages. E30.00

FROM ATOMS TO AMPERES BP254

F.A.Wilson Explains in simple terms the absolute Explains in simple terms the absolute fundamentals behind electricity and electronics. Topics include the use of SI units, gravity, magnetism, light, the electron, conduction in solids and electrical generators. 244 pages, £3.50

NEWNES PRACTICAL RF HANDBOOK

In Hickman This book provides an easy-to-read introduction to modern r.f. circuit design. It's aimed at those learning to design r.f. circuitry and users of r.f. equipment such as signal generators and sweepers, spectrum and network analysers. 320 pages. £16.95

PRACTICAL ELECTRONICS CALCULATIONS AND FORMULAE BP53. F.A. Wilson on Written as a workshop manual for the electronics enthusiast, there is a strong practical bias and higher mathematics have been avoided where notsible .249 andes f3 95 where possible. 249 pages. £3.95

REFLECTIONS

Transmission Lines & Antennas M. Walter Maxwell W2DU m. watter Maxwell W2DU This will help dispel the half-truths and outright myths that many people believe are true about transmission lines, standing waves, antenna matching, reflected power and antenna tuners. 323 pages. £14.50

73



SOLID STATE DESIGN FOR THE RADIO AMATEUR

AmAi EUR Les Hayward W7201 & Doug DeMaw W1FB Back in print by popular demand! A revised and corrected edition of this useful reference book covering all aspects of solid-state design. Topics include transmitter design, power amplifiers and matching networks, receiver design, test equipment and portable gear. 256 pages. £10.95

TRANSMISSION LINE TRANSFORMERS

Jerry Sevick W2FM1 This is the second edition of this This is the second edition of this book, which covers a most intriguing and confusing area of the hobby. It should enable anyone with a modicum of skill to make a balun, etc. Topics include analysis, characterisation, transformer excenters narameters, haluns, multimatch transformers and simple test equipment. 270 pages. £13.50

RADIO

AIR & METEO CODE MANUAL 13th Edition

Joerg Klingenfuss Octailed descriptions of the World Meteorological Organisation Global Telecommunication System operating FAX and RTTY meteo stations, and its message format with decoding examples. Also detailed description of the Aeronautical Fixed Telecommunication Network amongst others. 358 pages. £18.00

HIGH POWER WIRELESS EQUIPMENT Articles from Practical Electricity 1910-11

1910-11 Edited by Henry Walter Young A reprint of interesting practical articles from the very early days of radio, when materials and methods described are from another era. Subjects covered ranges from aerials through detectors to things like Tesla and his wireless age. 99 pages. £7.70

MARINE SSB OPERATION J. Michael Gale

How do you stay in touch when you sail off over the horizon and into the blue? What you need is a single sideband radio, a marine s.s.b. This book explains how the system works, how to choose and install your set and how to get the best out of it. There is also a chapter on amateur radio with the emphasis on the increasingly important maritime mobile nets. 96 pages. £9.95

MARINE VHF OPERATION

J. Michael Gale A v.h.f. radiotelephone is essential equipment for any sea-going boat, but what can you do with it? Who can you call, and how do you make contact? Which channel do you make contact? Which channel do you use, and why? What is the procedure for calling another boat, calling the family through the telephone system, or making a distress call? This book will making a distress call? This book will tell you. 47 pages. £6.95

PASSPORT TO WORLD BAND RADIO

1994 This book gives you the information to explore and enjoy the world of broadcast band listening. It includes features on different international radio stations, receiver reviews and advice as well as the hours and language of broadcast stations by frequency. The 'blue pages' provide a channel-to-channel guide to world band schedules. *416 pages*. £14.50.

