

NEC's rival to Tandy/How to make your micro sing/Xmas Programs Extra/ Spreadsheets and Databases 1983

## Your choice is crystal clear 'TheHobbit'

The Hobbit floppy tape system is the ideal alternative to an unreliable cassette recorder and an expensive disc drive. This is a professional digital recorder designed specifically for users of micro computers.
The Hobbit is completely under the control of your computer - no more pressing RECORD/PLAY/FAST FORWARD, etc. Absolutely no danger of accidentally overwriting other files on the cassette. The Hobbit uses an internal filing system similar to that used by a disc, thus ensuring that there is no redundant space on your cassettes.
The Hobbit is significantly faster than an ordinary cassette recorder (READ/WRITE speed 6000 data bits/sec., ordinary cassette recorder average 960 data bits/sec.)
Typical file access time is 22 seconds; maximum is 90 seconds.
Up to 5 files may be opened simultaneously. Random access files are fully supported.
Two Hobbits may be connected to your computer to form a dual drive system.

## NO COSTLY DISC INTERFACE REQUIRED

No hidden extras - the Hobbit comes complete with everything you need, including one certified digital cassette.
The Hobbit is available now for BBC and NASCOM computers.

## Special Features for the BBC

Zero Memory Option The standard Hobbit operating chip sets PAGE to 1C00. With the Zero Memory Option the Hobbit does not use any of your precious RAM, thus making the transfer of programs from ordinary cassette to Hobbit even simpler. Power Supply Power is taken from the external power outlet socket on the BBC computer. If your computer is not fitted with this socket a suitable power supply is available from us.

## Special Features for the NASCOM

Microsoft Basic Upgrade Kit Enables you to read and write files from BASIC using PRINT and INPUT statements - no more PEEKS and POKES! Supplied on a Hobbit cassette.
Operating system available in $2 \times 2708$ or $1 \times 2716$.
Normal address D000 - other addresses are available on request at no extra charge.
If you want to know more about the Hobbit betore you make up your mind send to the address below for more details, or order the manual and see just how sophisticated the Hobbit really is.
If you have a different make of computer, but are interested in the Hobbit system, send us a stamped addressed envelope and details of your computer so that we can send you advance information of new products when they become available.

Available from most good computer shops or direct from:- IKON COMPUTER PRODUCTS, KILN LAKE, LAUGHARNE, DYFED. Tel. 099421515 . BBC Hobbit $£ 135.00+£ 3.00$ p\&p. BBC Second drive $£ 120.00+£ 3.00$ p\&p. Zero Memory Option $£ 25.00$ ( $£ 18.00$ if ordered with the Hobbit). Power Supply $£ 12.00$. Manual (ordered separately) $£ 1.50$ (No VAT; refundable on purchase of Hobbit). Nascom Hobbit (unboxed) £120.00. Nascom second drive £94.00. Basic Upgrade Kit $£ 10.00$. Box of 6 cassettes $£ 17.50$. Cleaning cassette $£ 3.50$. Please add VAT at the current rate to the above prices. ACCESS AND VISA ACCEPTED.
COMPUTER PRODUCTS

# Everythingyou ever wanted in micros but didn't know who to ask 

 SYSTEMS


## The 80/20 Solution

Eighty per cent of our customer needs are satisfied by matching requirements to packaged programs and machines.

## BusIness Systems Group

 offers a comprehensive range of packages for both theSophisticated User and New User.
Office Systems Group covers wordprocessing and record management needs, with single and multi-workstation systems.


## Personal Systems Group

 helps managers and professionals with Micro Aided Management tools including: financial planning, modelling, linear programming, PERT and personal productivity aids.Speclal Systems Group supplies packages to suit particular professions and industries including agencies. printers, manufacturers. distibutors, dentists etc.
The Systems Groups Install complete solutlons, arrange tralning and hand hold you through to comfortable operation of your system.

## The 20/80 Solution

Twenty per cent of our customers needs are satisfied by tailored design, programming, engineering and project management.
Digitus has a five-year record of fulfilling small and large microcomputing projects, e.g.

Technical Projects to take data from (1) solar heating paneis (2) weighing machines and (3) oil tankers.

## Administrative PRojects to

 organise (1) 2000 bottles of urine per week (2) E1 million of barley receipts and (3) 6000 graduate applicants for 27 sites.

Multi-MachIne Projects for (1) the complete computerisation of a City commodity broker and (2) a flight information system in an International Airport to drive 300 information receivers, staff monitors, passenger displays and flapperboards.
The Project Groups take turnkey responslbillty and use as many standard soft ware and hardware components as requirement and techilcal constralnts allow.


## The 100\% Solution

Everyone needs some education and training in micros. Digitus modular training programme provides for executives.
managers, technicians, computer and office personnel.

Introductory Courses
IC/1 Introduction to Microcomputers
1C/2' Business Systems
IC/3 Information Management
IC/4 ManagementAids
Skills Tralning
ST/5 Fundamentals of BASIC
ST/6 Improve your BASIC
ST/7 Wordprocessing with WordStar ST/8 DataStar/SuperSort/MailMerge ST/18 Spreadsheeting with SuperCalc ST/19 dBasell
ST/17 Introducing Systems Design
Computer Professlonals Courses
CPC/9 Hardware for Software People CPC/10 Operating Systems and Languages CPC/II Communications \& Networks CPC/12 Applications Design \& Products CPC/13 System \& Program Generators CPC/20 UNIX
CPC/21 Programming in C
Computing Management Seminars
CMS/14 Micro Technology \& Strategy
CMS/15 LocalArea Networks
CMS/16 Micro DataBase Managers
All courses Include practical work and advice on milcrocomputers. Course fees:IC and ST courses £95 per day; CPC and CMS $£ 125$ per day + VAT, Including luncheon and detalled course notes, You save £10 per day by booking more than one day's tralning at one time, or you can book flue days for the price of four.


[^0]DIGITUS LTD LADING HOUSE 10-14 BEDFORD ST COVENT GARDEN LONDON WC2E 9HE Telephone (01) 3796968 Telex 27950 Ref. 3005


Vol 6 No 12 December 1983

Coverillustration by Mark Thomas
BENCHTESTS \& REVIEWS
DESQ
130
When is software 'like super-glue'? Answer, when it can be used to stick together all sorts of off-the-shelf MS-DOS packages. Robin Webster, our man in the US, examines this innovative package.

## NECPC-8201A

Hidden away at the $P C W$ Show was a brand new hand-held computer from NEC. It could be an improvement on the Tandy Model 100-David Tebbutt investigates.

## C/WPCORTEX

The Cortex is aimed at the competitive sub- $£ 2000$ business market. Peter Bright weighs upits chances.
SMT GOUPIL- 3
From France comesthegoupil-3, a three-prodossth n winearmed at business users. Tony Hetherington assesses its merits.
CANONAS-100
182
A Japanese business microemphasising full colour. Maggie Burton looksit over.


## WHICHSPREADSHEET?THE

## FINANCIAL PLANNER

Not strictly a spreadsheet but a definite must to be considered when choosing software to helpyou get your finances right.

## SEARCHANDFIND

212
A unique offering from Sweden which enables you to index incredibly long documents. Kathy Lang explains . . .
AGFPROGRAMMABLE JOYSTICK 216
A joystick that'sclaimed to be compatible with all games software! Steve Mann tries it out.

## FEATURES

## BRITISHMICROCOMPUTING AWARDS

The mostimportant competition of 1984.

## CHECK YOUR DIGITS

Have you ever wondered what are those numerical codes on your books and tin cans? Check digits ensure they make sense, and here's how to create your own.
LEARNING WITHLOGO
126

A revolution is brewing in schools. Logo can make learning fun, especially when you get it wrong!
MUSIC MICRO, PLEASE 158
Micros are alive with the sound of music. Part 1:How it's done.

## CHRISTMASCROSSWORD

[^1]you can solve the clues in our special
Christmas computer crossword.

## CHRISTMASSHOPPING

Bewildered at the prospect of buying a home computer this Christmas? How much help will you get in the High Street shops?

## PLANE THINKING

196
In an artistic mood? Discover how to build a model of an object based not on lines, but faces.
COLUMNSORT
206
An algorithm to enable you to implement a column sort facility on your micro.

## A BEGINNER'S GUIDETO <br> PROGRAMCONVERSION: <br> PART 4: SINCLAIR GRAPHICS AND SOUND

This month Surya focuses on the ZX81 and Spectrum.

DATA COLLATER 1983 218
Your indispensable, macro round-up of all Kathy Lang's database reviews with full updates.
SPREADSHEETANALYSIS $1983 \quad 232$
What's great and ghastly about this year's spreadsheets? Pick the package of your choice from Mike Liardet's omnibus.
FORTHBENCHMARKSROUNDUP $\mathbf{2 3 6}$
Dick Pountain gives a fulle explanation and listings of the $P C W$ yardstick for testing performance in Forth.
BENCHMARKSSUMMARY
238
Special for readers with an over-active sense of competition. The bigleague table of how micros perform the $P C W$ Basic Benchmarks, presented by Peter Rodwell.

PASCALUPDATE

242

Dittofrom Chris Sadler, for Pascal.

## REGULARS

## NEWSPRINT

In the aftermath of Osborne will Apple be the next manufacturer to bite the dust?

## BANKS'STATEMENT

Banksey rubbishes rubbish-out machines.
Let's have some wisdom here.

## MICROCHESS <br> 148

Store up some strategy tips from this round by round analysis of all the plotting and counter-plotting at the $P C W$ Chess
Tournament.
COMMUNICATIONS
166
Readers air your views! Keep putting pen to paper-or fingers (digits even) to
wordprocessor.
YANKEE DOODLES
Robots look set to benefit from new standards to program them. Sol Libes presents up to the minute news from across the Atlantic.
SCREENPLAY
Games for the Spectrum, Oric, Commodore and BBC computers come under fire this month.

## SUB SET

The intricacies of assembler language are revealed in routines contributed by readers.

## BIBLIOFILE

Books to help you use micros to write new books.

| COMPUTERANSWERS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Get the solution to that niggling micro | 210 | problem. Or if we haven't tackled it, try us.

[^2]about how to make the most of your micro.

## LEISURELINES 235

Another tricky puzzle from JJ Clessa.

## SUBSCRIPTIONS <br> 240

Invitation for you to knock on our door with cash rewards for sending you $P C W$.
NUMBERSCOUNT ..... 243
Mike Mudge presents his latest medley.
NEWCOMERSSTARTHERE ..... 245
Puzzled by all the jargon? For yourenlightenment $P C W$ providés a layman'sguide to common computing terminology.246

Includes Network News, ACCNews, Computer Town UK! Contacts and Packages.
PROGRAMS ..... 256
Bounteous batch for your Christmas treat.
Surya presents 17 programs for the BBC,NewBrain, MZ-80K, Commodore 64,Dragon, Spectrum, ZX81 and Oric. AlsoSheepdog Trials for the IBM PC!
BACK ISSUES ..... 288
Findout what you've missed.
ADVERTISERS' INDEX407Need to find that ad in a hurry? Here's abreakdown of all advertisers in handyalphabetical order.
CHIPCHAT408
Bitching and back-stabbing on our gutterpage. Find out the dirt in the micro-worldthis month.
BLUDNERS ..... 408 admit'em.

[^3]

Southampton House, 192-206 York Road, London SWll 3SA
TELEX: 8954575CTCLDN



* User training for you and your staff. * Eásily arranged credit terms. * Sophisticated technical and service back up.



## TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OUR

## COMPITTTER CLINIC

Any performance or technical question answered without obligation.

Call us for an appointment, sales/mail order, or simply drop in!
01-228 2207


BBCMicrocomputer System
OFFICIAL BBC COMPUTER DEALER

This is the best mecocomputer Curiently on the mamet：З32K RAM． 32 K ROM 8 modes of operalion．lul colour．full－sure keyboasd mèrnal expansions such as disc intermace．speech symhesiree．Econel miterlace－in
B8C Mkrocomputer Moder B［348．VAI［J99．00 B8C Moo B ．dish mierlace B8C Moo $B^{\circ}$ ：Econet interlace ${ }^{88}$ C MOO 8 －dish and Econel intertices 38C 100K dish drive B8C Jual B00k disk arn ［409．Val－［469．00 ［450．VAT－E517．50
［230．VAT． 240.00 and and BBC Teiefent eccever（Aug） BBC cassetie recorder and iea Diskiniertace hil（liee litingi） Mod A 10 Moo Buograde kit Frang charge lot A 10 B upgrade to 15K memony upgrase＊il Games pacoles
12＂Monochrome monitor inc

## use our

fonel intertate tire
soeech interiace itee timo
B8C Oish manual－lormaling dis
Paraliel printer cibie
B8C word processor furewl
BBC Fourth language casselle
BBC L．So language cas sette

［26．WaI 527.40

 $\begin{array}{r}88.60 \\ -\quad 57.50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 1 ． 233.00 $\begin{array}{r}{[73.00} \\ -\quad[23.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}\text {－} 812.65 \\ -5102.35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \begin{tabular}{l}
-5102.35 <br>
\hline 570.35

 

F200．35 <br>
\hline

 $\begin{array}{r}120.00 \\ -\quad 89.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}589.00 \\ \\ 59.05 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 

－ 54.05 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} － 53.50

$-\quad 51.50$ E15．VAT -517.25
15．VAT -517.25

100\％BBC COMPATIBLE MITSUBISHI AND TEAC SLIMLINE DISK DRIVES


## are and are supplied ieddy caseo

Thete are some uisetol sylem gurife Memory Dump Free Duphicaste Meroe eq Epson Screen Dump Program mese dives is very low 10 2Ampate． 12 V 0 Aviyp al $\cdot 5 \mathrm{~V}$ per onvel Power is laten trom the BBC compute：
Single dive fook 401 racks
Oual drive 200 K 40 tracks
Single drive 400 K 80 tracks
Single dive 400 K 4080 Hz
Dual drive 800 K 80 liachs
Oual drive 800 K 801 racks
$\mathrm{E} 169+\mathrm{VAT}=£ 194.35$
$5329+$ VAT $=£ 1978.35$

Dual dive 800 K to 80 lrac
COMPLETE WORD PROCESSOR FOR ONLY £1，099＋VAT

This package consisis of BBC Mictocomputer View wordgrocessor 400 k Sliminne Oisc drive．High resolution 12 Green monitor Juki 6100 18CPS Oaisy Wheel printer and all the necessary cables and documentation The doove drive or a diferent printer Piease phone us tor a price tor your particula requrement
Special pachage oeal
PROFESSIONAL MONITORS


GREE M MOMTTOR：
computers
－ 18 MHZ bana wadt，high resolution
¢89－VAT -5702.35
COLOU日 MOMTTORS
＊M：CROVITEC RGB incut 14－monitor supoled mith RGB lead lur BRC
SAMYO SCM 14－Normal res $14^{-1} 400$ dols．AGB inoul supplied wit RGB
 ERA －SANYO SCM 14 H High res 14 －． 800 dots．RGB inpul Supghed with RGB Iesd

EPSON FOR RELIABILITY


EPSOM FYXO： 80 column， 160 CPS ．normal，thatc and elite characters 256 u．er detinatie c．racters superscripl，subscribl 11 a 9 maltix，bu－durectir mall logic seeking．Mores bit smage printing $1950 \approx 8$ dols linet： FX80 PRICE
EPSOM RXEO： 80 COlumn $\quad 〔 349+$ VAT $=\mathbf{5 4 0 1 . 3 5}$ international Characler sels．Mi．ses bill image printing anderecho．als． 11 seeking， 41010 adpustable pin teed Centionic parallet inieriace
9X8O PRICE
MX－100 136 £239＋VAT $=£ 274.84$ carriage．hi－les oir mage printing．true descenders．Centionic oaraliel on＇ertale

 EPSON AXSOOF Itricion blracool）$£ 269+$ VAT $=£ 309.35$
 Riboon tor Mx80．FXBO．RX80 Rioboon lor M× 100

## SEIKOSHA

 DOT MATRIX PRINTERS WIT HIGH－RESGRAPHICS


GP． 100 A 80 cowme． 50 CPS．dol addressable hi－res graphics． 10 adiustable．liacior teeo． $7 \times 5$ orini matio．Centronics parallef interlace GP．100A SOCPS PRICE $£ 175$－VAT E201．25 GP－250X 80 column． 50 CPS ． 10 wide．fully adtustable，tractor leed．IL Le： descenders 54 uset delinable Characters．doubte height and or double wisth printing $8 \times 5$ print matrur Centronic paratilel and RS2 32 Isenall interlaces noth incluted
GP． $250 \times$ PAICE
MEW GP．700A 7 COLOUR PRTMTER
This latest adation to Seitiosha fange gwes you print in seven colours． $10^{\circ}$ wide Catrige，triction and lactor leed． 50 CPS print speed．dot adoressabe trigh－res graphics． 4 hammer prinling mechanism， 10 CPI or 133 CPI ．special Ourie
GP．7OOA SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY PRICE
GUARANIEEDLDWIST PAICES
We guarantee that out puces are the towest on the mattel it you can Ind any ifem advertised and in slock at tess than our price we will match thal price

## NEW LOW PRICES ON STAR



The mosi cosi ellective quality malix ponters to de launched this year DP5ID and OPS 15 teatures nectuse liclion and tractor teed and roll holders as stantard 100 CPS prm soeed or－directional toger seeking 9 a 9 matrim gives true
descenders 23 K tufter as standara an－res bit image plus block plaphics．suo and suoer scrppt．Halic printing．auto underiming．verical and norzonial tabulation，lethano rigm margins sel．ship over periotalion．bach space ano sell
test
STAR OPS 10 f0－Cartiage 80 cotumns
SPECIAL PAICE
STAR OPS IS IS
SPECIAL PRICE
SPECIAL PRICE
RS232 INTERFACE FOR ABOVE
$£ 239+$ VAT $=£ 274.85$

POCKET COMPUTERS AND CALCULATORS ＊casio PB． 100 Basic language pocker computer， 544 program steos．Owerty keyboaid． 12 char display －CaSio px－700p．Basic language． Owerty keytoard． 12 char display CASIO FXBCRP Basic lanquage computer． 194.44 －VAT－§ 49.95 steps．butt－in mini printet．Owerty keytoart． charger． 12 char display ＊CASIO Fa－3 Cas sente adapor tor P8100．P8300． Fx 700
 SHARP PC． 1211 Basic language computer，scientict $\$ 3909$－VAT－§44．95 sleps． 24 char display．Owerty keyboard 509－mi

 C69 52－VAT－
SHARP CE－125 Casselite recorder and mini printet tor use with PC． 1251 ，incl batt charger．
［86 $91+$ VAT - res． ＊SPECUL PRICE PC－1251－CE－125［145．95－VAT－โ769．00

TEXAS INSTRUMENTSTI 99／4A


Mis mictocompulet is based on TM5 3900 16．bil mictöprocessoi If includes I6K RAM． 16 colour high re solution graphic（ $192 \times 256$ ）The screen display 15 32 characters． 24 lenes T1－BASIC Full－sue keyboard For sotware there are about 1000 programs to choose from There are a tol ol pentionerals avaliabie， Lagorge（PASCAL．TH－LOGO．ASSEMBIEA）
TI HDME COMPUTER HAROWARE
Title

|  |  | inc Vat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T199／4A | Complete with UHF modulator and Dowel suppiy + Iree cassette lead | c99．95 |
| PERIPMERALS |  |  |
| Speech | When used with selected moduies will |  |
| Symmesizes | roduce electronic speech | 41.95 |
| Penipheral | This unit lates att card peripherats anco on． |  |
| Expansion Sysiem | internal dist dive | 79.95 |
| Dist Drive－ | 92k tormatied dive．mounts internally in |  |
| Internat | peripheral expansion system | 149.95 |
| Dist Controller | Controls up 103 dist dives．complefe with |  |
| Card | di5k manager command module | ¢108．55 |
| Dist Drive | 92 K tormathed capacity per side acts as ？ |  |
| Doutle Sided | derves DSK1 \＆OSK2 total capacity 184 K byes | E19．95 |
| Dist Drive | Complete with own case．power supply of |  |
| Erternal | connecting cabies | ［259．93 |
| RS232 | Provices 2 senal RS232 pons．and one |  |
| Expansion Card | parathe pon for intertacing | 79．95 |
| RAM | Adds 32 K bytes extrs RAM oringing tolat |  |
| Espansion Card | capacity to 48 k dyles | ［79．95 |
| p．Code Card | Includes the UCSD．PASCAL P．code inter． preter | £12．95 |
| Matrix Printer | 80 column matrox printer ointer GP． 100 A cable | ［219．95 |
| Matrix Printer | 80 cotumn matrix printer with RS232 and |  |
| GP250x | Centronic parallet intertace | ¢273．95 |
| Epson Rx80 | 80 coumm． 100 CPS matur primiet． | ［29］ |

Please seno S．a．E．for sothware prices
THE AFFORDABLE DAISYWHEEL


ONLY
£239

+ VAT


## － 80 CPS

| Friction and Acju solbie Tracjor Feed |
| :--- |
| Pareneor |

－Parenteo Souare Neealies un to 9
－Hi－Res Graphics ano Broce Grohics
SHINWA CP8O PRINTER
$239+$ VAT $=\mathbf{E 2 7 4 . 8 5}$
NEC 8023BE－C PRINTER


This is a high speed prinite using bi－drectional logic seeking oderation 7 an matrux for alohanumerics of of giaphics and bit image prining Programmable paper teed．original plus itree copies．Greek characters and high resolution graphics The primi ouality is exceptional，and the price is athor cable．

| －0k1 Miccoline 80 Printer | £199＋VaI $=$ E726．85 |
| :---: | :---: |
| －Oni Microune 82A Printer | ¢329－VAI $=$ E371 35 |

Akhter Instruments Limited
Dept．IIPCw EXECUTIVE HOUSE，SOUTH RD． TEMPLEFIELDS，MARLOW，ESSEX CM2028Z．UK TEL：HARLOW（0279） 443521 OR 412639

TELEX 995801 REF－A18

ORDERING INFORMATION
All orders which accompany a cheque．cash or postat orders are CARRIAGE FREE（UK only）Please make cheques and postal orters payable to＂AKHTER BARCLAYCARD And ACCESS orders of invore toral is applicable to Government and Educational estabilishments We accepi VAT FAEE EXPORT Government and Educational establishments We accepI VAT FREE EXPORT OPENING HOURS：MON－FRI 9am－5．30pm，SAT TOam－2pm．

Wo welcome callers，no parking probiems．
$\qquad$楌



Apricot and Sirius look alike hard disks in 5,10, 15 or 20 Mbyte

## SOFTWARE FOR APRICOT AND SIRIUS

## ACCOUNTS

PULSAR EXACT SAGE PEACHTREE financial director BOS

WORD-PROCESSING
SUPERWRITER WORDSTAR GRAFFCOM WORDCRAFT PEACHTEXT SPELL BINDER

DATABASE
D BASE II FRIDAY SUPERFILE TOMORROWS OFFICE SILICON OFFICE DMS/DELTA

## SPREADSHEETS

SUPERCALC 1,2 or 3 MICRO MODELLER MARS
MULTIPLAN
LOTUS 123
(AVAILABLESOON)


## ACT STIUS 1

* Local Area Networking $\star$ Micromail-the electronic post box
- 10 M byte (Winchester) £3,995

Lease per week
1.2K-£11.84
2.4K-£14.50

10 M byte (Winchester) - $£ 21.50$


## For these products

We are established main dealers

- We give the best support
- We give the advice

We supply the software
We do on site maintenance And we are always in stock!!
Silicon Valley has on site Chartered Accountants, management consultants specialist, computer engineers to discuss and recommend solutions. We offer full training and maintenance - TRY US OUT


## Discover a full colour monitor for less than $£ 200$ which is compatible with the majority of small Micros

£199.95 + VAT \& CARRIAGE
*SUPERB GRAPHIC RESOLUTION
*UNIQUE GREEN TEXT OR FULL COLOUR OPTION

* COMPOSITE/RGB INPUTS
*SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO DISPLAY THE OUTPUT FROM MICRO COMPUTERS
*SOUND WITH BUILT IN SPEAKER AND VOLUME CONTROL
* ATTRACTIVELY DESIGNED METAL CASE IN BEIGE AND DARK BROWN
*FULL 12 MONTH GUARANTEE
The full range of NOVEX MONITORS are available through dealers nationwide.
Dealer enquiries welcome.


WORLDWIDE REGISTERED TRADEMARK BY
NOVEX ELECTRONICS CO. LTD. HONGKONG \& NOVEX U.K. LTD.
For further details and stockists of the NOVEX MONITOR range please complete and return to:
DISPLAY DISTRIBUTION Limited, 35 Grosvenor Road, Twickenham, Middx. Tel. 01-891 1923/1513 Telex 295093

Name.
Address. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## BBC MICROCOMPUTERS

Model B.<br>Model $8+$ Disk Interiace BBC Olsk Interface 347.95 BBC Teletext Receiver BBC 6502 2nd Processor. Process or .... 169.75 - 280 2nd Processor...... 256.65 BBC Speech Interface........... 47.85 View Word Processor ........... 52.00 Word Wise Word Processor...<br>Kena Green Monitar $\quad 239.95$ Disk Drive 100K ................... 199.95

## WORD PROCESSING PACKAGE

BBC Model B + Disk Interlace + Word Wise + VDU Green Monitor + Sllver Reed Daisywheel Printer $+200 K$ Dual Disk Drives
eeb calc.... only 1259.95
Database .................................
Stock control ........................................
Cash book account ................P.O. A.
Selection of educational, graphic
games software availabie.


## ACORN ELECTRON

## at

173.95

## ATARI COMPUTERS

AM 400 16K AAM Computer .......... 94.95 A800 48K RAM Computer ............ 234.95 A850 Intertace Module ................ 109.95 A410 Programs Recorder ..............39.95 Cx86 Printer Cable ...................... 21.70 CX88 RS232 Cable ........................ 21.70 C01655 Technical Users Notes ....... 17.00 CXL4018 Pilot Language ...............78.29 Selection ol educational graphic games software avaliable.


## COMMODORE COMPUTERS

Commodore 64
C2N e/recorder

Joystick
239.95

## WORD PROCESSING PACKAGE

## Commodore 64

Oisk Drive
Easy Script
Silver Reed D/wheel Printer 769.95

Commodore 64
. 60
Commodore 64 ................. 169.60
Printer Dot Matrix ............... 199.99
Monltor 14"......................... 199. 199.99
Monitor 14". 199.99

RS232C Interface ................ 30.40
Gorteck and the Microchip ..... 9.99
SImons' Basic ................. 43.50
SImons' Basic ....................43.50
CSE/GCE '0' Level Revision
Software

Selection of aducational, graphic games software avallable.
VIC 20 ..
.. 79.95


## VDU's \& MONITORS

$12^{\prime \prime}$ Green Kaga Monitor ....... 99.95 $12^{\prime \prime}$ Amber Kaga Monitor ..... 109.95 12" RGB Monitor (Med Res) 229.95 12" RGB Monitor (High Res) 269.95 14" Micro Vitec Cub Monitor 239.95 $20^{\prime \prime}$ Sony RGB Monitor ...... 434.13 $14^{\prime \prime}$ Commodore Colour Monitor
199.95

## PRINTERS

EPSON
MX100 FT Type III ............. 429.95
RX80 100cps 80 col ???
RX80 FT 100 cps 80 col 727
795
FX80 160cps 80 col .......... 379.95
FX100 160cps 132 col ............ ???
Apple Oot matrix............... 399.95
SILVER REED
EXP500 Parallel ............... 299.00
EXP500 Serial 329.00

EXP550 Parallel 495.00

## BOOKS

At TASHA computers we stock a complete range of books for compuler users. Whether you want to learn about machine-language or BASIC, games programs or business programs, we probably have the book for you.

Why don't you come in and have a look at our fine selection? If you're out of town, or can't get to Kensington, then send us an S.A.E. and we'll rush you our hooks catalogue. Remember: It's books for learning, and it's TASHA for the best in computer books!

## Tasha computers

Previously known as Deans of Kensington 191, Kensington High Street London W8
Tel:01-938 1588 Ext.|9

Prices are subject to change without notice. Add $15 \%$ VAT.
Send orders with cheque payable to DEANS. State goods required. SECURICOR add £6.00.

## NO LIMIT

NOW, a home computer with virtually no limit to its possibilities. The astonishing new Sharp MZ700. A machine with a dazzling array of talents.
First, it is a CLEAN MACHINE. So you are not limited to any one computer language. You have flexibility to run and write programs in BASIC, FORTRAN, MACHINE CODE, PASCAL, ASSEMBLER and many others. And MZ700's 512 predefined characters mean you can build up detailed pictures on the screen without spending time specifying and designing special characters for games and special effects. Second, it has a memory of 64 K , so as your technique improves and develops you are able to move forward to more and more advanced programming.
All of which makes this the perfect home computer for parents as well as children. Special Christmas Offer
191.95

Cassette Recorder .. 113.05 Plotter/Printer ........ 34.75

Trade Enquiries Welcome

THE APPLE Protessional Home Computer


The Complete Package

1. Apple lle 64 K
2. Disk Orive with Controller
3. TV Modulator Colour \& Sound
4. Apple Monitor II Rebate Certlificate £25
5. Apple Software Rebate

Certificate £25
6. Apple Training Voucher value $£ 100$
7. Micronet/Prestel Vouchervalue £68
8. Unique Apple Sports Bag FREE
9. Windiall, the Apple user's
magazine
Normal RRP 1435.00
Our Price 799.00
Apple lle 64K 645.00
Apple lle Monitor............... 126.00
Apple lie Monit
126.00
$80 \mathrm{col}+64 \mathrm{~K}$
159.95

Apple Writer
Multiplan. 109.95

Omnis Database
208.95

Apple il 256 K
. 1995.00

HEWLETT PACKARD
HP-32E Pre-programmed...... 44.26 HP-10C Programmable ........ 46.95 HP-11C Programmable ........ 59.95 HP-15C Advanced Program ... 79.95 HP-16C Programmable ........ 79.95 HP-12C Financial................... 79.95 HP-41C Computer ............... . . 122.80 HP-41CV Computer.............. 173.13 Memory module ................... 18.95 Quad memory .................... 50.67 Extended functions ............... 50.67 Card Reader..................... 125.37 Printer ............................. 259.95 Digital Cassette Drive ....... 294.21


HP-75C
Portable Computer ............ 669.95

- Accepts 48K of applicable Rom.
- Touch-type typewriter like keyboard.
- Powerful basic language.
- Uses same peripherals as Series 40.


## EPSON HX-20

THE EPSON HX20 Computer for
business on the move.
SPECIAL OFFER
for Christmas season
4X-20 Computer
HX-20 MC Microcassette 499.00 HX-20 EU 16K RAM Expansion

HX-20 …..................... 402.00 HX-20 EU ......................... 80.00


## SHARP PORTABLE

## COMPUTERS



CE125 .............................. 79.95
CE150 Printer ................... 124.95
CE152 (4K RAM) ........... 29.95
CE152 (4K RAM) ..................... 29.95
CE155 8K Battery ..................... 78.25
CE158 Rc922 130.45


## CASIO

FX802 W1 1L Printer ............ 78.25
EX3600P 19.95

FX700P
P8100 Computer. .43 .95


SHARP MZ-80A
48K Computer................... 330.95 MZ-80 SFD D/Drive. MZ-80 FB Dual D/Orive CP/M-MZ-80A. MZ-BOTU Assembler. MZ-8ADOZ FDOS 274.00 MZ-80AEO Expansion Ui. MZ-80AMD Mant Unit .... 99.95 Master Diskette. M2-80P5 Printer ............... 649.00 6 Printer. 289.95 Sales ledger Purchase ledger Stock Control...


You've a deadline to meet, the right CP/M Software package is needed, the right decision has to be made; which format, which product, when can it be delivered, at what price?

You need good advice, and just as important, you need to talk to someone who has a large enough range to be able to offer honest advice. Someone who can then deliver on time, someone whose catalogue is fast becoming the byword of the software industry.

So don't expose yourself, talk to Software Limited. Choice, advice and delivery, all aimed at meeting your deadline.

Software Limited... Because there's more to choose from, we're the only choice to make.

## 01-833 1173/6

Software Limited
No. 2 Alice Owen Technology Centre 251 Goswell Road, London EC1
CPMM is a trademark of Digital Research


Software Limited


## MYSTERY SOLVED!



Become a practised operator at

## COMPUTER

By taking one of our Micro Computer training semesters.
Although essentially beginners courses they are designed to give a thorough understanding of Micro Computer basics. The Computer College has been established as the training division of 01 Computers, the London based Micro Computer specialists.

A series of evening and/or afternoon practical lectures have been planned with training in word processing using WORDSTAR, financial forecasting using SUPERCALC, and information storage and retrieval using D BASE II. These are all industry standard software programs.

* All courses use the widely accepted SIRIUS, IBM and OSBORNE hardware.

Courses are from

£45
Telephone 01-228 2207 for prospectus details or fill in the coupon opposite.

* This is a lst class opportunity to gain 'Hands on' experience using industry 'Standard' and popular Micro Computer hardware.


## MICROCOMPUTER PRICE BREAKTHROUCH

Now MICRONIX smashes the price barrier of Professional Systems - 100\% British designed and built. No frills, no gimmicks, no forced purchase of unwanted software at hidden cost! Our low, low system cost gives you freedom to choose and buy software to suit your requirement and still save money! Four models to choose from and a massive 21 Mbyte Hard disk Subsystem is also available. Based on the versatile MICRONIX 80HD Single Board Micro all models have $\star$ Z80A MHz CPU $\star 64 \mathrm{k}$ (expandable to 128k) RAM $\star 24 \times 80$ VDU $\star$ Floppy Disk Controller $\star$ SASI Hard Disk Interface $\star$ Real Time Clock/Calendar with battery back-up $\star$ Two RS232cPorts $\star$ Two Parallel I/O $\star$ Buffered BUS $\star$ ASCII Parallel Keyboard Port $\star$ Composite Video $\star$ CP/M Compatible Operating System.
Just add a terminal or video monitor and a keyboard (optionally available) and you are in business!


## JUST LOOK AT THESE PRICES


#### Abstract

MODEL MX400: 400K TWIN 51⁄4" SYSTEM only $£ 799$ MODEL MX800 : 800K TWIN 51⁄4" SYSTEM .....................................only £899 MODEL MX1600: 1600K TWIN 5¼ SYSTEM ..................................... only £999 MODEL MX2400: 2400K TWIN 5¼" SYSTEM only $£ 1,199$




The MX Series are beautifully housed in a low profile brown/beige metal case.


The heart of the system-MICRONIX80HD Single Board Micro-alsoavailable separately at£445 + VAT

KEYBOARD: 102 KEY LOW PROFILE ASCII KEYBOARD ONLY £125 (£5 CARRIAGE)
HARD DISK: MASS STORAGE HARD DISK SUB-SYSTEMS COMPLETE WITH
SOFTWARE AND READY TO PLUG INTO ANY MX SYSTEM ABOVE:
MODEL MX115HD 11.5 MBYTE HARD DISK ONLY $£ 1,250$
MODEL MX216HD 21.6 MBYTE HARD DISK ONLY $£ 1,399$
ALL PRICES ARE EXCLUSIVE OF CARRIAGE ( $£ 15$ per System) AND VAT.
C micronix computers Ltd

# VIDEO MONITORS 

HIGH QUALITY GREEN SCREEN
Designed for use with Professional and Personal Microcomputers where a high resolution display is required. Ideal for applications requiring 80 column mode CHECK THESE FEATURES:-

- ANTIGLARE SCREEN
- P31 GREEN FOR MINIMUM FATIGUE
- VIDEO RESPONSE $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-22 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$
- SUPERB RESOLUTION - UP TO 132 CHARS/LINE

EXCELLENT GEOMETRY/LINEARITY
HIGH STABILITY

- 230 VOLT 50 Hz MAINS OPERATION
- COMPOSITE VIDEO 0.5/2.0V INPUT
- FLICKER FREE DISPLAY

- $9^{\prime \prime}$ MODEL HM911


ADD $£ 5$
Carriage/Postage


- $9^{\prime \prime}$ MODEL HM910


## THE LOWEST PRICE ANYWHERE



FOR A PC WITH THESE FEATURES . . . LOOK AT
THE SPEC. OF THE AMAZING
UNITRON 2200....
Dual processors - 6502 and $\mathbf{Z 8 0}$
0
64 K of RAM

- 24 K ROM with softswitch control

Selectable 80 or 40 column text display
Detachable keyboard
Apple ${ }^{\circledR}$ II-compatible
CP/M ${ }^{@}$ compatible

- High and low resolution graphics capabilities
Two disk I/O for your disk drives
Game paddles/cassette/video interfaces
Prices exclusive of VAT
Same day despatch. Access welcome.


## CHILTERN ELECTRONICS

## THE APPLE

## Professional Home Computer PACK



## The Complete Package

1. Apple Ile 64 K
2. Disk drive with controller
3. TV modulator colour and sound
4. Apple monitor II rebate certificate $£ 25.00$
5. Apple software rebate certificate $£ 25.00$
6. Apple training voucher value $£ 100$
7. Micromet/Prestel voucher value $£ 68.00$
8. Unique Apple sports bag - FREE
9. Windfall the Apple user's magazine

Normal RRP 1435.00 our price 799.00

Apple lle 64K ................................. 645.00
Apple lle monitor............................. 126.00
Disk drive ...................................... 199.95
80 col \& 64K .................................. 159.95
Apple writer................................... 109.95
Multiplan ...................................... 159.95
Omnis data base ............................ 208.95
Apple III 256K................................. 1995.00

Previously known as Deans of Kensington
191, Kensington High Street London W8
Tel: 01-938 1588 Ext. 9

Prices are subject to change without notice.
Add 15\% VAT.
Send orders with cheque payable to DEANS. State goods required. SECURICOR add £6.00.

EPSON QX-10 SPECIAL OFFER
for Christmas period

QX-10
CPU: Z80A
RAM: 192K bytes
CMOS: 2K RAM
Display: $12^{\prime \prime}$ green high-resolution $640 \times 400$ pixels 80 col $x 25$ lines
Disc: $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ double sided 640K bytes

Interfaces: RS-232
programmable
Printer: Standard parallel
FX80 PRINTER 160 cps
SAGE Accounting Package

- Sales ledger
- Purchase ledger
- Nominal ledger
- VAT return
- CASH book
- Journal entries
- Monthly \& Annual Accounts
- Age Analysis

Normal price
2538.00

Special price only 2138.00

## OLIVETTI M20

 16-BIT MICROEngineering

- Business
- Education

Science

## APRICOT

The 4th generation Personal Computer CPU: 8086, 5MHZ, optional 8087 CPU: 8086, 5 MHZ , optional 8087 RAM: 256K expandabie to 768 k bytes
Discs:One $31 / 2$ in microfiopy drive, capacity

315 K bytes Keyboard: 96 keys inc 8 pre-set function keys, 6 programmable louch numeric pad.
Display: 25 lines $\times 80 \mathrm{col}, 800 \times 400$ graphics, 2 lines $\times 40$ col LCD micro screen display on keyboard.
System: CP/M-86, MS-DOS II
Language: Microsoft, Microsoft Basic, etc.
1640.00


THE ACT SIRIUS ONE

- Networking on Sirius
- Micromail -
1.2K................... 2195.00
2.4K................ 2695.00
Megbyte ............. 3993.00



## MIRACLE Portable Computer

CPU: ZB0A
System: CPM
Discs: 51/4" dual, 500 Kbytes each RAM: 128 K bytes expandable to 192 K Screen: 10 " green, $80 \times 25$ display. Integrated software "FREE" bold CP/M operating system
Operating gulde
Memoplan word processing
File pian Data Management
Profit plan "Calc" spreadsheet
Micromodeller
Carrying case
ny 1795.00


## The Websters

## It takes the

 guesswork out of the business of selling software.If you're a high street retailer then personal computer software is one of the biggest opportunities ever to come your way. The Websters Software Directory will help you take that opportunity and turn it into pound notes - quickly, simply and profitably.

## A unique selling medium.

Nobody else has anything like it. Used at the point of sale, in conjunction with normal display methods, the Directory will turn your store into a recognised and authoritative software centre. Instantly, without fuss or bother, your customers will be able to browse

through all the best selling software titles for all the top selling brand name home computers.

Game players, computer buffs, school children, teachers, students and businessmen. Everybody wants to be able to find the software they're looking for quickly and easily. All will gravitate towards your store and your copy of the Websters Software Directory.

## Maximum display

## value in the minimum space.

The first edition of the Directory contains 240 pages, each showing details of one software title. By the time the second update

## ware Directory

takes place in early 1984, the total will have risen to 400 pages. From then on, each copy of the Directory will be updated quarterly so that, at all times, in your store, consumers will be able to find all the information they need about personal computer software. There simply isn't a better or more effective way of showing the consumer what each program offers.

## Shows what actually appears on the screen.

All this happens in your store, right at the point of sale. Nowhere else can the consumer go and see two full colour action photographs of what the screen actually shows when the program is run. The Directory is at the heart of every home computer owner's buying needs. An indispensable reference point, indispensable in your store.

## Presents program information consistently.

At long last the home computer owner will have comprehensive and accurate information about each software title available in an easily understood way. The whole process of selecting from the huge range of programs currently available becomes easier and much more fun. The Directory answers everybody's questions and does everything possible to help the customer buy.

The Websters Software Directory is at the centre of a comprehensive personal computer software service. Our current stock list contains all the best selling titles from all the leading software houses. Programs are available for use on Sinclair. Commodore, BBC, Dragon, Texas Instruments, Atari, Acorn, Oric, Lynx and Mattel microcomputers.

## Websters SOFTWARE

Please ask for further details or if you wish a representative to call.

Frances Cheyne, Websters Software Ltd., Langham House, Middleton Road, Guildford, Surrey, GU1 1|T. Telephone: Guildford (0483) 62222.
WHEN IT COMES TOMCROCOMPUTER Software tre YHE WROT

How do you stay up-to-the-minute with the rapidly changing world of microcomputer software? Get the Lifeboat Catalogue.
The Iatest Innovations The new Lifeboat Catalogue is packed with the latest state-of-the-art software. And if we publish a new program after the latest catalogue has gone to press, we enclose a flash bulletin in your copy.

## The greatest selection

Because Lifeboat is the world's largest publisher of microcomputer software, our catalogue offers you the greatest selection of programs for business, professional and personal use. Our more than 200 programs range from the integrated accounting and professional practice systems to office tools for book-keepers and secretaries to sophisticated tools for programmers. Included are business systems, word processors, programming languages, database management systems, application tools and advanced system utilities.
We specialise in software that runs on most small business computers. Our more than 60 media formats, including floppy disks, data cartridges, magnetic tape and disk cartridges, support well over 100 different types of computer.
Get full servlce We give the crucial dimension of after-sales service and full support to everything we sell.
That includes:

- An update service for software and documentation.
- Telephone, telex and mail-order services in the London office and at overseas offices in the United States, France, Switzerland, West Germany and Japan.
- Subscriptions to Lifelines, ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ the monthly magazine that offers comparative reviews, tips, techniques, identified bugs and updates that keep you abreast of change.


## Get it now Lifeboat

now servestens of thousands
of satisfied customers with our breadth of up-to-date, fully tested, fully supported and competitively priced software. You may not need all we offer, but we offer just what you need. After all, we wrote the book.

## Lifeboat Associates <br> World's forem st software source

Mail coupon to: Lifeboat Associates
PO Box 125, London WC2H 9LU or call 01-836 9028
口Please send me a free lifeboat catalogue.
Name
$\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { Title } \\ \text { Company } \\ \text { Address } \\ \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { Copyright © 1981, by Lifeboat Associates. }\end{array}\right.\end{array}\right.\right]$.

Lifeboat Woridwide offers you the world's largest library of software. Contact your nearest dealer of Lifeboat.

# Teach yourself software in minutes. Not hours. 

Insert an ATI training disk, and presto! Three minutes later, you're practicing usable skills. Within an hour, you're proficient. Even if you're never touched a computer before. ATI's self-prompting disk simulates the actual software on the screen of your personal computer. If you have a question later, the helpful handbook is set up to give you the answer in 15 seconds.

ATI Training Power is faster because it's Performance Based. Instead of taking time teaching you how a program works, ATI shows you how to put it to work. Right away.

ATI's unique Performance-Based Training is widely used by many Fortune 500 companies, such as
IBM, DEC, Xerox, NEC, and Toshiba. Not to mention thousands of smail businesses.

ATI's 'training programs operate in virtually every business oriented microcomputer.

Match ATI's selections with your software library, and order today.

## Integrated Software

ATI Training Power makes it easy to learn and use the powerful new integrated software packages currently entering the market.

## Word Processing

ATI's Word Processing Series teaches you how to create, edit, move, and print text with popular programs, fast! A must for executives and secretaries alike.

## Database Management

To get the most out of your data base, learn to use these programs fast, with ATI's Database Management Series.

## Financial Planning

What if you could learn to do a complete "what if" spreadsheet analysis in less than an hour? ATl's Financial Planning Series teaches you this and more. Turn software packages into powerful management tools, quickly.
Operating Systems
Learn to prepare, monitor, maintain, and troubleshoot your own system like a pro, with ATl's Operating Systems Series.

## Programming

ATI's Basic Programming Series teaches you how to write, enter, debug, and use programs that analyse business expenses, organize mailing lists, and more.

## Accounting

Now it's easy to put your accounting on computer, with an outstanding software package and ATI Training Power to get you (and your bookkeeper) up to speed, rapidly and cost-effectively.

Please rush me ATI Training Power" programs, at \$75 each for this software:

## Integrated Software

$\square$ Lotus 1-2-3
Database Management
-dBASE II-vol. 1 \& 2
$\square$ EasyFiler

## Word Processing

WordStar-vol. 1 \& 2
Easy Writer II
$\square$ Perfect Writer
$\square$ Spellbinder
$\square$ Benchmark

## Financial Planning

$\square$ Multiplan
$\square$ SuperCalc
$\square$ VisiCalc
$\square$ Perfect Calc

- EasyPlanner
$\square$ Microplan

Operating Systems
$\square P C D O S$
MSDOS
$\square C P / M$

## Programming

DBASIC
$\square$ APPLESOFT BASIC

## Accounting

$\square$ BPI Gen. Acct.

- Peachtree General Ledger*

Peachtree Accounts Receivable* $\square$ Peachtree Accounts Payable* *PC(MS) DOS formats only.

## My Disk Drlve is:

$\square$ SSSD
$\square$ DSDD
$\square$ SSDD
$\square$ DSSD

Enclosed is $\$ 75$ each plus $\$ 15.00$ shipping
Name___ Phone 1
Street

Street
City
State
Zip
Mail order form to:
American Training Internationa
3770 Highland Avenue, Suite 201
Manhattan Beach. CA 90266
Telex: 364412 INTR
ATI Money Back Guarantee
If you're not completely satisfied with how fast you learn with ATI Interactive Training Programs, simply return it within 3 days for full purchase refund.

My computer brand is

[^4]

thactoafeeo amo auto cut sheet feed ayailable
PLUG-IN KEYBOARD OPTION - $£ 150$ +VAT
HERMES 612 mims inn iniliz
Word processing \& data printing up to 400 cps
EPSON COMPATABILITY $£ 1850+$ VAT


SLIM-LINE DISK DRIVES
Prices incluce Cable. Format, Diskette, Power Supoly and Manual
CS100 40 track S/S - £199 + VAT CD400S 40/80 track S/S £475+VAT CD800S 40/80 track D/S £599+VAT DFS - £85 + VAT CUMANA FLOPPY DISK MANUAL (POST FREE) - $£ 9.00$ NO VAT

[^5]

## CHIPS QUALITY MICRO PRINTERS



## ORDER NOW FOR CHRISTMAS TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT ALL GOODS CARRY NINETY DAYS WARRANTY

| PLEASE SEND ME THE FOLLOWING GOODS:- |
| :--- |
| PRICE $£$ |
| IENCLOSE MY CHEQUE/POSTAL ORDER FOR $£$ |
| NAME AND ADDRESS |

# If your computer gets stuck in a dead-end job you clearly havent got dBase II. 

There you are with all that microchip potential and no software that's man enough to exploit it.

Too specialised, too basic, too difficult, too risky.
Over the top in everything except flexibility! And that's a downright insult to intelligence - yours and the computer's.

For years now, the computer industry has been hooked on databases. And there's absolutely no doubt that an effectively run database is the only certain route to successful information management. The micro's got the horsepower, so why shouldn't you have the software to go with it?

No reason at all. That's why ASHTON TATE developed dBASE II.

With dBASE II you can harness all your microcomputer's potential. It gives you a flexible structure on which to build business information and a straightforward means to develop complex and varied applications. In short, dBASE II gives you all you need to manage and use information.

When your business grows, you can change the way you handle information without changing the information itself. You can develop your own applications or buy them in ready-made. You can even build a set of menudriven routines and let untrained people loose amongst your most valuable information in

INFORMATION absolute safety.
These features and more have made dBASE II a standard for microcomputer information management. And it's a standard that's as good for the oneman business as it is for the larger company.

But don't just take our word for it. Ask any dBASE II dealer and try it out for yourself for 30 days.

You're hardly taking a risk, because if you don't like it, you'll get your money back! But before the 30 days is up you'll wonder how you ever managed without dBASE II.

So do your computer a favour. Give it a copy of dBASE II. For the name of your nearest dealer contact ASHTON-TATE distributors:

| ACT (Pulsar) 021-454 8585 |
| :---: |
| Arbel Ltd. (0603) 39381 |
| Encotel Systems 01-680 6040 |
| Ferrari Software 01-751 5791 |
| Midlectron (Belper) 6811 |
| Pete \& Pam (0706) 227011 |
| Soft Option (0476) 860171 |
| Software Ltd. 01-833 1173/6 |
| Tamsys (Windsor) 56747 |
| Tradesoft 01-627 1800 |
| Xitan Systems (0703) 334711 |

Supported by: Ashton-Tate (UK) Limited, Cofferidge Close, Stony Stratford, MK11 1BY.
dBase II is one of the quality range of products which include The Financial Planner, Strategist and Friday, all registered trademarks of Ashton-Tate.

## Go 4th from£1495 ${ }^{\dagger}$

With the advent of the fourth generation of computers, we are delighted to announce our dealership for the excitingly-innovative Apricot computer.

Over the past seven years we have become established as leading suppliers of microcomputers and software. Our comprehensive service includes pre-sales advice, installation and full technical support.

For full details or to arrange a demonstration please telephone or write:

Apricot Sales
Interam Computer Store, FREEPOST, London SW12 9AG Tel: 01-6755325 Telex: 925859

## "Itmustbedone byFriday!

You are under pressure and you can't find the information to get the job done. Where is it? You could spend half the day looking for it. And still not find it. So you just give up and start all over again. This is crazy. There's a computer in the shop down the road or in the next office which ought to be able to help, but can't - simply because you don't know how to make it work.

At least, not until Friday! With Friday you can use that computer and forget all about programming. Friday will take careof everything. FILES

## $\square$ REPORTS DIARY

MAILINGS $\square$ and much more. Whatever it is you need to know - how well sales are going, what the stock levels look like, who owes you money, how much you have in the bank, whose salary is up for review Friday can tell you in seconds. Produce reports instantly to a standard easily good enough to impress the board.

But Friday isn't only fast and versatile: It's designed for people who have never used a computer before. Its documentation, described as a model for the software industry, includes an introduction to micro computing. Friday is completely menu driven, with lots of prompts to guide you through the job you are doing. The


menus are there purely to help you - not to hold you up. You can switch
from job to job just as you always have. Only now you don't have to turn your desk upside down.

Invest half an hour with Friday and you will be amazed at the return. Just visit your Ashton-Tate dealer and he will demonstrate how to get it done by Friday.
Thankgod it's
 You must select the Party you wish to represent and your aim is to stay in office for as long as possible. You must control inflation and unemployment, maintain the exchange rate, introduce social reforms and stay popular. The game is split into sectors: country profile, shopping basket, budget day reform opportunities, manifesto, and most important election nights (a telling time)
A COMPLEX GAME THAT YOU
WILL NOT TIRE OF IN A HURRY


INHERITANCE
Gt. Uncle
Arbuthnot is dead.
Youstand
to inherit!!
PERSONAL COMPUTER WORLD "Well presented and
good value for money"
A 2 part game. Prove your financial acumen in Part 1 by investing wisely at the stock and metal markets; if desperate try the casino or the horse races. If you are successful you will enter the world of big business in Part 2. Find the secret formula for paradise cola; manufacture and market the drink; cope with strikes, fires, frauds, cash shortages, etc. Your ultimate aim is to become a millionaire! A MAMMOTH GAME PACKED FULL OF FEATURES £5.95

## SPECTRUM 48K



## THE WORLD TRAVEL GAME

 A game for 1 or 2 players, full of danger and excitement Your aim is to collect 6 souvenirs from around the world (from Russia to Falklands) in the shortest possible time. Cope with HIJACKS, STRIKES, THIEVES, CASH SHORTAGES, BANKRUPTCIES, BAD WEATHER, ETC ... World Map \& full instructions supplied.BBCONLY: $£ 6 \cdot 95$ on cassette

# SIMON W. HESSELL SOFTWARE Dept PCW 

15 Lytham Court, Cardwell Crescent, Sunninghill, Berks Telephone: Ascot 25179
24HR DESPATCH - ONE YEAR GUARANTEE - MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

## CP/M 3

## Now Available

CP/M Plus working with banked memory and virtual disk.
Much faster with many more features than CP/M 2.2.

Price includes MAC, the DRI assembler.
Available for the MAP 80, Nascom and Gemini computers using VFC or IVC \& MAPRAM.

> Price £257

## Also Available

"MAPCOM" - a new 80 Bus computer Uses a $Z 80$ CPU
64KRAM expandable to 1 Mbyte
Twin TEAC half height $5^{\prime \prime}$ drives 80 col by 25 line display
Green screen monitor built in 91 key software programable keyboard Winchesteroption available Runsunder CP/M2.2orthenewCP/M3 operating systems
Business and Accounts packages available
Price £1,760
All prices exclude $P \& P$ and VAT
Dealer enquiries welcome
M.A.P. 80 Systems Ltd.

No. 1 Windsor St., Chertsey, Surrey
Tel: 0932864663

## CP/M-80 Software from The Software Toolworks

 expansion, exeation trace and profile, initializers, Macro-80 compatibility, ROMable code.C/80 Mathpay
£30.00
Adds thodthg point and 32-bit integers to $\mathrm{C} / 80$. Includes I/O and transcerldental function library.
Z80 FORTH Development System
£50.00
Includes 90 page Manual and screens of software. Floating point version.
LISP/80 interpreter
$£ 42.00$
The language of Artificial Intelligence - including a LISP editor and example of ELIZA and analysts game. Requires 48K.
TEXT formatter
$£ 45.00$
A powerful text formatter producing left and right justified margins, table of contents, index, form letters and footnotes. Will pass printer ESC codes.
UVMAC_Z80 Macro Assembler
£35.00
Powerful macro-assembler which generates absolute code with many useful features.
AUTODIFF-files comparator
$\mathbf{£ 4 0 . 0 0}$
Flexible and easy to use, finds differences in both text and binary files - essential for every software tool kit.
MYCHESS Chess playing program
£35.00
With nine skill levels, game save and restart facilities, does not require graphics terminals - a championship program. All on $8^{\prime \prime}$ SSSD and Osborne formats please enquire for other formats
GAMES and UTILITIES for the OSBORNE
£30.00
Several available - ADVENTURE, MUNCHKIN, Sketch Editor, File Compressor and Encryptor.
Send your order with cheque (add $£ 2.00$ p\&p and VAT) to:

> System Science 54 Enfield Cloisters, Fanshaw St, London N1 Tel: 01-739 0540

## Get it right atLaskys...

Games, business, education, word processing, accounting... The amazing potential of micro computers is virtually limitless, so you need the right advice in order to find exactly the right machine for you. At Laskys we have a specialist micro department called Micropoint, where we can help you to analyse your requirements and experiment with everything from the simplest to the most sophisticated equipment.
A choice of easy ways to pay, free 2 year guarantee, a commitment to exchange products if you are not completely happy and, of course, a nationwide after sales service. You can't buy micro anywhere better than Laskys - who else offers you so much?



A sophisticated micro with amazing scope for home and office.
64K memory, disk drive, RF modulator enabling you to use your existing TV as monitor, includes Owners Pack.

## LYNX 96K

Compact powerful 96 K home unit at a budget price. Colour, sound and graphics. Compatible with most cassette players.£298

Lynx Parallel Printer Interface $£ 49.90$
Lynx Serial Printer Interface
$£ 3.90$

Recommended Epson printers for Lynx Epson FX80 £498
Epson MX100/3 £539
Epson RX80 1349 EASy ways ropay

$\qquad$ CHATHAM 8 The Pentizaco GLOUCESTER 25 Easloale Stue MAIOSTONE 7981 Whanger Street
SOUTHEND 205.206 CI


ALL MAJOR CLL MAJOR CREDIT CAR
ACCEPTED

Watch out for new Laskys Stores opening soon in Ealing, Southampton, Brent Cross, Cambridge and Exeter.

# BBC Micro Computer System 



## BBC Model B £399 (incl. VAT) + £7 carr. Model A to Model B Upgrade Kit $£ 60$

Installation £15
Floppy Disc Interface Kit £84

BCPLRom + Dist + Manual £86<br>PASCAL-T £48

TORCH 280
DISK PACK
$£ 730+£ 8$ carr.

WORD PROCESSOR ROMs
VIEW 16K Rom $£ 52$
Wordwise 8K Rom £34
UTILITY ROMs
BEEBCALC $£ 34$
Disc Doctor $£ 30$

All mating Connectors with Cables in stock Full range of ACORNSOFT, PROGRAM POWER \& BUGBYTE SOFTWARE AVAILABLE.

## BBC COMPATIBLE DRIVES

These drives are supplied in BBC matching colour cases and with necessary cables
SINGLE: $\quad$ 100K£150;200KE215*; 400K £235 SINGLE: with PSU: 100K£185; 200K £260; 400K £300 DUAL with PSU:
$2 \times 100 \mathrm{~K} £ 355 ; 2 \times 200 \mathrm{~K}$ £ $475^{*} ; 2 \times 400 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{E} 510$ *These drives are switchable 40/80 drives 40/80 Switch Module for $1 \times 400 \mathrm{~K}$ and $200 \times 400 \mathrm{~K}$ Drive f32

## DISKETTES

40 track SSSD $£ 15$
80 track SSDD £22 80 track DSDD £27 p\&p £1.5


Phone or send for our BBC leaflet.

## SIDEWAYS ROM EXPANSION BOARD

SREB provides 8 additionat socket's for expanding the compuler's sideways ROM capacily by a urther 128 K . (2754s consume 40 mA on slandby and in our apinion 8 hoMs will nol
overioad the compuler p5u). The board is oimensioned ensuring clearance of comoonents with adeeuatie ven. Thllation. Foully assembled and lested board with fiting


## MONITORS

MICROVITEC 14" RGB Monizors
1431 std. Res Monitor.
1451 Med Res Monitor
1441 Hi Res Monitor.
12" KAGA RGB I E235; RGB III £399
$12^{\prime \prime}$ Hi Res Green SANYO £99; KAGA£106

## BBC BOOKS (No VAT)

Basic Programming on BBC 30 House Basic (NEC)
$£ 215$
$£ 345$
£345

Let your BBC teach you to program Assy. Lang. Program for BBC BBC Micro An Expert Guide Games BBC Computers Play 6502 Software Design plus many more in stock

## NEC PC 8023 BE-N

EPSON RX80 FT $\mathbf{£ 3 0 5}$
EPSON FX80 $\mathbf{£ 3 7 0}$ EPSON FX1 $00 £ 565$ EPSON MX100£400 Carriage/Printer $\mathbf{f 7}$

## PRINTERS

NEC PC 8023 BE-N $£ 320$ SEIKOSHA GP100A £170 SEIKOSHA GP250A £210 Parallel Printer Cable $£ 12$
Serial Printer Cable $\mathbf{£ 8}$
Variety of Printer Interfaces in stock 2000 fanfold sheets $£ 13.50+£ 3$ p\&p.

## TORCH Z-80 PACK

Your $8 B C$ computer can be converted into a business machine at a cost slightly higher than a 800 K disc drive The Torch pack with disc drive and aZ80A processor card greatly enhances the data storing and processing capability of the computer (NOTE: In BBC mode the disC pack functions as a normal BBC drive). Z80A card comes with 64 K of RAM and a CP/M compatible operating system. The system is supplied complete with a BBC software package and COMANEX, a business management game. The PERFECT software package comprises of a DATABASEM CALC. WORD PROCESSOR and SPELLER commercialy valued at over $£ 1000$. The complete package foronly $£ 730$ installation $£ 20$ Carr. $£ 8$.

SMARTMOUTH - The 'infinite vocabulary' self-contained speech synthesise ROMs required - simply per word - no port. (Has Aux. Audio output Skt.). Supplied port. (Has Aux. Audio output Skt.). Supplied
with Demo/Development programs and simple software instructions $£ 37+£ 2$ p\&p.

## BBC EPROM PROGRAMMER

A fully self-contained Eprom programmer with its own power supply, able to program $2516,2716 / 32 / 32 \mathrm{~A} 64 / 128$ single rail Eproms. * Personality selection
single rotary switch.

- Programming voltage selector switch is provided with a safe position.
Warning indicator to show programming
* Programme

Programmer can read, blank check, prog on the EPROM.

* Simple menu driven software supplied on cassette (transferable to disc).
* Full editor with ASCII disassembler. Programmer complete with cables, software

PRDDUCTIDM PROGRAMMER
P8000 provides reliable gang programming of up to 8 EPROMS simultaneously with device sizes up to $16 \mathrm{~K} \times$ 8 bytes
Devices supported range from 2704 to 27128 in single and three rail versions. Simple menu driven operation ensure easy eprorn selection and reliable programming in minimum programming times. $\mathbf{£ 6 9 5}+£ 6$ carriage.

## UV ERASERS:

The following erasers are all fitted with safety interlocks and mains switches with indicators. UV 1 B up to 6 Eproms $£ 47$
UV 1 T as above but with timer $£ 59$
UV 141 as abover

## LIGHT PEN

(RH-1). A superior design, with a push tip, starus indicator LED, and an interface box that plugs into the user port. Comes with manual, full software and four
Basic demonstration programs $£ 39.50$.



New Home Computer with 16K memory. Full size keyboard plus help key (for additional information and menu screen) superb graphics, colour and sound. Compatible with all Atari home computer Software.

## COMMODORE 64 K

A home computer with a full size keyboard. Powerful 64K memory, sprite graphics, colour and sound.


## VIC 20 STARTER PACK



Includes VIC 205 K computer, C2N cassette recorder for loading \& storing programs, \& cassette software which includes Introduction to Basic Part 1, Blitz, Hoppit, Race \& Type-a-Tune!

## ORIC 48K

A home computer with 48K memory, ergonomic keyboard, colour/sound graphics.

Oric MCP40 Printer $£ 169.90$.
ء139."
Oric MCP40 Printer 169.90
LASKYS SOFTWARE SELECTION
DISCOVER OUR MASSIVE RANGE OF SOFTWARE IN STORE! ALL THE LATEST TOP TITLES FOR ALL THE POPULAR
FORMAT

## MACHINES



## The Home Entertainment Specialists

| XMAS \& NEW YEAR OPENING HOURS <br> (Mon 5sin Dec - Man 9th Jan) ALL STOAES 9am-7pm [MonFri] $9 \mathrm{~mm}-6 \mathrm{pm}$ (Sat) <br> Sat 24th Dec cloves 4 pm open Mon 2nd Jan QUEENSWAY GOLDEAS GAEEN OPEN EVEAY SUNDAY 11 am .7 pm |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


$\qquad$
 YORK TOA Cone
SCOTLANO


$\qquad$
 LEICESTEA U5 Marke PIACe 157 S: Jom s precina
MANCHESTER NOATHAMPION 78 Abm NOMINCHAM $1+$ Smity how
OXFORD 16 Wesigate
PETERBOROUGH OUe
Watch out for new Laskys Stores opening soon in Ealing, Southampton, Brent Cross, Cambridge and Exeter.

# 6 1 dialoo... 

 Serious Software for Commodore 64 . BBC Model B . Sharp MZ700 VIC 20 (16K) . Dragon . Spectrum (48K)DFM DATABASE
Fully User-definable
Create up to 15 Fields per Record Search \& Sort on Any Field Calculate on defined Numeric Fields View/Scroll/Print/Replicate Records Report Generator \& Utilities
64 DFM MAIL LABELS
Reads DFM Database Files
Resort Files by Any Field
Define Print Format
Selectable Single Label Printing
DFM WORDFLOW (Available soon)
Text processing link with Database
EDUCATION
64 ELECTRONICS PART 1
First in a series of three courses
to City \& Guilds
Full Graphic Illustrations
Includes Course Manual with instructions

## CARD INDEX SYSTEMS

4 CATALOG
36 Element Records for Library Filing
GI DATALOG
Text based Records for General Information

```
61 INVOSTAT
INVOICE \& STATEMENT GENERATOR
Create Client Accounts
Create Product Tables
Fast production of Invoice/Credit Notes
Autocalculation including VAT \& Discounts,
Special Messages printed
Full Account Maintainance
View/Print Invoices at any time
Print Product Table for Price List
Outstanding Balances Reported
for Statements
```


## 64 TRANSACT <br> BOOK-KEEPING SYSTEM

```
Analysis of Sales/Purchases/Bank/Cash Journal Entries for adjustments Output \& Input VAT with autocalculation
Automatic Double-Entry checking at Input Process mixed Transaction types Extended Analysis on each Transaction 4 Printed Reports for Audit Trail 90 Definable Nominal Accounts View/Print Accounts for Trial Balance
```


## $6 \subset$ JOURNAL

```
Desktop Financial Diary
```


## $G 6$ DIAL-A-SPRITE

```
Sprite Generator for Commodore 64 Multicolour definable with movement \& explosion
```

PRICES
CBM 64
24.00
BBC'B'
24.00
SHARP
24.00
VIC 20
I4.95

## dealers.

## Available At <br> Selected Spectrum and Laskeys Stores All Computers For All Outlets And the following Dealers

```
LONDON
wI
Computers of Wigmore St
87 Wigmore Street
01.4860373
W1
E. C. Kingsley & Co.
93 Tottenham Court Road
01.3876500
W1
Gultronics
200 Tottenham Court Road
W1
HMV
363 Oxford St
01-6291240
WI
Stirling Microsystems
241 Boker Street
01-4867671
W1
The Video Paloce
100 Oxford Street
01-6370366
EC2
Devron Computers
155 Moorgale
01.638 1830
EC2
Personal Computers
```

218 Bishopsgate
01-377 1200
W8
Deans of Kensington
191 Kensington High St
01.9377896
general information
Dealer \& Distribution Enquiries Welcome
Access \& Visa Orders from
Chromasonic Electronics on 01-2639493
For Catalogue phone 01-289 6904
All programs operate 'in memory' and are
Tape \& Disk compatible.
Full operating instructions are provided
and Software Support is available on
01-289 6904.
Registered Users will receive regular
Newsletters on program announcements
and updates.

"dialog..
Dialog Software
18 Carlisle Street, London WIV 5RJ

# TicraLare 

THischristyinirs

1. You may send your computer in for warranty period repair as often as necessary during the warranter receives expert attention and care.
2. Your compuir it is thoroughly tested and
3. After repair possible.
promptly as porranty states that 4. The small print on the wads to the repair of MicroCare's liability or replacement of the electronic faults, or if found to be irrepairable. computer if found to be irre want? Buy someone a What more could you We have the experience it year's peace of mind. parts on hand. So act now, The sooner you buy the to determine at someone's be. Look at the MicroCare's expern A year's peace disposal this Christmas. MicroCare of mind. takes. We have the parts "humming" Consider some of the advantages of a MicroCare



# Peachtree Software 

## The gilt-edged investment for your microcomputer

You need to be sure that the application software you choose carries the hallmark of stability and reliability and will be a sound investment for the future. It should enhance the value of the microcomputer you select to solve your business problems.

The Peachtree Portfolio of Application Software meets this need. The range provides for simple book-keeping (Peachtree Basic Accounting Systems), comprehensive accounting (Peachtree Business Management Systems) and integrated office automation (Peachtree Office Productivity Systems.

Peachtree is part of the world's largest Application Software company. We have over 20 years experience helping users of large and small computers get the full value from the computerisation of their business.

A nationwide network of independent computer retailers offers our portfolio of products on many different types of microcomputer. These companies provide the local support you want - backed up by Peachtree.

Major microcomputer manufacturers and distributors have made their investment in Peachtree Software for their micro computers.

They include: BRITANNIA, DIGITAL, EPSON, H ©o H (Tiger), IBM, MEMORY, OEM, OSBORNE, PHILIPS, POSITRON, RANK XEROX, SHARP, WANG. SAMURAI (Micrometworks), SANYO and ALTOS (Logitek), TOSHIBA (Scan computers).

Peachtree Software is available for these machines through their own distribution networks - backed up by Peachtree.

## THE SOFTWARE THAT WORKS FOR YOU.

Peachtree Software International Limited, "The Peachtree", 99 King Street, Maidenhead, Berkshire SL6 1YF, United Kingdom. Telephone: Maidenhead (0628) 32711. Telex: 849000.

A Subsidiary of Management Science America


## SEND FOR THE PEACHTREE PORTFOLIO:



## Others may claim tobeas versatile

Far from being all things to all men, the Toshiba T300 and T100 Micro Computers uniquely fulfill their respective roles.

They're the Hi-Fi of the Computing world.
The T300 has a 16 bit 8088 CPU with 192-512 KB RAM and up to 512 KB Video RAM. $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ floppy disks add another hefty 1.2 MB and there's an optional 10 Megabyte Winchester.

To the initiated, it means the basis for the kind of computing power to satisfy the most demanding professional, business or academic user.

Similarly, the T100, although ideal for every day problem solving and entertainment, makes use of sister technology to give high quality colours graphics on a precision-built VDU, alternatively just plug it straight into your TV via the T100's PAL adaptor.

To the man in the street, the T100 is a Personal Computer that stimulates the user to extend his interest far beyond the merely transient pleasure of video games. It is a respected micro computer with a powerful Z 80A Central processor making it suitable for businessmen and businesses.

## SHORT SPECIFICATION T300

CPU: 8088 ( 16 bit)
STORE: 192-512 KB RAM up to 512 KB Video
DISPLAY: 80 characters $\times 25$ lines, $640 \times 500$ Dot Graphics, 256 colours
DISKS: $2 \times 51 / 4$ " floppy disks each with 640 KB , $51 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ internal 10 M Byte Winchester Disk INTERFACE: Centronic Parallel RS. 232 V. 24 I-EEE 488. DIMENSIONS: $16.5^{\prime \prime} \times 3.9^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime}$ OPERATING SYSTEMS: CP/M $86^{\circ}$ MSDOS ${ }^{*}$ LANGUAGE OPTIONS:
BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, PASCAL.

Both are complemented by an exceptional printer that can print draft quality at a speedy 192 characters per second or letter quality at 100 c.p.s. Add to this 12 month's Warranty, nationwide service and minor details such as full colour graphics, sleek styling and the trust that goes with the Toshiba name-plate and we think you'll agree that Toshiba technology in
Professional Micros is not just a Quonphy poor relation to mainstream computing.

Find out more about
Toshiba's T300 and T100
-and discover true versatility in Computing.

Sole UK Toshiba Distributor


SCAN COMPUTERS LTD Chanctonbury House, Church Street, Storrington West Sussex RH20 4LZ
Tel: (09066) 5432
Telex: 87213 SCANDAG

## SHORT SPECIFICATION T100

CPU:
Z-80A ( 4 MHz )
STORE:
64 K byte RAM. (plus $8 \mathrm{~K}-32 \mathrm{~K}$ byte optional pack) Video RAM. 16 K byte. 90 character keyboard.
DISKS:
$2 \times 280$ KB Mini Floppy Disks DISPLAY: 8 colour display with $640 \times 200$ dot graphics.
DIMENSIONS:
$16.5^{\prime \prime} \times 3.9^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime}$
OPERATING SYSTEM:
CP/M
LANGUAGE OPTIONS:
BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, and PASCAL.


I'm tired of the song and dance some manufacturers make about their Micros. Please send me full details of the truly versatile Toshiba and the name of my nearest dealer.

Name:
Address:

## 80-BUS SOLUTIONS



The Gemini MultiBoard Microsystem provides a range of 15 fully-compatible microcomputer boards, which can be used to configure solutlons for micro processor problems, from as many as 10 boards, to just 1. This flexibility is due to Gemini's adoption of accepted industry standards; especially the 80-Bus, specifically designed for the 280 microcomputer which forms the heart of the MultiBoard system.

The princlple advantage of a 280 Bus system is the abundance of software available operating under CP/M, by which sottware becomes machine independant; providing the user with the widest range of software avallable.

There is also the opportunity to develop systems based on the Galaxy 3 computer (shown above) which uses Gemini MultiBoards, but has 2 spare slots in a 5 -board frame for particular configurations. Alternatively, the Galaxy 2 provides a cost-effective development tool with 3 spare siots in a 6-board frame.

Tel: (02403) 22307
BRISTOL
Target Electronics Ltd., 16 Cherry Lane Tel: (0272)421196
LEEDS
Blts \& PC's, Leeds Computer Centre, 62 The Balcony, Merrion Centre,
Tel: (0532) 45887

## LONDON W2

Henry's Radio, 404 Edgware Road Tel:01-4026822

## LONDON SW41

OFF Records, Computer House, 58 Battersea Rise, Clapham Junction Tel: 01-2237730
MANCHESTER M19
EV Computing, 700 Burnage Lane
Tel: 061-4314866

## NOITINGHAM

Computerama, (Skytronlcs Ltd.)
357 Derby Road
Tel: (0602) 781742
With MultiBoard thousands of permutations are possible. Eight of our most popuiar boards are shown here, but there is a range of 15 available; together with mother boards, frames, cables, power supplies, key boards and compatible sottware if required. A comprehensive catalogue is available from the Dealers listed, or 'phone us to discuss your requirements.


18 Woodside Road, Amersham,Bucks HP6 5EQ. Tel: (02403) 28321.
f the number of computer systems on the market leaves you totally bewildered, we don't blame you. And that's not your only problem. If you are not very careful, the system you buy today could well be obsolete tomorrow. That's how fast computer technology is progressing.

But take heart. There is one computer system that won't become obsolete. Because it is modular in concept it can be expanded both inside and outside to accommodate extra capacity and new advances-as well as being able to increase in size and capability to keep pace with your own growth or changing requirements.


You have a choice from a virtually unlimited range of CP/M compatible application software. Plus the support of total dealer back-up.

And, most important, you won't find that you've bought a system that suddenly doesn't meet your needs. The Communicator offers the facility to enhance and upgrade existing models to take account of new applications.

Comart have also met the stringent CCTA requirements. Which means we are Al. In short, Comart Communicator systems can keep pace with both progress and innovation.

So don't get bogged down with obsolete equipment. Contact your Comart dealer for a demonstration now.

## The Comart Communicator. One computer system that won't sink into obsolescence.

What's more, it's British. At any one of the addresses listed below you can see the remarkable flexibility of a Comart Communicator system for yourself.

In under three years, it has become a complete family of compatible, fully expandable microcomputer systems, covering

20 models and including single user, multi-user and multiprocessing systems.

To become technical for a moment, there's a choice of 8 or 16 bit processors, up to 1 megabyte of RAM and a wide range of floppy and hard disk storage capacities and add on modules.

comart
Comart Limited, Little End Road, Eaton Socon, St. Neots, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire PE19 3 JG. Tel: $(\mathbf{0 4 8 0}) 215005$. Telex: 32514 Comart $G$ Member of the Comari Group of Companies

COMART COMMUNICATOR UK DEALERS

| ABERDEEN | birmingham |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ortonshore | The Byic Shop |
| Te: 0224 22520 | Tel:021.622714 |
| AYIESBURY <br> J.K. Wokuford Associates <br> Tel: 029n 27473 | CAMBRIDGE <br> Cambridge Compuler So <br> Tel: 022365331 |
| BEDFORD <br> Remdex- Brades <br> Tel:02346858i | CAMBS(ST NEOTS) <br> Westeom <br> Tel: (14880 217217 |
| BEDS (AMPTHILLL) <br> M. P. Murkerng? <br> Tet: 01525 -10 4262 | CIIANNELISLES <br> licil Data Syscems <br> Te: 0481 23671 |
| BF1.FAST <br> Curdach Servicentio <br>  | COICHESTER <br> Furotec Consullants <br> Tel:0276 72538 |


| DONCASTER | I.fafids |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spur Computers | 1 Ifollene |
| Tel:0302 25159 | Tel: 0532459459 |
| DUBUIN(EIRE) | LONDON(BREXTON) |
| Lendic Datu Swrems | larogese |
| Tel: 0101710226 | Tel:01-6716321 |
| EDINBURGH | LONDON(COVENT GARDEN) |
| Holdene Mucrosystems | Diphus |
| Tel:031-557 3060 | Tel: 01.3796968 |
| cli.Ascow | LONDON(EC4) |
| The HiveShop | Typal Drinmice |
| Td:0.1-221:8202 | Te: $01-2484883$ |
| Glenrothes | LONDON(NWI) |
| Compurer Services Sentand | The Byte Shop |
| Tul:0542 773710 | Tel:01-3870505 |



| OXDN (HICUSTER) | WAT100\% |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 ypal linamucs <br> Fi:1: 046423361 | L-uxt iompurer Serwes T.小: 192317167 |
| Reaming | wh.mstow |
| At li. flectromes Tel: 17731667663 | lioldene <br> Tel: 11 n 2552 y -14h |
| SOUTHAMPTON | Windsor |
| The Bete Stiop | Romict |
| Tele: 0 ¢人®33 331711 | Tel: 075-35 51590 |
| Stalnes | WMRTIINS |
| Newbusa Dara Recordin! lel: (17) 8 i 611.41 | inet iompunne Servict <br> Tel: $0413335: 111$ |
| SWINION |  |
| Gircal Wieven innpurng |  |

## THE BEST BBC MICRO SOFTWARE <br> PRODUCED BY AN INDEPENDENT SOFTWARE HOUSE * TOP QUALIYY MACHINE-CODE PROGRAMS *



FAIRGROUND (32K) FATRGROUND (32K) 87.95 speling out the word FAIRGROUND by hitting the appropriate target letters, and for shooting all the targets. appropnate target letrers, and for shooting all the targets.
Exra bullets are oblamed by shooting the numercial targets, but watch out for the "smuleys" who are intent on stealing your bullets. Music, sound effects, hi-score, and rankangs. NEW REIEASE


CRAZY PAINTER (32K 87.95 The only full-feature versson available for the BBC micro. On the first screen, you take the part of a monkey being chased by African, tribesmen. If you manage to survive by painting-in all the squares, the bonus screen features the monkey trying to reach his bunch of bananas. After that, youtake control of a paint-roller and eachsquare paintedin adds to your score. But beware. . . the teddy-bears are now in hot pursuit. Superb animation and sound effects. (For use with KEYBOARRD ORJOYSTICKS).


CENTIPEDE ( $32 K$ )
CENTIPEDE (32K) $£ 7.95$ snalls flies, spiders, and hame featurng mushrooms, Excellent graphics and sound. 6 skill levels, in-score, rankungs, bonuses, and increasing difficulty as the spiders become more lively and the number of mushrooms
increases.
"Visually this game compares well with the arcade version, being colourful and clear.


2002 (32K) A space docking simulator using a 3D graphics to model the motions and responses of the ORION 4 spacecraft. Your mission is to pibot the shutle to a "soft dock" with the space station. PITCH, YAW, ROLL, FORWARD, LATERAL and VERTICAL engines are provided together with orbit manoeuvering booster engines. 6 skill levels provide for the completely inexpenenced pilot as well as the fully-ledged commander.


RORD RUNNER (32K)
ROAD RUNNER (32K) $£ 7.9$ The only tull feature machine-code version available for the BBC micro. Features inchude: scrolling screen, radar display, 3 pursuing cars, checkpoint flags, fuel gauge, smoke screens, 6 skill levels, rankings, increasing difficuity, and sound effects.
(For use with KEYBOARD or JOYSTICKS).
"The game becomes very hard and has very smooth graphics. Excellent."... BEEBUGMAGAZNE.


ALIEN DROPOUT ( $32 \%$ )
A novel and unusual program. Arcade-action with this exciting multi-stage shooing game. You have to hioct he aliens out of thelr "boxes" before the "boxes' fill up. Once full, the aliens fly down relentlessly, exploding as they hit
(For ground with KEYBOARD or JOYSTICKS).
"...these moths are out to get more than the clothes inyour wardrobe.
YOUR COMPUTER


FROGGER (32K) $\varepsilon 7.95$
Not just another version of Frogger . . .this is the arcadeaction version that you've been waiting to see. Graphically brilliant with gaping-mouthed crocodiles, diving turties, flies, and frogs that flex their legs as they jump along. Increasing difficulty, and responsive controls. (For use with KEYBOARD or JOYSTICIS). ". . very good indeed . . fast ficker-free graphics and a
frog that really hops!". . BEFBUG MAGRIINE
DEALERS ...DEALERS...DEALERS... Our software is now available at all good dealers including:W.H. SMITH - Selected branches
JOHN MENZIES - Selected branches.
BOOTS - Selected branches.
ELTEC COMPUTERS, 29 Ivegate, Bradford
MICRO MAN A GEMENT, 32 Princes Street, Ipswich WEST COAST PERSONRL COMPUTERS, 47 Kyle Street, Åyr. MICROSTYLE, 29 Belvedere, Lansdown Road, Bath. ELECTRONEQUIP, 36-38 West Street, Fareham, Hants 3D COMPUTERS, 230 Tolworth Rise South, Tolworth, Surrey. GTM COMPUTERS, 864 York Road, Leeds + MORE THAN 300 OTHER DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE U.K. AND

ADVENTURE GAMES COLDITZ ADVENTURE (32K)
$£ 7.95$
STAR TREK ADVENTURE (32K)
£7.95
LOST CITY (32K) ................ £7.95
GIDEONS GAMBLE (32K) . £7.95 OVERSEAS.PONIOON(32K) ............

If your microcomputer job involves managing information, you'll need a Compsoft Data Management System. It's your guarantee that computerisation will be a success.

Compsoft are world leaders when it comes to easy to use database programs. There is nothing quite so genuinely user friendly, and nothing quite as powerful. And Compsoft were the winners of the 1983 RITA (Recognition of Information Technology Achievement) Awards 'Software Product of the Year'.

We can give your *Computer the power to breeze through the management of any record keeping situation, - effortlessly, efficiently, and more accurately than you ever dreamed possible. From sales ledger to stock control, purchaser ledger to personnel, clubs to customers, and in a thousand other ways, we can lend a helping hand.

You don't have to be a computer expert to use Compsoft's DMS or Delta. Both programs offer fast, accurate and elegant database power for both first time computer usets and professional systelins designers.

You owe it to yourself to know more. Either return the coupon to us, or simply telephone the officerat we'll send you a complete guide to our versatile database programs - today.

* Delta is available for almost any microcomputer with the MSDOS, PCDOS, CP/M, or MP/M operating systems, including IBM, DEC Rainbow, SIRIUS, XEROX, ICL, EPSON and many others.




## "ONE THING YOULL NeVER GROWOUOOF"

When we tell you that the new Spectravideo SV. 318 is incredibly expandable, we mean it. If you think that goes without saying, just glance through a few of our competitors' ads. Time and again, you'll read about 'a wide range of expansion modules now in the pipeline', 'coming next year' . . . 'in the shops soon'.

The SV• 318 has a full supporting system of 14 peripherals, available now. Which means that when you're ready to take the next step, so are we.

For software, too, the SV-318 is second to none: built-in CP/M compatibility gives you immediate access to over 3000 existing programs. And, using Microsoft BASIC as its resident interpreter, it's a home computer that gives you real scope for writing your own programs. Compact good looks and a host of intelligent design features (including a unique built-in Joystick/Cursor Control) may be no more than you'd expect from such a powerful and-' sophisticated machine.

But the price may well surprise you. At $£ 199$ (incl. VAT) the Spectravideo SV. 318 is far better value for money than any of its 'disposable' competitors.

SPECTRFVIDED.


PERSONALCOMPUTER

- Memory - 32 K RAM expandable to an incredible 256 K , and 32 K ROM expandable to 96 K .
- Expandibility - Full supporting system of 14 peripherals, including game adapter, 7 -slot expander unit, floppy disk drive, data cassette, etc.
- CP/M Compatibility- Immediate access to over 3000 existing software programs.
- Graphics - 16 colours, and $256 \times 192$ high resolution graphics.
- Sound - 3 sound channels, 8 octaves per channel.
- 71 Key QWERTY Keyboard - special features include unique built-in Joystick/Cursor Control.
Microsoft BASIC is a trademark of Microsoft Corporation
CPIM is a trademark of Digital Research Inc.

For more information on the expandable SV.318, and the address of your nearest dealer, telephone or write to us at:

Name
Address
$\qquad$

## CKSupplies

Unit 5, Norside, Oldmixon Crescent, Weston-super-Mare, Avon BS24 9AX. Telephone (0934) 418838/516246




#### Abstract

The show that attracted record attendances in Manchester and Nottingham now comes to the heart of London - with a fabulous pre-Christmas bonanza of all that's best for the BBC Micro. There are lots more exhibitors, who will be using the show as a launching-pad for the very latest software, plus many hardware devices that are rapidly making the BBC Micro one of the most versatile computers of them all.


* ASK the experts - free advice on all aspects of computing from people who know the BBC Micro inside out.
$\star$ CALL in to one of our highly successful walk-in seminars, at which all the famous names from the world of BBC Micro computing will be taking part. Whatever your interest - graphics, machine code, interfacing, education - there will be a top expert speaking on it. (Saturday and Sunday only)
$\star$ TRY OUT for yourself the games that will be the top sellers this Christmas - and well into next year.
* FIND out about all the new peripherals for the $B B C$ Micro - disc drives, interfaces, ROM boards, robots and second processors.
t DISCOVER why the Electron - the baby brother of the BBC Micro - has been hitting the headlines and why all the experts are tipping it to be the big seller of 1984.


# Westminster Exhibition Centre (formerly the Royal Horticultural Halls) 

## Greycoat Street, London SW1

Thursday to Sunday, December 8 to 11

Exhibltors include:
Acorn Computers, Akhter Instruments, Advanced Mermory Systems. BBC Telesoftware, Bradford Office Supplies, Bucon Lid. Computersolve, CJE Microcomputers, C-Tech, CW P. Clwyd Technic, Clares Micro Supplies, Cumana, Commotion, Deskflair, Economatic, Educational Computing Eltec Computers. Electronequip, Educational Software, Glengary Soft Golem, Kirklands Computers, Kansas City Systems. LCL (Ludinsk Computer-Assisted Learming), Lowland Designs. Logic Sales, Micro Aid Micro Power. Master Class, Microvitec. MW Systems. Miniature Too Company, Opus Supplies, Oakleaf Computers, Proteus Computing, Pace Software Supplies, RH Electronics. Superior Software, SYSTEM, Twillsta Computers, Viglen Computer Services, Watford Electronics.