RADIOTELETYPE CODE MANUAL 12th Edition Joerg Klingenfuss

This book gives detailed descriptions of the characteristics of telegraph transmission on short waves, with all commercial modulation types including voice frequency telegraphy and comprehensive information on all RTTY systems and c.w. alphabets. 96 pages. £11.00

SCANNERS 2

74

Peter Rouse GU1DKD The companion to Scanners, this provides even more information on the use of the v.h.f. and u.h.f. communications band and gives

constructional details for accessories to improve the performance of scanning equipm 261 pages. £10.95

SHORT WAVE COMMUNICATIONS

Peter Rouse GU1DKD Covers a very wide area and so provides an ideal introduction to the hobby of radio communications. International frequency listings for aviation, marine, military, space launches, search and rescue, etc. Chapters on basic radio propagation, how to work your radio and what the controls do, antennas and band plans. 187 pages. £8.95

SHORT WAVE RADIO LISTENERS HANDBOOK . Arthur Miller

In easy-to-read, non-technical language, the author guides the reader through the mysteries of amateur, broadcast and CB transmissions. Topics cover equipment needed, identification of stations heard & the neculiarities of the various bands. 207 pages. £7.99

WORLDWIDE HF RADIO HANDBOOK

Martyn R. Cooke This book lists high frequencies used by aircraft and aeronautical ground stations, Divided into sections, Military, Civil, etc. The book should be easy to use. 124 pages. £6.95

WRTH EQUIPMENT BUYERS GUIDE 1993 Edition Willem Bos & Jonathan Marks

A complete and objective buyer's quide to the curent short wave receiver market. For the novice and the experienced listener, this guide explains how to make sense of the specifications and select the right radio for your listening needs 270 pages. £15.95

1934 OFFICIAL SHORT WAVE RADIO MANUAL Edited by Hugo Gernsback

A fascinating reprint from a bygone age with a directory of all the 1934 s.w. receivers, servicing information constructional projects, circuits and ideas on building vintage radio sets with modern parts. 260 pages. £11.60

BEGINNERS

BEGINNER'S GUIDE TO RADIO 9th Edition Gordon J. King

The book takes you in logical steps from the theory of electricity and magnetism to the sound you hear from the loudspeaker. Radio signals, transmitters, receivers, antennas, components, valves & semi-conductors, CB & amateur radio are all dealt with 266 pages. £14.95

ELECTRONICS SIMPLIFIED - CRYSTAL SET CONSTRUCTION BP92 F. A. Wilson

Especially written for those who wish to take part in basic radio building. All the sets in the book are old designs updated with modern components. It is designed for all ages upwards from the day when one can read intelligently and handle simple tools 72 pages, £1.75

INTERFERENCE

INTERFERENCE HANDBOOK (USA) William R. Nelson WA6FQG How to locate & cure r.f.i, for radio amateurs, CBers, TV & stereo owners. Types of interference

covered are spark discharge. electrostatic, power line many 'cures' are suggested. 250 pages. £9.50

DATA REFERENCE

NEWNES AUDIO & HI-FI ENGINEER'S POCKET BOOK

Vivian Capel This is a concise collection of practical and relevant data for anyone working on sound systems. The topics covered include microphones, gramophones, CDs to name a few. 190 pages. Hardback £10.95

NEWNES COMPUTER ENGINEER'S POCKET BOOK

This is an invaluable compendium of facts, figures, circuits and data and is indispensable to the designer, student, service engineer and all those interested in computer and microprocessor systems. 255 pages. Hardback £12.95

NEWNES ELECTRONICS POCKET BOOK 5th Edition

Presenting all aspects of electronics in a readable and largely non-mathematical form for both the enthusiast and the professional 315 pages. Hardback £12.95

NEWNES RADIO AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEER'S POCKET BOOK 18th Edition Keith Brindley

Useful data covering math abbreviations, codes, symbols, frequency bands/allocations, UK broadcasting stations, semi-conductors, components, etc. 325 pages Hardback. £10.95

POWER SELECTOR GUIDE BP235

J. C. J. Van de Ven This guide has the information on all kinds of power devices in useful categories (other than the usual alpha numeric sort) such as voltage and power properties making selection of replacements easier. 160 pages. £4.95

FAULT FINDING

GETTING THE MOST FROM YOUR MULTIMETER BP239

R A. Penfold This book is primarily aimed at beginners. It covers both analogue and digital multi-meters and their respective limitations. All kinds of testing is explained too. No previous knowledge is required or assumed. 102 pages. £2.95

HOW TO USE OSCILLOSCOPES & OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT BP267 R.A. Penfold

Hints and ideas on how to use the test equipment you have, to check out, or fault find on electronic circuits. Many diagrams of typical waveforms and circuits, including descriptions of what waveform to expect with particular faults, or distortion in audio amplifiers. 104 pages. £3.50

MORE ADVANCED TEST EQUIPMENT CONSTRUCTION BP249

R.A. Penfold A follow on from Test Equipment Construction (BP248) this book looks at digital methods of measuring at algraf methods or measuring resistance, voltage, current, capacitance and frequency. Also covered is testing semi-conductors, along with test gear for general radio related topics. *102 pages*. **£3.50**

MORE ADVANCED USES OF THE MULTIMETER BP265 R.A. Penfold

This book is primarily intended as a follow-up to BP239, Getting the most from your Multi-meter. By using the techniques described in this book you can test and analyse the performance can test and analyse the periornance of a range of components with just a multi-meter (plus a very few inexpensive components in some cases). The simple add-ons described extend the capabilities of a multimeter to make it even more useful. 96 pages. £2.95.

OSCILLOSCOPES, HOW TO USE THEM, HOW THEY WORK **3rd Edition**

lan Hickman This book describes oscilloscopes ranging from basic to advanced models and the accessories to go with them. Oscilloscopes are essential tools for checking circuit operation and diagnosing faults, and an enormous range of models is available. 248 pages. £15.95

TROUBLESHOOTING WITH YOUR TRIGGERED-SWEEP OSCILLOSCOPE Robert L Goodman

This book steers you through the various features - old and new - that scope technology provides and is an invaluable guide to getting the best out of your scope. An overview of available scopes will help you choose the one that best suits your needs. Areas covered include spectrum analysis, test applications, multiple-

trace displays, waveform analysis, triggering, magnified sweep displays, analogue and digital scopes, etc. 309 pages. £17.50.

TELEVISION

ATV COMPENDIUM

Mike Wooding G6IQM This book is for those interested in amateur television, particularly the home construction aspect. There isn't a 70cm section as the author felt this was covered in other books. Other fields such as 3cm TV, are covered in depth. A must for the practical ATV enthusiast. *104 pages.* £3.00

GUIDE TO WORLD-WIDE TELEVISION TEST CARDS

Edition 3 Keith Hamer & Garry Smith Completely revised and expanded, this is a very handy and useful enthusiast. Over 200 photographs of Test Cards, logos, etc., world wide. 60 pages. £4.95

CONSTRUCTION

COIL DESIGN AND CONTRUCTION

MANUAL BP160 B.B. Babani Covering audio to r.f. frequencies, this book has designs for almost everything. Sections cover such topics as mains and audio output transformers, chokes and r.f. coils. What is the required turns ratio? This book will show you how to find out. Text and tables. 106 pages. £2.50

HOW TO DESIGN AND MAKE YOUR **OWN PCBs** BP121 R. A. Penfold

The purpose of this book is to familiarise the reader with both simple and more sophisticated methods of producing p.c.b.s. The emphasis of the book is very much on the practical aspects of p.c.b. design and construction. 66 pages. £2.50

MORE ADVANCED POWER SUPPLY PROJECTS BP192

R. A. Penfold The practical and theoretical aspects of the circuits are covered in some detail. Topics include switched mode power supplies, precision regulators dual tracking regulators and computer controlled power supplies, etc. 92 pages £2.95

POWER SUPPLY PROJECTS BP76

R. A. Penfold This book gives a number of power supply designs including simple unstabilised types fixed voltage regulated types and variable voltage stabilised designs. 89 pages. **£2.50**

SHORT WAVE SUPERHET RECEIVER CONSTRUCTION BP276 R.A. Penfold A general purpose receiver to build,

from antenna to audio, described in

80 pages. £2.95 TEST EQUIPMENT CONSTRUCTION

understandable English

8P248. R.A.Penfold Describes, in detail, how to construct some simple and inexpensive, but extremely useful, pieces of test equipment. Stripboard layouts are provided for all designs, together with wiring diagrams where appropriate, plus notes on their construction and use. 104 pages. £2.95