## GROUP

Schexels can obrain additional tickets by sending a stamped addressed envelope to: BBC Miero Hser Show. Europa House. ox Chester Road. Hazel Gircue. Stockpon SK7 5NY.
${ }^{N} M / 2$ off normal exhibition admission price of $£ 3$ (adults) and $£^{£ 2}$ (children)

## The BBC Micro User Show

$10 \mathrm{am} \cdot 6 \mathrm{pm}$, Thursday, December 8 10am-6pm, Friday, December 9 10am-6pm, Saturday, December 10 10am-4pm, Sunday, December 11
Westminster Exhibition Centre, Greycoat Street, London SW1.

## OKIrules,OK!

Quality. reliability and unbeatable price/performance are the hallmarks of the Oki Microline family. The only truly complete range of low-cost printers.

Exciting recent additions to the family are the Microline 92 and Microline 93 ( 80 and 132 column respectively). These feature NLQ print. 160 cps print speed and high resolution graphics.

With these additions the family covers the broadest possible range of capabilities. From the small but very efficient 80 -column. 80 cps Microline 80. to the top-of-the-range

Microline 84. This sophisticated and professional machine offers speeds up 10200 cps. NLQ print and pin-addressable graphics.

All Microlines are made to Oki's exacting quality specilications. and all are backed by X-Datas high-level technical support capability.

Whatever your print needs. there will be an Oki printer to fit'your bill. And at astonishingly low cost


The authorised OKI distributor
For more information telephone Slough (0753) 72331
X-Data Limited, 750-751 Deal Avenue, Slough Trading Estate, Slough, Berks. SL1 4SH.

# As your $\exp$ so canyour 



Whatever you want your home computer to do, the ATARI 600XL" can do it.

ATARI 600XL product specifications.
Colour capabilities: 16 colours and 16 intensities. 256 shades.

Memory: 16K RAM expandable to 64 K with memory expansion module. 24 K ROM operating system including ATARI BASIC programming language.

Sound: 4 independent sound synthesisers. Each with a $31 / 2$ octave range.

Display: 11 graphic modes 5 text modes. Up to $320 \times 192$ resolution. Maximum text display 24 lines by 40 columns.

Special ATARI integrated circuits: GTIA for graphics display POKEY for sound and controller ports. ANTIC for screen control and I/O.

CPU: 6502C microprocessor 0.56 microsecond cycle. 1.8 Mhz.

Extended graphics functions: High resolution graphics. Multi-coloured characterset. Software screen switching. Multiple redefined character sets. Player missile (sprite) graphics. Fine screen scrolling. Changeable colour registers. Smooth character movement. Simple colour animation facilities.

Programming features: Built in ATARI

BASIC programming language plus 80 languages. HELP key will provide additi information and menu screens. Syntax checking on entry.

Input/Output: External processor for expansion with memory and periph 2 controller ports. Serial I/O connector Monitor output.

Software: Over 1000 items of softw available including self teaching prog with unique voice over. Education. Hon management. Programming aids. Atari written programs (APX). And Atari's far entertainment software.

# rence grows tari600XL. 



## 7. Disk Drive.

These peripherals will be ava ilable soon: 1.ATARI 1010 "ProgramRecorderfor low storage and retrieval capability. Data ismission 600 baud. Storage capability K bytes on a 60 minute cassette. Track figuration 4 track, 2 channels (digital audio). Auto record/playback/pause trol.
2. ATARI 64K Memory Module gives the XL a massive 64 K RAM.
3. ATARI Touch Tablet enables you to at pictures and draw diagrams, with the ch of a stylus.
4. ATARI Trak Ball ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ Controller enables
cursor movement in any direction; adds to the pleasure of Atari games.
5. ATARI Super Joysticks. Gives you a greater competitive edge over your games.
6. ATARI $1020^{\text {ni }}$ Colour Printer plotter. Four colour graphic print capability 40 column. 10 characters per second. 5,10 and 20 characters per inch.
7. ATARI $1050^{-14}$ DualDensity Disk Drive. $51 / 4$ inch disks holding 127 K randomly accessible bytes provides both expansion and flexibility for your 600XL system with DOSIII.


The new Atari XL home computer system. ATARI

## Not all home computers stay at home.

The BBCMicro is the ideal family com-puter-simple to operate, yetfast, powerful, with enormous potential.

But it's nice to know, when you buy one for your home, that the business, educational and scientific worlds agree with your choice.

Here are a few stories to illustrate how the BBC Micro gets out and about. And one to remind you how helpful it can be when it stays at home.

A practical lesson in business admin.
The contribution of the BBC Micro in the classroom has long been recognised atPerins Community School in Hampshire.

The School has 12 BBC Micros used extensively across the syllabus: in fact some pupils are using them to study for their GCE O Levels in computing. One of the programs available to Perins teachers

The end of the scrawl.
If any of you have noticed how much isier it is to read and understand labels a drugs and medicines these days, then su can most probably thank the BBC icro. John Richardson, a Preston pharmist, was first to realise how a micro with i suitable printer could produce labels that were accurate and legible and
which could include, automatically,
such information as drug reaction warnings.

At the same time it could record drug usage for better stock control.

He chose the BBC Micro for its versatility and potential for expansion.

John Richardson believes that this system will be recognised as standard ithe profession and be used in hospitals, ealth centres and pharmacies throughut the UK.

Meanwhile back at home.
Dr. \& Mrs. Yarwood bought a BBC licro as a birthday present for their 12 ear old daughter.
programs. Mrs. Yarwood is particularly proud of one program she has compiled to help teach her daughter French vocabulary.

They all agree thatalthough the Micro is fast and powerful enough to be at home in Jodrell Bank, it is also the ideal computer at the Yarwood home:
simple to set up (virtually any TV set and cassette player is all you need) and simple to use.


All this for only $£ 399$.
The BBC Micro comes with a comprehensive, step-by-step User Guide which introduces you to your micro and shows you how to construct useful programs of your own.

You will also receive a free"Welcome" cassette which contains 15 different programs for you to experiment with, ranging from music and graphics to games like Kingdom and Bat 'n' Ball.

The BBC Micro is available from WH Smith Computer Shops, Boots, John Lewis and local Acorn stockists.

Alternatively if you would like to order one with your credit card or if you want the address of your nearest supplier just phone 01-200 0200 or 0933-79300.

However, it quite quickly became ommon property.

All three can now write their own

## The BBC MicrocomputerSystem.

Designed, produced and distributed by Acorn Computers Limited.


# PULSAR BLUE Heaven sent for Heaven sent for IBM users. 

 IBM users.}

Pulsar, the 16 -bit business software which became a best seller on the Sirius 1 microcomputer is now available for IBM PC users. Already over 10,000 Pulsar systems have been sold, bringing the benefits of true 16 -bit computing to multinational companies, small businesses and institutions throughout the UK.

Pulsar Blue is an integrated range of commercial accounting, office systems, planning and modelling software from ACT bringing a new dimension to personal computing.
Pulsar Blue is powerful, but friendly. Help routines, concise documentation and simple menus built in to the programs ensure that first time users can quickly familiarise themselves with even the most sophisticated systems. This combination of user friendliness and powerful processing has made Pulsar the most successful 16 -bit business software in the country. And its available from IBM dealers now.

Pulsar Blue - a giff from heaven for IBM users.


The Pulsar Blue Range Sales Ledger £195 Purchase Ledger £195 Nominal Ledger Payroll Stock Control Invoicing Data Analysis Informer Database
£295
dBase II
Micro Modeller'm SuperCalc $2^{\mathrm{m}}$ £395
£595

## £175

£195 SuperCalc $3^{\text {mm }} £ 295$
£195 (graphics spreadsheet)
£195 Multiplan"'
£195 Wordstarm £195
£195 Millerne $£ 95$
MailMerge'm
SuperWriter'm
£ $£ 95$

For more information on
Pulsar Blue for the IBM PC clip the coupon and return to

## NEW HOME COMPUTER CABINET

## SPECIAL OFFER

£79.95<br>incl. VAT \& Delivery



## JUST CHECK THESE STANDARD FEATURES

1 Smooth sliding shelf locks in position just where you require it and neatly glides away after use.

2 The computer shelf has been designed to allow adequate 'Knee room' for you to sit comfortably, and will avoid 'programmers backache'
3 Adequate room to position tape recorder, printer, disc-drives, etc, alongside computer for ease of use.
4 All cables neatly and safely out of sight, while allowing all units to be permanently connected if desired.
5 Lots of storage space for cassettes, cartridges, books, listing paper, joysticks, etc.

6 With shelves and doors closed, instantly becomes an elegant piece of furniture.

7 The lower shelf accommodates all makes of video recorders currently available

8 Smart teak effect finish
9 Supplied as a flat-pack. Very simple to assemble, using just a screwdriver. Full instructions supplied
$10 \cdot$ Measurements: Height $321 / 2 \mathrm{ins}$, Width 36 ins, Depth $163 / 4 \mathrm{ins}$
Especially designed for your home computer system, whilst also accommodating your video recorder
Our cabinet has been custom designed after intensive consultation with P.C. users to provide maximum comfort and convenience during those long hours spent slaving over a hot micro.

The cabinet includes many features not previously available, and as well as combining the very best aspects of modern furniture design, it provides an ergonomic and practical layout for all the major components of your system
In fact, we are proud to claim that your cabinet will look perfectly at home in your lounge, dining room, or even bedroom


TERMS OF OFFER UK Mainland Customers only. Please allow up to 28 days for delivery. Cash with order or charge to one of the credit card accounts specified. Money back guarantee if not satisfied provided the goods are returned undamaged within 72 hours of the customer taking receipt.

## ORDER FORM

Please send me one of your Home Computer Cabinets as advertised. I enclose my cheque for $£ 79.95$ or please debit my Access/Barclaycard No Name (Block letters) Signed

Address

## GANAES MACMMNE


. DEALERSAND DISTAIBUTORS REQUIRED. GAMESAND EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMES WANTED FOR ANY HOME COMPUTERS.



## page and Nultiple matic fooncing. formats. automent.

pentecontext dictionary, includ our
The in-00 word uniaue
subject. lm magement mad $\mathrm{ra}^{\circ}$

fhe ailing lisis. and repors Easy to so powe sorts
for milm. forms. writerms provide simulianeous
with pertect list programs to five
maling
ou can pertorm
financialmriter.
perteci
Sotware Limined ${ }_{3}^{387} 88{ }^{832}$
Telephone:

ETAIL PRICE 159
Transam Microsystems Limited
Telepho

SUGGESTE:
File,
cifec
contac
PAM $^{1} G$


# DTI BULLET <br> <br> CP/M PLUS - THE LATEST CP/M 

 <br> <br> CP/M PLUS - THE LATEST CP/M}

When you test the DTI
BULLET for yourself, you will discover that, under CP/M*, it simply outperforms most 16-bit micros on the market. The DTI BULLET not only opens up for you the vast array of CP/M* compatible application software, but will offer you multi-user capability via MP/M* and networking. Education, scientific, research, or business, you will find the exciting DTI BULLET gives you more opportunities for your money.

SPECIAL PRICE
UNTIL 30.11.83 £1,500


## DTI EUROPE LIMITED

10 CRONIN COURTYARD, CORBY, NORTHANTS NN18 8AY. Tel: Corby (0536) 201152 Telex: 342618 Hamlet $G$.

DTIBULLET at a glance:

- Z80A Processor running at full 4 MHz
- 128 KByte RAM standard
- Twin bi-directional RS232 ports
- Centronics parallel printer interface
- On-board floppy disk controller--up to 4 drives
- supports $51 / 1 /$ in or 8 in diskettes
- single/double sided
- single/double density Packaged with 2 double side/density $51 / 4$ in drives giving B00KB on-line storage
- Winchester disk interface
- Built-in power supply
- Software: Supplied complete with CP/M* Version 3 operating software licence,
Includes T/MAKER III
word-processor spreadsheet organiser list processor file-handler
together with a comprehensive manual and demonstration programs


# CHOOSING A HOME MICRO 

Choosing a home micro can be a daunting task to the newcomer, and with an ever increasing number of micros emerging on the market, even up-grading, say, from a ZX81 can be a risky and expensive exercise if the wrong decision is made. It is important to look at the real facts and specifications, and check exactly what you get for your money before choosing your micro-computer system.

## THE PITFALLS

## "DONT LET THE ADD ONS ADD UP"

A number of large companies are offering packages that seem to be good value and low cost. These offers usually have a hidden sting inasmuch as the essential accessories such as connection leads, peripherals and software often carry very high cost premiums e.g. software for low cost hardware usually costs between $£ 29$ and $£ 49$ for a ROM cartridge!!

## CHECK THE QUIALITY OF THE PRODUCT.

## Raw materials are now an area where

 corners can be cut. and shoddy workmanship during 'building' can effect the 'up-time' of your unit. Areas to watch out for are unreliable edge connectors. corrosion and poor quality P.C.B.s. Low quality components and bad design will seriously effect the reliability of the end product, and can lead to false economy.
## DONT BUYA GAMES MACHINE

Unless you want just games and nothing else! With a games computer you are limited. Some computers, however, have the advantage of both games facility plus the whole world of computing to explore, as your interest and skills develop. A real computer system will allow you to expand your knowledge of the Hi-Technology world, and help earn its keep with its added uses in the field of education. communication and home business use.

## SOFTWARE

Make sure the system you choose has a growing library of support software. to enable you to realize the full potential of your machine.

## KEY POINTS TO LOOK FOR

- High Resolution Colour In general most home computers have a poor graphics resolution (or detail). Check on the vertical and horizontal resolution in graphic mode and multiply the two numbers together. If the result is less than 35,000 , then the graphics can hardly be considered high resolution. Without high resolution graphics displays such as those used in games tend to be "Chunky" in appearance.


## - High Quality Sound

Some computers claim to provide a sound channel when in reality all that can be found inside the computer is a small buzzer controlled by electronic puises. At the very least a sound facility should provide more than one channel and a raise channel as well (for gun shot effects in games for example). The best systems also provide envelope control of the sound channels to produce very sophisticated effects; very important for generating music. Also look for the ability to connect to external amplifiers.

## - Keyboard

For accurate entry of programs and data into a computer it is important that the keyboard has a gond tactile feel in operation. Coupled with acoustic feedback the user is fully aware when the computer has accepted his/her actions. Also of importance in a keyboard is layout. A standard computer keyboard layout will familiarise the user with the vast majority of computers used in the world of business and professional applications: very important if the purpose of purchasing a computer is educational.

## RAM

One of the most important features of a computer is the amount of RAM. or memory. included. In general the more powerful and exciting a computer program is the more RAM it requires. But take care. all computers are advertised quoting the total RAM used in the system. Computers use up a great deal of their own RAM for storing essential data and particularly in supporting the graphics display and the CPU If it is less than 32 K think again. is it enough?

## Computer Language

It is too dificult to program a computer in its own binary language so high level languages are used. the most popular being BASIC. However. there are a number of BASICs, some being very different from the rest. A de facto standard in the computer industry is Microsoft BASIC.
Leam this one and you will be able to program in the majority of computer BASICs; such an important point if a home computer is to be used to educate your children to face the technology of the future.

## Expansion

As your interest and knowledge of computing grows, you will need a


Choosing the right system carefully will save you from throwing your money away Check full specification. plus peripherals and software prices. before you buy. Preferably choose a Real computer system that can expand to meet your needs.
computer system that will grow with you: able to accommodate Printers. Disk-drives. Joysticks, Communications Modem, and Colour Monitor. as well as produce HI-FI sound effects.

## Software

The computer you choose should have a growing selection of utility
software to make the most of its capability.
Remember, computing is here to stay. You can't learn to compute on a toy, or a device which does not behave like a real computer. In short. look out for a computer which offers all the points above. and you will be sure of getting the best value for money.

## To find out which company offers you the right choice, with:-

## - Good value, high specification, quality micros.

## - A quality, 4 colour, plain paper printer/ plotter.

- Communications Modem.
- Micro Disk Drives.
- Comprehensive and growing range
of software
TURNOVER...


Coming soon the incredible new 3" Oric Micro Drives. Small size, Compact, High precision disks with storage capabilities from 100K Bytes to in excess of 1 Megabyte unformatted. With their own built-in power supply, these easy to use units will add big system capability to your home micro.

The Oric Colour Printer is quality engineered to provide 4 colour hard copy on plain paper, with superb graphics and text capability, printing either 40 columns or 80 columns. It prints in red, green, black and blue, onto a
$41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ width standard paper roll. With a print
speed of 12 characters a second, the
MCP 40 comes with its own power supply and all necessary leads to connect straight into your Oric or to any standard Centronics interface.

This superb printer represents excellent value at just £169.95 including VAT.


# The right choice for real computing ORIC-1 

 Before making your final choice, check any other home micro in the same price bracket. against the incredible specification of the ORIC-1.| Quality of build and materials | Real computer keyboard layout and moving keys |
| :---: | :---: |
| Superb styling / Full colour display | High Resolution colour graphics $240 \times 200$ pixels |
| Choice of 16K or 48K RAM | Real computer language programming Basic/Forth |
| Latest design technology and circuitry | Teletext/Viewdata compatible graphics ( 28 rows x 40 characters) |
| Real sound - 8 octaves plus Hi-Fi output | Cassette Port \& R.G.B. output. |
| Centronics printer interface | Fully supported and growing software library |
| Colour printer / Disk Drives | A fully expandable system for home, education $\mathcal{E}$ small business use |
| Communications Modem | Full range of peripherals to support your system... |

ORIC-1 Setting todays standard in Quality and Price. ORIC-1 48K \&139.95 inc.VAT ORIC-1 16K $£ 99.95$ inc.VAT All ORIC computers purchased before 31st December 1983 MCP 40 COLOUR PRINTER £169.95. come with a $£ 40$ voucher of the M.R.P. of the MCP 40 Colour OFFER PRICE $£ 129.95$ Printer.

The fast growing success of ORIC-I means that an incredible number of software titles are becoming available for your Oric. With many well known titles from independent software houses. plus exclusive ORIC SOF TWARE from TANSOFT. you can now drive your Oric towards its full potential.
Below is a small selection from Tansoft's range. all of which offer superb value.

BUSINESS
ORIC BASE, ORIC CALC. AUTHOR. MACHINE LANGUAGES FORTH. ORIC MON. COMPUTER GAMES ZODIAC, HOUSE OF DEATH, ORIC MUNCH, SUPER BREAKOUT, ULTIMA ZONE, DEFENCE FORCE.
TANSOFT ORIC SOF TWARE available from. your ORIC supplier and all good software dealers. For full list of further information contact:

TOCIRING LANGUAGES
GERMAN. SPANISH. ITALIAN. FRENCH.
GENERAL INTEREST
ORIC CHESS. MULTIGAMES 1.
MULTIGAMES 2. ORIC CAD.
THE NOWOTNIK PUZZLE.

A MEAN, FAST ACTION ADVENTURE ON
ORIC- 1 WHERE COURAGE AND A STRONG SWORD ARM RULES programs for the Oric-
With over 70 monsters to battle, Hells remple represents the state of the art for other adventure programs to follow. Thas complex and exciting scenario is those who are brave enough to enter Hells Temple. Th is the place where only courage, sorcery and a strong sword arm rules.
-It is the time of the dark ages when only witcheraft. sorcery and fear ruled mankind. During these dark years there roamed across the land adventurers who sought riches and power. These men were a strong and gallan breed who fought against the powers of evil for rieh sword arm a little magical power and courage, these men would seek to conquer where most men feared to tread. deep within the Devil's lair.
You are one of these brave and gallant mercenaries of
action whose task it is to seek out the riches that lay
within the Temple and to battle with the agents of darkness that dwell deep within the cat acombs. HE WHO ENTERS THE TEMPLE IS A FOOL!!


ADVENTURERS WANTED FOR A MEAN. FAST-ACTION AOVENTIJRE - WHERE ONLY COURAGE AND A STRONG SWORD ARM RULES

ORICSTAR \& 12.00
Word processing on your Oric is easy with
Oricstar. Full Sercen Editing, String Seareh and Replacement, Full Printer Suppori, Word Wrap, Document File, Mailshot retrirval Systenicat Exsonal applications. Extrayagant word personssing at a budget price. ORIC FILESTAB 512.00
12.00

A powerfil Database system with Dual
Diniensioned Arrays for Records Creation, Search and Retrieval. Menu Driven Options inelude Create New File, Save/Load Files,
Record Search, Column Search Sort Files, Record Search, Column Search, Sort Fules.
File Management. Prinser Options. Suitable for strall business applications, product files, personnel inles, eic. Complete with operating instructions.
OHIC EXTENSION MONITOR $\$ 15.00$
Turn your Oric into a Machine Code orientated system with this superb Machine
Code Extension Monitor Containing ans Code Extension Monitor. Containing a hosi
of facillies not Iourd on other monitors of this type. Hex and Dissassembier Listing. Nemory Modify, Program Relocator. Eliminate and Display. Register Display and Modilication. tiser Comminand and Pinter
Routine. Mex and Decimal Arithmetic with Routine. Mex and Decimal Arithmettc with
Over llow and Remainder \& Last Resuft. Overtlow and Remainder \& Last ' Resulf.
Character and Byie string Searching Character and Byre string Searchung
Facilities. Ideal for the creation and debugging of your Machine Code programs.
The programmer will like this one. deougging prof your waring will like this one.
The ormplete with instruction manual.

## AWARI ES.50

Play this popular game at Witch Doctor
level with the whole famuly or friends. With level with the whole famuly or friends. With
Colour Graphics and Sound thus ancient Colour Graphics and Sourid thus ancient
Alrican game comes alive on your Oric. DESIGN AID $£ 5.50$
Design your own Characiers or Graptics on entarged and real super programi displays
se invellied or desigied at will with full editing. Copying and Dasa Rradout. Fully Menu Driven. Make compulthg un your
this easy-to-use Cliaracter/Graphics
processor.
KEY TRAINER ES.s0
Teach yoursels keyhnord rontrol anid how 10 type on your Oric. Miens driven, this program provides useful exercises for the
complere novice. A must for beginners or complere novice.
orne-langered jockeys.
OTHELLO E6.50
The Iamous board game on your Oric1. HiRes Colour Graplics and Sound. Requires
patience and skill. Play a friend, or let your Oric play itsell.

Kenema Associates Ltd 1 Marlborough Driv Worle, Avon, BS22 0DQ Telephone: (0934) 510279 HELL'S TEMPLE POSTERS AVAILABLE SEPERATELY @ £2.50



So........................................ GROUP MEMBERS....LARGE S.A.E. FOR GROUP
DETALIS.

DDNT FORGET OUR RANGE OF
HARDWARE FOR YOUR ORIC-I...SEND

# ORIG-1 

 S.A.E. FOR LIST.

AVALLABLE AT ALL CUOD SOFTWARE
dealer enohilies welcomed
GENEROUS DISCOUNTS GIVEN.
***** SAVE EE£££'s *****
LAUNCH DISCOUNTS OFFER ON ALL SOFTWARE!!!
DON'T FORGET TO DEDUCT $35 \%$ FROM THE TOTAL!!

PROGRAMMABLE wan

VOICE

USE5 A VEAY popllan | IEXTEACEO PHONE M |
| :---: |
| pHOCL SSOR |

SYNTHESISER
FOR
......

## MAKE YOUR COMPUTER COME AUVE

## MICROTAN 65 + ORIC. 1

## \& OTHER MICROS

yith a standard cemtronics parallel printer interface il


$\qquad$


# 重 Acrfuct 

 $01-8050903$

- $1.2 \mathrm{MB}, 128 \mathrm{~K} £ 2,195$ or from $£ 10.69 \mathrm{pw}^{*}$
- 10 MB, 256K £3,995 or from £21.36 pw*

Ex demonstration and secondhand equipment always available, please ring for details.

- Payroll (includes SSP), Sales Invoice, Purchase Ledger, Nominal Ledger, Stock Control, Bill of Materials Processor, Order Processing, Materials Requirement Planning, Wordprocessors, Maintenance Management, SILICON OFFICE (Main Dealer), DMS, Spreadsheet, Accounts Preparation, Critical Path Analysis, Estate Agents, Solicitors, Basic Compiler, Graffix Toolkit, Programers Toolkit, Expansion Board, Matrix Printers, Letter Quality Printers, Sheet Feeders, Printers with Keyboard, Acoustic Hoods, Dust Cover, Disk Boxes, Computer Furniture, Disks, Continuous Stationery, Communication Software, MULTI-USER, NETWORKING.
- Full Training and Support from the top professionals in Microcomputing.
- NEW Demonstration/Training Complex open August 1983. * WE HAVE A FULL OFFICE OF FAIR TRADING LICENSE
Professional Systems Professional People Professional Equipment


## CLIP WINCHEEKKKLUP <br>  <br> Contact your dealer

## CLIP - Compressed Library Interchange Program

 CP/M MS DOS CP/M-86 \&95 RTII \&150- Backs up a Winchester on to floppies.
- Compresses text or data to less than half size.
- Large files can span multiple discs.
- Selective backup or retrieval, on an inclusive or exchange basis.
CLIP has no equal in reputation, convenience, power or economy. CLIP comes standard with the CIFER Business Management System, and with all Winchester systems supplied by COLT and RML

CLIP offers effortless backup.
You can create new commands using a menu procedure, and give each command a name, for later use. To repeat that command, the name alone is sufficient. With CLIP's powers of selection and compression, the user can expect a four-to-one saving over global copying, with no effort except to feed discs on cue.
Or, CLIP can select just the new/updated files and reduce the backup load still further.

All prices excl. VAT, post free in U.K. Most popular disc formats from stock.

## CUT THE COST

## Cash and Carry Bargains from Helistar Systems <br> CALL: (0296) 631446/630364

## EPSON PRINTERS



Capricorn II 10 Mb Winchester hard disk for SuperBrain $£ 1695$
13 Mb Tape Drive for hard disk back-up on SuperBrain $£ 1620$

| APRICOT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Apricot 256 K with one disk + monitor | £1690 |
| Apricot 256 K with two disk + monitor | £1890 |

$\square$
SIRIUS
Sirius 128 K 1.2 Mb
$£ 2195$
Sirius 128K 2.4Mb ..................... £2695
Sirius 256K 10Mb Winchester ....... $£ 3995$

> NETWORKING

Call for details on Sirius networking.

> SUPERBRAIN

SuperBrain II Jr 350K
$£ 1595$
SuperBrain II QD 700K ................. £1895
SuperBrain II SD 1.5M ................. £2195
EX-DEMONSTRATION

- IBM Personal Computer 256K ..... £2400
- IBM Colour Graphics and PGS Colour Monitor £595
- Baby Blue Z80 board ................. £195
- Sirius 128K 2.4Mb.
- Shelton Sig-Net Z80/64K, 700K disks and Ampex VDU £2026
- Apple/Aquarius 10 Mb hard-disk
with integral tape back-up ...... £920
- Anadex DP9500 matrix printer ...... £490

Prices are exclusive of VAT and carriage and subject to change - please phone for latest details.
Hardware carries the manufacturer's parts and labour warranty. Optional 12-months on-site maintenance insurance available.
We have engineers and programmers to configure and install hardware and software - please ask for rates.

HELISTAR SYSTEMS LTD
150 Weston Road, Aston Clinton, Aylesbury, Bucks HP22 5EP

Telephone: (0296) 630364/631446

## Aaargh!Star

The card which tells simply how to recover CP/M files "lost" in memory.

## Sooner or later it happens to all of us.

You have just spent two hours with WordStar typing unrepeatably brilliant thoughts into your computer. The computer hasn't "crashed" in a long time and you haven't saved your file. Suddenly someone flicks the reset button by mistake, a "bad sector" interrupts your flow, a power surge or static upsets the machine, or you change disks at the wrong moment. You are left looking at a screen which says nothing but A )


But all may not be lost. In most cases, by following Guy Kewney's clear instructions, you can recover most or all of your work in less than five minutes. Without buying a recovery program. For your text is usually still there in the computer.

Aaargh!Star's information will usually pay for itself the first time you use it. You can use the technique with many programs apart from WordStar, provided you have the program DDT.COM. Price £1.95.

## IANKEY Crash Course in keyboard skills

- Probably the world's best value CP/M applications program.
- IANKEY costs just $£ 29.00$ ( $+£ 2.00 \mathrm{p} \& \mathrm{p}$ if ordered direct) + VAT (= £35.65)
- SPECIAL OFFER of AAARGH!STAR FREE with CP/M 80 versions of IANKEY. Cut out the attached coupon and take it to your dealer or, in case of difficulty send it to:


## VOUCHER

THIS VOUCHER entitles the holder to a free copy of AAARGH!STAR with each copy of IANKEY purchased. Dealers: return voucher to IANSYST

## URGENTLY REQUIRE COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS

## IN ORDER TO SUSTAIN THEIR HIGH STANDARD OF OUTPUT

We require $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{c}$ games, education, business software and extensive Basic or $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{c}$ utilities for the BBC, ELECTRON, VIC 20, CBM 64, APPLE IIe and ATARIS

55\% of programs received are commercialised and distributed via major outlets throughout the United Kingdom

We pay $\mathbf{2 5 - 4 0} \%$ royalties on all acceptable and original programs

Send you program cassette (disc for Apple) and, if possible, program listing to:

CASSOFTWARE, 4 Landsdowne Grove, Hough Green, CHESTER CH4 8LD

## FOR THE BBC MICRO SOFTWARE

## TINY PASCAL

Pascal-T is a 16 k Eprom program capable of complling Source Pascal into a compact and very fast threaded-interpretive-code. Full editor and disc-support are included and the program is supplied together with comprehensive documentation.

PRICE E59.00 + V.A.T.
XCAL
An expert Computer Aided Learning package in 16 k Eprom and support disc. No programming skill required to construct learning 'sessions' as the program is 'screen' driven. Facilities include Text pages, Graphics and Histograms.

PRICE 65.00 + V.A.T.

## FORTH

FIG-FORTHIn8k Eprom together with manual.PRICE £34.72 + V.A.T. LOGO-FORTH
A 16k Eprom program. introducing this very powerful but extremely friendly Turtie-Graphics language. Users also have full access to the Fig-Forth support nucleus. FulldocumentationisIncluded.

PRICE $£ 59.00$ + V.A.T.
(Special discounts available for educational establishments for all the above software)
HARDWARE
Always in stock Printers, Disc Drives IC's etc.

## FOR THE EPSON HX2O

## SOFTWARE

FORTHROM including full documentation.
$£ 34.72$

## HARDWARE

ExpansionUnlt, Paper, Microcassettesetc. Please phone for quotes Retail/Mail Orders/Dealers enquiries to:
HCCS Associates Retail sales also at:
533 Durham Road, Low Fell,
Gateshead, Tyne \& Wear
NE9 5EY HCCS Microcomputers 122 Darwen Street

Tel: (0632) 821924 Blackburn, Lancs.
Tel: (0254) 672214

## MICROCOMPUTERS•PERIPHERALS•SOFTWARE-SERVICE CONTRACTS

Just look at our prices and selections; but if you don't see what you want please telephone us, as we are unable to list all the items we stock. We will be more than pleased to give you our best price.

## BBC MICROCOMPUTER

| Model B | £399 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Model B \& Disc Interface | £469 |
| Model B \& Econet | £446 |
| Model B \& Econet \& Disc Int. | f516 |
| Disc Interface Kit | f97 |
| * Speech Synthesizer (Official BBC) | £54 |
| Torch Disc pack | £943 |
| Teletext Receiver | £225 |
| Upgrade Kit | f50 |
| BBC 16K Memory | £18.50 |
| BBC Print Liser input/outnut port | £8 |
| BBC Analogue Kit | £7.30 |
| BBC Serial | ¢7.80 |
| BBC Expansion Basket | ¢7 |
| 2 Operating System (incl. fitting) | 111.50 |

* (New in stock price incl. fitting

Fitting services available

## NOW AVAILABLE THE ACORN ELECTRON ONLY £199

## WORD PROCESSORS

View Word Processor £59
Word Wise Word Processor
£45


DOT MATRIX PRINTERS
Shinwa CP80 F/T
£289
Epson FX80 F/T
Epson RX80 F/T
Epson FX $100 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{T}$
£ 315
Parallel Printer Lead £499

2000 Sheets Fanfold Paper

DAISYWHEELS
Juki 6100 Daisywheel with 2K Buffer
Silver Reed Printer/Typewriter inc. RS232 Interface EX43 \& 2K Buffer £389 (Just plugs into your BBC)

## WORD PROCESSING PACKAGE

BBC Model B plus Disc/Interface fitted view, VDU Green Monitor, Juki Daisywheel Printer, 200K Dual Disc Drives \& Manual \& Formatting Disc ONLY $£ 1,360$ (inc. all cables)

## MONITORS


(Inclusive of free leads)
Philips 2006 14" colour TV/Monitor .... £255 Expertly converted, come to our showrooms and compare. Use it for good resolution colour monitor, or watch your favourite TV programme.

| Microvitec 14" 1431 | £287 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sanyo 14" | £228 |
| Luxor 14" | £656 |
| BBC Official $12^{\prime \prime}$ | £95 |
| NEW Phonix Green Screen 12" | £89 |

## DISC DRIVES

Single Drives Cased

200K .........................................................

400K ….................................... £269
Single Drives $5 \frac{10}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$
100K - 40 Track £175
200K - 40 Track Double Sided …....... $£ 199$
200 K - 80 Track f199
f230
400K - 80 Track Double Sided ......... £269
Dual Drives $5 \frac{1}{4}$ "
200K - 80 Track ......................... £339
400K - 40 Track Double Sided or 80
Track ........................................... $£ 425$
800K - 80 Double Sided ................. $£ 550$
Power Supply ................................ $£ 40$
40/80 Switch ................................. £12
(All cased with free cables, manuals and formatting disc).
Floppy Discs in packs of 10
Single Sided 40 Track
Double Sided 80 Track

- SERVICE CONTRACTS TO EDUCATION AUTHORITIES AT DISCOUNT.
- OFFICIAL ORDERS FROM DEALERS, GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS WELCOME.


## TWILLSTAR COMPUTERS LTD.

17 REGINA ROAD, SOUTHALL, MIDDLESEX.
TEL: (01) 5745271
(OPEN SIX DAYS A WEEK - 10a.m. io 8 p.m.)


## CASSETTES

BBC Compatible
New Sanyo Slim 3
£29
Official BBC Cassette Recorder ......... $£ 29.95$
Cassette Recorder Lead

## SOFTWARE

Ask for our extensive software covering a wide range of Games, Adventures, Languages, Education.

## UTILITY SOFTWARE

Screen Dump ROM
Compatible for MX80, FX80, GP100,
GP250X, NEC, etc.

## HOW TO ORDER

You may purchase any of the items listed below by cheque, Barclaycard or Access. All you have to do is fill in the details in the coupon below and list your requirements on a separate sheet of paper. Post to us and we will despatch within 7 to 14 days. All prices inclusive of $15 \%$ VAT. Add $£ 2.50$ P\&P for orders below $£ 150.00$ over Add £8.00 P\&P.

## TELEPHONE ORDERS

(01) 5745271

Credit card holders may order by telephone. Give Card No. Name, Address and item required.

## Post 10

tWILISTAR COMPUTERS LTD,
17 REGINA RD, SOUTHALL, MIDDLESEX.
I have enclosed my list of requirements along with my cheque/P0 for $£$
I prefer to pay with my ACCESS/BARCLAYCARD (Delete whichever not applicable)

## 3

 CREDIT CARDS VALID IF SIGNED BY CARD HOLD address below must be the same as card holder.CARD NO.
SIGNATURE
NAME
ADORESS

TEL (Day)
TEL (Eve)


## THE ONLY BOARDS YOU REALLY NEED FOR YOUR IBM PC OR XT

Plus II and the SixShooter are America's most popular air of enhancements for the IBM PC \& XT. They offer ie most comprehensive list of features available while ccupying just one slot in your computer. State of the art ngineering along with the most rigorous quality ontrols in the industry result in a product in keeping ith the high standards set by IBM.
The Oplus II comes standard with lock/calendar, asynchronous serial ort (RS232C), and your choice of emory from 64 K to 256 K . Options aclude: a second asynchronous port, a arallel printer port, a game port on a lug-in "piggy-back" board, and a choice f 128 K or 256 K MemPaks. The lemPaks give you the ability to add 384 K r 512 K of memory in one slot.
The SixShooter is ideal for the XT model. It offers a attery powered clock/calendar, asynchronous port, arallel printer port, SuperDrive \& SuperSpool software, nd your choice of memory up to 384 K , all standard. ptional is an IBM compatible game port adapter

Also included with both boards is the SuperDrive ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ disk emulation software. It allows you to create up to three "electronic disk drives" in memory which access your programmes at the speed of RAM memory. You also get SuperSpooltM, a programme which allows you to assign a portion of memory to act as a print spooler.

Both boards are backed up by a one year parts and labor warranty and 48 hour turnaround on any warranty repairs. Visit your local dealer and pick up a brochure with the full details. If he doesn't have the information have him give us a call. Your PC will really thank you.

Suggested List Prices:
$64 \mathrm{~K} £ 289 \quad 128 \mathrm{~K} £ 359$ 192K $£ 429 \quad 256 \mathrm{~K} £ 499$
Options: Second async port, printer port, game port, and GamePak, each $£ 35$. MemPak $128 \mathrm{~K} £ 199$,
MemPak 256K $£ 349$.

## QUBIE' LTD.

Tempo House, 15 Falcon Road London, SW11
(01) 223-4569, 223-7662, 870-8899

## business problem we've gota igital solution



ACT Sirius 1 leasing available from $£ 12.00$ per week


Apricot leasing available from $£ 10.00$ per week


ORB leasing available from $£ 25.00$ per week
From the smallest to the largest application our knowledgeable staff will provide the most efficient and cost-effective solution from our comprehensive range of six computers, fifty makes of printer and several hundred software packages.

Our leasing schemes save the burden of capital cost and our new interest-free credit plan offers even greater savings.

Call us today for advice - or send for our price list. You will find the service you expect from a leading computer company.

Digital Solutions Limited
The Coach House, The Broadway, St Ives
Cambs PE17 4BX
Telephone Huntingdon (0480) 300728


With the new EVERYMAN information system the micro really comes of age. EVERYMAN is so flexible that within minutes you can be building applications by painting ideas directly on the screen, creating a new management tool uniquely geared to the requirements of your business. And all of this without the usual need for lengthy programming techniques - EVERYMAN really is that new!

EVERYMAN will put more time in your day and more information at your fingertips. Its scope is as wide as your ability to express your requirement. Once drawn on the screen it can be modelled by EVERYMAN - and recalled at the touch of a key whenever you need it.

If you're a 16 bit micro user speak to your dealer about EVERYMAN today and put time on your side.



Kaypro 2 and 4 make sense for eve
siness that's going places. There's a 9 inch screen, a stylish alphanumeric keyboard and access to a whole world standard software (with a FREE get-you
Winchester Disks. That's the shortanswer why the Kaypro 10 professional computer is carving out big market territory for itself in the U.S.Ten


A 9" screen that's easy on the eye. Megabytes of integral hard disk storage give it the edge over other systems in its price bracket.

And because the Kaypro is truly portable you can take it out into the field with you to tackle the big challenges head on: production scheduling, sales performance analysis, technical processing ... or wherever real memory storage is vital.

More bang for your buck isn't the only reason why the Kaypro 10 and the floppy disk
 started set ofsoftware applications including word processing and financial spread sheet).

Find out more about the portable system you wo outgrow from your Kaypro dealer. Or cut out the coup for more details. The Kaypro range starts at $£ 1,395$.

[^6]

## NEW from $N$ ISC.

## ALL PRICES INCLUDE VAT \& CARRIAGE

 PRICES DOWN ON SOFTWARE \& PRINTERSFLOPPY DISKS - BOXES OF 10 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { VERBATIM } 51 / a^{\prime \prime} & 1-3 & 4.7 & 8+\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { MD5 } 25 \text { SSDD } & 19.78 & 19.26 & 18.78\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { MD550 DSDD } & 28.12 & 27.38 & 26.69\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { MD577 SSQD } & 30.53 & 29.75 & 28.98\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { MD557 DSQD } & 36.92 & 35.96 & 35.05\end{array}$ DYSAN 51/4"
104/1 SSSD $28.13 \quad 27.70 \quad 27.29$ 104/10 SSDD $30.43 \quad 29.96 \quad 29.52$ 104/2D DSDD $\quad 43.34 \quad 42.68 \quad 42.05$ 204/1D SSQD $\quad 42.28 \quad 41.64 \quad 41.02$ 204/2D DSQD $\quad 56.08 \quad 55.23 \quad 54.40$ LIBRARY CASE 1.69 EXTRA
FREE FLOPPY DISK PEN WITH EVERY BOX

5\% OFF - Yes you can save $5 \%$ off the price of any item in the ad. Just clip out the ad and send it with your order and you can deduct $5 \%$ off the quoted price.

SOFTwARE
dbase II Lotus 1-2-3 VisiCalc WordStar Mailmerge Spellstar Perfect Writer Perfect Calc. Perfect Files Basic Compiler Pascal Compiler £442.75 442.75
341.55 £183.97 £284.63 £143.75 $\$ 143.75$ £189.75 £112.21 £228.08 £272.55 £27.
£241.50 C Compiler £345.00
(Apple, Commodore, IBM, DEC, CP/M)

## MONITORS

Hi-Res 12" Monitor Green £117.46 Amber $£ 124.86$ Colour 14" 800 -dot RGB for IBM PC $£ 671.93$

## PRINTERS

## E309.73

 Seikosha GP100A


## the ADVANCED

Personal Computer (APC) for only $£ 1,985$ + vat

## Standard features:-

* SPEED: Full 5 MHz 808616 bit processor (true 16 bit data).
* CAPACITY: TWO MEGABYTE professional standard 8 inch disks
* MEMORY: 128 k user RAM + screen RAM + system ROM + battery-backed CMOS non-volatile RAM \& clock/calendar.
* OPERATING SYSTEM: Standard CPM-86, (MSDOS \& UCSD soon)
* HIGH RESOLUTION: $8 \times 19$ dot character screen definition, ( 25 lines of 80 characters +26 th system status line)
* AWARD WINNING NEC 7220 graphic chip in character mode. 256 standard character set includes maths/greek symbols. ADDITIONAL 256 USERPROGRAMMABLE shape character set(s).
* KEYBOARD: Fast 61 key +25 key numeric/cursor pad +22 dual mode function keys with labelling facility ( 16 of which will each hold two 15 character user-defined strings).
* SERIAL RS-232: to 19,200 baud synch/asynch. PARALLEL Printer.
* SUPERB MANUALS: operating level to full technical spec.
* COMPACTNESS: 19 inches wide, 24 inches deep, 14 inches high
* PRICE: unbelievable for the quality of this product from the minicomputer division of NEC


## Optional Extra features:-

* EXPANDABLE USER MEMORY; in 128k units to 640k RAM
* HARD DISKS: one or two shortly (9 or 18 MB formatted).
* 8 COLOUR SCREEN (Benchmark \& Masterplanner use colour)
* VERY HIGH RESOLUTION GRAPHICS: $640 \times 475 \times 8$ colour screen from $1024 \times$ $1024 \times 3$ bit-mapped array ( 384 k Ram!). Hardware draw, pan \& zoom using 2nd NEC 7220 controller. Fast! Macro shape generation etc with CPM-86 GSXGGSS software.
$\therefore 32$ BIT HARDWARE ARITHMETIC PROCESSOR: 25 times CPU speed


## Software:-

ACCOUNTS: Own bespoke packages or SYSTEMATICS standard.
WORD PROCESSING: NEC Benchmark, Spellbinder, Wordstar.
DATABASE: DBASE II, MDBS III, Perfect Filer, Rescue.
FINANCIAL PLANNERS: Masterplanner, Supercalc.
LANGUAGES: C, CB86, CBASIC 86, Cobol, Fortran, Pascal, PL1
COMMUNICATIONS: IBM Asynch, Bisync 3780, 3270, HASP

## Brighton Computer Centre <br> 130 Lewes Road, Brighton BN2 3LG (0273) 673114 Mon-Sat 10am-6pm

[^7]
## werch outfor <br> dota whirer

Data Warrior are proud to announce the launch of their new product range which includes the highly acclaimed Hewlett-Packard 7470A Plotter. The only one with "Sweet-Lips" technology.

## HEWLETT-PACKARD 7470A PLOTTER



Despite the myriad imitations, the 7470A Plotter is the only one with "Sweet-Lips" technology. It's interesting to see other plotters producing what appears to be a similar output to the 7470A, but if accuracy in dimensions is important to you, then you'll find that few if any can match the Hewlett-Packard expertise. The HP 7470A can plot 1000 points in a 1 -inch line! With that degree of resolution coupled with the capability to run almost all popular micros, and the back-up and experience of one of the world's largest manufacturers, you can't afford to sell lesser machines.

There are many other products available in our extensive range and these include Warrior 10 System for IBM; Sirius; Apple and S100 BUS; Digitek Expansion Cards for Apples; Phoenix Monitors; Centronics Printers; Sapphire Mars-CP/M Financial Modeller and a wide range of BASF Floppy discs.

We have an
extremely competitive pricing structure which includes dealer's stocking finance and end user leasing. What's more we can offer very fast deliveries (48 hours in most cases) and a comprehensive and highly geared organisation. Data Warrior will soon be a force to be reckoned with. Watch out for Data Warrior.

This advertisement shows only a small part of our range. For complete details please complete the coupon or telephone:

Name
Position
Company
Address

Data Warrior, Adelaide House, 9 Adelaide Street, St Albans, Herts AL3 5BE. Telephone: St Albans (0727) 37327.

# FLIGHT ZERO ONE FIVE 

 THE FIRST REAL FLIGHT SIMULATOR FOR THE UNEXPANDED VIC 20 ONLY £5.95 INC.AVAILABLE NOW FROM:
FERRANTI \& DAVENPORT LTD FERRANTI HOUSE
GRAFTON WAY
BASINGSTOKE
HANTS RG22 6HY

## DEALER INQUIRIES WELCOME

ACCESS/BARCLAYCARD ORDERS ON 025669966 (7 LINES)

## Available now from

A comprehensive debugging monitor and dis-assembler on ROM for the BBC microcomputer.


SPY is instantly accessible to the programmer for inspecting, modifying, debugging and dis-assembling machine code programs. SPY has a very comprehensive set of commands supported by an excellent Users Guide.

## SPY features

- great, easylo-read COLOUR display - single key commands
- hexadecimal ASCI and DIS-
- SINGLE STEP and TRACE in
- SINGLE STEP and TRACE in instruction modes
- access front panel with BREAKPOINTS, OSBYTE (new *FX call added) or CTRL-F. All entry points can be enabled or disabled.
- continue program execution with

CONTINUE and JUMP commands

- NUMEROUS commands for locating memory including FIND byte pattern
and FIND "string"
This is the ULTIMATE debugging aid for the serious programmer.
- alter memory and registers with ease
includes FILL, MOVE, VERIFY and TYPE memory commands
- instant SPY GUIDE hetp page
- caa inspect and repair BASIC can inspect and repair BASIC LANGUAGE routines.
- LST added to operating system commands to DIS-ASSEMBLE
memory to screen or printer memory to screen or printer
- ROM-based program can NOT be corrupted Shares workspace amicably with BASIC. Uses NO USER RAM.
£24.15 incl. vat


Write your own compositions for the BBC microcomputer or enter tunes directly from sheet music with ease.

- full GRAPHIC display showing treble and bass staves
- VERSATILE SCREEN EDITOR with single key input
- upto 1200 note compositions on tape ( 600 on disc)
- SAVE your music/sound effects on
disc or tape
- write in ANY KEY; sharps and flats are put in automatically - up to 3 VOICES
- redefine up to 16 ENVELOPES
- graphically FOLLOW the amplitudel
envelope, duration and pltch of each note
- HEAR the notes as you enter them

32 K required disc or tape $£ 9.00$ incl. VAT

## Super new GRAPHICAL ENVELOPE GENERATOR

- interfaces directly with MUSIC EDITOR easy to use SCREEN EDITOR - 16 special envelopes already defined amplitude and frequency parameters - SAVE envelopes for use in ANY program are displayed GRAPHICALLY

32 K required disc or tape $\mathbf{£ 7 . 0 0} \mathbf{i n c l}$. VAT


Create your own graphics characters on the screen with this versatile CHARACTER GENERATOR.

- indispensible for SCREEN ANIMATION
- complete with illustrative ANIMATION programs and 4 sample
character sets
- SAVE character sets on disc or tape for immedlate inclusion in your programs
- Lists VDU 23 commands for typing directly into programs
- Users Guide gives hints on animation and method of using 'imploded' and 'exploded' character sets
- compatible with all Operating Systems

32K memory needed tape or disc $\mathbf{£ 9 . 0 0}$ incl. VAT

# Discount Microsy SAVE HUNDREDS OF EEES 

Thanks to our massive purchasing power you can now buy at probably the best prices on Micro hardware/software in the U.K.


## SPECIAL!

## OLIVETTI M20 モ2,500 £1,995

Other machines on request.
Plus a whole range of software \& peripherals.
To place your order for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, call Damien Scott on 01.9381721 (20 lines)

[^8]


## 50,000 diskettes normally in stock most orders shipped inside 4 hours.

## ALL PRICES PER TEN-PACK

 maxell

## LAXELL - The Gold Standard

axell consistently meet or exceed all standards, ad have run disks under conditions designed to find eak points and wear. They couldn't and you won't. rese diskettes are the quielest in operation we 10w
/" DISKETTES
entified for Single OR Double Density
3 tpi media with hub ring

## wCES EXC vat

DI-D S/Sided 48 tpI Sof Sect $\quad$| 10.40 | 50.90 | $100+$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1.90 | 23.90 | 22.90 |



## DYSAN - For The Decisive

When you think of disks you often think of DYSAN. DYSAN have the reputation for TOTAL dependability whatever the application. They may cost a little more but data is irreplaceable.

## 5 4 " DISKETTTES

Certified for Single OR Double Density, and all with
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { DI-D } & \text { S/Sided } 48 \text { tpl Solt Sect...... } & 24.90 & 23.90 & 22.90 \\ \text { HI-10 } & \text { S/Sided } 48 \text { tpi } 10 \text { Hard Sect } & 24.90 & 23.90 & 22.90 \\ & & & \end{array}$ H1.16 S/Sided 48 tpi 16 Hard Sect
D2-D D/Sided 48 tpi Solt Sect. H2-10D D/Sided 48 tpi 10 Hard Sect R

D2.DD D/sided 48 ton 16 Hard Sect
S/Sided 96 ipl Solt Sect.

DISided 96 tpi Solt Sect. | 24.90 | 23.90 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24.90 | 23.90 |
| 22.90 |  |

    D/Sided 96 tpi High Density
    Cobaltdoped 1.6 MBy 保 capacity
    
## " DISKETTES

ICES EXC VAT
O1.128 S/S S/Dens, Solt Sect
O1.
H1-32 S/D
DI-XD S/S D/Dens. Soll Sect S/S DIDens 32 Hard Se
D2.KD D/S D/Dens. Soff Sect. H2.32D D/S D/Dens. 32 Hard Sect
hub nng renforcement.
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { PPICES EXC VAT } & & 10-40 & 50.90 & 100+ \\ \text { PD4/ID } & + \\ & \text { S/S } 48 \text { tip Soit Sect } & \ldots & 25.90 & 24.90 \\ 23.90\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}104 / 1 \mathrm{D} & \text { S/S } 48 \mathrm{kp} \text { Solt Sect ....... } \quad 25.90 & 24.90 & 23.90\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}105 / 1 \mathrm{D} & \text { S/S } 48 \text { ipt } 10 \text { Hard Sect … } \quad 25.9024 .90 \\ 23.90\end{array}$ 105/1D S/S 48 tpt tô Hard Sect

104/2D D/S 48 tp. Sott Sect $107 / 2 \mathrm{D}$
$\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{S} 48$ ip 10 Hard Sect
$105 / 2 \mathrm{D}$
$\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{S} 48$ tpi 16 Hard Sect
204/1D S/S 96 to: Soit Sect. $\begin{array}{ll}207 / 1 \mathrm{D} & \text { S/S } 96 \text { tpi } 10 \text { Hard Sect } \\ 205 / 1 \mathrm{D} & \text { S/S } 96 \text { tpi } 16 \text { Hard Sect }\end{array}$
204/2D D/S 96 tpi solf sect
207/2D D/S 96 tpi 10 Hard Sect 205/2D D/S 96 toi 16 Hard Sect
48 tpl sutable for 25 or 40 track operation 96 tpi suitable for 77 or 80 track operation

## $8^{\prime \prime}$ DISKETTES

## PRICES EXC VAT

$3740 / 1$ S/S S/D + TH Sot Sect $\quad 10-4050.90100+$ $101 / 1$ S/S S/Dens 32 Hard Sent … $\quad 30.9029 .9028 .90$
3740/1D S/S D/Dens. Solt Secl $\quad 37.9036 .9035 .90$ 101/1D S/S D/Dens. 32 Hard Sect .. $\quad 37.9036 .90 \quad 35.90$
3740/2D D/S D/Dens Soft Sect
3740/2D D/S D/Dens Soft Sect ....
101/2D D/S D/Dens 32 Hard Sect
$\begin{array}{lll}15.909 .923 .90 & 23.90 \\ 25.90 & 24.90 & 23.90\end{array}$
$25.90 \quad 24.90 \quad 23.90$
$37.90 \quad 36.90 \quad 35.90$
37.90
36 $37.9036 .90 \quad 35.90$
$37.90 \quad 36.90 \quad 35.90$
$36.90 \quad 35.90 \quad 34.90$
36.9035 .9034 .90
36.90
35.90
$36.90 \quad 35.9034 .90$
$46.90 \quad 45.9044 .90$
$46.90 \quad 45.9044 .90$
$46.90 \quad 45.90 \quad 44.90$

## DISKETTE STORAGE

Write or call for our very latest Autumn ' 83 TRADE PACK.
KEENER prices than ever before, but QUALITY maintained. individually certified! - for yours and our PEACE OF MIND.


2ese anti-static. ABS plastic diskette storage boxes come in four zes, two for mini disks and two lor $8^{\prime \prime}$ disks hey have a white base with a transparent smoked lockable hd, ad hold 40 or 80 diskettes.
ey come complete with keys and dividers
RICES EXC VAT
13540 minidisk capacity
18580 munidisk capacity
$40408^{\prime \prime}$ diskette capactly
$9080 \mathrm{~B}^{\prime \prime}$ diskette capacrty

## IBRARY BOXES



RICES EXC VAT

## " LIBRARY BOX

## NOT SEE 10 Des $g$ gn

round.
round.

REE with every ten disks ordered)

Don't buy other peoples cheap disks, they are probably batch tested and they will probably let your customer down. We know - we get sob stories on the 'phone daily. Every diskette that DISKING sells is

You may mix and match omy of our quality diskettes so that your customers may select their favourite brands. This way you can be sure of pleasing everybody.
A FREE sample unlabelled diskette will also be enclosed, which are available in 100 bulk packs and at extremely keen prices just in case you should be selling software.
If you get any enquiries for pre-formatted diskettes, do not sweat because we can obtain most of them. BLANK CASSETTES are also available complete with library cases in either C-12 or C-15 format at $£ 39.00$ per 100, U.K. P\&P £4.00.



The 8064 packs all the power you will ever need. Sleek and trim, yet fully expandable with eight slot expansion unit.
The newly designed compact keyboard is a piece of art in itself. The OM8064 features ultrasensitive key and single key programming commands, you will get much more including a powerful 64 K dynamic RAM up to 14 K of ROM, 24 line $x 40$ character text display with high resolution graphics a 6502 and $\mathrm{Z80}$ microprocessor.

TASHKL COMPUTER SYSTEMS LTD 24 LOGAN ROAD, WEMBLEY, MIDDLESEX HA9 8PX TEL No. 01-904 4467. TELEX No. 296708
CP/M is a registered trade mark of Digltal Research Inc.

THE PRICE OF THE COMPLETE SYSTEM COMPRISING OF:

OM 8064 MICROCOMPUTER WITH * STANDARD 64K RAM

* 8 SLOT EXPANSION UNIT \& COVER * STANDARD $2 K$ ROM FOR CP/M * MAXIMUM 14K ROM FOR BASIC * STANDARD 6502 CPU AFG CARD * STANDARD Z-80 CARD
* STANDARD CENTRONIC I/F CARD \& I/F

CABLE

* STANDARD 80 COLUM N CARD * STANDARD FLOPPY DISK DRIVE CONTROLLER
* TWO 51⁄in SSSD SLIMLINE DISK DRIVES \& I/F CABLES EACH 163 K * 12 in GREEN MONITOR \& CABLE * JOYSTICK ADAPTOR CABLE * TV ADAPTOR


# UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY 

## YOUR SYSTEM RUNS WHEN THE MAINS ARE OFF!



## THE POWER BANK

The Uninterruptible Power Supply that will run ANY Micro-Computer System.

A vital piece of Equipment for running systems.
Just plug your Micro-Computer, VDU, Disc Drives and PRINTER into The Power Bank and continue to run your system in the event of a mains supply failure.

Electrical spikes and surges suppressed, which protects your hardware as well as your programme and data.

Output voltage stabilised for all conditions of input voltage.

System compatible sine wave output. Built-in sealed for life batteries.

Manufactured by POWER TESTING (Sales) LTD.
65 a Shenfield Road, Shenfield, Brentwood,
Essex CM15 8HA. Tel: (0277) 233188
Telex: 24224 MONREF 586

## ELBUG ELBUG ELBUG ELBUG ELBUG

## ORBIT $\begin{gathered}\text { Forghe } \\ \text { ACORN } \\ \text { ELECTRON }\end{gathered}$

## IF YOU HAVE AN ACORN ELECTRON OR ARE THINKING OF BUYING ONE THEN YOU SHOULD JOIN THE ELECTRON USER GROUP.

Members receive 10 copies of the magazine ELBUG each year. ELBUG is devoted EXCLUSIVELY to the ELECTRON MICRO. It is packed with news, Reviews, Hints, Tips, Programming ideas, Major articles, plus Regular program features incluing games and useful utilities.
ELBUG, is produced by BEEBUG Publications Ltd., publishers of BEEBUG, the magazine of the National User Group for the BBC Micro. BEEBUG now has some $\mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 0}$ members, and has achieved a high reputation both in this country and abroad. Acorn and the BBC have both taken out multiple memberships, for example, and our articles are now syndicated in Australia. (For further details of BEEB UG, see separate advertisement elsewhere in this issue.)
The formula which makes BEEBUG an invaluable companion for users of the BBC micro will be applied to ELBUG.
By subscribing to ELBUG you gain all the advantages of a single-micro magazine, with no space wasted on programs
and articles for other computers
Further benefits of membership:
Members' discount scheme with national retailers of software, hardware and books, with savings of up to $25 \%$
Members' software library with a growing range of titles at special prices for members.

## SPECIAL OFFER

SUBSCRIBE NOW, AND GET A FREE INTRODUCTORY CASSETTE CONTAINING 8 TESTED PROGRAMS FOR THE ELECTRON.

1. SPACE CITY Defeat the invading Aliens with your laser, and save the city.
2. 3D NOUGHTS AND CROSSES Pit your wits against the ELECTRON on a $4 \times 4 \times 4$ board.
3. RACER Guide your racing car to victory, avoiding other cars and obstacles on the track
4. 3D MAZE In this challenging game, you must escape from the maze - The screen displays a 3D view from inside the maze.
5. PATCHWORK A multicoloured display of continuously changing patterns.
6. KEY SET ROUTINE A program to set up the user function keys.
7. MEMORY DISPLAY An efficiently written utility to diplay the contents of memory (ROM and RAM).


BEEBMAZE


RACER


SPACE CITY
8. CHARACTER DEFINER Define individual graphics characters with this useful utility for use in your own programs.


## DT/SYSTEMB NEW FOR BBC AND OTHER MICRO USERS

Incorporating:
$12^{\prime \prime}$ P31 Monitor and
$15.25^{\prime \prime} 400$ KB Drive-System B 1
$25.25^{\prime \prime} 400$ KB Drive-System B 2 or
$12^{\prime \prime}$ Colour Monitor as above System BC 1 or BC 2

## DISK DRIVES

6106 MINI $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ 2/3 HEIGHT, S/S, 40 TRACK, 250 KBYTES $£ 170$ 6108 MINI $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ 2/3 HEIGHT, D/S, 40 TRACK, 500 KBYTES $£ 190$

# 6118 1Mb $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ DRIVE FOR BBC MICRO £200 <br> POWER SUPPLY AND PACKAGING ADD £65 

## DISKETTES

FLEXY DISKS $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ S/S, S/D, 40 TRACK 10 PACK $\frac{\varepsilon}{17}$
FLEXY DISK $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ S/S, D/D, 40 TRACK 19
FLEXY DISK 5.25" D/S, D/D, 40 TRACK 21
FLEXY DISK $5.25^{\prime \prime} 2 / H D, S / S, S / D, 80$ TRACK 24


Priced
System B 1 £455
System B 2 £695
System BC1 Price
on
System BC2 application


## . 01 c Faithful

How could anybody get so excited about it?
"Gentlemen: you have a superb program"
American Software House
${ }^{6}$ We have had the opportunity in our business to use a great many programs written for the professional user. None of them has been so easy to use or performed so well as your Cardbox"

## Lawyer

${ }^{6}$ From the first moment I saw Cardbox, I realised its enormous potential. My customers love it ${ }^{7}$

Large Micro Computer Dealer

## ${ }^{6}$ To sum up: we think Cardbox

 is a superb program ${ }^{\prime \prime}$$\AA 155$

Available on most $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ equipment, IBM PC, Sirius and Wang PC

## Chand

## With Cardbox the electronic card indexing system:

It's so easy and so much fun to draw the card It's so easy to add new cards to the "box"
It's so easy and so quick to find the cards you want It's so easy to learn -the documentation is superb Infact...
The whole thing brings joy and delight to the people who use it

## But that's not all ...

Cardbox can output data in a standard format so you can:

- MailMerge information with WordStar
- Calculate Cardbox data with the new SuperCalc
- Sort data using SuperSort
- Report on Cardbox data using DMS or dBase II
- Write your own programs around Cardbox Data using MBASIC


## InfoWorld

Soltware Heport Card

## Caralbox

Miepiormamee: $\square \square ? \square$
Innemmentation (b).[] $\square \square$

Error Handling is [] $\square$

Caxton Software Ltd 10-14 Bedford Street London WC2E 9HE Tel: 01-3796502
Write, telephone or send us your business card and we'll tell you where you can see Cardbox sing and dance

Intelligent programs for thoughtful people

## SUPERCHESS 2.5 for $2-80 \mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$

The first really good chess program available on CP/M.
Seven levels of play, from easy to downright difficult. The first four levels of play within tournament time limits, level zero responds almost instantly.

## OSBORNE

 Alpha-numeric screen display of board and pieces. Sizeable library of opening moves. Recommended move option, in case you get stuck. Analyse mode, allows you to set up any position.Beats most other computer chess programs.
Price: Cheque or postal order for $£ 29.95$ including VAT to the address below. Please add $£ 1.00$ for post and package ( $£ 2.00$ overseas). Please state desired disc size and format when ordering, we can satisfy order for all known formats, except Apple, Pet, Sirius or hard disc systems

## 48K SPECTRUM BRIDGE PLAYER

This amazing program allows the player to bid and play an entire game of bridge without having to get in three friends for the purpose.
The player bids and plays his hand, using ACOL with Stayman and Blackwood conventions, as if he were at the bridge table, with the computer taking the part of the other three hands. The computer works out the score on each hand (including honours, slam and rubber points) and, when each hand is completed, displays the old and new scores in the traditional format.
Hands result from random dealing of the cards.
Full graphic display of cards and table.
Price: Cheque of postal order for $£ 8.95$ including VAT to the address below.

2 GLEBE ROAD, UXBRIDGE, MIDDLESEX

## PIF PP|PER LEADS THE WAY!?



## S.T.M. proudly present a versatile, portable business computer, featuring:

* 1 Megabyte disk-drive
* 2nd 1 Mb disk option
- 64k RAM for CP/M
* Portability: less than 15lbs wt
* APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE:

Perfect Writer, Speller, Calc, Filer

* Full capability keyboard
* Printer port: STD bus
- Expansion options including: Dual RS232, Hard Disk
* Monitor or TV display
$\star$ Handsome carrier-bag
* PLUS: Top quality service backup!
£1066 for all that! \&50 voucher on purchase up to December 31st 1983
For more information clip the coupon and send to:
Semi-Tech Microelectronics (Europe) Ltd. 145-147 Ewell Road, Surbiton, Surrey KT6 6AW
Telephone: 01-390 6177 Telex: 938739 STMEUR G


The portable computer all others will follow.

Dealer enquiries welcome

Price excludes V.A.T.
Pied Piper is a trademark of Serni-Tech Microelectronics Corp.
Perlect is a nygistered tradematik of P.S.S.I
CP/M is a registered traclemark of Digitel Reseatearch Ine

Please send me details of the Pied Piper

Name:
Position:
Company.
Address:

## OVER 20,000 PEOPLE CANTBEWRONG ACTSIRUS1 Cの 195 ? standard operating systems at 16-bit level, CP/M-86 and MS-DOS. PLUS Basic 86. <br> 2.4 Mb data storage with a big 256K RAM for the really demanding business applications. Includes CP/M-86, MS-DOS and Basic 86.

Above are two very good reasons why more people have bought the ACT Sirius 1 than any other 16-bit microcomputer in the U.K. Here are a few more:
ACT Sirius 1 is a superb user-friendly machine incorporating a comprehensive 'soft' keyboard, a $12^{\prime \prime}$ high resolution screen for crisp, clear definition and a wide range of memory options including a 10Mbyte Winchester version and a choice of three plug-in expansion boards.

The range of available software is simply unrivalled in the personal computer field.
Over 1,000 software packages now exist to provide complete solutions to the needs of large and small businesses alike.
And of course the ACT Sirius 1 is backed by the strength and resources of ACT. The Pulsar range of true 16-bit software for accounting, planning and word processing; ACT Training

Centres open to all; nationwide field service; a full range of printers and consumables.
And, the most complete and professional dealer network in the U.K.
Over 20,000 people are rightly convinced that the ACT Sirius $\mathbf{1}$ is the best machine of its kind in the country.
CAN YOU REALLY AFFORD TO BE WRONG?
ACT SIRIUS $1, T H E$ UK'S BEST SOLLING 16-BIT

MICROCOMPUTNDR.



## ACT(UK)Limited

Shenstone House,
Dudley-Road, Halesowen, West Midlands B63 3NT, Telephone: 021-501 2284

Telex: 337007


~ a unique pool of expertise


HARDWARE PLUS Accounts. Database and Toolkit Software


HARDWARE PLUS
Pascal. Forth and much. much more

## STHUS 1

HARDWARE PLUS Kuma Forth. Mailbox and much more

PHONE NOW or SEND FOR DETAILS MAIDENHEAD (0628) 71778 Kuma Computers urd
11, York Road, Maidenhead,
Berks SL6 1SO Telex 849462 TELFAC KUMA
COMET: KUMA
TELECOM GOLD: KUM ஏø1


Software. advice. modems and acoustic couplers from experienced users.


## AT LAST, A HOME COMPUTER THAT IMPROVES WITH AGE.



It's surprising how many firsttime relationships with a home computer go sour with age.
You buy an attractive, discounted little machine so that you and the children can learn about computers.

Instead, you learn about its limitations the dull graphics. The plugs that fall out. The cheap power supply The unalterable "beginners" language. The stiff, fragile keys. Noprovision for future developments. If only you'd looked around a bit in the beginning. "Quality costs a little more, but it's usually worth paying for" (Personal Computer NewsCGL M5 Review, June'83.)

The CGL M5 is designed and built by Sord, one ofJapans's leading computer specialists, with three main ideas in mind.

First, to be easy and fun to learn and operate.

Second, to be rugged enough to last through hours and hours of operation.

And third, to form the basis of a powerful, versatile home computer system that won't need replacing until you're ready for a dedicated business system.

## Built to learn

The CGL M5 is designed to be easy for non-geniuses to use.
"On the M5, mast of the work is done for you, and all that is left is the need to work out what to do next, rather than bow to do it." (Personal ComputerNews,June'83.)

If you make a mistake, you can correct it with a simple movement of the cursor. So you only correct that mistake, not a whole line; nor do you have to indulge in complex edit commands.

Budding video game designers and computer artists will love to get their hands on the 16 colour graphics and 32 moveable images called "sprites."
"The M5 makes friofessional graphic
effects very simple for even the beginner to achieve." (Personal Computer World, Aug. '83.)

## Built to last

"It works first time, doesn't need a lot of mollycoddling and jiggery-pokery to persuade it to continue to do so, and what's even better, it continues to work well. You don't have to balance cold cartons of milk on the top, shove matches in the back to keep the plugs in, or press the keys with several pounds force to make them respond." (Personal Computer News, June '83.)

Being able to build things that work and carry on working without endless maintenance is something at which the Japanese P 0 O 0 = seem to excel.

## Built to grow

To be truly versatile, a home computer has to understand very different things.
So you need different "languages," which the M5 provides by supplying part of its memory in plug-in cartridges.
"The M5 eliminates the worst limitations on machines at this level, which is that they tend to be stuck with whatever language is provided by the management." (Personal
 Computer News, June'83.) The computer is supplied complete with a Basic-I cartridge, a standard integer BASIC language and a simple learning text.
Plug in the Basic-G cartridge, and you can access the M5's incredibly sophisticated graphic and sound capabilities which are far in advance of similarly-priced computers.

Move on to the Basic-F cartridge, and you have scientific, technological and statistical computing power usually available only
on big computers with equally big price tags. The FALC cartridge provides a tailor-made language for data management, spreadsheet accounts and business problems. Combine FALC with a disc and you could "turn the M5 into a small business machine.'(Personal Computer Magazine, August '83.)

Now, take a look at the back of the M5. Notice the sockets (usuallyan extra) for a standard
Centronics-type printer, the separate video monitor and hi-fi sound output.

Even the language cartridge socket has hidden potential:
"Unlike most such sockets, this one bas 56 internal lines connected to it giving access to just about every function in the computer. This means that just about everything you can think of can be added onto the computer, ranging from a Prestel interface to second processor to use as an intelligent terminal on a timesharing computer.'. (Electronics - The Maplin Magazine, March '83.)

Take alook at the home computer that will improve with age.

For a full technical specification of the CGL.M5, details of the wide range of supporting software and to find out where to see a complete demonstration, send the coupon to: CGL, CGL House, Goldings Hill,Loughton, Essex IG10 2RR. Telephone number:01-5085600.

I'd like to know more about the CGL. M5. Please send me a brochure and a list of dealers.

PCW/12/83 Name

Address

## Professional Software for Apple II



Payroll An inexpensive yet accurate, reliable and easily operated program. Designed for the company with tens rather than hundreds or thousands of employees, Hilderbay Payroll offers all the features of packages costing many times more: handles all tax codes, salaries and N.I. contributions, hourly, weekly and monthly payslips, summary of payments etc. Will also work backwards (compute gross pay and deductions from net pay). £75 + V.ar

Bookkeeper A simple to use bookkeeping program can keep several books independently. Up to 20 analysis headings can be chosen. VAT will be computed where applicable and full analysis can be printed whenever required. "There is nothing else like it on the market. I couldn't do without it". (Windfall Magazine Review, April 1983 p76-77) £75 + VAT

Statutory Sick Pay From April 6 all employers must calculate and pay SSP to their sick employees. Rather than keep pages of information and work to 60 pages of the complicated DHSS Guide you can simply operate the Hilderbay SSP system. A free-standing program that will run on Apple II, SSP will work out employee eligibility, linking, all possible exclusions from SSP, tell you the information required and supply all figures required by you and by law. Easily operated by non-computer, non-payroll personnel. "Overall rating very good". (Soft Magazine Review, July 1983 pl4-17 ${ }^{\circ}$ 101) $£ 75$ + VAT

All our Apple software is offered on 21 day money back approval.

Remember - we at Hilderbay pride ourselves in the development of high quality professional software that is fully functional and with full support. Not fancy packaging, fancy prices or fancy names.

For further information and availability contact your local dealer, or order direct from us.

TRADE ENQURIES WELCOME ON ALL PRODUCTS

## Filderbay

Professional Software
Hilderbay Ltd Dept. PCW 12 8-10 Parkway Regents Park London NWl 7AA
Telephone: 01-485 1059 Telex: 22870

# Moore on Kuma 

## CBM64 Graphics Censored

Crude Commodore 64 Graphics are in for a clean up! Kuma has exclusive UK rights to Kiwi Soft's graphics aid Paint-Pic, which provide complete colour drawings and paintings using multi-colour bit mapped graphics.
All you need to turn your basic 64 into an artists canvas, is a tape drive and colour monitor and of course Paint-Pic. It's suitable for ages 12 and upwards, and is quite unique.
The manual contains picture load and display programs and is easy to follow, even by first time computer enthusiasts. Price of Picture-Pic is $£ 23.00+$ V.A.T.

## Brain Surgeon's Guide

Put away your scalpels - its not that kind of guide! But if you want to dissect your New Brain, this is for you.
It's an excellent 138 page book called "The New Brain
Dissected" written by ex Byte Shop manager and Micro Pioneer - John Braga.

There are 10 chapters covering too many things to mention here, but as an appetiser here are some examples: Basic, the manual, assembler monitor functions, Ram and Rom, intercept mechanical, graphics, and disc system.

The book also contains programs for renumbering, defining your own high res graphics and monitor listing.
These alone are worth more than $£ 8.50$, but that's all you need to pay for the complete book

## Get Inside Your MZ700

Figuratively speaking you can now get inside your MZ700 with the aid of Tony Marriott's new book "MZ700 Explained"
It costs $£ 5.95$ and gives a detailed guide to the machine's internal working with the help of numerous diagrams. Written in the same style as his other books "MZ80A and MZ80K Explained" this is an ideal companion. Both are available from Kuma.

## Tending New Brain Blackouts

## The New Brain can now

 become a superb Electronic Mail Terminal for such things as Telecom Gold, and BL Comet, without the screen playing it's usual game of hide and seek.A Kuma RS232C/Modem Interface costing $\mathbf{6 6 9 . 5 0}+$ V.A.T. with communication software at $£ 29.50$ + V.A.T., can be hung on the New Brain extension buff to give a serial port which keeps you in touch with what you're doing.

## Kuma's on the Move

By around the beginning of December we hope to be ensconced in new, larger premises, and customers frustrated by our busy telephone will be pleased to hear that we will be installing several additional lines, too.
Since it's conception nearly two years ago, Kuma has grown dramatically, especially on the Software publishing side; and therefore delighted to have more than enough space to move into.
Our new address will be widely published but we shall retain our existing telex number (84946) and Electronic Mail passwords on Te'ecom Gold and B.L. Comet.

## HX-20 Catalogue Preview

Sorry, but we can't keep it secret anymore. The new autumn catalogue has a heap of new programs.
Among them are Sales Order Entry (32K system) at $£ 29.50$ + V.A.T.; Expenses (32K system); Mobile Stock Recorder at E 29.50 + V.A.T.;Stock Control at $£ 29.50$ + V.A.T.; and two exciting Astronomy programs - a must for all you helio and geocentric eccentrics.

## Watch this space

For details about the prizes you can win if you are a MZ711 user. Kuma will be running a competition later in the year and the details will be published here. Or you can obtain them by ringing (0628) 71778.
the eject button. A unique feature of the new disks is a mechanical tab which prevents overwriting of precious data. And of course, you can switch it back when necessary.


## Reliable and robust

The Hitachi boasts a brush-less direct drive motor, the best possible system for trouble free use. AMS-3 units simply run off the BBC power supply - they don't need their own supply and there's no need to worry about corrupt data.
The standard interface lets you use the disk drive with most other computers in tandem with $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ drives.

## High Speed Access

The disk drive provides a track-totrack access time of only 3 mS , much faster than old fashioned drives.

The AMS disk drive works with all DFS and disk upgrade kits.

## Excellent Manual

Included with your drive will be an easily understood 80 pp user guide, with full explanation of the BBC Disc Filing System (DFS).

## How to order

If there isn't a stockist near you just fill in the coupon below, and we will send your order with our full no-quibble money-back guarantee or ring (0925) 62907 for 24 hour service.
Advanced Memory Systems Ltd, Woodside Technology Centre, Green Lane, Appleton, Warrington, Cheshire WA4 5NG
*Disk drives supplied by Hitachi Europe Ltd.

> $A+B$ Computing (Sept) stated - "excellent manual"..."its simplicity of use must recommend the Hitachi $3^{\prime \prime}$ drive to anyone about to purchase a disk drive"..." the microdisk is a marvellous change" Personal Computer News "protective sleeve and hard plastic exterior provide for greater protection".." "far more durable and easy to handle than normal drives"

## oem Office Efficiency Machines Ltd

## THE FINEST SELECTION OF MICROS -

 AVAILABLE FROM THE MARKET LEADERS

# VINTEREST FREE FINANCE! 

## available over 12 or 24 months!

Open for demonstrations to 7p.m. most evenings
Call our West London showrooms for a demonstration on any of the above machines and we will advise you on the right software and configuration for your needs. We carry over a thousand software packages and probably the widest selection of printers/peripherals in the U.K.!

## Or rent a Micro from 1 day to 6 years!

Ring 01-741 7383 for further information, or to place your order call our hot line -01-748 8404 NOW!

## WEEKLY BARGAINS!

Every Friday evening we change our showroom demonstration models - which you can purchase (only one week old) at vastly reduced prices!

## OEM - THE GIANT <br> IN <br> MICROCOMPUTERS!

ACCESS - BARCLAYCARD
Subject to change without notice.

To: Office Efficiency Machines Ltd., 150-152 King Street, Hammersmith, London W. 6. Telephone 01-741 7381/2/3/4/5/6

Please send me information/quote on:

I am an $\square$ End User $\square$ Dealer $\square$ Urgent I have a requirement for $\square 1$ system $\square$ 2-9 svstems $\square 10$ or more systems

I will be purchasing within
$\square 1$ month $\square 3$ months $\square 6$ months or more My budget is $£$
$\qquad$
Company $\qquad$
Address $\qquad$
Postcode $\qquad$
Phone
Extension $\qquad$

## NO <br> LIMIT

Now, a home computer with virtually no limit to its possibilities. The astonishing new Sharp MZ700. A machine with a dazzling array of talents.

First, it's a 'clean' machine. So you are not limited to any one computer language. You have the flexibility to run and write programs in BASIC, FORTRAN, MACHINE CODE, PASCAL, ASSEMBLER and many others. And the MZ700's 512 predefined characters mean you can build up detailed pictures on the screen, without spending time specifying and designing special characters for games and special effects.

Second, it has a memory of 64K. So as your technique improves and develops, you are able to move forward to more and more advanced programming.

All of which makes this the perfect home computer for parents, as well as children.

The MZ700 gives you access to a wide

choice of new software, from only £3.95 per cassette. An additional plotter/printer, costing £129•95, can produce high resolution graphics in 4 colours. A data cassette recorder is an extra at $£ 39 \cdot 95$. Both addons fit snugly into this easy to carry compact system with no trailing wires. And you get ten exciting games, free on purchase, including Super Puckman, Circus Star, Snake v. Snake, and Man-Hunt.

The brilliant new MZ700. The no-limit computer. £249-95. From Sharp. Where great ideas come to life.


## The sign of a good disk




When you see this on adisk,it means top-quality computermedia.


## When yousee this on the box,it means youre getting it forless.

With so much money and valuable data tied up in your computer, small business system or word processor, it doesn't pay to go for low prices on your computer media at the expense of quality.

Except when you can buy ultra-reliable top quality and save money into the bargainwith BASF FlexyDisks, available as ' 10 for the price of 9 ' for a limited period only.

Existing BASF FlexyDisk users swear by their quality, reliability and long-life data protection, summed up by the new Qualimetric symbol. And that's why they are certain to be first in the queue to snap up available supplies at such a saving.

Consult the list for your nearest BASF FlexyDisk Dealer. Before stocks run out.

## (O)) B A C C ©FlexyDisk



## LONDON AND HOME COUNTIES

Data Efliciency Limited
Maxted Road, Maylands Avenue
Hemel Hempstead, Herts HP2 7LE
044260155
Unit 9
Ashlord Industrial Estate
Shleld Road
Ashford, Middlesex TW 151 1AY
0784247341
AWS Computer Supplies
81 Portsmouth Road, Guildford, Surrey
0483504234
Computer Accessories Ltd
10 Barley Mow Passage
Chiswick, London W4 4 PH
$01-9946477$
Computalorm
4 Merivale Avenue, Harrow, Middlesex
01.4235005

DPA
Bearbrook Industrial Estate
Rabans Lane. Aylesbury, Bucks
029624411
Essex Data Product
17 Guithavon Street, Witham, Essex
0376518629
Northamber
3 Dawes Court, Esher, Surrey
037268311
037268311
Pete and Pam Computers
1038 legborough Road, London SW16
01.7691022

MIDLANDS:
CCS Media
277a Woodborough Road
0602620979
Frank Groome Group of Companies Nottingham 0602301633
Brigg 065254966
Coventry 0203613417
Leeds 0532771181
Leicester 0533556479
Lincoln 052236984
Geest Computer Services
Carr Road Industrial Estate
Peterborough, 073351231
Stratton SI Margaret
Swindon, 0793827727
GBH Data Services
Dumfries Chambers
91 St Mary Street, Cardiff CF1 1 JY 022225653
Landscape Computer Services
East Field House
Woodhall Spa, Lincolnshlre
052653560
Regent Paper
657 Melton Road, Thurmaston
Leicester LE4 BEG
0533695952
Stryder Publishing
PO Box 167, Sutton
Norwich NR129RS
069282011
Trade Data (Trade Enquirles Only) 49 Illisse Avenue, Oadby, Leicester 0533712378
NORTH WEST:
Pete and Pam Computers
New Hall Hey Road, Rawtenstall
Rossendale, Lancashire
0706212321
Broker Forms
214 Manchester Road, Warrington
092534440
National Micro Centres:
Witmslow 0625530891
stockport 0614800539
YORKSHIRE
SYSTEM
12 Colleglate Crescent
Sheffield, S10 28A
0742682321
Tandberg
Elland Road, Leeds
0532774844
NORTH EAST:
DP Supplies
St Andrews House, Westlield Terrace Gateshead, Tyne \& Wear
0632785068
SCOTLAND:
Excel Data
Clydebank Business Park
Clydebank, Glasgow G81 1JA
419527878
Talt Components
973 Sauchiehall Street, Glasgow 0413399959
Tullis Neill
Peggy's Mill, Mayfield
Dalkeith EH22 4AD
0316636691

Algotels Computers

Your Mail Order speciclists
OFTWARE FOR BBC (All prices include VAT) BUSINESS: (Gemini)

## ELECTRON £199 inc VAT

BBC Model 8 32K........ $£ 399$ inc VAT Teletex Adaptor ...................... 196
Disk Interface Kits
Prestel Adaptors

## PRINTERS

MX100FT3
FX80.
Smith Corona
carr. £7.00
PRINTER DRIVER
FOR USE WITH VIEW

## CANON BBC DISK DRIVE UNITS

Single Side Double Sided
40 track ( 100 K ) 40 track ( 200 K )
£169.00 £206.70 carr. £3 carr. £3

Double Sided
80 track 400 K £259.20
Disk drives include cables and formatting disks.
Slim Teac Cases 40 track Single sided 100K......................... 1169
Tek Slimline 40 Track Single Sided
100K
sided.
. $£ 476.50$
Slimline Mitsubishi 80 Track Double
Sided 400K.
£266.70
Case to hold Canon Dual
Drive
Case to hold one Canon $2 / 3$ Height
Drive Colour Match to BBC Micro. $£ 7$
TEAC $1 / 2$ Height Case without Power
Supply ............................. 86.75
TEAC $1 / 2$ Height Dual Case
Dealer enquiries welcome
Power supply units 25VA for
single
Power supply units 50VA for
dual.
$£ 23.50$
. $£ 25.00$
SPECIAL OFFERS!
BBC Model 'B' word processing
pack BBC Model 'B' Disk Interface
Word wise Smith Corona Doisy
wheel Printer, Foppy Disk Drive
Uniaue Low Pilce $£ 1037.96$
corr. $\{15$, inc VAT $£ 1193.59$
JUSTIFY YOUR MONITOR WITH YOUR WIFE
Superb Colour Monitor AND TV SET
IN ONE $£ 275$ carr. £7.00. Screen 14",

Cassette Darabase 147.35; dlsk £20.83. Mailist $£ 17.35$; disk $£ 20.83$. Invoice \& Statement $£ 17.35$; disk £20.83, Stock Control $£ 17.35$; disk £20.83; Home Accounts $£ 17.35$; disk £20.83. Commercial Accounts £17.35; disk $£ 20.83$. BBC Payroll £34.74, Word Pro £17.35; disk £20.83, BEEB Calc $£ 17.35$; disk £20.83.

## EDUCATIONAL:

Peeko Computer $\mathbf{5 8 . 6 5}$ : Algebraic Manipulation 58.65; Creative Graphics 58.65; Tree of Knowledge 28.65; Graphs \& Char ts $£ 8.65$; B8C Early Learning 28.70 ; BBC Music £8.70; BBC Drawing £8.70; BBC Painting £8.70; BBC The Compt Prog Vol 1 上8.70; BBC The Compt Prog

## Vol 2 上8.70

## PROGRAMME POWER

 WORLD:Geog £6.50; Programme Power Where £6.50; Programme Power Constellation $£ 6.50$; Programme Power Junior Maths Pack $£ 6.50$; IJK Flags "Countries \& Capitals" 84.50 ; Multisound Synthesiser $£ 10.00$; Bes Word Hang £8.97; Bes Wordwise £8.97: Bes Happy Numbers $£ 8.97$ : Bes Animal/Veg/Min $£ 5.70$

## ACORNSOFT

GAMES: CASSETTE
Sphinx Adventure $£ 8.65$ :
Philosophers Quest 58.65 ; Chess £8.65; Business Games £8.65: Sliding Block Puzzles $£ 8.65$ Monsters £8.65; Snapper $£ 8.65$ Planetoid $\varepsilon 8.65$; Rocket Paid $£ 8.65$ Meteors £8.65; Arcadians £8.65: Castle of Riddles £8.65: Starship
Command $£ 8.65$; Missile Base £8.65: Countdown 18.65; Snooker £8.65.