50 (FET) FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR PROJECTS BP39

F.G.Rayer 50 circuits for the s.w.l., radio amateur, experimenter or audio enthusiast using f.e.t.s. Projects include r.f. amplifiers and converters, test equipment and receiver aids, tuners, receivers, mixers and tone controls. 104 pages. £2.95

COMPUTING

BASIC PACKET BADIO

Joe Kasser W3/G3ZCZ Joe, who has worked on packet radio for some time, is the author of the excellent Lan-Link computer program. So it comes as no surprise that it features in this book. Well suited to beginners and experts alike this book is a mine of information. 364 pages. £19.95

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS (AN) BP177 R.A. Penfold

R. A. Penfold Details of various types of modem and their applications, plus how to interconnect computers, modems and the telephone system. Also networking systems and RTTY. 72 pages. £2.95

NEWNES AMATEUR RADIO

COMPUTING HAND BOOK Joe Pritchard G1UQW Shows how radio amateurs and listeners can 'listen' to signals by reading text on a computer screen. This book also covers the application of computers to radio 'housekeeping' such as log-keeping, USL cards, satellite predictions and antenna design as well as showing how to control a radio with a computer. 363 pages. £15.95

PCs MADE EASY Second Edition

James L Turley A friendly, comprehensive introduction to every personal computer - including Macs! This book is packed with valuable tips on every aspect of computer technology available today and will help you to get comfortable with your computer fast. 438 pages. £14.95

UPGRADE YOUR IBM COMPATIBLE AND SAVE A BUNDLE

Second Edition Aubrey Pilgrim Aimed at the owners of the IBM compatible computer, this book provides a very straightforward and easy to read guide on upgrading. The author has adopted a friendly and informative style and the there are many excellent illustrations. Typically American in approach and style, the book provides much information and an excellent read. 245 pages. £16.95

MAPS

62 50

RADIO AMATEUR'S MAP OF NORTH AMERICA (USA) Shows radio amateur prefix boundaries, continental boundaries

and zone boundaries, 760 x 636mm.

RADIO AMATEUR'S PREFIX MAP OF

THE WORLD (USA) Showing prefixes and countries, plus

This comprehensive map of the european callsign area has now been updated and enhanced. This well thought out, coloured map covers

from N. Africa to Iceland and from

Portugal in the west to Iran in the east. Folds to fit into the 145 x 240mm clear envelope. 1080 x 680mm. £5.95

listings by order of country and of prefix. 1014 x 711mm. £3.50

QTH LOCATOR MAP OF EUROPE

Traxel DK5PZ Radio Map Service

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

Come Fly with Us to the 1994 Dayton HamVention

And See What's On Offer At The **Biggest Amateur Radio Show In The** World.

Join the PW party, led by the Editor Rob Mannion G3XFD, when we fly out on a scheduled Delta Airlines flight from Gatwick on Monday April 25 1994. We'll fly direct to Cincinnati and our private coach will take us to the Holiday Inn in Dayton for our seven night stay. There'll be several day trips in our private coach and we'll spend a day at the world famous United States Air Force Museum. There's plenty of shopping and other attractions for the family too!

Book your seat on the PW 1994 Hamvention Holiday for only £630 per person, sharing a twin bedded room. Single rooms are available for an extra £205. The price includes the return flight and meals on the aircraft, coach transfers, seven nights' accommodation, two day excursions by coach and admission ticket to the HamVention. We return home on Monday May 2, arriving at Gatwick on Tuesday morning.

Although Rob Mannion G3XFD is leading the Pw party, the entire holiday is being organised by the Bristol based professional group tour operator RCT International. Annette Oxley at RCT is waiting for your enquiry and she'll be delighted to send you a full itinerary and booking form. Don't delay, send away today and fly with PW to the greatest amateur radio adventure of 1994!

To Annette Oxley Practical Wireless 1994 HamVention Holiday **RCT** International 44 College Green Bristol BS1 5SH Tel: (0272) 230933, FAX (0272) 226912

I am interested in joining the Practical Wireless 1994 Dayton HamVention Holiday, please send me further details.

Name:

Address:

How many seats required:

UBS CL

Be sure of your copy of Practical Wireless every month and qualify for the Subscribers' Club as well. Special offers and discounts are normally available to all members, including those abroad.

For details of this month's Subscriber's Club offer see page 56.

ORDER FORM FOR ALL MAIL ORDER PURCHASES IN SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE

CREDIT CARD ORDERS TAKEN ON (0202) 659930 FAX ORDERS TAKEN ON (0202) 659950

Or please fill in the details ticking the relevent boxes, a photo copy will be acceptable to save you cutting your beloved copy!

To: PW Publishing Ltd., FREEPOST, Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE 6 MONTHS SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE 1 YEAR	
Please start my subscription with the	

E11.00 (UK) E22.00 (UK) S45* (USA) □ £25.00 (Europe) E27.00 (Rest of World)

SPECIAL JOINT SUBSCRIPTION WITH PRACTICAL WIRELESS, 1 YEAR. E39.00 (UK) E42.00 (Europe) E45.00 (Rest of World) \$75* (USA) * S cheques only please.

SUBS CLUB OFFER

Please send mePassport to World Band Radio @ £11.00 inc. P&P (UK). f @ £11.75 inc. P&P (overseas) £

My Subscriber Number is.....

BINDERS

Please send me.....PW Binder(s) @ £5.50 each. £ Postal charges £1 for one, £2 for two or more (UK). £

BOOKS

Please send me the following book/s,

GRAND TOTAL	£
Postal charges. £1 for one, £2 for two or more (UK). £1.75 for one, £3.50 for two or more (over:	£ seas). £
	£
	£
	£
	£

PAYMENT DETAILS

Name	
Address	
Telephone No.	Postcode
I enclose cheque/PO (Payable to PW I Or Charge to my Access/Visa Card the a	\$
Card No.	\$
Valid fromto	
Signature	.Tel:

Short Wave Magazine, October 1993

JV FAX – HAMCOMM – PC HF FAX Demodulator for these popular programmes – connect to audio output and plug the 25 way connector into your PC £16.99 inc VAT and P&P Pervisell Ltd, 8 Temple End, High Wycombe, Bucks. HP13 5DR. Tel (0494) 443033 Fax (0494) 448236	BMK-MULTY for IBM PC Amtor CW Fax Pactor RTTY SSTV Tuner From SWL to Novice to experienced Amateur Radio Operator Your selection of modes in one convenient integrated program. AMTOR: Fast reliable synchronising in ARQ or FEC, Sitor Navtex etc. PACTOR: The new high performance HF digital mode. RTTY & CW: Advanced digital autoprint responds to valid signals only. TUNER: Real time signal analysis display.
ANORAK MAGAZINE FOR ALL YOUR RADIO NEWS !!! RADIO CAROLINE, NATIONAL, LOCAL, SATELLITE, SHORT WAVE, IRISH SCENE, DUTCH SCENE, FREE RADIO AND MORE!!! ALL YOU WILL EVER NEED TO KNOW FOR JUST £ 1.00 !!! PLEASE SEND £1.00 PILUS SAE OR £5.00 PLUS FIVE SAE'S FOR NEXT FIVE ISSUES. OUR PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT ARE A COIN TAPED TO A PIECE OF CARD IOR BANK NOTE!, STAMPS OR UNCROSSED POSTAL ORDER. CM LEISURE SALES, DEPT. SW, P.O. BOX 46, ROMFORD, RM1 2QE.	SSTV/FAX Reception of B/W HF signals. Complete 7-mode system with matching modem £169 + £2 p&p. Individual priced from £15. PK-232 interface £39 + software. Atari ST/STE - Amtor, CW and RTTY available. Send SAE for full details. Grosvenor Software (G4BMK) Tel: (0323) 893378 2 Beacon Close, Seaford East Sussex BN25 2JZ
SERRVICE MAANUAALS We have what is probably the largest range of Service Information available anywhere. From the Earliest Valve Wireless to the Latest Video Recorders. Colour Televisions, Test Gear, Audio, Computers, Amateur Radio in fact practically anything. Originals or Photostats as available. Also available. Our FREE catalogue detailing Hundreds of Technical Books and Repair Guides available.	JAYCEE ELECTRONICS LTD 20 Woodside Way, Glenrothes, Fife, Scotland KY7 5DF Tel: 0592 756962 (Day or Night) • Fax No. (0592) 610451 Open: Tuesday-Friday 9-5; Saturday 9-4 KENWOOD, YAESU & ICOM APPROVED DEALERS A good stock of new and secondhand equipment always in stock
Send 2 x 1st class stamps for your copy TODAY. Mauritron Technical Services (SWM), 47A High Street, Chinnor, Oxfordshire, OX9 4DJ. Tel:- 0844-351694. Fax:- 0844-352554.	 £160 Pounds plus VAT * IBM Compatible P.C. Colour screen 5¼" * 1.2M floppy, 20 Megabyte hard disk * 640K RAM - UK keyboard * Metal case (Reduce RFI) * Serial/Parallel Ports "Free delivery within M25" * Suitable for Decoding software/weather fax packet etc.
Short Wave Magazine when replying to advertisements	Ring: Gotechnic Ltd Tel: 0932 770733 No.1 Sunbury Centre, Sunbury-Cross Sunbury on Thames, Middlesex TW16 6BB