## JJK GAMES

Startrek + Candytloss 5.5 .65
Hangman + National +4 Othe £3.91: Mutant Invaders + Breakou £5.65: Beep-Beep $£ 3.91$
Beebmunch $\mathbf{5 5 . 6 5}$; 3-D Maze £3.91: Space Invaders Model A 84.78: Space Invaders Model B £6.52; Atlantis $£ 6.52$; Hyper Drive £5.65: Stratobomber $£ 6.52$; Leap Frog 86.52

## SUPERIOR SOFTWARE:

## CASSETTES

Galaxians £6.91: Invaders £6.91 space Righter $£ 6.91$; Centipede £6.91: Fuit Mochine $\mathbf{5 0 . 9 1 \text { ; Alien }}$ Dropout $£ 6.91$; Road Runner $£ 6.91$ Froger £6.91: Q*Bert £6.91 Colditz Adventure $£ 6.91$ : Cribbage £6.04; Pontoon £6.04

NEW!! TOOLKT N POM MANY
Move, Alll. Lurge Disam-MANY ADDED COMMANDS INC:- Find
sidewoys ROM INEXIASC 11
ALL PRICES EXCLUSIVE OFFER $£ 22$ + VAT.
EPT WHERE STATED.

## Algotek <br> COMPUTERS Wakerield

Algotek Computer Co Ltd 11 Wood Street, Wakefield WF1 2EL Tel: 0924369555

We kid you not.
The uninitiated can be led a merry dance by the bewildering choice of accounting programs currently on offer.

But don't put your foot in it by assuming that a high price guarantees you high efficiency.

You can, if you really wish, pay £1,000 or more for a sprawling, highly complicated, 4-7 disk monster, with a manual you can't lift without a course of weight training, or understand without a brain transplant. Alternatively, for just £375, you can discover the unique simplicity of SAGE.

SAGE produces the only accounting program which is truly integrated and uses only one program and one data diskette. - Sales and Purchase Ledgers, - Nominal Ledger, Cash Book, - Journal Entries, Trial Balance, - VAT Return, Monthly and Annual Accounts, Age Analyses,

- Statements and Audit Trail - every accounting function you need in one compact and comprehensive package. The SAGE program is also widely used for Incomplete Records Accounting (without requiring modification). It can therefore be used by practising accountants for both functions. Its efficiency is built on simplicity-and its simplicity accounts for the price.

The SAGE accounting program is easy to learn and easy to use, with a short, clear and simple manual.

It's fully automatic - which means no shuffling through the program to find the section you need.

It's complete and selfcontained - no expensive modules to buy every time you need an extra function.

It's suitable for use on $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ or MS-DOS machines and has so far been implemented on Osborne, Superbrain, Epson QX-10, Sirius, Victor 9000 , IBM PC, BBC/Torch Z80 and ITT with others in the pipeline.

What's more, the SAGE accounting program has been successfully tested in hundreds ol installations and is the only system of its type-is as effective in a oneman business as in a multi million pound corporation.

Check it out and we'll prove to you that software doesn't have to be expensive to be efficient. Return the coupon and we'll send you more information and the name of your nearest dealer.

## 'Afirst classaccounting program for only $£ 375^{\circ}$.. ...pull the other one!'



accounting program



## Name

 PositionCompany
$\qquad$

Tel:
Brillsh Software for British Business
SAGE SYSTEMS LTD.. Hawick Crescent Industrial Estate, Newcastle upon Tyne. NE6 IAS. Tel: 0632761669 Telex: 53623 SAGESL G

Our innovation accounts for our price!

# LONDON COMPUTER CENTRE 

## NEC ADVANCED PERSONAL COMPUTER <br> 16 bit 8086 128K Ram

 2:4Mb Disk Storage CP/M86 - MS DOS Green Screen Colour Display$\Sigma 1985$ $£ 2595$


LCC SPECIAL BUNDLE.

NEC APC-
NEC Dot Matrix Printer
R.R.P. £1985
R.R.P. \& 395

Benchmark WP Software R.R.P. $\mathcal{I} 31$
Cables
R.R.P.E 30
$\Sigma 2721$
£1985
you pay you save
Hard Disk for IBM PC, Sirius, QX10 NEC 10 Mb £1545 15 Mb £1695 20 Mb £1995 20 Mb Tape Streamer £1495


| EPSON | apricot 256 K from $£ 1495$ |
| :--- | :--- | 192K SIRIUS 1 £1735 Up gradable to 256K multi

1.2 Mb Disk Storage $£ 2195$ 2.4 Mb Disk Storage $\Sigma 2695$ 10. Mb Disk Storage $£ 3995$ fronts zoom graphics

## New TANDY Model 4

CP/M 3.0* Optional extra $64 \mathrm{~K}-128 \mathrm{~K}$ RAM from $£ 1299$

## NEC PC 8201 16K RAM EXPANDABLE to 96K

EPSON TANDM 100 H 120 Portable with built-in Lap Portable with 8 built in programmes, Word Processor, Investment Portfolio, 4 Programmes: Word Processor, in printer from $£ 402$ addess book, scheduler, and communications. Large $40 \times 8$ char.
line display Loan Evaluator, Appointment/Schedule, Loan Evaluator, Appointment/Schedule
Bar Code Reader, Calculator, Tank \& Snake Game, Music Generator.

Large $40 \times 8$ LCD Display
Built-in Serial, Parallel \&
Bar Code Reader Ports. $£ 475$

## SENDATA 800 SERIES

 ACOUSTIC COUPLER $£ 220$Compact. lightweight, portable 10 hours operation from the rechargable batteries 300 BPS answer/originate Handset sensor on/off switch New crystal controlled circuitry B.T. Approved

TELE-VIDEO 806/816 the Multi User Computer System $9 \cdot$ screen ZORBA


New JUKI 6100 Daisywheel 18 CPS Bi directional Adler daisywheels Diablo 630 protocols
drafts 190 CPS Letter Perfect Printing 100 CPS Addressable Pin Graphics £1130 Options: Tractor $\mathbf{£ 8 7}$ : Sheet feeder $\mathbf{£ 5 2 0}$
3 TRAY AUTO © 드르를 For originals, copies and envelopes. $\Sigma 695$

FLOWRITER RP 1600 60 CPS Fast and reliable 8 K buffer £1600


\section*{24 Needles - high speed <br> 3 in 0 <br> | 3in0ne |
| :--- |
| Toshne |
| P1350 |
|  |}

 FX80/100 160 CPS SINGLE SHEET FEEDER \&375

## SUITABLE FOR MOST DAISY PRINTERS

All prices are Exclusive of VAT and Delivery. Dealer Enquiries invited on all Products. Large range of CPM Software available. Please phone for Prices.

Demonstrations on allmodels.
43 Grafton Way, London W1P 5LA (Opposite Maples)
Opening Hours: 10-7 Mon-Fri. 12-4 Sat.
01-387 4455 (4 lines) Telephone Answering Service After Office Hours Telex: 8953742

# This One Decision Saved our Business and Grossed over $\$ 1,000,000$. in Sales" 

## So said the chairman of an American manufacturing company. Read what else he had to say....

"In 1979, our recreational manufacturing business was booming. And we had developed a new product that looked like a real winner. The new product was extremely important, in that it appeared to be the answer to a seasonality problem associated with our other product lines.
By early summer, our order book was bulging. It really looked as if our off-season sales and production problems were over. Then just as quickly the roof fell in. Gas shortages devastated the recreational vehicle market overnight. And our order book for over two million dollars worth of the new product disintegrated. Faced with a fall and winter of virtually no sales, many thousands of dollars of unneeded parts and excess production staff, I had no choice but to shut down the production lines. And if a solution to our problem couldn't be found, the business itself was in jeopardy.
criteria, alternatives, weights and values assigned to them. If done manually; the ordeal of rewriting, recalculating and redocumenting tends to discourage revisions, thus producing poor results.
Decision ~ Analyst overcomes these problems by asking for the minimum input possible from you, in the correct sequence. It leads you step by step through the decision making process, then does all the necessary calculations and produces polished reports without any further effort. And all of your input is stored on your disk so that revisions and updates can be made easily at any time.

## Comprehensive but easy to use

Decision ~ Analyst is probably the easiest program you'll ever use. You can literally learn to operate the program using only the 'help' screens. But it comes with a thoroughly indexed manual which includes many pages of examples plus a step by step guide to the

## A life saving decision

I spent many sleepless nights trying to come up with a solution to this nightmarish situation. Then I remembered a course I had taken in decision analysis. I spent the rest of that night reviewing course material and other books I had bought on the subject. The next day, I called an emergency meeting. Using the decision making techniques I had learned, we spent the rest of the week searching for and analysing potential solutions. The net result was that not only was the company pulled back from the brink of destruction, but we added over $\$ 1,000,000.00$ in gross sales during that off-season

## A way of life

From that point on, almost every critical decision (and there were many) regarding new products, marketing channels, pricing, advertising, production equipment, engineering projects, received this same type of analysis.
Although the process was very time consuming and clumsy, because it had to be done by hand, our decisions were much improved. And there were some real benefits that we had not anticipated.

1. Our understanding of each problem was greatly increased. 2. We uncovered opportunities that we would not have thought of in any other way.
2. Our decisions were documented, preventing us from slipping off the selected path or 'rehashing' the same things over and over. 4. Consensus became easier because we were forced to focus and resolve each part of the problem, one piece at a time."

## The birth of Decision ~ Analyst

Decision ~Analyst was created because the process of evaluating complex decisions with multiple alternatives and many criteria is very tedious and time-consuming if you do it on paper. And doing it in your head is virtually impossible.
Any complex decision usually requires multiple revisions to
 decision making process. And Decision ~ Analyst is no flyweight. It uses over 100,000 bytes of fast compiled code and a 40,000 character help file. The program is extremely 'bu llet proof and does all the work. . . you do the thinking. And there is no danger of missing a critical step because your analysis is guided through each of the eight menu-driven sections.

## Endless opportunity for use

If you're saying to yourself that you really don't have any earth shattering applications for Decision ~ Analyst . . . then consider this. If you're in business, chances are that the most important thing you do is make decisions.
Decision ~ Analyst can help you select key personnel, decide on new machinery or equipment, prioritize major projects and allocate resources, choose a new product or a better price strategy, select new offices or plant locations, select the most profitable marketing channel or the best piece of computer hardware or software. Use it to analyse any decision which has more than one viable alternative.
In your personal life, it can help you choose the best job, select the right business, career or franchise, determine the best field of investment or even the right home, boat or car. In fact, improving your decisions is probably the most rewarding thing you can do.

## Let us help you make a $£ 120$ decision

If there's a chance that Decision $\sim$ Analyst could help you improve even one decision, would it pay for itself? Chances are it would. In fact, it's likely that it could save you the price many times over!
So why not take advantage of this opportunity by calling us today. We know you won't regret it
Available for virtually every make of micro-computer using $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$, CP/M-86, MS-DOS or PC-DOS operating systems. Requires an 80 column screen and an 80 column printer for reports.

MICROCOMPUTER PRODUCTS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
THE HOME OF MICROCOMPUTER SOFTWARE

Room ESI,<br>Central House.<br>Cambridge Road,<br>Barking.<br>Essex IG11 8NT.

Tel: $01-59165$
Telex: 892395


## Mictovalue eo.bus Wutibadros



## GM813-CPU/64K RAM

 Board* 4 MHzZ80A C.P.U. * 64 K Dynamic RAM
* RS232 Intertace * Two 8-Bitl/O Ports
* Cassette Interface
* Exiended \& Page Addressing Modes
* CP/M Compatible

Monitor
5245


GM829-Disk Controller Board

* Up To 4 Mixed 5.25 \& 8" Drives
* SASI Hard Disk Interface
* Single \& Double Density Operation
* Single \& Double Sided Drive Support
* Supports 48 and
96IPIDrives



## GM833-RAM-DISK Board

* Virtual Disk Operation *512K Dynamic RAM
* Port Mapped For Easy Intertace Software
* Over 10 Times Faster

Than a Floppy Disk
£450
Please note: This board cannot be used as a conventional RAM board


## GM812-Video Controller Board

* 80 Characters $\times 25$ Line Display Format
* On-board Z80A Mícroprocessor
* Buffered Keyboard Input
* Programmable Character Generator * $160 \times 75$ Pixel Graphics
* Light Pen Input



## GM816-Multil/O Board

* 6 llo ports
* 4 CounteriTimer Channels
* On-Board Real Time Clock
* Battery Backup
* Further Expansion Capability£125


## PLUTO-Colour <br> Graphics Board

* On-Board 16 Bit Microprocessor
* $640 \times 576$ Bit Mapped Display
* 192K Of Dual Ported RAM
* Comprehensive

On-Board Software
$£ 399$

## CLIMAX-Colour Graphics Board

* $256 \times 256$ Plxel Display
* 16 Colours
* Ulitra-fast Vector \& Character Generation
* Light Pen Input
* UHF or RGB Outputs

UHF Version $£ 199$ UFF \& RGB Version
£220

## GM811-CPU Board

* 4 MHz Z80A CPU
* 4 'Bytewide' Memory Sockets
* $2 \times 8$-BitInput/Output Ports
* 8 Bitinpuf Port
* RS232 Serial Intertace
* Cassette Recorder Interface
£125


## GM803-EPROM/ROM Board

* Up to 40K of Firmware
* 2708 or 2716 EPROMS
* Page Mode Operations
£65


## GM802-64K RAM Board

* 64K Dynamic RAM
* 4 MHz Operation
* RAM Disable Function
* Page Mode Operation
£125


## MP826-Static RAM Board

* 32K Static RAM
* Battery Backup
* Page Mode Operation
£185


## EV814-IEEE488 (GPIB) Controller

* Cost Effective Controller
* Comprehensive Sottware

Supplied

* Fullimplementation
* Easy To Use
£140


## GM827-87 Key Keyboard

* User Definable Function Key
* Numeric Keypad
* Cursor Control Keys
$£ 85$


## GM839-Prototyping Board

* FIbreglass P.C.B.
* 80-BUSSignal Identification
* High Density IC

Capability
$£ 12.50$

[^9]
# MicroValue - MicroValue 

## COMPUTERS <br> Gemini Galaxy 2

"I would place the Galaxy at the top of my list" (Computing Today, April 1983)
*Twin Z80A Processors *CP/M 2.2 Operating System

* 64 K Dynamic RAM * 800K Disk Capacity * $80 \times 25$ Video Display
* Serial and parallel printer interfaces
* Cassette and light pen interfaces
* User definable function keys
$\star$ Numeric key pad * 12 "Monitor included


Phoenix
P12 Monitor


A high quality data display monitor, ideal for all Nascom and Gemini systems. 20 MHz resolution. Available in amber or green phosphor.
$£ 110$

## Disk System for Gemini \& n@ノcom

GM825 Disk Drive Unit - The GM825 floppy disk housing is supplied with elther one or two 5.25 " single sided, double density, 96TPI high capacity Micropolis 1015F5 disk drives. These provide 400 K bytes of formatted storage per drive. (Gemini QDSS format). The CPIM2.2 package available supports on-screen editing with either the normal Nascom or Gemini IVC screens, parallel or serial printers. An optional alternative to CP/M is available for Nascom owners wisning to support existing sottware.
Called POLYDOS 4 , It includes an editor and assembler and extends the Nascom BASIC to include disk commands.
Single Drive System
GM825-15
5350
CP/M2.2 Package (GM532 Ior Gemini)

POLYDOS 4 tor Nascom £90
Dual Drive System GM825-25
£575
SOFTWARE

## CP/M Software

 Compasis totally different from other compiler based Pascal systems, as it allows you to create, edit, run, and debug Pascal programs in a highly interactive manner.

Gemini GEMP PEN Tent Eliol

## 'The Last One'

 wh Miciosolls MBAsIC. No knowledge of BASIC programming is required since all input is performed using question and answer routines written in plain English.

## BUY FROMTHE COMPUTER prorassionals

## MICROVALUE DEALERS:

AMERSHAM, BUCKS
Amersham Computer Centre, 18 Woodside Road.
Tel: (02403) 22307

## BRISTOL

Target Electronics Ltd. . 16 Cherry Lane. Tel: (0272) 421196

## EGHAM, SURREY

Electrovalue Ltd.
28 St. Judes Road, Englefield Green. Tel: (07843) 3603

## IPSWICH

MDW (Electronics)
47/49 Woodbridge Road East.
Tel: (0473) 78295
LEEDS
Bits \& PC's, Leeds Computer Centre,
62 The Balcony, Merrion Centre,
Tel: (0532) 45887

## LONDON W2

Henry's Radio, 404 Edgware Rood.
Tel: 01-4026822
LONDON SW14
OFF Records,
Computer House, 58 Battersea:Rise,
Clapham Junction.
Tel: 01-223 7730
MANCHESTER M19
EV Computing, 700 Burnage Lane. Tel: 061-431486́

## NOTTINGHAM

Computerama, (Skytronics Ltd.)
357 Derby Road.
Tel: (0602) 781742
Telephone orders welcome


## Add a little sweetener for your Apple ${ }^{\circ}$ The Aviette 820 from Tashkl at only st9r + VA

## Print

Listings 200 LPM ( 600 Characters - Per - Second)
Data Processing 150 LPM ( 330 Characters. Per - Second) Word Processing 80 LPM ( 180 Characters - Per - Second)

Wordstar compatible
Underlining and Double Height
Forms length switch (downloadable).

140 Character Sets
6 part copy
Programmable hiandshake

## Graphics

| Speed | ins $/ \mathrm{min}$ | Resolution dots/inch |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| High | 27.8 | $50 \times 50$ |
| Medium | 16.7 | $60 \times 72$ |
| Low | 8.3 | $100 \times 100$ |

Optional Label/Forms/Barcode processor

The above brief specifications show that the MVP will replace the Daisy wheel printer, the Serial Matrix printer, and the Graphics plotter. Speeds for Word Processing, are 4-5 times faster than Daisy wheel printers and Bar Code printing is $10-40$ times faster than a serial matrix printer. Whether for a single user, a multiple user, a network system, for business, scientific, engineering; the MVP is the Total Solution.
Send for detailed literature and print samples TRADE AND END USER ENQUIRIES WELCOME


## PRINTRONIX MVP

THE ONE PRINTER SOLUTION FOR ALL MICROCOMPUTERS AND MICROSYSTEMS

# YOUR MIGRO GOULD TEACH YOU A THING OR TWOABOUT THE FRIENCH... ...OR THE GERMANS...OR THE SPANISH 

A home computer is an expensive toy; and, if playing games is all you do with it, a toy is all it is.
Now, using the New Personal Computer Superlearning System (PCSS) you can have fun with your micro and learn something at the same time.
PCSS language courses comprise 12 lessons on 3 audio cassettes used in conjunction with a fourth software cassette, to add a new dimension to learning.
Initially the software package enables you to see the words you're learning; then, as your vocabulary develops, it will test your skill in your new language.
Anyone can learn this way-no previous knowledge of the language is required. The unique PCSS method develops your overall learning and memory skills in a way thats both relaxing and enjoyable.
Each PCSS language pack - French, German or
Spanish - contains a comprehensive booklet detailing


COMPUTERISED EDUCATION SYSTEMS
(PCSS software is compatible with the $\mathrm{ZX81}$ (16K). $2 \times$ Spectrum, BBC Micro, Acorn Elektron Micros.)
Each pack comes with a full money back guarantee if not completely satisfied.
the 12 audio lessons and the function of the interactive software. Additionally the booklet expands on the broader benefits of the PCSS method.

At only $£ 29.95$ per pack PCSS costs less than other home language courses yet it offers much more in terms of education and enjoyment.

Complete the coupon below and try PCSS for yourself - you'll be amazed what your micro can teach you.

Send your cheque or Postal Order for $£ 29.95$ made payable to MDA Modon Associates Limited, 561 Upper Richmond Road West, London SW14 7ED.
or, alternatively telephone Teledata 012000200 and quote your Visa Diners Club, Access or American Express number

Tick which Audio/software package you require. (Prices include VAT. Add $£ 1.45$ for postage and packing on each order.)

Please supply the following Audio/software Packages
FRENCH
GERMAN
$\square$
SPANISH
Name:
Address:

Machine Type:
$\square$

# We must have a programming capability which embraces statistics, high resolution graphics, solution of systems of linear equations, matrix computation, integration and differentation. 

## Which system will best help me co-ordinate all the aspects of my packaging business and help with the pools?

Whatever the question, you're more likely to find the answer at Transam.

We recognise that the choice of microtechnology is becoming overwhelming, and it's growing all the time.

That's why we've redesigned and enlarged our showroom to accommodate one of the widest ranges of business, home and portable micros.

Doesn't that make the choice more difficult?

Not with the advice and expertise available at Transam.

A wide range enables us to explain, demonstrate and compare systems and software more objectively.

We can answer all your questions on software, peripherals and upgrades and provide a comprehensive range of books and manuals to give you more insight at every level.

Where else could you find all this in one store?

That's one question we can't answer.
Transam Microsystems Limited
59/61 Theobalds Road London,
WC1X 8SF Telephone: 01-404 4554
Transam

## Is there a system with teach yourself programs which can later be expanded to other departments in the polytechnic?

## I've got 2,000 customers and a stock list of 5,000 . Where do I begin?

## transam



THE computer store.
Phone us today for your FREE copy of our new 32 page products guide.



Are you missing out on all that your computer can do. These books show you how easy it is to improve your programming. Clear and concise, they will help you make the most of your computer's memory power, for more advanced uses and more exciting graphics.

## YOUR FIRST BASIC PROGRAM

"How-to-Program" book for the first time computer user with colourful illustrations and simple diagrams to help you write your own first program in just one hour.

## PROGRAMMING THE Z80

Instructive text, clear, precise diagrams and easy to follow examples explain everything you need to know about programming using Z80 microprocessors. Important for Sinclair, ZX81, Spectrum and TRS 80 Model users.

## PROGRAMMING THE 6502

You need no prior programming knowledge to make use of this detailed book. By applying simple assembly language, you will quickly learn to make your microprocessor perform the way you want it to. Important for BBC users wishing to extend their programming capability, plus Apple, Atari and VIC 20 users.

## THE VIC 20 CONNECTION

Learn the simple techniques for putting your VIC 20 .computer to work controlling external devices. Control lights, electricity, burglar alarm system and other non-computer devices in your own home or office.

## THE EASY GUIDE TO YOUR COMMODORE 64

A jargon-free publication that explains the practical operation of your Commodore 64 in word processing, maths, budgeting, filing and more. This friendly guide explains how to use commercially available software, as well as teaching you the basics of programming.

All these books are published by Sybex, renowned for their excellent, helpful publications for computer users and distributed by Computer Bookshops Limited, the UK's specialist computer book and program wholesaler. All are available from good bookshops and computer stores including Lewis's and John Menzies.
Request for catalogues: Send SAE to:- Dept. PCW/12/83


- This is an entirely new computer system. It was designed with both eyes fixed firmly on the future. So that whatever shape the future takes, we'll be able to fit it into the system. Just as simply as the peripherals and software already available fit into the system. That way, the system will grow with you. And you'll never get left behind.
- Based around the Z80A microprocessor, and utilising Microsoft ${ }^{\text {IM }}$ BASIC, Aquarius ${ }^{\text {'m }}$ has 8 K ROM and 4 K RAM resident within its console. It is able to provide up to 16 colours and resolution of $320 \times 192$, and generates its sound directly through the television's speakers.
- With twin cartridge ports, the mini-expander allows simultaneous use of additional RAM and software cartridges. Twin disc game hand controls are included and the unit provides two additional sound channels. The 16K RAM cartridge plugs into either the console or the mini-expander, increasing Aquarius ${ }^{\text {s. }}$ 's RAMcapacity to 20K.
- With the ability to reproduce the entire graphic arid character set of Aquarius ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ at 80 characters a second, the printer's 40 column output allows transcription of the complete monitor image.

- Using standard audio cassettes, the data recorder provides storage for programs and information, and allows the use of cassette based software. Incorporating a digital tape counter and transmission indicator, it operates sequential searching.
- A large number of games, designed to take advantage of Aquarius ${ }^{\text {IW/'s }}$ s sophisticated colour and sound capabilities, are available on cartridges that plug into the console either direct, or through the miniexpander. Cassette based games can be used via the data-recorder.
- A wide range of preprogrammed cartridges is available, including the LOGO teaching program and practical home data systems like FILEFORM ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and the spreadsheet calculator package, FINFORM.

© ©IARUS'
WITH AQUARIUS, YOU WON'T GET LEFT BEHIND.


## HUNTER-KILLER <br> For the 48 K ZX Spectrum

Can you Captain a World War II submarine, hunt the enemy then destroy him with your torpedoes?
Realistic simulation including:
(a) 4 separate screen displays
(Control Room, Chart Room, View through Periscope, Navigation Chart)
(b) 18 control functions
(c) Quick kill option

Written by Rod Hopkins $£ 7.95$

## AVAILABLE FROM MOST GOOD COMPUTER STORES



COMPUTING LTD.
1A Young Square, Brucefield Industrial Estate, Livingston, W. Lothian.

Subject to availability Prices correct at time of going to press.


## 2 New Additions to the PLUTO range!

## $\star$ Single Board PLUTO to fit inside the

## sirius

$768 \mathrm{H} \times 576 \mathrm{~V}$ resolution in 16 colours
apricot

INTERFACE
The full PLUTO Colour Graphics range can now be added to the Apricot Personal Computer

Send for details of the complete PLUTO range

lo Research Limited, 117-121 High Street, Barnet, Hertfordshire, EN5 5UZ.
Telephone: 01-441 5700

NATIONWIDE DISTRIBUTION
Xitan Systems Ltd. are longestablished software distributors, maintaining close links with the principal U.S. software houses and supplying a nationwide network of approved dealers: whatever your software requirements, particularly in the professional sector, it makes sense to talk to a Xitan dealer.

## SCOTLAND

GRANITE CHIPS
21 Bon Accord Street
ABERDEEN AB1 2EA
Tel: 022422520
BYTESHOP (GLASGOW) LTD
266 Vincent Street
GLASGOW G2
Tel: 0412218202
COMPUTER SERVICES
(SCOTLAND) LTD
89/90 Westlaw Place
Whitehill Industrial Estate
GLENROTHES, Fife
Tel: 0592773710

## IRELAND

O \& M SYSTEMS
95 Dublin Road
BELFAST
Northern Ireland
Tel: 0232249440
CARDIAC SERVICES CO.
95a Finaghy Road South
BELFAST
N. Ireland BT 10 OBY

Tel: 0232625566

## SERVICE AND EXPERTISE

Every Xitan dealer is backed by Xitan's service and expertise, so that you can buy with confidence.
Established dealers interested in becoming registered Xitan Software Dealers are invited to write or phone for full details.


NORTHERN ENGLAND
WESTERN COMPUTERS LTD
Blackpool Airport
BLACKPOOL, Lancs
Tel: 0253404676
ENTERPRISE SOFTWARE
PRODUCTS LTD
158 Nantwich Road
CREWE, Cheshire
Tel: 0270215984
REAL-TIME COMPUTER
SYSTEMS LTD
28-32 Mill Stree
CREWE, Cheshire CW2 7AN
Tel: 0270256142
HOLDENE
Bray House
Leicester Place
Leicester
Tel: 0532459459
COMPUTER GRAPHICS
WORKSHOP
38 Ullett Road
LIVERPOOL 17
Tel: 0517339604
KBS COMPUTER SERVICES
State Insurance Bldg.
14 Dale Street
LIVERPOOL L2 4TH
Tel: 0512368333

## MIDLANDS

BYTESHOP (BIRMINGHAM) LTD 94/96 Hurst Street
BIRMINGHAM
West Midlands B5 4TD
Tel: 0216227149
CAMBRIDGE COMPUTER STORE
1 Emmanuel Street
CAMBRIDGE CB1 1NE
Tel: 022365334
HERALD COMPUTERS LTD
93 East Road
CAMBRIDGE
Tel: 0233315662
BYTESHOP (NOTTINGHAM) LTD
92A Upper Parliament Street
NOTTINGHAM
Notts NG1 6LF
Tel: 060240576
PLUME COMPUTER
SERVICES LTD
SERVICES LTD
11 Newarke Street
LEICESTER LE1 5SS
LEICESTER LE1 5
Tel: 0533559711
MARKET LOGIC.LTD
Lower Weaven
LITTLE DEWCHURCH
Hereford HR2 6QB
Tel: 0432 70456/7
BASIC COMPUTERS AND
SYSTEMS LTD
72 Kingsthorpe Hollow
72 Kingsthorpe
NORTHAMPTON
Tel: 0604710740
4B MICROCENTRES LTD
North Bar
BANBURY
Oxon OX16 0TF
Tel: 0295 67551/2

$\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{B}$. Although most products are available off the shelf, not all dealers carry the complete range, and some may specialize in turnkey systems rather than retailing individual products. Also, some dealers may carry other software not supplied by Xitan.
While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information provided, Xitan are unable to accept any responsibility for errors.



## IMPORTANT- <br> O.K. FOR ALL ISSUE SPECTRUM®



## Cash and carried away?

Some people are trying to promote self-service computer shopping. It would be a mistake to get carried away, there's a difference between frozen peas and peripherals! In selecting a computer to perform the functions you need, The Leeds Computer Centre can help you. They are responsible for innovations approved by the major computer manufacturers and have developed their own computer systems sold on overseas markets.

The Leeds Computer Centre is ideally qualified to offer you advice and consultations. Along with this, they can show you not only the newest on the computer scene but what in their judgement represents the best quality and value.

## Main dealers for:-

Sharp, Epson, Gemini, Quantum, Nascom \& Dragon


BTS
COMPUTER PRODUCTS LTD
55 Wade Lane,
Merrion Centre, Leeds
LS2 8NJ Tel (0532) 458877

$f$When I designed Microframe, I set out to provide a mass market computer which offered a highly cost-effective solution to today's computing needs and which protected the ordinary user from the usual costs of growth.
The computer market has always suffered from too little attention to customer needs and from too much planned obsolescence. To counter this, Microframe is designed to accept over $85 \%$ of today's applications software. This means that if you've already invested in some applications software on another computer you'll probably be able to run it on Microframe.
Just as important, Microframe's design allows for future business needs and technical developments. The Microframe user can add extra peripherals, or even a new super-processor, without software change.
Microframe is literally an ideal mass-market hardware solution, providing an entry point in the single-user to six-user range and keeping the maximum options open for future hardware and software needs.
An equally ideal software solution that is entirely complementary to Microframe is BOS Software. BOS Software provides a comprehensive range of single- and multi-user business programs which Microframe runs on the 8088 processor in the one to six user range, and which Microframe can turbocharge with the 68000 processor for even larger numbers of workstations, still using the same BOS Software.
So if you're buying or already using BOS Software, Microframe is the best machine on which to run it. Together, Microframe and BOS Software mean that "futureproof" ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ computing is a reality.
The customer is king once again. Get in touch and $l^{\prime}$ II crown you.


Managing Director of Tycom Corporation

## Through the grapevine



The Apple professional home computer costs under $£ 1000$ and includes a TV monitor.

The neighbourhood is still buzzing with gloom-the Silicon Neighbourhood, I mean.
After Adam Osborne's crash, it is now expected of everybody with a claim to being well informed, that they predict doom for everybody except IBM, and (possibly)
Commodore.
Hence the reaction in the trade to news of price cuts from Apple, and rumours of more to come, has been despondent. 'Can't shift a thing,' say the greybeards. 'Having to flog off the out-of-date detritus.'

One day, maybe; at the moment, however, Apple is reducing prices on the IIe (its original model, upgraded a year ago) in order totry and get some sort of share of the market around the BBCMicro.
Firstsign of reductions to come: the 'home professional' pack, costingunder $£ 1000$, and including a disk, a TV modulator (tosave having to buy a monitor), plus some
discounts on extrassuch as a Micronet 800 link ( $£ 68$ off) and training courses, as well as some software.
The strategy at Apple is to maintain revenue and profits until January/February, when it hopes to be able to launch its second real product, the MacIntosh.
That will be a smaller version of the truly lovely Lisa executive machine.
Worrying rumours in the Neighbourhood insist that all sorts of things are wrong with MacIntosh. Theysay that it is being re-designed. Theysay that Apple is abandoning all its ideas of keeping it as a mini-Lisa, and is turning it into an IBM compatible. They say that it will be dropped.
Everybody has their own theory, usually based on the belief that: a) Apple IIe sales are dropping away fast; and b) Lisa is not selling at all.
There is always the possibility that the rumours and beliefs mayturn out to be
self-fulfilling prophecies (that is, there may have been nothing wronguntil the rumours began to hurt sales) but if not, then I feel unusually confident in saying that these theories are nonsense.
What was wrong with MacIntosh, when it was withdrawn in May, was simple enough. Apple designed its own diskettedrives for the little marvel, and failed to get the diskette production going properly. Nobody else in the world makes the special design.

At the time, Lisa was in huge demand from dealers, and the few that reached them were quickly sold; and Apple IIe sales were still healthy.
The reason sales have fallen are simple (I think): the IIe is a seasonal machine, and neither Applenor the dealers know when to produce how many. And the market for Lisa quickly became educated to expect price cuts (which have occurred). People spending $£ 6500$ don't take the bland
assurances of dealers that 'there will be no price cut on this' quite as readily as people spending $£ 200$. And the $£ 200$ spenders, goodness knows, are cannyenough these days.

There will be more price cuts, everybody knows this, and sales will only stabilise when Apple can convince the market that the fight is finished.

While I'm sticking my neck out with meaningless forecasts, I might as well add my five cents to the 'MacIntosh will be an IBMclone' debate.
Ifit is, it will be a disaster.

## Burst of energy

Starburst is, however wonderful it may be, pretty late. It is well over two years since MicroPro boss Seymour Rubinstein (inventor of WordStar) told me of his plans to eliminate program loading commands 'in a couple of months'.
And since his company has gone through some troubled times since then, the delay isn't all due to getting it right.
However, it's here now, and (theoretically) no-one with a CP/M type system or MS-DOS family machine need load and run a series of different programs to do one task.
Here's what I mean: you are writing a message for transmission down the phone line. First, you must create it (on WordStar, of course) and then you must save it. Then you must load a program called PIP to massage it into shape for transmission (it's called stripping off the high bits). Finally, you must load the communications program and type in a series of complex commands to directoutput to the serial port, set the transmission speed, and transmit the file you have prepared.
Most people get at least one step of this wrong, even when they know what they're doing.

Leave a note for an inexperienced colleague, saying 'please send a BTG message to Donald saying that we need the new part' and you can guarantee not getting the part.
StarBurst is the way to leave the message. You 'program' it to load each program in turn, and to ask the inexperienced operator for the right inputs at the right time.

There is only one snag to this dreamlike scene: so far,
StarBurst will load and run only MicroPro products. And unless they've sneakily launched it between when I wrote this and publication, MicroProdoesn't have a communications package to send the message down the phone line.

And PIP isn't a MicroPro product, either.

But it will work with the
database, spreadsheet, text editing, spelling checking and sorting programs from MicroPro, and that, as John Lennon said, that's a start.
Detailson 01-4875728, MicroPro'sUK publicity company.

## Easy way out

For ten poundssterling, BBC Microuserscan now get a program that will turn their slow-load (yawn) cassette software into auto-boot disk programs that restart each time youcrash, in seconds.

The program that does it is Clare's Replica. It does all the tedious work that expert BBC users already know so wellworking out the load address, the start and file size, and so on


You may recall that in comparing two portable computers (the Tandy TRS80-100 and the Epson HX-20) I remarked that the Tandy hadabar-code reader, and the Epson didnot-but that the Epson, as the oldermachine, hadmore outside applications.

Here you seeitin action: an Actelpackageforthe Epson including a carrying strap, bar-code reader, and software ( worth $£ 40$ by itself) to make it all work.

Total package, including VAT, should work out at under $£ 600$.

Actel is on Blisworth (0604) 858011

The originator of the program reckons that there will be some accusations of 'pirate!' -to which she (or he) replies pre-emptively: 'We take the attitude that you are buying the programon cassette, not the mediumon whichit is recorded.'

Touse it, all you do is load Replica by disk, and then connect your cassette recorder, and press the keys you are told to press.

It then creates a menu, which loads the new programsabout eight to ten of the Acornsoft varietywill goon a Replica diskette.
Details from Clare's at 222 Townfields Road, Winsford, Cheshire, or phone (06065) 51374.

## Chance of a lifetime

I do not ever recall hearing, before today, of an IBM salesman offering a product which was not, nor pretended to be, a non-IBM product. IBM says it has been doing it for a year. Anyway, as of today, IBM has announced that it sells software of outside origin, without an IBM logoon it. It must be a significant move.

The deal is a distribution one: people have been writing software for the IBM personal computer, and IBM doesn't see why it shouldn't get its share.

Accordingly, a subsidiary called IPL, International ProductsLimited, has taken on the distribution of software. You maythink you knew about this with IBM's distribution of Peachtree software and others -but that was under the IBM logo. That looks like IBM software. This is different.

The first product that IPL will distribute in Europe is the Visi range from VisiCalc to Visidex, from VisiCorp.

To follow, contracts have been signed for Personal Cobol from Micro Focus, Delta (a database manager) from Compsoft, Cardbox from Caxton(another data retrieval program) and TK!Solver from Software Arts in the US.

Now, says IBM, it is anxious to pick up local products.

Nobody else could ask this and get away with it: the wording is: ‘Software vendors,
who have packages of proven quality and market acceptability which they would like to offer IBM, should contact the local IBM personal computer marketing subsidiary in their country.

In other words: 'If you have already made it and don't have anything to prove, we will take our cut of a proposition with no risks attached.' And the irritating thing is that the generous, patronisingly condescending attitude is quite justified: even the most successful'software producers will fall downstairs trying to get the accolade of space on an IBM shelf. And they will be right, too.

Themantocontact-in writing, yet, no flaky phone calls, please-is Chris Wood, IBM UK International Products Limited, Third Avenue, Millbrook,
SouthamptonSO10JX, England. And make sure you get the ' $O$ ' and the zeroin the right place, for goodness sake! and brush your hair, and get your teeth capped, and land sakes, honey, you aint a-plannin' to go wearin' that old suit? Yes, I know you're just going downtopost a letter, but this isn't anyold letter, you know

## Getting its ACT together <br> Apricot is now emerging from

 ACT'sfactoryat a rate of 50 a day, with production of 100 a day likely before the end of the year.Iam therefore obliged toeat, publicly, my sceptical words of May, when I suggested waiting till early next year. I am delighted to doso; it's a lovely computer, and ACT is getting very little wronginlaunching it

However, there is one small problem. Orders for the machine are just a wee bit ahead of supply According to Dr Roger Foster, boss of ACT, the orders were coming in at 600 aday.

So maybe the prediction of 'January before you see one' is only technically wrong. You won't get one till then unless you ordered it in August.

Interestingly, October (the month the Apricot first appeared) was a record month for the ACTSirius as well.

This conflicts with general gossip, I know. Manypeople in October were going around predicting that ACT would see the Sirius market collapse with the collapse of Victor - which a great many doom-saying moles actually reported as having happened.

Victor, the maker of the Sirius, is not going to be in any trouble until 15 December, when its internal auditors will know what the last quarter's financial situation is. Only then will the fightingbegin with parent KiddeCorporation (Kidde is pronounced 'Kidder') for long-term finance.

I'm still optimistic, even though American sales are not good. The reason I'm hopeful for another six months of Victor after Christmas is simple: it is retaining Chuck Peddle as a designer of future products.

It is true that it would want todo this anyway. As administrative boss, he isn't seen as having been a success. Peddle is a well-known namedesigner of the 6502 chip , designer of the PET, designer of the Siriusitself-and his loss to the corporation would be a severe blow to its credibility. Andit is also true that he is not the fit jogging maniac he was a yearago-thestrain of the year has left him plump and tired,
sayhis anxious friends.
But Victor's dependence on him is being reduced, and survival is still a real option, providing the current financial restructuring produces a profitable, if a smaller, manufacturer.

The biggest cloud over Victor is a simple one: IBM is very hungry for many of the components that both IBM and Victor personal computers use. And given the option of supplying Victor and IBM, and given a shortage of many silicon chips generally, Victor's suppliers have, I'm afraid, rather favoured IBM.

## Post 1984

The hardest thing about talking to beginners is that they always want to know what a 16 -bit micro actually is-and, of course, the one thing it isn't, is a 16-bit micro.

So I'm delighted to welcome two 32-bit micros, which really are 32 -bit micros.
The Intel 8088 , as in the IBM, is often called an ' $8 / 16$-bit micro' when it is actually a 21-bit micro. The Motorola 68000 chip, often described as 'a 32-16 bit micro' is actually a 24-bitsystem.


Sensiblefolk at Computer Publicity: they correctly deduced that we would throw a way one more dull picture of a printer silencer, but wouldstop andlook at this one. Their caption, on behalf of Action Computer Supplies, runs as follows:
'Office efficiency experts at ACSbelieve they have developed a valuable technique for keeping downoffice noं ise.
'We believe that keeping Dick Sheppard quiet-the noise reduction is about 90 percent-allows our printer to operate perhaps 30 percent more efficiently,' said a spokesperson.
'Experts from the Ministry of Truth are taking a keen interest, and an arrest is expected shortly. Assales director, Sheppard has strong views, but finds difficulty in making himself heard

End quote. It keeps printers quiet. OK? Action Computer Supplies can be contacted on 01-5600770 in Brentford, Middx.

The measure that matters, of course, is not how 'big the word is' but 'how wide the address busis'-and anybody who doubts you only has to look at the TI-99/4 home computer, which is a 'true 16-bit processor' with only 16 -bits to its address bus. It therefore has only 32 k words of memory (that is 64 kbytes).

Now that you're properly confused, the news is that Zilog has released details of the Z80,000 and National Semiconductorhas released samples of a nearly secret chip, the 32032.

The rivalry between the two designs will take ages to reach the stage of fighting for shelf space in shops.

At the moment, the Nat Semi chip is 'available'if you have over $£ 200$ and only wantone to try out. The Z 80,000 is not yet 'available' to that extent.

Both are 32 -bitmicros in the way they handle data. They can get 32 -bits of data from memory in one 'fetch' down a 32-bit data bus, and process it in a single instruction, without having to shift and count carries.

But the reallyimpressive thing is the 32 -bit address bus. This gives them four gigabytes of possible address space over 4000 million bytes of semiconductor chip memory can be plugged in, and any byte directly addressed - read from or writtento-inone operation.

The other thing you will notice about these chips, should you eversee one, is that they are different to look at.

Instead of being the familiar 'beetle-shape' chips, with two rows of legs, these ones are square. They have 68 connectors, with nolegs: they slot into a recess which grips them, not into a socket which holds the legs.

Butit will be 1985, and late 1985 at that, before you are bothered with any brochures saying that 'our computer uses the Z80,000 or 32032 processors.'

## Branching out

Adam Osborne is apparently so impressed with the success of Lotus and 1-2-3, that he is going into software distribution.
'Nobody in software distribution is making money,' he told me, 'and I'm going to
introduce a radical new way of handling it.'

He wouldn'tsay what his secret would be, but I gather from moles that he reckons the age of the hype is upon us, and he reckons he's good at that.

The sad thing about this is, of course, that it signals the end of hisown hopesfor Osborne Computer.

Plans to buy out the overseas sales for a consortium from the UK, Germany, Canada and Australia had failed when we went to press. The UK company was still hoping to set up a 'go-it-alone' firm-but it had better be quick.

According to Osborne himself, 'the CP/M market in the US is dead for anything over $\$ 2000$, and even the cheap systems will be unsellable in six months,' and while he concedes that the UK CP/M market is still relatively strong, he still doesn't give it long to switch to MS-DOS and CP/M-86 as standards.

## Offshore limits

An American rival todBase II has arrived in the UK, disguised as no rival at all.

The program, called The SensibleSolution, was developed by a Seattle software house to helpit integrate all its Basic programs. Asit uses 'relational' database theory to tie various different programs together, it was sold heavily in the US by direct comparison with dBase II.

But in the UK, says Offshore Computing, this will not happen. 'We aren'tcomparing oranges with oranges,' was the company's phrase. 'The two programsare different in their appeal.'
A major difference will be the ease with which customers can get hold of the product. Offshore Computing intends to releaseSensible Solutions only to highly qualified software houses, not to any old user.

The result is that, although it is full of 'user-friendly' merius. and is 'not just a programmer's tool, but a fully fledged relational database which can generate tailored applications for those whocan't afford their own dataprocessing department,'it will not appear in your local store's catalogue.

Instead, youmay find somebody selling an accounts
receivable package, written with the Sensible Solution as the 'programming language', for a good few hundred pounds.
The selling point is that an application written for a Sirius can be transferred to an IBM computer. A niceidea, but, supplied through a bottleneck like that, there seems little danger that Off shore will get trampledin the rush.

Details on (0707) 44447 from Brian Young.

## New address

Somany people have complained of not being able to get MicroPro's phone number (the WordStar company) that this unique announcement follows: the UK branch has moved to Wimbledon, and can be called ori01-8791122.

## Continuing saga

This week'sepisode: Arrow has bought Gulfstream.
Fans of $S O A P$, the lampoon of American situation drama series, will feel instantly at home with Bytec, Gulfstream, Dynalogic, Arrow and Hyperion. The story makes sense only to someone with a convoluted mind, but here goes:
Dynalogic (or perhaps Bytec) oncelaunched a computer subsidiary called Bytec (or wasit Dynalogic?) in Canada.

They lived just up the road from Anderson Jacobson, a big firm which made and distribute modems and terminals worldwide
Anderson Jacobson gladly agreed to sell the small portable version of the Dynalogic microcomputer-the version which Bytec called the
Hyperion-in Europe. But AJ decided to call it the Ajile

Before they could get it out ontothemarket, however, Gulfstream Computer Systems got the UK franchise for the Hyperion. And just before rivalry could become intense, Bytec (or wasit Dynalogic?) took over Gulfstream and turned it into Gulfstream Bytec -no, sorry, into Bytec Gulfstream.
There followed an unseemly
wrangle, the details of which are a matter of record to those who care to digout back issues of this column. It ended with the departure of a snarling, ill-tempered AJ , vowing revenge

But Gulfstream had other things to do besides Bytec's Hyperion. Rumours of family neglect spread, as Gulfstream's reputation for doing complete turnkey systems, based on DEC, ITT and 68000 systems, became eclipsed by the vast fame of the Hyperion side.

And eventually the time came when it was decided to separate; and a handsome stranger came into the life of Gulfstream. That was Arrow, who took the lovely divorcee away, and she took the married name of Arrow Computer Solutions

Nextepisode: what will AJ do now? Will Hyperion languish without his turnkey comrade? How will industry cope with the move to Epsom? How many angels candance on the head of a pin? What is Arrow Solutions' phone number?
I can answer that, atany rate. It's Epsom(03727) 42557.

## Just the type

Some people don't like ordinary dot-matrix printers because the print is a very ordinary series of dots. So Type Facesfor IBM and Apple users could be regarded as a useful way of improving a matrix printer for $£ 100$, instead of buying a new printer.

Type Faces is a program which uses the graphics printing abilities of Epson, IDS and Apple Silentype printers. Instead of simply printing characters, the printer draws the letters. Properly handledthatis, printed big and reduced with a photocopier-they can be very good quality indeed.

Details from Pete and Pam Computerson (0706) 227011.

## Last but not least

It is around now that the wise oldfolk who decided not to buy aCommodore 64 or a BBC Micro or a Spectrum 'because there is this Elan, or the IBM

Peanut coming, and that looks like being much better' will suddenly find themselves wishing they'd taken my advice.

My advice: never wait for tomorrow just because there is a price cut or an improved model on the way.

The IBM Peanut turned out to be the end of project Halo, and (unless something went badly wrong at the last moment) appearedin New York in early November. If you want one for Christmas, go to New York.
If you want anything else, you may have left ittoo late. Youhad betterlike Dragons, Orics, Lynxes, and other minority interest micros, because supplies of
Commodores, BBCMicros , Electrons, Ataris and even TI home computers are mostly very short.
For those who have really set their hearts onan IBM home computer, March, perhaps, is the earliest time you'll be able to get a UK version. Or maybe June. And those who simply must have an Elan will probably have to wait around the same length of time
For buyers of the
Commodore 64 it looks as if there is an additional hazard: at press time, supplies of the tape cassette player which

Commodore makes were ratherlow

And most of those were earmarked for a special 'starter pack' tosell VIC-20 micros.

So you had better like diskettes, at over $£ 200$.

## Monitoring progress <br> The end of the colour television

 may be closer thanthe manufacturers think. The cost of a monitor is just too temptingly low.The latest announcements to land next to my typing keyboardseem to show that the price of a good monitor is going to be under $£ 200$ by Christmas 1984, if not by this Christmas.

From OpusSupplies, an announcement of a $£ 149$ medium resolution monitor, built by JVC and certainly quite good enough for most home microusers. For those who really want high-res, the price is $£ 229$. Only for IBM micro users (poorblighters), is there a problem: that machine needs a $£ 349$ screen

Even more interesting is the monitor announced by Fidelity (illustrated with a well-known BBCMicrographics picture) a just under $£ 200$

The interesting factor is not


A computer bus, as well we know, is not a road-travelling public conveyance. This is not a computer bus: itis a computer garage, being advertised on abus.

The Computer Bus Shop is where you take your broken micro, according to GCS Engineering, to get itfixed, or to get advice on how to expand it.

Firstshop appearedin Sheffield, but the plan is to have a whole chain of computer repair centres around the country, according to GCS Engineering's managing director Bill Nickoll.

The plan is to have 45 shops before the end of 1985, he says.
Details on01-8985251.
(just) the price, but the inputs. 'The CM14 monitor accepts either RGB or RGBY, or even composite video inputs together with audio via a 21-pin peri-television socket,' says Fidelity.

That is cheaper than Commodore'smonitor (which also gives an audio channel) plus the RGB input, which the Commodoreset doesn't have.

Of course, to a Commodore user, a Commodore monitor mayseem sufficient. Fidelity makes the point 'The CM14 will interface with virtually any computer or games machine capable of driving a monitor, or work equally well with VCR, disk, cable data or satellite adaptors.'

If it will work with a VCR, I can use the VCR to tune in the TV signal, and no longer actually need a television set. Tothis you maysay: 'What about watching one program while recording another?'

I think the answer will soon come in the form of separate TV tuners. It never caught on before, because in earlier days, peopleonly wantedTV sound separately (to feed into the hi-fi) and the bother was enormous.

Buta TV tuner with audio and video outputs, a colour monitor with audio and video inputs, and a data processor, sound more like what we want.

Opus is on 01-701 8668, while Fidelity is on 01-965 8771 .

## Christmas furkey

Cries of outrage from Sinclair users-'He'schanged the circuit of the Spectrum!'-will bring a wry smile to old friends of Commodore.

The new versions of the Spectrum are not guaranteed to run software that ran on previous versions.

From the earliest days of the Commodore PET, the same trick has been played on users, and it will doubtless continue to be played with the next version of the Commodore 64.

In the case of both computer ranges, things are changed without notice. Addresses which control certain functions will be changed. Things which are useful tricks for speeding up the normal way the thing works


The CM14 sub-£200 14 in colour monitor from Fidelity.
will suddenly have to be revised.
Staff at Sinclair, exactly as before at Commodore, claim that the company is 'entitled to improve the product'.

Theyclaim that people who have used 'undocumented' routines have only themselves to thank.

Really, thiswon't do.
Designersat Sinclair
Research can, if they choose, decide to turn the Spectrum into a tape recorder. There is no law about what a Spectrum is, whatit has todo, or even whetherSinclair Research has tomake any at all.

But the reason the Spectrum is so popular is that there are hundreds and hundreds of programs that run on the thing. Anybody whodesigns an 'improvement' which prevents some of these programs from running can be described in one simple, word.

That wordis: turkey.
And the only reason the turkeys at Sinclair will get away with it is that the turkeys at Texas Instruments,
Commodore and Atari are guaranteed to do the same thing.

All systems go word for my response to a power-backupfor the Epson lap-held portable, the HX-20.

The product costs $\$ 15$ in the US, and I know it'll be hard to get from Software Riches, Riverview Terrace, Irbington NY 10533(phone (914) 591-6470). Butever since this column carried a comparison between the Epson and the Tandy 100-or NEC8201 suggesting that the Epson's powerhunger was a drawback, Epson dealers have been writing stupid letters saying thatitisn't.

Software Riches, presumably, just launched this product(it givesseveral extra hours power when the internal rechargeable battery goes flat) in order tospoil the market for the HX-20. It's all a plot, I'm sure, designed to make spoilsports like me look clever.

## Savoirfaire

Funny, isn'tit: the Oric may be a very'also-ran' sort of machine in Britain, butin France, it's the absolutely top machine.

Since it was launched there, it has sold at a rate of around 6000 units a month (since February) and Oric reckons that it will have 65,000 French users by the end of this year.

That, reckons Peter Harding (sales director), makes it a better seller thanall other brands, including the Sinclair Spectrum.

And success hasbeen backed by glory: a panel of 25 journalists, says the company 'from France's
leadingcomputer publications, put the Oric through its paces, and it came out ahead of allits competitors.'

Apparently it was voted 'Best Home Computer'for a presentation at the Vidcom Exhibition in Cannes.

Apparently over 70\% of Oric production goes overseas. And $70 \%$ of that is French exports. You can work out UK sales from those figures, can't you? Not exciting, are they? Funny old business, isn'tit?

## Hole in one

You may like to buy a few holes.
The price per hole, as produced by Inmac (computer accessories to the gentry) is one tenth of four pee. You get a thousand holes, that is, for $£ 4$.

The holes in question, since you're dying to ask, are 'sprocket holes' to repair torn computerstationery. I can't imagine why I might want to I've tried and tried - but the idea juststruck me as so perverse that it just had to be reported.

Ask Inmacon (09285) 67551.

## Back on the ranch

Behind the tranquil classroom scene (see picture) is a very important lawsuit.
This is a computer training course: the subject is a 'super spreadsheet' called Lotus $1-2-3$, and the course is being runby Lotus.

Nowstart noticing details.
The program runs on either the IBM personal computer, or the Compaq. In this picture, the machine is a Compaq. The course is held in London. But the Compaq is not yet available in the UK. Or is it?
The Compaq is a computer launched by a bright new company (of the same name) set up bya lot of smart young technocrats and marketing whizz-kids who left Texas Instruments around a year and a half ago. The company chairman is a very well-known American gurucalled Ben

## Rosen.

Lotus 1-2-3 is a similarly new, whizz-kid company, setup to launch the program. The company chairman is a very


Computer dealers at a course held by Lotus Development Corporation find out about the 1-2-3 integrated spreadsheet.
well-known American financial expert called Ben Rosen.

Inthe UK, 1-2-3 has been launched with the establishment of a local company: but the Compaq is noteven available through a 'grey'importer.

Now, naturally, ifthat was the end of the story it wouldn't be worth telling, and the point of it all is the lawsuit referred to above.

When the Compaq people left Texas, that company struck back through the courts on $\ddagger$ great many counts. They said the Compaqpeople had stolen company secrets; they saythe Compaq people had enticed staff away, and soon.

Nobody took this seriously (except the lawyers concerned, who were naturally delighted) butit did weigh on the corporate Compaq mind. And the Texas threat was quoted as one possible reason whythere were no UK versions.
Now, however, the lawsuit has been settled. One of the terms of the settlement is that Compaq people can'tsay what the terms are.

Sufficeit tosay that Texas willget siome royalty payments on patents it holds, on which it would almost certainly have received royalty payments anyway, and has withdrawnits allegations. In exchange, Compaq has withdrawnits counter-suits.

And now, will there be a UK Compaq?
'We haven't yet decided on the approach to overseas machines,' is the way the company putit after the lawsuit
was settled. 'There are no UK voltage machines. And we are not announcing any strategy in the immediate or short term future.'

Expect tosee UK Compaqs after Christmas, not before.
The news that Compaq will not appear in the UK till next year will be received with delight in Gulfstream headquarters, where the new, low-cost Hyperion will now have the IBM compatible portable market to itself.

The new price is $£ 2500$, which means that the only major things stopping the Hyperion from being a best seller are: 1) there are only 20 or so dealers; and 2) the Apricot is going to be the best-selling British microcomputer above $£ 1000$ for several months.

Gulfstream has announced the availability of Lotus 1-2-3 in a special version for the Hyperion.

## Short supply <br> Business software for the

 Spectrum is still enough of a rarity that the arrival of Kemp Limited's range through Micronet 800 is probably worth this mention.The company hasn't given any details, butit did add, very helpfully, that the software was 'high quality' and that 'our programs have been acclaimed by all who have seen them.'

I get lite rally hundreds of these announcements a month. I write them down, inane though they mayseem. AnddoI get gratitude? No, I get gripes. 'If
you wanted more information, why didn't you ask us?' Why do I bother? Where will it all end? How much spare time is there in a 24-hour day? The heck with it: phone them yourself on 01-444 5499.

## PCW Showdown

The PCW Show had 250 exhibitors more than ever before and went on a day longer than last year, from Wednesday to Sunday, to give micro enthusiasts even longer to savour the delights of our multifarious industry!

Even so the Barbican exhibition centre was packed out every day and we're already talking to the organisers about how we can colonise more space for next year.
The survey of visitors has revealed a high proportion of serious businessmen wanting to buy a micro. The main difference this year is that business people are showing a strong interest in education, games and other home use as well as accounting and wordprocessing.

The saddest statistic was the number of female visitors. This amounted to just $6 \%$, and 40 of those had apparently come with their menfolk and not on their own initiative.

Atthe PCW Show, Sinclair Research released detailsof a cartridge-which provides plug-in-and-run programsfor the ZX Spectrum.
The question that instantly follows is: does anybody now want the MicroDrive?
Anybodywhowrites programs for the Spectrum would love to have one, naturally. You write your program, and when you feel youare starting toget somewhere, it would be a matter of ten seconds or so to make a copy of it on Microtape. Normally, it couldtake minutes, saving it to audio tape.

For a great many home micros, it is virtually impossible to say how many owners just load programs they buy, and how many type in programs from magazines, or write them themselves-but for the Spectrum, the number is higher
than normal.
So, if Sinclair Research is catering merely for home programmers, it might still hope to sell a lot of

## MicroDrives.

Asfar asindependent software companies are concerned, thatisn't enough. As things stand, everybody has atape recorder, soif they sell a programon tape, everybody is a potential customer.

But even if Sinclair was making MicroDrives fast enough to sella thousand a week (and it certainly isn't) it would be a very long time before these software people started to go to the bother of producing versions on Microtape.

They are horrified by the appearance of the ROM cartridge. They say that this proves that Sinclair will not be supplying games on Microtape. Therefore, nobody is ever going to buy them. Therefore they will not bother, either.

Theyalso observe that the cartridge rules out the MicroDrive. If you plug in the £20Interface2 (you have to, to plugin the cartridges) you can't use the MicroDrive, because the two devices use the same area of memory.

One particularly disgruntled supplier of Sinclair games, Imagine Software, hasactually gone so far as to say that Sinclair has no realintention of supporting the MicroDrive, and that as a resultit (Imagine) intendstolaunch an Imagine cartridge.

Time will tell. But unless something changes-like Sinclair actually making Microtapes, getting the bugs out of the system and reconciling the conflict between Interface 1 (that is needed for the MicroDrive) and Interface 2 , then there is only one safe prediction.

That is: that at around $£ 6$ per cartridge, Imagine will sell more games than Sinclair, at $£ 15$ each. If itlaunches it, of course.

That fascinating nearly-here, the Advance 86 ( $\mathrm{a} £ 400$ micro that runs IBM PC software) appeared at the Show.
Itwas, everybody emphasised, a prototype, brought to the Show just to prove that the circuits worked. It was also about four times bigger than anybody guessed.

Andit seemsclearthat the bulk of the box surprised even Advance.

The normal Model A Advance is a nice, slim box, with a nice keyboard slotted in below. A little largerthan a BBCMicro, in fact.

However, in order to get disks, you need the expansion box. This is an enormous, bolt-on thing, twice the size of the basickeyboard and processor and standing on top of it.

Word reaches methat a Model $C$ is under design, with disks built into the Model A box, and that samples will appearin January.

The other Advance surprise was that the manufacture will not, after all, be entrusted to Thorn EMI. Instead, Ferranti's factory will take on the work. And I gather that Ferranti is re-arranging the main boards to make them easier to manufacture in large quanties.

I got intoa lotof trouble from an NECdealer after the Show.

He rang up the trade paper Microscope (saying his name was Thomson) which carried a report on NEC's special offer at the Barbican of a $£ 300$ printer free 'to anybody stupid enough tobuy an APC 8000'.

Subsequently he rang me, calling himself Smith (since I wrote the report).

It turns out that I was wrong. The PC8000 is the old machine. The APC is not the 8000 (its model number is 8012 , he thinks). And the printer is not a $£ 300$ printer, but lists at $£ 375$.
I'm delighted to correct the error. The printer was for


The Colour Genie micro now has a diskette interface (shown here), price $£ 90$, which includes a parallel printer interface. ere), price $£ 90$, which includes a paralle printer interface.
Butitdoesn'tinclude a diskette, or a printer, and the supplier, General Northern Microcomputers (Gnomic), doesn't have anynews of one of its own. But it's gotadriver, and that's a start. Ask Colin Owens on Peterlee (0783) 860314.
anybodystupid enough to buy an APC, not a PC8000. Though I'm bound to admit that I don't see how the publication of this correction helps MrSmith sell the things.

OnNEC'screditside, it did show the 8200 . The company is obviously out tohurt Tandy's Model 100-a slightly re-engineered version of the same design - by selling a 16 kbyte version for $£ 450$, compared with Tandy's $£ 500$ for an 8 kbyte version.
The machine is Benchtested in this issue, so I won't offend my friends at Tandy by repeating the list of design faults theyinsisted on creating for the Model 100 , which NEC has avoided. I shallleave that to David Tebbutt.
But I do have good news for Tandy 100 owners: I've found a way of overcoming the machine's line-feed blockage. (It normally won't send line-feeds, not even down the modem port.)

First, the combination of the 'graph'key and the letter 'S' will be interpreted as a line-feed by the text printer.
Second, the text editor's 'paste' button hasn't been correctly programmed, and doesn'tstripits line-feeds. So (inthe TELCOM program) you can feed a file down a phone line or RS232 link by stuffing it into 'paste'first, and pressing paste in terminal mode.

Finally, I've written a nice little Basic text printer program, and if the Editor forgives me for being late with thiscopy, I'llofferittoPCW to provide to readers, free of charge.

As an article of faith, Atari
and Commodore 64 and VIC-20 and Texas 99/4 owners will tell you that their machine is superior to BBC and Spectrum.
'They have sprites,'they will explain.

After playing with
Quicksilva's Bugaboo(The Flea)for the past few weeks, I can guarantee that it no longer matters.

Two programmerscalled Paco and Paco have found a way of manipulating the Spectrum screenin a way that literally defies description.
The game is remarkable. Youcontrol the frantic leaps of a flea. The fleais trapped in a sparkling underground cavern on some planet, and there are ledges, overhangs, flowers, and other things to jump onto.
You can play happily with it, as a maze game, for days before it dawns on you that you can jump out of the cave. (My best time is 28 seconds).

But what numbs the mind of the apprentice Spectrum programmeris the way the background slides smoothly around behind the flea, and the smooth way the flea flits up and down and sideways.
I wish I could explain how it's done, but Quicksilva is being very coy about that. It says it's hoping to patent the technique.
Youcan alsosee iton a game called Ant Attack - but the company hasn't got round to sending me that yet, soI can't describe it.

The most popular CP/M rival to VisiCalc is Supercalc. This spreadsheet has been hopelesslyoutclassed in America by the arrival of the glamorous Lotus 1-2-3-but in the UK the company which suppliesit reckons there is a chance to compete.

There is a new version of Supercalc, complete with text and database search facilities to match or even to overmatch 1-2-3's.
Andit is a vailable in the UK at the same time as the Lotus product-both appeared at the PCW Show.
Unusually for American software suppliers selling to the UK, Sorcim (the supplier of Supercalc) does recognise that there are computers in the world that are not IBM micros.

Accordingly, a version for the Apricot is being treated as a 'high priority', the company
assured me. It should be out before Christmas.

Excellent news for fans of Jeff Minterwhodon't have Commodore 64 micros. He has done a deal with Salamander and Quicksilva, which will let all three companies have access to each other's games. And they will be converting best-sellers onto machines which normally don't see them.

So, for instance, Minter's Gridrunners, if not his mutant camels will be painfully changed intoSinclair Spectrum beasts. And Salamander showed Oric and Dragon versions of Quicksilva's Franklin's Tomb game for Spectrum at the Show.
I can'tsee Minter getting into conversions, somehow. At the Show he was selling Hover Bovver, ( a game so stupid that I refuse todescribe it, but which is incredibly addictive despite the infuriating music) and previewing his latest bright idea: 'Revenge of the Mutant Camels'-thistime, the player is the camel.

He's spent unbelievable time and trouble on the animation of the camel. And the background includes a pyramid. With an eye. That winks.

## About furn

The good-natured (or so both sidestellus) rivalry between Digital Research ('DR') and Microsoft continues.

Not content with bringing out Personal Basic, which could be politely described as 'compatible' with MBasic, DR is now inviting MBasic programmers to convert the fruits of their labours to CBasic with a source-code translator which it callsM2CBasic(say it out loud . . .).

M2CBasic, whichruns on 8080, 8085, Z80,8088 and 8086-based systems under CP/M or PC-DOS, translates MBasicand Personal Basic programs to their CBasic equivalent. DR claims that the package will translate more than $90 \%$ of the code and print out locations of suspect or untranslatable code. Code which M2CBasic cannot convert can behandled, on a line-by-line basis, by the interactive error-handling facilities provided.

The reasoneveryone will want to rushout and begin

## If book-keeping is a problem you've ever taken home.



Getting the bills out on time. Getting the money in. Keeping the overheads under control. All fundamental to the running of a profitable business. But there are never enough hours in the day. There's always an end-of-month rush. Always the midnight oil.

Canon-man found the answer in his versatile new AS-100 microcomputer system. He started with the uncomplicated, not too expensive Word Processing model. Then he expanded it to cope with all his day-to-day book-keeping and accounting. And he knows he can add to it again when he's into more sophisticated financial planning, even networking. He chose the AS-100 because it has all the power, speed and memory his business is ever likely to need. Because it's fully compatible with a wide range of proven software from some of the most respected names in the computer industry. Because it will grow with his business. And help his business grow. ${ }^{\text {* }}$

Without ever taking the problem home.
 Croydon CR0 OXZ. Tel: 01-680 8880
lease tell me more about the new Canon AS- 100 microcomputer system. (Tick the bo As-100 microcomputer system. ( Tick the

Word Processing $\square$ Accounting $\square$ Financial Planning $\square$

[^10]
## Moving with the times

The lure of new technology is well demonstrated in the result of a survey of the top executives of 200 companies in the ${ }^{6}$ Times Top 1000', commissioned by Philips Business Systems. Of the 40 top dogs who thought it would be useful to have a computer, $25 \%$ couldn't offer any reasons why. It appears that the very idea of using one suspends the faculty of reason in even the mostsenior of our senior managers. Perhaps they daren't admit to being behind their office staff when it comes to using the new equipment; I hope it's nomore sinister than that. Couldit be that a new breed of self-seeding micros havestarted to transmit propagandaon brainwave frequencies, coordinated by a Godfather Mainframe?
Experts are likely to be surprised at another finding: 114 of the managers were against the idea of working from home, and another 75 felt it could be possible for some people todo so (but not them personally). Many
transferring alltheir programs is, says DR, to take advantage of the portability of a language which is in any case according to DR - 'better suited to serious business applications'. ‘Digital Research brings MBasic into the real world' was how the press release put it.

Personally, Ithink the argument over the relative merits of the two companies' respective languages and operating systems is not a little silly, but at least it makes for entertaining press releases
Anyone with $£ 97$ to spare and a burning desire to wwap Basics can contact DR on (0635) 35304.

Surya

## New image

A Cambridge-based company has produced an image-analysis system running on the BBC Microfor less than $£ 500$.
The device, which includes a monochrome videocamera, downloads pictures into the Beeb where they can be
companies are considering plans toencourage managers to work from home within the next five years, so there could be some problems ahead. The main reason given against
'homework' is "the importance of people interaction in the office world.'In translation this reads'My wife won'tlet me bring the secretary home.'
Predictably those surveyed did not feel threatened by office automation -lower-level, less-skilled jobs were likely to be lost first. A surprising number, however, were allin favour of becoming keyboardusers, and this contradicts the findings of technology and management pundits who have predicted that executives would find them 'too fiddly' or 'too degrading'. Perhaps that's why the lower-level jobs are under threat: all the managers want to cutout the typists. This reinforces the theories of another expert, who suggests that managers don't hire typists and secretaries for their typing and secretarial skills anyway

Further details from Adrian Wheeler on 01-581 1721.

Jerry Sanders
analysed and processed as required. The processed image is then passed back to Seescan where it isconverted back into a standard videosignal. The resolution is a standard $128 \times 128$, and 16 shades of grey are supported

The price is $£ 465$ including VAT. I don't know what you get in the way of software, but you can talk to Seescan on (0223) 314553.

Surya

## Stranglehold

Lego is undoubtedly one of the most successful toys of all time. Presumably, David Johns, managing director of LSI Computers, is hoping that his company's newly launched computer, the Octopus, will achieve similar success-the variouscomponents of which can be fitted together 'like Lego' to meet the changing needs of users.

He claims that the Octopus 'in its smallest manifestation is a transportable businessman's
micro which uses any television as its screen. In its largest configuration it does the work of a 16 -bit minicomputer with up to six satellite terminals, local area network connection to other Octopi and a gateway to other micros and terminals as needed.'

The components which provide this flexibility include: Intel 8088 , 16-bit and Zilog Z80B, 8-bit processors; CP/M-86/80 Plus MP/M-86/80, MS-DOS, Concurrent CP/M and LSI'sELSIE operating systems; LSI, IBM or VT100 style keyboards, graphics, colour and split screen facilities, floppy or winchester disks and a mouse for cursor control and graphics.

The LSI Octopus design is intended todo away with the problem of premature obsolescence arising from the user outgrowing an otherwise perfectlygood machine. This is the message that LSI will be putting across in its television advertising, part of $\mathrm{a} £ 1 / 2$ million promotion campaign to ensure that the identity of LSI and Octopus become well known, LSI is determined not to be yet another British company that fails to market its product adequately.

LSI is an operating division of CPU Computers which was floated on the Unlisted
Securities Marketin June 1983 and announced a 1983 turnover of $£ 19,191,000$ and pre-tax profit of $£ 1,426,000$ in 1983 against a figure of $£ 912,000$. Margaret Spooner

## Software for every man

Vector International, the company that used to be the sole European distributor for both Microsoft and Digital Research(!), haslaunched a new range of business software
Top of the list is a database package known as Everyman. This is currently available on the IBM PC and the Sirius running under both $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}-86$ and MS-DOS. Everyman is based on cards (à la Cardbox) which can be interlinked allowing complex databases to be builtup. The use of multiple files is allowed. The relationshipbetween the different files is entered graphically on the screen by using the cursor control keys to draw lines to link the files

Unlike databases such as dBase II, Everyman is a non-procedural database. This means that it is not necessary to write a program to enter or extractdata

Other new products from Vector include two 'hands-on' training packages for CP/M Plus and MS-DOS version 2. These pack ages are based on a split screen where the top half of the screen mimics the actions of the operating system while the lower half displays the tutorial.

If you want more
information, Vector is on 01-9431257.
Peter Bright


Software is starting to appear from commercial sources outside Tandy and NEC, for the portable machine they both market (built by Japanese firm Kyocera).

The Travelling Appointment Manager is one of eight programs from Travelling Software of Seattle, Wa (tel: (206) 367-8090).
This schedule manager costs $\$ 60$, as does most of the range.

## Now you can afford a separate monitor

The low price of the new TP 200 means you can now afford a separate monitor for your personal computer.

This mains-powered 12" monochrome monitor has a composite video input compatible with most of today's home computers.
Crisp, clear definition is assured by the Philips green antiglare screen with its $80 \times 25$ character resolution and 18 MHz bandwidth.


Distributed By
EMCO Limited, Cold Harbour Lane, London, SE5. - telephone John Martin, (01) 7373333.

Vako Displays Limited, Pass Street, Werneth, Oldham. - telephone Ron W. Jones, (061) 6525111.

A product of: Philips s.p.a. - M.A.P. Division - Italy. U.K. Office Telephone No: (0293) 28787 Ext. 308

## Cyborg

 I'm the first all computer miono disk drive5 inches/720 k* 3 inches/ 1 mega*<br>- formoted

connect me to ZX87, SPECTRUM, ORIC, ATARI, VIC 20, VIC 64, BBC, DRAGON, APPLE II, THOMSON TO7,
TEXAS TI 99/4, and shortly IBM PC

## Whatever the make of your computer, the CYBORG disk drive is for you!

The CYBORG disk drive is designed around its own on-board controller, allowing it to operate whatever might be the CPU of your micro.
Before, disk drives had a compatibility restricted to host computers of the same brand. Change the computer and you had to change the disk drive unit. Now you can change the micro and keep your CYBORG, thanks to the ingenious PERSONALITY MODULE. This is a minuscule unit, contained in the connecting cable, allowing translation of control and data signals in the CYBORG STANDARD INTERFACE. To change your micro simply change this connecting lead. Insert the SYSTEM NUCLEUS floppy, and it runs.

## Three good reasons for choosing the CYBORG disk drive.

1) the price: 199.99 pounds excl. VAT. This price includes: the disk drive, one personality module, and one system nucleus.
2) the capacity: drives currently available store around 150 K on a 5 inches floppy. The CYBORG gives you a capacity of 720 K on a single floppy ( 320 K per side).
3) Transportability: that incredible disk drive will hook up to any machine. Your text files can be read by any microcomputer. Just buy the personality
module plus the system nucleus of the new brand, and there it goes! (personality modules available now: ZX81, SPECTRUM, and ORIC; others to come shortly) (ZX81, SPECTRUM trade marks of SINCLAIR RESEARCH Lid ORIC trade mark of ORIC INTERNATIONAL

Technical specifications: 5 inches disk drive unit 720 K per floppy
DOS COMMANDS: FORMAT, DIR, SAVE, LOAD, ERASE. Up to 4 disk drives, Price 199.99 excluded vat. Optional extensions: FILE HANDLING: OPEN, READ, WRITE, CLOSE, POSIT, RENAME, SEARCH, TYPE, STA direct and sequential access (20 pounds);
SYSTEM EXTENSION: MLOAD, MSAVE, MRUN, CHAIN, LOCK, UNLOCK ( 35 pounds);
SECURITY HANDLING: prepares uncopiable disk ( 900 pounds); prices excluded vat.

Ask your local distributor to order it from
HAYTECH FRANCE, 68 Bd. de Port-Royal,
75005 Paris, France, phone: (1) 354.86.66
Or send directly your cheques to Box No. 1, V.N.U. Business Publications
B. V., Evelyn House, 62 Oxford St, London

W1A 2HG. Expect eight weeks for delivery.
Name
Address $\qquad$
$\square$ Profession

## Universal application

Mrs Thatcher's intelligence staff may have been slipping. On a recent Radio 4 program the first lady lamented not being fluent in nine or ten languages, in order to take on foreign politicians in their own tongues. Esperanto, a possible medium for such dialogue, was 'notaliving language', she said.

She can't have been told that Cecil Parkinson, at that time still Trade and Industry Secretary, is a past Honorary President of the South Midlands Esperanto Federation. This is surprising in view of the fact that she seemed to know everything else about Mr Parkinson's activities. In fact the largest lobby at Westminster is the Esperanto Parliamentary Group with over 130 members.

According to Peter Miles, Esperantotranslatorand linguist, attempting to estimate the number of

Esperanto users is like trying to say how many people ride bicycles. Estimates vary between 8 and 15 million. Although this makesit a minority sport interms of world languages, dead it certainly is not. Which is presumably why a project to design and produce an EsperantoComputerisup and running in the Netherlands. Called 'Projekto Esperanto Komputoro' (you see-you already speak the language yourself!), the idea has already completed its first stage. Proposed designs for keyboard layout and internal codes, basedon a 32-letter alphabet, have been drawn up, and Esperanto terminologyfor 'hex', 'assembler' and 'operating systems', to name a few, defined. The project is looking for interested parties either as collaborators or sponsors.

Details can be had from Lawrence Mee,
Mondkomerca Eldonejo Esperantista, PO Kesto
$25041,3001 \mathrm{HA}$, Rotterdam, Netherlands.

Still with Esperanto in mind, on 1 November the result of a feasibility study into machine translation was published in Utrecht. The study, backed by an EEC grant of 250,000 guilders, was undertaken by Dutch software company Buro voor Systeemontwikkeling (Bureau for Systems Development) in collaboration with a Danish hardware company, Christian Rovsing. Translation experts have often argued that the use of a bridge-language stage in the translation process has great advantages where several languages are involved. According to BSO, Esperantomakes an ideal bridge-language because it has a relatively small number of wordelements (roots, affixes, etc). Calculations have shown that this characteristic makes it possible toencode much more economically than is possible with other languages.

The aim of a distributed
language translation (DLT) system is to achieve high-speedautomatic translation from one language to another. The BSO project's use of Esperanto as a bridge-language makes it unique. Toon Witkam, directing the project at BSO , says the results of the feasibility study are positive: the next stage is to persuade the EECCommission to finance the practical development of the first experimental system.

If you are beginning to feel left out, then here's something you can do about it. The Esperanto Centre is offering free of charge an Esperanto Correspondence Course for use on your micro Twelve lessons are included: you write your answers back to the disk or tape supplied andreturnit to the Centre for correction and comment.
For more information write to The Esperanto Centre, 140 Holland Park Ave, London W114UF.
Jerry Sanders

## Teaching aid

48k Spectrum owners can now buyeducational software produced by Five Ways Software, the firm set up to market software written by teachers at a Midlands school.

Five Ways Software, in conjunction with Heineman ComputersinEducation, is selling four of its recently released range of 24 primary school programs through retail outlets. The four programs, each selling at $£ 9.95$, are all presented in the form of


Microcomputer Memories Inc., a newly formed Californian company, is developing a new range of $3^{1 / 2}$ in hard disk drives, as the picture aboveshows. Capacities at present are 6.32 and 12.7 megabytes unformatted. These drives will measure only $1.6 \times 4 \times 5.75$ in and are $75 \%$ smaller than conventional $5 \%$ in hard disks. Microcomputer Memories alsosays that the new drives will offer very high resistance to shock. The only trouble is that the drives are not generally available yet - deliveries of evaluation units are expected tostart in January 1984 and Microcomputer Memories is currently looking for distributors. More information from Alan Parkeron 01-2362251.
attractive games with full colour graphics. The programs released for the home market are slightly modified versions of the school packages, playing up the games aspects.

The programs-
'Punctuation Pete',
'Ballooning', 'Car Journey' and 'Special Agent'-can all be obtained from High Street outlets.
Surya

## Fingerprint

Epson printer owners who are tired of playing around with escape codes in order to configure the printer to emphasise, underline, superscript, and soon, will appreciate a product called 'Fingerprint'

Fingerprintis a chip which replaces one of the Epson's own ROMs. Thechiptook me about ten minutes to install. Although it's a bit of a fiddly job and the instructions have to be read carefully, it's quite straightforward. Once installed, the device uses the existing Epson keypad to program tendifferent
parameters in any combination. Normal operation of the printer is unaffected and control codes may still be sent to the printer in the usual fashion
Fingerprint also flashes the 'on-line'lamp to indicate whether or not a particular parameter is set.
Fingerprint works on UK and US Epsons-though in slightly different ways-as well as on IBMPC printers, and costs just over $£ 50$.
Details on 01-3874549.
Surya

## Dual role

Rank Xerox has announced a $30 \%$ price reduction on its 820 series micros. This takes the price of an entry level 820 down to $£ 1593$.
Xeroxhas alsolaunched a new business micro known as the $16 / 8$. This features 8086 and Z80A processors, up to 448k RAM and a 'Mouse', all for £1961. Each processor has its own RAM and can run independently of the other.

More details on(0895) 51133.

Peter Bright

OFFERS 3O DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE

0RIC 1 -Home Computer 16K 57 typewriter like keys. RGB monitor socket. PRICE
WINNER จ WINNER 5 Easy terms available.


COMMODORE SHMOM
Computer. 64 K memory capacity Built-in synthesizer and hi-fi output. 16 colours on screen. High resolution graphics.
PRICE WINNER
Easy terms available. to return it for a full refund Not only that but we offer free


OMMODORE VIC 20 Home Computer. Easy to operate
with a wide variety of programmes available. Simple with a wide variety of programmes
connection to TV set via aerial socket.
 PRICE WINNER $T$ Easy terms available.
W

CINCLAIR Spectrum 48K Ram Home

FREE

## STARTER PACK

 WORTH OVER £70 IDEAL FOR BEGINNERS- Cassette Player - Introduction to Basic part 1 - 4 game cassette

Computer. Life action keyboard with silent moving keys. Includes free demonstration cassette with 14 pre-recorded programmes.

## PRICE WINNER 5

Easy terms available.


PLUS FREE DEIVERY FREF SERVICE FORA YEAR FREE INSURANCE FORAYEAR FREE REMOVAL OF OLD PRODUCT 30 DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE We save you money and serve you right. 124 PCW

## N:WSPRINT



## Customised computing

Manorex BV of Holland has successfully distributed the Wave Mate Bullet in Holland andBelgium and is now launching it in the UK (Benchtested next month).

The Bullet is a Z80-based single board computer that can be packaged in any box along with any number, from an impressive choice, of disk drives. The selection can be made from either $31 / 2,51 / 4$ or 8infloppy drives and 5,10 , and 15 Mb harddisks. By altering the way it is presented the Bullet can become a portable or a desktopunit or can even be built into a bureau. In fact all you have to do is tell Manorex what you want your computer to look like and it will build it for you and deliverit, usually in 2-3weeks.

## IBMlaunch

IBM haslaunched two new personal computer productsknown as the PC3270 and the XT/370.

The XT/370lookslikeit is going to cause a great many sleepless nights among IBM's competitors. Processors are said to include twin Motorola

The Bullet uses the banked version of CP/M3.0 which allows it to access 128 k of memory which is more than the normal 64 k limit imposed by a Z80processor. This operating system is apparently user-friendly and is described as being 'child's play'.
Manorex has also designed a disk configuring program to run on the Bullet which enablesit to use almost all 8-bit CP/M software and even read, write and format over 40 different brands of 16-bit disks.
Pricesstart at $£ 1450$ for a standard $2 \times 800 \mathrm{k}$ floppy disk drive system with a 10 Mb hard disk system for around $£ 2500$.

At the time of writing Manorex has approached two UK dealers but has more planned. For details of the custom built Bullet, contact Erik J Monnonkhof on (01031) 34633467. Tony Hetherington.

680C0 processors, an 8080 processor and an 8087 maths co-processor. All of this computing power means that the XT/370 will be able to download and run system 370/VM mainframe software.
The 3270 PCcan be hooked up to IBM mainframes and can display data in up to 7
'windows'.

## Hitachi confesses all

Japanese electronics firm Hitachi has agreed to allow IBM to inspect all its new computer hardwarefor a period of five years prior to release, following allegations of piracy.

The settlement followed legal action taken by IBM over IBM-compatible computers manufactured by Hitachi. Hitachi had been accused of stealing proprietary information which it allegedly used in the design of its own hardware. As well as allowing IBM toinspectits new products, Hitachi has made an undisclosed but reputedly substantial payment to IBM as compensation.
Hitachi's vice-president, Hiroshi Asano, stated that IBM willonly be granted access to product information where Hitachi considers the request appropriate, and that the two companies will 'deepentheir friendlyties'.

Hitachi will continue to manufacture IBM-compatible hardware using its own software.
Surya

## Husky Hunter

DVW Microelectronics, the company which brought you computing for frogmen with the Husky Is, has revealed the new Husky Hunter. The Hunter is smaller, lighter and cheaper than the Is but offersthe same sealed heavy-duty case. The basic model has a 48 k ROM which includes a CP/M emulator. This means that it is the first hand-held CP/M compatible computer.

The Hunter features a Tandy-style LCD displayin a machine half the size of the Model 100. Each of the $240 \times 64$ dots is addressable and you can choose from fivecharacter sets.

There is a choice of models from the basic 80 k RAM model, which costs just under
£1000, up to one containing 208k. All models have a RS232 interface which the Hunter can use to 'talk' to a wide variety of micros, minis and mainframes.

The Hunter also features a built-in secondarybattery with a life of 50 hours to prevent power loss while you're at the bottom of your local fishpond.

The CP/M compatibility and communication facilities will endear the Hunter to people such as insurance agents who could use it for demonstrations or to store their clients' policy details, which could then be transferred to the company's mainframe on return to the office.
Tony Hetherington

## Driving made simple

A US firm has produced a floppy-tape Drive for the Tandy Model 100 portable computer
The Drive, known as the PMD-100(PMD stands for Portable MicroDrive), runson rechargeable batteries so that the systemmaintainsits portability. The tape cartridges are miniature continuous-loop wafer tapes, similar to those used in the Sinclair
MicroDrive. Operating at 9600 -baud, the Drive contains a 16k RAM buffer to enable high-speed file transfers.

The operating system supplied with the device is downloaded into the Model 100 using the built-in Tandy Telcom program, after which it resides in the machine's non-volatile memory. This allows standard file-handling operations.
TheMicroDrive, ifit is as good as it sounds, turns the Model 100 intoa viable personal computer system. Tandy is planning to provide some form of disk or tape drive at a future date, buthas so far refused to speculate on a likely launch date. The unit, which retails at $\$ 350$, includes five tapes, the connecting cable and a battery-charger. A UK price is not available at the time of writing.

The company producing the Drive, Holmes Engineering, also sells 8 k RAM modules for $\$ 75$ a piece. Details of both on (0101 801) 2615652.
Surya


1984 will see the advent of one of the most important events in the microcomputing calendar, The British Microcomputing Awards, which is being supported by The Sunday Times.
$P C W$ will have a key role in this event as it will be hosting two of the most important awards in the microcomputing world.

We are looking for the best software and the best micro of the year and we are seeking nominations from $P C W$ readers.

Which of the new machines is your favourite, and why? What software do you think outstanding. Tell us about it and we might agree. Here are some general guidelines on what we're looking for: Category 10. Microcomputer of the Year 'Microcomputer of the Year' will be awarded to the machine which, in the opinion of the judges, is the best to have appeared on the market in recent months. The judges will be considering how user-friendly the micro is, the extent of its flexibility, the range of supported software, expandability, design and price. Machines must cost less than $£ 8000$ and the version entered for the award must have
first appeared on the market between 1 November, 1982 and 1 November, 1983. Category 9. Software of the Year The 'Software of the Year' award will be presented to the software house which, in the opinion of the judges, has published the most user-friendly software providing the simplest means to reach an effective solution. The software will be judged as a user aid and a tool, so we will be looking closely at howit carries out the task the user wants to complete. Flexibility and value for money are key requirements for the winner.
Manufacturers and software houses are allowed to nominate their own products.
$P C W$ will extract four nominations from each category and forward them to a central judging panel of eminent individuals who will choose their top three nominations. The prizes will be awarded at a glittering event next spring. The major sponsors will also be presenting a top overall award for the most outstanding contribution to microcomputing.