Index to Advertisers G3RCQ......71

AOR (UK)	16
Aerial Techniques	
Air Supply	
Alan Hooker	41
Amdat	
AOR	
ARC	
ARE Comms	
ASK	
Aviation Hobby Centre	
Chevet Books	68
CM Howes	
CM Leisure	
Colomor	71
Comar Electronics	71
Datong	
DG Anthill	
ERA	
FG Rylands	
Flightdeck	41
Flying Shop	

Gotechnic	76
Grosvenor Software	76
Haydon Comms	34
Holdings Amateur Electronics	
ICS Electronics	
Intercall	
Interproducts	
J & J Enterprises	
J & P Electronics	
Javiation	
Jaytee	
JW Staton	
Klingenfuss	
Lake Electronics	
Lee Electronics	
Leicester ARS	
Link Electronics	29
Lowe ElectronicsCover iv,8 & 9	9,32
Martin Lynch16	3,17
	_

Mauritron.76Microgate Services.71Midac Systems.51Momentum Comms.42Nevada Comms.42Nevada Comms.76Quantek Electronics.41Radio Research.51Rapid Results.34Remote Imaging Group.56Roberts Radio.15SMC.20Solid State Electronics.68
Quantek Electronics41
Radio Research51
Rapid Results
Remote Imaging Group56
South Essex Comms62
SRP Trading
Technical Software46
Tennamast
Timestep
Waters & Stanton
Welland Comms

PUBLISHED on the fourth Thursday of each month by PW Publishing Ltd., Arrowsmith Court, Station Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW. Printed in England by Southernprint (Web Offset), Factory Road, Upton Industrial Estate, Poole, Dorset BH16 5SN. Tel: (020) 622226. Distributed by Seymour, Windsor House, 1270 London Road, Norbury, London SW16 4DH. Tel: 081-679 1899, Fax: 081-679 8907, Telex: 881245. Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand – Gordon and Gotch (Asia) Ltd.; South Africa – Central News Agency Ltd. Subscriptions INLAND £21, EUROPE £23, OVERSEAS (by ASP) £25, payable to SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE: Subscription Department, PW Publishers [Ltd., Arrowsmith Court, Istation Approach, Broadstone, Dorset BH18 8PW. SHORT WAVE MAGAZINE is sold subject to the following conditions, namely that it shall not without the writter consent of the publishers first having been given, be lent, re-sold, hired out or otherwise disposed of by way of trade at more than the recommended selling price shown on the cover and that it shall not be lent, re-sold, hired out or otherwise disposed of in a mutilated condition or in any unauthorised cover by way of Trade, or affixed to or as part of any publication or advertising, literary or pictorial matter whatsoever.