Readers may also submit nominations for the categories being hosted by PCW's
sister publications*. Official nomination forms are to be found in current editions of the magazines but these are the other categories.
Category 1. Business Microcomputer
Category 2. Business Software.
Category 3. Home Microcomputer.
Category 4. Home Software.
Category 5. Creative Software
Category 6. Game.
Category 7. Consumer.
Category 8. Peripheral of the Year.
*Personal Computer News, Computer Answers, What Micro?, Micro Decision and Personal Computer Games.

## Rules:

Manufacturers may nominate their own product which need not have been made in Britain but must have been available for purchase from retail outlets in the UK between 1 November, 1982 and 1 November, 1983.

Employees of VNU Business Publications BV, the sponsors or any individuals associated with the British Microcomputing Awards are ineligible to place a nomination with the exception of the six VNU title judging panels who may each nominate up to six entries.

The decision of the judges is final and no correspondence will be entered into.

All nominations must be received by noon on 5 January, 1984.

## Nomination Form

Please enter below your nomination for the following categories. In not more than 30 words, please give the reason for your choice.

# For those who thought choosing a user friendly, high capacity, software compatible,multi-user, business computer was a black and white decision: 

## The RAIR Business Computer...



## in colour.

For details of your nearest Authorised RAIR Business Computer Dealer contact Phil Harris, Rair Ltd., 6-9 Upper St. Martin's Lane, London WC2H 9EQ or telephone 01-836 6921

# BANKS' STATEMENT <br> THE SEVENAGES 

Martin Banks believes micros have a long way to go in the refinement process.

I've been sitting here wondering if I have the nerve to suggest that the personal computer is, perhaps, the worst thing that ever happened to personkind. The old mainframe computers were bad enough; after all when such machines were first developed it was thought that there might be applications for half a dozen of them around the world. But now, all these personal computers are just making the situation horrendous.

In offices and shops up and down the country, all around the world, there are small computers cranking away at all sorts of terribly important jobs, all intent upon making life easier, more efficient, more tolerable, more generally neat and tidy for their hard pressed and harassed owners. They are adding at an exponential rate to the amount of terribly important jobs being performed already by mainframe and minicomputers in the vain hope that things will get even easier, more efficient, more tolerable and more neat and tidy.

When thinking these thoughts I am, for the time being, dismissing the vast plethora of home computers that now infest the country. They can be dismissed because they are generally being employed for the sole purpose of running excrutiatingly brain-numbing games programs. These tend to keep people off street comers and away from thinking about doing anything 'real' or 'meaningful'. Once home computers join in with the mainframes, minis and personal systems in attempting to make things neat and tidy for us, that may well be the time to bail out

All these computers have been sold, and are being sold, to unsuspecting owners on the basis that they are somehow going to make life so much easier, more tolerable, and so on. Yet I suspect that they are, in practice, achieving the exact opposite, and will continue to do so for some time

To explain why I feel this is the case will entail me in waxing philosophical for a moment. I realise that it is presumptuous of me to postulate the concept that I can wax philo-thingie, but I shall attempt to anyway.

Let us assume that the path to be taken by the human race, collectively, is towards some form of greater wisdom (whatever that wisdom may be found to constitute on arrival). This is, after all, the fundamental tenet of most of the world's religions and philosophies, so maybe there is something in it. If this is accepted then it can also be assumed that the artefacts and experiences we gather and keep around us, both individually and collectively, will be those that can be considered likely to help us on this 'journey'. Since it 'has not been dismissed as a passing fad, like the hula
hoop, the computer in all its guises may presumably be considered as an artefact we have collectively taken to be 'useful'.

But is it? To shoot off at another tangent for a second, look up 'wisdom' in the Concise Oxford Dictionary: possession of experience and knowledge together with the power of applying them critically or practically, it says. Does the computer actually help us with any of this? Certainly it can apply the power to use experience or knowlede, but use it critically or practically? Not really. Does it supply the knowledge? Well, at first this looks more promising, but again the dictionary helps us. To 'know' is (a mong other things) being able to distinguish, which in this context means making decisions about, and/or between a limitless variety of experiences. Though at first sight this might seem to be where the computer fits in, it has (as some people insist on saying about other people) a long way to go.

For there are, in my own humble opinion, two stages that precede knowledge, in the same way that knowledge precedes wisdom. These are information and, at the bottom of the pile, raw data. From a distance it is possible to see the tidy linear progression from raw data, through
> 'The time is fast approaching when the industry must think in terms of defining "knowledge" as a product, and create systems that provide it.'

information and knowledge, and on to wisdom. Once you get inside it, however, in everyday living, the picture gets to be much more cluttered, and this is where the computer is actually a hindrance rather than a help.
You see, the vast majority of computer systems are being used to produce raw data, intergalactically vast gobs of the stuff. One or two are being used to produce information, it is true, but the majority are just stuck there churning out data - and are starting to get in the way, for most people have no idea what to do with the stuff.
They don't know, not because they are intellectuaily incapable, but because there is so much of the stuff around now fhat it is
impossible to wade through it effectively. Here is an example. A business person often used to make decisions on a purely empirical basis, but felt that this was inadequate, that opportunities were being missed because of lack of information. Maybe much time was spent seeking additional data just in case. So, sold on the idea of a computer, one is purchased. Now there is data in abundance: databases, spreadsheets, modellers, etc, churn the stuff out endlessly. The business person is left holding so much data, most of which apparently points in different directions, that a rational decision based on this input becomes all but impossible.
The time is coming for the computer industry to sit back and consider what it is actually selling to the market, and what it ought to be selling, for I feel that the time is fast approaching when the industry must think in terms of defining 'knowledge' as a product, and create systems that provide it.
To give some idea of what I mean, let me take one more digression. Examine for a moment what you are reading right now. It is a magazine called Personal Computer World which has been written and edited by people who have a strong interest in the subject of computers, and, to a greater or lesser degree, know a considerable amount about them. By reading this magazine you are acquiring not just information, but filtered and applied information, which can be considered knowledge.
It is filtered by the existing knowledge and experience of the people writing and editing it, and it is filtered in a certain way. At the broadest level of filtering it is about things pertaining to personal computers, so if that is the subject in which you are interested, you will understand from just the title of the magazine that this is probably a better place to look for information than, say, Car Mechanics.

But $P C W$ looks at the personal computer business in a certain way and filters the information it receives accordingly. Though it has good coverage of games programs, it also covers business applications and other subsets of the industry. If your interest is only in one specific subset then the filtering provided by $P C W$ may not be enough (or indeed may be too much), and an alternative source of information, tailored more precisely to your needs, may be required.

All this may sound terribly obvious, and it is, until you have seen the inside of an editorial office and participated in this filtering process. Such offices are habitually the depository for every press release ever written by anybody who ever thought

## BANKS' STATEMENT


they might get something in the papers. They range from the immediately relevant - brand, new personal computer announcement - to the frankly inane. They take in every stop in between as well. They all have to be read and filtered by the knowledge and experience of the editors (don't laugh, it's true).

To see how this is important, try to imagine what the alternative would be like. Imagine receiving your copy of $P C W$ every month to find it filled with every press release that had been received. They would appear in the magazine in order of receipt through the post and would be 'pasted down' onto the page with no consideration given to content nor subject matter. Finding what you wanted among this morass of raw data would be your responsibility.

The point of all this digression is that computers are still at the level of providing a platform or format for raw data (in the above example that would be analogous to the pages of the magazine). Rarely do they rise above this to even the first level of filtering, let alone move on to what most users really need. Among other facilities, this is the ability to specify randomly any criteria that come to mind for selecting, from a vast pot of raw information, only those bits that are required.
Now I know there will be many people within and without the industry who will jump up and down and say 'databases' very loudly, and I will say 'No, I don't think so.' Databases are good for storing and retrieving related data that the user already knows about. What they are not much good at is doing something journal-
ists (for example) do all the time. That is, making connections (sometimes silly, sometimes fatuous, but sometimes inspired) between apparently disparate bits of information that no one 'knew' they were looking for.
A computer product that offered that sort of facility would be starting along the road to exploiting knowledge properly. It is from the ability to make such connections that most development and growth towards 'wisdom' has come. It is a mark of this 'wisdom' that, in humans at least, the ability to know of things (facts 'n' info) and retrieve them at will (like a database) does not represent either knowledge or wisdom. As much as anything, this comes from knowing what information to get rid of. Now, someone needs to teach computers

# DYNAMICDESQ 

Integrated office systems are becoming all the vogue. First came Lisa from Apple, then Visi On from VisiCorp, and now a Californian company called Quarterdeck haslaunched DesQ, whose main advantage over its competitors is its ability to integrate off-the-shelf packages running under MS-DOS. Armed with this knowledge Robin Webster and Leslie Miner setoutto evaluate the product's chances of success.

In true start-up fashion, a small US West Coast company called Quarterdeck is trying to find itsown niche in the market for integrated software systems; a market which is currently dominated by such established names as Xerox, Apple Computers, and VisiCorp

Quarterdeck's product, DesQ (pronounced 'desk'), differs from the others in that it is designed to integrate off-the-shelf packages that run in the MS-DOS environment. The idea behind this $\$ 395$ system is that many people might not be willing to give up the programs they know and love, or hate and have learnt to put up with, in favour of new products that they will have to learn from scratch.

Not surprisingly, DesQ is being pitched as an office automation product for a small to medium-sized business or for the departments within a large corporation. These are the type of users with which Quarterdeck founders, Therese Myers and David Pope, gained familiarity while developing an integrated workstation called the Axxa for the US bank, Citicorp.
The Axxa system was not a personal computer in the terms now familiar to $P C W$ readers. Instead, it was one of the initial attempts to bring many different office automation ideas together in one integrated system for use by executive vice-presidents and their staff and secretaries.

Problems occurred with Axxa because the level of integration was, in fact, not sufficient. To enable office workers to close down temporarily one document and look at another in order to find some specific information, the Axxa had been given an 'interrupt and resume' capability. The drawback was that the users had to memorise, or jot down, the details in one window if they wanted to make use of it in another.

According to Myers and Pope it was at that point that the importance of using multiple application windows became apparent.
'Simple split-screens are not enough,' said Myers. 'The user must be able to look at things simultaneously and obtain additional information spontaneously.'

## Hardware requirements

One notable aspect about the new generation of true multi-window software environments (as opposed to just simple split-screen displays) is that they make full use of the current trend towards ever larger hard disks being tacked onto personal
computers. With the Visi On system from VisiCorp, you really can't get away with less than an Intel 8088/6-based machine running MS-DOS and outfitted with 256 k main memory, a 5Mbyte hard disk and a colour/graphics board.
Or, even better would be an IBM XT
selecting commands from menus or manipulating windows and the data they contain, but, as we'll see later, a mouse is not an absolute necessity.

At the time of this review, Myers indicated that two mice were being recommended. The Mouse Systems optic-

## 'DesQis being pitched as an office automation productfor a small to medium-sized business orforthe departments within a large corporation.'

with an integral 10 Mbyte hard disk. Apple's Lisa on the other hand comes with 1 Mbyte of main memory and a 5 Mbyte hard disk - although it is very probable that a 10 M byte drive will be introduced in the near future. While the DesQ system can be viewed as a far less sophisticated product than the other two mentioned, it too, requires an IBM PC running MS-DOS with a minimum of 256 k memory and a 5Mbyte hard disk

The reason why such large amounts of storage are necessary has to do with the size of the so-called 'desktop-manager' code ( 128 k of compiled C language code with Visi On, 2.5Mbytes of compiled Clascal code with the Lisa, and between 128 k to 150 k of code with DesQ).

DesQ was written in a language developed by David Pope. Internally the language is referred to as 'SYMPL', but Quarterdeck does not have the rights to use that name commercially. SYMPL is described as having attributes that can be found in both the Lisa list processing language much favoured by US artificial intelligence workers and the Smalltalk language developed by Xerox at its Palo Alto Research Centre. SYMPL itself, however, was written in Pascal.

The user has the illusion of simultaneous access to diverse applications programs between 30 k to 400 k in size (by means of the various applications windows that can be left lying around on the metaphorical desktop). It is easy to see why 256 k has become the realistic minimum for main memory and 512 k a real bonus.

Much early development work on DesQ was carried out on a Compaq system, which had been loaded up with the maximum amount of RAM. While this approach worked for basic development, Myers does not suggest that it would be at all suitable for users of the commercial system

In addition to the usual personal computer paraphernalia, the DesQ user might want to buy a mouse to simplify the task of
al mouse must be used in conjunction with a ruled aluminium pad laid on the 'real' desktop (this mouse will also be supplied with Visi On). The Microsoft mouse, apart from being a little noisy on certain surfaces, is said to handle well.

The system we reviewed was running on an IBM XT with a colour/graphics board and a colour monitor (although it could just as well be displayed on a black and white monitor). The Mouse Systems mouse was attached.

## Using a mouse

In keeping with the Visi On approach, Quarterdeck has decided to use a twobutton mouse. In fact, most of the mice on the market have three buttons, but only the right-most two seem to be commonly used. The number of keys used generally relates to two things: the design philosophy of a software developer and the sophistication of the desktop-manager environment. In the latter case, the greater the sophistication, (and therefore the greater the amount of time spent by the software in checking the contextual implications of every action) the less complex a set of mouse button-pushes has to be memorised

With DesQ the middle key is used to bring up the main menus - those menus which control the presentation and status of applications working within the DesQ environment - while the right-most key is used to select the options within those menus and then to go on and work with the contents of the applications windows themselves.

On the system under review, whenever the wrong button was used to select something (using the middle key to work on applications data, for example) the IBM XT had been programmed to alert the user by beeping. The fact that no error messages were displayed to indicate the exact nature of the problem was a little disappointing, but this may be corrected in

## In use

Since the fundamental idea behind DesQ is that it should have little or no direct effect on any applications program it handles, no 'basic' first screen appears. The user will encounter a different main menu from system to system. If a friend has Lotus 1-2-3, WordStar and dBase II then those are the applications programs that he can install and make available via DesQ. If someone else has one of the Easywriter family of wordprocessors, plus Supercalc, Multiplan and a Peachtree accounting package, these packages dictate the range of work that can be carried out.

DesQ's capabilities have almost nothing
the display and, as with all $\operatorname{DesQ}$ submenus, is always the same colour so that it may be easily differentiated from applications windows lying around on the screen.
Although we did not see the system running on a Compaq screen or a black and white monitor, Myers indicated that, even then, it was still quite easy to make the distinction. As an absolute indicator, DesQ windows always appear on top of any applications windows that have been previously opened. With Visi On and the Lisa system the user begins work by going to some central repository of information like the Services box (Visi On) or the ProFile icon (Lisa). The DesQ user, on the other hand, is presented with a fairly conventional main menu selection of programs (windows) to run (to open), as

> 'The mostapparent difference between DesQand otherwindowing systems rightnownow is that colour canbe used quite freely.'
to do with the applications themselves. Having DesQ is rather like having someone who's an expert user of all the most popular software packages to do all the tedious work of, say, taking data from a spreadsheet and then retyping it into one of the wordprocessing environments, so that professional-looking reports can be produced.
It should even be possible to have $\operatorname{Des} Q$ do creative things like automatically handle all the manipulations between a database file, a spreadsheet, an accounting package and a wordprocessor. The user ends up with what is more or less a complete accounting/forecasting/reporting package built out of different software developers' products.

DesQ is a bit like super-glue-it can join all sorts of different off-the-shelf packages together, but it doesn't change the characteristics of the various components.

To install a new software application you must load the software onto the hard disk and then tell DesQ a few things about the package. First, you give the name by which the application will be known in the DesQ menu. Next, you type in the DOS command that will load it.

Then you give it a range of miscellaneous data, such as where the application name will appear on the main menu, how much memory it will require (DesQ checks to see if sufficient ROM is available and informs you if it isn't), whether it will use graphics, and what symbols will be used as delimiters during cut-and-paste operations.

The IBM XT under review was being used by Quarterdeck as a kind of test-bed system since its main menu boasted over ten of the popular software packages. These included WordStar, dBaseII, Easywriter II, Lotus 1-2-3, Peachtree accounting, Supercalc, along with Microsoft Basic and a freebie graphing system called Piechart which IBM puts on its PC-DOS distribution disks. The main menu is called up by clicking the middle mouse button twice. It always appears at the top right of

## shown in Fig 1

Since DesQ has been designed so that it can be used with or without a mouse, function key equivalents of mouse selections are given next to menu options (we will generally describe the way the mouse is used to manipulate windows and their contents). It should be noted that the line which says 'Other F10' is used to call up Part II of the main DesQ menu which will have further program offerings.
Not all the programs shown were available to try - Lotus 1-2-3 and dBase II being notable absentees - so we worked with WordStar, Supercalc and IBM's Basic language program, Piechart.
To select WordStar from the DesQ menu we used the mouse to position the screen cursor so that the program entry was backlit. We then pressed the right-hand key on the mouse to 'select', or load, the program into memory.
Des $Q$ offers a wide range of possibilities as to how any single applications window will look when it appears.

Windows may be set to occupy the full screen, the top or bottom half of the screen, the left or right half of the screen, a quarter of the screen, or whatever. Once a window has been opened it can then be further changed in size and location.

## Window design

Those who read last month's review of the Visi On system will remember that we felt that the window manipulation technique adopted by VisiCorp was not as intuitive as it might have been. To move a window you had to redraw its outline at the target location by specifying its new upper left corner and its new lower right corner.

With the Lisa system, you just 'pick-up' a window and 'put it down' wherever appropriate.

DesQ's designers have decided on a window resizing system that is closer to the Lisa way of doing things. In fact, the window outline resembles those on the

OPEN NEW WINDOWS

| Basic | F1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| dBase II | F2 |
| Easywriter II | F3 |
| FastGraphs | F4 |
| Lotus 1-2-3 | F5 |
| Peachtree | F6 |
| Q/Link | F8 |
| Supercalc | F9 |
| WordStar | F10 |
| Other |  |
| Fig 1 |  |

## Apple product quite closely.

Once a window is displayed, you move the window by clicking the mouse cursor once on the upper left corner, placing the cursor where you want the new upper left corner to appear, and then by clicking the mouse button again. The window outline and its contents are then re-mapped to the new location.
To scroll the contents of a window either horizontally or vertically, thin up/down/ left/right arrows and small triangular graphics symbols situated on the window border are used. Placing the mouse cursor on a directional arrow and pressing one of the mouse select keys moves the window text in the relevant direction one line at a time.

Placing the mouse cursor on a triangle causes the text to jump in screenfuls (the kind of thing that's handy when you have your wordprocessing margins set well beyond the usual 75 to 80 columns)

The active window can always be readily identified (not as simple as you might think when you have four open windows, each occupying a different corner of the screen) because it is the one with the graphic symbols and a flashing number in the top left corner. These numbers indicate which window was opened first (ie, applications window ' 1 ' was loaded prior to applications window ' 2 '). When a number of overlapping windows are displayed, the active window is always the one on top of the others.

According to Myers, however, these window border symbols will not be included in the commercial release of DesQ. Instead, the windows will just have more or less plain borders except for the top bar where the window name and number will appear (the name will probably be centred, defined by a line or two as in the Lisa windows).

Scrolling will be achieved by placing the cursor at definite areas within the window. Putting the cursor at the top of the window contents and pressing one of the mouse select buttons will cause the text to scroll upwards. Placing the cursor along the left side will cause the text to slide to the left (this is reminiscent of the 'pushing' method adopted in Visi On).

On the review system the bottom right corner of each window also had a small diagonal line within a ruled-off area. Lisa

## DYNAMICDESQ

watchers will immediately recognise this symbol as a means of resizing a window without changing the position of its upper left-hand corner (the Lisa version is actually a tiny representation of the corner of a window and an arrow pointing down diagonally).

To resize a window with DesQ you place the cursor on the diagonal line, click once, and then move the cursor to the right and downwards (to enlarge the window area) or to the left and upwards (to shrink the viewing area). There seemed to be no particular constraints as to what you could do with a window. Reducing a WordStar window to a one-inch-square rectangle didn't elicit any kind of negative response from $\operatorname{Des} Q$. Neither did it mind when the same window was reformed into a tall, one-inch-wide column.

Generally, the window-handling seemed to be quite good, and certainly of the standard you would experience with Visi On.

The most apparent difference between DesQ and other windowing systems right now is that colour can be used quite freely. In fact, all the windows on the screen (except for the DesQ environment windows mentioned earlier) can be coloured by the user.

To change the colours you call up the 'Layout Window' menu. This contains options that will alter the way $\operatorname{DesQ}$ controlled applications appear to the user.

There are commands to resize, change colours, move windows and set windows aside on the desktop - that is, to close the windows temporarily in the form of small rectangular icons at the bottom right of the display. Windows that have been set aside are kept intact in a memory partition; they do not have to be loaded from disk again. A mouse can be used to make the required selections, or the indicated function key pressed. The 'Change Colours' command has been implemented in a very straightforward manner. The lower portion of the Layout Window menu is taken up with three colour palettes - one palette for the application program text, a second for the background colour in the window and a third for the overall background colour of the display.

By selecting colours from these palettes it is possible to come up with some unusual, but pleasant working combinations. It is also possible to come up with many that are atrocious. Yellow text on a purple background is one unhappy combination.

Another problem that became obvious during the review is that $\operatorname{Des} Q$ will gladly let you make the text colour the same as the background colour (white on white or red on red), and vice-versa. The result, needless to say, is the computer equivalent of invisible ink - there's data in the window, but you just can't see it.

This is obviously not a major criticism, but it really wouldn't be a big task to link the two palettes so that the same colours cannot be chosen for the text and background in a single window. Just as you have
to reset many computers after altering system defaults contained in printer drivers and communications packages (otherwise the system would still follow the previous defaults regardless), you must tell DesQ that you are 'finished' or 'done' to confirm any changes made while in the Layout Window menu. If you don't wish to carry through the changes you have made, you can also select the 'Cancel Actions' option.

## Zoom and View

Current wisdom among those who design such systems is that most users will not actually have 25 open windows on their desktops. Instead, they will work with their wordprocessing or spreadsheet systems as full screens and only when the time comes to do data transfers or to compare visually various files will smaller windows be used. To this end, Quarterdeck has included the 'Zoom' and 'Unzoom' commands. Zoom enlarges windows to fullscreen, while Unzoom returns them to their previous size and location.

But with some programs, notably Lotus 1-2-3 and Supercalc, program data is written directly to the screen, bypassing DesQ's ability to tinker with usual program display modes. The result is 1-2-3 and Supercalc can only appear to the user as full screen applications - none of the usual window commands can be applied.
have no trouble
One test we carried out was to see how DesQ would handle the interaction between Supercalc and IBM's freebie Piechart program.

First we selected Supercalc from the main menu and then typed in the name of the file we wanted to load. At this point, DesQ was really quite dormant and Supercalc was in complete control. It turned out that the file we had loaded had a number of columns of numerical data the usual sales figures information.
Next, we called up the $\operatorname{Des} Q$ menu which contained the 'cut-and-paste' options. Selecting 'cut' we marked the beginning and the end of the block we wanted to transfer by placing the cursor at the relevant spots and pressing one of the select buttons on the mouse. At that point, the Supercalc window became irrelevant to what we were doing and we opened up the Piechart window (it, too, is another one of those programs which appears full screen). Selecting 'paste' from the DesQ menu, all that remained was to place the cursor within the Piechart screen and click the mouse button once.

The resultant display was of a rather good four-colour pie-chart.

By thinking of $\operatorname{Des} Q$ as if it were an 'expert user', it will be easier to follow the way in which the system handles data transfers. According to Myers, DesQ handles the Supercalc to Piechart transfer

## 'DesQis a bit like super-glue-itcanjoinallsorts of differentoff-the-shelfpackagestogether, butit doesn'tchange the characteristics of the various components.'

During the review, we opened up some WordStar files and then selected Supercalc from the main DesQ menu. The initial Supercalc screen totaliy obliterated the WordStar windows - they were still 'underneath' but to all intents and purposes not available until the Supercalc full screen display was removed. This is something of an annoyance since the real bonus of multi-window systems is simply that multiple windows can be arranged on a desktop and be made to share data by means of cut-and-paste operations.

To overcome this problem, Quarterdeck is developing a feature called 'View' which will intercept screen data generated by these rogues and make them obey window manipulation instructions. This function was not available at the time of our visit, so we cannot comment further on it.

## Data transfer and learning

Transferring data from window to window, or more accurately from program to program, with DesQ follows the general conventions of block moves. If you've moved blocks of text around with WordStar or some other text editor then you will
by 'going through all the commands that Supercalc would have to go through to do the transfer'.

If you watch the screen closely during a transfer, you can in fact see the various command strings being automatically generated and put into effect. It's similar to the automatic program loading sequences (file paths) and macro commands that you can set up with MS-DOS version 2.0 . Taking, say, a dBase II file and editing it with WordStar has always been possible, so long as you' go through the tedious routine of converting the dB ase II file to ASCII format first.

This is really where DesQ can be of benefit. During transfers, DesQ is designed to make comparisons between the various file formats that may be involved and also designed to handle the necessary transformations. The ASCII format and the DIF, or Data Interchange Format (as developed by VisiCalc creators, Software Arts) can be dealt with by the system as a matter of course, but if problems are encountered because the formats are too dissimilar, it will 'do the best it can'.

Currently, DesQ is said to be able to handle transfers between IBM's Piechart and Supercalc, WordStar and Supercalc, WordStar and WordStar, Lotus 1-2-3 and WordStar and dBase II and WordStar. We
must assume that most of these are verifiable, if the examples we worked with are representative.
While VisiCorp has fallen behind with its 'Scripts' feature on Visi On (this is meant to allow users to set up command files that automatically carry out routine tasks), Myers explained that she felt DesQ's somewhat equivalent 'Learn'facility would be the big bonus to users.
Due to the limited time we had access to the IBM XT it was only possible toobserve the Learn feature doing something very simple.
After opening up a WordStar window we loaded a test file and then went to the DesQ menu containing the command Learn. After selecting this option we exited the menu and returned to WordStar. The test file already contained a fair amount of text, so we decided to see if we could teach the DesQ system to insert automatically a specific set of words whenever a particular function key was pressed.
We typed in the words 'This is DesQ' and then returned to the DesQ menu to select the command 'Done', meaning that those three words were all that had to be noted. The cursor was then placed at random positions within the WordStar text and function key F5 was pushed repeatedly. With every depression, DesQ automatically inserted the words 'This is DesQ' in the document. In a spreadsheet, the same method could have been used to change a group of totals by $10 \%$.

A more novel application of this power is when it is used to create sophisticated links and command structures between diverse software packages. Myers sees customers developing their own personal month-end reporting or accounting systems in this way, for example.

## The future

It remains to be seen how well DesQ will perform in the business environment where all types of weird and wonderful programs lurk

There are many, many programs on the market which are absolute failures. With these, software crashes occur in direct relationship to how important it is to the user that they don't crash. It also typically looks like the programmer's kid brother wrote the documentation on a Petite typewriter.

Surprisingly, these programs continue to be used by customers, instead of being returned immediately - and they will undoubtedly be among those products that will be installed on a Des $Q$ system.

When asked what would happen if a user had a number of applications program windows open and there was a single software product failure, Myers responded that DesQ 'would probably crash'. If that's the case, then the fate of all the unsaved data in the memory partitions is uncertain. In order to avoid complications of this sort at an early stage in the marketing of DesQ, Quarterdeck is putting a very strong emphasis on the development of what it calls 'agents' for the

> 'DesQis said to be able to handle transfers between IBM's Piechartand Supercalc, WordStarand Supercalc, WordStarand WordStar, Lotus 1-2-3 and WordStarand DBaselland WordStar.'

10 or 15 best-selling packages on the market.
These agents will essentially be intelligent front-end programs that allow DesQ users to bypass what may be quite complex commands by going to a special menu and making mouse or function key selections.

## Conclusions

There is no doubt that the future looks quite good for DesQ so long as a few rough spots are smoothed out (there is no way to undelete files as with Lisa and Visi On, for example, although this capability can be approximated by the addition of a disk doctor type program; the Norton utilities system would do just fine).

At $\$ 395$ (plus the cost of extra RAM, a hard disk, and maybe a mouse), it is certainly very competitive with a product such as Visi On.

It's not that DesQ is as sophisticated as the VisiCorp product - because it isn't; nor is the price difference that important. It really comes down to the fact that there
are a lot of people already using products like VisiCalc, Multiplan, 1-2-3, WordStar, Peachtree accounting systems, and dBase II. They've paid a price, both in the financial sense and in terms of an effort to learn how to use their purchases. These users are unlikely to want to switch to the VisiCorp applications just to get the benefits of the Visi On desktop. For this reason, DesQ should be a success. END

## Specifications

Product name: DesQ.
Purpose: Integrates off-the-shelf software packages.
Developedby: Quarterdeck Office
Systems, Santa Monica, USA.
Price: $\$ 395$
Operates on: IBM Personal Computer, Eagle, Compaq, withother MS-DOS machines being added in the future. CP/M and Unix versions are planned. Can be used with or without a mouse.


The Japanese company, Kyocera, was responsible for manufacturing the portable TRS-80 Model 100 to Tandy's specifications. David Tebbutt takes a look at the modifications NEC has made to the machine.

About two and a half years ago 'Kay' Nishi, a director of Microsoft and founder of the Japanese ASCII group, was flying to Tokyo. On the flight he met the president of Kyocera, a company which at that time was a leading packager of semiconductors. Nishi described his dream of a lap-sized personal computer with a full-sized keyboard, a screen large enough to display several sentences, a memory capacity of several A4 pages and the whole lot capable of being self-powered for 20 or so hours. The president was captivated to the extent that the very next day Nishi found himself describing his dream to Kyocera's other directors. To cut a long story short, Kyocera decided to go ahead and make the machine. Microsoft landed the software contract and within a year found itself presenting the product design to Tandy Corporation.
Tandy decided to take the product on board and it became available as the Model 100 last March. But Tandy wasn't the only company to spot the advantages of such a useful machine. NEC in Japan felt that, with some design changes, it too would like to sell the machine. NEC's version, the PC-8201A, is slightly larger than the Tandy although it is still smaller than an A4 ring binder. One massive advantage of the NEC machine is that it can accommodate exchangeable, self-powered RAM cartridges.
My first impressions of the PC-8201A were entirely favourable. It looks smart in its restful colours of cream, mushroom and
cartridge and I zapped all mry files. Right now I'm having a devil of a job trying to get it to talk to my printer. My overall impression though is that we're on the verge of something big, so to speak. It is as major a step for the industry as the introduction of the 'portable' computer a couple of years ago. I can't see Osbornes, Hyperions, Compaqs and Kaypros being called 'portable' fơr much longer. Transportable would seem more appropriate.

The main barrier to purchase at the moment is likely to be price. CMOS chips are used extensively and, at the moment, a. 16 k machine will cost you $£ 475$ plus VAT. RAM cartridges are a hefty $£ 195$ each. Perhap's NEC should consider dropping the RAM cartridge price at the earliest opportunity because they do represent a major strength of this machine. Even so I can see the machine being snapped up by people on the move. Journalists, surveyors, hospital doctors and travelling salesmen spring to mind immediately as likely customers.

## Hardware

The PC-8201A is a truly portable, lap-sized computer. It is self-powered and, with alkali batteries and a 16 k RAM memory, it will run for around 18 hours. It sports a full-sized, 67 key keyboard and a display of eight lines of forty characters each. Alternatively, the screen can be regarded as a matrix of $64 \times 240$ individually addressable points. The machine's contact

## 'One massive advantage of the NEC machine is that it can accommodate exchangeable, self-powered RAM cartridges.'

light brown. The keyboard is full size with a nice feel and the screen is very easy on the eye with its eight lines of forty fairly large characters. My wife liked it straight away and she's never admitted to even liking a computer before. It fits on your lap and can be used with ease on trains, although you may have to tuck your arms into your sides a bit during the rush hour. I'm not sure whether I should say this, but I have even used it in the loo.
Of course, like all machines, it has provoked the odd frustration. Like the day I was late for work and couldn't find the darned thing, even with my glasses on. Like the day I tried to initialise a RAM
with the outside world is through seven ports including RS232, Centronics, DIN cassette, and a Hewlett Packard bar code reader socket. Each of these ports has a neat, plastic cover which can be prised off with a biro. If your briefcase has as much rubbish in it as mine then I strongly recommend that you keep these covers in place. The 48 pin system slot is currently used for plug in RAM cartridges but from its name and various hints in the documentation, I suspect that this could attach to a variety of external data storage peripherals in the future.

The memory of the PC-8201A is all battery-backed CMOS which means that
all information stored within the machine is maintained as long as power is available. In the case of a 16 k RAM machine an internal nicad (nickel-cadmium batteries) will keep the memory 'alive' for 26 days with no other source of power. For a 64 k machine this figure drops to seven days. The machine contains a 32 k ROM containing the operating system, Basic, Text and Telcom programs plus 16k of user RAM. In fact only 12 k of this is actually usable because the operating system pinches some for itself. RAM memory must be expanded by your dealer. The sockets are accessible by taking a cover off the back of the machine. Next to these RAM sockets is an additional ROM socket into which you can plug an alternative ROM. The internal memory can be expanded up to 64 k and the capacity of the externl plug-in RAM is 32 k . The memory is organised in 'banks', each of 32 k of which two can be active at one time. Each bank can contain up to 21 separate files and banks 2 and 3 have a switch which protects their contents from being overwritten. Normally the ROM is active plus one of the RAM banks but it is possible to arrange things so that two RAM banks are active instead.
The plug-in RAM cartridge, or RAM disk as I'm sure it will become known, caused no problems. Simply plug it into the system slot and perform a 'cold boot' by pressing SHIFT, function key five and CTRL. The 'cold boot' is rather like formatting a disk - it only needs to be done the first time you use a RAM cartridge. Since this is a highly dangerous procedure in the sense that if you mess it up you can easily erase the wrong bank, make sure that all your files in memory are safely stored away on cassette before initialising a new RAM disk.
The keyboard contains all the keys you might expect (QWERTY, CTRL, ESC, TAB, etc) plus a few others which are worth mentioning. A STOP key is a neater way of halting a program than Control-C which many of us have become used to. Control-C still works if you find that you can't break the habit. The Tandy has a pause key which suspends program execution; I find that switching off the NEC has exactly the same effect. When you switch on again everything carries on from where it left off. Five function keys give access to ten user definable functions and a neat cursor control cluster is arranged in a north/south/east/west formation. Insert.


The NEC-8201A; Tandy wasn't the only company to spot the advantages of a useful machine.
delete, graphics and backspace are reasonably conventional but the PASTE key is unusual. This allows you to retrieve a previously identified piece of text and literally paste it into your current document or program listing. The graphics key gives access to 93 graphics characters, 90 of which can be defined by the user. Another 35 user-defined characters can be accessed through the CHR\$ command in Basic. Like most computer keyboards these days, the keys automatically repeat if held down for more than a second. An unusual feature is that the two 'home' keys have little pimples on them to help you locate your fingers when touch-typing.

The screen is formed from a liquid crystal matrix and is fairly large; if the same character sizes were imposed on a conventional display, it would measure 15 in wide. Both upper and lower case characters may be displayed. The instruction manual advises you to avoid excessive pressure on the screen which is understandable since people will be jamming these machines into briefcases. It also suggests that in extreme cold the LCD screen can freeze. I asked NEC how cold and they merely said 'very'.

I had no trouble connecting the PC8201A (isn't it a long-winded name?) to my two cassette recorders with the supplied cable. If you use a miniature tape recorder, you will need to buy one or two adaptors to make the 3.5 mm jack plugs fit the tiny
sockets. Alternatively you could splash out on NEC's own cassette recorder at $£ 58$ plus VAT.

I have spent more hours than I care to remember trying to get the NEC talking to my printer through the RS232 interface. For some reason my printer, which works perfectly well with a SuperBrain, does not
send the right signals out through one of its pins and this rather confuses the NEC. My solution was to remove the RS232 board from the printer and use the Centronics port which worked perfectly well. My advice to you is to ensure that your dealer gets the NEC working with your printer before you part with your money. This


The internal RAM can be expanded to $64 k$.

problem isn't unique to the PC-8201A, the RS232 isn't quite as standard as some people would have you believe. I also tried to get the NEC talking to my SuperBrain but that, too, was unsuccessful in that the SuperBrain could talk to it, but I didn't have time to figure out why the SuperBrain couldn't hear the NEC. Again this is not at
precise details are given later in the explanation of the TELCOM program.

The PC-8201A can be powered by four size AA batteries. On a 16 k RAM system, alkaline batteries give at least 18 hours operation and standard six hours. Alternatively you can buy a rechargeable ni-cad pack from NEC which gives 5.5 hours of operation. A transformer which gives 8.5 volts DC can power the machine directly and this will also charge the NEC ni-cad pack if present. In fact it will continue charging the ni-cad pack even when the machine is switched off. Recharging takes

## 'I can see the machine being snapped up by people on the move. Journalists, surveyors, hospital doctors and travelling salesmen spring to mindimmediately as likely customers.'

all uncommon and due in no small measure to my ignorance of the precise details of the version of $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ installed in the SuperBrain. We did, however, have a dramatic success talking through a modem to one of British Leyland's computers. All this implies that it is more likely to be my computer system (or me) causing problems rather than the NEC having any inherent weakness. A built-in TELCOM program allows you to vary the RS232 port configuration. Baud rate, bits per character, parity, stop bits, handshaking and half or full duplex may all be defined. More
around 48 hours and the pack can take around 500 recharges before it needs to be replaced. I prefer to use Duracell batteries which cost around 20 p per hour or machine use. They save an awful lot of messing around and give at least three times the duration of the other batteries.

Incidentally, our concept of 'on' and 'off' changes with this machine. In fact we stop only the processor when the machine is switched off and the act of switching on again simply lets the processor carry on from where it left off. All the memory is maintained by an internal rechargeable
backup battery which needs to be replaced by the dealer after some two and half years. If this battery were used as the main source of power, it would only give around twenty minutes operation whereas on backup it will maintain a 16 k machine for up to 26 days (seven days for 64 k internal RAM). Make sure you remove the RAM disk when not in use, otherwise the internal battery will be trying to keep that powered up as well. In order to maximise battery life, the machine switches off after ten minutes without a key depression. This does not apply when running a Basic program or TELCOM. This duration can be varied by a Basic command between one minute and 25.5 minutes. By now you must have guessed that the PC-8201A contains a clock which keeps track of years, months, days, hours, minutes and seconds. Two basic commands TIME\$ and DATE\$ give access to these values.

## TEXT

This is a built-in program which gives many of the facilities of a wordprocessor. Text entry, cut-and-paste, amendment and sensible cursor controls are all provided in this easy to learn and easy to use little package. Cursor controls behave quite normally but if you use them with the shift key they move left and right a word at a time and up and down a screen at a time. TEXT always operates in 'insert' mode which means that text following the cursor


An irıpressive array of expansion possibilities
position is moved to the right to accommodate new entries. The delete and backspace keys delete characters under and to the left of the cursor respectively. It seems impossible to lose data accidentally on this machine since deletion is always a deliberate act. The cut-and-paste facilities are unusual in a text processor of this size. You are allowed to mark any chunk of text and then either to cut it or copy it out of the document into a 'paste buffer' from which it can be read back into a new location. The contents of this buffer may also be retrieved when any program asks for an input from the keyboard. This can save messing around with sign-on messages when communicating with another computer, for example. Simply hit the paste key and call up as long a sign-on message as you need.
TEXT can also be used to create an 'IPL' file which is executed immediately the machine is switched on. IPL stands for Initial Program Loader. This goes even further than the paste buffer mentioned just now. You can list a whole sequence of commands in a file and the PC-8201A will execute each one before passing control back to the user. Just to see what would happen, I went into TEXT and typed 'BASIC' on the first line, a short Basic program on the next few lines, the word 'RUN' and then the word 'MENU' to return to the main menu. I switched off the machine and then switched it on again and everything worked. It loaded Basic, ran the program and returned to the menu. All the machine needs now is the ability to 'wake up' at a certain time and your middle of the night transmissions to Australia could be taken care of automatically. If NEC is compiling a shopping list of additional facilities, this is one that I would recommend. After all, it does have a continuously running clock so this should be possible.

Basic programs can be written in TEXT


The NEC data recorder
allows you to configure the RS232 port for the printer, modem, computer or whatever you have at the other end. The theory is admirable: it allows you to connect to a wide variety of machines without needing to change anything on the destination equipment. In practice I had a few problems. (See my earlier remarks.) You may alter the values of a number of variables - communication speed from 75 to 19200 baud; parity - odd, even, none or ignore; word length, six, seven or eight bits; one or two stop bits; and two types of handshaking. Most of this is likely to be complete gibberish to a layman. This is why I think it is important to ensure that your dealer makes the PC-8201A talk to your existing equipment before buying. In

## 'The PC-8201A is a truly portable, lap-sized computer. Itis self-powered with alkalibatteries and a 16k RAM memory.'

mode or in Basic itself. In fact a nice feature of the NEC is that you can switch between the two modes when developing a program so you have the advantage of being able to test bits of the program while at the same time having access to the more powerful editing facilities of TEXT. Having said that, I should say that the Basic text editing facilities are as good as, if not better than, most Basics. One last facility is the Search command which lets you search for occurrentes of a chosen sequence of characters (up to 24). You may change the text and continue searching for the same string with the Next command. Unlike some fairly sophisticated wordprocessors, the search command rightly ignores the case of the letters.

TELCOM is the in-built program which
addition to the configuration mentioned above, you may also choose whether to operate in half- or full-duplex mode. (Full duplex expects the receiving device to retransmit received information.) An Echo facility can be used to send all data received to a printer.

## Operating system

This is the part of the built-in software which allows the user to execute programs and manipulate the files. It provides the following facilities: Erase a file (Kill); Rename a file (Name); Print the contents of a file through the Centronics port (List); Save a file to cassette (Save); Load a file from cassette (Load); Switch memory banks (Bank); Create an autostart file (Set IPL); and Stop a file being an autostart
(ClrIPL).
Whenever you are at the menu level of the operating system, you may load a program and its associated file simply by placing the cursor on the file name and pressing RETURN. If you put the cursor over a Basic file name, this has the effect of loading Basic, loading the file and then running the program. Alternatively, you may enter Basic more conventionally and then load the program file from within Basic itself.

## Basic

As you might expect from MicroSoft, this Basic does not deviate to any significant extent from the company's standard MBasic except that it allows full screen editing which would be a welcome relief for those used to line editors. There are a couple of omissions such as WHILE WEND and TRON ... TROFF but nothing that upset me greatly except perhaps the absence of an AUTO line numbering command. By way of compensation N82 Basic, as this version is called, has a few interesting additions. One instruction allows you to OPEN the RS232 port and others enable or disable interruption from it. ON COM GOSUB passes control to a subroutine whenever such an interrupt occurs.
Other commands exist both to place and detect the position of the cursor on the screen. PSET and PRESET set screen points on and off and SCREEN dictates whether function key labels (defined using KEY) are to be displayed. This Basic even lets you find out where the print head is positioned in the print buffer which must be jolly useful when trying to work out tricky print layouts. SPACE $\$$ lets you print a number of spaces, STRING\$ lets you print a character repeatedly.
SOUND lets you program music (ugh!) from a five and a half octave range and with

# NEC-8201A 

notes from nought to five seconds duration. Machine language routines are now accessed from an EXEC command rather than from a CALL. And here's a mystery command - MAXFILES; it sets a constant in the operating system of the maximum number of files you will allow to be open at one time. I'm still trying to think why you'd need that one. POWER can be used to switch off the machine, to make it run continuously (not advisable if using batteries) or to set the power off timer.

One nice touch is that although the Basic has lost the AUTO line numbering, it has at least retained the RENUMber command. Variable names look impressive at up to 255 characters long. Closer inspection reveals that N82 Basic will only allow variables whose first two characters are unique. Ah well, you'll just have to take a little care.

All in all I was quite satisfied with the Basic and know that programmers with experience of MBasic or any of its dialects will have few problems with this particular implementation. I was astonished to note that all the Benchmark timings were considerably faster than on the Tandy 100.

## Applications software

A cassette and a manual of application programs were supplied with the PC-

8201A. All of the programs were fairly simple affairs and many of them could best be described as make-weights. I'll give a brief note on each since they are supplied free with the machine:
Memory calculator. This makes the PC-8201A act like a calculator. It gives you addition, multiplication, subtraction and division, plus the ability to accept a string of 100 calculations, and allows you to edit it. A quick and dirty Basic program or a normal calculator are probably of more use to the average owner.
Text formatter. This is designed to make output to a printer look 'pretty'. You can define page size, margins, etc. It somehow contrives to split words unnaturally, duplicate others, screw up TABs and generally make an unprofessional job of things. It is better, however, than not bothering. I understand NEC in the USA has committed to publishing a formatter which
displays of performance are provided.
Linear forecaster. This one isn't bad. It accepts a sequence of historical data and forecasts values for future periods. Output is both numeric and in the form of very neat bar charts.
Loan evaluator. This calculates the missing variable of a loan given the other three. The four are principal, interest, repayment and period. Schedules may be displayed or printed. It's okay.
Schedule keeper. This has a built-in alarm which only goes off when this particular
search for diary entries, obtain calendars for any month of the current year and generally go the long way round what is normally a fairly simple operation.

Character definition. If you need to define graphics characters then this program is fine. It gives you a large clear matrix on which to construct your character and as

## 'Basic programs can be written in TEXT mode or in Basicitself. In factanice feature of the NEC is thatyou can switch between the two modes when developing a program.'

overcomes all these problems. Let's hope it turns up in the UK. Done properly, it would be a really useful facility.
Investment portfolio. This might be considered useful if it weren't for the fact that all investment details have to be entered as a series of DATA statements straight into the program. It allows you to keep track of up to 50 stocks or other investments using purchase price and current market data. Printouts or screen


The NEC-2021; 13cps thermal printer at $£ 85$
you go along it also displays the developing character actual size. Sets of graphics characters may be stored for future use. I liked this one.

Bank backup and file transfer between banks. If they work, I like them. I didn't actually have a go.

Bank accessor. This theoretically allows concurrent access to other banks. Since I had only half of bank 1 operational and the whole of bank 3 , this could explain why it wouldn't work for me.

Terminal mode seléctor. To save the trouble of redefining the communications characteristics of your various devices modem, printer, other computer, etc this program stores a file of devices and their characteristics. Simply run it before using the RS232 port. It works and it's useful if you need to communicate regularly with several devices.

Bar code reader. I didn't have one of these so this software remains untested. The idea of running amok in my local Sainsbury's with a NEC and a bar code wand does have a certain appeal. One day perhaps.

Music program. Why do people supply music programs for machines with piezo electric beepers? It's okay for the kids I suppose but largely irrelevant. This program lets you use the keyboard like a piano keyboard. It stores and plays back musical phrases you have concocted. It's not a bad approach really.

Tank game. My 12-year-old liked this one. I've got to take his word that it's good. I still don't understand the rules.

Snake game. I liked this one. My 12 -year-old son didn't, probably because he couldn't beat it. Neither could I but I did feel I got close at times.

Each program occupied between 4 k and 8 k of memory so I would be pretty selective about which ones, if any, you commit to one of your memory banks. It would be
Best Selling Computers delivered to your door.

* Discount Prices. * Free Securicor delivery. , ACCESSICHEQUE OR POSTAL ORDER.
ORIC 48K £134.00 inc. VAT.

Full $48 k$, excellent quality product, high resolution graphics.
SHARP MZ 700 £247.00 inc. VAT.



## Just launched

Japanese computer with proven reliability and power.
SEIKOSHA GP100A GP100VC PRINTERS.

```
tem
``` £199.00 inc. VAT.
Dot matrix, tractor feed.
Use.
\(\underset{\sim}{x}\)

To:- Micro Post,
P.O. Box 16 ,

Rugeiey,
Staffs.
Please send me:-
Item Price Total \(\square\) \(\boldsymbol{E}\) \(\qquad\)
enclose my cheque/postal order for \(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\)
or debit my Access card \(\square\)

Signature

Name

Address

\section*{NEC-8201 A}
nice to think that software authors will quickly wake up to the potential of this machine and get some independent products on the road. Sales and publicity will have to become more visible before this can happen. Apart from the formatter mentioned earlier, I don't know of any software offerings available or about to become available. If you simply want a notebook, a communicator and the ability to knock up, or get someone else to knock up, Basic programs then you're away. If you really need a spreadsheet then you're going to have to consider the vastly more expensive Grid Compass machine or wait for the relevant software to appear.

\section*{Documentation}

Three manuals were provided - User's Guide, N82 Basic Reference and Personal Applications Kit Guide. Each is clear and pretty thorough except when I wanted to get down to the real detailed technical stuff. I definitely needed some sort of technical reference manual to help me figure out my RS232 connection problems. And now I come to think about it, I had to tune my tape recorder in by guesswork. The manual didn't tell what to expect to appear on the screen if things were/weren't going well. In fact the name of the program appears if all is going well. Apart from these reservations, I'd say the manuals are fine.

\section*{Prices}

All prices exclude VAT.
\begin{tabular}{llr} 
& & \multicolumn{1}{c}{} \\
8201A & PC-8201A & 475 \\
8206A & RAM cartridge & 195 \\
8294A & Centronicscable & 20 \\
895AA-N & RS232cable-normal & 21 \\
8295A-R & RS232cable-reversed & 21 \\
8299A-6 & 6-pinBergcable & 4 \\
8299A-8 & 8-pin Bergcable & 4 \\
8281A & taperecorder & 58 \\
8221A & thermal printer & 85 \\
8201-06 & 8k RAM chip(fitted) & 59
\end{tabular}

The PC-8201A price includes a soft vinyl case, three manuals, applications cassette, batteries and cassette cable.

All items are available for delivery now.

\section*{Conclusions}

Well, the Japanese certainly did the right thing by pursuing CMOS and LCD technologies through their calculator activities. This machine brings together in one superb package the results of their endeavours. I can see a lot of busy people rushing out to buy one of these portable computers. They are the first truly supplementary computers we've seen. They can be used to great effect in conjunction with existing machines if you can get them

\section*{Benchmarks}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
BM1 & 2.6 \\
BM2 & 6.7 \\
BM3 & 17.3 \\
BM4 & 17.3 \\
BM5 & 18.5 \\
BM6 & 30.6 \\
BM7 & 46.9 \\
BM8 & 9.8 \\
& \\
All timings in seconds. An explanation of \\
the Benchmark programs is included in \\
this issue.
\end{tabular}
talking to each other. My feeling is that the NECcurrently offers much better value for money than the competition - it costs less, sports more memory and has the undeniable advantage of the RAM disks. If you are the sort of person who needs mobile computer power then you will see your productivity take a dramatic upward leap as a result of owning a portable computer. And at today's prices that must make the NEC PC-8201A a front-runner for your money.

\section*{Technical specifications}

CPU
RAM

\section*{ROM}

Display

Keyboard
External storage
I/O
Built-in Software

Applications

80 C 85 (CMOS 8085), 2.5 MHz
16 k expandable internally to 64 k
32 k plug in cartridges (RAM disks)
32 k expandable internally to 64 k
8 lines of 40 characters
\(64 \times 240\) pixels
\(191.2 \times 50.4 \mathrm{~mm}\) LCD
67 keys, including five function keys (give 10 functions) and four cursor keys. Graphics character access via GRPH key.
RAM disks (see above), Cassette ( 600 baud)
Centronics, RS232, Cassette, H-P Bar code, 8 -pin and 6 -pin Berg sockets (like the new telephone sockets)
N82 basic
TEXT - simple but good wordprocesor
TELCOM - drives communications through the RS232 port Calculator
Print formatter
Investment portfolio
Linear forecaster
Loan evaluator
Schedule keeper
Character definer
Memory bank backup
Inter bank file transfer
Bank accessor
Terminal mode accessor
Bar code reader
Music
Tank game
Snake game

'Themicrocomputer's perfectly portable-I just wish Icould say the same for the programmer.


\title{
CHECK YOUR DIGITS
}

The problems of accurate data entry were highlighted recently by the Korean airlinertragedy: one theory entertained by investigators was that the pilot inp ut the wrong coordinates to his navigation computer. Here Michael Grose explains how check digitsplay a part in our everyday lives and provides you with a Modulus 11 Check Digit Calculator to type in and run.

In the early days of automation a South African bookseller is said to have sent an order to an American publisher for one copy of a book to be delivered direct to his customer quoting order number 1819. In due course the customer was rather taken aback to find on his doorstep thirty two mailbags containing 1819 copies of the book quoting order number 1 . Numeric references are convenient for data entry and processing but they have the big disadvantage that, lacking the redundancy of natural language, they are less meaningful than words to most people

As a result some modern systems use alphabetic reference codes. A notable nursery's catalogue has, for example:
LILIUM pardalinum giganteum LIPGIG regale

LIREGA tigrinum fortunei

LITFOR
where the derivation of the reference from the name is obvious, and therefore carries more meaning to everyone who has to deal with it than, for instance
C208510036.
But numbers remain convenient for data entry: a calculator-style keypad is faster than a keyboard and leaves the left hand free to manipulate the input documents. The normal practice, therefore, is to add a check digit to the reference number, which will detect almost, but not quite, all mistranscriptions or miskeyings. There are many check digit schemes, but they all share the general principle of a digit by digit calculation on the base number giving a single-digit result which is appended to the original number. If a digit is altered or transposed then the result of the calculation, and hence the check digit, changes. It is thus a smaller analogue of checksum calculations on whole messages.

An illustration of the use of check digits, which can be based on published information and thus does not compromise the security of anyone's financial transactions, is the ISBN (International Standard Book Number) which is printed in practically every book these days. Its relative, the International Standard Serial Number, is carried by many magazines (but not \(P C W\) ). This began over 15 years ago when WH Smith was planning its new computercontrolled warehouse in Swindon and required a unique identifier for every item that passed through it. At the same time some publishers were beginning to adopt various numbering schemes for their own titles to help with their own systems. In the event a trade-wide agreement on a ninedigit Standard Book Number was reached. It was to have three parts: a publisher prefix, a title number, and a check digit.

The prefix and the title number were both of variable length within the overall limit of eight digits and this solved the problem that some publishers are much more prolific than others. The nineteen largest were given prefixes 00 to 19 (with HMSO taking two, 10 and 11). This allowed them up to a million titles each. The next group had three-digit prefixes, 200 to 699 , with room for 100,000 titles; four-digit prefixes were 7000 to 8499 , down to seven-digit prefixes from 9500000 onwards for very occasional publishers with space for only 10 titles each
The check diǵit is calculated modulus 11 . That is to say that each of the eight digits of the base number is given a weighting:
digit: \(12345678 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{d}\)
weight: 98765432 (1)
When each digit is multiplied by its weight the sum of the products, including the check digit, whose weight is 1 , is exactly divisible by 11 in a valid number. Thus the check digit is calculated by summing the products of the eight digits of the base, dividing by 11 and subtracting the remainder, if greater than 0 , from 11 . This immediately leads to a problem: the check digit must be a single digit if the number is to be nine digits long, yet one in every eleven numbers will have a remainder of 1
and a check digit of 10 . The answer (this was in the days before hex) was to use the letter X, the Roman numeral for 10 , and this solves the problem at the cost of some inconvenience in programming, and a stretch to a different part of the keyboard for the one number in eleven that has an \(\mathbf{X}\).
The current ISBN scheme is an extension of this. An extra digit, weight 10 , is added at the front to indicate the origin. Thus all ISBNs have 10 digits, and French ones begin with a 2 , German with a 3 , while Anglo-American ones now begin with a zero, the only digit which could have been added to an existing SBN without affecting its check digit.
In practice the same routine can be used both to calculate a check digit for the first time and to validate a number which already has one by comparing the result of a fresh calculation on the base number with the check digit as given. If the two do not match then there has been an error, and the ISBN scheme is said to 'detect virtually all transposition errors, and transcription errors involving the use of a completely erroneous digit. Detection of entirely random error is well above 90 per cent.' Other weights are possible and produce different results. There are of course many possible routines, but the one presented
```

10 REM [CHECK DIGITS] Version 1.0 of 27.viii.83
20 OPEN\#0,0,"L": REM Set 80-column screen * clear it
30 ?:?:?:?:?:?TAB(30):"C H E C K D I G I T S":?:?:?
40 ?"This program provides an example of how a general check digit subroutine ma
40 ?"This program provides an example of how a general check digit subroutine ma
50 ?"be used in a variety of check
60 ?" of a number to reset.":?:?:?
100 INPUT("Enter 1 for ISBN type number, 2 for C20 type number, 3 to stop: ") OP
110 IF OP=1 THEN FC=1; WE\$="X98765432": GOTO 150
120 IF OP=2 THEN FC=2; WE $=*078463521": GOTO 150
130 IF OP =3 THEN 900
140 GOTO 100
150 INPuT("Enter 1 to assign c/d, 2 to validate number, 3 to reset : ") Op
160 IF OP<1 OR OP>3 THEN }15
170 ON OP GOTO 210,310,100
200 REM Assign check digit
210 INPUT("Enter length of Base Number (up to g digits) : ")N
220 IF N<1 OR N>9 THEN 210
230 WE$=RIGHT (WE\&,N)
240 ?"Efiter a";N;"digit number";: INPUT(" : ")TE$; IF TE$="*" GOTO 150
250 IF LEN(TE\&) ()N THEN 240
260 GOSUS 1000: if C[$=CHR$(255) ?"Error": GOTO 240
260 GOSU8 1000: IF CL$=CHR$(255) ?"Error": GOTO 240
270 ?"Number with check digit = ";TE\$;CD*: GOTO 240
300 REM Validate Number with check digit
310 INPUT("Enter length of Number (up to 10 digits) : ")N
320 IF N(1 OR N>10 THEN 310
330 WE = =RIGHT $(WE$,N-1)
340 ?"Enter a";N;"digit number"; :INPUT(" % ")OF\#: IF OP$="#" GOTO 150
350 IF LEN(OP$) (SN THEN 340
360 TE*=LEFT (OF$,N-1)
370 GOSUB 1000: IF CO$=CHR$(255) ?"Non-numeric characters present": GOTO 340
380 IF CO&=RIGHT$(OP$,1) ?"Valid": GOTO 340
390 ?"Inualid. C/D for ";TES;" is "CD$: GOTO 340
900 END
2000 REM [CALCULATE CHECK DIGIT]
1010 IF NUH(MID$(TE$,FC)) = 0 THEN CO\$ = CHR$(255): RETURN: REM Error check
l}1020\mathrm{ IF NU\(MID*(TE*,FC)) =
1020 SU = 0
1030 FOR I=FC TO LEN(TE$)

```

```

1050 SU = SU + VAL(MIDE(WE$,I,1)) * UAL(MID$(TE*,I,1))
1060 HEXT 1
1070 RE = (SU/11-INT(SU/11)) * 111 IF RE = 0 THEN CD = "0*: RETURN
1080 CD = 11-RE: IF CD > 9 THEN CD = "X": RETURN
1090 CO* = CHR\$(CD+48): RETURN: REM [END CALCULATE CHECK-DIGIT]

```

here has the advantage of generality: it can be used for various modulus 11 schemes just by varying the weights.

On entry it expects:
1: the base number as a string of digits in TE\$ (or Test String);
2: the weights to be applied to each digit as a second string of digits \((+\times\) for 10\()\) in WE\$ (Weight String); and
3: the position of the first significant digit in FC (First Character). This allows for the use of an alphabetic prefix as in C208510036 quoted above. If this is done the WE\$ must have a weight for each skippedcharacter to këep the two strings in
line even though they are not used in the calculation.

On exit CD\$ (Check Digit String) contains the check digit, which can then either be added to the base number or compared with the existing check digit.

The internal variables are:
SU for the sum of the products,
RE for the remainder,
CD for the value of the check digit,

\section*{I as the loop counter}

The subroutine itself at 1000 to 1090 is relatively compact, but is embedded here in a program which shows how it can be used to calculate or verify a check digit
using a variety of weights by varying the input to the routine alone. The Basic used is NewBrain Basic. The main incompatibilities with other dialects, apart from the punctuation of input statements, will be the optional test for non-numeric input in 1010 , and the setting of an 80 -column screen in the main program at 20 . The screen width is not vital to the running of the program, but aesthetic considerations would suggest a rearrangement of some of the prompts if the screen were much narrower.

\title{
LEARNING WITHLOGO
}

With the increasing use of computers in education, the children of the 80s are being used to challenge the validity of conventional learning methods. The high-level computer programming language, Logo, pioneered and developed by Professor Seymour Papert, encourages children to use all their faculties to the full and to overcome the traditional animosity towards scientific subjects. Surya investigates.

Logo is well-known in the primary education field as a programming language for children, and versions of the language exist or are promised shortly for most popular home machines. Most people who are not directly involved in working with the language think of Logo as consisting solely of 'turtle graphics'. As I was to discover at the first annual conference of the British Logo User Group (BLUG), Logo has come a long way in recent months.

\section*{Background}

Logo grew out of research into artificial intelligence at MIT in the 1960s. Its origins are well documented and, like Dick Olney in his Logo feature in the June issue of \(P C W\), I recommend anyone with even a passing interest in the language to read Seymour Papert's book Mindstorms: children, computers and powerful ideas.

Logo began life as a very simple language to control the movements of a mechanical robot, christened a 'turtle' because of its size and shape. These instructions took the form 'FORWARD 10, RIGHT 90, BACKWARD 5', and so on. The sequence of instructions would move the turtle ten lengths forward, rotate it 90 degrees and then move it back five lengths. The turtle also contained a pen which could be raised and lowered under program control using the commands PEN-UP and PEN-DOWN. By placing the turtle on a large sheet of paper, it could be used to draw shapes and patterns by issuing the appropriate series of commands - in other words, by writing a Logo program.
As visual display units fell in price, 'screen turtles' became practical. Instead of using a mechanical robot to draw pictures on paper, a dot could be moved about to create pictures on the screen. This is rather more abstract than the mechanical turtle, but most children find the transition an easy one, and the screen turtle has a number of advantages.

Firstly, it doesn't require the kind of setting up that a mechanical device demands.
Secondly, attractive as robots are where children are concerned, mechanical devices are somewhat more prone to break down than electronic equipment.
Thirdly, and most importantly, the screen turtle opens up possibilities that would be difficult (multiple turtles, for example) or impossible (threedimensional movement) using a mechanical beast. The mechanical turtle still has its place, however, as an introduction to the language and with children who find the screen turtle difficult to relate to
In the early days, screen resolutions
were low. This placed limits on what could be done with the language, but the graphics facilities of today's machines are a different matter. Sprites, particularly, offer some exciting possibilities, and this is a subject I'll return to later.
Logo has an obvious appeal to children. It operates in the 'real world': children can see and touch the turtle. To plan or debug ax Logo program, children can either draw their design on paper or 'play turtle' - act out the role of the turtle themselves, moving and turning according to the instructions they are giving the turtle. The result is something concrete; some very attractive pictures and designs can be drawn using Logo. The language encourages imaginative ideas. Children are rarely deterred by the complexity of a task as easily as most adults are: they have an idea and concentrate on it until they get what they want. And, of course, Logo is a lot of fun!

\section*{Language}

Logo is very much more than a picturedrawing program to amuse kids for a little while. There are very simple programs available which describe themselves as versions of Logo but offer little more than the ability to draw pretty pictures on the screen. These do a great disservice to the language.

As with any other programming language, there is a seemingly endless number of dialects from which to choose. And, as with Basic, most of the variations are pretty meaningless, and could easily have been avoided if different companies had only talked to each other before coding up their respective implementations. Commercial considerations, unfortunately, make this type of dialogue difficult. Anything which describes itself as a full implementation of Logo should, however, offer variables and arithmetic functions, repeat loops (equivalent to the Basic FOR-NEXT), conditional loops (similar to WHILE-WEND), true procedures and Lisp-style list-processing facilities. The description given below is not based on any particular implementation but simply sets out to give a taste of the language. Most of the versions being released at present appear to be broadly similar given the machine differences.
The use of variables is as per most languages. Meaningful variable names can
be used, and variables can be either local or global. Arithmetic functions are written in Polish Notation. The basic expression 'LET A = B + C' would become 'MAKE'A ADD :B :C,' for example. Forth programmers, who work in Reverse Polish Notation (see PCW November - 'Maths at a' Pass'), will have little difficulty in adapting to Logo; for those of us who were brought up on a strictly kosher diet of Basic, however, a lot of habits have to be unlearnt.
Counter-controlled repeat loops usually take the form 'REPEAT 360 [FORWARD 1 RIGHT 1],' everything within the square brackets being repeated the specified number of times. This line of code, incidentally, draws a circle; Basic programmers take note! The Logo code is simple, short and eminently readable. Think what an equivalent piece of code would look like in your average dialect of Basic!
Conditional loops generally work in an identical fashion to WHILE-WEND, except that the WEND is usually implied by the structure of the statement rather than explicitly stated.

Atari Logo offers an additional statement 'WHEN'. This works in a similar fashion to the Basic 'ONERROR', but can detect any given condition rather than just errors. You could, for example, have a statement 'WHEN NOT EQUALQ KEYQ 0 THEN STOP'. This statement would, in Basic, look something like 'WHEN INKEY\$<>0 THEN END' and would instruct the program to stop execution as soon as a key is pressed. This allows the same conditional test to be made continually throughout a program rather than repeatedly accessing a procedure everytime you want to make the test.
Procedures may be defined at any point, and can be called recursively. The statement 'BUILD HOUSE' ('TO HOUSE' in most dialects) means that you want to build, or define, a procedure called HOUSE. You will be placed into the define mode, and can write the procedure.

Logo actively encourages 'top-down' programming, the idea behind which is that the initial problem is broken down into a number of smaller problems which are in turn broken down into smaller problems . . . until finally each component part of the problem is solved. When the component procedures are strung together, the whole problem is solved.
> 'As the language does not judge - nothing the child can do islabelledas" wrong"ora"mistake"-children are not afraid to experiment.'


To take the example of a simple database, the top level procedures might look something like:
DATABASE
INITIALISE-VARIABLES
OFFER-INSTRUCTIONS PRESENT-MENU
CREATE-NEW-FILE
ACCESS-EXISTING-FILE
END-PROGRAM
Each of these procedures is then broken
down into more detail. Thus ACCESS EXISTING-FILE might be broken down into:-

\section*{PRESENT-EXISTING-FILE-MENU}

\section*{SEARCH-FILE}

ADD-DATA-TO-FILE
DELETE-DATA-FROM-FILE EXIT-EXISTING-FILE PROCEDURE
and so on. Each level is logical and readable, and you only begin coding the
core routines when you have worked out exactly how the program is structured

\section*{List processing}

List processing is the name given to an approach to language design. Languages which take this approach include Lisp (LISt Processing), Prolog (PROgramming in LOGic) and Logo.

List processing languages take as their

\section*{LEARNING WITHLOGO}
starting point that any set of data - be it names and addresses, statistical tables, mathematical coordinates or whatever can be represented as a list. The definition of a list, in computing terms, is a set of one or more data items. Given that computers exist for the purposes of processing sets of data, any programming application can be tackled in terms of processing lists.
A striking illustration of the power of the list processing approach to programming was given through the list processing workshop which followed the conference itself. Around thirty people, most of whom (including myself) had little or no experience of list processing, worked in groups of three to produce versions of 'Eliza' - the famous conversational program - after perhaps a couple of hours' instruction in the language. Our team's effort - a joint venture by PCW and Practical Computing (whatever that is) - was not exactly elegant, but it did work. Not only would it have been unimaginable to produce a version of Eliza in Basic after only two hours' experience of the language, but our Logo code amounted to no more than about 25 lines.
Lists are similar to Basic arrays, but are much more flexible and - since they are an integral part of the language - donot have to be dimensioned or explicitly defined. Lists can be easily and logically added to, subtracted, evaluated or recorded as required. \(P C W\) will be covering this subject in more detail in a future issue

\section*{Philosophy}

With the ongoing - often heated discussions about the relative merits of different computer languages, it's fashionable to talk about a language in terms of its overall philosophy as well as its features. While any language has its own approach to problem-solving, Logo was developed with a very clear educational philosophy in mind.
This philosophy has as its basis the belief that education should take the natural curiosity of the child as its starting point. Traditional education tends to place a greater emphasis on the learning of facts than on developing true understanding. This view is, of course, an oversimplification and one which many educationalists would dispute, but we have only to look at our method for establishing the success of an individual's education - the examination - to see where our priorities lie
To illustrate this point, Seymour told of a little experiment he had conducted at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology which has an international reputation for producing top-quality science graduates, particularly in the fields of mathematics and the physical sciences. Given a formula and some figures, they will produce an answer to the 'nth' decimal place. Yet presented with a simple exercise requiring
understanding rather than rote application, a surprising number of students failed.

The exercise involved a pendulum swinging backwards and forwards. The students were asked what would happen if the rope were cut while the pendulum was in motion. A disturbing number of students stated that the pendulum would fall directly downwards. In this view, they were making the same mistake as young children often make with the old puzzle about swinging a ball around their head: if the rope were cut, in which direction would the ball fly off?

Although the students had all the technical skills involved in manipulating known formulae, they appeared to have very little understanding of the physical laws behind the formulae. Seymour argues that this is as a direct result of the way in which such laws are taught.

Taking the example of Newton's laws of motion, these are usually introduced entirely out of the blue. Although the teacher may try to demonstrate the way in which the laws of motion are applied to practical problems, the pupils do not have any concept of what a 'law of motion' is. Why should motion be governed by laws? The subject is a difficult one to grasp since (a) we have no way of physically simulating a friction-free environment, and (b) we live in a Newtonian world and take it too much for granted to take an objective view.

Logo helps us on both counts. Firstly, we can easily simulate a friction-free environment using the screen turtle, and secondly, we can use Logo to experiment with an unlimited variety of laws of motion. If pupils are introduced to these different 'microworlds' from a very young age, Newtonian motion becomes a natural progression rather than a step into the unknown. The specific laws may or may not be new to the child, but the concept of law of motion is already a part of the child's experience.
Using Logo to create both Newtonian and non-Newtonian universes is an application greatly simplified by the availability of sprites. Sprites are userdefinable graphics characters which can be given a bearing, speed, start and end position and then left to take care of themselves. The micro is left to worry about how the sprite gets from \(A\) to \(B\) while the user program continues merrily on its way. Atari Logo also supports 'collisiondetection' where more than one sprite appears on the screen at one time
Where a machine has 'sprite capability', it makes sense to allow access to sprites through Logo. Both Atari and TI Logo use the machine's sprites, and other implementations are likely to simulate sprites as these become more popular

Seymour stresses that if the learning process is to develop true understanding, it must be open-ended. That is to say, the child must be free to experiment with the environment provided by the language rather than being given set goals to achieve. It's all very well saying to a child: 'Work out how to draw an equilateral triangle', but here you are coming back to
the goal-oriented approach. Saying to a child: 'Here is a computer. Here's a list of the words the computer understands' may not appear particularly constructive to traditionalists, but the child is likely to get far more from the experience because they are free to follow their own instinctive curiosity.
As the language does not judge nothing the child can do is labelled as 'wrong' or a 'mistake' - children are not afraid to experiment. An indication of the freedom which children feel to experiment without fear of mistakes is given by a quote from a pupil using Logo: 'It's quite funny when something goes wrong.' A stark contrast to the usual situation where children will only volunteer an answer if they feel confident they have it 'right.' Pupils will happily launch themselves into complex and ambitious tasks, and if they don't achieve what they set out to do, they'll have learnt plenty along the way. This is a prime argument for the openended approach; children will be trying to do one thing, get sidetracked by a new discovery which then leads them onto something else, and so on. The original aim may be quickly forgotten, but the fascination and learning process continues.
Logo reflects an age-old truth which educational psychologists have only recently discovered, or at least acted on. Children - like adults - learn more quickly and deeply when they are enjoying themselves. A child who is busily drawing a Christmas tree or a map of Europe (and I haven't just made up these examples) will discover all kinds of things about geometry, Logo and mathematics that they would have found uninteresting if presented in a traditional form.

It is not easy to bring this kind of philosophy into schools. Even in primary schools, the pressure of examinations distinct though it may be-is evident in all kinds of subtle forms. Deborah Booth, a middle school teacher and member of a pilot scheme investigating the use of Logo in schools, talked of the pressures on teachers to 'show results'. One of the implications of using Logo in an openended way is that the pupils may not commit anything to paper. Deborah described the situation she found herself in during the early use of Logo, where her class didn't write down anything, but committed their procedures either to disk or to memory. The only tangible output she had to show her Head weregreat sheets of half-completed drawings which their owners wouldn't allow anyone to touch, fold or roll until they were completed! This does illustrate the appeal which Logo holds for children: primary children very rarely guard their work with such jealousy!

Deborah Booth described the difficulty she had in deciding how much help and information to give her class. When did supplying necessary information become directive teaching? In the end, she pinpointed three situations where she felt that the teacher should intervene. These are as follows
(i) Where a child asks 'how . . .?'

By the time a child is asking 'How do I
make it do this?' it has already worked out what it wants to do and merely needs technical information. A typical example is where a pupil realises that it is merely representing the same instruction or sequence of instructions two or more times and asks the teacher 'How do I tell it to do this twice?' It is then appropriate for the teacher to explain about REPEAT loops.
(2) To introduce new ideas.

This is a more difficult area. The example which Deborah used was of a shape composed of three overlapping triangles. She suggested that her class try to draw the shape in the hope that they would realize that it could be drawn very easily using three triangles. This was, in fact, spotted.

The difficulty comes in deciding when the children are ready for a particular idea. New concepts should never be forced, since the child may lose interest unless they can see the relevance of the idea to whatever they are working on at the time. On the other hand, someone may be held back through the lack of a straightforward concept. Like so many areas in teaching, much of this comes down to commonsense and good judgment on the part of the teacher.

\section*{(3) To present a challenge.}

If a child is easily meeting set tasks, some kind of stimulus may be needed in order to move on. In this situation, the teacher may offer the child a challenge such as 'How do you think a spiral would be drawn?' Here it is important not to present the challenge as an assignment which the child must complete, but simply as an idea which the child may like to think about. Presenting new ideas like this will very often lead children off into trains of thought of their own which integrate the new idea with other things on which they are already working.

Two other points which arose for Deborah were: Should children work together in groups, and - if so - should the groups be of the same or mixed ability?

On the first point, she decided that small groups were the best arrangement. This was partly for purely practical reasons - it gave each pupil more time on the computer - but also to facilitate group discussion. Any programmer, professional or hobbyist, knows the value of a second pair of eyes when it comes to sorting out a particularly tricky problem. Programming in general and Logo in particular are as much about thinking laterally as logically, and it is for this reason that working in groups is so valuable.

Group discussions were spontaneous and urgent. Any primary school teacher will tell you how difficult it is to start artificially a group discussion. This is indicative of another of the benefits of Logo; that it teaches covertly as well as overtly. Besides learning about programming and problem-solving, pupils also learn how to put across a point of view, keyboard skills and many other peripheral activities. In fact, given the current interest in 'life skills', the social aspect of Logo is probably of as much value as its more academic angle.

\section*{This philosophy has as its basis the beliefthateducation should take the natural curiosity of the child as its starting point.'}

On the second point, and to my surprise, Deborah decided to place children in groups of roughly similar ability, bearing in mind that ability in using Logo may not be related to ability in other areas. I say "to my surprise' since I had always seen Logo as being used in mixed groups decided by the children. This has the advantage that faster children will help slower ones, and also allows for the fact that an apparently slow child may surprise with sudden insights.

In practice, Deborah found that in mixed-ability groups, the slower children got left behind as the faster ones shot off to follow their latest weird and wonderful inspiration.

Initially, Deborah had been setting up the system ready for use before the class arrived. She decided at an early stage that this was a mistake since it retained an aura of mystique around the computer. It was either all set up and running Logo or it was switched off in a corner. Once they had had the setting up procedure written down for them, the class of children was perfectly capable of switching on and booting up Logo itself. The children handled the disks with almost absurd care, in the full knowledge that it contained their valuable procedures.

Not everybody agrees with the openended use of the language. The 'Edinburgh school', members of the Logo project at the Artificial Intelligence department of Edinburgh University, tend to present Logo in a more traditional fashion with workbooks and specific projects for pupils to tackle. At present, it seems that this approach may win through in British schools. I will be disappointed if this turns out to be the case, since I feel that the structured approach limits creativity and does the language a great injustice. Time will tell.

\section*{The future}

Perhaps the main reason that I wanted to attend the Logo conference was to get an idea of the directions in which Logo is now heading. Although a devoted convert (as you've probably gathered by now!), I did wonder whether the language could continue to grow and develop. I was pleasantly surprised, firstly, by the complexity of list processing facilities offered, secondly, by the possibilities opened up by sprites, and thirdly, by Professor Seymour Papert's talk on likely future developments.

Seymour's main proposition was that Logo is simply a general control language. Logo is intended to manipulate what he describes as 'microworlds'. Microworlds include mechanical - and screen - turtles and sprites, but can include an infinite variety of other environments. The 'dyna-turtle'-is one, using a Logo buggy to read bar-codes which are then turned into musical notes (!) is another. Logo is limited
only by our imagination!
Seymour feels that, although it is interesting to see more and more powerful versions of the language develop, it is in the development of new microworlds that the future of Logo lies.

A prediction I will make is that right now one or morế companies are working on a micro supporting Logo as the standard high-level language in ROM. We're already seeing implementations of Logo on some high-powered machines including Waterloo Logo and Dr Logo for the IBM PC. Given that everybody agrees that Basic's days are numbered ('Communications' page, stand by!), it seems a natural development for Logo to step in to fill at least part of the gap.
Seymour talked about part of the appeal of Logo being in 'learning as a subversive activity'. If children feel they are not being given the whole story, their desire to learn about it is very much greater. He illustrated this point with a lovely anecdote about a group of first-graders in an American school.
The teachers in this particular school had got together and decided that compass bearings were too complicated for firstgraders and should not be introduced until later. Accordingly, they only told their class about the commands forward, backward, left and right.
This worked fine, until the first-graders noticed that teachers and older pupils would draw lines of varying angles by inserting various numbers into their programs. They didn't know what these numbers were, but they did realize that they were not supposed to know about them. In consequence, a number of sorties were organised to interrogate thirdformers about the mysterious numbers.

Amid much confusion and whispered discussions, an excited first-grader finally hit upon the solution! The numbers were a code for directions! All they had to do was to crack the code. The entire class spent a month working on cracking this code, all without the teachers knowing anything about it. Eventually, they had it prettymuch worked out and were able to use the 'code' in their own programs!
Toquote Seymour Papert: ‘People often accuse me of over-estimating the ability of children to understand. That is not so. Children are capable of far more than I everimagine.

For details offuture British Logo User Group events, copies of the BLUG newsletter ormembership details, please contact Pam Valley at the address below. BLUG welcomes new members, whatever theirinterestin Logo, be they educationalists, hobbyists or people working in the micro industry. The address forenquiries is: Pam Valley, BLUG, 26 Tithby Road, Bingham, Notts NG138GN.

\title{
Mाव:०荨 CHESSTOURNAMENT
}

Tony Harrington presents an analysis of play at thePCW 4th European Microcomputer Chess Tournament.

No writs were issued. There were no acrimonious exchanges and a good time was had by all. The 1983 PCW 4th European Chess Tournament provedonce more that computer chess tournaments, even with commercial suppliers involved, can be great. The Tournament was a nine round Swiss event, held as part of the \(P C W\) Show from 28 Sepember to 2 October at the Barbican, London. For those of you who don't know what a Swiss tournament entails, it is a clever arrangement which ensures that if you keep winning, the going gets harder round by round. If you lose, and keep losing, it gets easier and easier to win a game. Play was at the rate of three minutes a move, and unfinished games were adjudicated after five hours play.

If ever there was a tournament that asked a lot of its participants, this was it. The Barbican Exhibition Halls have their power shut off at 7 pm , so to complete two rounds a day play had to start at 8.30 am every morning. A very long day for all concerned.

Fortunately, five hours play turned out to be quite sufficient and very few games had to be adjudicated. Dr John Nunn, Britain's leading grandmaster, took charge of this department, so there were no disputes about the adjudicator's verdict!

There is always something fascinating about the first round of a Swiss tournament. Nobody, or in this case, no machine, has yet disgraced itself, no blunders have been committed, no brilliancies executed. That relentless separation of the best from the worst still lies ahead.

The rough plan for the first round pairings adopted by Peter Morrish, who controlled the pairings for each round, was to divide the field into groups of four, based largely on guesswork as to the likely playing strengths of the various programs. Machines in the topgroup were then drawn randomly against machines in the lowest group and the middle groups were paired off against each other.

We started the first round with twelve programs present out of an expected fourteen. SciSys had hoped to have a working prototype of its Superchess from Hong Kong in time for the Tournament, but various things intervened and a phone call half way through the first round made it clear that it would not be entering.
This should have left an odd number for the first round draw, but Artic Computing had got itself into a muddle and thought that the Tournament began on Thursday instead of Wednesday. Since play started at 8.30 am , when Artic's stand at the show,
in common with nearly all the exhibitors stands, was bare of a living soul, the problem of odd numbers didn't make itself felt till the second round. Fortunately, since the second round started at 2 pm when all the exhibitors were at their stands, we were able to tell Artic that it had missed the first round and had better look sharpish if it didn't intend to miss the next.
The presence of Artic, however, made the odd number of entrants a problem. Rather than give one of the programs a bye each round, we looked for a 'default' machine. The distributors of both Novag and Conchess had display stands in the Tournament are a so there was no shortage of an extra machine to be coaxed in with the promise of a free entry
Novag was already in the Tournament with Constellation, and Conchess had decided not to enter because its latest openings book cartridge was not yet available. But Intelligent Software had a very interesting new auto-response board on display on the Novag stand, called Chess 2001.

A modified version of this program was already in the Tournament, running on a Sirius computer in the 'home computer' category. How would the unmodified program, running on the machine it was designed to serve, perform? David Levy leapt at the chance of having yet another of his 'offspring' in the Tournament and Chess 2001 accordingly came in to even up the numbers.
The line up of programs at the start of the Tournament (or at least, by the start of the second round) was as follows:
Advance 3.0, by David Wilson and Mike Johnson (amateur), running on a bit-slice machine; Colossus, by Martin Bryant (amateur), running on an Apple; Caesar, by John Lowe (amateur), running on a Tandy Radioshack; Chessnut 2, by Geoff Bulmer (amateur), running on a modified Acorn; Merlin X, by Jeff Rollason (amateur), running on a Nascom 2; Albatross, by Mike Parker (amateur), running on a Nascom 1; Mephisto Experimental (commercial); Constellation, by Novag (commercial); Chess 2001 (commercial); Spectrum Chess II, by Artic Computing (home computer), Spectrum; Cyrus I.S. Chess, by Sinclair Research/ Intelligent Software (home computer), Spectrum; Cyrus Dragon, by Dragon Data/Intelligent Software (home computer), Dragon; White Knight 11, by BBC Publications/Martin Bryant, BBC; Cyrus \(2 \cdot 5\), by Intelligent Software, Sirius with Z80 card.

The draw for the first round looked unlikely to produce anything dramatic. Many of the machines present were unknown quantities, and the clashes everyone wanted to see were scheduled for later rounds. The pairings were as follows:

\section*{Draw and results for Round One}
(1) Advance \(3 \cdot 0\)
(1) Colossus
(0) Caesar
(1) Cyrus \(2 \cdot 5\)
(1) Albatross
vs
(1) White Knight 11

CyrusI.S. Chess
Mephisto Experimental

\section*{Constellation}

MerlinX
Cyrus Dragon
Chessnut 2
1/2) bye awarded to Spectrum Chess 2001.
The game that, on paper, looked as if it would be the most interesting was that played by the Mephisto Experimental. This machine has had a great deal of work putinto it in an attempt to move away from brute force analysis into more selective, 'intuitive' evaluations. Unfortunately, as this first round and the rest of the Tournament showed, there are still a few bugs to be ironed out.
Martin Bryant's Colossus is a successor to his White Knight Mk. 10 program which won the prize for the second best amateur program in last year's Tournament. So it could be expected to put up a good struggle. On the day, though, it began with what can only be described as extreme caution. The opening moves were:
1 Nc 3 d 5
2 e3 Nf6
3 d4 Bg4
4 Be 2 BxB
5 KNxB Nc6
6 O-O e6
As these first few moves made plain, this was not going to be a memorable game. White began with all the aggressive enthusiasm of a dumpling, and Black's reaction was somewhat mindless. The full game score will appear in the games section at a later date. Suffice it to say here that although the postion livened up a little, Mephisto lost is way in a relatively simple position and threw away the game.

The game between Novag and John Lowe's program, Caesar, was a Guioco Piano in which Caesar, as White, gave up the customary pawn for superior piece play that never happened. An ill-advised romp after pawns by the White King in the end
game turned out to be suicidal and the Constellation found itself with an easy win. Advance 3.0 was always going to be too strong for the Spectrum version of Cyrus.

\section*{Draw and results for Round Two}
(1)
(0) White Knight
(1)
(1) Constellation
(1) (0) Albatross
(1/2) (1) Chess 2001
(0) (1) Mephisto
(0) (1) Merlin
(0) (1) Cyrus I.S. Chess

\section*{Advance 3.0 \\ Colossus}
(1) (1)
(1) \((0)\)
(1) (1)
(1/2) (0)
(0) (0)
(0) (0)
(0) (0)

Spectrum Chess
Caesar
Cyrus Dragon
Chessnut
(The cumulative score achieved so far is the first bracketed number. The second is the result of that match.)

Mephisto and Constellation found themselves playing the other's opponent of the morning. Both won reasonably convincingly. Advance 3.0, pitted once again against a home computer program, found the going pleasant enough.

This round saw the first game by Chess 2001, drawn against Artic's Spectrum Chess II. You can see the full game, with annotations by John Nunn in the games section next month. The Spectrum program seemed to take the maxim that the king is a fighting piece a little too much to heart in this game. The thing that amused the spectators though, in Nunn's standingroom only demonstration of the game during the Show, was the way Chess 2001 appeared to realise that Black had gone into self destruct.

It had been trying to win through on the queenside when the Black monarch began its lone advance. It promptly stopped all operations and shuffled its king and rook about while it awaited developments. 'At this point white seems to have decided that it need do absolutely nothing since black is doing it all for him,' Nunn remarked.

Draw and results for Round Three
(2) (0) Advance 3.0
(2) \((1 / 2)\) Cyrus 2.5
(1) (0) MerlinX
(1) \((1 / 2)\) Colossus
(1) (1) Cyrus I.S.
(0) (0) Chessnut
(0) (0) Cyrus Dragon
\begin{tabular}{lcl} 
Constellation & \((2)(1)\) \\
Chess 2001 & \((11 / 2)(1 / 2)\) \\
Mephisto & \((1)(1)\) \\
White Knight & \((1)(1 / 2)\) \\
Albatross & \((1)\) & \((0)\) \\
Caesar & \((0)\) & \((1)\) \\
Spectrum Chess & \((1 / 2)\) & \((1)\)
\end{tabular}

Spectrum Chess
( \(1 / 2\) ) (1)
Mike Parker's program, Albatross, which finished the Tournament with one and a half points - much to its author's delight - turned out to be vulnerable to spectators. Someone took a flashlight photo rather too close to it and the Nascom 1, on which the Albatross was running, promptly had a seizure. This prompted cries of 'Don't shoot the Albatross' for the next seven rounds whenever anyone with a
camera appeared on the scene.
The real shock of this round, however, was the loss - the only one it suffered during the Tournament - of Advance 3.0 to the Constellation. Again, this will appear in a later games section.

Draw and results for Round Four
(3) (0) Constellation
(2) (0) Chess 2001
(2) (1/2) Mephisto
(11/2) (1/2) Spectrum Chess
(1) \((1 / 2)\) Caesar
(1) (0) Albatross
(0) (0) Chessnut

\section*{Cyrus 2.5}

Advance 3.0
Cyrus I.S.
White Knight
Colossus
Merlin X
(21/2) (1)
(2) \((1 / 2)\) ( \(11 / 2\) ) \((1 / 2)\)

CyrusDragon
(0) (1)

A glance at the progressive scores will show that Cyrus Dragon is falling behind its stable-mates. The reason is that in the 8 k allocated to the program, there was no space to build a proper time control function, so it either played too quickly or lost on time. The program itself, for those of you with Dragons, plays a reasonable game when it doesn't have to worry about time.

Draw and results for the Fifth Round
(3) (1) Advance 3.0
(21/2) (1) CyrusI.S.
(2) (1) White Knight
(2) (0) Spectrum Chess
(2) (0) Merlin
(1) (0) Cyrus Dragon
(0) (1/2) Chessnut

Cyrus 2.5
Constellation
Mephisto
Caesar
Chess 2001
Colossus
Albatross
(1) (1/2)

One of the best games of the Tournament occurred in this round, between Advance and Cyrus 2.5. It is given in full with annotations by John Nunn in the games section.
The home computer programs had a surprisingly successful run against the dedicated chess machines this time, with both the Cyrus Spectrum and the BBC Micro programs beating Constellation and Mephisto. By the end of the Toumnament Constellation and Chess 2001 emerged as significantly stronger than the home computer programs. For the Mephisto, we will have to wait and see. The word from Germany was that the bugs would be sorted out before the Budapest World Championships in mid-October. (By the time this goes to print, of course, this event will already have been played.) We intend to have a full report on the Budapest Tournament in a later column.

Draw and results for Round Six
(3)
(0) Caesar
(31/2) (1/2) Cyrus 2.5
(3) (1) Constellation
(21/2) (0) Colossus
(2) (1) Spectrum Chess
(21/2) (1) Mephisto
(2) (1) Merlin

Advance
(4) (1)

CyrusI.S.
(31/2) \((1 / 2)\)
White Knight
(3) (0)
(3) (1)
( \(11 / 2\) ) (0)
(1) (0)
(1/2) (0)
VS
VS themselves. But machines are not supposed to behave like that. White Knight had managed to beat Mephisto in the previous round, but having lost to one home computer already, Constellation knuckled down and outplayed the Beeb completely, mating it in 26 moves (again, this game will be in a later games section):

\section*{Draw and results for Round Seven}
(5) (1/2) Advance 3.0
(4) (1) Chess 2001
(4) (1/2) Cyrus 2.5
(4) (0) CyrusI.S.
(1) (1/2) Cyrus Dragon
(1/2) (0) Chessnut
( \(11 / 2\) ) (0) Albatross
VS
vS
VS
VS
VS
VS
vS
vS
VS
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Mephisto & \(\left(3^{1 / 2)}\right.\) & \((1 / 2)\) \\
Constellation & \((4)\) & \((0)\) \\
Spectrum Chess & \((3)\) & \((1 / 2)\) \\
Merlin & \((3)\) & \((1)\) \\
White Knight & \((3)\) & \((1 / 2)\) \\
Colossus & \(\left(2^{1 / 2}\right)\) & \((1)\) \\
Caesar & \((3)\) & \((1)\)
\end{tabular}

Despite an indifferent overall result, Mephisto did very well in this game to hold onto Advance and get the half point. (It did well the following round as well to get a half point against Chess 2001, which was rapidly emerging as the commercial machine to beat.)

The clash between the Novag Constellation and Chess 2001 proved very interesting. One game doesn't settle anything, and there was only half a point between the two machines at the end of the Tournament, but on this game at least, Chess 2001 seems to have the edge. It won a pawn in a complex version of the Closed Sicilian (where White plays \(2 \mathrm{Nb} 1-\mathrm{c} 3\) and omits P-q4) and never let go after that. This was another good game and will be given in full at a later stage.

Draw and Results for Round Eight
(4) (0) Merlin
(4) \((1 / 2)\) Mephisto
vs
(4) (1) Caesar
( \(31 / 2\) ) \((1 / 2)\) Colossus
(4) (1) Constellation
( \(3^{1 / 2}\) ) (1) Spectrum Chess
(3½) (1) White Knight
vs

Advane 3.0
Advance 3.0
(51/2) (1)
Chess 2001
(5) \((1 / 2)\)

Cyrus 2.5
(41/2) (0)
(4) \((1 / 2)\)
(11/2) (0)
(1/2) (0)
CyrusI.S.
Cyrus Dragon
(1/2) (0)
(1/2) (0)
Most of the wins in this round were fairly predictable. Advance ensured that it would at least share first prize by seeing off

\section*{MINICOMPUTALIKE}

PC + REVELATION \({ }^{\text {TM }}\)
Pick compatible operating system Variable length records
Extended BASIC Relational Database
Enquiry language Program Generator

The Pick operating system is fast becoming recognised as the optimum environment for commercial data processing. The IBM PC is the No. 1 personal computer. Combined with REVELATION \({ }^{\mathrm{TM}}\). it bridges the gap between minicomputer and microcomputer.

As a front-end to the PC's natural operating system, REVELATION \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) brings the power and sophistication of Pick to the microcomputer without sacrificing access to mainstream software development.

REVELATION \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) now includes the R/DESIGN Program Generator. R/DESIGN is a highly productive programming aid that produces either interpretive code or BASIC source code.

\section*{CHESS TOURNAMENT}

Jeff Rollason's Merlin. The Mephisto achieved yet another creditable draw and should be worth watching once Hegner and Glazer sort it out. And so we go to the last round.

\section*{Draw and Results for Round Nine}
( \(61 / 2\) ) (1) Advance 3
(51/2) (1) Chess 2001
(41/2) (0) Mephisto
(41/2) (1) White Knight
(11/2) (1/2) Cyrus Dragon
(11/2) (0) Albatross
(1/2) (0) Chessnut

\section*{Spectrum Chess}
(41/2) (0)
(5) (0)
(5) (1)

Caesar
Constellation
(41/2) (1/2)
(4) (1)
(41/2) (1)
CyrusI.S
Colossus
And so it was settled. The draw some of us had been waiting for, Novag against Mephisto, finally happened, to the discomfort of Mephisto. And the draw that
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Program Name} & \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Round} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Place} \\
\hline & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & \\
\hline Advance 3.0 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 51/2 & \(61 / 2\) & 71/2 & 1st \\
\hline Chess 2001 & 1/2 & \(11 / 2\) & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 51/2 & \(61 / 2\) & 2nd \\
\hline Constellation & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 3rd \\
\hline Cyrus 2.5 & 1 & 2 & \(21 / 2\) & \(31 / 2\) & \(31 / 2\) & 4 & 41/2 & 41/2 & 51/2 & 4th \\
\hline White Knight & 1 & 1 & \(11 / 2\) & 2 & 3 & 3 & \(31 / 2\) & 41/2 & 51/2 & 4th \\
\hline Cyrus I.S. & 0 & 1 & 2 & \(21 / 2\) & 31/2 & 4 & 4 & 411/2 & 5 & 6th \\
\hline Colossus & 1 & 1 & \(11 / 2\) & 11/2 & 21/2 & \(21 / 2\) & 31/2 & 4 & 5 & 61h \\
\hline Caesar & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 6th \\
\hline Mephisto Exp. & 0 & 1 & 2 & \(21 / 2\) & 21/2 & 31/2 & 4 & 41/2 & 41/2 & 9th \\
\hline Spectrum Chess & 1/2 & 1/2 & \(11 / 2\) & 2 & 2 & 3 & 31/2 & 41/2 & 41/2 & 91h \\
\hline Merlin X & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 11th \\
\hline Cyrus Dragon & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11/2 & 11/2 & 2 & 12th \\
\hline Albatross & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \(11 / 2\) & 11/2 & 11/2 & 11/2 & 11/2 & 13th \\
\hline Chessnut & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 14th \\
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|c|}{Fig 1} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Richard Turner of Artic had wanted, against the rival Spectrum program Cyrus I.S. Chess, didn't.

The final overall placings table and score is shown in Fig 1.
There were three categories in the Tournament, and prizes were given for each. Dave Wilson and Mike Johnson's Advance 3.0 won the best amateur trophy plus a cash prize of \(£ 150\). Best commercial entry was Chess 2001 and the trophy for best home computer program was shared by the BBC's White Knight II and Intelligent Software's Cyrus 2.5. The cash prize of \(£ 50\) for the second highest placed amateur was shared by John Lowe's Caesar and Martin Bryant for Colossus.

And that, as they say, is that. The winning game is given here, annotated by Dr John Nunn. There will, eventually, be a full Tournament booklet on sale, and several of the games will appear in the games section in future columns. Our thanks once again to all who helped make the Tournament possible, and to the many PCW readers who came along as spectators. If you have any queries or comments, don't hesitate to write to me at Micro

\section*{Chess.}

We would like to thank Gould Electronics, of Wrexham, for supplying the power smoothing equipment. Without these the computers would have had a very hard time getting through even one round. I tried to play a friendly game against the Sargon 3.5 program without using one of these devices and the machine fell over three times in the space of one short game. Once we plugged it into the power smoothing box there was no further trouble. I shudder to think what the Tournament would have been like without Gould's little gadgets. (Let me hasten to add that the Sargon 3.5 program was 'visiting' the Tournament and was not a participant.)

We also owe a vote of thanks to the London firm Count Down Clocks, whose computer chess clocks counted out a couple of machines during the event, and kept perfect time for everyone.

As all who heard will testify, the game demonstrations given by Dr John Nunn at 3 pm every day were hugely successful. There was never a spare seat in the lecture area as Dr Nunn, with wit and precision, distributed praise and blame. The chess programmers learned perhaps even more
than the audience from his talks - though he brought the colour to their cheeks on more than one occasion while demonstrating some crushing error or another made by their brainchildren.

Finally, our Tournament director and assistant director Stewart Reuben and Peter Morrish made sure that everything ran sweetly from start to finish. To them, too, our thanks.

\section*{Games section}

White: Advance 3.0. Black: Cyrus 2.5 . French Defence: Notes by John Nunn. The Tournament winner was particularly effective in complex tactical positions and unlike many of the other programs it was ready to sacrifice when necessary.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 1 & e2-e4 & e7-e6 \\
\hline 2 & d2-d4 & d7-d5 \\
\hline 3 & Nb1-c3 & Bf8-b4 \\
\hline 4 & e4-e5 & c7-c5 \\
\hline 5 & a2-a3 & Bb4xc3+ \\
\hline 6 & b2xc3 & Ng8-e7 \\
\hline 7 & Qd1-g4 & 0-0 \\
\hline 8 & Ng1-f3 & Qd8-c7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
kingside castling and it would have been better to play8... Qd8-a5or8... Nb8-c6.) 9

Ke1-d1
(White meets the threat of \(9 \ldots\). .c5xd4, but at the high cost of depriving himself of the right to castle. White should have ignored the threat by 9 Bf1-d3 when 9 . . c5xd4 10 c3xd4 Qc7-c3+ 11 Ke1-e2 Qc3a1 loses the queen to \(12 \mathrm{Bc} 1-\mathrm{h} 6\) and the alternative 9 . . . c5-c4 provokes White to sacrifice by 10 Bd3xh7+! Kg8xh7 11 Qg4-h5+ Kh7-g8 12 Nf3-g5 (threat Qh5-h7 mate) Rf8-d8 13 Qh5xf7+ Kg8-h8 \(14 \mathrm{~h} 2-\mathrm{h} 4\) ! and the advance of the h-pawn leads to a decisive attack.)
c5xd4
\(10 \quad\) c3xd4 \(\quad\) Bc8-d7
11 Bf1-d3
(White threatens to sacrifice on h7 much as in the previous note.)
11 Bd7-a4
(The counter attack on c2 prevents the sacrifice.)
\begin{tabular}{lrl}
12 & Ra1-b1 & Rf8-c8 \\
13 & Nf3-e1
\end{tabular}
(White's error at move 9 has given Black strong pressure down the c-file, so that for the moment White is on the defensive.)
13
g7-g6
(It is inadvisable to advance voluntarily the pawns in front of one's own king since this creates weaknesses in the pawn shield. Here, for example, the squares f 6 and h6 become accessible to White's pieces, so Black should have simply continued developing by \(13 \ldots\) Nb8-d7.)
14
15 Rb1-b4

Qc7-c6
(Computers like one-move threats, but in many situations this proves a handicap. Black is forced to play . . . Rc8-c7, but this move actually proves useful to Black since it frees c 8 for the other rook to step up the c -file attack.)
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
15 & & Rc8-c \\
16 & Qg5-f4 & Nb8-d7 \\
17 & Bc1-d2 & Ra8-c8 \\
18 & Rb4-b2 & Nd7-b6 \\
19 & Bd2-a5! &
\end{tabular}
(A good move in a difficult situation. Black's knight was threatening to move to c4, but now this would lose material to Bd3xc4 followed by Ba5xc7.
19
Ne7-f5
(Up to this point Black has conducted the attack accurately, but now begins to lose the thread of the game. The knight move to f5 is a complete waste of time because White can drive it back whenever he chooses by g2-g4. \(19 \ldots\) Rc7-d7 unpinning the knight, followed by . . Nb6-c4, would have given White serious problems.)
20
Kd1-c1
Kg8-h8?
(This is a real horror. Despite the advances which have been made in computer chess, time-wasting to-and-fro moves are all too common, especially with the king.)
\(\begin{array}{lll}21 & \text { h2-h4 Kh8-g8 }\end{array}\)
(Thanks to the two free tempi White has developed a dangerous kingside attack.)

Rc8-f8
23 Ba5xb6 a7xb6
g2-g4 Nf5-e7
GOTO page 175

\title{
C/WP CORTEX
}

More than a conventional8-bit business micro, the Cortex from C/WP boasts two processors and complementary graphics software. Peter Bright decided the machine warranted a closer look.


The low profile units save valuable desk space.

It is strange how different people can have the same idea at the same time. For example, both of the machines that I am currently testing are made by firms that started out by selling other companies' machinery and then deciding to launch computers of their own. The similarity ends here though. Tycom (Benchtested next month) went on the whole way and designed and made its own machine, while C/WP took the easy way out and stuck its own badge on someone else's machine.
Priced at \(£ 1695\) plus VAT the C/WP Cortex appears to be yet another sub\(£ 2000,8\)-bit business computer. However, it does have some very interesting features which warrant closer examination. As well as having a Z 80 main processor, the Cortex
has a second dedicated processor which is just used to control the display. This means that it is able to plot graphs and charts much faster than conventional 8 -bit machines. When this is combined with Digital Research's new GSS-Graph graphics soft-
ware, the Cortex begins to look very interesting.

The C/WP Cortex is actually made in the USA by Ontel. C/WP then ships it over and markets it under its own name. This is a very good idea from C/WP's point of view
> 'As well as havingaZ80main processor, the Cortexhas a second dedicated processorwhich is justused to control the display. This means thatitis able to plotgraphs and charts much faster than conventional 8-bit machines.'


Keyboard is a direct IB M imitation; note the LED in the capslock key.
because it means that the company can have its own branded computer without having to shell out the millions of pounds that it now takes to get a new microcomputer off the ground.

\section*{Hardware}

When the Cortex first arrived in the office I was sure that there were some boxes missing. Normally when a business machine arrives for Benchtesting you need three men and a large dog to carry all the boxes. Not so with the Cortex. The main unit, keyboard and manuals arrived in one box and the disk drives arrived in another. Once I had unpacked the machine the reason for the lack of bulk became obvious: the main unit contains the processor board, power supply and video display but it is only the size of an average monitor. The only outward signs that there may be more than just a display inside the casing are the jack plug socket for the keyboard at the front and the four I/O ports at the rear. These ports consist of one RS232 comms port, one Centronics printer port, one hard disk port and one floppy disk port.

The casings on the main unit and the keyboard are made out of preformed plastic while the disk drive casing is made of metal. The Cortex is available in a range of 'tasteful' colours including warm red, C/WP green, sunshine yellow, ice white and all black. I was quite disappointed when mine turned out to be boring cream.

Setting up the machine proved to be very easy as all you have to do is plug in the disk drives and the keyboard, plug in the mains lead and switch on. The only problem was trying to decide which port to connect the floppy disks to as the ports were not marked. However, this information is


Topto bottom: floppy disk connector, hard disk controller, Centronics and RS232 ports.
contained in the installation manual. There were no further problems.

\section*{Inside}

One of the main selling points of the Cortex is that it is very quick and easy to maintain. In order to gain access to the main PCB, it is necessary to remove four screws and take off the front panel surrounding the screen. Once the front panel has been removed you can see the main PCB lying flat at the bottom of the case below the TV tube. If the PCB needs to be replaced it is simply pulled out and the new one slotted in. Should the engineer need to get at the power supply board or the video board he
has to remove four more screws and the main cover. It is then very easy to replace any faulty parts.

The main board on the Cortex houses two processors: a Z80A running at 4 MHz as the main processor and a 6502 to handle the screen and the graphics. Total onboard memory comes to 112 k . This is made up of 8 k ROM and 104k RAM. The RAM is divided between the two processors: 64 k for the Z80A and 40 k for the 6502 . Of the RAM used by the 6502 for video control, 24 k is used for the bit-mapped screen display and the remaining 16 k is used for graphics routines which are downloaded from ROM. The rest of the board is made up of normal TTL chips. There were,

\section*{CIWP CORTEX}
however, quite a few patches on the PCB indicating some last minute changes to the board.

One interesting point is that there is no reset button as such; a cold boot is achieved by pressing the shift, control and escape keys simultaneously while a warm boot is achieved by pressing the control and escape keys together.

\section*{Disks}

The disk drives can be supplied in a number of different formats. These are Shugart 200 k , single-sided, or \(400 \mathrm{k} / 800 \mathrm{k}\), doublesided Canon drives. The review machine was supplied with \(400 \mathrm{k} / 800 \mathrm{k} 51 / 4 \mathrm{in}\) drives. The disk control software allows these drives to read or write either double-sided, double-density, 40 track disks ( 400 k ) or double-sided, quad-density, 80 track disks (800k). It is possible to tell whether the drives are reading 400 k or 800 k disks by

\section*{The keyboard is a directcopy of the IBMPCkeyboard having 83 keys divided up into three functionalareas.}
looking at the colour of the LEDs on the disk drive doors. If the LED is green it is reading a 400 k disk and if the LED is red it is reading a 800 k disk. Very cunning. It is also possible to plug in 8in floppy disk drives and read standard IBM format 8 in files. Hard disk options range from three to 20 megabytes. When a hard disk is used, CP/M is re-configured so that the floppy disk drive numbers are changed from A and B to fit on top of the hard disk volume numbers. For example, if the hard disk uses volumes A to D then the floppies will be \(E\) and \(F\)

\section*{Keyboard}

The keyboard is connected to the main unit by a coiled telephone style cable and a jack plug. The keyboard is a direct copy of the IBM PC keyboard having 83 keys divided up into three functional areas. On the extreme left of the keyboard is a group of
ten programmable function keys. To its right is the main qwerty keyboard and toits right the numeric keypad which doubles as the cursor control pad. I have always liked the IBM keyboard so it follows that I would like this one as well. It doesn't have the positive feel of the IBM, but it does have LEDs built into the caps lock and numeric lock keys which the IBM does not have. Whenever a key is pressed the built-in speaker in the main unit bleeps. This is fine if you like bleeps but I could find no way of switching it off so I had to get used to it. All of the keys autorepeat after they have been held down for more than a second. One glaring error is that the keyboard on the Cortex is American. This means that it is not possible to print a pound sign. C/WP says that this will be put right soon but as far as I am concerned it should have been right in the first place This is what you get for buying an American machine


Main PCB pulls out for easy servicing.
154 PCW

\section*{THE BEST RANGE of SOFTWARE for HOME MICROS}

\section*{Also}

VIDEO GAMES
for ATARI
COLECO
INTELLIVISION
VECTREX
Vast Number of Titles for
ATARI 400/800 • SPECTRUM ZX 81 - BBC MICRO - VIC 20 DRAGON •COMMODORE 64 APPLE • ORIC • TEXAS T199 LYNX Expert staff will advise.


Main Computer \& Mail Order Branch:

\section*{22L Oxford St • London W1A 2LS}


Branches:
BIRMINGHAM
141 New Street
BOURNEMOUTH 60 Commercial Road BRIGHTON 52 Western Road NOTTINGHAM 31 Lister Gate


\section*{VIC 20 EXPANSION}
 UNITS
 II ordered together with the 4080 Column card and the 64 k
catd
E.95
With 5 slots, fully buftered, switches for de selecting slots,
and on-board power supoly \& 29.95

VIC 20 64kRAM + ANMA Z 2 k EPROM £ \(59.95 \leqslant\) EXPANSION With software for RAM- files. Easily connected. Needs
\begin{tabular}{cl} 
VIC 20 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
EPROM CARD \\
Expand your VIC 20 with two \\
£ 11.95
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} 
Addresses arecke changeable. \\
Adre
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}
for all our products: Dealer inquiries invited.
 ELECTRONICS
149 KINGSTREET + GT. YARMOUTH NR3O 2PA + TEL:(0493) - 2023 (NASH HOUSE


Why wait tor your pinter?
With the MACH 3 you can use your compute, while the printer is working.
 serial Input • par. output \(£ 94\) £ 109 £ 123

\section*{(11חT \(40 / 80 \sum_{\text {2 } 59.95}\) \\ 
 Figexy COLUMN CARD}

Turn your VIC 20 into a protessional computer
40 or 80 columns instead of 22 , very sharp and stable picture. Tryit out without obligationt

\section*{Universal}

EPROM PROGRAMMER Already over 1000 satis filed users) \(-\sum \sum 31\) - Assembled and tested ( With extended manual (21 pag) =TMNWNT - With extended manual (21 pag) This programmer ran be very easily connected to almos!
any microcomputer, e.e. NASCOM, MAXBOARD, AMICOS, ACORN ATOM,
VIC 20, APPLE, JUNIOA, SYM. DA:, AIM, EXPLORER, YIC 20,APPLE, JUNIOA, SYM. DAA, AIM, EXPLORER,
HEATHKIT,ZX 81, ABC and CBM 64 . Convince yoursell, that this programmer also can be very easily connected to your computer, ask for a free blochure.

Control soltware in EPROM £ 6.50

\section*{All prices exclude VAT}
- All prices exclude VAT.

Access and Barclaycard orders welcome.
We have good documentation of all our products, free of charge.
All equipment can be tried out without obligation; if returned undamaged within 10 days, you only pay postage and packing
costs. costs.

be right for you but I found that my neck started to ache after I had been looking at the screen for a long time.


GSS Graph allows pie charts.


Bar charts.


Graphs.


Combination of charts.

\section*{Applications Software}

GSS-Graph: For the princely sum of \(£ 275\) Cortex owners can buy the new Digital Research GSS-Graph package. With this package you can draw pie charts, bar charts, line graphs, scatter graphs; in fact you can create so many graphs and charts that this package should keep you amused for hours.
The version of GSS-Graph supplied with the review machine was a preproduction copy which still had a few minor bugs init. Another problem was that no user manual was supplied. It is a testimony to the quality of the package that I was able to use it without any help from the (non-existent) manual. It is a very comprehensive package: the total size of the programs is very nearly 256 k . This is broken down into 23 different programs and overlays so that only a small portion of the total package is in RAM at any one time.
When the program is first loaded the main copyright banner is displayed showing that the software was actually written by a firm called Graphic Soft ware Systems Inc. After much whirring of the disk drives, the main menu is displayed. This gives eight options including saving and recalling graphs from disk, creating a new graph, printing a graph or creating multiple graphs on one display. Assuming that you wish to create a new graph, you go on to choose from line graphs, two types of bar charts, that is, charts, step, stick or scatter graphs. It is also possible to have a text only screen if you want to use the fancy printing options.

Entry of data for the various types of charts and graphs can be specified from the Data Selection Menu. This gives the options of keyboard entry, data a aken from a Supercalc type model, data from a VisiCalc type model, or the use of existing data. The existing data option means that it ispossible to create different types of graph from the same data without having to re-type all of the entries. Neither I, nor the staff at C/WP, could persuade the package to read data from either a Supercalc model or from a VisiCalc model. This could have been because there was no manual or because of a bug in the early copies of the package. Either way this very useful feature should be working by the time that it is generally available.

Assuming that you wish to enter data directly from the keyboard, you will then go into the main edit screen. This screen varies in structure according to the type of chart that you are constructing. If you are creating a pie chart you are taken to the main pie edit screen. Here you can enter a title and subtitle for the chart and the names and values of the different slices of the pie. The maximum of slices that can be used is 16 .
After you have entered the names and values it is necessary to specify the colour and type of cross hatching to be used for each slice. Without the manual I can't say how many types of filling or colour are possible, but the colour specification number and the fill specification number are both two digit so I assume that up to 99 different colours and fills are available.

All of the titles and labels can be displayed in a variety of typestyles and sizes by entering new attribute numbers in the editing menu. The relative size and position of the slices of the pie can be determined by either their absolute value or as a percentage of the total value of the pie. They can also be sorted into ascending or descending order. Finally, it is possible to draw a border around the chart in a variety of widths and colours.

The other types of graph are created in much the same way as the pie chart. The main difference is that the data is entered onto a different screen. Up to five separate curves are allowed with up to 75 data elements in each curve. Again titles and legends can be entered and printed in various fonts and sizes. Axes can be either numeric or periodic with automatic scaling.
When you have created a large number of graphs and charts, you may wish to combine some of them into one consolidated display. This is quite possible by using the multiple graphics option. Using this you can combine from two to four different graphs or charts with any one of five screen layouts to produce a single consolidated screen. This can then be saved to disk and recalled in the normal way. The only problem that I encountered when using this option was that when the machine reduces the size of the graphs which are to be combined, some of the legends become unreadable. This can be overcome by enlarging the legends on the original graph.

Hard copy or your new masterpieces can be obtained by using option 5 on the main menu. Output can either be to the screen, a plotter or to a printer. I tested this option using the office Epson MX80 printer and the results were very good. I did not get a

\section*{Screen}

The display has a resolution of 80 characters \(\times 25\) lines or \(640 \times 300\) pixels. The display is very sharp and the line drawing and plotting are predictably fast due to the dedicated screen processor. The only control is for brightness with no provision for contrast. One gripe is that it is not possible to vary the angle of the display. This is fine so long as the angle happens to
> 'Entry ofdata can be specified from the Data Selection Menu. This gives the options ofkeyboard entry, data taken from a Supercalctype model, data from a VisiCalc type model, orthe use of existing data.'
chance to try a plotter.
WordStar: Included with the software for the review machine was C/WP's own version of the WordStar wordprocessing package. On booting up, WordStar can be selected from the main menu; it then loads in the normal way and you are greeted by the opening file menu. The first major change is that WordStar is automatically logged onto drive B. This saves the user the trouble of having to change the logged disk. Another major change is that C/WP has either removed or altered many of the help screens. As an old WordStar user, I do not like the changes that they have made to the help screens. I liked them the way they used to be

All of the function keys have been configured as have the cursor control keys and all the editing keys. The function keys can perform 30 different operations. This is done by using various combinations of the shift and control keys. The only problem with this is that the only way to find out which keys need pressing is to look at the chart which is provided by C/WP. This is very small and difficult to read in a hurry. It would have been better to have printed the functions on the key tops. Having said that, it is still a better arrangement than having to remember all of the WordStar control sequences.
Another niggle with WordStar is that the cursor tends to get lost in the descenders of letters such as ' \(g\) ' and ' \(p\) '. This is because the cursor takes the form of an arrow underneath the letters to be altered, so when it is under a letter with a true descender it tends to get lost.

\section*{Systems Software}

The Cortex runs CP/M-80 version 2.2. However, C/WP has made a large number of changes in order to try to make it more friendly. The most obvious change is that when the machine is switched on and booted up it goes straight into a menu system rather than descending into \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\). The main menu has two options: WordStar (dealt with above) and system utilities.

When the utilities option is selected a second menu is displayed showing the available programs. These started off as standard C/WP. The first four options give an extended directory of the contents of disks A to C. Unlike the normal CP/MDIR command it shows all the files present on the disk along with their sizes. Also shown is the disk size and the amount of free space remaining.

The next option shows the logical device assignments and has the same effect as CP/M's STAT DEV:. The third option lumps together the disk format/duplicate utilities. When this is selected a third menu is displayed giving the options of formatting the disk in drive B, copying the system tracks, duplicating disk A and a call to PIP. The format option can format either 200 k , \(400 \mathrm{k}, 800 \mathrm{k}\) or 8 in disks. SYSGEN is just a customised version of CP/M's BOOTCOPY and DISKDUPE is a modified DCOPY. I only had one problem when using these utilities. That was when I tried

Technical specifications
CPU
RAM
ROM
Display
Keyboard
Disks
I/O
Systems Software
Languages
Applications screen controller
\(104 \mathrm{k}, 64 \mathrm{k}\) for \(\mathrm{Z} 80,40 \mathrm{k}\) for 6502
8k
25 lines \(\times 80\) chars
83 keys IBM style disk controller.
C/WP version of CP/M-80
Microsoft MBasic
GSS-Graph, C/WP WordStar, dBase II

Z80A running at 4 MHz as main processor, 6502 as dedicated

200k or 400/800k floppies, 3-20 megabyte hard disks
RS232 Comms, Centronics printer, hard disk controller, floppy
to copy the distribution programs which were on 400 k disks to an 800 k disk in drive B. DISKDUPE would not work with the different formats so I had to use PIP.

The other major area where C/WP has made CP/M more friendly is when disk errors occur. When this happens you no longer get the dreaded BDOS ERROR ON A: message. Now the machine will reply with a message such as: Read Error on B: Code 5, Disk not inserted or door open. It then allows you to try again, examine the error or control \(C\) to re-boot the disk.
During this Benchtest I have only seen a BDOS message once and that was when I asked the machine to display the error. These changes have made CP/M more friendly but it still has some of the old annoying faults, like having to do a control Cevery time that you change a disk which is something that I always forget to do.

\section*{Other Systems Software}

Other packages supplied with the Cortex for review included dBase II, Microsoft's MBasic and Multiplan. These have all been reviewed at length in other issues so I don't propose to go into them here except to say that the Benchmark timings for MBasic are very creditable for a 8 -bit machine

\section*{Documentation}

The Cortex came with three manuals: an installation manual and user guide, a provisional WordStar manual and a technical manual. The installation manual contains all the standard information about unpacking and setting up the machine. The WordStar manual has been completely rewritten by C/WP. This starts off by telling the user how to switch on the machine and boot up the system and then taking him through the C/WP menu system and into WordStar. I was quite impressed by this manual: it was easy to follow and even went into details such as how to hold the diskettes when inserting them into the drives. I think that C/WP has made a genuine attempt to be as friendly as possible.

The only disadvantage with this type of approach is that while it is very good at

\section*{Benchmarks}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
BM1 & 1.2 \\
BM2 & 3.6 \\
BM3 & 9.9 \\
BM4 & 9.7 \\
BM5 & 10.5 \\
BM6 & 18.7 \\
BM7 & 29.6 \\
BM8 & 51.3 \\
Average & 16.8 \\
& \\
All timings in seconds. An explanation \\
and listing of the Benchmark programs is \\
included in this issue.
\end{tabular}
leading you through the system for the first time, it is not so easy to look up just one piece of information which may be buried in the middle of the text. A good index would be helpful here. C/WP did not supply any kind of CP/M guide with the Cortex.

\section*{Prices}

Entry level system:
Cortex plus twin 200k drives (plus VAT)
plus maintenance
800k drives
5 megabyte hard disk plus
800k disk
C/WP WordStar
dBase II
GSS-Graph
extra 1100
extra 100
extra 200
extra 275

\section*{Conclusions}

At first sight the Cortex is just another 8 -bit, 64 k machine. However, the fact that it is not state-of-the-art is no bad thing. It is well made and relatively fast for an 8 -bit system. If you are into graphics then this could be the machine for you. C/WP's pricing policy has pitched the Cortex at the very competitive sub-£2000 market. I have my doubts as to whether it is competitive at its entry level price of \(£ 1695\) plus VAT. There are a great many cheap, 8 -bit machines with bundled software in this price range. Looking at the adverts for the Cortex, I was under the impression that it included WordStar in the price. This is not the case so you will need to add the price of the software to the hardware.

Synthetic music can both imitate conventional instruments and create unheard-of sounds. In the firstof two articles, Simon Taitexplainshow synthetic sounds are produced.

Many microcomputers can produce sounds, varying from uninspired beeps and burps to fulsome fantasias. When the full power of a microprocessor is applied to sound generation, the result can be impressive - so how is it all done?

To answer that question let's take a look at what sound itself really is.

\section*{The analysis of sound}

What we hear as sound is a variation of pressure-waves produced in the air by vibrating or moving objects. In a violin, for instance, vibrations set up in strings produce sound, and when we speak our glottis vibrates and these vibrations are passed in to the air

An electronic synthesiser produces an electrical signal which, eventually, sets up vibrations in the cone of a loudspeaker, generating sound.

One of the most important principles of synthesis is that any repeating waveform can be broken down into series of pure sinewaves, each of different frequency (number of cycles per second), phase (relationship in time) and amplitude (strength).

Graphs may be drawn of the amplitudes of such frequency components, or 'Partials', against their frequency. Such a graph is called a frequency spectrum.

Fig 1 shows the frequency spectrum of a violin tone (or note) at a particular point in time.

If the waveform truly repeats then all the frequency components will be multiples of a basic frequency called the fundamental. In this case we can call these partials harmonics. The quality or 'timbre' of musical tones depends almost entirely on the amplitude of partials and not significantly on phase.

\section*{Musical instruments}

Instruments such as the piano, guitar and violin family have vibrating strings to produce the basic sound. When simple strings are secured at both ends, they can only vibrate in a distinct set of 'modes'.

Fig 2 shows the first few modes, each excited separately on the same string. Any oscillation of these strings will be made up of contributions from the various modes.

Now, every mode will have a different frequency associated with it so that
wavelength \(=\) length of string \(* 2 /\) mode number
frequency \(=\) velocity of propagation/ wavelength
Each of these frequencies has a harmonic relationship connecting it to the lowest frequency which is the fundamental.
Instruments like the woodwind and brass families depend on a vibrating column of air to produce sound. Like a string, a simple column of air can only oscillate in a distinct set of modes with corresponding harmonic partials.
The spectrum of the tone produced by a real instrument is more complicated than this simple analysis reveals. The relationships between partials and the fundamental are not always exactly harmonic, and sometimes harmonic type components don't really exist. For instance, the vibrations of violin strings are complicated by the bow which nearly always touches the string.
For each instrument the character of the sound is shaped by the way that the vibrations are started, and by the body of the instrument which changes the relative amplitudes of the harmonics.
Even for a particular instrument relative amplitudes will change as oscillations build up and decay.
During the initial phase of a note the frequency of partials will vary most, becoming more or less constant as time goes on. Variation in the frequency of a partial often takes the form of cyclic deviations above and below a particular value. This is called vibrato.
Cyclic variation called tremelo is also frequent in the amplitude of partials.

\section*{Synthesisers}

Analogue: Analogue synthesisers work on the principle that an electric voltage can be used to represent a sound waveform. Analogue electronic circuit modules such as oscillators, filters and modulators combine in an analogue synthesiser giving a complex system which can successfully imitate musical sounds.
Musicians have found the analogue synthesiser very useful as a versatile system that may be easily realised in analogue electronics. The versatility of the modern synthesiser is due to the concept of voltage control. Every module in the system accepts its inputs and produces its outputs
in the form of a voltage.
So the outputs of any module may, within limits, be used as the input of any other module.

The analogue synthesiser uses subtractive synthesis - first creating a waveform rich in harmonics, then filtering the waveform to get something close to the required frequency spectrum.

Waveforms are generated by one or more voltage controlled oscillators (VCOs) which accept. a control voltage and produce a waveform of frequency proportional to that voltage.

The keyboard of the synthesiser usually provides the control voltage for the VCO. A number of waveforms are useful and relatively easy to produce. These are shown in Fig 3 with their corresponding. frequency spectra.

Another waveform often provided is 'white' noise, which gives a random or pseudo-random voltage output. The noise waveform will have randomly varying frequency components throughout the audio frequency range. This is useful in synthesising the initial portions of the sound of musical instruments, and for imitating a range of sounds from surf breaking on the shore to explosions.

Filters are used to modify the frequency spectrum of the waveforms produced by the VCOs and noise generators. If these are also voltage-controlled, it is possible to vary the frequency spectrum with time. A number of different filters may be provided; some typical filter characteristics are shown in Fig 4.

If the voltage generated by the keyboard is used to control the filter, the frequency response may be shifted up and down the frequency spectrum with the oscillator. In this case the correct relationships between the amplitudes of harmonics may be preserved, regardless of which note is being played.

The overall volume or envelope of a waveform can be tailored using a voltage controlled amplifier (VCA) driven by an envelope shaper. The envelope shaper can be programmed by the user. Fig 5 shows a waveform generally used and the parameters which can be adjusted. The envelope shaper is triggered every time a key is pressed.

The 'attack' phase of the waveform determines how the sound builds up initially; the steeper the rise in volume the more percussive the sound. The sound of a piano note has a very steep attack because


LUNAR JETMAN-48KZX
Spectrum
LUNAR JETMAN - For the 48K Sinclair \(\mathbf{Z X}\) Spectrum LUNAR JETMAN - The Ullimate Intergalactic G.A.S. (Graphic Arcade Simulation) Adventure Space Battle
LUNAR JETMAN - Arcade standard, \(100 \%\) machine code incredible sound effects, amazing smooth high resolution graphics, the totally new addictive concept and all those exira features you expect from the ULTIMATE games people.
Design - The ULTIMATE PLAY THE GAME design team.

PSSST-19/48KZX Spectrum


\section*{JET PAG-16/48KZX}

Spectrum or 8 K Expanded vic 20

These games should be available from W.H. SMITHS, BOOTS, JOHN MENZIES, LASKYS, SPECTRUM CENTRES, other large department stores and all good major software retailers. Alternatively, send the coupon to ULTIMATE PLAY THE GAME for immediate dispatch by return, subject to availability
85.50 each including VAT, first class postage and packing within UK.


ATIC ATAC-48K \(2 \times\) Spectrum

\section*{Post this coupon to:} LE6 5JU
Please rush me the following

\section*{Dealer enquiries welcome. Phone (0530) 411485}

ULTIMATE PLAY THE GAME, The Green, Ashby de la Zouch, Leicestershire,


\title{
CHARTMAN Bensai SIMPLY THE BEST BUSINESS GRAPHICS for the IBM Personal Computer and IBM PC XT
}
"UNBELIEVABLE... The graphics capabilities of 1-2-3 are limited... Other dedicated IBM PC graphics packages, such as the outstanding Chartman II, offer these capabilities and more" Microcomputing Magazine, May 1983

The new SUPERCHARTMAN II and CHARTMAN IV combination offers many more charts than other packages. It allows you to display the charts on screen, print them on a graphics printer and plot them onto paper or acetate transparencies... all at a new SUPER FAST speed.

CHARTMAN II and IV are easy-to-use, menu-driven programs that allow anyone to produce presentation quality graphics quickly with little or no training. You either enter data through simple fill-in-the-blanks screen forms, or interchange rows or columns with programs like Visicalc, MicroPlan, TK!Solver, and many others that support DIF.

CHARTMAN II and IV were designed specifically for the IBM PC and XT to utilise their powerful features. Once charts have been created, they can be stored and edited later. CHARTMAN even has a slide presentation feature where charts can be saved as slides for a manually stepped or automatically timed "slide show" on the screen.

The CHARTMAN series support a wide range of peripherals including the HP7470 A/001 and HP7220 plotters, Calcomp models 84 and 81, the IBM PC graphics printer, the Epson MX100 with graftrax, and IDS Prism Colour printers.

SUPERCHARTMAN II creates: line charts, 6 different bar charts, 4 different pie charts, and text charts. You can place \(1,2,4\), or 6 charts on a single sheet. Super-Chartman is a compiled version of the earlier Chartman II and runs 4 to 6 times faster__£395

CHARTMAN IV provides an extended set of graphs: organization charts, GANTT charts, lines with area fill, curve fitting, scatter graphs, and text charts on screen. Chartman IV can be used alone or in conjunction with Super-Chartman II \(\qquad\) £250
Chartman is a product of Graphic Software Inc., dlstributed in the UK by Bonsai Lid.; IBM, IBM Personal Computer and IBM PC XT are trademarks of International Business Machines Corp.; HP is a Visicorp; \(1-2.3\) is a trademark of Lotus Development Corp.; MicroPlan is a trademark of Chang Labs.; TK!Solver and DIF are trademarks of Software Arts Inc.; Epson and Graftrax are trademarks of Epson.

Contact your local IBM Personal Computer dealer for a demonstration or call:

\section*{}

MICROCOMPUTER SYSTEMS FOR PEOPLE IN BUSINESS.

Bonsai Limited
112-116 New Oxford Street London WC1A 1 HJ 01-580 0902
Organization Charts


Bar Charts with Inset Labels

CALCOMP
Calcomp Authorised Dealer
\(\square\)
© Copyright Bonsai Ltd• 1983


Unfortunately \(£ 5,000\) fur coats are one form of software that can't be supplied (much to the regret of our female staff).

However, Sanyo now include a fully documented software pack with every micro computer sold.

Supplied by Micropro, this comprehensive package includes Wordstar, Mailmerge and Spellstar along with a financial modelling package (Calcstar) plus Infostar which includes Reportstar, Supersort and Datastar.

If, however, your requirements are a little more specialised, you
can now obtain numerous Sanyo-compatible programmes to meet just about anyone's needs.

To find out more about our computers and the names/addresses of the software dealers who supply Sanyo-compatible programmes, jus fill in the coupon below
SEe SANYO, THEN DECIDE

\title{
MUSIC MICRO,PLEASE
}
oscillations are started by striking strings with a small hammer but the sound of a woodwind instrument has a much more gradual attack.

After the attack the 'decay' phase determines how quickly the initial peak dies away.

The 'sustain' part decides the volume of the relatively steady part of the note, and how fast it decays. Usually the volume remains at this point until the key pressed on the synthesiser keyboard has been released.

The envelope shaper waveform can be used to control a filter, and thus to control the frequency spectrum with time. For example, a low-pass filter could be controlled so that the loud part of the note generates higher frequency components.

Quite slow cyclic variation in the amplitude of waveforms are produced in the analogue synthesiser by use of a low frequency oscillator (LFO). The output voltage of the LFO can be added to the envelope shaper voltage to cause the tremelo effect described earlier.

Vibrato can also be achieved by adding the output of the LFO to the keyboard voltage to cause the frequency of the VCO to vary.

Modulation is another technique used to create complex spectra which do not necessarily have harmonic relationships connecting them. The output of an oscillator is applied to the input of a VCA and the output of a second VCO provides the control voltage.

The resulting output from the VCA is one waveform multiplied by the other.

We can determine the frequency spectrum of the resulting waveform by considering two sinewaves of frequency \(A\) and B:

A well known trigonometrical identity is \(\cos (\mathrm{A}) \times \cos (\mathrm{B})=1 / 2 \cos (\mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B})+1 / 2\) \(\cos (A-B)\)
thus, two sinewaves are produced, representing the sum and difference of the two original frequencies.

Most analogue synthesisers are monophonic - they can only play one note at a time. To get an analogue synthesiser to play more than one note all modules described must be duplicated to provide the same functions for each note played at the same time. This may mean up to eight modules, each with its allocation of oscillators, and so on.

The number of controls needed on the front panel of the synthesiser can be enormous. On large synthesisers patchcords are used to make electrical connections between modules. There is generally no way to store these settings and connections and to reproduce the required sound all such information must be known. In smaller synthesisers, the number of interconnections is limited by the switching of signals.rather than the making of connections with patch-cords. This reduces the possible range of sounds that may be produced, but makes use easier.

Arbitrary control of the frequency and amplitude of frequency components is difficult on an analogue synthesiser and so imitating conventional instruments has been difficult. If the synthesiser has only a limited number of oscillators, partials will be limited to harmonic relationships.

Digital: Digital synthesisers depend on the fact that the sound waveform may be represented by (binary) numbers using mathematical manipulations to produce
broken up into a series of values, each separated by an (equal) time interval.
Sampling theory tells us that if the waveform is sampled at least twice as fast as the highest frequency in the waveform, then little information is lost in the representation. If sampling is too slow, an effect called 'aliassing' occurs, and high frequency components are reflected back to lower spurious frequencies.

Samples can in turn be converted into numbers which may be represented in some convenient binary format.

The more bits included in each number, the more precise the value specified. The more precise the value, the less noise

\section*{Amplitude \\  \\ f 3f 5 f 7 f 9f 11f 13 f 15 f Frequency \\ Fig 1. Frequency spectrum of a violin tone.}

\section*{Mode 1 Wavelength 2L Frequency F}


Mode 2 Wavelength L Frequency 2F


Mode 3 Wavelength \(2 / 3\) L Frequency \(3 F\)

-Mode 4 Wavelength \(L / 2\) Frequency \(4 F\)


L
Fig 2. First few modes of oscillation of a simple string.
Arequency
the required waveform. There is no fundamental limitation to the complexity of sounds that a digital synthesiser may produce.
In the past comprehensive digital synthesis in real time has not been practicable because digital electronics was just not fast enough. With the faster and more sophisticated hardware available now, digital synthesisers are just coming into their own.
The basic principle of digital synthesis is that a sound waveform can be sampled, or
included in the representation of the waveform. By working on the assumption that the maximum error that will be incurred will have the effect of changing the least significant bit, we can deduce the 'signal to noise ratio' (SNR) imposed on the waveform.

In practice, eight bits per number is just adequate, 12 bits reasonable and 16 bits excellent.

Now, we must consider how much data we will be dealing with. The audio range

\section*{GRAPHICS}

DIGISOLVE offer you a way to increase your graphics speed and resolution. Using a high speed graphics processor, our cards draw lines and characters FAST. The graphics processor works in parallel to the host machine and gives you the power of using a co-processor specifically designed for graphics. With drawing rates of up to \(1,500,000\) pixels per second, lines appear instantly to speed up your plotting.
With the resolution, we offer new possibilities for software and systems, both in monochrome and colour on a large range of computers.


\section*{COLOUR GRAPHICS CONTROLLER}

DIGISOLVE offer you high resolution colour graphics too. Designed to plug into any computer with a bus host adaplor. The VGP64 gives you \(512 \times 512\) pixels in 64 colours. With its own vector processor and 384 K bytes of memory, your computer can become a sophisticated grahics system. 64 COLOURS or 8 if you insist, not many dol 4096 COLOURS now you can really paint a picture. 384 BYTES of RAM or 768 K Bytes with 4096 displayed simultaneously. 2 PICTURE BUFFERS give you help with animation. GREY SCALE OUTPUT. EXT VIDEO SYNC LOCK available for give you help with animation. GREY SCALE OUTPUT. EXT VIDE available to make use of our fast hardware. New ones are coming along all the time so give us a ring if your requirement is not listed.

8 COLOURS \(£ 799.00,64\) COLOURS \(£ 899.00\)
4096 COLOURS \(£ 1799.00+P \& P+\) VAT
SOFTWARE PACKAGES: Painting and Slide generation, Business graphics, Architectural 3D design.

\section*{APPLE II}

DIGISOLVE's Apple II High Resolution Vector Graphics Processor card quadruples the screen resolution and saves using up your Apple's memory. The enhanced Applesoft support disc supplied with our card provides powerful graphic functions and simplifies the conversion of existing software.
\(512 \times 512\) pixels resolution. FAST \(1,500,000\) pixels per second. MEMORY an extra 64 K on the card. TEXT to 85 characters by 57 lines. CURSOR drawing features. SOFTWARE 18 new functions are added to Applesoft and extra utilities too, all with source listing. OUTPUT to a dot matrix printer or save images on a disc. PASCAL and TASC Compiles supported too.
£399.00 + P\&P + VAT

SOFTWARE PACKAGES: Art and Design, Business graphics, Painting, Slide generation packages. Architectural design and modelling, Kitchen design and Visicalc preboots.

\section*{VDU BOARD}

DIGISOLVE offer you the cheapest way to make a scrolling VDU with our intellgent \(80 \times 24\) VDU card. With over 50 control functions, the card works up to 19.2 K baud. \(80 \times 24\) DISPLAY ontional \(40 \times 24\) or \(40 \times 12\)
TRUE DESCENDERS on properly formed characters in an \(8 \times 12\) matrix. BLOCK GRAPHICS
FULLY SCROLLING display
UP TO 19.2K BAUD via RS232 communications port.
KEYBOARD AND RS232 DATA INPUT \(£ 160.00 .(1 \mathrm{off})+\) P\&P + VAT.

\section*{COLOUR GRAPHICS TERMINAL}

The new FRONTIER monochrome and colour high resolution graphics terminals are fully compatible with Tek 4014 terminals at an amazing price. The high line rate flicker free monitor and advanced electronics provide an exceptional graphic display terminal
\(512 \times 720\) DISPLAY, \(1 \mathrm{~K} \times 1 \mathrm{~K}\) STORED PICTURE PAN, ZOOM \& SCROLL to move the display about. LOCAL EDITING with macros and software definable character fonts. PALLETTE OF 4096 COLOURS
FLICKER FREE DISPLAY due to high line rate monitor and advanced electronics working non-interlaced.
\(19^{\prime \prime}\) SCREEN OPTION AVAILABLE
PRICES FROM \(£ 1495.00+\) P\&P + VAT

CUSTOM DESIGNS
DIGISOLVE have staff dedicated to design consultancy and are helping many industrial users with custom design packages. Our experience in designing display equipment, character or graphic based, and microprocessor controllers may help you with your special projects. Please do not hesitate to contact us if you require further details.


DIGISOLVE LIMITED AIRE \& CALDER WORKS CINDER LANE CASTLEFORD W. YORKS WF10 1LU (0977) 513141 (6 lines in), 513382, 510511 TELEX 557661 AGRAM

MUSIC MICRO, PLEASE
extends up to a limit of about 20 kHz , so to be safe we should choose a sampling rate of 50 kHz ; meaning 50,000 numbers per second.

\section*{Additive synthesis}

Additive (or Fourier) synthesis involves producing sinewaves of correct amplitude for every partial in the desired waveform, and adding them all together. Of course there is no fundamental reason why analogue additive synthesis should not be used, only that the VCOs needed for every partial are expensive to make and difficult to stabilise. In the main, the technique has proved inappropriate to the analogue world, just as the principles of analogue synthesisers have mostly been of little use in digital synthesis.
If an independent sinewave digital oscillator is provided for every partial, the frequency and amplitude of partials can be accurately specified. This information can efficiently be managed by means of a microprocessor. A convenient way of providing a number of independent oscillators is to time-division-multiplex some high-speed hardware.

This flexible and very comprehensive method of synthesis may one day be universally used. At present, the cost of necessary hardware makes it a little expensive.

\section*{Frequency modulation}

We now turn our attention to another useful method of digital synthesis. This technique is based on the interesting results of allowing one oscillator to control the frequency of another.

In general, the result is a series of partial frequencies which are multiples of the ratio of one frequency to the other. If the frequencies are equal only harmonics are created. If the ratio is irrational then the frequency components will be inharmonic, or disonant.

As the amplitude of the controlling oscillator is changed so the amplitudes of partial frequencies change in complex and interesting ways. They cannot, however, be made to vary in arbitrary patterns, and the technique is nowhere near as powerful as additive synthesis. It has been found useful in synthesising brass and percussive sounds and needs less hardware than additive synthesis.

\section*{Microprocessors as digital synthesisers}

Unfortunately, currently available microprocessors are just not fast enough to
perform additive synthesis in real time They have been extensively used, however, to control special purpose synthesiser hardware and to provide a sophisticated user interface.
There are also ways to get around the problems of additive synthesis which have formed the basis of successful musical instruments.
There is no reason why currently available microcomputers should not form the basis of synthesisers and there are indeed a few serious systems based on microcomputers now available.
frequency and envelope specified at 256 points in time. The sample rate is 50 kHz .

Another system known to me provides four channels with reduced control and a sample rate of about 8 kHz . (Micro Technology's PET music package.)

By adding some extra hardware to a microcomputer it is possible to produce a truly professional system based on these principles. In particular the Mountain Computer music system hardware uses Direct Memory Access to an Apple II microcomputer to give up to 16 digital oscillators, each with its own look-up table and envelope control.

Until the microprocessor becomes fast enough to do all the work of synthesis it can be used to advantage as a versatile


We will now take a look at how software-based microcomputer synthesisers can be made to work.
As seen before, adding up the values of many sinewaves in real time is not possible. One answer is to form look-up tables which represent waveforms which have been synthesised in advance.
Unfortunately, the limited memory available for such tables means that the micro must step through each table a number of times. This means that we must limit ourselves to frequencies which are multiples of a fundamental frequency, ie, harmonics. It also means that we can only change the amplitudes of harmonics in steps.

With 8-bit microcomputers, one channel can be synthesised to quite high quality. The system described in the second part of this article, using the BBC Micro and a minimum of hardware, allows waveforms based on up to 16 harmonics with
controller of analogue modules. One such application is in Casio's range of low cost preset polyphonic synthesisers. These use Digital to Analogue Convertors (DACs) coupled to a microprocessor, as well as analogue filters and a mixer.

An example of the use of a microcomputer as a controller is the Sound Chaser system for the Apple II. On each card in this system there are three channels generated by conventional analogue techniques.

Such systems are attractive as they can perform extra functions apart from synthesis. The Sound Chaser can transcribe music played on an organ type keyboard, will teach music theory, create, edit and store sounds, and act effectively as a digital 8 -track recording studio.

Next month: a digital music synthesis system for the BBC Micro.

PCW welcomes correspondence from its readers but we must warn that it tends to be one way! Please be as brief as possible and add 'not for publication' if your letter is to be keptprivate. Please note that we are unable to give advice about the purchase of computers or other hardware/software - these questions must be addressed to Peter Bright (see 'Computer Answers' page). Address letters to 'Communications,' Personal Computer World, 62 OxfordStreet, London W1 A 2HG.

\section*{Down under}

I have an Australian-designed MicroBee computer and a Star DP-510 printer. As I have heard the MicroBee is available in many European countries, I would like to hear from users outside Australia.

MyStar printer has a vertical alignment problem but this seems to be the case with all the other units at my dealer's shop.

The problem is that the characters on aline are not printed precisely below the characters on the previous line, giving a zig-zageffect. This affects borders on printed forms unless the unidirectional mode is selected.

I am confident that all
DP-510s do not suffer from this problem, as my previous printer, a DP-8480, was perfect in this regard. Can someone suggest a cure? (I have had no reply from the manufacturers.) Ash Nallawalla, RAAF Academy, Point Cook VIC 3029, Australia.

\section*{A bit bigger}

It seems that in fifteen ye ars we have progressed from the four bit, through the eight bit, to the sixteen bit micro. The thirty two bit is just around the corner. This implies that by the year 2000 we will be blessed with a 256 bit machine. Since this will be capable of addressing directly about \(10^{77}\) words of memory, close to the number of atoms in the observable universe, I would suggest that disk drive manufacturersstart work on something very big right away. N Osborne, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands

\section*{Getting there}

I have just read the article 'Portable Problem' in

Braindump ( \(P C W\), September). Firstly, I would like to congratulate you on an excellent magazine and a good article.

Secondly, I would like to inform you of a new computer on the American market which is not unlike the one you described: the Grid Compass.

It is portable, of the
'Briefcase' type, with an 8086 and 8087 co-processor. It has 256 k of bubble memory and a hi-res screen (flat-panel). It has a 300/1200 baud modem and a battery-backedclock.

Now for the drawbacks: the screen is only \(53 \times 24\) (hi-res of \(320 \times 240\) ). It has no built-in drive, as the bubble memory is meant to suffice. It is not battery powered and it costs \(\$ 8100\) (around \(£ 5400\) ), and the software is an extra \(\$ 900\).

I admit this is a long way from 'Portable Utopia' but it is a goodstep on the way.
Paul Fremantle, London SW11

\section*{Hand-medowns}

Iown an older scientific micro with disks, that I wish to sell. I have been told that a market for outmoded micros exists in third world countries and the less developed parts of Europe.

Do you know of any organisations that deal with such business, or any companies that buy secondhand micros?
SFox, Northwich, Cheshire
(Whynot try Oxfam?-Ed.)

\section*{Christmas present}

Could you please print in your magazine the meanings of the different Benchmark timings, as only too often do I see under
the Benchmark timetables 'For an explanation of Benchmark programssee \(P C W\), November 1982' which I hasten to add I haven't got and never did have.

It sometimes drives me to tears (almost!) when I see a new machine that is given non-ending praise and at the end is just a list of numbers.

So please help those of us who have not been getting your wonderful magazine (creep, creep) for solong.

PSI agree with G J Suggett on hisidea about Cross-figures (Communications, August). KiaranSmyth, Manchester
(Seethisissue-Ed.)

\section*{Musical strains}

Quote from your review on the Electron(PCW Oct 83): 'The restriction of using one channel at a time only means that the Electron will not be used for any truly musical effects.'

Despite the unwieldy nature of the BeeBasicsyntax in producing music, there is plenty of scope for the creative mind. After all the flute has only one sound channel, and a rather limited range of sound envelopes, but some people have managed to get some interesting effects out of it.

It is sad that while sound chips have an almost overwhelming potential, the necessary software support does tend to be rather ungainly -for example, the Beeb, Oric and Commodore 64.

Sord andSharp have cracked it, using very similar approaches, although 'Stick in the Mud'Sharponly supports one channel. Hats off to Sord though-youcan even transpose (change the pitch of the whole piece) by minimal editing. Two characters will do the trick.

Andit can cope with triplets! This may seem a little obscure, but just you try and arrange 'Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring' without them. The problem is
that a lot of Basic interpreter authorsdon't seem to appreciate the finer points of music, like the importance of rests, flexible tempo, 'holding' a note.
Keith Ollett, Crowborough, EastSussex

\section*{Micro reservations}

I feel there is alot of misunderstanding surrounding the use and potential use of computers in schools. I am writing to express the way that I see the issue, thus hopefully provokingthought and comment. I have just left school, and so my views are born out of a certain amount of experience.

As Isee it, there are three main areas in which computers are thought of as useful in school education. These are: firstly, for teaching (ie, replacing the teacher); secondly, as a tool for providing teaching aids (both replacing existing methods and providing new aids); andthirdly, for giving experience of computers. I shall comment on these areas in order.

The first area may be dismissed completely. Teaching does not consist of providing a monologue of facts, formulae and proofs; it requires discussion and an ability to see a pupil's viewpoint, thereby producing a comprehensible explanation. Until computers can pass the Turing test they are useless for thisfunction. The current range of programs that 'teach'physics, etc, are of less use than a good textbook-and only the most exceptional pupils at school can learn significant amounts from textbooks. Textbooks are used for reference and exercises, not teaching.

The second area has much potential, yet this potential is virtually untapped. The current programs that use the computer
to provide practice for pupils eg, arithmeticpractice, geography practice via dinky hi-res maps, etc. -are, in my opinion, a waste of time. The practice they provide is either superficial or already adequately provided by normal methods. The fact that children use computers more readily to do such practice is solely because computers currently hold a strange fascination for children. This will rapidly vanish, as computers become more and more common. Children will very soonbe unwilling to do boring tasks merely to 'use a computer.'

The really useful area is in providing a new range of aids forteaching. Forexample, in mathematics and physics the graphics of a computer could be used to demonstrate things visually; but to be accepted they will have to be better (and they canbe, considerably) and easier to use than blackboard and chalk. In history, computers would be useful as expert systems - but again they will have to be more comprehensive and quicker to access than reference books.
The reason why computers are not used for these genuinely useful functions today is that it takes tremendous amounts of extremely good software to provide such facilities - plus sophisticated hardware. We ought tostart tackling this (admittedlyenormous) challenge now, and stop wasting time on sine wave and simple arithmetic programs.

The third area is harder to discuss. It is generally agreed that people, particularly schoolchildren, should be made aware of computers, so as to be able to face up to the computer revolution. But what is the effect of computers going to be? How will our society be revolutionised? I don't know, and I don't think anyone does. But we have to make people aware of the possibilities, and, in particular, the dangers. Certainlyhands-on use is valuable in familiarising people with computers, but it is not enough; the possible consequences of the computer's power must also be taught. Youdon't gain that sort of knowledge playing

\section*{Monsters.}

That's most of my hang-ups on this subject aired. Perhaps you, or other readers, would
care to comment on them? David Harrison, Bury
(I am very interested in feed-back on all aspects of micros in education - Ed.)

\section*{Full support}

Ifeel I must disagree with Philip Sherlock (Communications, 'Time-honoured', October) about the so-called 'discontinued' Atari. His letter implies that Atari is going to stop producing its micros because they are of low quality and obsolete. Admittedly, the 400 and 800 are being discontinued, but they will be replaced by the 600 and 800 XL respectively. This is not because the 400 and 800 are outdated but because the new models are of a more economical design.

In fact, the only features that the new 800 XL has which the 800 hasn't are as follows: 64 k RAM, a 'Help' key, self-test diagnostics and a few other minor improvements which are hardlylikely to render the old 800 outdated. Also the 800 XL is cheaper than the 800 . The new computers are totally compatible with the old ones and any new peripherals and software will plug into the 400 and 800 just as easily. Also, don't forget the forthcoming 1400-range of Ataris which look as if they will be more in the line of business micros.

Asfor Philip's comments about Nascom's features, does he know that the 400/800 can run three programs simultaneously, has 256 colours and superb graphics facilities without expanding the basic computer? And that along with the new micros comes a whole range of new peripherals including an interface which makes the computers IBM-compatible, and a Z80 add-on which allows CP/M to be run? Also with Atari's unique 'daisy-chaining' one I/O port is all that's needed if you're using Atari peripherals. This eliminates all those messy wires with which Apple users are so familiar. If it's generall/O that you want, the joystick ports on the front of the \(400 / 800\) give 16 bits of information, any of which can be configured for eitherinput oroutput, along
with four bits of input only and eight \(A / D\) converters.

OK, so the Ataris are not the world's best micros, but they do compare favourably with the Nascom and they certainly do not deserve the low-quality rating as implied in Philip's letter. Remember also that everything I've mentioned above is available on the Basic computer without introducing expensive add-ons. The Ataris are therefore not being discontinued, but are merely being slightly improved, and I will end with Philip's own words - 'what more canone want in a computer?'
ChrisSimon, Mynydd Isa Mold, Clwyd

\section*{Beginner'stips}

On reading the October issue of \(P C W\), I noticed that Surya made a very common error in his 'Beginner's guide to program conversion'. Hestates that '(repeat-until and while-endwhile). . . are two forms of the same loop, one being the logical reverse of the other.'

There is one essential difference between while <cond> and repeat <block><block> endwhile until not (<cond>)

The 'while' form checks the condition first. If it's false, then <block> is not executed even once. By contrast, the 'repeat' form causes at least one execution of <block>, even if the condition is initially false.

Wherever a 'repeat-until' is used, it may, if desired, be replaced by a 'while-endwhile' with inverted condition (although there are several cases where a 'repeat-until' is more natural - which is precisely why any decent structured language provides both constructs).

Aspractical examples of the differences, consider the following two examples: first, a routine to throw a die until a six is thrown:
repeat
DIE: \(=\) rnd \((1\) to 6\()\)
print 'Youthrowa', DIE untilDIE \(=6\)
This can be written as a some what convoluted 'while': DIE: \(=0\) (indeed, any number that isn't six) while DIE<>6

DIE: = rnd \((1\) to 6\()\)
print'Youthrowa', DIE endwhile (although no-one but an idiot would use this if they had repeat-until available.)

Second, consider a routine to print a sequential file:
open FILE
while not (eof)
readline (A\$)
print A\$
endwhile
closeFILES
(eof is a boolean (true or false) function indicating whether or not the End Of File marker has been encountered. Any
attempt to readaline of text
when eof is true will probably crash the routine.) Using the
Surya-style conversion, we obtain:
open FILE\$

\section*{repeat}
readline (A\$)
print \(A \$\)
untileof
close FILE
Whereas the first form correctly detects, when the file. is empty, that eof is true initially -and so immediately closes the file, the second form attempts to read a line of text from the empty file - thus crashing the program.

Therefore, to summarise, any repeat-until may be replaced by a while-end while -but with some loss of clarity, but the converse is not trueattempting to convert from a while-endwhile to a repeat-until does not usually work.
Duncan White, Bucks.
Yes, you are quite correct. When converting from a while-wend to a repeat-untilloop it is sometimes necessary to insert manually atest which somewhat defeats the point of the loop! It is, however, usually possible to make the initialtest before entering the loop, thus retaining some degree of structure. Thus:-
OPENFILES:IFNOTOF
THENPROC readfile ELSE CLOSE FILES.
DEFPROC readfile
REPEAT
READLINE (AS)
PRINTA\$
UNTILEOF
CLOSE FILES
I would, however, agree wholeheartedly that a truly structuredlanguageshould offer both constructs. Surya.


Tony Hetherington takes an exclusivelook at an adaptable French computer system designedon the building blockprinciple.


The Goupil-3 is a modular computer system designed to cater for both professional and personal needs. Its building block design allows the user to build up a computer system from the simple screen, console and keyboard configuration to a fully expanded system supporting three processors, a choice of six operating systems and offering multi-user and multitasking facilities.
The Goupil-3 is manufactured and distributed by a small, French company with the exceedingly long name Société de Micro-Informatique et Telecommunications, which is why I will refer to it as SMT from now on.

SMT is only three years' old, but it has big ambitions and aims to have sold 100,000 Goupils by 1986 .
'Goupil' is medieval French for the fox who appeared in the Aesop-type fable of the day. That explains the picture of a fox's head which appears on everything with space to take it.

SMT expected to have sold 9,600

Goupils by the end of 1983 in France and other French-speaking countries. The machine is now to be sold in the UK via a dealer network.

\section*{Hardware}

In France there are no fewer than ten different configurations of the Goupil

> The Goupil-3 is attractively designed, has extremely quietdisk drives and offers a selection ofprocessors, languages and software.'

\footnotetext{
168 PCW
}

although only eight of these are to make the trip across the Channel. The two configurations missing are the home computer and the stand-alone Minitel terminal, but the Minitel will come to the UK as a component of the multi-user, multitasking systems.

Multitasking is the ability to submit and \({ }^{\prime}\) run more than one job on one machine at the same time. For example, with multitasking you could be editing a file while another one is being printed.

This is not to be confused with 'multiuser', which is where one computer serves others, often being connected to these other terminals via telephone lines. Multiuser applications include electronic mail and shared database.

The home computer, though rich in facilities, was rightly judged to be too expensive for the UK market at about \(£ 1000\).

So the UK range starts with configuration three which consists of the console, keyboard and screen. Configurations four and five add to that basic system two \(51 / 4\) inch disk drives and configurations six and seven include a disk management card to facilitate the use of eight inch floppies or winchester hard disk drives. The difference between versions four, five, six and seven is the 8 -bit processor which they contain: four and six have the 6809 whereas the other two have the Z80. Configuration eight offers the 8088 , 16 -bit processor. Configuration nine is a multitasking sys-


12ingreen on black monitor.

\section*{Numeric keypadplus qwerty, cursor and function keys-101 keys in all.}
tem. Both nine and ten offer multi-user facilities. I tested an expanded configuration eight.

The configurations should not be confused with the number three in the name Goupil-3 since they are all versions of the Goupil-3 machine. Just to add further to the confusion there are also ten expansions which simply add various disk drives to the relevant configurations. Should this not be enough to allow you to build a computer system for your own requirements, there is also a range of electronic cards, but more of this later.

The boxes which house these components are attractively styled and are coloured in a pleasing mixture of black, grey and red.

\section*{Console}

The console is a dark grey, flat-topped unit with a curved ridge along its front. It is 525 mm wide, 340 mm deep and 125 mm in height and weighs in at under 9 kg which makes it lighter than some portables.
The top of the unit can be prised off to allow access to the card slots inside. There are 12 of these into which any of a range of electronic cards can be inserted. One end of a card plugs into a common motherboard with the other forming part of the back panel. By this method any peripher-


51/4in disk drives.
als plug directly into the relevant circuit board. Dummy back panels are available should any of the slots be unused. However, be warned that the Goupil is not designed for rapid card changes. Such operations involve a rather lengthy process of removing the back panel before the cards can be inserted or removed. Care must also be taken when changing cards to ensure that all the internal wires are correctly reconnected. These connecting wires are an unfortunate consequence of the freedom to plug in any card in any slot, for if this wasn't allowed such inter-card connections would be printed on the mother-board. As it is, numerous internal connecting wires snake across the top of the cards, looking rather untidy.

The 6809 central unit card houses one of the two processors in the review machine, the other being the 8088 which also has its own central unit card. The two cards are connected to each other by an internal wire. You cannot use both processors at the same time so the 8088 card has an on/off switch which in fact switches between the two.

The video controller card accepts the monitor lead and can be connected to an optional colour graphics card to allow the use of a colour television.
The external sockets photographed on the review machine are obviously geared for the French market and will change for the Goupil's UK launch.
The UK model is likely to have two parallel interfaces and one serial. A 5in disk controller card was also included along with a 256 k RAM expansion card. Goupils containing an 8088 processor can have up to four of these cards installed to give an expanded memory of over one megabyte.
There are a whole range of facilities available on other cards. These include a Z80 processor, a modem card for telephone networks, a voice synthesiser, a DMA disk controller for use with hard disk units, a floating point calculator, a clock and a three parallel I/O card for the multitasking and multi-user options.

GOUPIL-3
The cards occupy about two thirds of the main unit with the rest being filled by the power assembly. The power supply is unusual in having two sockets. One is a standard external mains connection, the other is internal, providing an alternative power source for the disk drives should more than seven cards be present in the system.

\section*{Keyboard}

The keyboard is the same width as the console and is 185 mm deep, 65 mm high and weighs 2 kg . It also has a moulded section attached to the base to tilt the keyboard to the desired working angle.
According to SMT the UK version of the Goupil will have a slimmer keyboard.
The keys themselves are mostly dark grey with the lighter grey colour reserved for the function keys and the qwerty control keys such as the shift lock.
There are 101 sturdy-looking keys which I will divide into four groups for purposes of description.
The first group, from left to right, is the standard qwerty keyboard (standard in this country, that is, for the French prefer the azerty layout). Next is a sensibly organised cluster of cursor controls with the up key on the top and the down key below. Beside these is a calculator section incorporating a numeric keypad and the simple arithmetic functions ( \(+-\mathrm{x} /\) ). Finally along the top are 15 function keys and a special key which has a picture of a disk on it. Pressing this key is similar to a control C command on a standard system: it causes a warm start by reading the disk in Drive 0 .

On the review model the colon and semicolon were incorrectly marked as were the square brackets. SMT is aware of this and assures me that it will be corrected on the machines distributed in this country. Such errors probably occurred during conversion to qwerty from azerty.

\section*{Monitor and disk drives}

The disk drives and monitor will sit neatly on top of the console since together they are the same width as the console. The front and back panels of the monitor extend past the base of the unit so that they can rest on the console's front ridge. The same pale and dark grey colour scheme is continued on the disk drive and monitor.
The monitor has a 12 in green-on-black display which offers \(25 \times 80\) characters. It is housed in a rigid case with only two external controls - brightness and contrast - although many other screen options can be selected from the keyboard. These include reverse video, flashing, underlining, bold face characters and masking. Masking allows an area of the screen to be defined whose characters are


Peripheralsplug directly into the circuit boards whichform part of the back panel.
masked from the user and only displayed when the Unmask command is entered.

The console's rigid case doesn't allow any tilting or swivelling, but it can be either free standing or positioned on top of the console.
Like the disk drives the monitor can be fixed to the console by a bracket which locks into a groove running along the back of the Goupil. This allows you to position the drives in a way that is convenient, for example, on the left of the screen if you're left-handed.

Be sure to decide this before you insert all the cards so as to have the diskcontroller by the disk drives, and so on, otherwise the back of the Goupil will resemble a plate of spaghetti!

The 8in floppy drives by their size do not fit into the standard disk drive unit and are supplied in separate low-level units, giving the impression that they belong to a different system.

\section*{Systems software}

There are six distinct operating systems available for the Goupil and the choice of which to use is largely dependent on the processors resident in the system. Both CP/M 86 and Flex-9 were supplied to run on the 8088 and 6809 processors respectively. Since CP/M is an industry standard I will concentrate on Flex-9.
Flex-9: I found Flex-9 to be a very easy and friendly operating system to use and to illustrate this I'll describe the task of copying either files or entire disks.
CP/M expects the user to be happy with PIP which stands for Peripheral Interchange Program whereas Flex-9 uses the single command called COPY. This offers the same facilities as PIP but in a friendlier manner. Also when you create a new disk you use the more reasonable NEWDISK command rather than CP/M's FORMAT?

Flex-9 contains some additional features such as BACKUP to create standby disks, BUILD to create procedures and STARTUP which automatically starts one of these procedures when the machine is switched on.

Flex-9 supports many languages and a full list of these, as well as ones supported by the other operating systems, is given in Fig 1.

SBasic: SBasic is the dialect of Basic supported by Flex-9 and contains some remarkable facilities. In addition to the standard program structures READ/ DATA, FOR/NEXT, and IF/ THEN[ELSE], SBasic provides the useful GOTO and GOSUB LABEL as well as GOTO and GOSUB ON.
These commands allow the programmer to use variable names or meaningful names in unconditional jumps as well as simulating the GOTO DEPENDING ON structure. These two commands will make program listings easier to read and therefore further the cause of structured programming.
Meaningful error trapping can be performed with the ON ERROR GOTO structure which will jump to the specified line number whenever an error is detected. The error code number along with the line number in which the error occurred are stored so as to allow the programming of user-friendly error messages.
SBasic can make full use of the Goupil's excellent graphics if it is used with the colour graphics card, since this allows high resolution when used in conjunction with a colour television. The highest resolution available is \(512 \times 512\) and each of these points can be coloured in any of 256 colours although only eight of these colours can be
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Processor & Operating system & Languages available \\
\hline \multirow[t]{13}{*}{6809} & Flex-9 & \({ }_{\text {S }}\) SBasic \\
\hline & & Logo
Pascal \\
\hline & & Fortran \\
\hline & & Forth \\
\hline & & Lisp \\
\hline & Uniflex & Basic \\
\hline & & Fortran \\
\hline & & Pascal \\
\hline & & Forth \\
\hline & & C \\
\hline & & Cobol \\
\hline & UCSD-p & Pascal \\
\hline & system & Fortran \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Z80/8088} & CP/M, & MBasic \\
\hline & CP/M-86, & Fortran \\
\hline & MS-DOS & Cobol \\
\hline & & APL \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Each operating system also has its own assembler.
Fig 1

\section*{Benchmarks}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
BM1 & 0.9 \\
BM2 & 2.5 \\
BM3 & 9.1 \\
BM4 & 10.1 \\
BM5 & 10.5 \\
BM6 & 13.9 \\
BM7 & 19.0 \\
BM8 & 52.3 \\
These benchmarks were run using \\
SBasic. No times are available for \\
MBasic since it was omitted from the \\
CP/M disk supplied for review. \\
All timingsin seconds. An explanation \\
of the Benchmarkprograms is included in \\
this issue.
\end{tabular}
on the screen at any one time
The Goupil uses a palette system in which each of the eight colours is mixed by defining the amount of red, green and blue in it. Each can be set to a number between 0 and 7 which gives the 256 possible useful combinations.
POINT is the command to set a single pixel to a colour, but this would be somewhat laborious if each pixel has to be individually set so a number of quicker graphic commands are provided.
Straight lines can be drawn using PLOT either from the last drawn point or between two specified coordinates. These lines can be changed to broken lines of various types using the DASH command.
ARC can be used to draw arcs by specifying the coordinates of the centre, the radius of the arc and the direction and angle that the arc is to be drawn. Obviously ARC can also be used to draw full circles by setting the angle accordingly. Thus together, ARC and PLOT can be used to draw pie charts, or 'camembert' charts as the French prefer.

SYMBOL is the command that allows text to be entered on the graphics screen. By setting parameters the text can be printed horizontally or vertically and even magnified up to 16 times in size.
Any object drawn that is enclosed by lines can be filled in or painted using FILL. (This only applies to graphics since text is coloured by setting the colour parameter in the symbol command.)
WINDOW completes the graphics facilities and is unsed to define a graphics window within a screen of ordinary text.
Sound on the Goupil is good, if a little unorthodox, and is generated by creating a string of the notes to be played and then playing it. For example, the following two lines of program would play the opening notes of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony:

\section*{10 MUS\$ =}

\section*{"T12005L96MIMIFASOSOFAMIRED} ODOREMIL144MIL48REL96RE" 20 PLAY MUS\$

The notes contained in line \(10 \mathrm{DO}, \mathrm{RE}\), MI, FA, SO, LA and SI from the sol-fa scale. (If you didn't recognise the notes it's because they use tonic solfa on the continent.) The notes can be modified by the following parameters - \(\mathbf{T}\) determines the tempo, O the octave and L the duration. The parameters are all numeric
and have their own limits.
SBasic also includes commands to program and use a light pen or joystick but these were not provided with the review machine.
Finally, there is the PORT command which is used to direct the result of program print statements to the screen, printer, or other locations.
Uniflex is a by-product of Unix and is a powerful multitasking and multi-user operating system. It is supplied with Goupil configurations nine and ten.

UCSD-p system is an operating system which has become definitive for programming in Pascal. This is of obvious interest to those who like Pascal but has little to offer anyone else.

\section*{Applications}

Since there are so many operating systems there is a huge range of software available to the Goupil user.
As you can see from Fig 1, these operating systems fall into two main groups, the 6809 based Flex and Uniflex and the Z 80 and \(8088 \mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) and MS-DOS.
Both groups have a commercially available wordprocessor: Wordstar for CP/M and Voltaire for Flex. Similarly both groups are equipped with spreadsheets and file managers. So what is the difference between them?
Basically,CP/M offers quantity with a whole range of off-the-shelf, \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) compatible software whereas Flex offers more specialised software
Logo is only possible with the Flex-9 high resolution graphics and you will also need the colour graphics board. The board is also used in other educational packages.
The multitasking and multi-user capabilities of Uniflex allow such applications as electronic mail, reservations, orders recording and all the other options a videotex facility can offer.

\section*{Documentation}

There was only one English manual provided with the review machine: the installation and presentation manual. Sadly, this came minus its illustrations, although frequent cross-references to the French counterpart made it possible, if difficult, to follow.
It is well written, has an excellent contents page and is a comprehensive and useful guide to the Goupil system.
The other manuals supplied for operating systems, languages and applications software are more difficult to comment on since they were in French and may change
when translated into English
Judging by the installation manual, the English versions of the remaining manuals are likely to be straight translations from the French.

\section*{Prices}

Prices are approximate and may alter with exchange rates
Configuration £
3 Console, keyboard and screen (6809). 1100
4 Asconfiguration 3 plus 5 in
single-sided, double-density floppies,
Flex-9, SBasic.
2000
5 Asconfiguration 4 except \(Z 80\)
processor, CP/MamdMBasic.
6 Asconfiguration 3 plus
DMAcard, Flex- 9,2 x8indrives
SBasic
3300
7 Asconfiguration 6except
Z80 processor, CP/Mand MBasic. 3300
8 Asconfiguration 5 except
8088 processor, 128 k RAM.
2400
9 Console, keyboard, screen, two 6809 processors, \(2 \times 8\) in drives, real time clocks and Uniflex.
10 Entire configuration 3 plus additional console, \(2 \times 8\) in drives, Uniflex, videotex, \(\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}\) expansion.

\section*{Conclusions}

The Goupil-3 is a very pleasant machine to use. It is attractively designed, has extremely quiet disk drives and offers a selection of processors, languages and software. This variety of languages and processors allows the user to configure a system to perform a wide range of tasks. Here are just a few that spring to mind.

Its powerful and colourful graphics make it suitable for advertising displays or, when used with Logo, as a child's teaching aid. In fact some Goupils are used for just such an application in a library near to the Champs Elysées.

The languages Fortran and Pascal are ideal for scientific applications in laboratories, research installations or even in doctors' surgeries.

Finally, the Goupil's impressive range of applications software and its additional multitasking and multi-user facilities make it adaptable to almost all business requirements.

I do foresee problems during the machine's transition from French to English - for example, the transposed symbols on the keyboard. Hopefully any prospective UK dealers will be aware of such possible bugs and correct them before the machine reaches the public.

\section*{Technical specifications}

\section*{Processors}

RAM
Keyboard
Display
Disk drives
Operating systems
\(6809(2 \mathrm{MHz}), \mathrm{Z} 80(4 \mathrm{MHz}), 8088(5 \mathrm{MHz})\).
64 k except 8088 option then 128 k , expandable to over one megabyte.
101 keys including qwerty, calculator, cursor and function keys. \(25 \times 80,12\) in monitor or with a colour graphics card \(512 \times 512\) colour television.
\(51 / 4\) in and 8 in floppies and 5 and 10 Mb hard disks. CP/M, CP/M-86, MS-DOS, Flex-9, Uniflex, UCSD

\section*{ABOUT THE DEALER OF YOUR FRIENDLY IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER}

It is very comforting to know that when buying an IBM Personal Computer, you are investing in a machine that carries a pedigree second to none in the computing world.
As an IBM Authorised Dealer, Zynar will also contribute to your peace of mind. We are professionals. Many of us have worked not only in the computing industry itself but also with the world's 'blue-chip' component manufacturers. And, we know the Personal Computer well enough to have developed an end-user network system even before its UK availability.

As IBM consolidates its position with more software and peripherals, Zynar will continue to help you make the very most of your 'friendly' microcomputer and streamline your existing systems for faster growth and profitability.


\section*{zYMER}

Zynar Ltd (PC Systems Division)
\(122 / 3\) Uxbridge High Street, Uxbridge, Middx. Tel: (0895) 59836 Telex: 896607



\footnotetext{
Tel. No.
}

\section*{CHRISTMAS CROSSWORD}

Have you been yearning for a crossword in \(P C W\) ? Well, here's your chance. Enter our Christmas competition and depending on the response we'll decide whether to make crosswords a regular feature in the magazine.

The solutions are related to computing andinformation technology, but watch out for cryptic clues and festive intrusions.
To qualify, entries must be received by first post on Friday, 23 December (but post early for Xmas!). Correct entries will be pooled and the winner drawn from the bran tub will receive a prize of \(£ 10\). Entries must be submitted on the form printed here (not a photocopy). Employees of VNU Business Publications or their friends or relatives may not compete.

Clues - Across
7. Stores collections of computer records (5)
8. Parent fed up, we hear, with the chassis \((6,5)\)
10. A data structure that's currently illuminated! (4)
11. Right about scene altered on display unit (6)
12. Game bird, yes, but a sporting non starter (4)
14. Ceefax and Oracle, for example (8)
15. Traditionally, it 'downloads' Santa! (7)
19. Nor operation when neither admit guilt \((5,6)\)
21. Head God's top card (3)
24. Social disease you get from this output device? (3)
25. And A1, in the Stones, gets autonomous devices (5-6)
28. Let reps reorganise British Telecom's 0 viewdata (7)
29. Incurable keyboard (8)
32. Snap out of a range of values (4)
34. Witch's brew needed to turn on (6)
35. Profit from I/O signal ratio (4)
36. \(\mu \mathrm{s}(11)\)


Name
Address

'You're sure he wouldn't prefer a video game?'
2. Erase what's found in model ET engine (6)
3. String together . . . Tory cat, note, North ate (11)
4. Number of wise men (5)
5. Partly patronising film located inside a computer (4)
6. Ripping good joke pulled at the dinner table! (7)
9. Strangely uneven (3)
13. Program modules that can be strung together on threads (5)
16. Unit of Frequency (abbrev.) (2)
17. Small computer manufactured from ROM, I see (5)
18. Possibly an attractive medium for computerised bank cheques \((8,3)\)
20. Nosed around to find network components (5)
22. 10 Across - topping decoration! (5)
23. Reminder about a divisional left-over (9)
26. Pictorial, as opposed to textual (7)
27. 'O Come All - Faithful' (2))
30. Clue \(\$=\) 'MULTIPLICANDS': Solution\$=RIGHT\$(Clue\$,6) (6)
31. Meat for Christmas pies? (5)
33. Logical operation to cut off Norway (3)
34. Super large scale integration (4) END

Sol Libespresents hismonthly round-up ofnews and gossip from Stateside.
the power of a VAX.
Finally, there is a rumour that Digital Research is working on a version of CP/M-86 that will runMS-DOS software.

\section*{IBM drops 4 in disk drive}

After nearlya year of trying to find OEM purchasers, IBM has given up onits 4 in floppy disk drive. The problem appears to be that the device did not use any of the current disk interface standards, was slower and more expensive than the 5.25 in drives.

\section*{Apple doings}

Apple reported, for the first time, a decline in earnings. Once the fastest growing company in the personal computer business, it is now suffering from the overcrowding in the business and the growing dominance of the IBM (which contributed to Osborne's difficulties). Sales of the Apple IIe have reportedly flattened out, the III never took off and the Lisa has not measured up to expectations. Thus Apple, in an attempt to stimulate sales, cut the price of the Lisa by \(18 \%\), down to \(\$ 8190\) from \(\$ 9995\). Further, it has unbundled the software so that the machine can be purchased without software for just under \(\$ 7000\) and the software for just under \(\$ 1500\). The Lisa was intended as a machine for the corporate executive's desk However, the high price coupled with the lack of software and no way to communicate with mainframes limitedits acceptance.
The price cut now should make the machine lowerin price than an IBM-XT with VisiOn, which is expected to be finally released this month VisiCorp isknown to be working onintegrating mainframe communications into Visi On. Both Apple and VisiCorp have both been slow to provide independent software developers with the tools required for developing software for the Lisa and

Visi On. Thus, I do not expect to see any significant acceptance for these products until application software becomes available in quantity.

It is also expected that Apple will soon increase the hard disk storage on the Lisa from 5 to 10Mbytes. The IBM-XT already comes with a 10 Mbyte drive. The storage problem is more acute on the Lisasince the Lisa software occupies about 3.75Mbytes leaving only 1.25 Mbytes for the user's data and programs.

The other problems which Apple mustaddress are compatibility and communications. Apple plans to handle the first problem by the introduction of a plug-in 8088 processor that will allow users to run MS-DOS and run most PC-compatible software: this package is being developed for Apple by Microsoft. The second problem will be dealt withby the introduction, hopefully in the first quarter, of networking and communications controllers which will allow Lisas to talk to ot her micros and to mainframes. Andin another attemptatindustry compatibility Apple shut down its disk drive manufacturing and has decided to buyits drives outside.
Apple has also announced that it will increase the number of Lisa dealers from the current 130 to over 200 and substantially increase the advertising budget, particularly for TV.