DRAKE R8E Communications Receiver

FEATURES FITTED AS STANDARD

- ★ Wide frequency coverage (100KHz to 30,000KHz) plus additional VHF bands (35-55MHz and 108-174MHz) with the optional VHF converter. Multi-mode reception includes AM, FM, RTTY, CW, USB and LSB.
- ★ Five built-in filter band widths... for reception of most signals under virtually any conditions.
- ★ Synchronous detector... for improved quality of received AM signals, especially under severe fading conditions.
- ★ Non-volatile memory ... for information retention during power outage.
- ★ Built-in, multi-voltage power supply... for operation in most parts of the world on nearly any type of power line voltage.



- ★ RS232C serial interface... for remote control of receiver functions.
- ★ Multiple scan functions... for scanning by carrier, time or seeks modes of frequency or selected memories.
- ★ 100 channel memory capacity... for storing of frequency, band, and mode data.
- ★ Two operating VFOs... for increased flexibility and convenience.
- ★ Built-in pre-amp and attenuator... for improved reception of extremely weak signals, as well as very strong signals.
- Timer function ... for automatic operation. Very useful for recording purposes.
- ★ Dual time zone built-in clock.
- Built-in dual mode noise blanker... for reduced electrical interference.
- ★ Passband offset... for the reduction of nearby interfering signals while maintaining maximum intelligibility.
- ★ Selectable AGC . . . for improved reception of fading signals.
- ★ Built-in speaker. ★ PLL synthesised.
- * Dual antenna inputs.
- Optimum tuning step selection for each operating mode.
- Connections for an external speaker and tape recorder.

THE EARS HAVE IT!

The R8 is a highly sophisticated receiver. We'd call it professional grade, or about as close to it as receivers get these days.

Staff Review -Popular Communications

(The R8 is like a breath of fresh air, with its ground-up engineering and up-to-date digital control from the frontpanel. I am very pleased to see a quality HF receiver of American manufacture that should successfully compete one world market.

> Bill Clarke -73 Amateur Radio Today

overall, the Drake R8 is simply the best radio we have evertested for quality listening to programs ... There's nothinglike it.

> Lawrence Magne -Monitoring Times

The best of the best for high-quality listening to news, music and entertainment from afar. Superb for reception offaint, tough signals too.

Editor's Choice -Passport to World Band Radio Tabletop Receivers for 1992.

When Drake introduced the American made **R8E** Worldband Communications Receiver, they knew it would be judged by some very discerning ears, experts accustomed to the finest in short-wave listening equipment from around the world.

After listening to the world on the **Drake R8E** loud and clear, they have delivered a decisive verdict.

They appreciated the R8E's sensitivity, clarity and simplicity so much that many of them declared the **R8E** simply the best of its class. High praise, indeed, from very well-travelled ears.

The **Drake R8E** has been designed as a "complete package" infact, the only peripherals you may wish to add are a VHF converter, an external speaker or computer control through the RS232 serial interface.

But why take the word of mere experts, put the Drake R8E to the test yourself. Our UK distributors, Nevada Communications, will be pleased to demonstrate the radio or direct you to your nearest Drake stockist.

We are confident that once you have listened to the **Drake R8E** your ears will hear of nothing else.

PRICE.....£995 including VAT



R.L. DRAKE Co., Miamisburg, Ohio 45342, USA

Available from selected Drake dealers throughout the UK or: UK Distributors:

NEVADA COMMUNICATIONS

189 London Road, Portsmouth, PO2 9AE Order Direct Line 0705 613900



HF-Europa "Best DX receiver 1992" HF-150 "Most Innovative Receiver Design" HF-225 "Receiver of the Year"



All across the world, users and reviewers are singing the praises of the Lowe Short Wave receivers. You can join the happy band by calling in at any of our branches to try them out. Remember - you are buying direct from the manufacturer, and not some importer.

LOWE ELECTRONICS LTD. Chesterfield Road, Matlock, Derbyshire DE4 5LE Telephone 0629 580800 Fax 0629 580020