> Hard times in the US computer market

Prices of home computer systems, such as the Commodore, Atari, TI and Sinclair/Timex units, appear to have stabilised and to a limited degree have even risen in price as the Christmas gift buying season approaches. However, price competition and business losses that previously characterised only the home
computer market have begun to appear in the desktop market where systems are purchased by small businesses and professionals working at home.

As reported last month, Osborne Computer, the company that started the portable market byincluding several software packages with the system, has fallen on hard times. In mid-September, it founditself \(\$ 5\) million in the hole and was forced to lay off all but 80 of its workers (at its peak it employed 1000 people). Suits by several debtors forced Osborne to file for protection under the bankruptcy law while it searched for additional funding to continue in operation. The word is that, even in 1982, when Osborne did about \(\$ 100\) million worth of business, it failed to show a profit. And when competition heatedup in' 83 and Osborne was late in delivering its promised new Executive computer and IBM-PC compatible option, its income nose dived.

But Osborne is not alone in having problems selling desktopunits. Xerox has reportedly nevershown a profit on its model 820 that it has now been selling for three years. And it is the same tale for Victor Technologies (whose system is sold under the Sirus label in the UK), Vector Graphic, Computer Devices and Fortunesystems. Victor, which lost \(\$ 11\) million in the second quarter of' 83 is expected to announce a similar loss for the third quarter and has already laid off half of itsstaff.
It has been estimated that there are now almost 200 companies competing for the desk top market creating an oversupply and the resulting price competition. The companies which are in trouble are those that have made the worstmistakes. Even companies like Digital Equipment Corporation and Hewlett-Packard are reported to be showing red ink in the personal computer divisions. And sales of the Apple Lisa, Apple IIe and III are significantly less than expected. IBM, with its PC, has come to assume the dominant position in the US desktop marketplace Thus, any company that is not

\section*{YANKEEDOODIES}
making a computer capable of running IBM-PC software is finding itself under pressure.

Several companies claim
IBM-PCcompatibility because they use the same
microprocessor (the 8088). However, users and dealers have discovered that these systems have differences (eg, disk formats, display differences, different ROM calls, etc.) which result in the inability to run much IBM-PC software. The market has learned that a manufacturer using the MS-DOS operating system does not ensure compatibility. Systems such as the Compaq and Chameleon computers which have a high degree of compatibility are doing well, while systems such as the Victor 9000 and TI Professional, which have much lower levels of compatibility, are doing poorly.

\section*{Robot} standards for languages and safety being developed
The Industrial Automation Planning Panel of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) is pursuing the development of standards for robot programming languages and safety. The lack of
language standards is currently making it difficult, if not
impossible, to transport software and interface different robots in automated factories.

The National Bureau of Standards(NBS), which previously had developed programming standards for CAD/CAM(Computer Assisted Design/Computer Assisted Manufacturing) is also working on a language standard for robotics.
In the area of robotic safety, the Robot Institute of America (RIA) and Underwriters Laboratories (UL) are both working on standards. Areas of concerninclude installation, programming/teaching and maintenance

NBS, RIA and UL are all members of ANSI's panel.

\section*{Random news bits}

Hewlett-Packardhas introduced a new personal computer with a touch screen instead of a mouse. H-Palso expects to triple the number of dealers carrying H - P machines and has launcheda \(\$ 10\) million TV ad campaign to pushits new HP-150. . .Binary Star Inc, Bellevue, WA, claims to have developed a high brightness flat colour display panel with almost unlimited area and pixel density using straightforward digital raster-scanning. Initial use is expected in a three-dimensional display for the military and CAD applications with possible later use in TV. IBM has also begun to promote aggressivelyits
monochrome flat panel display to OEM's. . .Microsoft has signed an agreement with a software distributor allowing the Commodore C64 version of its MultiPlan spreadsheet program to be retailed for \(\$ 99.95\) in an attempt to make spreadsheets a mass consumer product.

\section*{DECannounces a micro-based VAX}

Ken Olsen, president of DEC, recently disclosed that DEC will ship three new VAX machines in 1984 all using microprocessors. Formal
introduction is scheduled for June with shipments to customers by the end of the year. The VAX-1, scheduled for shipment first, will be implemented on four chips and have the performance of the current VAX 11/730. This will be followed by a VAX based on a single chip and another version which includes a floating point processor.

\section*{Quotation of the month}
'In this business products don't just diegracefully, they die overnight.'

Enzo Torresi, Vice President of Marketing, Businessland


\section*{continued frompage 151}

\section*{\(25 \quad\) h5xg6?}
(25 Qf4-h6! (threat h5xg6) Ne7-c8 26
Ne1-f3 followed by Nf3-g5 would have given White a crushing attack.)
\begin{tabular}{lrr}
25 & f7xg6 \\
26 & Qf4-h6 & Ne7-c8
\end{tabular}
(The difference between this position and the line given in the last note is that the rook on f8 prevents Ne1-f3.)

\section*{27 \\ f2-f4}
(Providing an obstruction to the influence of Black's rook and thereby renewing the threat of Ne1-f3.)
27
Qc6-c3
(A critical moment. 28 Ne1-f3 is still impossible because of the reply 28 . . Qc3xd3, while Black threatens the loose pawns at a3 and d4.)
28 Bd3xg6!
(The outcome of this bishop sacrifice is far
from clear, but White has correctly judged that he must regain the initiative to stay in the game, even if this requires material investment
\begin{tabular}{lrr}
28 & h7xg6 \\
29 & Qh6xg6+ & Rc7-g7 \\
30 & Qg6xe6+ & Rg7-f7?
\end{tabular} (The losing move 30 Rf8-f7! leads to unclear complications after \(31 \mathrm{~g} 4-\mathrm{g} 5\) Ba4d7 32 Qe6xd5 Bd7-c6 33 Qd5-d8+ Rf7-f8 34 Rh1-h8+ Kg8xh8 35 Qd8xf8+ Kh8-h7, when White has gained four pawns in return for the sacrificed piece, but must cope with Black's threats of . . . Qc3xe1 mate and . . Qc3xd4. Advance makes no mistake with the final onslaught.) 31 Qe6-h6! Rf7-c7 (31 . . Qc3-e3+ 32 Kc1-b1 Rf7-g7 loses to 33 e5-e6 renewing the threat of 34 Qh6-h8 mate and 31 . . . Rf7-g7 at once can be met by 32 Qh6-h8+ ( 32 e 5 -e 6 is also
good here) Kg8-f7 33 e5-e6+ when the overloaded king must abandon the defence of one of the Black rooks.)
f4-f5
(White's pawn roller inexorably advances.)
32
Qc3-c4 (After this the h1 rook need not defend e 1 and so is free to move up the h-file, but in any case there was no antidote to White's g4-g5, etc.)
33 Rh1-h5 Rf8xf5 (The threat of Rh5-g5+ followed by Qh6-e6 mate can only be postponed by the sacrifice of Black's entire army.)
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
34 & g4xf5 & Rc7-g7 \\
35 & e5-e6 & Qc4xc2+ \\
36 & Rb2xc2 & Kg8-f8 \\
37 & Qh6-f6+ & Kf8-g8 \\
38 & Rc2xc8+ & Ba4-e8 \\
39 & Rc8xe8mate. & END
\end{tabular}

\title{
SCR
}


\section*{SPLAT!}

Supplier: Incentive Software
Computer: 48k Spectrum
Price: \(\mathbf{\Sigma 5 . 5 0}^{\mathbf{5}}\)
This game should certainly have no problem attracting the punters - the cassette insert features a large black ink-blot on an eye-catching mirrored silver foil backing. And, for a change, the game itself lives up to the packaging

The object of the exercise is to manoeuvre Zippy, a sort of mutated swastika, around an obstacle course, all the while munching clumps of grass and the occasional plum and avoiding the hazards. What makes it unique is the fact that the entire playing area slides about in an unpredictable manner. The playing area is bordered by a brick wall, and the player has to exercise great caution in his/her attempts to avoid being splattered against the sides. Numerous black areas provide the obstacles - these always appear in the same places, no matter how many times you play - and it is all too easy to get trapped behind one of these blocks as the arena moves around.

There are seven levels, but the cassette insert makes it plain that the player has little chance of reaching the seventh level and the exit. I certainly found this to be the case - I have so far failed to progress any further than level three.


After Splat! has loaded, onscreen instructions are provided, as well as an invitation to use a Kempston or AGF joystick. A joystick certainly gives that much-needed bit of extra control, but it is possible to select the keys with which you feel most comfortable if keyboard control is all that is available. Pressing any key then starts the excercise.

To begin with, Zippy is sited in the middle of the screen - but the playing area immediately starts sliding about in a haphazard fashion. At the bottom of the screen are indications of the current level and how far through it you have progressed (expressed as a percentage), together with the score so far and the highest score of the day. Initially there are no plums, simply clumps of grass which score five points a piece. There are also patches of "invisible grass'; these are always in the same positions and you soon remember their locations. Ciet through the first level okay and an additional hazard appears - a river, with a few bridges over it for Zippy to get across. Grass is now worth ten points per clump and plums put in their first appearance. Level three introduces red spikes, which invariably prove fatal, and scoring values increase again. What lies on levels four to seven I cannot tell you - I'm still working on a strategy to get past level three. Completing each level gives a bonus score and occasionally a double bonus is

awarded - for what I am not too sure.
Incentive Software lives up to its name by offering a \(£ 500\) prize for the highest score. Once you have achieved 500 points, a unique code is given each time you reach your highest score. Send your score plus code off to the manufacturers and you are in the running for the prize. It certainly persuaded me to persevere, but my best score at the time of writing is a paltry 1450 . I suppose that it would be possible to crack the code and then lie about your best score - but Incentive guards against this eventuality by saying that further proof may be needed of a high score. Just how you are supposed to produce the proof I do not know - I suppose a printer would help, or maybe a screen photograph.
Splat! is an interesting and novel game and will undoubtedly do very well helped by the generous prize. I'll certainly carry on trying to get to the seventh level and that elusive exit, and by the time you read this I certainly hope to have bettered my current highest score by a considerable margin. Closing date for the competition is 14 January, 1984.

Presentation: 7/8
Use of graphics: 7/8 Addictive quality: \(8 / 8\) Value for money: \(7 / 8\)

\section*{STIX}

Supplier: Supersoft
Computer: Commodore 64
Price: \(£ 9.20\)
Stix is described in the literature as a bundle of energy that roams the universe destroying everything in its path. Your job is to try to control Stix and use its power for the good of mankind.

The game is loaded by inserting the cassette and pressing the shift and run/stop keys together. You then sit back and wait for nearly three minutes while the program loads: One of the points that I don't like about this game is that when the program is loading the screen just goes blank with

nothing to tell you what is going on. To be fair, the instructions do tell you that this will happen and that it is quite normal.


Once the program has loaded the display shows the Stix as a collection of thin coloured rods randomly wandering
around the screen. It is now up to you to try to restrict the movements of the Stix by creating a force field around it. In practice this means that you use your joystick to draw lines from one side of the screen to the other. By doing this you cut down the amount of space in which the Stix can move around. The computer then fills in the areas that you have cordoned off and displays the percentage filled at the top of the screen. The points that you score are awarded as a percentage of the area filled. The lines can be drawn at two different speeds: slow if the fire button is kept pressed or fast if you release the fire


\section*{HUNCHBACK}

Supplier: Superior Software
Computer: BBC 32k
Price: \(£ 7.95\)
This is a very good implementation of the popular arcade game. The object is to rescue Esmeralda from the castle tower. In order to do this you have to negotiate twelve different castle walls while avoiding rocks, arrows and guards.
The only instructions that were supplied with the tape were "Type *Run to load". All of the other instructions are displayed on the screen once the program has loaded. During loading the Superior Software banner is displayed on the screen, so at least you have something to look at while you're waiting.

When the tape has finished loading you
button. If you draw slowly you are awarded 20 points for each \(1 \%\) of the screen filled in. If you draw fast you are only awarded two points for each \(1 \%\).

So much for the easy bits, now for the hazards. If any part of the Stix touches the line you are drawing before you get to the other side of the screen, you get zapped. Other hazards include two blobs known as Anti-quarks which move along the lines that you have drawn. If you hit them you also get zapped. Also, if you pause while you are drawing your line, an energy ripple will follow you along the line and zap you again. Finally if you fail to corner the Stix
within the time limit you get blown away completely and have to start again.
I liked Stix very much. The random nature of the movements means that even on the lowest level you can never be sure that the Stix won't get you. This means that the appeal lasts much longer than invader type games where you can predict what the movements are going to be.

Presentation: \(\mathbf{4 / 8}\)
Use of graphics: 5/8
Addictive quality: 7/8
Value for money: 5/8

are greeted with the sign on screen which shows the six highest scores together with the main instructions. You are also asked to set the skill level (1-3) and the wall number at which you would like to start (A-L). The main game starts with you standing on the top of the castle wall at the left-hand side of the screen. The idea is to get to the right-hand side of the screen and ring the bell. The only trouble is that the castle guards hurl rocks along the top of the wall and you have to jump over them or get knocked off the wall. When you ring the bell you are taken onto the second wall where you have to swing over a gaping chasm on a rope that just happens to be swinging past. I found this to be one of the most difficult walls to cross so I cheated and started all of my games on wallC. I won't go into all of the other screens except to say

that they become harder and harder right up to the final wall where the guards throw rocks at you, shoot at you and stab you. I never managed to get as far as rescuing Esmeralda.

I found this game very enjoyable. The graphics are very good as they should be on the Beeb. The only point I disliked was the very difficulty of some of the screens. After a while I began to feel that I would never be able to get to the other side of the wall so I just cheated and went on to the next screen. However, I am sure that none of you honest people out there would pull such an underhand stunt.

Presentation: 4/8 Use of graphics: 7/8 Addictive quality: \(5 / 8\) Value for money: \(6 / 8\)


\footnotetext{
HARRIER ATTACK

\author{
Supplier: Durell Software \\ Computer: 16/48k Oric \\ Price: \(£ 6.95\)
}
}


A somewhat nasty concept, this one, with overtones of the Falklands conflict. You control a Harrier jump jet, and your mission is to take off from an aircraft carrier and pilot your craft through anti-aircraft fire to the enemy base, on which you drop your bombs and then

return to the ship.
Loading takes an age, being at 300 baud only, but at least it's reliable. A title screen then appears, detailing highest score, last score and number of targets hit. You may select a skill level from one to five, and the volume level may also be set. The skill level
affects how much damage anti-aircraft fire will cause and also the speed at which you must fly to avoid running out of fuel.

Takeoff is achieved by simply pressing the up cursor, and speed is increased or decreased by pressing the left or right cursor keys. You have a choice of flying low, which takes you through most of the flak, or high - in which case you are more likely to be attacked by enemy planes. You must also choose between fighting back and simply taking avoiding action - but you must make sure that you have enough weapons to destroy the enemy base once you get there. You are armed with bombs (dropped by pressing any of the bottom
row of keys) and missiles (fired by pressing the space bar). Points are awarded for hitting the various targets, for completing the mission safely or for ejecting just before your plane is destroyed

The only trouble is that it's all too easy The opposing aircraft and flak are easily avoided and, should you wish to fight back, easily destroyed - the enemy patrol boat, for instance, fires one missile only; this is avoided by simply flying higher or lower and the boat itself can be hit by three of your bombs in the time it takestoflyoverit. The anti-aircraft fire does very little damage at the lower levels and, indeed, the only real hazards are from explosions after
you have destroyed an enemy plane. The only challenge is to try and improve your score, and this palls rapidly. The graphics and sound are well implemented, but the novelty wears off very quickly. Harrier Attack appears to be selling well - but I suspect that this is due not so much to its own excellence, more to the paucity of good Oric software. Harrier Attack is also available for the Spectrum.

Presentation: 6/8
Use of graphics: 6/8
Addictive quality: \(2 / 8\)
Value for money: \(4 / 8\)


\section*{RACING MANAGER}

Supplier: Virgin Games Computer: 48k Spectrum

\section*{Price: \(£ 7.50\)}

Now here's a tale of woe . . . I was all set to give Virgin's Racing Manager a rave review - my first attempt at this detailed simulation of the racing world had lasted for nearly five hours and I had reached the highspot of the season, Derby Day - when disaster struck. The third race was already for the off when the computer decided to NEW itself. Assuming that I had somehow managed to knock the computer's power lead, I began the whole thing again - with the same result. A glutton for punishment, I decided that maybe this happened only at Level 1 (the learning level) and repeated the operation at Level 2. Guess what? Yup, there was the Sinclair copyright notice beaming smugly at me. The three attempts had taken a total of nearly 18 hours - the things I do for you lot out there! I still find it difficult to believe that Virgin Games would allow a game to reach the retailing stage without a thorough testing - but someone has definitely blundered here
It's a real pity, because this is potentially one of the best computer simulations I have seen. Written by Mark Alexander, Racing Manager allows you to buy, train, race and bet on a stable of horses. The simulation covers a season's racing - 25 meetings, each of seven races - ending up on Derby Day. You start by choosing your trainer and stable jockey - I've won a few quid in my time on the Peter Walwyn/Pat Eddery combination, so I plumped for this

team, but you could choose Henry Cecil and Lester Piggott or one of another three choices. After the stable has been selected, races are entered. Each horse is given a 'speed factor' and you are told its favourite distance and preferred 'going' (for nonracing fans, this simply means the state of the ground, ranging from soft through to firm). You are told which horses are opposing your choice and odds are quoted by Honest Jo Gamble, the bookie. When your bet has been placed (this can range from \(£ 10\) to \(£ 5000\) ) the race begins. Again you have a choice - you may watch the whole race or just the last furlong. Your horse is always drawn furthest from the rails, and it is quite a thrill to see the runners thundering (or, on the Spectrum, ambling) towards the line. All the usual racing trappings are included - there are photo-finishes, stewards' enquiries, etc and it is positively galling to lose a race on which you have wagered \(£ 5000\) after an enquiry (this once happened to me three times in succession). You start with \(£ 100,000\) in the kitty and a stable of ten horses; training fees are \(£ 1000\) per week for each horse in the Walwyn stable (it varies from stable to stable), and prize money varies between \(£ 250\) and \(£ 40,000\). After each meeting you are given the opportunity to buy or sell a horse (you have a maximum of ten horses in training at a time), but yet inspection fees double each time you refuse an offered nag, so this can get expensive. The presence of Jo Gamble enables some nifty betting coups to be worked out - it is possible to enter a horse in races in which it has no chance: you can enter a five-furlong sprinter in a 20 -furlong race, for example, and after a few losses the odds against it winning get pretty good.

You then enter it for a race for which it is ideally suited and, hopefully, clean up.

To enter the Derby itself, a horse has to have won at least \(£ 80,000\). In the second of my three attempts, I had three horses that had won more than this - but the Derby was declared void as no other horses had even approached this figure . . . In the event, this didn't matter as proceedings were abruptly terminated at the third race - but, even so, I think that the program should be altered to make sure that the Derby is always run. Despite the enforced early termination, I had still managed to increase my original \(£ 100,000\) to over half a million quid, which can't be bad.

Despite the hideous flaw in this program, I must admit that I have continued to play it. I suspect that it would be completely meaningless to non-racegoers, but I certainly found Racing Manager addictive and great fun to play. I can only hope that Virgin Games sorts out the bug soon - I assume that anyone who has bought this game is perfectly entitled to a refund, as it certainly does not do what it is supposed to. I have therefore deducted 50 per cent of the marks for Presentation, Addictive Quality and Value for money should Virgin re-release Racing Manager in corrected form, you should simply add four to each of these categories. A great pity then - potentially a winner, but, as it stands, disqualified after a stewards' enquiry.

Presentation: 3/8
Use of graphics: 7/8 Addictive quality: \(4 / 8\) Value for money: \(4 / 8\)

\title{
Introducing the new Ricoll compatibles
}

\section*{Guaranteed quality and reliability at sensationally low prices}

\section*{Keyboard RIKB1}

Just imagine how good it would be to turn your ZX81 or ipectrum into this attractive model with its professional ypewriter keyboard (full 41 keys plus spacebar) and ugged all metal body.
It's not only good looking, there's a list of features seneath the gleaming black finish and the price hows how easy we've made it turn the dream nto reality
) Adjustable fixing of P.C.B. virtually eliminates the famous 'wobble' and provides a complete choice of add on parts
Simple connection, no soldering, no special skills. All you need is a screwdriver and pliers.
- Complete with full instructions.

Double shift key.
- Switches have gold-plated contacts and a guaranteed life of \(10^{6}\) operations
- Ergonomically shaped front ensures easy operation.
le sure to state whether ZX81 or Spectrum type required.

\section*{Sound Generators}


\section*{RISG}

Now you'll be able to add those exciting sounds you've always wanted. Our new sound generator RISG, specially developed for the Spectrum is programmable to produce virtually any sound; animals, birds explosives, bomb blasts. trains etc.
- Completely programmable - Uses the popular GI Chip AY3-8910. - COMPLETE WITH DEMONSTRATION CASSETTE
- Sturdy plastic case
- Own speaker and amplifier.

RIFG
\(2-1013\)
p\&p75p
- Fits neatly into the back of your computer - no soldering

\section*{RIFG}

Our super sound generator has everything that the RISG offers plus programmable high quality low pass, high pass, or band pass filter. This additional.circuitry offers a much wider range and control of the generated sounds.
Additional feature: the provision of two 8 bit input/output ports.

Eight slot expansion buffered motherboard for the Spectrum enables up to eight add-on boards to be fitted and operated with complete security.
Full data sheet available soon

All metal rugged construction

\section*{16K RAM Pack Rl161}
 of your ZX81 with our 'state of the art' 16 k RAM pack. We've used the latest technology to reduce the number of I.Cs and give you better efficiency and improved operation
- Very low power feature when used with our keyboard RIKBI, the dreaded 'wobble' overheating and memory loss
become things of the past.
- Easily expandible to 32 k by simply
plugging in extra RAM chips - no soldering!
See our special offer!

p\& p \&2.00

\section*{- \(\begin{gathered}\text { Special introductory prices on } \\ \text { generators until 31st December }\end{gathered}\) Sound Generator Software}

To help you get the most from your sound generator we've developed a more comprehensive cassette which offers a wider range of sounds. \(53 \cdot 50\) plus 40 p p\&

\section*{Buffered Motherboard}

\author{
Of special interest to educational establishments and serious hobbyists
}

\section*{}

Signature
Name
\(\square\)
Address


These pages contain subroutines written in assembler language (mnemonics which are converted to hexadecimal codes by an assembler program). In order to use them you will firstneed to know how to program yourmachine in assembler. Those of you who are still reading will be able to build up your library of general purpose routines, documented to the standards developed by Alan Tootill and David Barrow. You can contribute a Datasheet, improve or develop one we printor translate a published routine to run on a differentprocessor. PCW pays for contributionsselectedforpublication, which should besent to Sub Set, PCW, 62 Oxford Street, London W1A 2HG.

\section*{6502 USER STACK}

Inspired by the 6809 instruction set, Martin Ford of Redruth has submitted four Datasheets to implement some of its most useful features on the 6502 processor. We give here two of them, PSH16andPLL16, which provide for a userstack at a 16 -bit address anywhere in memory to hold any combination of eight registers, as determined by the bit setting of a byte embedded in the code, immediately following the jump to the subroutines to push and pull the registers. The registers that can be saved on
the stack are PC, P, A, X, Y and six contiguouszero page locations (taken as three two-byte registers, M5-M4, M3-M2 and M1-M0).

The program counter, if pushed onto the user stack, has beenincremented to point to the parameter byte (instead of the last byte of the jump instruction). The PC then being pulled from the user stack causes program execution from the stacked address +1 on return from PLL16. This is a facility that needs to be used with some care.

\section*{DATASHEET}
            the code following the JSR instruction:
Rit set Register oushed
            \(\begin{array}{cc}\text { the code following the JSR in } \\ \text { Bit set } & \text { Register oushed } \\ 0 & \text { mo,ml } \\ \text { 1 } & \text { M2, }\end{array}\)
\(\vdots\)
\(\vdots\)
\(\vdots\)
\(\vdots\)
\(\vdots\)
\(\quad=\) PSH16 - Push to 16
\(\vdots\) CLASS:
\(\because\) TIME CRITICAL? NO
\(\vdots\)
\(\because /\) TIME CRITICAL? NO.
:/ DESCRIPTION: PuShes registers and zero page onto 96 bit
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { : } \\ \vdots & \text { user seack according to a parameter byte } \\ \vdots & \text { the code following the JSR instruction: }\end{array}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ENE } \\
& \text { ING }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PULL2 } \\
& \text { sioc, } x
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text {;placed in } \\
& \text {;mo,m1. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { DO } \\
& \text { FE }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{ll}
03 \\
03 & \\
01
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \multirow[t]{8}{*}{PULL2:} & LOA & \$10c, \(x\) & ; & 80 & oc 01 \\
\hline & Sta & M 1 & ; & 85 & 22 \\
\hline & loa & *SE1 & ;register size code & AP & E1 \\
\hline & Sta & m 2 & ; byie so mz. & 85 & 22 \\
\hline & loa & (mos, Y & ; get darameter byte & 81 & 22 \\
\hline & Sta & MO & ; in Mo. & 85 & 22 \\
\hline & loa & *\$08 & ;byte bit count & A9 & 08 \\
\hline & Sta & M1 & ; to Ml. & 85 & 21 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{10}{*}{PULL 3 :} & ROR & m0 & ;see if parameter & 66 & 22 \\
\hline & BCC & PULL4 & ;byte bit set. & 90 & 10 \\
\hline & LDA & (2P), y & ;14 so, move user & 81 & 22 \\
\hline & STA & \$101, \(x\) & ; 5tack byte to 6502 stack. & 9 D & 0101 \\
\hline & INY & & ; Doint to next byte. & c8 & \\
\hline & 815 & M2 & ;is it a z-byte register? & 24 & 22 \\
\hline & BPL & PULL4 & ;if so, get next & 10 & 06 \\
\hline & LDA & (2p), \(\gamma\) & ; byte onto 6502 & 81 & 22 \\
\hline & STA & \$102, x & ;stack from & 90 & 0201 \\
\hline & INY & & ;user stack. & 68 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{PULL6:} & INX & & & ¢ \({ }^{\text {co }}\) & \\
\hline & ROL & & & : & 22 \\
\hline & 日cc & PULLS & -fnr a c-oyte register & 90 & 01 \\
\hline & INX & & ; \(x=x+1\) & E 8 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{8}{*}{PULLS:} & DEC & M1 & ; do elghe & C6 & 22 \\
\hline & BNE & PULL3 & itimes. & - 0 & E2 \\
\hline & CLC & & ; calculate new & 18 & \\
\hline & tra & & ;user stack dointer & 98 & \\
\hline & ADC & 2 P & ;according to number & 65 & 22 \\
\hline & STA & 2 P & ;of bytes pulled & 85 & 22 \\
\hline & BCC & PULL6 & ; and return it & 90 & 02 \\
\hline & INC & 2 pel & ; to 2p, 2p+1. & E 6 & 22 \\
\hline PULL6: & Loy & \# 0 & ;reolace all & 10 & 00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{11}{*}{PULLT:} & PLA & & ;zero page to & 68 & \\
\hline & Sta & mo, Y & ;clear up stack. & 99 & 1200 \\
\hline & INY & & : & \({ }^{6} 8\) & \\
\hline & CPY & \(\cdots 6\) & ; & 60 & 06 \\
\hline & PNE & Pull 7 & ;reolace registers. & Do & F 7 \\
\hline & PLA & & ;replace registers. & 68 & \\
\hline & tar & & ;and return. & 48 & \\
\hline & PLA & & ; (if PC & 68 & \\
\hline & TAX & & ;pulled & \({ }^{\text {An }}\) & \\
\hline & PLA & & ; the return & 68
28 & \\
\hline & RTS & & ; new address). & 68 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{COMMONAREAS AND MACRO-80}

In reply to Sean Leitch's request(August'83) for information about COMMON areas accessed via Microsoft's MACRO-80 assembler, Dr Michael Wilson, of University College London, tells us that Release 3.43 of the LINK-80 loader, for producing the final COM file from the. REL modules, has a bug in it which causesone copy of the
COMMON area to be loaded
foreach successive declaration
instead of only once Michael, who makes extensive use of COMMON areas in MACRO-80 programs and Fortran MACRO-80 combinations, overcomes the problem by using Fortran and MACRO (3.43) to produce the .REL files and an older release (3.34) of LINK-80 toload them. The bugis said to have been fixed in the new release of Fortran, MACRO \& LINK (3.45)

\section*{COMPUTERDATING}

If you remember the routines CVDAYS(date to days conversion) and CVDATE (days to date) printedinlast April's SubSet, you may also remember that their author, Andrew Bain, wanted to see shorter and faster versions. This request spurred Cormac Duffin of Highgate into sending improvements to both routines.

Cormac'sCVDAYS is actually one byte longer than the original but uses multiplication by shifting where the original used repeatedaddition. This results in a time saving when the year's
number is greater then ten. His CVDATE, however, is 17 bytes shorter and about \(45 \%\) faster.
Like Andrew's original versions, the routines address a 12 byte table of the number of daysin each calendar month. Unlike the original, they change February's value to take accountof leap years.
Base day 1 must be 1 January of the year following a leap year. 1 January, 1901 is a logical choice for this base day as dates can then be input 'straight' (in binary, of course) to give the elapsed days since 31 December, 1900

\section*{DATASHET}

CuDars - Convert daydmonthfyear to days since 01/01/01 CLASS: 2 (directiy adaresses table in RAM) DESCRIPTION:
, DESCRIPIION: Converis a date expressed numerically as day/month/year to count of days from (and including) day \(t\) (exoressea as 01/01/01) Day 1 must oe ist January of a year following a tead year. Accurate for years 1 to 179
after base day bue nop if a century year not


\section*{DATASHEET}
```

:= CVDATE - Convert days since 01/01/01 to day
| HIME CRITICAL?: NO Nddresses table in RAM)
DESCRIPIION: Converts a date emDressed as the number of
elaosed days since day 1 to a day/monthlyear
tormat.
won't go to determine yedrs. Fines february i
menth-length table to 28 or 29 if lead year.
Subtracts month lengths in turn fram table until
gives days.
gives days.
INTERFACES: Month-length table (MONTAB) in RAM
INPUT: BC = no. of days since (and including) is
QUTPUT: A = day year
REGS USED: AF BC
O STAGK USE: O
LENGTH: SO (* 12 for month-length table)
| PROCESSOR: 280

```
cVOATE:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Push & HL & ; save registers \\
\hline PUSH & de & ; \\
\hline LD & H, \({ }^{\text {r }}\) & ;elapsed days info ML for \\
\hline LD & l, C & iarithmetic. Change count from \\
\hline DEC & HL & :'from \(1^{\prime}\) to 'from 0 '. \\
\hline LD & DE, 160 H & ; divisor of days-in-a-year \\
\hline 10 & EC, +0 & ; Clear monthlyear regs \\
\hline 60 & A, 888 & ;lead year Garry-setter. \\
\hline INC & c & ;repeatedty subtract divisor. \\
\hline RRCA & & ; with carry every leap year. \\
\hline SBC & HL, DE & ; counting years inc until \\
\hline JR & NG, DTYRS & :not a fult year left. \\
\hline Push & \(B C\) & then save year count, get last \\
\hline plca & & : (leap year?) carry and get back \\
\hline ADC & \(\mathrm{HL}, \mathrm{DE}\) & ;positive remalnder. \\
\hline LD & DE, MONTAB+1 & ;index month-length table at feb. \\
\hline RrCA & & ; get (leap year?) carry again \\
\hline LD & A, 8 & ; and make feb, 28 or 29 \\
\hline ADG & A. 1 CH & ; it a lead year. \\
\hline LD & ( \(O E\) ) , A & \\
\hline DEC & DE & ;then index table start. Clear \\
\hline xor & A & ;month count (A) and Carry. \\
\hline INC & A & ; lood, subtracting tabled month \\
\hline EX & DE, HL & ; lengths and counting months \\
\hline 10 & C, (HL) & ;until not a fult month left. \\
\hline 1 NC & HL & ; \\
\hline EX & OE, HL & ; \\
\hline SBC & HL, 8 C & ; \\
\hline 3 R & NC, DTMNTH & ; \\
\hline 400 & HL , BC & :get positive remainder (days) \\
\hline POP & BC & : in HL. Restore years in C . \\
\hline 1.0 & B,A & ;move months to B, and days from \\
\hline 10 & A, 1 & it io a, correcting for initial \\
\hline INC & 4 & : DEC HL which eliminated tests \\
\hline POP & DE & ; for zero result in subtractions. \\
\hline POP & HL & ;restore registers \\
\hline REf & & ;and return. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
88
52
54
\(x \times x\)
ic
42
17
N~
cVOATE


Canon Incorporated has spreadits wings to cover all aspects ofnew technology. Understandably, this has meant keeping its foot in the doorway of computer technology. Its latestmicro offering, the AS-100, is aimed at the small business user. Maggie Burton looksit over.

Japanese computers are all distinguished by the low marketing profile they have in the West. Basically, it seems the Japs are quite busy computerising themselves, thanks, without needing to worry a lot about invading our fair climes.

Earlier this year Peter Rodwell foretold that an influx of superior Japanese computers was imminent. It now looks as though this is still quite a way off. While computers like the MZ-700 and CGL-M5 are new and neat, they are definitely not superior either in price or technology. The really meaty micros are probably yet to come from our polite Far Eastern brothers.

Canon, like a lot of very big companies, is not banking everything on computers. Instead one or two micros are produced, partly to keep research and development on its toes and partly to say, 'look - we can do it too

The greater part of Canon's revenue comes from machines like photocopiers and calculators. There's also a division making cameras, one making medical equipment and another making communications aids for the disabled. In short, Canon is a typical big Japanese corporation with many fingers in many pies. Look at Mitsubishi, for instance, which makes vans, cars and hi-fi (among other varied products).

Canon Incorporated was founded in 1937 and is a group of more than 60 companies in ten countries. Its 8 -bit computer, the CX-1, was Benchtested in PCW November 1982. This, as will become apparent, is a very different computer indeed from its new companion, the AS-100.

Launched in May this year, the AS-100 system is manufactured in Japan and is aimed at the smaller business user, rather than the large company.

\section*{Hardware}

First of all I'll deal with the machine I reviewed. Then I'll move on to the varied configurations and expansions which are available.

For a start, the machine is heavy, square and beige. Sometimes it's possible to wax poetic about a computer's delicacy of colouring/shape/twiddly knobs, but the Canon AS-100 is a real plain Jane. Never mind - it won't clash with the boss's tie.

Instead of providing a separate monitor and CPU, Canon has stuck both together in one box. A leviathan piece of machinery
is the result. This arrangement also means the screen can't be adjusted to suit the height and/or sitting position of the operator as finely as one might like.

The casing for all Canon's AS-100 hardware is ABS - a good, old, favourite for computer casing because it is so durable and, as with most well-used plastics, cheap.

Beneath the screen on the left is a brightness control. Most of the time during the day this was turned up almost full. In a dark office it is useful to be able to adjust the intensity of a screen easily. Next to this knob is a hole into which a biro may be poked to reset the computer in times of dire distress. Not surprisingly, the machine arrived with ink marks all over it and I suggest that a reset switch is better placed
piece of ribbon cable provides communication with the computer. The A drive, under this arrangement, ends up at the bottom, To my mind it appears logical to put it at the top but after looking really hard, I discovered my logic was incorrect. The letters ' \(A\) ' and ' \(B\) ', moulded into the casing on the left of each drive, tell you which is which - but they're not easy to see.
The drives are opened by pressing the doors to spring a little catch inside. These did not impress me very much. Firstly, you need quite a steady aim to get the disks into the drives without catching them on the insides of the doors. There are a couple of sharpish edges which could conceivably damage disks if care were not taken. Secondly, when in use, the drives make a most disturbing noise. It's a sort of

\section*{'The printeris meantto sit on top of the machine-little square recesses are provided for a printer's rubber feet.'}
at the back of the machine. Then it's just as hard to prod it by mistake and you don't end up with an ink-stained computer.

On the right, again under the screen, is a DIN socket for the keyboard. This is neither too stiff nor too easy to use unplugging the keyboard to move the computer (after a month's body-building course) is as easy as it needs to be. A coiled cable connects computer and keyboard together. The power-on switch is immediately above the keyboard socket, glowing an eerie green when the computer is on.
At the back of the Canon, looking head-on, one finds a disk I/O connector and a power socket. The power socket comes from the computer's main PSU and provides power for the disks, which have no direct mains connection. Then a large area at the bottom of the machine contains little screw-on panels which cover places where up to five extra I/O ports can go. At the top on the right is a parallel printer interface.
Twin \(51 / 4\) in disk drives connect to the main computer as outlined above. These are strange because they're shaped a bit like a large book, standing, as it were, on end. In fact, they don't stand at all. They're clipped to the side of the computer like a Siamese twin, using a foot-and-shoe arrangement of pegs and holes to secure the drives in place. An incredibly short
clanking, grinding, whirring sound. Very un-ergonomic. Coupled with a fairly audible cooling fan inside the Canon, the result is not one of silent slaving over a barely-humming computer. The drives are manufactured in Japan by a company called YE Data and assembled under OEM licence by Canon. They are controlled by a disk controller board inside the AS-100.

You may already have noticed the strangeness of the printer port's location. This seems to be another bit of cablesaving. The printer is meant to sit on top of the machine - little square recesses are provided for a printer's rubber feet - and for this reason a bare minimum of cable is given with the ink-jet printer I used to do the Benchtest. The idea of putting the printer on top of the computer is actually quite a practical thing to do. It saves desk space and, apart from having to stand up every time you tear paper off, it makes for more convenient printer use. Other parallel printers besides the Canon A-1210 model will, naturally, run from the standard Centronics interface.

\section*{Inside}

Access to the AS-100's guts is gained by removing two Phillips screws from the bottom corners at the back. The whole back panel of the machine then comes


The plain Jane Canon: CPU and monitor merged
away with a bit of careful levering. Two metal hooks at the top hold the panel on after the screws have been taken away.

That's the easy bit. The Canon is not a computer to operate unless you really know what you're doing. To begin looking about inside the machine a small earthing wire has to be unscrewed from a light metal bar inside the back panel. A ribbon connector also runs to this bar and out to the Centronics port at the back. This can be disconnected from a PCB inside the machine.

Back panel removed, a look inside reveals a computer which only the most intrepid engineer would venture to take apart without comprehensive instructions. The large RGB monitor bears a sticker which reads 'CAUTION HIGH VOL-

TAGE' in three languages. As you look to the right three very big circuit boards are hemmed in by a rather confusing arrangement of wires and ribbon cables. Each one of these is about the same size as the side panel of the machine. A delicate removal of two wires and two ribbon cables permitted the removal of only one of these boards, the video controller. This contains a 7220 graphics processor and a little army of small chips, lined up in very precise, straight lines. Getting the board back in was no joke. It had to be lined up with runners to hold it in position and then pushed very hard back into the machine to allow an edge connector at the front of the board to engage inside the computer. Pushing hard enough without risking some kind of damage was not easy; a big, heavy

PCB is rather easier to bend (with the result that components can become dislodged) than a little one. At any rate, the innards of this machine were not accessible easily.

What was easy to deduce was the sheer size of each board. They will be about \(35 \times 31 \mathrm{~cm}-\) possibly a little smaller. Thus the total area of chippery will be approximately \(555 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\).

\section*{Keyboard}

While the top of the keyboard is ABS, the bottom panel is metal; probably mild steel. No surprise, the layout is basically the typewriter qwerty type. Some other, odd, keys are present, as well as 12 function keys which are located across the top of the


Your children are using a computer at school far more often than you think

Computers make learning an absorbing game and retain a child's interest and participation

Criffin Software have selected and adapted for home use, a series of Griffin educational software titles already used in schools.

The first six titles suitable for 4 to 8 year olds. are available now If you have a \(Z\) XSpectrum 48 K or a BBC ModelB microcomputer at home.you can so easily keep up the school's good work And the beauty of it is, the child sees it as a game!

Wordspell helps with spelling: Tablesums unravels the mysteries of tables; Fairshare uses Ollie the Octopus to make sense of division; Numberfun makes addition and subtraction easy; Wordgames helps with spelling and expands vocabulary; and with Getset a child is helped with counting.

All good fun!
Griffin Software titles are at W H Smith, Boots, and other computer shops everywhere.


Only E7.99 each to suit the \(Z X\) Spectrum \(48 K\) Only \(E 9.95\) each to suit the BBC Moa

\section*{CANON AS-100}
keyboard. The angle of the keyboard is adjustable by turning two feet on screws at the back, reaching eventually the tilt you like best. This may have been a bit of compensation for the lack of mobility of the monitor.

I did find it useful to tilt the keyboard before long. Two LEDs, one on the shift lock key and one on a key called 'cursor lock' (we'll come to that in a minute) tell you whether or not that lock is engaged. These are very dim in daylight and confusion can result, as well as a stiff neck from looking down at the keyboard from just the right angle to tell the difference between on and off. Tilting the keyboard helped solve the problem.

To the right of the letter keys, a numeric keypad doubles up as a cursor pad if the 'cursor lock' key is on. This can be both a blessing and a nuisance, depending on the software in use at any one time. There is actually no other way to use a cursor without reconfiguring the keyboard. Tab keys are also provided.

The 'odd' keys mentioned earlier are as follows: from top to bottom, a bright yellow cancel key, copy, move, delete and insert. To the left of these is another sub-keypad with a fat blue enter key at the bottom and cursor lock, clear screen (also bright yellow) and the minus key towards the top. Beside the carriage return key is a little one labelled line feed. This doesn't seem to do anything at all. Another key which seems to be in hibernation is the alt key (there is a CTRL key as well) on the left of the space bar.
In use the keyboard has a strange feel which can be likened to prodding a brick through a thin layer of sponge. The necessary keys are easily reached by touch which makes this keyboard a reasonable


\section*{The back view}
one for fast touch-typing. A keyboard click (which actually sounds more like a low bleep) is irritating at first but after a time becomes unimportant. This is a 'hard' click; it seems impossible to turn it off under program control as some other machines allow. The keys are fully debounced and, with the exception of 'enter', 'return' and 'cancel', all of them autorepeat after a second of being held down.

\section*{Operating systems}

MS-DOS and CP/M-86 are the main operating systems which control the AS100. The BOS operating system and range of software is also supported. Disk access is fast but the machine is very slow to boot up. An example of how fast the drives can work may be furnished by saying that formatting under MS-DOS took about three seconds. The capacity per drive (formatted) is 640 k .

Using the twin \(51 / 4\) in configuration, a disk has to be put in drive A before the power is switched on. Under CP/M-86 the boot up messages are, to say the least, unfriendly. Firstly (this happens under MS-DOS as well), you're told how much memory the system has ( 256 k in this case).

Then comes the crunch. Two horrid hexadecimal numbers tell you the 'segment address' and the 'last offset'. Finally, a nice, welcoming ' \(\mathrm{A}>\) ' appears and business can begin.

A nice touch is the screen scrolling under the operating system, which is smooth and slick, if a little slow. One has the impression that the screen is sliding upwards on air.
All the normal CP/M-86 and MS-DOS transient utilities are there and Canon makes some handy additions of its own. The system disk supplied with the review machine contained a bunch of printer handling programs which set the AS-100 up to use any of the Canon range of printers. Each handler is installed simply by typing its name (ie, the model name of the printer). The programs enable Canon Basic and some other software to run different printers, and are loaded in before any other software is loaded.

\section*{Fontand keyboard editors}

It is becoming standard to supply a font and/or keyboard editor with a machine. The Canon is no exception to this. However, these programs are not very easy to use - ASCII codes may only be entered in Hex, for instance. This is inconvenient to a Hex expert and virtually useless to a beginner.
The keyboard editor, oddly, does not allow the function keys to be changed. Furthermore, only one ASCII character (in Hex) may be used for each possible keystroke. This is a shame - keys which are hardly ever used cannot be redefined to conjure up whole, oft-used words at a touch, although this is often a feature of other micros. What is nice about this program is that all file I/O is neatly and

\section*{Colourand graphics}

What the AS-100 could really do with is a good graphics toolkit. However, Basic has a couple of pretty tricks up its sleeve for display purposes.

The video controller is capable of 27 different colours, eight of which may be on

the screen at once. Therefore a palette is made up of logical colours which can be changed instantly using the DEFCOL statement. As BBC users will know, spectacular colour effects can be obtained using this method.

These colours are bright, crisp and well-distinguished. The monitor is of a good quality. Resolution, incidentally, is \(640 \times 400\) - not bad at all.

Other graphic commands - CIRCLE,

RECT, ELLIP and FAN allow shapes to be drawn and filled in different colours on the screen. Line and point plotting is also catered for

The TEXT command allows for the magnification of characters and their printing facing in one of several directions on the screen - great fun. CONSOLE allows the top and bottom line of the screen to be repositioned, thus making it possible to have several windows on one screen.



\section*{"You are a \(0 \times-10\) answering questions on all accounts including payroll, bought ledger, stock control; word processing..."}


CANON AS-100
cleanly handled. The screen display is attractive, showing a picture of the keyboard and a table to show you what the key on which the cursor rests does with CTRL, shift, etc.

The character editor is a mysterious creature until you get used to it. As with most font editors, it's best to load in the standard character set and change it, rather than start from scratch. Again, you need the ASCII codes in Hex right next to you to make full use of this one - or you need to be able to count fairly automatically in Hex to go through the set in numerical order. Annoyingly, at no time does the editor show the entire character set on the screen. It only shows the character you are editing, making it hard to keep a font consistent. It also means there's a great empty hole in the screen, crying out for a little character set to fill it. Control of this program is with the function keys and the numeric pad (with the cursor lock on). Once you get used to it, it's quite easy, saving your new font on the command 'EX'. Another command, QU, will literally bomb you out of the program into CP/M-86 without saving so much as a byte. Care is needed not to QUit instead of EXit (merely a question of correct English, perhaps?

\section*{Basic(s)}

Unusually, I had the chance to use two different Basics on this machine. The first, Microsoft's GW Basic, is a lot of fun to use and a great improvement on MBasic. It allows for graphics, colour and sound as well as providing a sensible screen editor. The keen-eyed reader will notice two sets of Benchmarks for this machine, one for Gee-Whizz and the other for Canon Basic. The GW Basic timings are a far better indication of the speed of the AS-100. Canon Basic is possibly a re-write of Canon Basic for the 6809-based CX-1. As such it does not appear to make efficient use of the hardware in the area of transcendental functions. BM8 shows this with extremely slow readings
GW Basic is a standard, no-nonsense, business Basic in which you could also write Gigagalactic Gymnastics if you so desired.

Canon Basic is a different kettle of fish entirely. It's generally rather sluggish for a 16-bit Basic. It is also user-hostile in the extreme. For a start, it is principally driven by two modes: edit mode and run mode. To load a program in from disk, save one to disk, list a program, run one or get a directory, you must be in run mode. None of these things elicit a sensible response if you're in edit mode. Writing even the most simple of programs thus becomes a test of mental prowess; a computerised imbroglio.

To elucidate: here's how to type in a program. First type EDIT, or press function 2, and return. Auto numbering
comes on automatically - from line 10 (this is the only time when you can use auto - not when a program is already in memory). If you don't want auto numbering, press return again. Type your program. Finished? Type ' \(E\) ' (for Run, of course) and press return. Then RUN and return and your program should go.
There's simply no way out of that procedure; it's how the Basic accepts programs. It seems a bit, shall I say, complicated?

On top of that, there's no RENUMBER, no AUTO and worst of all, no direct mode. The nearest the Basic comes to direct mode is a kind of weird debugging mode, entered by pressing CTRL. A. This runs a program a line at a time, using return as a prompt from the user to run each line. A rather handy way to go through a program, but direct mode (as becomes obvious when it's not there) is invaluable.
So Canon Basic is what might be called a programmer's language. This means it
spreadsheets and charts on the same subject toge ther, call them a book and then get into them all using one name - that of the book. The first 'page' of a book is the contents. It's very similar to conventional directories but less complex.

My only complaint about Canobrain is that it rewrites the screen completely every time it scrolls, which is unnecessary when the computer contains a 7220 graphics processor to make all that easier. The screen is also very slow to respond to a keypress at the spreadsheet entry level, which means a fast typist will rapidly fill the keyboard buffer when entering information and have to wait for the computer to catch up. All the same, it's software which follows a worthy trend - the use of graphics within business programs.

WordStar also appears on the Canon. Having worked now for some time with a rather polished Sirius version of the same software, I felt that Canon could have done a more practical job of setting up the

\section*{What the AS-100 could really do with is a good graphics toolkit. However, Basic has a couple of pretty tricks up its sleeve for display purposes.}
does have some powerful features, even if they are a mite awkward.
Instead of providing LLIST and LPRINT, the printer is treated as an I/O device which must be opened and closed straight from Basic. The only printer command provided is HCOPY, which puts a copy of the screen onto the printer provided the right printer handler is loaded.

I/O is handled by Basic working extremely closely with CP/M-86 - all device names must have colons after them and names such as TTY:, LPT: and CON: . File access is sequential.

\section*{Software}

From Basic into business software. The software range for the Canon AS-100 is extensive in numbers but not in scope. As the machine is directed at the small business user, so is the software. Canon itself has a whole range of software including sales, purchase and nominal ledgers, invoicing, stock control, payroll and various combinations of these as suites. All these applications are under CP/M-86 and require a minimum of 256 k to run. Canobrain, Canon's spreadsheet/ graphing program, is astoundingly quick. It took the program under one second to sort a whole, 128 -row, spreadsheet into numerical order on one key column.

Canobrain provides easy, quick pie charting, bar graphing and line plotting facilities - all for \(£ 175\). Good value for a spreadsheet which may not be the best ever, but will certainly do your work fast enough. Extras include a password system (invisible entry, of course, so no one can spy on you) linked to individual files or books. A Canobrain 'book' is actually a euphemism for a bit of nifty file organisation. In other words, you can link several
keyboard. For instance, the function keys are all used to perform specific operations, such as entering the print menu and putting a bold face marker in the text. As WordStar is menu driven, it would have been a bit more sensible to configure the function keys to enter menus and nothing else. However, it appears from the WordStar disk that there is a setup program (a batch file), some parts of which seem to have been missing. It may be that Canon has a decent setup arrangement for WordStar which may even use colour (the version I used didn't even use inverse video). Only one other wordprocessor is currently available, that being the BOS BWriter.
Mailmerge, dBase II, Pulsar and the entire BOS range also adorn Canon's software library, so there's plenty to choose from. Unfortunately only one other languge is available at the moment and this is level II Cobol. The AS-100 is a business machine and it's reasonable to expect that only business-type languages should be available for it. It is surprising that Pascal is not included-nor C, though there is, apparently, a C compiler which, if you can get it to the right disk format, will work on the Canon. The \(51 / 4\) in drives will read IBM format although this is no guarantee that what they read will work The 8in drives are IBM standard format and software on those (in addition to Canon's range) should not be a problem.

\section*{Expansions}

The AS-100 is very well provided for in the area of expansion. The machine itself is expandable up to a maximum of 512 k . It will happily drive a mixture of \(51 / 4 \mathrm{in}\) and 8in disks (up to four drives in total). Customers have the choice of either a monochrome or colour system, the differ- hand-operated device to facilitate fast operation of WORD, Microsoft's sophisticated word processing software package, starting with the IBM PC.

In producing WORD, we have redefined wordprocessing software for the foreseeable future.

No longer is it necessary to have a word processor if you want to do word processing.

All you need is an IBM PC and a Microsoft WORD software package.

And away you go.
Instantly your IBM is transformed from a mere microcomputer into a word processor with as many functions as you will ever need.

For a start, it's fast.
(This is where the mouse comes in.)
It pushes whole sentences around with natural hand movements.

And it's sure. Even if you're not.

With special undo facility, multiple windowing and context sensitive help. Typefaces can be varied too.

Bold, italic, underlined, you name it.

And what you see on the screen is what you get on paper.
So if you need word processing but don't need a word processor's price, give us a call.

Maybe we have a little something to talk about.
WORD
Please send me further information on Microsoft Word.
Name
Position
Company
Address
TeL
MICROSOFT \({ }^{\circ}\)
Right. First time.
Microsoft, Piper House, Hatch Lane, Windsor, Berks SL4 2QT. Tel (07535) 59951.

\section*{CANON AS-100}
ence in price being \(£ 720\).
Additional I/O ports may be added these include an RS232, an extra Centronics and a synchronous communications interface. To add either of the latter ports, an extension board is necessary to the tune of \(£ 75\).
Five different printers are available through Canon, among these a neat colour ink-jet printer (the Canon A1210) which was used throughout this review and an Anadex 130 col model. Canon also supplies a 132 col daisywheel printer. My only reservation about the A1210 ink-jet model is the quality of the paper. It's very thin and comes as a continuous roll instead of sheets. This makes it more of a graphics printer than a wordprocessing model. It is also rather slow - 40 characters per second.

Lastly, for readers who like small, furry rodents, a mousehole (a port for a mouse, of course) can be found on the right side of the keyboard. The manual refers to a 'pointing device'. This is not available yet, but will be before long. A light pen would be more fun.

\section*{Documentation}

Not bad, on the whole. Except for the system set-up book (which is a slim paperback), the AS-100 manuals are bound in large plastic-covered files. Manuals are supplied according to whatever software comes with the machine.
The only strong criticism which can be made about these manuals is the organisation. There are no indexes, for instance. Each fat manual generally comprises several separate sections and no link is provided between them. A master contents page, for instance. Instead, you come to the end of one section, find a rather secretive divider sheet, a new contents page for the next section and page numbers starting from one again. Very confusing if you just want to find something out fast.
From the point of view of the first time user they make better instructional reading than many manuals even if they are a bit hard to wade through. As with most
business machines, a first-time user's guide would not go amiss. Technical information is not lacking and the programmer should find plenty to keep him going in the operating system and Basic manuals.

\section*{Maintenance and availability}

Canon has, to date (early October), only sold about 250 of these machines. Dealers are still being built up for the machine and this can be a slow process, depending on how fast a company works. As availability through dealers goes up, so will sales and therefore the software range will grow.

Maintenance is carried out under contract by a company called TSS. Dealers also do some maintenance if they have the know-how. Maintenance agreements vary, but an annual contract (sometimes based on a percentage of the machine's purchase price) seems to be one of the most common.

\section*{Prices}

AS-100 colour
AS-100 monochrome \(£\)
(exc VAT)
2080 2080
1360
Twin \(51 / 4\) in disks
360
Twin 8in disks
930
A1200dot matrix printer
1860
Anadex dot matrix printer A1210 printer

430

Ink cassette (colour)
1150
550

Paper rolis (4)
10
Memory to 256 k
25
Memory to 384 k
240
Memory to 512 k
360
Extra Centronics port 480
\(-50\)
Expansion board(for extra I/O)

\section*{Conclusions}

The Canon CX-1 was referred to by PCW as 'idiosyncratic'. The AS-100 is just as idiosyncratic, and rather lovable with it.

Although it has standard operating systems and software, it is definitely a machine which takes some getting used to.

The colour model, at \(£ 2080\) (plus \(£ 930\) for \(51 / 4\) in disk drives) is not bad value by big colour computer standards. On the whole, the AS-100 system is pretty flexible in

\section*{Technical specifications}

\section*{CPU \\ RAM}

Keyboard
Display

Disk Drives

I/O

Operating systems
Languages
Dimensions

8088 at 4 MHz
128 k (standard) - 512 k
94-key, qwerty layout. Adjustable angle
(Colour) Eight colours at once from \(27.640 \times 400\) resolution.
80 characters \(\times 25\) lines. Green monochrome also available. Size (both models) 14 in .
Twin \(5 \frac{1}{4}\) in ortwin 8in units up to a maximum of four drives.
( \(51 / 4\) ) Double-sided, double-density. Capacity perdrive 640k.
(8in) Double-sided, double-density. Capacity 1Mbperdrive.
Mouse port, Centronics, disk RS232. Optional extra
Centronics and RS232s available. Also synchronous communications port. Maximum five extra ports.
CP/M-86, MS-DOS, BOS
Canon Basic, GW Basic, LevelII Cobol, ASM-86
40 cm wide \(x 39 \mathrm{~cm}\) deep \(x 32 \mathrm{~cm}\) high

\section*{Benchmarks}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
GW Basic & \\
BM1 & 1.6 \\
BM2 & 5.8 \\
BM3 & 11.6 \\
BM4 & 11.8 \\
BM5 & 12.9 \\
BM6 & 23.1 \\
BM7 & 35.6 \\
BM8 & 38.0 \\
& \\
Canon Basic & 4.4 \\
BM1 & 8.5 \\
BM2 & 23.3 \\
BM3 & 25.4 \\
BM4 & 27.6 \\
BM5 & 48.3 \\
BM6 & 63.4 \\
BM7 & 364.0 \\
BM8 &
\end{tabular}

Alltimings are in seconds. An explanation of the Benchmark programs is included in this issue.
terms of both expansion and specification.
Some important developments have not been thought about, though. What about \(31 / 2 \mathrm{in}\) disks? They're much more practical than their bigger counterparts. Also, if you want a computer which will communicate now with other computers, the Canon AS-100 is not for you, yet. Plans for a network are going through and networked AS-100s should be up and running sometime next year. What about a serial interface? What about an on-board modem?

Any computer choice will pose questions for the buyer. The AS-100 is no different in that respect. What is worth mentioning is that Japanese machinery is well known for its reliability and if you bought your machine from Canon you would also receive the backup service of a well-established office products supplier. This means you know the supplier won't go broke tomorrow - valuable peace of mind if you're investing a lot of time and money in a computer.
Another important concluding point is that Canon may well have missed the point a little in the way the machine's software is sold. No software is 'bundled' with the machine at all; you even have to pay on top for the operating system. Two years ago this would have gone unnoticed, but today's trend is to include a lot of software in a machine's price. Had this computer been put on sale with CP/M-86, MS-DOS and utilities, WordStar (or similar) and Canobrain, it would represent a pretty good package. As it stands it may not be able to compete with machines (even ones of a slightly inferior specification) that come complete with software and ready to go. For the novice, even buying this machine could get a little confusing.

To wind up: yes, people will buy it. No, it's not the best price or the best specification on the market. It'll probably never be a huge seller, but it's the kind of computer which will be around for a while. It's a job of work machine and the colour model has a bit extra. I wouldn't look it in the mouth if someone gave me one.

\begin{abstract}
As the Christmas season approaches, more and more people will be turning their attention to the electronic gadgetry available in High Streetstores in their questforgifts orpure self-indulgence; and some will undoubtedly be plunging in at the deep end. MargaretSpooner donned her guise of naive computer buyer in an attemptto assess how a prospective micro purchaser would fare in the hands ofshop salespeople.
\end{abstract}

At the end of September the computer areas in the branches of WH Smith I visited seemed to be in a state of chaos. Not to be deterred by an accompaniment of carpentry, I approached the salesman in the Kensington High Street branch and asked if any computers were for sale.
'Yes. What sort do you want?'
Not a promising start, I thought, in my role of first-time home computer buyer who knows nothing of computers.

In contrast to the noise of hammer and saw in WHS Kensington there was merely an empty space in the Hammersmith branch.
'It hasn't been set up yet,' the salesman replied to my query about a computer section and he indicated the empty space near the calculator counter. But he was not going to miss a possible sale so showed me some boxed Sinclair ZX81 and Spectrum computers. He proceeded to talk rather quickly of 16 k and 48 k , RAM expansions and'prices of various computers so that I soon felt overwhelmed with facts and sure that a complete beginner would have been confused rather than informed. No sales literature was available to take away to absorb information at my own pace but he suggested that I could buy some of the many magazines on the subject. This, after all, is a traditional line of business for WH Smith.

If you should be wondering what I was doing pretending to be a first-time computer buyer, I had set out to sample the sales style in a variety of retail outlets for home computers to find out if my preconceived notion that I would be blinded with science or get little useful advice was right.

\section*{Questions and answers}

A recent market survey by Mintel reveals that the majority of sales of home computers are through High Street chains, an estimated \(18 \%\) share of 1983 business being held by WH Smith. So I began my investigations in Hammersmith's shopping precinct; although on the fringes of inner London it is, I imagine, fairly representative of other shopping precincts throughout the country.

My supposed reason for wanting a home computer was for my children who are at a primary school which does not yet have its own computer; I wanted them to be able to play games, of course, but also to get some educational value from it. One or two friends have bought computers for just such a reason and it's likely that there will be many more purchasers with this in mind as Christmas approaches.

WH Smith seemed to be living up to my expectations, though, to be fair, the Hammersmith salesman did explain, when asked, that RAM is memory, and I gained a better impression on a subsequent visit to the Kensington branch after its computer area had been officially opened because a different and more informative salesman was present.

My experience at Boots in Hammersmith seemed to confirm my worst fears. There was a well presented display of home computers, unattended. The sales girl at the adjacent camera counter was willing to try to help but obviously doubtful if she would be able to. She suggested the

Software Express', the company's software catalogue, and indicated how many more cassettes were available for Commodore than any other make. The titles gave an insight into their use - 'Shark Attack', 'Omega Race', 'Junior Maths' and 'Robert Carrier's Menu Planner', to name but a few, and for more serious use a range of home office programs. It seemed highly suitable but why the difference in price between Commodore's VIC-20 and the Commodore 64?
'This', he pointed to the Commodore 64, 'has more memory than that (the VIC-20).' Should I ask what he meant by memory or simply accept the statement? I felt unsure of my role as a novice but rather than be fobbed off with the first thing suggested I asked about the other computers on show, the Oric 1, for example. The salesman explained that it was a new machine so not much had been written for it but there would be more in a couple of years.
'Look how much there is for Texas Instruments now,' he referred to the catalogue again. 'When the whole thing

> In general, salespeople offer only the minimum of information unless you ask for more, so even if you have to appear totally ignorant it's worth persevering.'

Spectrum for my needs because 'it's very popular with young people'. As if seeking confirmation of this she sought help at the nearby stand of home computer magazines and flicked through \(P C W\), no less, as if hoping something might magically appear to back up her suggestion. She then searched unsuccessfully for someone else to help. One of the problems in chain stores is that there may only be one person trained to sell computers and that person cannot always be present so you may be unlucky at the time you visit the shop.

Ever hopeful I went to Dixons in Hammersmith where a number of computers were on display and ready for demonstration. The salesman spent a considerable amount of time showing me computers ranging from \(£ 99\) to \(£ 200\); he recommended the Commodore computers for my needs because of the good range of games and education cassettes for them. At this point he showed me 'Dixons
started about \(11 / 2\) years ago there wasn't much for it.' I appeared suitably impressed, especially when he explained how much prices had dropped in that time but, impressed or not, I decided to persist with my questions and asked about Sinclair computers. 'There hasn't been much business in it for us,' he admitted. 'Why not?' I asked. He hesitated. 'Well we've just signed a good deal with Sinclair so they should be in next week.' A good moment to make my exit.

At last my theory began to crumble. The Dixons' salesman had obviously been trained to speak in simple terms to the uninitiated. Some of his explanations were a degree too facile, for example, 'the computer understands English'. My obvious disbelief prompted the further comment 'It has a language called Basic which uses a set of simple English words. You have to learn how touse them, then you can write your own programs.'


He also emphasised the need for a good range of software, an important item for the first time buyer to ask about. He had in the course of showing me the computers let me look at the associated manuals-this is also important when buying a home computer. You should spend a fair amount of time discovering if the manuals are easy to follow, especially if children are going to use the machine. Try another shop if manuals are not available for inspection.

\section*{Assistance}

At this stage I decided that I needed
someone who really was unfamiliar with computers to pretend to buy one, so that I could see whether I was asking questions at the right level. Having co-opted a friend, who willingly relinquished a morning with her two-year-old son for the rigours of home computer purchases, we accosted our first victim - the salesman at Boots in Knightsbridge. He completely redeemed Boots' reputation and was very helpful in showing us how to connect the computer to a television and cassette recorder and load a program. His explanations were clear; he checked to ensure that we had understood and spoke slowly enough (but not unnatur-
ally so) for us to absorb what he was saying
My friend, Maggie, was most persistent with her questions; this seems to be essential when buying a home computer. In general, salespeople offer only the minimum amount of information unless you ask for more, so even if you have to appear totally ignorant it's worth persevering; you'll find out what you want to know - if the salesman is competent

At Dixons in Kensington one salesman was unable to explain 16 k beyond saying that 32 k gave twice as much information as 16k but, when pressed, didn't know what ' \(k\) ' was.

GOTO page 195

Harrier Attack ORIC-1 and SPECTRUM Pure machine-code, super-fast, action-packed, highly addictive arcade-style game requiring great skill. The harrier takes-off from an aircraft-carrier and flies over seaborne defences to attack enemy installations on a nearby island. The harrier may fly faster, slower, higher or lower, and has bombs and rocket fire with which to protect itself and make its own attack. If it flies too high it is detected by enemy jet-fighters (which it may counter-attack) so it needs to hug the mountainous terrain which also varies with every new game. But the island is heavily defended by anti-aircraft rockets and tanks, which again the harrier may counter-attack or try to fly through. A tally is kept of fuel, bombs and rockets, plus player score and high score. Finally the harrier must make its bomb-run over the enemy base before returning to its own carrier.

ORIC APPROVED VERSION \(£ 6.95\) SPECTRUM VERSION \(£ 5.50\)

\section*{Starfighter}

ORIC-1 (48K only)
You are in command of a galactic defence vessel travelling through inter-stellar space to attack and destroy intruding aliens. At long range this is carried-out on your computer scanner which displays stars in the local quadrant, with passing planets, space stations, star-gates, and of course the aliens which may strike in packs or singly, scattering anti-matter mines around your ship. You may counter-attack the aliens with your photon torpedoes, or if you move-in close enough switch over to manual and visual control to chase the fleeing alien and blast him with your phasors. See the star-scape spin relative to your ship's manoeuvres, but watch-out for the alien mines whizzing past. You will need to conserve energy carefully to get back to the refuelling points, and then the time-gates to the other quadrants. Weapons, shield and energy status are all monitored throughout this pure machine code game, which may be set to tenlevels of skill.

ORIC APPROVED VERSION \(£ 6.95\)

\section*{GALAXY 5}

ORIC-1
Side one of Galaxy 5 contains three pure machine code arcade type space games. They consist of 'Galaxy' which is a Galaxian-type game with 15 winged aliens swooping down to bomb a left/right controlled rocket launcher in groups of one, two or three. Next 'Astro War' is an asteroids-type game with a meteor shower moving sideways across the screen towards your ship which has right,left, up and down çontrols plus phasor fire to blast the meteors along with any aliens that may be hiding amongst them. The last game on this side is 'Space Chase' which gives a view from your cockpit of a fleeing alien. You fire at him and he fires back, so you must get a direct hit quickly before he destroys your force shields. Side two of this tape consists of two more arcade type space games but this time in BASIC, which are easy to learn from, being short, simple and clearly written with every line of the BASIC explained in an English REMark statement

ORIC VERSION \(£ 6.95\)
Assembler/Disassembler oric-1
The assembler follows standard 6502 conventions and has proved very reliable while in continual use by Durell Sottware. Features include the following:
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Generally & List File & Pseudo-Ops \\
Auto line numbering & LIST & EQUATE \\
Six character labels & DELETE & BYTE \\
Updatable list-file & LLIST & DBYTE \\
Maths on operands & ALTER & WORD \\
Syntax checking & INSERT & TEXT \\
Output to printer & END/STOP & BLOCK
\end{tabular}

ORIC VERSION \(£ 6.95\)


\section*{Jungle Troubles}

SPECTRUM
Pure machine code with super cartoon graphics. This original and witty game is set in the depths of the African jungle. First you must direct your man to collect an axe and cross a nearby river via stepping stones that protect him from a lurking crocodile. Then he must climb a ladder to the next level, where he has to fell a number of trees in his path. As he does this a marauding ape appears from the left of the screen and steals his axe! So back to the start for another axe and more problems with the crocodile! And the ape! Having hacked a path through the forest he may climb another ladder to level three where he has to leap a pit of flames by grabbing a swinging rope. Will he ever escape back to the city? Can he jump the chasm that suddenly opens before him just as te is about to reach home? A highly amusing game with delightful graphics suited to all members of the family - but very frustrating and addictive.

SPECTRUM VERSION \(£ 5.50\)

\section*{MAIL ORDER}


\section*{PORTABLE COMPUTING}


If youre a smart business professional you need a computer that gives you the most productivity for your money. For you, IITA COMPUTERS provides the answer.
The ZITA-E, industry standard CP/M*, software provided by the most reputable companies with a professional answer to your requirements.

\section*{ZITA-E FEATURES}
-PROCESSOR: Z8OA, CIO, PIO, SIO,
Real Time Clock
-DISK STORAGE: 1 Mbyte - 40
Mbyte
MEMORY: 128K
-VIDEO: 24 cm - High resolution monitor
OKEYBOARD: The latest efficient,
quiet, touch type layout
-SOFTWARE: World wide
compatability
- EXPANSION: Upgrade your ZITA at any time, memory or disc storage. -OPTIONS: 12 Voit Power Supply, integral modem
-C0ST: From 21595 - 128K* \(2 \times 500 \mathrm{~K}\) storage
TO £2995-128K* 12Mbyte Winchester
"includes 'SAGE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM'


ZITA-E is at home in your office, and its compact leather case, and compartment for papers, passport and discs make it easy to carry anywhere.
"THE INTELLIGENT BRIEFCASE"
16-BIT 8086 MICROPROCESSOR 4.77 mhz

128K to 512K USER MEMORY
40K ROM MEMORY
BUILT IN SPEAKER
16 COLOUR GRAPHIC'S \(640 \times 200\) resolution
MS - DOS OPERATING SYSTEM
GW BASIC.
IBM PC COMPATIBILITY IN A PORTABLE FOR £1895
TWICE THE MEMORY
ZITA-PC with 128 K as standard, ZITAPC1 with 256 K
EXPANSION
IBM Expansion Boards plug into the ZITA-PC


ZITA-PC housed in an elegant leather case, with shoulder strap, pouch for your discs and large compartment for papers.

\section*{BEST OF BOTH WORLDS}

IBM Compatible 16 bit software runs on the ZITA-PC, and industry standard. 8 bit Z80A runs under CP/M, with IBM Style Keyboard + Programmable Keys.
ZITA-PC includes your 'Electronic Office' Software-
Perfect Writer, Perfect Speller, Perfect Calc or Peachtree "POPS" or Micropro's Wordstar, 'Calcstar, Mailmerge *COST: From £1895-128K, \(2 \times 320 \mathrm{~K}\) storage
To \(£ 3295-256 \mathrm{~K}^{1}\), 12 Mbyte Winchester
*INTERFACES: TV, RGB, Colour or Monocrome Serial, Cassette,Centronics *COMMUNICATIONS:Optional Protocols ZITA COMPUTERS
"THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS"
ZITA MICROSYSTEMS (UK) LTD 173 High Street, Staines, Middlesex TW18 4LP. England Orders: Staines (0784) 55554 Sales Enquiries: Staines (0784) 63212


HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT!
Water, Dust, Dirt, Sand or Soil, the ZITA-P in its high specification hermetically sealed case is protected.
8-8IT or 16-BIT CENTRAL PROCESSOR
The ZITA-P is available with the processing power you require, from only £1895
THE ZITA-P speaks several languages, has a large and infallible memory, can adapt at lightening speed and is accessible 24 hours a day.
In the office, at home, on the boat, holiday or even on safari.
ZITA COMPUTERS leaders in the world of high technology with a price and performance to match.


There is a ZITA to suit you, and our designs won't embarass you in high places. "Simply the best"
CPM - Digital Research Inc.
ZITA I.T.C.S. Lto
MS - DOS Microsoft
Perfect - Perfect Software
"POPS" - Peach tree Software
See us at GDMOEBXB SHOW
Olympia National Gallery
Nov 15 - 18th 1983
- \(256 \mathrm{~K}^{1}\) version only.

All prices exclude VAT.
Specification liable to change without notice.

Send this reply card now or telephone your order for faster delivery. Barclaycard
Bankers Draft/LOC and other credit transfers accepted.
COMPANY NAME TITLE \(\qquad\) COMPANY
STREET
TOWN \(\qquad\) COUNTY
PCODE HOME ) BUSINESS( )TELEPHONE

Please check the following boxes for details to be sent to you. Signature.
TELEPHONE

ZITA-E ZITA-PC \(\square\) ZIIA.P


\title{
CHRISTMAS SHOPPING
}

Having sampled a few High Street retailers with mixed results I decided to find out what sort of response I would get at some large department stores.
The Harrods salesman talked about computers in terms of their capacity which made them seem more akin to other consumer products like washing machines or refrigerators. After all, this is just what they are. He warned that the educational software on the market provides parrot fashion learning that is no longer well regarded in educational circles as it doesn't make the child think - a matter for individual decision on educational philosophy. He also suggested that there was a need for some software to help users make home economic decisions, such as the effect on expenditure of running a car five miles more or less each day. It was startling to find the concept of computer modelling (for this would require a model of the economy of running a car) being volunteered by a home computer salesman. Whether he was just trying to tell us that home computers are more suitable at present for games than more constructive purposes, I'm not sure, but he recommended the VIC-20 Starter Pack or the Sinclair Spectrum for Maggie's purported need because of the wide range of software written for both of them. This seemed a slightly more impartial recommendation than those given in High Street stores where large volume discount agreements with particular manufacturers influence marketing policy.
If I had to give top marks to anyone it would be the salesman at John Lewis in Oxford Street. He brought a sense of humour to his job, for when I said I wanted to buy a home computer but didn't know anything about them he quipped: 'You're just the kind of customer we like . . . just write us a cheque . . . In more serious vein, he asked:
'What do you want it for? Have you got children who'll be using it?'
'Yes.'
'Do they have one at school?'
'No.'
'In that case for a beginner I'd recommend the Sinclair Spectrum. There's a lot of software for it and it's not too expensive.' He showed me some of the games. When I commented that they all seemed aggressive he added that there were more intellectual games too, such as Scrabble and chess and adventure games.

The salesman said that if they had a BBC Micro at school he might have suggested that -if I was prepared to pay \(£ 400\) against \(£ 130\) for the Spectrum. 'There is the new BBC-compatible Electron,' he said, 'but it has only just launched and is almost impossible to obtain.'

He gave clear explanations of computer terms, explained that if the children learn the programming language Basic they
would find it easy to transfer from the Spectrum to BBC Basic if they needed to, comparing different versions of Basic to dialects of English.

Like the salesman at Boots in Knightsbridge the man at John Lewis was himself the owner of a home computer. When you're looking for a computer, try to find out if the salesperson owns a computer; perhaps this could be your first question. I learned a great deal more from the people who had their own computers than from those who had apparently only been trained to sell them.

Still in the West End I went to Hamleys, the world famous toy store - plenty of parents will visit it just before Christmas. In the basement are displays of home computers from four manufacturers: Sinclair; Atari; Commodore; and Texas Instruments. In front of the rows of flickering screens at each stand are lines of youths addictedly playing arcade games. I suspect that women find this rather intimidating I did.

Among the other shops I visited were the Tandy shop and JVC, both in the Edgware Road, Lasky's in Tottenham Court Road and Computerland, a specialist computer shop near Marble Arch. The network of Tandy shops only sell their own make of computers; for home use the TRS 80 Colour computer was recommended. I asked what advantages it offered over cheaper machines such as the Spectrum and was told of Tandy's world wide support service. This did not seem a sufficient reason to me to pay the extra, nor did the salesman attempt to demonstrate its capability.
At JVC the salesgirl had been trained to explain things clearly and simply but her knowledge was limited. Commenting that the TI-99 had the advantage of using cartridges as well as cassettes, she then proved unable to explain the difference between the two media (she was not the only person to fail in this respect). As it happens, apart from cost, cartridges being considerably more expensive than cassettes, the difference can become quite significant to the home user. The slow and not always reliable load time from cassettes can become a nuisance - especially if you're a naturally impatient person - and intolerable for such a purpose as wordprocessing. Cartridges eliminate this problem; you plug them in and the program is immediately ready for use. However, you are unable to save programs you have written yourself on cartridge

At Lasky's the salesman I encountered seemed well informed and offered clear explanations.

Computerland appeared so much more quiet and businesslike than the other retailers that I doubted whether home computers would be on sale. However, the assistant said that \(20 \%\) of its sales were home computers, \(80 \%\) business machines. It stocked the VIC-20, Commodore 64 and Atari computers and he recommended the VIC-20 for a beginner. 'Computers are looked upon as disposable items,' he commented. This seems to be the rationale behind recommending the VIC-20 and

Spectrum - they can be expanded enough for the needs of most home users but if the computer is not a major hit in your home you will not feel that you have wasted too much money; if you do become truly addicted you won't mind investing in something more powerful eventually

\section*{Conclusions}

Since I had the newcomer to computing in mind when writing this article I geared my questions to the likely uses most people would make of their first computer. However, some newcomers may have a specific need for wordprocessing or small business accounts on a home computer. The ability of salespeople to advise varied greatly in the shops I visited so I think that if you have such a requirement, unless you are lucky enough to find someone who is very well imformed, you would be better off going to a specialist shop where they are used to dealing with business queries.

If you want to process words you will probably find that a disk drive (about as expensive as the computer) and floppy disks are preferable for storing information; whereas it could take five minutes to find a particular item of information on tape it would only take a couple of seconds on disk. A printer will also add to the expense. The recently launched Sinclair Microdrive brings fast access to Sinclair users; it is a continuous loop of tape which spins so fast that access times are almost as fast as for disk. However wordprocessing and business uses are not the reasons for which the majority of home computers are bought which is why I have only mentioned them in passing.

The low cost machines which were constantly being recommended to me have certainly turned computers into a normal consumer product. But buyers do not usually have past experience to draw on as they do when making a decision about a television or washing machine so they are more in need of advice. Unfortunately computers are as new to many salespeople as they are to most buyers so the advice available is still inadequate. Nevertheless, it's reasonable that home computers should be widely available in High Street shops and although efforts obviously have been made to train staff there is much room for improvement, in particular for ensuring that several staff are trained so that there is always someone present who can deal with queries. Until this happens buyers will have to do rather more background reading than is necessary for buying most consumer products and prob ably go to several retailers for information before they feel happy about making a decision

Although there was a lack of knowledge on the part of some salespeople there was no lack of will to help. I was impressed by the pleasant manner of almost all the salespeople I met. And if I had been a genuine buyer I would undoubtedly have ended up with a Sinclair Spectrum as a result of their cumulative advice. I feel it would have been a satisfactory choice PS. Allthe shops visited by Margaret Spooner were in the London area.

\title{
PLANE THINKING
}

\section*{Frank Dutton explains how to remove hidden lines from three dimensional drawings.}

When people talk of improving a 'wire frame' drawing they usually mean: 'How do I remove those lines which should not be there, because I "know" they are hidden?' The simple answer usually is you can't! The reason why lies in the data used to construct the drawing. The simplest model of an object consists of a set of point coordinates to represent the corners of the object, and a connection table to indicate which corners are joined together to represent the edges. When this simple model is manipulated to form a drawing, the result is an accurate picture (as far as the screen resolution will allow) of an object that is made up of points and lines. Nothing is hidden because there is nothing to hide behind. The drawing has no solidity because there is nothing solid in the model.
Look at any photograph and try to find some lines. The chances are there won't be any. What you will find are numerous boundaries between different colours, tones and textures. The different colours, tones and textures are the result of light being reflected, in different ways, from all the surfaces of the objects in the picture. The boundaries occur where one surface stops and another starts. If you pick up a solid object your hand presses against a solid boundary. On one side is the matter that makes up the object; you and the rest of the world are on the other. It is the opaque surfaces near us that hide others which are further away.

The use of lines to construct a drawing is an abstraction. The painter Paul Klee is reputed to have described some of his work with the comment: 'I took a line for a walk.' Lines are a shorthand way to describe the boundary of a surface; inside the boundary is the surface and on the other is something else. Outlines are used to describe the limits of an object. Outside the line is the rest of the world. By building a model of the object in terms of its faces and using this to generate a picture a more realistic solid image will be formed. The first stage along the road to realism is the removal of those hidden lines.
The model that will be constructed must provide the following information:
- The position of each face; and - The limits of each face.

The colour and texture of each face could also be modelled but the use to which such information is put is outside the scope of this article. Any curved surfaces must also be removed and replaced by a number of facets or tiles which approximate the curved surface. With the object reduced to flat surfaces a start can be made at generating the data for the model.

The easiest way to define the position of the face is by a face plane equation, which takes the following form:
\(a x+b y+c z+d=0\)
with \(a, b, c, d\) as constants and \(x, y, z\) as
cartesian coordinates.
If the coordinates are made homogenous then the equation can be written in the form: \([\mathrm{xyz}]\)
\(\left[\begin{array}{l}a \\ b \\ c \\ d\end{array}\right]=0\)
where \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z}\) forms a line vector and \(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}\), d forms a column vector.
A plane, which can be thought of as a very thin sheet, has two sides, and the plane equation can indicate the position of any point with respect to the plane. If the result of the point row vector with the plane equation column vector is less than 0 then the point is on one side of the plane and on the other if it is greater than 0 . The ability to distinguish which side of the plane a point lies is extremely useful. When a plane is the outside surface of a solid it has only one visible side, the one facing outwards. The other side faces into the solid matter of the object, and so must be hidden. The position of each face of the object is modelled by a column vector holding the constants of the plane equation for that face. These are assembled into a \(4 \mathrm{x} n\) array where \(\mathrm{n}=\) the number of faces.


Array of face plane equation column vectors

The faces of the solid do not extend to infinity but are cut, where two faces meet, to form an edge of the solid and, where three or more faces meet, to form a corner or point. By limiting the description of each surface to a flat plane all the edges will be straight. This implies that each face can be described as a face polygon that has straight sides at edge boundaries and verticies at the corner points. The face polygons can be modelled by listing, for each face, the verticies that are encountered as the polygon is traced out. The verticies are entered on the list in the order they are encountered. As the polygon is a closed figure the first and last entry into the list will be the same. As one corner will be shared by at least three planes it would be foolish to keep duplicate copies of the same information

For this reason the corners are indexed It is the corner point index that is entered into the face polygon verticies list; the index being used to point to the corners' position in a separate points list. The face polygons are therefore modelled by using two arrays: the face polygon verticies array, each row of which contains an ordered index of the corners of a polygon To keep the data consistent each face is entered in the same order as was used for the face plane equations. The second array used in modelling the face polygons is the points list. Each row of this array is a homogenous coordinate vector, and the number of rows is equal to the number of corners of the solid.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 1
2
\(*\)
\(*\)
\(*\)
n & \(\uparrow{ }^{\text {f }} \begin{gathered}\text { f } \\ \mathrm{a} \\ \mathrm{c} \\ \mathrm{e} \\ \mathrm{s}\end{gathered}\left[\begin{array}{c}\text { ordered } \\ \text { index } \\ \text { to the } \\ \text { points } \\ \text { list } \\ \text { array }\end{array}\right]\) \\
\hline & max
number of
corners
indexed
for one
polygon
Face polygon verticies
array \\
\hline & \[
\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
\mathrm{x}_{1} & \mathrm{y}_{1} & \mathrm{z}_{1} & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
* & * & * & 1 \\
\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}} & \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{n}} & \mathrm{z}_{\mathrm{n}} & 1
\end{array}\right]
\] \\
\hline & Points list \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The data structure of the model is now laid out and the arrays can be filled in. As an example a simple box, Fig 1, will be used.

The first step is to construct the face polygon verticies array and the points list. It has been shown that the face polygon verticies are listed in such a way that by joining the corners together, in the order they are listed, a closed polygon is traced out. The polygon may be traced out in two directions: either in a clockwise or anticlockwise direction. The convention is that all faces are traced out anticlock wise when
viewed from outside the object.
When this step is complete the two arrays containing the information appear as in Figs 2 \& 3 below.
1
2
3
4
5
6 \begin{tabular}{l}
f \\
f \\
a \\
c \\
c \\
e
\end{tabular}\(\left[\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 5 & 6 & 2 & 1 \\
1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\
2 & 6 & 7 & 3 & 2 \\
1 & 4 & 8 & 5 & 1 \\
5 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\
4 & 3 & 7 & 8 & 4\end{array}\right]\)

Fig 2. Face polygon verticies array
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1 & & x
50 & \(y\)
10 & 50 & 1 \\
\hline 2 & c & 50 & 50 & 50 & 1 \\
\hline 3 & - & 10 & 50 & 50 & 1 \\
\hline 4 & r & 10 & 10 & 50 & 1 \\
\hline 5 & n & 50 & 10 & 10 & 1 \\
\hline 6 & e & 50 & 50 & 10 & 1 \\
\hline 7 & r & 10 & 50 & 10 & 1 \\
\hline 8 & s & 10 & & & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Fig 3. Points list array.
The column vectors of the face plane equation can now be calculated. The minimum number of points required to describe a unique plane is three (as long as a continuous straight line cannot be drawn through them). So three points must be found that are in the plane and not in a straight line. The first three corners indexed by the face polygon verticies list meet these requirements. The verticies of the polygon must be in the plane and as they are used to indicate a change of direction when tracing out the polygon, they cannot possibly be in a continuous straight line. The first three elements a,b,c of the face plane equation vector are


Fig 1a
calculated using the equations below.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& a=\sum_{l-n}\left(y_{i}-y_{j}\right)\left(z_{i}+z_{j}\right) \\
& b=\sum_{1-n}\left(x_{i}-z_{j}\right)\left(x_{i}+x_{j}\right) \\
& c=\sum_{1-n}\left(x_{i}-x_{j}\right)\left(y_{i}+y_{j}\right)
\end{aligned}
\]
for \(n\) points in the plane
if \(i<n\) then \(j=i+1:\) if \(i=n\) then \(j=1\), where \(i\) and \(j\) are the \(i^{\text {th }}\) and \(j^{\text {th }}\) corners indexed in the face polygon verticies list for the face whose plane equation is being calculated.

For face 1 the first three corners indexed are \(1,5,6\) so we substitute as in Fig 4.
\[
\begin{aligned}
a & =\left[\left(y_{1}-y_{5}\right)\left(z_{1}+z_{5}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(y_{5}-y_{6}\right)\left(z_{5}+z_{6}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(y_{6}-y_{1}\right)\left(z_{6}+z_{1}\right)\right] \\
& =[(10-10)(50+10)] \\
& +[(10-50)(10+10)] \\
& +[(50-10)(10+50)] \\
& =\left[\begin{array}{ll}
{[ } & 0
\end{array}\right] \\
& +\left[\begin{array}{ll}
-800
\end{array}\right] \\
& +\left[\begin{array}{ll}
2400
\end{array}\right] \\
a & =1600
\end{aligned}
\]

Fig 4
\(b+c\) are calculated in a similar manner (Fig 5).
\[
\begin{aligned}
b & =\left[\left(z_{1}-z_{5}\right)\left(x_{1}+x_{5}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(z_{5}-z_{6}\right)\left(x_{5}+x_{6}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(z_{6}-z_{1}\right)\left(z_{6}+z_{1}\right)\right] \\
& =[(50-10)(50+50)] \\
& +[(10-10)(50+50)] \\
& +[(10-50)(50+50)] \\
b & =0 \\
c & =\left[\left(x_{1}-x_{5}\right)\left(y_{1}+y_{5}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(x_{5}-x_{6}\right)\left(y_{5}+y_{6}\right)\right] \\
& +\left[\left(x_{6}-x_{1}\right)\left(y_{6}+y_{1}\right)\right] \\
c & =0
\end{aligned}
\]

Fig 5
With the first three elements calculated, \(d\) is obtained by using coordinates of a point, that is in the plane, in the equation below:
\(d=-a x-b y-c z\)
A suitable point is the first corner indexed in the face polygon list for the face equation being calculated.

That is, for face 1 the first indexed corner has the coordinates \((50,10,50)\)
\(d=-(1600 \times 50)-(0 \times 10)-(0 \times 50)\)
\(d=-80000\)
When all the face plane equation column

\title{
PLANE THINKING
}
vectors have been calculated the array holding them will appear as in Fig 6.
wasteful. What is required is a matrix similar to the matrix used to transform the points list homogenous coordinates. Fortunately, for most transformations, such a matrix exists. It is in fact the inverse of the transformation matrix
The inverse of a matrix T is denoted by \(\overline{\mathrm{T}}\) and defined such that \(\bar{T}=I\) and \(\overline{\mathrm{T}}=\mathrm{I}\) where \(I\) is the identity matrix.


Having constructed the data that will be used as the model for the object, we can consider how it is manipulated to form a drawing. It is desirable to be able to move the object in space so that it can be viewed in different orientations, with respect to the reference planes.

The transformation of a point, with homogenous coordinates, can be accomplished by the use of a \(4 \times 4\) transformation matrix \(T\).
[xyzi]
original coordinates
\(\left[\begin{array}{ccc:c}* & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * \\ \frac{*}{*} & -\frac{*}{*} & -\frac{*}{*} & * \\ \mathrm{~T}^{*} & *\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{x}^{\prime} \mathrm{y}^{\prime} & \mathrm{z}^{\prime} & 1\end{array}\right]\)
transformed
coordinates
- the upper left \(3 \times 3\) sub matrix being used to rotate the point about the axes; -the upper \(3 \times 1\) sub matrix being used for shearing and perspective projection;
- the lower \(1 \times 3\) sub matrix being used to translate the point along the axes; and the lower right element being used for overall scaling.

When such a matrix is used to transform the points list of the model, the effect is to relocate the points relative to the axes of the reference planes. As the points are the verticies of the face polygons, it follows that the faces have also moved, and will now have different face plane equations. So having transformed the points list, the column vectors of the face plane equation have to be adjusted to keep in step. Recalculation of the vectors is possible but

For example,


For the purposes required here, a simple definition of the inverse matrix \(\overline{\mathrm{T}}\) is a matrix that does the exact opposite of T .

\section*{For example,}
\(\left[\begin{array}{cccc}1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right]\)

This is the transformation matrix for rotating the point coordinates an angle \(\theta\) about the \(x\) axis.

The inverse of T must do the exact opposite.
\(\left[\begin{array}{cccc}1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos -\theta & \sin -\theta & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin -\theta & \cos -\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right]\)

This is the transformation matrix for rotating the point coordinates an angle \(\theta\) about the \(x\) axis.

It is the inverse of \(T\) because if the points are first rotated an angle \(\theta\) about the x axis

and then an angle \(-\theta\) about the \(x\) axis, the points end up where they started from.

If \(\bar{T}\) exists then the column vectors of the face plane equation can be transformed using it.
\[
\left[\begin{array}{l}
\star \star * \\
\star \star * * \\
\star \star * * \\
\star \star * *
\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{a} \\
\mathrm{~b} \\
\mathrm{c} \\
\mathrm{~d}
\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{a}^{7} \\
\mathrm{~b}^{\prime} \\
\mathrm{c}^{\prime} \\
\mathrm{d}^{\prime}
\end{array}\right]
\]

After all rotations and translations have been performed to adjust the orientation of the object, the final stage is to draw the object. It is usual to project the image of the object onto the plane \(z=0\) from a position ( \(\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{v}}, \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{v}}, \mathrm{z}_{\mathrm{v}}, 1\) ) -the viewing position coordinates. To remove the majority of the hidden lines it must be determined which face polygons are visible from the viewing position and which are hidden. To suppress the projection of the face polygons that are hidden, a simple gate is used. By inserting the coordinates of the viewing position into the face plane equation of each face polygon, the result will determine visibility, that is.
\[
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
x_{v} y_{v} z_{v} l
\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{l}
a \\
b \\
c \\
d \\
F_{n}
\end{array}\right] \begin{array}{ll}
>0 & \text { if the face } \\
F_{n} \text { is visible }
\end{array}
\]

If a face passes this test, the face polygon can be projected by reading the appropriate row of the face polygon verticies list to find the corners.

The projected positions of the verticies of the polygon are determined by transforming them with a viewing matrix, which takes the form:-
\[
\left.\begin{array}{c}
{\left[\begin{array}{llll}
\mathrm{x} & \mathrm{y} & \mathrm{l}
\end{array}\right] \quad\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 0 & 0 & -1 / \mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{v}} \\
0 & 1 & 0 & -1 / \mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{v}} \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -1 / \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{v}}
\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{s}} & \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{s}} & 0
\end{array}\right]} \\
0
\end{array}\right]
\]

When the object is a convex polyhedron the task of removing all the hidden lines is complete. The screen coordinates can be plotted and the face polygons drawn.

With concave solids further steps may be required to ensure the complete removal of hidden lines but that is a topic for another time.

The routines for constructing the data and manipulating it are not complex and though 'real time' moving pictures of solid objects require machines much faster than those available for home use, the use of these techniques will greatly improve the realism of the pictures we can draw. For those that followed Paul Stevenson's article on Stereo Graphics (PCW October 1982) you now have a way of specifying eye coordinates to generate a stereo pair without those confusing hidden lines.


In today's fast moving business world, your information has to move with you. Over the past few years there has been an increasing demand for a totally portable computer with the ability to meet so many challenges.

Epson, with over 20 years experience in designing and momufacturing high quality printers, have produced the \(\mathrm{HX}-20\), a precision machine with its own rechargeable power supply that can be used for just about any task within todays disceming business; from data capture to word processing, from card indexing to sales order entry.
Communicating with other machines is no problem and the HX-20 is easily coupled to one of our fine printers. You can even link in another computer system by using an acoustic coupler.

Don't be fooled by its size, the HX-20 has all the software back-up you'd expect from a much larger machine and incorporates many "bigger computer" features - 16k RAM expandable to 32 k with serial interfaces, a full size typewriter keyboard, it's own built in LCD
screen and a dot matrix microprinter. A microcassette facility is available as an optional extra.

A complete computer that will either stand on its own or could be the obvious extension to your existing system.

More and more people are finding out just how big the small compact HX-20 is. Why don't you find out for yourself - you owe it to your business.

\section*{EPSON}

\section*{Extraordinary product.} Exceptional quality.
Epson (UK) Limited, Freepost, Wembley, Middlesex HA9 6BR. Sales Enquiries: Freefone EPSON General Enquiries: 01-902 8892. Telex: 8814169.
 Please send me full details of the HX-20. \(\square\) Please ask my Epson dealer to contact me.

\section*{Name}

Position
Company
Address

\title{
BIBLIOFIL \\ 
}

Linnet Evans, in her inimitable style, gives a critical analysis of computer books.

\section*{THEILLUSTRATED CP/M WORDSTAR DICTIONARY}

More and more software publishers are offering wordprocessing packages good, bad and ugly - for more and more micros. Even among the status quo of CP/M machines, minority cult packages such as Spellbinder seemed to be gaining significant ground. Then enter the Osborne (Hyperion, Zorba . . .), and WordStar's back in town.

The classic shortfalls of the official MicroPro manual and other accoutrements have prompted a very genuine reaction from all quarters. You can now teach yourself from cassette, interactive disk and no doubt soon, video. Meanwhile (and much cheaper), there's always The Book (and a great many of them).
The Illustrated CP/M-WordStar Dictionary is very much a working manual to be used in ongoing hands on situations. Sixty or so major WS functions are each assigned a 'module' (chapterette) where their use, abuse and consequences are discussed in terse detail. A description, a

note on major applications and the (illustrated) Typical Operation - normally sensible and relevant - make up each module. An upfront contents list, rather than a trailing index, provides the point of entry.

A selection of menu/command summaries is also provided. While not wholly comprehensive, this is indubitably quicker service than ploughing through the dreaded white manual. MailMerge and SpellStar are each given a token airing, probably not unreasonably in this context.

What did seem a little unreasonable is that \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) is brought literally to the forefront. Thus PIP andERA tend to mask the embedded WS copy and delete facilities, which may be a shade unnerving for some Osborne-type users who are taking WS as a virtually catch-all edit and housekeeping facility.

Clearly, Stultz's book presupposes some knowledge of the MicroPro package. A tidier layout, tightening-up of the diagrams and perhaps a spiral binding would help in extending that knowledge. The UK price is a certain detraction, too. Despite these reservations, it has some very sound principles behind it: worth looking into.

\section*{The Illustrated CP/M-WordStar} Dictionary
Author: Russell A Stultz
Publisher: Prentice-Hall
Price: \(£ 12.70\)

\section*{WRITINGINTHE COMPUTERAGE}

Turning to the author's credits at the close of this book, I noted with interest a long string of titles concerned with such diverse topics as cops and redwood trees. (For credibility, Fluegelman is also editor of \(P C\) magazine.) In the finest Californian tradition of where-they're-coming-from, it's also all the justification you ever need for coming up with a book whose subtitle is Wordprocessing Skills and Style for Every Writer.
That subtitle is entirely accurate. Like a magnification of John Lee's academics Made Easy, this one is going for the welter of casual correspondents, demon drafters, nascent novelists and jaundiced journalists who from time to time are doing a fair bit of writing. Since technology can outstrip even cirrhosis of the liver, the computer age has now to be faced - but how?
In some respects, Writing provides no specific answers. Hardware options are discussed only in general terms (though use of a single-user PC with twin floppy disks is assumed in later examples). WP
software, too, is brand-free. The enviably elegant universal package which the authors devise illustrates the major features of most set-ups: margins, cursor movements, string search et al. Apart from anything else, this leaves the newcomer rather better equipped to judge any demonstration independently. Familiarity can breed rather more than contempt.

Good habits (lots of back-ups, lots' of clean-ups) are encouraged: clearly red-wood-writers share some problem areas with British academics.

Where Writing really takes flight, though, is with the real extensions of style and technique that can come from using a wordprocessor rather than a typewriter (or worse). The ultimate jam on the bread is of course the ability to network your piece directly to the typesetters.

Arrangement of chapters is perhaps a little surprising but entirely workable, while layout and illustrations are again clear and straightforward.

This is, of course, a thoroughly selfish and parochial book, riddled with unnecessary voyeurism. If you like it that way, it's also totally brill.
PS This review was written on an eight-

year old IBM Selectric and travelled on the Northern Line

\footnotetext{
Writing in the Computer Age Author: Andrew Fluegelman and Jeremy Joan Hewes
Publisher: Century/PCW
Price: \(£ 5.95\)
}

\section*{FIRSTBYTE: CHOOSINGAND USING A HOME COMPUTER}

The tasty pic on the cover of First Byte clearly sees the circle of 'cookbook' come full turn. (Will the kitchen partworks of ' 84 be filled with pennywise recipes for 6502 chocolate chip cookies?)
But seriously folks, in the megasurge of new entrants to this computer lark, floodgates have overtaken logic gates. In the getting-started stakes, there's inevitably some rubbish. Predictably, too, there's a great deal of duplication.

Sci-fi scribe Mike Scott Rohan has got his subject rarely and squarely nailed on the head, however. First Byte is a physically lightweight but well-stocked book, attractively laid out - and attractively priced. Written in confident, quippish but never overbearing style, the quintessentials of applications, chips, language et al are covered with helpful economy.

\section*{WORDSTARAND CP/MMADE EASY}

Despite the similarity in titles between John Lee's book and that of Russell Stultz's reviewed above, they are virtual chalk and cheese. True, their reasons for being share common roots. But rather than being a mere/avowed on-line reference book, WordStar and CP/M Made Easy is a much more thoroughgoing operation. Written by a British academic (probably for British academics), it aims to beat the MicroPro house writers, plus certain imitators, fairly and squarely at their own game. It succeeds, exquisitely.

A fairly compact volume, Made Easy is nonetheless densely filled, showing the streetwise tricks of a daisywheel-style typeface helped by a little recession-proof grey highlighting for the screen illustrations. Unless you are pretty good at Star-gazing, it's not as good as the

Sensible advice is given to prospective buyers, with suitably dire warnings about warranty-busting hardware mods and naff educational software. In a more subtle way, Rohan recognises the did-I-fall-or-will-I-be-pushed syndrome of many incoming computer users. On balance he succeeds very well in providing the right kind of background and support for keeping the decisions in the owner-user's hands.
A selection of magazines are reviewed, PCW naturally being much favoured. More remarkable though is a resumé of a selection of machines in the sub- \(£ 400\) price range as available in mid-83. Trenchant thumbnail sketches note the wayward Basic dialects, shrunken ROMs, fattened prices, freebie packages and despite-it-all-forever-in-our-thoughts natures of twenty or so widely-distributed micros. Even when it's 1985 and all different, this type of approach and the questions it raises will still remain entirely relevant.
With First Byte, Mike Scott Rohan has, I think, gone a long way to meeting the real needs of a very wide readership. Probably

his relatively non-computer background has been an asset here, but I do hope we see more of him in time to come.

First Byte: Choosing and Using a Home
Computer
Author: Mike Scott Rohan
Publisher: EP Publishing
Price: \(£ 3.95\)


Dictionary for immediate problems (you have to do quaint things like looking it upin the index). Against which, the added luxury of discussion and debate makes it a much more readable book before or after the event. Signally, the author here gives
the reader a real feeling of what a wordprocessor - not just WordStar really is and does.
MailMerge and its use of variables, a territory which seems to cause untold miseries to many, are given an appropriate level of attention with a realistic selection of examples.
Summaries of the various menus and onscreen commands are again given at the end.

CP/M here comes towards the end, too. Lee's very readable coverage of the main transient and integral commands is probably more than the average polytechnic lecturer requires for general housekeeping and file shunting; but no harm done.
This is a surprisingly personal book, both as written and as read. Advocated. WordStar and CP/M Made Easy Author: John D Lee
Publisher: John Wiley \& Sons
Price: £6.95

\section*{INTRODUCING COMPUTERS}

Introducing Computers shares some of the same factual ground as First Byte reviewed above. It marks, though, a rather different approach. Partially this is simply because it's a very typical National Computing Centre output with the distinct air of being the authorised version and neo-standard reference work around it. Partially, too, it's because both the Introduction and the Computers of the title are treated in a much broader and deeper fashion than we've come to expect from books of eponymous ilk.

While personal computers offer a useful point of contact, the camera pans far more widely. From Stonehenge to fifth generation, virtually every aspect gets at least a few lines - hardware, software, applications, organisation - but not of course
politics. Peltu has generally kept his diverse topics very well balanced.

Maybe the universal approach, at this moderately serious level, is just no longer possible. Turning back to an earlier Peltu/NCC book, Using Computers - A Manager's Guide, there is again a significant common slice of territory covered and questions raised. Yet the sheer fact of pacing through the subject for managers gave it all the cut and thrust, form and focus, that this book seems to lack.

Almost \(20 \%\) of the book is given over to a glossary, a dictionary of acronyms and a bibliography, while the text itself is well laced with references to reports, surveys and the like. As a cross-reference into further reading it's in a different ball game. Introducing Computers isn't a natural choice for a personal purchase; but for a college or business library, for example, it should have few real rivals.


Introducing Computers
Author: Malcolm Peltu
Publisher: NCC
Price: \(£ 5.50\)

\title{
WHICH SPREADSHEET? \\ THE FINANCIAL PLANNER \\ Mike Liardet waxes poetic on Ashton-Tate's answer to the spreadsheet . .
}

In days of old,
With no micros sold, And spreadsheets not invented,
They spent time and sterling
On financial modelling,
And had to be contented.
Well, not the greatest poetry, but unlike the ditty it paraphrases, at least it's clean! The point is that mainframes have had financial modelling facilities for many years. These modelling systems were designed in an era of card-readers, teletypes and extortionate 'meter-charges' on the central processor. Given these fundamental facts of life they work in a particular way, quite unlike micro spreadsheet systems which take full advantage of the high-speed display, interactive keyboard and all that free central processor time.

So, at first glance it might seem rather curious to implement a traditional style financial modelling system on a micro, but this is exactly what Ashton-Tate, of dBase II fame, has done with 'The Financial Planner' ('TFP' from now on). Although it is definitely not a spreadsheet system, it is included in the 'Which Spreadsheet?' series because it will be of interest to anyone contemplating a spreadsheet purchase; that is, providing they are prepared to part with the daunting \(£ 437.50\) that Ashton-Tate is charging for it.

The marketing approach taken by Ashton-Tate is that TFP is for users who have outgrown spreadsheets and want to do some 'real' modelling. In fact TFP is not the first mainframe-style micro financial modelling system - MicroModeller has
facility are worth the loss of high speed interaction and ease of learning.

\section*{Installation}

TFP is available for both 8 -bit CP/M systems and 16 -bit MS-DOS and CP/M-86 machines, including, of course, the IBM PC. My review copy was for a CP/M Apple for which three disks were supplied: two containing the software and the other containing demonstration files. TFP is
error exercise particularly simple as it displays a test-pattern immediately after you have selected a VDU. This pattern is drawn by jumping the cursor all over the screen, so if anything is wrong in your specification you end up with a complete mess, and know to correct it immediately, rather than finding out only after you are running the system.

Unlike spreadsheet software which usually needs to be set up with a number of codes for command keys, TFP uses only

\title{
'Unlike spreadsheet software TFP uses only the standardised 'Escape' and 'Rubout' keys, which do not need to be specified during installation.'
}
implemented in compiled Microsoft Basic, which results in quite fast software (for Basic, that is), but rather large files of code - hence the need for two software disks. Users with more disk capacity than an Apple could fit everything on one disk.
The manual has a short section devoted to the absolute newcomer, explaining what a VDU and disk are, etc. Regrettably it does not go on to give the instructions for creating TFP working disks. An absolute beginner will have far more trouble with this, than identifying his VDU or whatever. Anyway, assuming you know how to create your own working disks, it is not too difficult to get started. Simply type "TFP" in response to the operating system prompt and off you go!
The first time you run TFP it detects that it has never been run before, and automati-
> 'TFP is available for both 8-bit CP/M systems and 16-bit MS-DOS and CP/M-86 machines, including, of course, the IBMPC.'
been available for many years and has reputedly found 4,000 users in the UK. So there must be some sort of rationale in this mainframe/micro marriage.

I would identify two reasons for preferring TFP and its ilk: mainframe users migrating to micros may prefer familiar territory to the unknown spreadsheet, and systems of this type do offer features and facilities not available with spreadsheets.

In this article I'll address the question of whether the extras in TFP's real modelling
cally selects the 'installation' procedure. A menu of VDUs is presented and you select your one if it's there, and 'Other' if not. If you select 'Other' you have to key in the basic codes and information about cursor addressing, etc. This caused me a momentary panic as my VDU was not listed and I happened not to have the relevant manual with me. Anyway, by selecting each of the named VDUs in turn I discovered that mine happened to be compatible with one of them. TFP makes this sort of trial and
the standardised 'Escape' and 'Rubout' keys, which do not need to be specified during installation.

Thus the installation process was as easy as you could hope for. The only complication that I could find arises when you select 'Other'. The system requests, among other things, an 'offset' value for the screen coordinates. In fact for most VDUs this value is 32 if the software regards the top left-hand corner of the screen as position \((0,0)\), or 31 if it regards its position as \((1,1)\). The manual does not specify which convention TFP is using, and in fact its examples contradict each other, so it is only possible to discover whether 31 or 32 is needed by experimenting.

\section*{Ovenview}

The system is a lot more complex than a spreadsheet system. With a well-designed spreadsheet it is only necessary to grasp a few principles to form an 'image' of what is happening under the bonnet. TFP's manual contains no overview that could help you build up this image; instead it plunges straight into a heavy modelling session. In fact the nearest it comes to an overview is in the introduction, but this reads more like advertising copy and does not tell you enough in detail. One amusing line in the introduction informs you that TFP's 'automatic mode' is easy enough for 'your secretary or president to run' - it doesn't mention which of the two is likely to be the least able!

Anyway, I shall attempt what the manual does not, and give a quick rundown
on the way the system works. Like any spreadsheet system it enables you to build up and experiment with a 'model' of some financial situation. As with spreadsheets the model is based on a table of numbers, some calculated and some raw data, and annotated with row and column headings. Instead of integrating the raw numeric data and calculation rules, etc, as a spreadsheet system does, these different parts are separated from one another and maintained independently in different files, only being drawn together for the purposes of generating the final report. In fact, when working with TFP you have control over six different aspects of the model description:
\(\star\) Rows. TFP needs to know the number of rows in a model, and how they are named. For convenience it also provides an abbreviation facility, so that the row name abbreviation can be used in calculations rather than the full displayed name. There are also numerous different types of override format that can be specified for any rows that will not be printed in the default format.
\(\star\) Columns. TFP also requires the same sort of information for the columns of a model. As so many financial calculations use month names and quarterly totals, etc, for column headings, there are special facilities for automatically setting them up. It is possible to vary individually the width for each column.
\(\star\) Data. Certain rows, columns or individual cells in the model must be set up with initial values. These may be assumptions (projected sales figures) or concrete facts (last year's closing balance). TFP provides extensive facilities to avoid any repetitive typing in this department. A fairly simple notation permits a sequence of identical values, or a 'growth' sequence to be
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & January & ferruary & MARCH & FIRST & APRIL & MAY & JuME & SECOMD & JuLY \\
\hline & & & & DUARTER & & & & QUARTER & \\
\hline TOTAL REVENUE & 22 & 24 & 26 & 72 & 28 & 30 & 32 & 90 & 34 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{TOTAL} \\
\hline COST & 16 & 24 & 18 & 58 & 19 & 20 & 21 & 60 & 22 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{cunalative} \\
\hline REVENUE & 22 & 46 & 12 & 7 & 100 & 130 & 162 & 162 & 19\% \\
\hline Profit & 6 & - & 8 & 14 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 30 & 12 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{cumulative} \\
\hline PROFIT & 6 & 6 & 14 & 14 & 23 & 33 & 44 & 4 & 56 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{PROFIT AS} \\
\hline PCT OF REV & 27.277 & - & 30.772 & \(19.44 \%\) & \(32.14 \%\) & 33.33\% & 34.382 & 33.33\% & 35.292 \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{COST AS PCT} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{OF REV} & 72.732 & 100.002 & 69.238 & 80, 56\% & 67.862 & 66.67\% & 65.632 & 66.672 & 64.712 \\
\hline & AUEUST & SEPTEMEER & THiAD & October & MOVEMBER & december & FOURTH & TOTAL & \\
\hline & & & QUARTER & & & & quarter & YEAR & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{TOTAL} \\
\hline revemue & 36 & 38 & 108 & 40 & 42 & 44 & 126 & 396 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{TOTAL} \\
\hline cost & 23 & 24 & 69 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 78 & 265 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{cumulative} \\
\hline revewue & 232 & 270 & 270 & 310 & 352 & 396 & 396 & 59\% & \\
\hline PROFIT & 13 & 14 & 39 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 48 & 131 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{cumulative} \\
\hline Prof It & 69 & 83 & 83 & 98. & 114 & 131 & 131 & \(13!\) & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{PRDFIT AS} \\
\hline PCT OF REV & 36.112 & 36.84\% & 36.112 & 37.502 & 38.102 & \(38.64 \%\) & 38.10\% & 33.007 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{COST AS PCT} \\
\hline OF REV & 63. \(89 \%\) & 63.162 & \(63.89 \%\) & \(62.50 \%\) & 61.902 & 61. 368 & 61.903 & 66.92\% & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
tems, is the 'INPUT' command which can be included as a Rule and used to obtain values from the keyboard in the middle of a 'Compute'. There are also all sorts of special features, covering most situations that are likely to arise: for example, row calculations where the rows are not aligned correctly, or totals columns interleaved with monthly ones, and even a rudimentary iterative looping facility.
* Variables. In some instances it is necessary to introduce a value into a calculation which is not part of the table. For example, if an interest rate were to remain fixed throughout the year it would be unnecessary to enter it into the model as a row of 12 identical values. Instead a

\title{
'With a product at the price of TFP I would expect a sophisticated screen editor, instead of the fairly primitive line editor that is in fact provided.'
}
specified with minimal typing.
\(\star\) Rules. The information here constitutes the heart of the model. The Rules section specifies how the parts of the table, unspecified by the Data section, are to be calculated and filled in. A list of rules can be built up and when given the command to 'Compute', each rule is applied in turn. TFP has fairly extensive calculation facilities so quite complex rules can be built up. The end result has a rather Basic-like appearance, but with the important difference that a TFP rule typically operates on a whole row or column. For example, if a model had 12 columns, one for each month, then:
"PROFIT = TOTREV - TOTCOS"
would actually perform 12 calculations, working out the profit for each and every month. If the model were subsequently changed to a 52 -week model (by modifying the Columns and Data specifications), then the Rule can remain unchanged, and will perform the 52 calculations instead. A useful feature, for creating turnkey sys-
variable name can be specified, and a value assigned to it in the Data section.
\(\star\) Text. With TFP it is possible to create a 'text file' containing a sequence of commands to manipulate and print the model. This facility is particularly useful for designing report layouts. The commands to specify paper dimensions, margins, and so on, can all be set up in a text file which can then be invoked whenever necessary. In fact TFP handles most of the formatting niceties automatically, breaking reports up if they are too big for the page and thus it is possible to obtain quite elegant layouts with minimal effort.
The TFP software provides two principal facilities: the 'editor' for passively creating and modifying the above six aspects of the model and the 'Decision Support System' (or 'DSS') which performs the actual machinations. There is another more peripheral 'Selection' facility which permits different files to be brought together to form a model - for example, we may wish to use different sets
of Data (different companies or different years) with the same Rules.

\section*{Using TFP}

TFP only requires you to go through the installation procedure the first time that it is run. Otherwise it bypasses this and immediately prompts you for a modelname, actually a file name. Following this the master menu is displayed. There are six options on it, to run the editor, DSS and 'Selection' facility and also to change to a new model, finish or 'restart'. Restart sends you back to the installation procedure. If you select it by accident it gives you no second chance and you have to go through the whole installation process again. This can be extremely irritating.

Using the system for the first time, you must first use the editor to specify all aspects of a model. Like most editors (well, text editors not magazine editors!) this editor is completely passive and will simply accept whatever text you throw at it. Thus if you mis-spell a row name in a Rule you will not find out about it at the time, but only when the DSS ('Decision Support System' remember?) is running and fails to recognize the name.

I was not greatly enamoured of the editor. With a product at the price of TFP I would expect a sophisticated screen editor, instead of the fairly primitive line editor that is in fact provided. As the edit session proceeds the screen starts 'scrolling' - the top line, which initially contains status information, just disappears as a new line is typed at the bottom of the screen. The whole feel of it was reminiscent of the old teletype editors of yesteryear.

Of course each of the six different aspects of the model is maintained separately, but the editing process is much the same for each. However, just to confuse matters, Data, Rules and Text must all be preceded by a line number, whereas Rows, Columns and Variables

\section*{THE FINANCIALPLANNER}
must not be.
The editor includes commands to Add, Change, Delete and List. These can all be abbreviated to their initial letter and a second letter must also be supplied to specify which aspect of the model they are to apply to. For example, 'LR' would list all the rows and 'AD' would be used to add data.
There is a 'Help' command outlining the edit commands available, and a convenient facility for setting up month names automatically. It is also possible to renumber lines and make text substitutions from top to bottom, so for a simple line editor it is in fact reasonably comprehensive.

Once you have finished editing, you will want to set TFP calculating and then printing the results. Before finishing with the editor it is necessary to use the 'Define' command, which apparently initialises the system workfiles in the light of any changes made in the edit session. I could see no benefit in having this under manual control, since this just gives you the opportunity to forget to do it, and the manual had no suggestions as to why this should be useful. Once you have 'Defined' you can move into the DSS directly by typing 'DSS', or returning to the master menu and selecting the DSS option, or by typing a DSS command. The easiest of the three is just to type the DSS command you want to use: 'Compute' to calculate the model.
In the Apple version the program disks must be changed before the DSS can run. TFP automatically requests a change of disk if the wrong disk is present for a particular operation. Of course with larger disk capacity machines it would not be necessary to change disks, although the actual program disk must always be resident while the program is running. The DSS has a host of facilities, 'Compute' being one of them, and 'Print' being another. Once Compute is finished, which can take some considerable time if the model is large, you can Print.

TFP assumes that your printer has 132 character \(x 66\) line stationery, but it is easy to specify other dimensions using the 'Pagesize' command before doing the Print. It did not appear to be possible to get TFP to switch the printer into a condensed print mode. Most modern matrix-printers have a condensed print facility which is particularly useful in financial modelling applications, when the more characters per line the fewer the number of artificial breaks that need be made in a wide report. In my own case I simply switched the printer on before running TFP and typed the initialisation characters directly from the VDU keyboard using CP/M's control\(P\) facility
TFP allows several commands to be typed on one line. This is particularly useful when each command may take a significant time to execute. It allows you to get on with something else (not at the keyboard though!), while it finishes the task. For example the command line:

\section*{ROMS}
totrev total reverue
TOTCOS TOTAL/ COST
cumrev cunulative/ revenue
PROFIT PROFIT tOI
cumprof cuhllative/ profit
PROF\%, PROFIT AS/ PCT IF REV [P. 2\(]\)
COSTK COST AS PCT/ OF REV (P. 23
Fig 2

\author{
CDLUMNS \\ JAN JANuARY \\ FEE FEBRUARY \\ MAR MARCH \\ Q1 FIRST/QUARTER \\ APR APRIL \\ may may \\ JUN JUME \\ Q2 SECOND/QUARTER \\ Jui: July \\ AUG AUGUST \\ SEP SEPTEMEER \\ Q3 THIRD/QUARTER \\ OCt actober \\ NOV NOVEMBER \\ dec december \\ Q4 FOURTH/QUARTEA \\ YR TOTAL/YEAR
}

Fig 3
OATA
10 MATHROW JAN-MAR,AP?-JUN, JUL-SEF, OCT-DEC
20 TOTEE \((=22, f)+2\)
30 TOTCOS \(=16,24,18, f)+1\)
Fig 4

Fig 4
```

RULES
1000 HATHFOW JAN-MAR,APR-JUN, JUL-SEP, OCT-DEC
1010 FROFIT= TOTREV-TOTCOS
1020 PROF%=PROFIT/TOTRE:
1030 COST%=TOTCOS/TOTREV
1040 EUMREV=CUM(TOTREV)
1050 CUMPFOF=CUM(PFOFIT)
1060 MATHCOL
1070 0!=5UH[JAN-MAF3
1080 Q2=SUM[APF-JUN]
1070 03=SUM[JUL-SEP]
1100 [4=SUM[OCT-DEC]
1110 MATHCOL CUMREV,CUMPFOF
1120 Q1=MAR
1130 02=JUN
1140 QJ=SEP
1150 Q4=DEC
1160 MATHROW 01,02, R3,04
1170 PROF%=PROFIT/TOTREV
1180 COST%=TOTCOS/TOTREV
1190 MATHCOL TOTREV, TOTCOS,PROFIT
1200 YR=61+Q2+e?+Q4
1210 MATHCELL
1220 CUMREVIYR=CUHREV\Q4
1230 CUMPROFIYR=CUMPROFIQ4
1240 PROFZIYR=PROFITIYR/TOTREUIYR
1250 COST%\YR=TOTCOSIYR/TOTREV\YR

```
    Fig 5

\section*{"DEFINE;COMPUTE;PRINT;C"}
sets up new workfiles, does the computation and the printout without the need of any further intervention at the keyboard. (The ' C ' at the end specifies continuous stationery.) Where a particularly long sequence of commands is repeatedly used
it would be more convenient to specify them once and for all in a 'Text' file and whenever needed; just use the 'From' command to instruct TFP to take the command sequence from the file rather than the keyboard.

Although TFP assumes most of the responsibility for report layout, there is the opportunity for some user control. For example, there is a 'Show' command where only specified rows or columns are 'shown'. Also numeric formats, titles, footnotes and margins can be specified. It is also possible to 'report' to a named disk file, for possible subsequent integration in a wordprocessor document.

While the DSS is running TFP does, superficially, resemble a spreadsheet system. At the top of the screen appears the topleft-hand corner of the table, and at the bottom is the command line. It is possible to shift the focus of display to some other part of the table, but not with cursor moves. Basically you type in move left, right, up and down commands to achieve this. It is also possible to alter the contents of selected rows, columns or individual cells in the matrix. This works in much the same way as setting up 'Data' using the editor. For example, typing:
"TOTREV \(=22,>+2\) "
would enter 22 in the first column of TOTREV, 24 in the next, and soon up to as many columns as there are in the model. The '>' can be read as 'grow by'. Following the command, the changes to the row can immediately be seen, but unfortunately the rest of the display does not get instantly updated. Thus it is not possible to see the ramifications of changes immediately. To update the display the Complete command must be used again.

There is also a 'Whatif' command which actually sounds a lot more promising than it actually is. Following the Whatif command it is possible to enter Rules, one at a time and have them executed as you enter them. I do not see a great deal of use for this -it's not very often you want to ask 'How will my profits change if I calculate them this way?'

\section*{Setting up a simple model}

Just to give the reader a flavour of modelling, TFP style, I present a simple model appearing as in Fig 1. It covers a twelve month period, complicated by the introduction of quarterly totals and a yearly total at the end. Only parts of the first two rows, 'Total revenue' and 'Total. cost', contain numeric data, the rest of the model being calculated:

The cumulative revenue is simply the sum of revenues for the current month and all previous months in the year.

The profit for a given month is the revenue less costs for that month.

The 'Profit as a percentage of revenue' is the ratio of profit to revenue displayed as a percentage.

The 'Cost as a percentage of revenue' is the ratio of cost to revenue displayed as a percentage.

The quarterly columns are an accumulation of figures for just the previous three months.
The yearly column is an accumulation of figures for the whole 12 months.
Fig 2 gives the row specification for this model. Taking the line starting 'COST\%', this specification assigns 'COST\%' as the internal name for the row, to be used by Rules, etc. "COST AS PCT/ OF REV" is the displayed and printed name of the row - the ' \(/\) ' causes it to be printed on two lines. Finally the ' \([P .2]\) ' causes all the numbers in the row to be converted into percentages, and printed to two places of decimals with a trailing '\%' sign. Actually TFP provides a comprehensive range of possible formats, such as negative numbers in brackets, use of 'CR' and 'DR' for credits and debits everything except a red-ink option for a colour printer! The only other format option used in this model is the '[O]' (in the Profit row) which causes a row of dashes to be printed over the numbers in that row.
The column specifications are given in Fig 3. It was not necessary to type any of this. Following the editor command to 'Add columns', typing "MONTHS
one of a number of special modelling functions such as 'MIN', 'MAX', 'SUM' and 'DIF' (running difference).

The last five lines in the Rules show how individual cells can be worked on in isolation - most of the time a whole row or column is modified by a single rule. The MATHCELL command prepares the way and references such as 'PROF\% YR' specify the coordinates of the cell to be affected.

And that's all there is to it! From the editor the "DEFINE;COMPUTE; PRINT;C" sequence produces the report in Fig 1.

\section*{Documentation}

The system is supplied with over 200 pages of documentation in a large ring-bound manual, a reference card and limited help-screens embedded in the software. A plastic flap called a sheet lifter is stuck in the front of the manual. There is no suggested usage for this, so I can only assume it's some sort of Ashton-Tate in-joke at the expense of VisiCalc, or has some nefarious purpose unconnected with

\section*{-TFP allows several commands to be typed on one line. This is particularly useful when each command may take a significant time to execute.'}

\begin{abstract}
QUARTERS" was sufficient to set the whole lot up automatically.

The actual initial data used by the model is specified by the three lines in Fig 4. The MATHROW feature is particularly powerful since it can be used to circumvent the problems caused by interleaving of the quarterly columns. In this instance it is used to specify that only the month columns are to be affected by the row statements following, and the quarterly and total columns are to be made temporarily invisible. Line 20 specifies that the total revenue row is to start with the value 22 , and be filled with numbers thereafter, each greater than the previous by two. Line 30 specifies the first three values for total costs, and thereafter each value will be one greater than the previous. There are several other quick and simple ways of setting up row and column data including an interpolation facility, where the first and last values are specified and the
\end{abstract} intermediate ones just filled in.
This particular model did not need any Variables or Text. The remainder of the model is specified by the Rules for performing the calculation itself (Fig 5). These rules are executed from top to bottom. This ordering is important since occasionally an incorrect value is entered in a cell, to be overwritten by the correct one later. For example, lines 1070-1100 assign the accumulation of cumulative revenues to cumulative revenue for each quarter. (For example, the cumulative revenue for the first quarter gets set to \(22+\) \(46+72=140\).) The subsequent lines \(1110-1150\) correct this and the cumulative revenue for each quarter gets set to the cumulative revenue in the month preceding. Note that TFP has a function 'CUM',

\section*{modelling.}

The overall presentation of the manual is quite good except, as I have already noted, there is no introductory overview. There are 10 tutorial lessons and reference material as well. The system is adequately indexed and each chapter is clearly marked with a large red tab so it is relatively easy to find your way around.

The help-screens are not a great deal of use, merely replicating the summary information on the reference card.

\section*{TFP versus VisiCalc}

It was not possible to subject TFP to the usual Benchtests. This is because it does not provide a rule-replication facility. As a
substitute for this I tested it against Apple VisiCalc, with the model in Fig 1. It should be noted that Apple VisiCalc is no longer a state-of-the-art product, and in any case we are definitely not testing like against like. Nonetheless this should give the reader some idea of what to expect from TFP. The major pro and cons were as follows:
\(\star\) VisiCalc took only 2.2 seconds to calculate the model. TFP took 180 seconds when initiating the calculation from the editor, and 64 seconds when initiating it from the DSS.
* VisiCalc has no cumulative function, and does not lend itself to calculations where quarterly totals are inter leaved with monthly columns.
\(\star\) It is easier to read TFP's rules than VisiCalc's embedded formulae.
\(\star\) TFP assumes most of the responsibility for report layout, making reporting much easier than with VisiCalc.
\(\star\) The model consumed approximately 3 k out of 34 k workspace available to VisiCalc. According to the manual, TFP has a capacity of 30,000 cells on both 8 -bit and 16 -bit machines, and a forthcoming release will extend this figure still further.

From the above pros and cons it can be seen that VisiCalc is incredibly fast and interactive, but TFP is superior when it comes to features and facilities (except replication of course). Moreover, TFP has an incredibly large capacity, which of course must be achieved by paging the cells to disk - greatly slowing down calculations. Giving the calculation times recorded above I dread to think how long a 30,000 cell model would take to calculate!

\section*{Conclusions}

There is nothing radically new about The Financial Planner, but it is a very solid package for all that. Unlike a spreadsheet system the data, rules and so on are all maintained independently. This is advantageous in that different sets of data can easily be slotted into the model, and disadvantageous in that the system is slower and more complex.

TFP has some very powerful reporting and formatting facilities, and it is particularly easy to manipulate models with interleaved sub-totals, change from 12 month to 52-week calculations, and perform other drastic modifications without horrendous consequences. It's also possible to build up 'command' files that can control a whole sequence of operations. The system also has good facilities for communicating with other software including Ashton-Tate's own dBase II.

TFP is not responsive and immediate in the way that a good spreadsheet system can be, and this is its major limitation. Also the editor used for setting up the model is fairly crude in comparison to the editing facilities integrated into a good spreadsheet system.

\section*{\({ }^{\prime}\) Unlike a spreadsheet system the data, rules and so on are all maintained independently.'}

Finally, the system is considerably more expensive than most spreadsheet systems (but not a great deal more expensive than other financial modelling systems). There is very little that it provides that cannot be achieved somehow or other with a good, but cheaper, spreadsheet system. On the other hand it does make some things, particularly the more complex types of modelling, more easy to set up.
So if you have a fairly complex modelling requirement then TFP is definitely worthy of consideration. If on the other hand you have a simpler task in mind then there is probably no need to spend the extra learning time and extra money on this system.

\title{
Most dedicated wordprocessors include a column sortfacility; manysoftwarepackages do also. Here's an algorithm from Len Wood and Jack Brownfrom which you'll be able to implement such a routine in the dialectof your own micro. Useiton its own, or as a sub-routine in a wordprocessing program.
}

This article is about a user-friendly way of printing a list of names in two or more columns. Suppose we have a list of names in alphabetical order which we wish to print in three columns. The result might be:-
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
ALAN & ALFRED & ALICE \\
ANNE & BERT & BETTY
\end{tabular}

BILL . . . and so on.
That format is easy to program. Print the first three names, then the next three and continue until they have all been printed. However, I suggest that that's not the most user-friendly format.

Take a look at the Advertisers' Index at the back of \(P C W\). There the names are listed vertically instead of horizontally. The vertical format is also used in the indexes of books, in telephone directories and in dictionaries. Long vertical lists are easier to scan visually because less eye movement is needed.
Imagine that we want to print such a vertical format list. We have to print the name at the top of each column, then the second name in each column, and so on. Let us impose a constraint that the column lengths must be nearly equal. More precisely, the longest column must contain at most one more name than the shortest column.

The core of the problem of printing the list in vertical format is to work out which names are to be printed at the tops of the columns.

To simplify the discussion let us leave names for the moment and work out how to print the sequence of numbers 1 to 14 in four columns. We'll get back to names later. The 14 numbers would be printed like this:-
\begin{tabular}{cccc}
1 & 5 & 9 & 12 \\
2 & 6 & 10 & 13 \\
3 & 7 & 11 & 14 \\
4 & 8 & &
\end{tabular}

More generally, let the total number of numbers in the sequence be \(t\). Let the required number of columns be c. Using integer arithmetic, divide \(t\) by c getting quotient \(q\) and remainder \(r\). Let the numbers to be printed in the first print line be \(\mathrm{P}_{1}, \mathrm{P}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{3}, \ldots \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{c}}\). Using the convention that the value of \((a>b)\) is 1 if \(a>b\) and is 0 otherwise, we have:-
\[
\begin{aligned}
& P_{1}=1 \\
& P_{x}=P_{x-1}+q+(r>(x-2))
\end{aligned}
\]
where \(x\) takes the values \(2,3,4, \ldots c\)
Using the example of a sequence of 14 numbers printed in four columns, we get \(t=14, c=4, q=3, r=2\). Then we calculate:-
\(\mathrm{P}_{1}=1\)
\(\mathrm{P}_{2}=1+3+(2>0)=5\)
\(\mathbf{P}_{3}=5+3+(2>1)=9\)
\(\mathbf{P}_{4}=9+3+(2>2)=12\)

That gives us the first printed line:\(\begin{array}{llll}1 & 5 & 9 & 12\end{array}\) Those four numbers are each increased by 1 for the second line, and so on. If a number to be printed exceeds 14 we replace it by a space and of course we stop when all 14 numbers have been printed.
Now consider the task of producing a printed list of names in alphabetical order. If the names are already in alphabetical order then we can proceed as before and use the calculated \(\mathbf{P}_{1}, \mathrm{P}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{3}, \ldots \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{c}}\) as pointers into the alphabetically ordered list of names.
If there were 14 names to be printed in four columns then, from the previous results, the names at the tops of the four printed columns would be the 1st, 5 th, 9 th and 12th names from the original list. So names already in alphabetical order present no problem.
If the names are not in alphabetical order then one way of proceeding of course would be to sort them.
In some cases this might not be desirable. For example, it might be necessary to keep the names in the order in which they were entered into the list. Space limitations might prohibit keeping two lists; one being maintained in alphabetical order for the purpose of printing. Also, in the case of \(\mathrm{a} \cdot\) long list there might be an objectionably long time interval between starting to sort and starting to print.
If we wanted to print the list of names alphabetically in a single column then it might be possible to hide the sorting time within the printing time. Find the alphabetically earliest name not already printed. Printit. Repeat until all the names in the list have been printed.
However, printing the list of names in several columns presents a problem. How do we find, say, the 125th name in the alphabetical order without first finding all those that precede it?
The suggestion here is to divide the sorting time into thin slices, but instead of hiding these slices within the printing time hide them in the list creating and updating time. Whenever a name is added to the list that name's alphabetical order is calculated and recorded. Whenever a name is removed from the list the alphabetical order numbers for the remaining names have to be adjusted.
In more detail, as well as the list of names, we need to keep two lists of numbers; one pair of numbers for each name. The assumption here is that the lists of numbers would require less space than a duplicate list of names for sorting into alphabetical order.
For the moment let us concentrate on just one of the list of numbers. We'll find a
use for the other one later. Associate the first name in the name list with the first number in the number list, whatever its value. Associate the second name with the second number whatever its value, and so on. The values of the numbers will be changed but the 'Nth' name will always be associated with the ' N th' number, whatever its value.
Whenever a new name is added to the name list the new name's associated number is set to a value of 1 . The name list is then scanned.
For each existing name which is alphabetically earlier than the new name, the new name's associated number is increased by 1 . For each existing name which is alphabetically later than the new name, the existing name's associated number is increased by 1 . Whenever a name is removed from the name list, the name list is again scanned. For each existing name which is alphabetically later than the removed name, the existing name's associated number is decreased by 1. Also, the gaps left by the removed name and its associated number should be closed by moving up one position all names and numbers below the gaps in the respective lists.
In the following example the names have been placed in the name list in the order shown. Each new name was placed at the bottom of the existing list. The number list shows how the numbers have been changed each time a new name was added.

ALFRED
BILL
FRED
ANNE
ALAN
When ALFRED is entered, his associated number is set to 1 and remains at a value of 1 until another name is entered. When BILL is entered his number is set to 1. The existing list is scanned and BILL is found to be alphabetically later than the only name in the existing list, ALFRED, so BILL's number is increased by 1 to 2 . ALFRED's number is left at 1 . When FRED is entered his number is set to 1 and then during the scan FRED's number is increased once for ALFRED and once for BILL. Thus FRED's number becomes 3. ALFRED's stays at 1 and BILL's at 2. When ANNE is entered, her number is set to 1 . During the scan ANNE's number is increased by 1 for the only earlier name, ALFRED. So ANNE's number becomes 2. Both BILL and FRED are found to be later than ANNE so their numbers are increased by 1 becoming respectively 3 and 4. At this point the respective numbers for the four names in the list are \(1,3,4,2\). When ALAN is entered his number is set
to 1. During the scan all four names in the existing list are found to be alphabetically later than ALAN so their numbers are increased by 1 . No name is found to be earlier than ALAN so his number stays at 1. At this point the respective numbers for the five names are \(2,4,5,3,1\).

The following example shows what happens to the numbers when a name is removed.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
ALFRED & 2 & \\
BILL & 4, & 3 \\
FRED & 8, & 4 \\
ANNE & 3 & \\
ALAN & 1 &
\end{tabular}

Suppose ANNE is to be removed. The list is scanned and two names, BILL and FRED, are found to be alphabetically later than ANNE so their numbers are reduced by 1 to become respectively 3 and 4 . After closing the gaps left by the removed name and associated number the lists become:ALFRED
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
ALLRED & 2 \\
BILL & 3 \\
FRED & 4 \\
ALAN & 1
\end{tabular}

So the sorting process has been sliced up so that just one scan of the existing name list is done whenever a name is entered or removed.

Now we can return to the task of printing a list of names in two or more columns in alphabetical order where the list is not already in alphabetical order.

We do have though a list of numbers which indicate the alphabetical order of the names.

Let us use our last example of four names, ALFRED, BILL, FRED, and ALAN, with their respective numbers, 2, \(3,4,1\). When we wish to print the name list we have to create the second number list referred to earlier. Let us call this second number list our inverse number list.

Our four names with their number list and inverse number list would be:ALFRED
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
& & 3 \\
BILL & 1 \\
FRED & 4 & 2 \\
ALAN & 1 & 3
\end{tabular}

We produce our inverse number list by saying that if the ' Nth ' number in our first number list is \(M\) then set the ' \(M\) th' number in our inverse number list to a value of N . Now if we want, say, the alphabetically 3rd name we look at the 3rd number in the inverse list and use its value as a pointer into our name list.

We are now ready to print. Let us return to our earlier example of 14 names. Suppose our inverse number list for the 14 names is \(2,14,9,1,4,5,13,3,8,12,7,10,6\), 11. Our first printed line must be the alphabetically 1 st, 5 th, 9 th and 12 th names from our earlier calculations. The 1st, 5 th, 9th and 12th numbers in our inverse number list are \(2,4,8,10\). So we print the 2nd, 4th, 8th and 10th names from our name list as the first printed line. For our second printed line we use the same procedure to print the alphabetically 2 nd , 6 th, 10 th and 13 th names. We continue thus for the third and following print lines
except that when the calculations would lead to a name whose alphabetical order would be later than the 14th we just print a space. When all 14 names have been printed we stop.
In summary, given the total number of names and the required number of columns, calculate the values of \(P_{1}, P_{2}, P_{3}\), and so on. If the names are in alphabetical order then use those P values as indexes into the name list to get the names at the tops of the columns. If the names are not to be placed in alphabetical order then arrange that as the name list is created the first number list is also created. When printing is required, create the inverse number list. Use the P numbers to index into the inverse number list and use the numbers found there to index into the name list to get the names at the tops of the columns.
If you experiment with pencil and paper and a small number of names you will see that the method works. The method might be useful when you want to produce a printed list that's user-friendly.


PCW welcomes approaches from would-be writers, even those who have never appeared in print before. In this game it's often those with practical experience who have important things to say so we don't mind if your prose is less than perfect - providing submissions have a sensible structure and follow a logical sequence, we can take care of the polishing.
If your article is already written, send it in - taking care to ensure that your name and address, together with a daytime phone number if possible, appears on both the covering letter and the manuscript. Manuscripts should, preferably, be typed or printed out (dot matrix output is quite acceptable) but must be double line-spaced with ample margins top and bottom and on each side. Make sure you keep a copy of everything you send us.
We can now accept articles on a limited number of disk formats: standard IBM 3740 single-sided, single-density 8 in , and the following \(51 / 4\) in formats: Superbrain

SSDD 35-track; RML 380Z SSSD; Sharp MZ-80K/A DSSD, Cromemco SSSD, Nascom DSSD, Rair/ICL DSDD, SD Sales SSSD, Triton 35 track SSDD and ACT Sirius 1 (CP/M-86 or MS-DOS) single-sided. By prior arrangement we can accept stuff over the phone by modem using BSTAM at 300 baud but as we can only do this during office hours ( 10 am to 6 pm ) it's not exactly a cheap way of getting your article to us! In the near future we hope to be able to accept material by The Source and Rewtel. Please note that if you want to send your article in this way, it should be as an ASCII file rather than as a 'work file' for any one type of word processor - ie, use your word processor to print the text to disk instead of to paper.

Please note that we cannot undertake to return manuscripts, diagrams and photographs, although we always try to return the latter. We can only return disks if they are accompanied by adequate postage and packaging.

If you have an idea for an article or a series, write us a letter outlining your ideas. A one- or two-page synopsis giving the proposed structure, sequence and content is what we're looking for. But before you send anything to us, take a good look through \(P C W\) to see what sort of articles get published and to see what style of writing we prefer (basically, avoiding promposity at one extreme and flippancy at the other). Also take a look through the Back Issues advert to see what sort of things we have already published - no point in re-inventing the wheel.
Once you've sent off your article or proposal, please don't hassle us for a decision. We receive far more submissions than we can ever use and it takes us a while to sort through them, acknowledge receipt and give an opinion one way or the other. Please be sure to tell us if you've sent the article to another magazine - it would be very awkward indeed if the same article appeared simultaneously in two publications! Frankly, we're more likely to accept something which has been offered exclusively to us.
Finally, we do pay for published work but please be patient! Payment normally follows about 4-6 weeks after publication.

\section*{The printer you've all been waiting for}


Epson have done it again! Realising a genuine need in the market place for a printer that not only has the same advanced features as its sister, the well tested RX-80, but also has the ability to accept both single sheet and fanfold paper; we bring you the

\section*{RX-80 F/T.}

This latest addition to our range of fine printers gives you dot addressable graphics, standard Centronics compatible interface with a range of interfaces to suit most machines and a fast 100 characters per second print speed.

By incorporating both friction and tractor feed, (which allows for variable paper width) Epson have produced a completely versatile printer at a thoroughly realistic price. Just another example of how we at Epson are not only identifying customer needs, but acting
to serve them staying one step ahead of the field with our quality range of printers and computers.

Don't wait any longer...find out about the RX-80 F/T today.

\section*{EPSON}

\section*{Extrcoordinary product.} Exceptional quality.
Epson (UK) Limited, Freepost, Wembley, Middlesex HA9 6BR. Sales Enquiries: Freefone EPSON General Enquiries: 01.9028892 Telex: 8814169.
\(\square \mathrm{I}\) would like a demonstration of the \(\mathrm{RX}-80 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{T}\). \(\square\) Please send me details of my local stockist.
Name
Position
Company
\(\qquad\)
Address
\(\qquad\)

Telephone

\title{
A BEGINNER'S GUIDE TO PROGRAM CONVERSION PART4:SINCLAIR GRAPHICS\&SOUND
}

Surya continues his look at graphics and sound on each of the machines included on the PCW Basic Converter Chart (see September issue). Thismonth, heturnshis attention to the Sinclairmachines: the ZX81 and Spectrum.

\section*{Sinclair ZX81}

The ZX81 produces black graphics on a white background. The graphics resolution is \(64 \times 44\), the origin \((0,0)\) being the bottom left-hand corner of the screen. Two graphics statements are supported: PLOT and UNPLOT

PLOT \(x, y\) switches on (ie, lights up) coordinate ( \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}\) ). UNPLOT \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}\) switches off the specified coordinate. Drawing lines is achieved using FOR-NEXT loops, thus:
100 FOR X=0 TO 63
110 PLOT X,0
120 PLOT X,43
130 NEXT X
140 FOR Y=0 TO 43
150 PLOT 0,Y
160 PLOT \(63, Y\)
170 NEXT Y
would draw a box around the edge of the screen.

The ZX81 also supports a PRINT AT function (PRINT @, on most machines). The PRINT AT screen comprises a \(32 \times 22\) grid with the origin - just to confuse - as the top left-hand corner. To print 'HELLO' in the middle of the screen, you would enter PRINT AT 11,13;"HELLO"

The ZX81 reserves the bottom two lines of the screen for input prompts, error messages, and so on; these lines are not accessible when programming in Basic, and so are not assigned coordinates.

Sound is not supported.

\section*{Sinclair Spectrum}

\section*{Graphics:}

The Spectrum is available with either 16 k or 48 k RAM, but there are no other differences between the two models.

The Spectrum supports eight foreground and eight background colours. The single graphics resolution is \(256 \times 176\), but there are limitations when using colour (see below). The graphics statements are as follows:
PLOT - PLOT \(x, y\) lights coordinate ( \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}\) ) in the current foreground colour.
DRAW - DRAW \(x, y[, a]\) draws a line from the last coordinate visited (using PLOT, DRAW or CIRCLE) to a point \(x\) coordinates to the right and \(y\) coordinates up. The values of \(x\) and \(y\) may be either positive or negative, and may be express-
ions and/or variables as well as literal numbers.
The value ' \(a\) ' is optional, and instructs the computer to draw a curved, rather than straight, line. This value specifies the number of radians the line must turn through as it draws; if a is positive, the line will curve to the right, if negative to the left. As a rough guide when reading listings, if a \(=2^{*} \mathrm{pi}\), a complete circle will be drawn, \(a=p i\) then a semi-circle is drawn, etc.
CIRCLE - The Spectrum has a built-in function to draw circles. This is considerably faster than using DRAW, but less accurate, which is why you find the DRAW method used in some listings. To draw a circle, you state CIRCLE \(x, y, r\) where ( \(x, y\) ) are the coordinates of the centre of the circle and r is the radius.

CIRCLE also appears to contain a slight bug. After drawing the circle, the statement leaves the graphics cursor in - as the manual puts it - 'a rather indeterminate place'. For this reason, you will normally find a PLOT statement immediately following a CIRCLE. This is simply to put the graphics cursor in a known position rather than being a part of the display routine as such.
PAPER \& INK - A wonderfully sensible idea; PAPER being used to set the background colour and INK the foreground colour. The format is the same in both cases, PAPER (or INK) \(z\) where \(z\) is the colour as defined below:
0 -black
1-blue
2-red
3-magenta
4 - green
5-cyan
6 - yellow
7 -white
BRIGHT - Sets the brightness of the colours. BRIGHT 0 being normal, BRIGHT 1 being extra bright.
FLASH - Flashes foreground colour. \(1=\) on, \(0=\) off.
INVERSE - Reverses INK and PAPER. \(1=\) on, \(0=\) off.
OVER - Allows overprinting. Normally, if you print (say) a letter ' \(X\) ' and then an addition sign at the same position, the second character will obliterate the first. OVER allows the old character to remain visible, so that the above example would produce something like an asterisk (*). \(1=\) on, \(0=\) off. The only way to recreate this on
other machines is to work out what the combined character would look like and see if your character set supports something similar. If your machine has the facility to support user-definable characters, then this is, of course, another way around the problem.
BORDER - The Spectrum has a border around the screen which the user cannot access for screen displays using Basic, but its colour can be reset using BORDER \(z\), where \(z\) is as for PAPER and INK. BORDER has no equivalent on most machines and can be safely ignored when converting from a Spectrum listing.

Note that colour 8 can be used with PAPER, INK, BRIGHT and FLASH to set the respective attributes to "transparent'. Colour 9 can be used with PAPER and INK to select automatically maximum contrast, thus each is set to white if the other is a dark colour and black if the other is a light colour. This would have to be done 'manually' on most machines.
When describing the resolution of the graphics screen, I mentioned a limitation when using colour. Plotting a particular attribute (colour, inverse, flashing, and so on) affects the whole of the character position, rather than just the pixel in question. Thus, you cannot have a steady blue line right next to a flashing green one, though you can have two lines sporting identical attributes running alongside each other.
The final graphics-related statement supported on the Spectrum is SCREEN\$. This is a very useful feature which allows you to save the contents of the screen memory on tape. This can subsequently be loaded from tape in order to recreate the display. The format is SAVE "filename" SCREEN\$ to save, and LOAD "filename" SCREEN\$ to load. This is most commonly used to load title screens for display while the main program is loaded. Sound:
Sound on the Spectrum is controlled using the BEEP statement, the onomatopoeiac word BEEP being a pretty accurate description of the sound quality. The format is SOUND duration, pitch.
Duration is in seconds and pitch is in semitones: 0 is middle \(C\), negative numbers are lower, positive numbers higher. Each octave, of course, spans 12 semitones.
More on sound and graphics next month.


\section*{GPO Printer}

I want to use a GPO teleprinter as a cheap printer formy BBC Model A. Can you giveme details on how to do this? Also, I have a Tandy Colour Graphic Printer but am unable toget it to print user-defined characters from ny BBC.
Andrew Hardy, Bingley
The Post Office and the teleprinter have a long history. If you have the older Telex style machine, then you have a major project ahead. These machines need an 80 volts signal, run at 50 Baudand use the 5-unit teleprinter code (International Alphabet No 2). Hence you will need to make a high-voltage interface for the BBC parallel port and, using software, convert ASCII codes into IA2 codes and serialise the data into start bit, 5 data bits and \(11 / 2\) stop bits at 50 Baud . Wireless World (October 83,) has an interface for its 6502 Nanocomp which should help you.

The more recent model 33 teleprinter will make a much more satisfactory printer, since it uses V24 signals and A SCII or IA5 codes, but you must make a small mod to the BBC Micro for 110 Baud. Wire a single-pole, double-throwswitch in place of link 28. Throw the switch and then *FX8,1 will set 108.3 Baud, close enough. You must return the switch to get the right cassette port rate. The (nearly) modern electronic model 43 teleprinter has a 300 Baud switch and is much quieter, but cheapused ones are rare

Most printers print a charactershape in response to a code. So those, like the Commodore or Sharp, which print the Graphics character set for a particular micro, do so because they have been internally pre-programmed with it. Your Tandy CGP only knows how to draw the ASCII set; it doesn't have any other picturesstored. The user definitions are only used by the BBC screen. To get the shapes on your CGP, you must either pre-process the printer output to replace non-ASCII codes by user-defined plotting commands, or write a screen
dumproutine toprint the displaylike a video scan. Ideas on screen dumps are in Acorn User, (August 83) and, of course, back issues of Beebug. A screen dump on the CGP will be rather slow, and hard exercise for the mechanics, but it has been done.
Len Warner

\section*{Bitresult}

Aninstantaneous result is required (as with a parity generator) to the number of bits set in word of 8,12 or 16 bits. The bits may be set in any combination up to the total word length. This con version can of course be done by software orby multiple shifts but these take time, as does reading a table, so a hardware solution is needed.
R GSilson, Tring, Herts.
You need an n-input, 1-bit adder, and here are two ways to achieve this.

Firstly, a 74LS283, 4-bit adder can be wired to become a 5-bit encoder which gives a 3-bit binary count of the number of inputs (up to 5) which are high. Two of these can be combined by adding the outputs with a third LS283, to give a 10-bit encoder. Similarly, two of these 10 -bit circuits can be combined to give 20 bits, and soon. Just ground any spare inputs (and leave out a bottom-level LS283 for 12 bits). This circuit will give an answer within a few tens of nanoseconds, depending on the number of levels of adders in the tree; and the chips are only 40peach.

Secondly, you can program a 2716 EPROM as an encoder. If each byte contains the count of the number of bits set in its address, then you have a 11-input encoder, with a 4-bit binaryoutput, and this is a one-chip solution. For more inputs, you can program another EPROM so that address lines \(\mathrm{A} 0-\mathrm{A} 7\) are unity weighting, and A8, A9 and A10 are weighted 2,4 and 8 . This can then be used in cascade to give up to 18 inputs. Thoughnot as fast as the other method, it is
faster than most micro's cycle time, so that won't matter.

In either case, it is a goodidea to pass all inputs through a transparent latch (LS373), which is latched by the Read line. This will make sure the data is not changing while the micro is trying to read it, which can give spurious results. Len Warner

\section*{Software copyright}

I have some questions which I think are probably relevant to all small, or'one-man' software companies:
1 What legislation, if any, exists in England to protect software authors from object-code copying? 2 How is it possible to protect a CP/M program from being copied off the original disk, if the user has access to a DISKCOPY CP/Mutility - as many manufacturers provide -which makes a mirror image of the drive \(A\) : disk on drive \(B\) :? 3 I have heard of programs being 'encrypted' to prevent copying-how is this achieved? 4 Surely any 'soft' software protection will prevent mass-copying of the disk by the original manufacturer? 5 I have seen many adverts for mass-copying services in American magazines. Are there any UK companies offering similar services?

\section*{RThomas, Ealing, London}

Taking your questionsin order: 1 The copyright situation is still largely unclear. Whether computer programs are covered by British copyright laws is a debatable point, but it seems likely that future legislation will clarify the position.
2 I don't know of any way to protect CP/M files from copyingusing PIP or DCOPY. Most commercial programs relyon licensing arrangements, where only registered users receive updates and after-sales support.

One program-protection method which appears secure is
numbered ROMs. Using this system, the CPUs are given individual serial numbers by the manufacturer. Software packagescan then be configured to a particular serial number. This enables an authorised user to make as manybackup copies as he wishes, but prevents the package being used on any other machine. This system has sofar been implemented on the Zita E. Whether other manufacturers will see it as being worth the effort and expense remains to be seen. 3 Encryption takes an almost infinite variety of forms. The methods involved depend on the particular machine. The usualmethod is to place POKEs in line 0 of the program to disable breaking and listing This is reasonably effective if the program auto-runs, but can otherwise be bypassed by typing GOTO 1 in place of RUN!

For details of encryption techniques on any particular machine, consult either the machine's manual or the manufacturer/dealer 4 The protection would be a little impractical if it did! The usual method is to allow copies to be made only with a specific piece of hardware in place, this being known as a 'dongle' 5 You'll find a number of companies offering mass-copying of cassettes and disks in Yellow Pages.
Surya

\section*{Jargon aid}

I am writing to you in a desperate attempt to find out what PEEK, POKE and DIM mean. All the magazines I have read tell you in gibberish. Please, I beg you, tell me in English.

\section*{SGibson}

An explanation of PEEK and POKE will be found in our 'Newcomers Start Here' feature. I suspect that the reason you found previous explanations amounted to no more than gibberish is that the explanations were presented out of context. If you read
through 'Newcomers', PEEKs and POKEs shouldthen make sense.

DIM is another statement which needs to be examined in context. DIM is an
abbreviation for DIMENSION and is used to specify the size of an array, as explained below.

If you wanted, for example, to enter five different names into a program, you coulddo so thus:
100INPUT"Enter name 1";A\$ 110INPUT"Enter name 2";B\$ 120INPUT"Enter name3";C\$ 130 INPUT"Enter name 4";D\$ 140INPUT"Enter name 5";E\$

When you wanted to print
the five names, you would then 150PRINT A\$:PRINT

\section*{B\$:PRINTC\$:PRINT}

\section*{D\$:PRINTE\$}

Although this would work, it is extremely tedious, particularly if you had fifty or a hundred namesto enter. It would also be very inefficient if you wanted to extract (say) the fourth name on the list. To get around the problem, Basic supports a facility known as arrays.

Arrays allow you tostore both strings and figures in numbered variables, known as array variables. Thus, instead of using the variables A\$-E\$, we could use
NAME (1)-NAME (5) like so:
100FOR COUNT=1TO 5 110PRINT"Enter name";COUNT;:INPUT

\section*{NAME\$(COUNT)}

120NEXTCOUNT

\section*{Toprint the list:}

\section*{130FOR COUNT=1TO5}

\section*{140 PRINT}

\section*{NAME \((C O U N T)\)}

\section*{150NEXT}

And to print a specific name: 160 INPUT"Which name shall Iprint (1-5)";NUMBER

\section*{170 PRINT}

\section*{NAMES(NUMBER)}

Each string in the array is known as an element. Most machines will quite happily allow you to enter arrays of up to nine elements without complaint, since they reserve sufficient memory for this purpose automatically. If you want to store more than nine elements, you need to tell the computer to set aside enough memory to dothis. This is where our friend the DIM statement comes into the picture. The format is DIM VARIABLE-NAME (number of elements + 1). Thus, if we
wanted tostore 50 names in an arraycalled NAME\$, we would put the following line in our program: DIM A\$(51).

DIMstatements need to be executed before youstart using the array, so we normally place them in the first non-REM line of our program.
Surya

\section*{Memory routine}

What, and where in memory, is the CHRGET routine on the 4000 series PET. I have heard that it is possible to create new commands using this routine. How doIdoit?
Tom Kelsall, Sutton Hill
In the Basic interpreter, CHRGET is the routine which loads the accumulator with the next non-space character. It does this by incrementing the pointer to the character and then executing CHRGOT, which loads the character and then sets flagsdependent on whatit is.
CHRGET starts at \(\$ 0070\) on Basic \(2 / 4\) PETs. Its use to add new commands is too complicated to describe in the shortspace available here. I have sent you an example to add the command
"@SPOND", and you will find an explanation of the method in Programming the PET/CBM by Raeto West, page 366.
Brian Grainger, ICPUG

\section*{Variable Genie}

When writing long programs for my Video Genie I often find myself having to change lines or insert new ones as I realize the program is not doing what I intended or that it could be improved. But by editing I lose all the variables calculated so far. To 'debug' lines further on I have to rerun the program from scratch. What atimesaver it would be if I could simply continue execution by typing "GOTO<NEXTLINE>". Can you conjure up a way to achieve this?
GKowalczyk
Unless anyone out there knows better, there is no way of recovering the values of variables once you have edited
the program. The simple answer, I'm afraid, is to plan your programs before you start writing them. That way, the number of editscan be reduced to a minimum.

You will also save time if you avoid breaking into the programevery time you think of animprovement or spota 'local' bug-that is, a bug which won't affect the rest of the program. Make a note of all the changes you want to make but wait until the program run hasended before editing.

You can also insert dummy variables into the program during testing, and then change these to inputs or whatever once the core program appears to be working.
Surya

\section*{PETdisk \\ directory \\ Dr Peter Bamber: Your} question about PET disk directories is answered in the June issue. See 'Disk dilemma'

\section*{MZ-80K interfacing}

I am interested in electronics, and would like to interface to my MZ-80K. There is an expansion socket at the back, but I have been unable to find out anything about it. Presumably I would need some sort of interface board and \(A / D\) converter before I could use the computer to control my own experiment. CTParker, Morecambe

The 50 pin connector on the back of the K carries all the Z80 bus and status lines except NMI (non maskable interrupt). The SharpMZ-80K Service Manual is available from Kuma Computers for \(£ 10\), giving complete connector and circuit details(Maidenhead(0628) 71778). The ZX81 and Spectrum also bring out the \(\mathbf{Z 8 0}\) bus, so it is a fairly simple matter to adapt designs for their add-ons to the K. Points to note are:
-Keep the expansion cable short-less than 18in. -SP5025 Basic includes port input and output commands,
but I/O addresses 240 to 255 are reserved for Sharp devices and will be rejected by Basic.
-I/O devices can be memory mapped safely to addresses in the range 57356-57375. This allows the device to be driven by PEEK and POKE if an alternative language to Basic is used.

Peterson Electronics, (Academy Street, Forfar, AngusDD82HA), is a leading supplier of interface boards for the K, including RS232, Centronics, Relay Control, Eprom Programmerand 16 channel A/D Converter. The \(A / D\) board is \(£ 85\). If you are planning a number of additions it is worthusing an interface box, which Peterson can supply, and most of their range is available in I/O box or stand-alone versions. Also, the Sharp Users' Group (c/o Yeovil College, Goldcroft, Yeovil BA214AE) has published an interface box design and is producinga PCB.
Peter Amey \& Mike Flinders
The MZ-80K Expansion Socket is a dual50 pin male fitting with 0.1 in pitch, connected as shown below:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & A & & B \\
\hline & A 15 & 1 & 6 \\
\hline & A 4 & 2 & INT \\
\hline & A13 & 3 & 6 \\
\hline & A12 & 4 & MREO \\
\hline & All & 5 & 6 \\
\hline & A1O & 6 & \(\overline{\text { ORO }}\) \\
\hline & A9 & 7 & G \\
\hline & As & 8 & \(\overline{R D}\) \\
\hline & \({ }^{4} 7\) & 9 & G \\
\hline & A6 & 10 & \(\overline{W R}\) \\
\hline & A5 & 11 & \(\sigma\) \\
\hline & A4 & 12 & \(\overline{M 1}\) \\
\hline & A3 & 13 & 6 \\
\hline & A2 & 14 & HALT \\
\hline & AI & 15 & \(G\) \\
\hline & AO & 16 & Reset \\
\hline & G & 17 & 6 \\
\hline & 07 & 18 & 6 \\
\hline & 06 & 19 & 6 \\
\hline & 0s & 20 & 6 \\
\hline & D 4 & 21 & 6 \\
\hline & 03 & 22 & 6 \\
\hline & D2 & 23 & \(\sigma\) \\
\hline & DI & 24 & \(\sigma\) \\
\hline D & -0 & 25 & \(G\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{(mafex)} \\
\hline Bus C & NnEC & & etall \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

END


Originally designed for mainframe applications, this Swedish text retrieval package is now available for micro users. Kathy Lang investigates.

And now, as they say, for something completely different. Most of the packages I've reviewed so far in this series have been clearly aimed at structured information accounts, material stocks, insurance records and the like, where each record has the same structure, and consists of a set of fields of fixed size and characteristics. A few take a more flexible approach; CardBox, for instance, allows you to have a single field to contain all the information in one record, making it possible to store the equivalent of about two thirds of a page of A4 in one document, and both CardBox and Aquila have retrieval facilities aimed particularly at bibliographic applications where the requirement is to search for keywords in free text.

This month's package, Search and Find, takes this approach one stage further. The basic unit of information in Search and Find is a document, which may be of any size. The package keeps a register of documents; each logical disk has one register, and you may have up to sixteen registers altogether. Each document is indexed on every word it contains, other than words you have stored in a 'stop list' (to prevent indexing words like the, in, and). Search and Find provides retrieval facilities for searching a dictionary for keywords; searches may build up to quite complex levels, and a 'history' command is provided to show what stage the search has reached. Several documents may be stored in one file. Documents are created initially with a wordprocessor such as WordStar, and then entered into Search and Find; there is provision for direct connection
between Search and Find and a word processor, so that you don't have to return to the operating system between creating and retrieving documents.
Search and Find is mainly menu driven; the main menu is shown in Fig 1. It runs under CP/M-80 and CP/M-86, on virtually any terminal with cursor controls - I ran it on the Sirius with Z-80 card. An MS-DOS version is likely to be available shortly. Search and Find is the product of a Swedish company, Program-Makarna, and is available in this country from Xitam Systems Ltd, Southampton (see Summary box for full details).

\section*{Constraints}

Search and Find does not place any restrictions on the number of words in a document, though of course document size is limited by the operating system file size limit - 8 Mbytes in the case of CP/M. You can have up to 32,767 documents in one register, and up to 16 registers, each on a single logical disk: this may be a floppy disk or a sector of a hard disk. Each register may have its own stop list of up to 255 'nonwords', each up to 12 characters long. Any indexable word longer than 20 characters is indexed on only the first 20 characters - presumably that would only be a problem for people whose documents were full of ten-syllable chemical terms. The index may contain up to 256,000 different words, which should be plenty for most applications - indeed, at an average of six characters per word, you would need a hard disk to get anywhere near that limit.

Functions are started by entering the commands-in upper or lower case-after:

Series No U839997
Series No U839997
Information retrieval
Updatesearch index
Quit
Help
"Enternextcommand:".
Only the first letter of a command is required.
AfterChoose, a letter (logical disk), must be given.
Document disk: B. Enter next command:
Fig 1. Search and Find Main Menu
-

> Disk status
> Nonword definition Synonym definition
> Choose document disk
> Prepare a disk
vidual documents are separated by having the characters ' \(\$ \$ \$\) ' alone on a line; the following line is taken as the title for the next document. As WordStar users will know, any line in a WordStar document which starts with a period will not be printed, so this does not give rise to problems with printing documents. Any text which you do not want to index may be bracketed with the characters \$( and \$), and Search and Find will ignore them while indexing.
Once documents have been entered into the system, the index must then be updated to reflect the contents of the document(s). This involves returning to the main menu and issuing the Update command. Since this command has a lot of work to do, it is quite slow - about one minute per page of A4 text. The process is linear, ie, a five page-document takes about five times as long as a one-page document. SinceSearch and Find is so different from the usual run of data management packages, most of my Benchmark tests are not appropriate, but indexing is sufficiently similar to be a fair measure of comparison. My indexing test (BM6 for regular readers) involves indexing on two fields totalling 25 characters, across 1000 records - a total of 25,000 characters. The roughly comparable operation in Search and Find, indexing a document of about 25,000 characters, took 19 minutes.
Up to 128 documents may be indexed in one run of the Update command; if you have more than that, you just issue the Update command again. As the documents are indexed, they are given a number, which is associated with the document title. Subsequent retrieval of individual documents (as distinct from groups of documents retrieved by the Find command) is by number. You can find out what the number of a document is through the Titles command during document retrieval - more about this under 'Selection'

\section*{Data updating}

Documents can be edited by issuing the Edit command from the Information Retrieval menu. This invokes the word processor, so that you can edit either a document referred to by number in Search and Find or the firstof the documents in the current subset selected by Find commands. When you finish editing and exit from the wordprocessor, you return to Search and Find in the same way as from file creation, and the main menu is displayed. You then have the option of incorporating any changes in the document into the index, by issuing the update command. Clearly, any changes made during editing will not be reflected in the index until an update has been done
Search and Find has two commands for displaying documents and information about them, both invoked from the Information retrieval menu. The Titles command shows the title of each document currently selected. You can also opt to show the first few lines of each document with its title if you wish. In either case,
Write a new document using the wordprocessing system
Copy old Search and Find document to new
Read external file (s) of documents into Search and Find
Quit Return to main menu
Help Explaincommands
Bytyping Help followed by a command name, you get a description of the
command inquestion
Example: HELPREAD(or justH R)
Document disk: B. Enter next command:

Fig 2. Search and Find Entry Menu

Search \& Find information retrieval offers the following commands:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Command & Argument & Function \\
\hline Find & word & Selects documents containing <word> \\
\hline Or & word & Adds any other docs that contain <word> \\
\hline And & word & Removes docs that do not also contain <word> \\
\hline Not & word & Removesselected docs that contain<word> \\
\hline Titles & (lines) & Display title (and text) of selected docs \\
\hline Display & (docno) & Display all selected docs (specified doc) \\
\hline Change & (docno) & Change next of selected docs (specified doc) \\
\hline Erase & (docno) & Erase all selected docs (specified doc) \\
\hline Write & (docno) & Write all selected docs (specifieddoc) to file \\
\hline Review & & Show given search commands and results \\
\hline Back & (steps) & Goback to previoussearch position \\
\hline Keywords & word & Show words in search index from <word> on \\
\hline Synonyms & Act & Activate synonym searching \\
\hline Synonyms & Deact & Deactivate synonym searching \\
\hline Quit & & Return to Main Menu \\
\hline Help & & Show this help menu \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Document disk: B. Enter next command:
Fig 3. Search and Find Information Retrieval Menu

Search and Find displays as much information as it can fit on the screen, and gives you the option to carry on or stop at that point. The Display command shows the whole of one document if a document number is specified, or else lists the contents of all the documents currently selected.

\section*{Printed reports}

Search and Find gives three options for printing documents. The simple way is to use CTRL/P, which will echo the contents of the screen on the printer. This is particularly useful for getting a printed record of the history of a search, or listing document numbers and titles. You can of course print whole documents this way, with the Display command, but normally you would switch to the wordprocessor and print the documents currently selected from Search and Find's work file; or you could save those documents in a text file, using the Save command from the Information retrieval menu, and print them subsequently.

\section*{Selection}

Documents can be selected by a combination of several operations, from the Information retrieval menu, which is shown in Fig 3.

The selection options can be combined in any order you wish, but since no brackets are provided to alter the precedence, you have to be careful to issue the commands in the right order. Two 'wild' characters are
available: ' ' matches any single character, and \({ }^{* * \prime}\) matches any group of characters. A sample selection dialogue is shown in Fig 4. In English, this means:
Find all the documents which contain the word beginning 'user'; also find all the documents with the word beginning 'doc'; also find all the documents with the word 'manual'; take this selection, and do a further selection of just those documents which contain the word 'image'. Then review all the choices made, and list them.
If you have first set up a synonym dictionary through the wordprocessor, you can ask for synonym matching to be included. So if, for instance, you have defined 'instructor' as a synonym for 'teacher', then once synonym selection has been turned on, any requests to find 'teacher' will also find any references to 'instructor'.
Sometimes, you will want to 'forget' the previous selection command, and go back to the previous mesh in the sieve. This is achieved by the Back command, which allows you to go up one or more levels in the selection process.
A useful ancillary feature provided is the ability to inspect keywords. You can request a list of available keywords, starting at any point in the index, and keywords will be displayed a screen at a time. As when listing titles, Search and Find will ask you after each screen display whether you wish to continue.
The selection process is extremely fast -speed is very roughly proportional to the number of successful matches, but none of

\section*{SEARCH AND FIND}
the permutations I tried took more than a couple of seconds per criterion.

All documents are initially created as text files, and remain readable as text files. You can save sets of documents - which may originally have been created in separate files - for subsequent processing.

Individual documents may be deleted or copied under Search and Find. Deletion takes effect when the next Update is done. You can also find out the number of documents available, etc, by running the Disk status command (Fig 5 shows typical output from this command).

\section*{User image}

Search and Find is a good example of a package for which menus can be used effectively, because it is reasonably compact and there is usually little problem about finding the whereabouts of a particular function. The combination of menus with specifying options through mnemonic letters or words of command works very well. Where some users will need extra information, that is available through the on-screen help. At any stage in using Search and Find, the user can ask for help and get more information on any command/menu option. The help is usually brief and to the point, but adequate for the circumstances.

The facilities are in general well provided, though there is a little less flexibility than one might ideally want in the selection phase. For instance, when you have been through the command-based search options, and have the selection of documents that in theory you want, you can then list the titles of the documents thus retrieved. But you can't modify that list except by setting up further conditions, even if you know that, for instance, some apparently relevant document is in fact not appropriate to your requirements. You can't say 'leave out document no. \(x\) ' even if you know that document isn't wanted.

There are other small quibbles, but the major omission, given the character of the package, is sorting. You can display keywords in alphabetical order, but you can't sort documents into order by title. A major application for this sort of package would seem to be library catalogues and other types of literature summary records, and these areas often involve printing out parts or all of the catalogue in author or title order. As Search and Find is completely unstructured, I couldn't see any way in which you could achieve that, even with the help of a separate sort program.

\footnotetext{
Current document disk B
Current document disk title PCWBT
Number of indexed documents 34
Document file size 76 k characters
Number ofdocuments pending for update 2
PressRETURN to return to the main menu
}

Fig 5. Search and Find Status Display
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Document disk: B. Enter next command: find user* USER(10), USERS(6)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{11 document(s) match all conditions} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Document disk: B. Enter next command: ordoc* \\
DOCTOR (2), DOCUMENT(1), DOCUMENTATION (3), DOCUMENTS(1) \\
12 documents(s) match all conditions
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Document disk: B. Enternext command:or manual; MANUAL(7) \\
14 document(s) match all conditions
\end{tabular}}} & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Document disk: B. Enter next command: review} & \\
\hline No & Command & Search string & Number of documents \\
\hline 2 & Find & USER* & 11 \\
\hline 1 & Or & DOC* & 12 \\
\hline 0 & Or & MANUAL & 14 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Document disk: B. Enter next command: and image IMAGE (4) \\
4 document(s) match all conditions
\end{tabular}}} & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Document disk: B. Enter next command: review} & \\
\hline No & Command & Search string & Number of documents \\
\hline 3 & Find & USER* & 11 \\
\hline & Or & DOC* & 12 \\
\hline 1 & Or & MANUAL & 14 \\
\hline 0 & And & IMAGE & 4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Document disk: B. Enter next command: titles 1} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Fig 4. Search and FindSample Selection Dialogue} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Summary} \\
\hline Package Type & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Information retrieval system, record unit is document with virtually no size limit. Needs wordprocessor for input and} \\
\hline Facilities & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Indexing with exclusion of commonly occurring words if desired. Retrieval on one or more keywords using AND, OR, NOT to combine; synonyms allowed. Subsets can be printed orstored.} \\
\hline Drawbacks & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Entirely unstructured, so cannot, for example, sort titles.} \\
\hline Ease of Use & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Good; easily understood menus and command conventions} \\
\hline Error Messages & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Adequate.} \\
\hline Documentation & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Fine for most users, a bit 'solution oriented' for novices.} \\
\hline Costs (exVAT) & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Around \(£ 250\)} \\
\hline Supplier & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Xitan Systems Ltd, 27 Salisbury Rd, Totton SO 43 H Hampshire. Tel: (0703)871211.} \\
\hline Delivery & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{2-3 weeks} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Summary
Package Type

Facilities

Drawbacks Entirely unstructured, so cannot, for example, sort titles. Must have wordprocessor in addition.
Good; easily understood menus and command conventions Adequate.
Fine for most users, a bit 'solution oriented' for novices. Around £250
Xitans 2-3 weeks

\section*{Documentation}

The documentation consists of a single manual, covering use of the package and installation on particular systems. The manual contains 36 pages, including the index. The level of explanation is about right for a reasonably clued-up user although I think a real novice might find it a little hard to get going.

Search and Find has a full set of menus with good help facilities. The suppliers say that a major use is among secretaries who use wordprocessing, and have a large number of documents, often on hard disk; they use Search and Find to index all their text, so that they can quickly find documents on particular topics.

\section*{Conclusions}

Search and Find is a data management system designed specifically for information retrieval. It has one very rare attribute, namely the ability to index a document of effectively unlimited length, and some good search facilities. For bibliographic applications, indeed for any requirement based upon indexing free text, Search and Find would be well worth investigating. But you will need to balance these advantages against the lack of any structure at all in the stored data, which would make it difficult to incorporate some of the facilities which are needed where the text is actually a mix of structured and unstructured information.


You are looking at the sleek, ultra modern ines of the latest dot matrix printer from Mannesmann Tally; the people who probably lave more experience in computer printers han just about anyone

The MT80 is a high quality, low cost 80 column, 80 cps printer that will complement iny of today's micros in looks and quality; in ither the home or the office.

It has been designed with industry-
compatible interfaces in hardware and software.

Experience tells us exactly what you want from a printer - The MT80 has dual density dot addressable and line graphics. An easy change, long life cassette ribbon. It can handle both tractor-fed fanfold and single sheet paper. There is a unique quick tear facility giving you a clean cut along the entire width of the paper. And it even has an optional
sound reduction kit for those of you who like to hear yourselves think.

But best of all, it comes equipped with another valuable asset. A very attractive price tag.

Contact your nearest distributor or send for our colour literature.

Mannesmann Tally Limited,
Molly Millars Lane, Wokingham, Berkshire RG11 2QT. Tel: (0734) 788711. Telex: 847028

\title{
AGF PROGRAMMABLE JOYSTICK
}

Enthusiastic gamesplayers realise that a joystick is an invaluable asset in improving speed and accuracy of performance, but joysticks that are compatible with all gamessoftware aresomewhat of a rarity. AGF has come up with a programmable joystick interface which it claims will work with all commercial sof tware.

Steve Mann's reflexes reveal themselves to be as sharp as ever in his eagerness to try it out.

I'm sure that the games players among PCW's loyal readership do not need me to tell them that a joystick is an essential purchase: for arcade games, in particular, a good stick can double or triple the highest score obtained by keyboard operation. In the case of the Spectrum this is even more obvious, as the keyboard hardly lends itself to quick responsive action. Yet, paradoxically, until the recent appearance of Sinclair's own 'official' Interface 2 with joystick port, the subject of Spectrum sticks has tended to confuse rather than make life easier for the user. The problem has been a surfeit of riches - a multitude of interfaces and joysticks that are incompatible with each other. The Kempston stick will not work with software designed for the Fuller Box; a Protek joystick is no use when linked up to a game designed for the standard AGF model - you get the picture?

To combat these difficulties, AGF has come up with a solution that is neat in concept, if not in appearance - a programmable interface that is designed to work with any software. It is immaterial whether or not that software is designed for use with any particular make of interface; even if it is intended solely for keyboard operation AGF's little wonder will be able to deal with it.

The AGF Programmable Joystick Interface is hardly pretty - a bare PCB with four ICs is accessed via ten coloured wires terminating in crocodile clips that simply clip on to various permutations of 13 metal strips. But use of the correct combination allows any of the Spectrum's keys to be mimicked by the joystick, so the user is not restricted solely to games: indeed the demonstration cassette included in the interface package is a high resolution graphic design program called 'Video Graffiti'.

\section*{Programming the interface}

To understand how the interface is programmed, it is necessary to consider how the Spectrum keyboard works. Each key on the board has its own unique location


The AGF solution is neat in concept if not in appearance

> The AGF Programmable Joystick Interface is hardly pretty-abare PCB with four/Cs is accessed viaten coloured wiresterminating in crocodile clips ...'
within the computer's addressing network, and each address is made up of two numbers - a ' \(D\) ' number and an ' \(A\) '
number. The ' D ' numbers are \(0,1,2,3\) and 4 , the ' A ' numbers are \(8,9,10,11\), \(12,13,14\) and 15 , and any key on the

Spectrum's keyboard can be represented by a combination of these - for example, the address of the SPACE key is D0/A15.

The metal strips on the PCB are divided into two groups: the smaller group of five strips corresponds to the ' \(D\) ' numbers and the 8 -strip group represents the ' \(A\) ' numbers. Alongside each of these two groups are five coloured wires, labelled with the various joystick functions - so the 'Fire' button, for instance, represented here by the red wires, can be connected to the relevant ' \(D\) ' and ' \(A\) ' strips to mimic the action of any chosen key. It's difficult to explain this, but it's very simple to understand when you have the interface in front of you. AGF has included a little self-adhesive black label - a 'Key Programming Chart' - that details the ' \(D\) ' and ' \(A\) ' numbers of each key; this can be attached to a convenient surface for quick reference. Also supplied with the interface is a set of blank cards that can be filled in by the user to give key combinations for different programs.

As an example of the interface in use, keeping things very simple for demonstration purposes, we could consider a program that uses very few keys when operated via the keyboard. Space Invaders is a game that springs immediately to mind - it's a game familiar to the whole world and his uncle and has only three controls, to move left and right and to fire.

The Bug-Byte Spectral Invaders uses CAPS SHIFT for leftward movement, \(Z\) to move right and SPACE to fire. To program this on the interface the two yellow leads are clipped to D0 and A8 (CAPS SHIFT), the black leads go to D1 and \(\mathrm{A} 8(\mathrm{Z})\) and the red leads connect to D0 and A15 (SPACE); the remaining wires are left disconnected. Making sure that the power is off, the interface is plugged into the Spectrum's rear connector (other peripherals may be tacked onto the rear of the interface), a joystick is plugged into one of the two ports, the power is then reconnected and the program is under joystick control. If it isn't, a mistake has been made somewhere in the connection of the leads - in which case it is simply a matter of disconnecting the power supply and trying again. Once everything is set up and working correctly it is advisable to jot down the configuration details on a quick reference card so that future games of Spectral Invaders can be played without reference to the Key Programming Chart.
Okay, we've dealt with keyboardoperated software - but what about those games that are designed for use with other joystick interfaces? In fact this is an irrelevant consideration - as the Spectrum has no built-in joystick port there is no commercial software that is designed solely for use with joysticks. Imagine's latest range, for instance, features options for using Fuller, Kempston, Protek or the earlier, nonprogrammable, AGF interface, but it obviously caters for those that don't possess a joystick of any kind. So all that


Crock clips form key combinations

\section*{invaluable forplaying} arcade-typegames'
you need do is totally ignore the various joystick options; instead you select the keyboard option and proceed as above even though the program thinks the keyboard is being used, the game will be under joystick control.

\section*{Joysticks in your own programs}

All of the above assumes that you are using joysticks with commercial software, but it is simple enough to insert the relevant instructions in your own programs.

The Video Graffiti program supplied by AGF is intenđed as a guide for designing your own joystick-controlled programs. The instructions recommend that Video Graffiti is LISTed, and they use the listing to explain how to program responses to the fire button and the movement keys (which, of course, are now replaced by movement of the joystick). A particularly valuable explanation covers the use of the \(\operatorname{IN}\) function to control diagonal movement: a variable 'in' is set up to the value corresponding to no keys at all being pressed and by comparing this variable to the current value read by the IN function at the relevant points in the program the user can monitor the effect of two keys being pressed at the same time - and this of course is interpreted as the joystick being moved in a diagonal direction. This information is then used to modify the \(x\) and \(y\) coordinates of the object being controlled.

In addition to its use as an aid to programming, Video Graffiti is a useful little graphic design program in its own right. The keyboard is not used at all the joystick is used for drawing, erasing, sending a copy to the ZX Printer and

SAVEing a complete screen and, although it is hardly the most comprehensive drawing program available, the use of a joystick instead of the keyboard gives great flexibility and makes it much simpler to use than many similar programs.

\section*{Prices}

AGF Programmable \(£ 32.95\) (add \(£ 1\)
Interface + Video
Graffiti program Joystick p\&p)

Pack of 10 Quick
£7.54
Reference Cards
Available from AGF Hardware, 26 Van Gogh Place, Bognor Regis, West Sussex PO22 9BY

\section*{Conclusions}

Despite a somewhat ugly and unfinished appearance - something I suspect is unavoidable in a hardware programmable design (after all, you could hardly build a neat casing around it when the programming is done by fooling around with ten bits of wire and two handfuls of crocodile clips!) - the AGF Programmable Interface achieves its objectives admirably. I found it invaluable for playing arcade-type games and I suspect that it will prove extremely useful in other situations. The fact that it will duplicate the action of any key means that it could well be applied to more 'serious' types of software - even educational quiz-type software that requires the user to make a choice between various alternatives could eaily be converted to joystick use, and the fact that the standard Spectrum keyboard is so unresponsive encourages the use of this interface in many situations that require quick responses. Of course there are some programs that will not adapt easily: some of the more complex games that require the use of more than half a dozen keys are probably easier to use with the keyboard - it's more trouble than it's worth to try and use a combination of both keyboard and joystick. But I'm certainly going to have a shot at transferring Psion's fine Flight Simulator over to joystick operation - after all, a joystick is the obvious control to use for flying an aircraft.
The AGF Programmable Interface is certainly not cheap at a cost of \(£ 33\) for the interface alone, and at the time of writing I have been unable to try out Cambridge Computing's programmable system, which also claims to work with all software and has the attraction of being a few quid cheaper and which includes a joystick in the price. But the AGF system would certainly appear to be a better buy than the many non-programmable interfaces available and I suspect that the price will come down fairly rapidly after all, Sinclair's new Interface 2 will sell at just under \(£ 20\) and has the added bonus of a ROM cartridge port that will allow 16k Spectrum owners to run 48 k software. So it's probably best to wait and see
PS. The interface also works with the ZX81.


Since the Database Benchtestseries began in 1982, some of the packages reviewed by Kathy Lang in PCW
have been modified and improved. Here shepresents an up-to-date comparison of thepackagestested as
1983 draws to a close.

Since this series began in March 1982, 21 data management systems have been reviewed. Those I looked at in 1982 were summarised in December 1982, but since then quite a number of those reviewed early in the series have been upgraded, some with quite major improvements to facilities. So for this Roundup, I wrote to all the suppliers of the packages, asking them to tell me of any changes since I first reviewed their product. All the suppliers responded except one, Bristol Software Factory, whose Silicon Office package I reviewed on the Commodore PET in the July 1982 issue. In order to avoid any danger of including out-of-date informa-
tion, I have therefore omitted Silicon Office from the summaries which follow.
The summary information is given in three parts. To start with, there are very brief summaries of the changes to those packages which have been upgraded since they were first reviewed. This is followed by a set of six tables which summarise the limitations of each package - numbers of records permitted, field sizes, and so on the functions provided, such as methods of screen and report formatting, and the user image and documentation. The third part of the Roundup, which will appear in the next issue, explains the tests used to measure the speed of the packages, and
summarises the Benchmark timings. Readers new to this series might like to know that my approach is, as far as possible, to take a package as an informed and reasonably experienced user would find it, and therefore in my tables and tests to avoid approaches which would be more esoteric than such users would employ. This may mean that some professional computer people may be able to get even more out of some packages than I have suggested, but my feeling is that such people are quite capable of finding that out for themselves! - and to take a more 'computerspeak' approach myself would be a disservice to the majority of readers.
\begin{tabular}{|llllllll|}
\hline Package & Supplier & Telephone & Cost & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Date \\
reviewed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Systems \\
supported
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Version \\
reviewed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Package \\
type
\end{tabular} \\
Beta & Ormskirk & \(0695-77043\) & \(195 / 295\) & Aug83 & UCSD-P & UCSD-P & N,S
\end{tabular}

\section*{Notes:}

Date reviewed: * \(=\) complete new version released since, see text. + = changes made falling short of full new release.
Systems supported: \(80=\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}=80,86=\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}-86, \mathrm{MS}=\mathrm{MS}-\mathrm{DOS}, \mathrm{PC}=\mathrm{PC}-\mathrm{DOS}, \mathrm{MU}=\) one or more full multi-user versions (ie, with field or record locking).
Version reviewed: System as above/package version, summarised here.
Package type: \(\mathrm{N}=\) Novice, \(\mathrm{E}=\) Experienced users, \(\mathrm{A}=\) Advancedusers; \(\mathrm{S}=\) Structured data, \(\mathrm{F}=\) Free text, \(\mathrm{M}=\) Either.
Fig 1 Packages and Suppliers

One final word of introduction. Most readers will know that material in \(P C W\) is protected by copyright, as is any published material in a country like Britain which is a signatory to the Berne Convention. However, a few do not. So I'd like to take the opportunity of reminding all readers that the material in this article is protected by copyright law. The article may not be copied or redistributed, in whole or in part, in any form without the written permission of the copyright holders. If you want to use the material, write to the PCW Editor in the first instance.

\section*{Packages with new versions}

Three packages, Condor, DBMSIII and Omnis, have been upgraded with some improvements to facilities, but in each case the major change has been the issue of a new manual. Condor and Omnis have issued a typeset version, and all three are an improvement on the previous versions. Condor has also dropped substantially in price. Eight other packages have major new releases since they were first reviewed, brief summaries of which follow. Aquila has now been developed substantially, has a sister package called Eagle, and is being used widely as an information retrieval system. These are part of a range
of products from Kent Barlow which cover databases as well as data manipulation, and I hope to cover this subject in more detail in a later article.
BusiPost has made some major changes to printing facilities and character set handling, and has also brought out a set of new manuals. The Tutorial Guide is one of the best I've seen.
dBASEII also has a new manual, together with a number of functional enhancements including a 'paint-a-screen' facility. This is available only for CP/M-80 versions at the moment, but 16 -bit versions may be available by the time you read this article. FMS80 has had some major changes to the user image to make it more coherent and 'friendly', and has a new manual and a full on-line help system. Some features have been enhanced - for instance, all indexes associated with a data file are now kept up-to-date automatically when the data file is amended. A full multi-user version is now available.
Pearl has probably undergone the most radical revision of all, and is now an extremely flexible and powerful package for its price. The manuals are good too, including both a Beginners' Guide and-a very good idea - a more advanced Tutorial covering the more complex features. There isn't space to give all the changes in the current version in detail see the summary tables. In addition, some enhancements to Pearl to allow the loading
of an external data file in a variety of formats should be available by the time you read this, at an additional cost of \(£ 75\). About the same time, Pearl will be issuing a 'Programmers' Tool Kit' with such goodies as a facility for constructing user menus, to make the package more attractive to software houses who want to tailor systems for their users. Coming soon is an advanced version of Pearl, which will include such features as a full multi-file capability, enhanced printing features, a choice of formats to use with a single data file, and much improved calculation facilities.
SuperFile has a new (much improved) manual, plus a powerful sorting feature which wasn't in the version I tested originally.
Tomorrow's Office is now available on other 16 -bit systems as well as the Sirius, and there is a multiple file add-on system available. This has extensive procedures for accessing several files at one time, as an adjunct to the main Tomorrow's Office features. The package in both forms has been substantially reduced in price, and a limited version made available at a yet lower price.
Postscript. This year's prizes for diversions go to the manual which refers to a task being carried out 'automagically', another which refers to 'an expendable menu', and to the company which sent for my review the French edition of the package
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Package & \begin{tabular}{l}
Max \\
file \\
size \\
(recs)
\end{tabular} & Files span disks & Max recsize (chars) & Maxno fields & Maxchar fld size & Max precn digits & Maxien prime key & Special disk format & Filesize fixed & Link to ASCII data \\
\hline Beta & 9999 & No & 512 & 32 & 64 & 10 & 16 & No & CO & PL \\
\hline BPost & 32000 & Yes & F,800 & F,53 & 31 & NA & 22 & Yes & No & WO \\
\hline CardBox & 65500 & No & 1404 & 26 & 1404 & NA & 32/wd & No & No & WO \\
\hline Condor & 32767 & No & 1023 & 127 & 127 & 10 & 127 & No & No & YV \\
\hline DP & OSL & No & V to 9999. Eg 56 k system, 1856 chars & 999 & 35 & 14 & NS & No & No & YF \\
\hline dBASEII & 65535 & No & 1000 & 32* & 254 & 10 & 100 & No & No & YV \\
\hline DBMSIII & 32000 & No & 1400 & \(20^{*}\) & 79 & NS & NA & No & No & PL \\
\hline Delta & 32000 & No & 2000 & 90 & 80 & 14 & 80 & No & No & YF \\
\hline DMS & 26214 & No & 1024 & 60 & 80 & 14 & 80 & No & CO & YF \\
\hline FMS80 & 65535 & No & 65025 & 255 & 255 & 19 & 255 & No & No & YV \\
\hline InfoStar & 8 Mb & Yes & 65025 & 255 & 255 & 14 & 120 & No & No & YF \\
\hline MPen & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 32750 \\
& \text { (not OSL) }
\end{aligned}
\] & No & 1024 & 100 & 78 & NA & NS & No & No & PL \\
\hline Omnis & 32767 & Yes & 1023 & 120 & 79 & 10 & 79 & No & CO & YF \\
\hline Optimum & OSL & No & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4500(80) \\
& 12000(\mathrm{MS} ; \mathrm{PC})
\end{aligned}
\] & 50 & 255 & 16 & 255 & No & No & PL \\
\hline Pearl & OSL & No & varies & 255 & 80/132 & 16 & 80 & No & No & YV \\
\hline Rescue & 32760 & No & 1024 & 100 & 60 & 14 & 60 & No & No & YV \\
\hline S\&F & 32767 & No & UL & NA & NA & NA & 20 & Yes & No & YV \\
\hline SuperF1 & OSL & NS & 20000 & UL & OSL & NA & OSL & No & No & YV \\
\hline TO & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 30 \mathrm{KM} \\
& +60 \mathrm{KT}
\end{aligned}
\] & Yes & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 508 / \\
& 254 \mathrm{M}+254 \mathrm{~T}
\end{aligned}
\] & 90 & 78 & 10 & 78 & Yes & No & YF \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Notes:
General: \(\mathrm{OSL}=\) Operating system limit, \(\mathrm{M}=\) Master record(s), \(\mathrm{T}=\) Transaction records, \(\mathrm{F}=\) Fixed, \({ }^{*}=\) subfields allowed in addition, NA \(=\) Not available, \(\mathrm{NS}=\) Not stated .
Max record size, max no. fields: \(F=\) Fixed by package.
File size fixed when file created: \(\mathrm{CO}=\) Yes, but size can be increased by copying data out and back.
Link to ASCII data: \(\mathrm{PL}=\) By programming only, WO = Write only, \(\mathrm{YV}=\mathrm{Yes}\), can vary formats, \(\mathrm{YF}=\mathrm{Yes}\), one format only.
Fig 2 Constraints (1)
}

\title{
AT LONG LAST..
}

\section*{Adut Video}

\section*{ATARI 2600.}

201 Cathouse Blues.- Philly Flasher
202 Burning Desire.-Bachelorelte Party
203 Knight on the Town. - Jungle Fever
204 Beat em and Eat em. - Lady in Wading 205 Bachelor Part. - Gigolo
206 Westward Ho. - General Re-freat
* 6 cartridges - 12 games available now
* Fits Atari, Sears, Video Arcade and Colecovision (with adapter).

\section*{General Retreat}
 CASSETTE ONLY 16 or 48 K .
101. SOHO Adventure. AND SEX Invaders.
102. Cathouse Blues.and Philly Flasher.
103. Gigolo. AND

Beat em \& Eat em.


Another stimulating ga of love and chance whe you send your 'soldiers fortune' across tricky terrain to make love to lively princess. Your soldier will lose a turn more ways than one) if is struck by a cannonba assaulted by a prickly cactus but if he makes the graphics and sounc effects will indicate th fact. iOn a double tape with "Westward \(\mathrm{Ho}^{\prime}\) ).
2 games in

\section*{TRS 80./GENDEW-a game for him and a game for \(h\)}

CASSETTE 16k DISk 48k
301. SOHO Adventure. AND SEX Hunt.

\section*{BBC. mod 'B' \\ CASSETTE ONLY}
401. FLASHER.AND
"FATE" (worse than death) Adventure.


Cassette. 7.99 - Disk. 9.99 - Cartridge. 29.50 - Postage. 90p. ea WRITE NOW - OR-TELEPHONE YOUR ORDER QUOTING Access/Visa No.(24hr Service)

The UK's Only specialist 'ADULT’ software distributor.
TRADE ENQUIRIES WELCOME
WANTED New ADULT GAmes and Game Ideas.

\section*{DATA COLLATER 1983}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Package & Datatypes & Fixed record struc & Field record stored & Amend record struc & \begin{tabular}{l}
Link \\
data \\
files
\end{tabular} & Nodata files simult'y & \begin{tabular}{l}
No. sort \\
fields
\end{tabular} & No. keys & \begin{tabular}{l}
Max \\
Ien keys (ch/fld)
\end{tabular} & Subsid indexes updated \\
\hline Beta & N,C,D,L,R & Yes & Yes & CO & No & NP & 1 & 2. & 32,1 & UTD \\
\hline BPost & F & Yes & No & No & No & NP & 1 & 3 & F & UTD \\
\hline CardBox & C & Yes & No & Yes & No & NP & EX & UL & 32,UL & UTD \\
\hline Condor & C,I,\$ & Yes & Yes & CO & BA & 2 & 32 & 1 & 127,8 & UTD \\
\hline DP & N,C,D,L & Yes & No & CO & PL & NP & 10 & 99 & NS,10 & UTD \\
\hline dBASEII & N,C,D,L & Yes & Yes & CO & F & 2 & UL* & UL & 100/UL & UTD \\
\hline DBMSIII & N,C,D & Yes & Yes & CO & EX & 12 & 20 & \(1 *\) & R\#,79 & BA \\
\hline Delta & N,C,D,R & Yes & Yes & CO & TR & \(1+8\) & \(5+\) & UL & 100,5 & BA \\
\hline DMS & C,N & Yes & Yes & CO & No & NP & \(3+\) & UL & NS/3 & BA \\
\hline FMS80 & C,I,N,V & Yes & Yes & CO & F & 19 & UL,255* & UL & 255,UL & UTD \\
\hline InfoStar & C, Netc & Yes & No & CO & RP & 1 & 25 & & 120,25 & BA \\
\hline MPen & C & Yes & Yes & No & No & NP & NP & 1 & NS, 1 & NA \\
\hline Omnis & N,C,D,L & Yes & Yes & CO & No & NP & 10 & 10 & 79,1 & UTD \\
\hline Optimum & N,C,D* & Yes & Yes & Yes & F & UL & 15 & 4 & 255,1 & UTD \\
\hline Pearl & N,C,D,R & Yes & No & Yes & RO & 5 & 5 & UL & 80,1 & UTD \\
\hline Rescue & N,C,D,R, etc & Yes & Yes & Yes & No & NP & 5 & 10 & 60,1 & UTD \\
\hline S\&F & C & No & No & NA & RO & UL & NA & UL & 20/UL & BA \\
\hline SuperF1 & N, C, I, S & No & No & Yes & DY & DY & 36 & 5k & UL & BA \\
\hline TO & N,C,D & Yes & Yes & CO & TR/Y & M \(+\mathrm{T} / 30\) & 3 & 15 & 128,3 & BA \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Notes:
General: UL \(=\) Unlimited, \(\mathrm{NP}=\) Not possible, \(\mathrm{NS}=\) Notstated. Data types: \(\mathrm{C}=\) Character, \(\mathrm{N}=\) Numeric (inc. decimal point), \(\mathrm{I}=\) Integer, \(\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{Date}\left({ }^{*}=\mathrm{MM} / \mathrm{DD} / \mathrm{YY}\right.\) format only), \(\$=\) Money format, \(\mathrm{V}=\) Varying length, L=Logical (Y orN), etc=Extra formats, \(\mathrm{R}=\) Reference (table lookup). Amend record structure: \(\mathrm{CO}=\) Only by copying data out and back. Link data files: \(\mathrm{BA}=\) Batch process, \(\mathrm{F}=\) Full, \(\mathrm{EX}=\) Own format, \(\mathrm{TR}=\) Master + transaction, \(\mathrm{RP}=\) In reporting only, \(\mathrm{DY}=\) Directory used, so unnecessary, \(\mathrm{RO}=\) Read only, \(\mathrm{PL}=\) Through programming language. No. sort fields: \(\mathrm{EX}=\ln\) upgrade, \({ }^{*}=\) Possible but unnecessary within package, \(+=\) By index only - may affect ability to write out file in ASCII format in alternative order. No. keys: * = + Record number. Max length of keys: first figure is character limit, second is field limit. Subsidiary indexes updated: BA = Batch process, UTD = Kept up-to-date automatically. Tomorrow's Office figures are: main package/withMultiFile upgrade.
Fig3Constraints (3)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Package & Data validation & Screen formatting & Unique keys & Report formatting & Store calculns & Aggregation \\
\hline Beta & G & P,D & 1M & D,L & IN,ED & T+ST \\
\hline BPost & G & D & No & D,L & N & No \\
\hline CardBox & N & P & No & P,I & No & No \\
\hline Condor & A & P & OP & P & BA & S \\
\hline DPrism & M & D & OP & C,D,WP & PL & Full \\
\hline dBASEII & A(D) & P,D & No & P,C,D & IN,ED,BA & Full \\
\hline DBMSIII & M & D & 1M & C & IN,BA & Full \\
\hline Delta & A & P,D & 1M & C,D,L & IN,BA & Full \\
\hline DMS & A & P,D & 1M & C, D, L & IN,BA & Full \\
\hline FMS80 & A & C,D,WP & OP & C,D & IN,BA & Full \\
\hline InfoStar & G & P & OP & P,D,I & IN,BA & T+ST \\
\hline MPen & N & WP & No & WP + L & No & \\
\hline Omnis & G & P & OP & P,L & IN,BA & T+ST \\
\hline Optimum & G & P,D & 1M & P,I & IN,BA & T/Y \\
\hline Pearl & A & P & OP & P & IN & Full \\
\hline Rescue & G & C & OP & C,I & IN & S \\
\hline S\&F & N & NA & No & D,I & No & No \\
\hline SuperF1 & G & PD & OP & P & IN,ED & T+ST \\
\hline TO & A & P + QA & OP & C & IN,BA & Full \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Notes:
Datavalidation: \(G=\) Good, \(A=\) Adequate, \(M=\) Minimal, \(N=\) None, \(D=D I Y\). Screén/Report formatting: \(D=D\) fault format supplied, \(\mathrm{C}=\) Must specify columns and rows by number, \(\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Paint}\)-a-screen, \(\mathrm{QA}=\) Question-and-answer, WP \(=\) Through a wordprocessor (separate program except in S\&F and FMS80), L = Letter writer, \(\mathrm{I}=\) Speciallink to WP (usually WordStar Mail-Merge) for output. Unique keys: \(1 \mathrm{M}=\) One is mandatory, \(\mathrm{OP}=\) Optional (packagechecksif requested), No=Not required or checked. Store calculations: \(\mathrm{IN}=\mathrm{On}\) input, or updating in batch, \(\mathrm{ED}=\mathrm{While}\) editing interactively, \(\mathrm{BA}=\mathrm{Batch}\) process to change specified fields/records. Aggregation: Full=Full calculationfacilities, \(\mathrm{S}=\) Statistics, totals and sub-totals, \(\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{ST}=\) Totals and sub-totals, \(T=\) Totalsonly. Optimum entry is for Executive/Professional versions.
Fig 4 Functions (1)

\section*{DATACOLLATER1983}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Package & Store & Combine & Morethan & Wild codes & Browsing \\
\hline Package & selection & criteria & \begin{tabular}{l}
one test \\
perfield?
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline Beta & N & A, P & Yes & SS & PE \\
\hline BPost & N & A & Yes & SW & PE \\
\hline CardBox & N & A,N & Yes & SW & AK \\
\hline Condor & P & A, \({ }^{*}\) & Yes & SW & AF \\
\hline DPrism, & P & A,O,N & Yes & No & PE \\
\hline dBASEII & P & A,O,N & Yes & SW & AF \\
\hline DBMSIII & P & A+ & No+ & No & AF \\
\hline Delta & M & A, O & Yes & SW & AK \\
\hline DMS & M & A,O & Yes & SW & PE \\
\hline FMS80 & M & A,O & Yes & SW & AK \\
\hline InfoStar & M & A,O & Yes & SW & AF \\
\hline MPen & N & A & No & SW & AF \\
\hline Omnis & P & A(O) & Yes & SW & AF \\
\hline Optimum & P & A,O & Yes & SW & PE \\
\hline Pearl & M & A & No & SS & AK \\
\hline Rescue & M & A,O,N,P & Yes & SW & AK \\
\hline S\&F & N & A,O,N & No & SW & AF \\
\hline SuperF1 & P & A & Yes & SW & AF \\
\hline TO & P & A,O,N & Yes & SW & PE \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Notes:}

Store selection criteria: \(\mathrm{N}=\) Not available, \(\mathrm{P}=\) Permitted but not mandatory, \(\mathrm{M}=\) Mandatory. Combination of selection criteria: \(\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{AND}\) (must pass all tests), \(\mathrm{O}=\) Or may pass any one test), \(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{Not}\) (must not pass test; note that some packages which don't have this operator do have a 'not equal to' comparison operator for single tests), \(\mathrm{P}=\) may set permitted level, eg, 2 means at least two criteria must be satisfied. Condor: \(=\) allows only one method of combination in any one set of tests. DBMSIII: \(+=\) also allows Or within a single field. Omnis: OR assumed where same field tested for equality more than once. More than one test allowed per field: DBMSIII allows several specified alternatives in one field. Wild codes: Wild code searching allowed, with \(\mathrm{SS}=\) field must start with specified character(s), SW=field may contain specified character(s). Browsing: File may be browsed in order as follows:
\(\mathrm{PE}=\) Primary key forediting, any field for viewing, \(\mathrm{AK}=\) Any key for viewing or editing, \(\mathrm{AF}=\) Any field for viewing or editing.
Fig 5 Functions (2)
\begin{tabular}{|lllllll|}
\hline & & & & & \\
Package & \begin{tabular}{llll} 
User Image \\
types
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Reference \\
manual
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Tutorial \\
Guide
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Reference \\
Card
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
On-Line \\
Help
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
'Hot \\
Line'
\end{tabular} \\
Beta & M & \(* *\) & \(* *\) & N & & N
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Notes:
User image types: \(\mathrm{M}=\) Menus, \(\mathrm{C}=\) Commands, \(\mathrm{LT}=\) Limited tailoring, \(\mathrm{FT}=\) Full tailoring, \(\mathrm{PL}=\) Interface to conventional programming language. Where commas are used, this means alternatives; plus signs mean these approaches are used together Documentation and Help: rating from 1 to 5 stars, \(\mathrm{N}=\) Not provided. "Hot-line": telephone support provided: \(\mathrm{F}=\) Free from supplier, \(\mathrm{P}=\) Fromsupplier for payment (usually annual), \(\mathrm{NS}=\) Not stated, \(\mathrm{D}=\) Dependson dealer
Fig 6 Documentation and Help
}

\title{
Which home computer gives you so much software for so little?
}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
& \\
Entertainment for all: & \\
Video Chess & \(£ 34.95\) \\
Munchman & \(£ 29.95\) \\
Parsec (Oprional Speech) & \(£ 29.95\) \\
Othello & \(£ 24.95\) \\
Tunnels of Doom & \(£ 24.95\) \\
Adventure Cartridge & \(£ 24.95\) \\
Additional Adventure Games: \\
& all at \(£ 14.95\) \\
Adventure Land & \\
Mission Impossible & \\
Voodoo Castle & \\
The Count & \\
Strange Odyssey & \\
Mystery Fun House & \\
Pyranid of Doon & \\
Ghost Town & \\
Savage Island & \\
Golden Voyage & \\
Alpiner & \\
(Optional Speech) & \(£ 24.95\) \\
T1 Invaders & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Car Wars & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Chisholm Trail & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Hustle & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Tombstone City & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Connect Four & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Video Games 1 & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Hunt The Wumpus & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Five-A-Side Soccer & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Amazing & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Artack & \(£ 14.95\) \\
Blasto & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Blackjack \& Poker & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Zero Zap & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Yahtzee & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Oldies But Goodies 1 & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Oldies But Goodies 2 & \(£ 11.95\) \\
Market Simulation & \(£ 11.95\) \\
&
\end{tabular}

\section*{Educational: \\ Early Reading}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
Graphing Package & \(£ 29.95\) \\
Structural Engineering & \\
\(\quad\) Library & \(£ 29.95\) \\
Programming Aids 2 & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Programming Aids 3 & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Speech Editor & \(£ 19.95\) \\
Programming Aids 1 & \(£ 11.95\)
\end{tabular}

Programming Languages:
PASCAL Editor \(£ 99.95\)
PASCAL Linker \(£ 79.95\)
Exrended BASIC \(\quad £ 69.95\)
Tl Logo \(£ 69.95\)
Editor/Assembler \(\quad £ 69.95\)
Mini Memory \(£ 69.95\)
PASCAL Compiler £59.95

\section*{A.S.K. Applied Systems}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Knowledge: & \\
Hide and Seek & t.b.a. \\
Number Gulper & t.b.a.
\end{tabular}

\section*{Collins-Educational:}

\section*{TI-99/4A Starter Pack \(1 \quad £ 9.95\)}

TI-99/4A Starter Pack 2 £9.95
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Tl-99/4A Game Writer \\
Pack 1 \\
\\
\\
\\
\hline 9.95
\end{tabular}
Tl-99/4A Game Writer
Pack 2 \(£ 9.95\)
Chess Learner Pack £9.95
Record Keeper Pack \(£ 9.95\)
Ivan Berg Software:
Maths Tester 1 £9.95
Marths Tester \(2 £ £ .95\)
Physics Tester \(£ 9.95\)
Chemistry Tester \(£ 9.95\)
Biology Tester \(£ 9.95\)
Human Biology Tester \(£ 9.95\)
Bond Associates:
Easycalc
\(£ 49.95\)
Little Genius Ltd:
Scrabble
\(£ 29.95\)

\section*{And is available at all these dealers?}

All branches of:
Argos, Comet, Dixons,
Greens of Debenhams,
John Lewis, Rumbelows,
Wigfalls, Zappo.
Major branches of:
Asda, Binns, Compurers for All, CO-OP, Currys, Fine Fare, Ketts,
Phoromarket, Rymans,
Spectrum, Telefusion.

\section*{And at:}

ABC Computers - St Austell Akhter-Harlow
Anglia Audio-Bedford Anglia Sound-Stevenage Audio Markering - London Audio Vision-Faversham Bagnall-Stafford

Carvells-Rugby
Combined Trading-Harfield
Compurer Supermarket Manchester
Cotton TV-Peterborough
Dean and Son-London
Delta Electronics - London
Densham Computers - Poole
Desk Aids-Southampton
Dodar - Ashton
Fenwicks-Newcastle
Galaxy Video-Maidsrone
Hamleys-London
Harrods-London
Heffers - Cambridge
Hyman Computers-Manchester
Landau - Sutton
Lion House - London

Micro Value-Amershann, Bucks.
Midshires-Crewe
Milequip-Gloucester
OEM Computers - Rugby
Parco Electronics-Honiton
REW -London
Robox-Glasgow
Science Studio-Oxford Selfridges-London
Star Trek Video- Wigan
Toy and Hobby - Wigan
Universal Warehouse-Reading
Video Palace-London
Vision Store-Kingston
Welwyn Dept. Store Welwyn
And many other leading
Computer Stores.

\section*{Turn the page and see the unbeatable.}


\title{
The unbeatable TI Home Computer. Itsall the computers your family will ever need.
}

Buying a home computer is something you have to get right first time. It's too late when you've got one to find it won't take plug-in software. Or can't be programmed without an expensive accessory.

\section*{The TI Home Computer is a real computer system}

The Tl Home Computer has got the memory power you might expect from more expensive computers, built in. At its heart is a powerful TMS 9900 16-BIT Microprocessor. Most other home computers have only an 8-BIT. And you can expand the memory from 16 K of RAM up to 52 K .

The total memory capacity is 114 K Bytes.

\section*{A wide range of software for everyone} Another feature that makes the TI system so powerful, yet so easy to use is Solid State Software. \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) These plugin cartridges cover everything from space games like Parsec \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) to teaching maths, managing home finances and composing music. And the range is getting wider all the time.

\section*{It even has what professionals look for in a home computer}

CPU:TMS 9900 16-BIT, plus 256-byte Scratchpad RAM.
Memory: Total 114 K bytes; 26 K bytes ROM internal; up to 36 K ROM cartridges external; 16 K built-in RAM expandable to 52 K bytes.
Keyboard:48KeyQWERTY, alphalock, function key auto repeat.
Sound: 5 octaves, 3 simultaneous tones, noise tone.
Colour: 16 foreground and background. High resolution.
Interfaces: Cassette, TV, 2 joysticks, main peripheral port.

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{\text {TM }}\) trademark of Texas Instruments.
}

\section*{More than one programming language} The standard programming language, TI BASIC, is built into your TI Home Computer so you can begin programming right away. But there's an expanded range of optional languages like Extended BASIC, TI Logo, USCD-Pascal, TI FORTH and Assembler.

With these you can fully expand your programming skills.

\section*{A wide range of peripherals} Most computers lose a lot of memory when you add peripherals. The TI Home Computer is different. Every peripheral comes with its own built-in programs to keep the loss of memory to a minimum.

The convenient Peripheral Expansion System houses up to eight peripherals. Additional hardware cards simply plug in. You can even add a complete Floppy Disk Memory System.

The peripherals include memory expansion, RS232 Interface, P-Code card and more. There's also a sophisticated matrix printer and Solid State Speech \({ }^{\text {™ }}\) synthesizer - which you can use with your own TI BASIC programs.

\section*{A lot more for no more}

The TlHome Computer gives you so much more without costing more. At today's price it's exceptional value. Take your family round to try one. If you never try it you'll never know what you're missing.

\section*{Texas \\ INSTRUMENTS}

Creating useful products and services for you.



\section*{ORICMACHINE CODE}

Having lived with an Ohio Superboard fitted with Cegmon forover three years, I am used to good machine code handling. I now also have an Oric which is not 'designed' for machine code work. This programmakes it very easy to entercode anywhere in RAM andto read 64 byte blocks anywhere in memory including ROM.
Saved on AUTO it willload in to give the INPUT mode. 16 bytescan beentered at one go atany start addressin RAM and appearon a \(2 \times 8\) table. It could havebeen \(8 \times 8\) but I have not yetdiscovered how to stop Oric scrolling the table when the inputs hit the bottom of the screen!To enter anywhere else in RAM type Control C and enternew address.
RUN200 puts program into READ mode and canbe used immediately to check entries firstmade orto 'crib' code held in ROM.

\section*{BBCLINK}

This is a small programto link two BBC Micros together so thatone canbe usedasa printerbuffer. Thelinkis achieved by using the RS423 serial port on the back of the BBC.
1. On the computer with the printer, type:
*FX3 (Output to screen and printer)
"FX2,1 (Inputfrom RS423) 2. On the master computer, havingloaded the program, type:
*FX3,5 (Outputto RS423 and
 appears as programmed in memory at \#0041.

Having entered a program, including the variable data, use CALL to the start address and lookup the results at the result address by using the READ mode.
Totry it all outuse an examplesuch as given in Leventhal for converting \(\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ex}}\) to ASCII. Although using Page Zeroopens upa likelihood of corruption this example seems to escapeit.

\section*{Alan Davidson}

\section*{screen)}

LIST (Transfertheprogram) PRINT "VDU2,13" (Printeron, carriage return)
PRINT "LIST" (List to printer) PRINT "VDU3,1" (Printer off, carriage return)
Optional-[PRINT "*FX2"] (Normalkeyboardinput) See BBC UserGuide, pages 421-422 for details of \({ }^{*} F X 2\) and *fx3.
NB Anything inquotes sent to the other computeris executed:
```

1 REMCODEWORK,ORICBY ALAN DAVIDSON
2 REMENTER ADDRESSESANDCONTENTS
ASHEXIE\#XX and \#XXXX
3 REMTOENTERCODETYPERUN,TOREADMEMORY
TYPERUN200
5 CLS
6 PRINT "STARTATAS \#XXXX";
7 INPUTM
'SETSUPSTART ADDRESS
10 PRINT"INPUTMEMORYCONTENTSAS \#XX"
15 E=6
20 FORC=1TO2
30 FORB = 0TO7
35 INPUTA
ENTERS CODE
40 POKEM + B,A
'ENTERS CODE TO MEMORY
50 A\$ = HEX$(A)
60 M$ = HEX$(M)
70 PLOT 13+3*B,E,A$:PLOT7,E,M$'SETSUPTABLE
80 NEXTB
90 E=E +2:M=M+8
100 NEXTC
110 IFC=3THEN5ELSE7
1 1 5 \text { STOP}
199 REM STARTOFREAD ROUTINE,TYPERUN200
200 PRINT "LOOKFROM #XXXX";
205 INPUTM
                                    'SETSUPSTART ADDRESS
210 CLS
215 E=6
220 FORC=1 1O8
230 FORB=0TO7
240 A = PEEK (M + B) 'AISBASE 10
250 A$ = HEX$(A) 'CONVERTSATOHEX
260 M$=HEX$(M)
270 PLOT9 + 3*B,E,A$:PLOT3,E,M\$
280 NEXTB 'SETSUP8X8TABLE
290 E=E +2:M = M + 8 'FROMSTARTTOSTART +63
310 GOTO200
CSAVE"CODE WORK",AUTO

```


\section*{SIRIUSTIPS}

The MicrosoftBasic 86 manual (Part no 100946-01 June 1982) supplied with the Sirius 1 does notshow how to use some of the computer's more interesting features.

The Sirius 1 is capable of displaying its extensive character set on the screen in highintensity, reverse video, underline and any combination of these. The escape function CHR\$(27) allows the appropriate control character to be sent to the display processor, and is listed in Fig 1.

The MS-DOS operating system(version 1.25 release 2.5 x ) has abuilt-in software clock that is normally re-set by the useron switch-on and is used by MS-DOS to time and datefiles saved on disk. It is possible to use this clock from Basic 86 (Rev 5.25 dated 26 May82) as follows:
PRINTDATE returns the day number, eg, 1 st January gives 1,31 st December gives 365 or 366 in a leap year.
PRINTDATE\$returns the date in the usual US format, eg,
12-31-1983 for31 st December 1983.

PRINTTIME returns the time of dayin seconds,eg, 00:34:36 gives 2076
PRINTTIME returns the time of day in hours, minutes and seconds in 24-hour clock format, eg, 13:05:59

It should be possible to get the day out as well, ie, Mon, Tue, Wed, but the obvious PRINTDAY orPRINTDAY\$do notseem to work.

Thecharacterset(British01) supplied with the Sirius on the MS-DOS disk appears to be
similar to the IBMPC(see Tim Fields' article in Bytepp 331-376 March \(1983^{\prime}\) A Peek into the IBMPC'). The characters not available from the keyboard can be displayed using PRINT CHR\$(A\%) where \(A \%\) is in the range 32 to 255 and corresponds to the ASCII code for the normal alphabet. On the IBM PC, values 0-31 give afurther 32 characters;however, the Sirius uses these for the non-printable ASCII commands such as 'escape', CHR\$(27). It is possible to display the remaining 32 characters bymeans of the sequence PRINT CHRS(27);"F";CHR\$(A\%) where \(A \%\) is in the range 94 to 125.

The Sirius logo is really made up of three rows of characters and can be displayed anywhereon the screenusing the programshownin Fig2.

The program makes use of the POKE command to alter directly the values stored in screen RAM. The screen RAM is a 4 k byte block from F0000 to F0F9F. Two eight bit bytes (or octets) are used for each character displayed. The first at, say, F0000 gives the character and the second at F0001 gives the attributes and the font.

The value to be POKEd to screen RAM is not the ASCII value. The table in Fig 3 shows the values to use for the first memorylocation.

The secondmemory location has one bit to control each attribute, as shown in Fig 4.
Toget the combination required, the attributes are
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Clear screen, home cursor & PRINTCHR\$(27);"E" \\
\hline Clearscreen & PRINTCHR\$(27);"b" \\
\hline Movecursoruponeline & PRINTCHR\$(27);"A" \\
\hline Movecursordownoneline & PRINT CHR\$(27);"B" \\
\hline Turnonflashing cursor & PRINTCHR\$(27);"2" \\
\hline Turnoffflashing cursor & PRINTCHR\$(27);"3" \\
\hline Turnonhighintensity & PRINT CHR\$(27);"(" \\
\hline Turn off highintensity & PRINT CHR\$(27);")" \\
\hline Turnonreverse video & PRINTCHR\$(27);"p" \\
\hline Turn off reverse video & PRINT CHR\$(27);"q" \\
\hline Turn on underline & PRINT CHR\$(27);"0" \\
\hline Turnoffunderline & PRINTCHR\$(27);"1" \\
\hline Tum onspeciallower case & PRINTCHR\$(27);"F" \\
\hline Turnofispeciallower case & PRINT CHR\$(27);"G" \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

PRINTCHR\$(27);"E" PRINTCHR\$(27);"b" PRINTCHR\$(27);"A" PRINTCHR\$(27);"B" PAINTCHR(27):"3" PRINT CHR\$(27):"(i" PRINTCHR\$(27);")" TCHR\$(27);"p" PRINTCHRS PRINT CHR\$(27);"1" PRINTCHR\$(27);"G"
```

            SIRIUS.BAS
    10 REMROUTINETODISPLAYSIRIUSLOGO
20 PRINTCHR\$(27);"E"
30 DEFSEG = \&HFOOO
40 ROW% = 9
50 COL%=30
60 LOGO%=36
70 C% = COL%* *
80 FOR J%=1 TO3
90 R% = ROW%*80*2
100 FOR1%=0TO20
110 POKE(R% + C% + (2* % ) ), (LOGO% + |%)
120 POKE (R% + C% + (2* | % + 1), }6
130 NEXTI%
140 LOGO% = LOGO% + 21
150 ROW%=ROW% + 1
160 NEXTJ%
1 7 0 ~ E N D
Fig2

```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Poke Value & Font & CharacterDisplayed \\
\hline 36 to 98 & 0 & SIRIUSLOGO \\
\hline 101 to 132 & 0 & CHR\$(95)-CHR\$(126)* \\
\hline 133to255 & 0 & CHR\$(33)-CHR\$(155) \\
\hline 01099 & 1 & CHR\$(156)-CHR\$(255) \\
\hline *speciallow Fig3 & harac & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Blt & Value & Attribute \\
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{MSB} & 128 - & \(0=\) Normal, \(1=\) Reverse Video \\
\hline & 64 - & 1 = High Intensity, \(0=\) Normal \\
\hline & \(32-1\)
\(16-1\) & \(00=\) Normal, \(10=\) Underline* \\
\hline & 8- & FutureCharacter Fonts \\
\hline & \(2-\) - & \\
\hline LSB & 1 - & \(0=\) Fonto \(\quad 1=\) Font 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Fig 4
\begin{tabular}{|ccccc|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c}{ Poke } & & & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Attribute \\
Hinten
\end{tabular} \\
Font0
\end{tabular} Font1 \begin{tabular}{c} 
Inverse \\
0
\end{tabular}
addedup as shownin Fig 5.
Theprogramin Fig 6 displays all the characters in fonts 0 and 1 in all eight combinations of the attributes shown in Fig 5.
The 25thline of the screen is protected from being written over byordinary program listingor print statements; itcan be used to display semi-permanentmessages to the user. This is usefulin menu type programs whenitis often
helpfulto remind the operator which main menuselection is in use. Another possibility is to display labels for the function keys.

The programshownin Fig 7 clears line 25 of any previous textand displayssevenlabels for the functionkeys. The hex address FOF00 points to the firstlocation of line 25 in screen RAM.

JohnLane


\section*{NEWBRAIN Variable DUMP}

Ihave ausefulmachine code routine for the NewBrain. This machine does not have a variable dump routine (like LVAR in some Microsoft Basics) and this routine provides this utility.

The code resides at the top of RAM, protected by the RESERVE command. The Basic programherehas the code in DATA statements which will installthe code, and reserve space automatically.
Thisloader programcan simply be loaded, then RUN. But ifthe machine already contains a program, then the loader should be MERGEd and executedusing GOTO65000. (Provided, of course, the original programdoes not contain lines over65000.)

Touse the routine, use CALL 32350 or CALLTOP. This will list the variables to the video device on stream0.

Alternatively, the routine may be called using CALL 32350, nor CALLTOP, n, wheren is the number of a previously opened stream to anydevice (printer, second video, tape, etc.).
A Hamilton
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & RESERUE TOP-32350 \\
\hline 65005 & FORf=32350 T0 32748 \\
\hline 65010 & RERD J: POKEf, j \\
\hline 65020 & NEXTf \\
\hline 65025 & ?"LVAR installed at"; TOP \\
\hline 65030 & OELETE 65000- \\
\hline 65040 & END \\
\hline 65850 & UATA 221, 229, 229, 33, 244, 127, 54, 0, 62, 22, 50, 246 \\
\hline 65055 & DATA 127, 225, 62, 1, 184, 40, 93, 175, 184, 62, 40, 32 \\
\hline 65060 & DRTA 83, 221, \(33,241,127,221,54,0,0,253,110,28\) \\
\hline 65065 & DATA 253, 102, 29, 1, 8, 0, 55, 63, 237, 66, 34, 237 \\
\hline 65070 & DATA 127, 253, 110, 30, 253, 102, 31, 34, 239, 127, 62, 13 \\
\hline 65075 & UATA \(231,48,42,237,127,1,8,0,9,34,237,127\) \\
\hline 65090 & DATA 237, \(75,239,127,237,66,48,55,231,54,56,51\) \\
\hline 65085 & DATA 42, 237, 127, 35, 126, 230, 248, 254, 128, 204, 232, 126 \\
\hline 65090 & DATA 254, 192, 204, 6, 127, 203, 95, 196, 61, 127, 24, 210 \\
\hline 65895 & DATA 55, 221, 225, 201, 70, 43, 110, 96, 231, 39, 175, 136 \\
\hline 63100 & DATR 62, 90, 32, 240, 33, 244, 127, 115, 175, 231, 48, 56 \\
\hline 65105 & DATA 231, 24, 146, 221, 225, 201, 205, 107, 127, 42, 237, 127 \\
\hline 65110 & URTA 35, 35, 231, 43, 6, 64, 14, 7, 231, 44, 58, 244 \\
\hline 65115 & DATA 127, \(95,6,0,231,61,62,13,231,48,175,201\) \\
\hline 65120 & DATA 221, 203, 0, 198, 205, 107, 127, 42, 237, 127, 35, 35 \\
\hline 65125 & URTA \(35,35,78,35,70,237,67,242,127,43,43,43\) \\
\hline 65130 & DATA 70, 35, 102, 104, 253, 78, 26, 253, 70, 27, 9, 237 \\
\hline 65135 & DATA \(75,242,127,62,34,231,48,231,61,62,34,231\) \\
\hline 65148 & DATR 48, 62, 13, 231, 48, 175, 201, 203, 119, 40, 4, 221 \\
\hline 65145 & DATA 203, 0, 198, 205, 107, 127, 33, 82, 127, 6, 日, 78 \\
\hline 65150 & DRTA 35, 231, 61, 201, 24, 32, 32, 85, 115, 101, 114, 32 \\
\hline 65155 & URTA 68, 101, 102, 105, 110, 101, 100, 32, 70, 117, 110, 99 \\
\hline 65160 & DRTA 116, 105, 111, 110, 13, 33, 246, 127, 53, 175, 190, 204 \\
\hline 65165 & DATA 219, 127, 42, 237, 127, 78, 35, 102, 105, 124, 236, 3 \\
\hline 65170 & DATA 103, 62, 37, 205, 196, 127,69, 106, 96, 229, 58, 244 \\
\hline 65175 & DRTR 127, 35, 124, 198, 65, 254, 92, 40, 33, 231, 48, 225 \\
\hline 65180 & DRTA 125, 234, 36, 40, 14, 254, 26, 56, 6, 198, 22, 231 \\
\hline 65185 & DATA 48, 24, 4, 198, 65, 231, 48, 221, 203, 0, 70, 32 \\
\hline 65190 & UATA 34, 62, 61, 231, 48, 201, 225, 33, 192, 127, 6, 9 \\
\hline 65195 & DATA 14, 4, 231, 61, 24, 233, 70, 73, 76, 69, 79, 6 \\
\hline 65200 & DATR \(5,41,124,145,56,2,103,44,16,247,201,62\) \\
\hline 65205 & DATR 36, 231, 46, 221, 203, 0, 134, 24, 212, 137, 192, 62 \\
\hline 65210 & UATA \(155,231,48,62,8,231,48,231,56,6 \dot{2}, 22,50\) \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

65000 RESERVE TOP-32358
65005 FORf=32350 TO 32748
65010 RERD \(:\) POKEf, \(j\)
65025 ?"LVAR installed at"; TUP
65030 OELETE 65000-
65040 END
65950 UATA 221, 229, 229, 33, 244, 127, 54, 0, 62, 22, 50, 24
65060 DRTA \(83,221,33,241,127,221,54,0,0,253,110,28\)
65065 DATA \(253,102,29,1,8,0,55,63,237,66,34,237\)
65070 DATA \(127,253,110,30,253,102,31,34,239,127,62,13\)
65080 DATA \(237,75,239,127,237,66,48,55,231,54,56,51\)
65085 OATA \(42,237,127,35,126,230,248,254,128,204,232,126\)
65090 DATA 254, 192, 204, 6, 127, 203, 95, 196, 61, 127, 24, 210
650,
65105 DATA \(231,24,146,221,225,201,205,107,127,42,237,127\)
65110 URTA \(35,35,231,43,6,64,14,7,231,44,58,244\)
65115 DATA 127, \(95,6,6,231,61,62,13,231,48,175,201\)
65125 URTA \(35,35,78,35,70,237,67,242,127,43,43,43\)
65130 DATA \(70,35,102,104,253,78,26,253,70,27,9,237\)
65135 UATA \(75,242,127,62,34,231,48,231,61,62,34,231\)
65148 DATR 48, 62, 13, 231, 48, 175, 201, 203, 119, 40, 4, 221
65145 DRTA 203, 0, 198, 205, 107, 127, 33, 82, 127, 6, 0, 78
65155 DRTA \(68,101,102,105,110,101,100,32,70,117,110,99\)
65160 DRTR 116, 105, 111, 110, 13, 33, 246, 127, 53, 175, 190, 204
65165 DRTA \(219,127,42,237,127,78,35,102,105,124,236,3\)

65180 DRTA \(125,254,36,40,14,254,26,56,6,178,22,231\)
65185 DATA \(48,24,4,198,65,231,48,221,203,0,70,32\)
65190 UATA \(34,62,61,231,48,201,225,33,192,127,6,0\)
65200 DATR \(3,41,124,145,56,2,103,44,16,247,201,62\)
65210 DATR \(155,231,48,62,8,231,48,231,56,62,22,50\)
65215 DRTR 246, 127, 201



\section*{ACE \\ PROTECTION}

The following three words for the Jupiter Ace should be of some use to anyone who wants to protect the programs they arewriting-for example, if they are selling them.

The three protection words all work by altering the dictionary in some way so that the word cannot be listed or edited. P1 changes the code-field of the word - the bit that tells the computer how to execute the word - to something that the listing mechanism will not recognise and so will not list, but which the computer will still execute correctly. If an attempt is made to protect a word thatdoes not exist, has already been protected, or is not normally
listable, the word generates an ERROR 15 . (This is done by storing the required error number in the system variable ERR_NO, and then executing ABORT.) If you try tolist a protected word, you get ERROR 14 as you do when you try tolista variable, etc.
P2 should only be used once aForth program is complete as once it has beenused on a word itbecomes impossible to type inthe name of that word. It works by making the first character of the name an inverse space. This makes the listingmechanism think that the word's name is a single space, which of course you cannot type in as it is the normal delimiter. Any words that call the word you have just protected will still operate correctly solong as you don't try to edit them.

The best way to use the
protection words is to use P1 on the main word-or any ones that the useris going to have to type in - and then to use P2 on all the other words in the dictionary. After this has been done, P1 and P2 canbe forgotten if required.
The third word, P3, enables youto putapasscodeona word. Touseit, define the word as normal, but with the name consisting of a letter followed by the passcodeyou have defined for that word.
For example,
:xpass ('pass'is the passcode) (normalword definition)

Nowtype P3xpass which protects the word. Now VLIST, and you will see that the wordnamehas changed to just Xandyour passcodehas not been shown. However, ifyou try to execute, list, or edit the word, you have to type in the ful
\(\left[\begin{array}{l}: \text { P1 } \\ \text { FINDDUP@ DUP DUP } \\ 3779=\text { SWAP } 4229= \\ \text { ORSWAP } 4360=\text { OR } \\ \text { IF } \\ \text { DUP@ }- \text { SWAP! } \\ \text { ELSE } \\ \text { 1515421C! ABORT } \\ \text { THEN } \\ \text { :P2 } \\ \text { FINDDUP1-C@63 } \\ \text { AND5+-128 } \\ \text { SWAPC! } \\ \text { :P3 } \\ \text { FINDDUPDUP 1-C@ } \\ \text { 63AND5+-- } \\ \text { DUPC@ 128ORSWAP } \\ \text { C! }\end{array}\right.\)
name including the passcode.
The syntax for all three words is 'pl wordname'
Adam Hinkly

\section*{SHARP SCREEN PRINT}

Manypeople have probably foundthe same problem as I have in trying to print from the screen to the printeron the SharpMZ-80K. The problem lies in the fact that PEEKing the screengives the display code value of each characterbut the printer needs the ASCII value. I have written a short machine code program to help overcome this difficulty.
The programmakes use of themonitor subroutine? DACN which, when called, treats the value in the accumulator as display code, convertsit to ASCII and puts it in the accumulator
The assembler program is shown below
Line 05 loads the
accumulator with the value at addressCFFF, line 06 converts itto ASCII, line 07 loads addressCFFF withthe
returns to the main program.
This can eitherbe saved as it is ontotape and loaded as neededoritmay be
incorporatedinto a Basic program. Belowis an example of how it canbe used.

Lines 100-200 write a large message on the screen, lines 200-300 enter the machine code routine into memory from 53237 to 53247 (if the machine does not have the full 48 k memory, the number 53237 is replaced by the highest available address in user RAM minus 10.53247 is replaced by the highest available address in user RAM). Lines 300-400 actually print to the printer, using the machine code routine.
```

10 LIMIT E3236
90 PRINT"EEsEass"
105 FRINT"* * * *
110 PRINT" * *
115 PRINT" * *

```


```

130 FRINT"
135 FRINT:FORA = GTO 37:PRINTTRE(A); "X";: NEXTA
40 FRINT NEDEN

```

```

50 FRINT" ${ }^{\circ}$. ${ }^{*}$
55 PRINT": *

```


```

16S PRINT" * * *

```

```

200 FGR $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{E} T 010$
210 READH
220 POKE $53237+\chi$,
230 MEKT X
250 ORTA $58,255,207,205,206,11,50,255,247,201,041$
300 FRINT/P"畐"
310 FOR $X=6 T 0994$
$320 \quad B=$ FEEK ( $53248+X$ ): FOKE 53247, $\mathrm{B}:$ USR ( 5.3237 ): E:FEEK (53247)
33 PRINT/F CHR ( E ) ;
335 REM MIZ-80K DOES NOT RECOGNIZE SFRIES, THEREFORE-
こ36 IF B=32 THEN FRINT/F" ";
340 IF $(x+1) / 40=$ INT $\langle(X+1) / 40)$ THENF•RINT/P
354 NEXT $X$
10 LIMIT E3236

```
converted value and line 08


GeoffreySharpe
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 010000 & GE01** \\
\hline 020000 P & ?DACN: EQU OBCE \\
\hline 030000 & \\
\hline 040000 & RELCFF5 \\
\hline 05 CFF53AFFCF & LD A,(CFFF) \\
\hline 06 CFF8CDCE0B & CALL?DACN \\
\hline 07 CFFB32FFCF & LD (CFFF), A \\
\hline 08 CFFEC9 & RET \\
\hline 09 CFFF00 & NOP \\
\hline 10 D000 & \\
\hline 11 D000 & END \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
** Z80 ASSEMBLER SP-2102PAGE01 ** 010000

030000
040000
CFFs
CALL
LD(CFFF),A
RET

END


Samplerun:


Missedoutonsome of the ‘Which Spreadsheet?' articles? Mike Liardetgives a recap of all that's gone before.

In this article we shall go back over the high points and low points of spreadsheet software in 1983. But for the benefit of the newcomer we first present an introduction to the concepts behind spreadsheeting. Also, for all those readers who have mislaid their February ' 83 issue of \(P C W\), we reprint the spreadsheet Benchtest details, together with a table giving the performance of every system tested this year.

So if you are unsure of which spreadsheet to ask Santa for, or whether he should be getting you one at all, then read on.

\section*{Modelling}

A technique commonly used when at tempting to deal with a complex or uncertain situation is that of modelling. Thus an aircraft designer, uncertain of how his plane will behave in certain wind conditions, may build a scale model of it and 'see what happens' to it in a wind tunnel. Of course the model is only an approximation of reality, but because it is only a model the designer can risk trying out half-baked ideas, or test it to destruction, or subject it to one in a million freak conditions.

Of course the whole experiment stands or falls on the issue of how close an approximation is the modelled test to reality. If it is reasonably close, an 'accurate' model, then fine, but if not then it's positively dangerous and will have completely misleading results. There are several ways that it is possible to go wrong: some essential aspect of reality could be overlooked and not included in the experiment - for example, the effects of changes in atmospheric pressure may be critical but not taken account of. Or the essential simplifications of scale may invalidate the experiment. Or the apparatus may be inaccurate or incorrectly setup -a gauge reading wrongly, or the machine sucking instead of blowing

Modelling on a computer is directly analogous to this. Once the model is set up we can test out all sorts of eventualities, look for danger areas, or demonstrate that a plan is impractical - and all without getting our fingers really burned! Of course it is highly convenient that there is no manual dexterity needed for building a model in the computer, but we do need to use some mental dexterity instead. However, the same dangers lurk there for the unwary: if the model is not a reasonable approximation to reality then the exercise is a waste of time. And any conclusions we extrapolate from the results will be founded on invalid information.
Thus when using a computer for modelling, we must make sure that all relevant aspects of the situation are represented in the model - for example, it is easy to overlook some overhead or tax in a budgeting model. We must consider whether there are any inaccuracies because of the reduced scale of the modelmaybe a business can only be accurately simulated by a model of its daily trading and we are using a monthiy trading model. And finally the 'logic' we use in the model must be correct and, of course, the modelling system itself must have no 'bugs' lurking in it.
Spreadsheets are a type of computer modelling facility in which the model is represented as one or several matrices of numbers. But it is important to know that there are other types of computer modelling system, and these can be more appropriate for some of the infinite range of problems and activities which cannot be adequately described as a table of numbers. For example, critical path programs, where projects and timescales are represented by a directed graph; linear programming systems where resources and objectives are set up in mathematical equations; computer-aided design software with 2-dimensional and 3dimensional graphics; and flight simula-
tors. Not too far into the future we can look forward to other facilities: expert systems and tools for modelling our own thoughts and ideas, for example.

\section*{Spreadsheets}

Spreadsheets are used for modelling situations which can adequately be described with one or more tables of numbers. Actually they also have a spin-off use where they can simply be used as 'super-calculators', where there are no uncertainties and all the input values are known - for example, when last year's budget model becomes this year's profit \& loss statement.

Thus the classic use for spreadsheet software is for budgeting and financial types of application, but it is also useful for work with statistics and other technical problems requiring complex repetitive arithmetical calculations.

If you are wondering whether a spreadsheet may be appropriate for you, then ask yourself if you spend much time pounding away at your calculator. The spreadsheet is pledged to replace this archaic device of the seventies, so if the answer is 'yes', then you will undoubtedly benefit greatly from a spreadsheet system. With a good spreadsheet system you will be able to initiate a complex chain of calculations at the touch of a button, perform 'whatif' analysis, and generally devote your energies to the problem itself rather than the chore of actually computing it.

So what does a typical spreadsheet look like? Well, it simulates on a high speed VDU screen a 'window' onto a very large sheet. This sheet is divided into 'cells'. Each cell can be uniquely identified by the row and column that it occupies. A common convention is that columns of the sheet are labelled with letters of the alphabet, and rows are numbered. So 'A1', 'B1', would identify cells in the top row of the sheet; ' J 10 ' would be 10 rows down and

10 columns along, and so on.
Each cell can contain only one of three different types of information: text simply used to annotate the sheet; numbers - the raw data of the model; and formulae - which constitute the 'logic' of the model. Now one cell visible in the VDU window is usually highlighted, or otherwise distinguished in some way. In order to enter one of these three types of information into a selected cell, it is necessary to first move this highlighting (called a 'cursor') to the required position. Using four different key strokes it is possible to move the cursor up, down, left or right by one cell at a time. If the destination cell is notcurrently visible in the window then the same keys are nevertheless used to move towards it, and when the cursor is directed off the edge of the screen it still moves to the next cell, appearing to 'drag' the window along with it. Actually this effect is achieved by a rapid redraw on the VDU, but it happens so quickly (on a good spreadsheet system) that the dragging effect seems quite real.

Once the cursor has arrived at the required cell, the data can simply be typed in. Spreadsheets vary in the individual capacity of each cell, but it is fairly typical for a cell's capacity to exceed greatly its normal display width. Thus it may be possible to enter a 30-character message or a very long formula into a cell, when there is only room for the first 10 characters to be displayed on the screen. By altering a value for the display column width it is usually possible to see more of the information on screen. Note that when a formula is entered, using a sort of computerised school algebra notation, the calculation is performed immediately and usually it is the answer, not the formula, that is displayed on the screen.

Formulae are built up using normal arithmetic operations and may include references to other cells as well as numeric constants. When a number in a cell is changed, all cells with formulae referring to it are automatically updated, as are any cells referring to them until all the effects of the new value have permeated right through the spreadsheet. In some circumstances, changing a single value can affect just about every cell in the spreadsheet, but the system is quite tireless, and will rapidly recalculate the whole lot.

Using the computer's raw numbercrunching power it is feasible to perform 'whatif' analysis - exploring the consequences of changes to the basic assumptions of the model. Since these basic assumptions are usually shrouded in a certain amount of uncertainty (they might be next year'ssales figures, for example), it is obviously useful to know all outcomes for a range of possibilities, ranging from optimistic to pessimistic!
Now if all spreadsheet systems did actually work infallibly as outlined above there would be little point in the 'Which Spreadsheet?' series. But of course they operate in many different ways, and the best ones provide all sorts of other helpful features to make things even easier for the user. Obviously it is useful to know what to
look for
During 1983 I examined a selection of spreadsheet systems and other closely related software, costing from \(£ 10\) to \(£ 400\) and requiring anything from a \(£ 100\) cassette-based micro up to a \(£ 4000\) diskbased colour graphics system. Of course, it is impossible to nominate a 'best-buy' from this diverse selection, so I will give a brief rundown on each, table its Benchtest performance and leave the reader to draw his own conclusions. In chronological order the systems were:
* Prophet II (PCW March '83). Prophet II comes as a mixture of both hardware and software. The hardware consists of a modified Acorn Atom, TV screen and micro-cassette recorder, all housed in a cumbersome metal case. In the event the software turned out to be the best cassette-based spreadsheet system of the year. It works very quickly and reliably, is well documented, and has a comprehensive range of facilities. But it is principally let down by the ugly, heavy, and expensive hardware. However, the system is now being offered 'free' to anyone registering for the supplier's one-day \(£ 600\) (!) course. * Multiplan (PCW April '83). This is a spreadsheet system with the full weight of Microsoft behind it. I must say that I have come across a number of excellent and reliable Microsoft products, and Multiplan is no exception. Everything about the system has a feeling of quality, and it has some up to the minute features such as sorting, multiple worksheets and multiple split-screens. Coupled with the fact that it's available on the 8 -bit Apple II and CP/M systems as well as 16-bit MS-DOS machines it is difficult to make any major complaints about it.
* Plannercalc (PCW May '83). Plannercalc is one of two spreadsheet systems launched by Comshare. It is a fairly intriguing mixture of spreadsheet technology and the traditional financial modelling methodology, doubtless influenced by Comshare's vast experience as a mainframe financial modelling service.
Plannercalc is the simpler of two packages with the option to move all models onto its more sophisticated brother, Masterplanner, once the user has outgrown it. Accordingly Comshare originally introduced Plannercalc as a sort of loss-leader at an unbelievable \(£ 39\) plus VAT. Subsequently the price rose to a more creditable \(£ 85\) plus VAT, but that is still quite cheap for a disk-based system. Although the system has some excellent and fairly unique facilities (including its so called 'English-style' commands), I felt it had been let down by the final quality control. There were a number of inaccuracies in the manual and some badly named commands all served to make the system more difficult to use.
* VisiCalc (PCW June '83). This is the product that invented the spreadsheet concept. The Apple version has been with us for four years now, and has been overtaken by some of the more recent systems, but it still serves as a shining example of what a good software package ought to be like. One of the reasons that the

Apple version cannot compete with some of the later spreadsheet software is that only 34 k of workspace is available for developing models, which leads us on to
* Ramex Expansion (PCW June '83). Vergecourt, realising the problems with Apple VisiCalc's limited memory space, developed a 128 k RAM card, and the necessary software enhancements to enable VisiCalc to use it. Thrown in with all this were some extra facilities, such as ability to use 80 -column displays and some new commands, all integrated into the software. I found that the whole system worked very well, with no noticeable degradation in VisiCalc's performance. There are, however, some difficulties with storing the largest models on Apple's small capacity disks, and even though Vergecourt has included software facilities to help in this respect it is obviously preferable to have a larger capacity machine for this type of work. Nonetheless, for an Apple VisiCalc user who feels restricted by the system, Vergecourt has provided a valuable alternative to purchasing a completely new setup.
* ECalc (PCW July '83). The Epson HX-20 is now well-established as a completely integrated hand-held micro, with keyboard, display, printer and cassettedrive. The display can only show 20 characters across by four rows down, so it is not ideal for spreadsheet work. Nonetheless, ECalc does demonstrate that spreadsheeting is possible on the HX-20, albeit very slowly.
* Mathemagic (PCW August '83). Mathemagic is not really a spreadsheet system, but bridges the gap between the calculator and the spreadsheet. It can run through a short sequence of formulae, repetitively if necessary, and generate a sequence of results, transforming the Apple into a very powerful programmable calculator. Its results can be printed, or plotted as graphs by Graphmagic (see below). Although it cannot handle a large spreadsheet application, it can deal with very complex mathematical formulae, even permitting the use of iteration, and so could appeal to the technician.
* Graphmagic (PCW August '83). Graphmagic can plot data from both VisiCalc files and from Mathemagic. I had problems getting Graphmagic to print its plots, but it was certainly very easy to generate attractive plots on the screen.
* Vu-calc (PCW September '83). This is a very simple, but nonetheless effective spreadsheet system for the Sinclair ZX Spectrum. It works reliably and, for a cassette-based spreadsheet, reasonably quickly. Unfortunately it only provides the most basic arithmetic: + - * and /, so any one wanting more sophistication will have to look elsewhere.
* The Spreadsheet (PCW September '83) This is also a spreadsheet for the Spectrum. Although it has a lot more maths facilities than Vu-calc, it performed a lot more slowly in the Benchtests, frustratingly slowly in fact.
* Perfect Calc (PCW October '83). This is available for both CP/M systems, and

SPREADSHEET ANALYSIS 1983
(yawn) the IBM PC. It is one of a range of 'Perfect' products which all use the same interface techniques. The \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) version has some very advanced features: it compensates for the limitations of the 64 k maximum of RAM, by a 'virtual memory' facility, which trebles the capacity of the system. Itcan also maintain seven separate spreadsheets simultaneously, and permit calculations between them. I quite liked the system, and had no major problems with it, except for the rather disconcerting fact that I was unable to run Benchtest 1 without 'crashing' the system.
* 1-2-3 (PCW November '83). 1-2-3 is a real state-of-the-art spreadsheet system, currently available only on the IBM PC. Apart from being an excellent spreadsheet system, it is also fully integrated with a superb graphics facility, which can produce all manner of pie-charts and bargraphs, etc, and colour prints too, if you have the right printer! Just for good measure there are also some simple integrated 'database' functions, enabling you to manipulate and search a spreadsheet as if it were a database
* The Financial Planner (PCW December '83). This is not so much a spreadsheet, more a financial modelling system. For more information see the review in this issue.

\section*{Benchtests}

The Benchtests were devised to test the capacity and speed of the various spreadsheet systems. Of course they do not tell the whole story, so it is important not to read too much significance into them. However, once you are familiar with a spreadsheet system, you will want it to keep up with your speed of thinking, and not subject you to annoying delays while it computes or redraws the screen. The Benchtests certainly point out the ones that will slow down in this respect.

It is important to realise that, say, a ten second delay may not seem very long on paper, but if you frequently have to wait
that long for what you perceive as a fairly trivial operation then the frustration can quickly build up, and you will be reaching back for your calculator again.

The details on the Benchtests were originally published in PCW Feb '83, but for everyone who has mislaid that issue, here they are again:
* Benchmark 1 Thistest is used to measure the true capacity of a spreadsheet system, and time its performance-that is, measure its recalculation times when it is full to capacity. It is designed to simulate a typical. 12 -months' financial calculation, involving 12 columns, plus a 13 th column containing the totals for the 'year'

When the test is running, the spreadsheet displays the numbers 1 to 12 across the first row, with their sum (78) at the end, followed by the numbers 13 to 24 in the second row accompanied by their sum, and so on down the spreadsheet until all the available memory is exhausted.

The display is deliberately not generated in the simplest way possible, but by formulae in each cell, each using the four basic arithmetic operators just once. Assuming the spreadsheet uses letters of the alphabet to identify columns, and numbers for rows:
Cell A1 contains the number 1
Cell B1 contains \(\left(12^{*}(\mathrm{~A} 1-1) / 12\right)+2\) (which evaluates to 2).
Cell C1 contains ( \(12 *(\) B1-1)/12)+2 (which evaluates to 3), etc, up to cell L1.
Cell M1 contains \(\mathrm{A} 1+. .+\mathrm{L} 1\) or SUM(A1..L1) if 'SUM' facility exists. That completes row 1.
Cell A2 contains (12*(A1-1)/12)+13 (which evaluates to 13).
Cell B2 contains \(\left(12^{*}(\right.\) B1-1 \(\left.) / 12\right)+13\) (which evaluates to 14), etc, up to row L2. Cell M2 contains \(\mathrm{A} 2+\ldots+\mathrm{L} 2\) or SUM(A2..L2) if 'SUM' facility exists. That completes row 2.

The remaining rows are specified in the same manner as the second row, each working on the 'back' of the previous row. The measurements taken are:
(a) Max number of rows accommodated.
(b) Recalculation time after changing cell Al from 1 to 2 (tests integer, ie, whole number recalculation speed).
(c) Recalculation time after changing cell A1 from 1 to 1.5 (tests floating point, ie, decimal or fractional number recalculation speed). To date, this test has always produced the same result as (b), suggesting that no spreadsheet systems tested so far have used any special high-speed integer calculation facility.
(d) Vertical and horizontal window scrolling speed (by timing cursor move from top left cell to bottom left and then from bottom left to bottom right).
* Benchmark 2 This tests the capacity of the system with respect to textual information only.
The test involvessetting up as many rows as possible with the same eight character text 'ABCDEFGH' repeated across 13 columns. The test records the maximum number of rows accommodated.
* Benchmark 3 This test is identical to Benchmark 2, but a number is used instead of text. The number is ' 123456.78 '.
* Benchmark 4 This test was not included in the original article, but has in fact been used whenever relevant. It tests the speed of 'SAVE'ing the spreadsheet, set up in Benchmark 1, to cassette tape. Due to the nature of cassette tape, the 'load' speed will be identical. Obviously this test does not apply to disk-based systems, all of which can in fact load and save spreadsheets in just a few seconds.

\section*{1983 results}

Figs 1 and 2 give the results of these Benchtests for all systems that were tested. Note that these results are reprinted from the previous issues of \(P C W\), and do not take into account any manufacturer's enhancements that may have been implemented since. Note also that not all versions of the products are covered by these tests, and in several instances the software is available on more than one operating system - refer to the original articles for more information.
The 'Max Rows' and 'Max Cols' refer to the maximum theoretical size of the
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Product Name & Tested
on & \begin{tabular}{l}
Max \\
Rows
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Max } \\
& \text { Cols }
\end{aligned}
\] & Capacity
§ rows & Recalc rows/sec & Scroll rows/sec & Scroll cols/sec & \begin{tabular}{l}
Text \\
E rows
\end{tabular} & Numbers \& rows \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Multiplan} & Apple II 64k RAM & 255 & 63 & 95 & 1.58 & 6.00 & 4.00 & 190 & 190 \\
\hline & Sirius 128k RAM & 255 & 63 & 235 & 4.27 & 6.00 & 4.00 & & \\
\hline Plannercalc & 56k CP/M 2 MHz 280 & & 128 & & 0.74 & 0.41 & 0.46 & & 61 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{VisiCalc} & Apple 1I 64k RAM & 255 & 63 & 82 & 1.91 & 10.00 & 6.00 & 148 & 254 \\
\hline & + 128k RAM Vergecourt & 255 & 63 & 320 & 1.81 & 1.35 & 2.50 & v. large & v. large \\
\hline PerfectCalc & 56k CP/M \(2 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{Z80}\) & 255 ( \(\times 7\) spreadsheets) & 52 & & 0.30 & & & & \\
\hline 1-2-3 & IBM PC 320k RAM & 2048 & 256 & 370 & 6.85 & 6.31 & 3.78 & 1210 & 1380 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Fig 1. Results for disk-based spreadsheet systems
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Product Name & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\text { Tested } \\
\text { on }
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Max } \\
& \text { Rews }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Max } \\
& \text { Cols }
\end{aligned}
\] & Capacity £ rows & Recalc rows/sec & Scroll rows/sec & Scroll cols/sec & Text frows & Numbers \& rows & Save/Load cells/sec \\
\hline Prophet II & Acorn Atom & 255 & 63 & 87 & 2.56 & 6.06) & 6.00 & 123 & 123 & 0.59 \\
\hline ECalc & HX-20 16k RAM & 15 & 14 & 9 & 0.02 & 0.50 & 0.50 & 15 & 15 & 1.30 \\
\hline Vu-calc & Spectrum 48k RAM & 60 & 60 & 240 & 1.0) & 4.00 & 3.0) & 241) & 240 & 20.00 \\
\hline The Spreadsheet & Spectrum 48k RAM & 99 & 26 & 71 & 0.15 & 0.08 & 0.03 & 71 & 71 & 4.30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Fig 2. Results for cassette-based spreadsheet systems
spreadsheets. In nearly every case it is impossible to fill each and every cell before all available memory becomes exhausted.

The 'real' capacity of a system can be gauged by the next column: 'Capacity \(£\) rows' which is the Benchtest 1 (a) result. This figure should be read with some caution since in some cases it is simply dependent on the amount of random access memory (RAM) resident in the test-machine. For example, VisiCalc's capacity can be quadrupled by simply adding an extra RAM card (and Vergecourt's expander software).
The recalculation speed (Benchtest 1 (b) and \(1(\mathrm{c})\) ) is recorded in the next column: 'Recalc rows/sec'. Since most systems can be set to perform recalculations under manual invocation only, a slower recalculation speed need not drastically slow down your rate of working, providing it is reasonably respectable
The scrolling speed (Benchtest 1 (d)), when the cursor is 'dragging' the window either downwards or sideways, is recarded in the next columns: 'Scroll rows/secs' and 'Scroll cols/sec'. If this figure is slow it really can slow down your workrate, although systems that provide 'long jump'
facilities, which jump several rows or columns at a time, and 'goto's which jump the cursor directly, can save some time by minimising the number of screen 'redraws'. Note that these speeds are dependent on the VDU size (in characters per row and number of rows) and speed - the best software in the world will not perform well on a slow VDU, and it obviously takes longer to draw a bigger screen.

Finally the 'save' speed for cassette systems is recorded in the last column of Fig 2.

Note 1. With Plannercalc the maximum

\section*{Formore information}

Refer to PCW Feb to Nov ' 83 inclusive.
Prophet II-Polebrook Management Systems. Tel: (0832) 72052.
Multiplan-Microsoft Europe Ltd.
Tel: (04427) 75091
Plannercalc-Comshare Ltd. Tel:01-222
5665.

VisiCalc/Ramex-Vergecourt Ltd.
Tel: (0268) 728484
ECalc-Epson (UK) Ltd. Tel: Freefone 2730.

Mathemagic and Graphmagic-ISM Ltd.
number of rows is dependent on the number of columns specified. As the system did not possess a 'replication' facility it was not feasible to. fill it to capacity with formulae. The results quoted in Fig 1 come from timings on a smaller than capacity model. Plannercalc only permits text for row and column headings, so it was not possible to fill the spreadsheet with text.

Note 2. The Financial Planner, Mathemagic and Graphmagic have been excluded, because it was not feasible to run the Benchtests on them.

END
Tel:01-7515791.
Vu-calc-Psion Ltd, 2 Huntsworth Mews, Gloucester Place, NW1
The Spreadsheet-Microl Ltd. Tel: (0223) 312453.

Perfect Calc-Pete \& Pam Computers. Tel: (0706) 227011 and others.
1-2-3-161, First Street, Cambridge MA02142, USA. Tel: (617) 4927171 Ext 4408.

The Financial Planner-Ashton-Tate. Tel: (0908) 568866.

\title{
LESURE LINES
}

\author{
by JJ Clessa
}

\section*{Quickie}

I know a little girl whose father is older than hergrandfather. How can this be?

\section*{Christmas Prize Puzzle}

In Dutch cricket there are two possible ways of scoring - a field goal or a penalty - each being worth a different number of points

There are 24 different scores which are impossible to achieve in this game ( 18 is one of them). What are the points values of field goals and penalties?

Answers please - postcards or backs of envelopes only - to reach \(P C W\) by 31 December, 1983. Send your entries to: PCW, Christmas Prize Puzzle, Leisure Lines, 62 OxfordStreet, London W1.

\section*{September Prize Puzzle}

Although there were many possible solutions to this problem, quite a large percentage of the 100 or so entries got it wrong. Several people misunderstood the problem and came up with negative solutions. One entry came from Dorset and consisted of a gigantic postcard with a computer printout stuck to it, showing

1152 arrangements giving the maximum score of 58 , and 32 arrangements giving the minimum score of 40 . (In fact this same entry appeared several times in the bag, in varying sizes).
Anyway, we didn't check the 1184 arrangements, so we don't know if there are that many, but we did select a winner with the following solutions:
\begin{tabular}{lllllll}
2 & 6 & 3 & & 9 & 8 & 7 \\
7 & 1 & 8 & and & 6 & 5 & 4 \\
4 & 9 & 5 & & 3 & 2 & 1
\end{tabular} giving a maximum score of 58 and minimum of 40 .

The entry came from MrBob Hammond of Dublin who receives our congratulations and the usual prize

\section*{Footnote:}

A book by J J Clessa entitled Micropuzzles is now a vailable in allleading booksellers. It contains Puzzles old and new, including Quickies with solutions. (There's also a chance to win an Apricot micro - if you're smart enough to solve the problem trilogy. Details are in the book.)


\title{
FORTH BENCHMARKS ROUNDUP
}

\section*{A year after PCW first introduced a set of Benchmark programs for the Forth language, Dick Pountain retrospectively examines their continued application and value.}

It's a whole year since I took the liberty of unleashing PCW's Forth Benchmarks upon the microcomputing world, and here as promised is the first annual roundup of timings. But first some comments on how the Benchmarks have stood the test of public exposure.

I've opened my copy of Forthwrite with some trepidation for th: last year, fully expecting some deep-se ated flaw to be unearthed, but in fact the Benchmarks have been generally well received.

The major criticism which I have received is over the naming of "dictionarysearch'; several Forth enthusiasts have pointed out that it doesn't actually search the dictionary at run time at all! This is quite true, and the name is not appropriate. I had great difficulty thinking of a name for this particular program; what it actually measures is the overhead incurred by nesting definitions rather than writing a single in-line definition. It is thus, if anything, a test of the inner interpreter and the 'threading' rather than anything to do with the dictionary. Accordingly I have decided to rename it 'nest' as a better reflection of what it does; it also saves some typing!

Some people have noted the lack of \(1+\) in the fig model, and quite wisely substituted \(1+\) where necessary; the difference isn't worth much. Others have bemoaned the need for SP! which isn't in fig either. This really is necessary though if the timings are to be 'atomic'; that is, you can subtract the appropriate ones to obtain the timing for a single operation such as DUP. For the benefit of new readers who don't have the original article (January '83), SP! is a word which clears the stack contents
by storing the stack base address into the stack pointer. If you don't have it or an equivalent, you'll have to write it, either in code or in high level. In desperation you could write it simply as a loop of DROPs and the only ill effect would be to bump up 'magnifier' somewhat; its effect on the other timings can be nullified by subtracting 'magnifier'.

On the subject of 'magnifier'; it is not required that you subtract 'magnifier' from the other timings in presenting the results. Although the purpose of 'magnifier' is to isolate the fixed overhead common to all the programs, it is for users of the timings to subtract it; the published results should be unadulterated experimental data, that is, stop-watch readings.

The only other grouse has been that several people seem to have thought that I said in the original article that 6502 implementations are slow. In fact, I only said that I was surprised at how relatively slow the single 6502 implementation (viz Graforth) which I timed was; there was certainly no intention to generalise, and indeed the timings printed here show that it would have been rash to do so. People get so sensitive about processors!

And so to the timings themselves. As you will see, there are fourteen implementations on test, all but two sent in by \(P C W\) readers. In fact far more than twelve readers responded to the call and some of the more popular versions here are the average of several readers' findings. In the process of doing this I discovered that timings for the same Forth are not reproducable enough between different readers' machines to justify giving them to tenths of a second, hence the rounded
figures.
The spread very conveniently covers the range of popular 8 -bit processors, but I am rather surprised not to have received any more 16 -bit timings; surely someone out there has Forth running on a 68000 to make us all go green.

What does it all prove? Well, without wishing to generalise and risk an assassination attempt, it seems that Forth runs at roughly comparable speeds on a 4 MHz Z80, a 2 MHz 6502 and a 1 MHz 6809 , which gives some idea of the relative suitabilities of these processors as Forth machines. The glaring exception is in 'arithmetic' where the \(\mathbf{Z} 80\) seems around twice as fast as the others. There are also one or two examples to be gleaned, of the differences possible between different implementations on the same processor; I'll tactfully leave these as an exercise for the reader to sort out.

The outright winner by several lengths is polyForth II from the people who started it all, Forth Inc. This very expensive professional programming system runs on the 8088 (as well as many other machines including various minis) with 8087 arithmetic co-processor support included. Even without the 8087 though, it is comfortably twice as fast as any other implementation tested so far. This must say much for the quality of the implementation because another 8088 system timed last year was less than \(20 \%\) faster than good Z80 Forths.

Thank you to everyone who sent in timings (unfortunately I can't list you all) and please keep them coming; by next year I want to have covered all the major 16-bit processors (and what of the TI 9900?; 'what indeed' the cry came back). END


\footnotetext{
1 until-loop

- End ' I

I tmi
1 nine tem:
I alght nine :
I seven light I
; six seven ।
: five six ;
: four five:
I thrie four 1
: two three !
1 one trol
( These definitions are all part of )
( the single bencheark 'nest', which)
( mas previously, and badly, naed )
( 'dictjonary-search'
}


\title{
BENCHMARKS SUMMARY
}

\section*{Peter Rodwell presents a roundup of the Benchmark timings used when evaluating computer systems.}

Once again it's time to present our Great Benchmarks Summary. As regular readers will know, ever since PCW started back in February 1978 we have included Benchmark tests in our evaluation of computer systems and printed here is a list of all the resulting timings we have published.

Well, not quite all. The roundup in fact includes only those machines for which an entire set of timings could be obtained several machines which we have tested have been unable to run all the Benchmark tests and as the table is sorted according to the average timings, these incomplete sets had to be excluded

It is important to stress that the \(P C W\)
```

100 REM BENNCHTARK 1
110 PRINT "S
120 FOR K - ' I TO 100
130 NEXTK
140 PRINT "E"
150 END

```
```

100 REM BENCHMARK 2
110 PRINT "S"
120 K = 0
130 K=K + 1
140 IF K 1000 THEN 130
150 PRINT "E"
160 END

```
```

100 REM BENLLHMARK 3
110.PRINT "S"
120 K=0
130K=K+1
140 A = K 'K K K K+K-K
160 PRINT "E"
170 END

```
```

100 REN BENCHMARKK 4
110 PRINT "S"
120 K=0
130 K=K+1
140 A -K/2 S S 5-5
150 IF K 1000 THEN 130
170 END

```
```

100 REM BENCMMARK 5
110 PRINT "S
120 K - O
130 K=K + 1
140 A =K /2 3 3-4-5
160 IF K 1000 THEN 130
170 PRINT "E"
170 PRIN
190 RETURN

```

Benchmarks should not be used as a final criterion for your choice of computer unless you are interested exclusively in running Basic programs as quickly as possible. Originally, when manufacturers produced their own Basicinterpreters, and Basic was the only language available on micros, the Benchmarks provided a valuable speed indication, both of the machine and of the Basic interpreter. Now, though, many computers - especially in the business category - run the same Basic (usually Microsoft Basic), and, with other things being constant, tend to show little true variation
Sometimes, though, there are surprising
```

100 REM BENCHMARK 6
110 PRINT "S"
120 K = O
30 DIM M(5)
140 K=K+1
150 A=K K
170 FOA L = 1 TO 5
OO NEXT L 1 IO S
190 IF K 1000 THEN 140
200 PRINT "E"
210 END
220 RETURN

```
```

100 REM BENCHMARK
10 PRINT "S"
120 K=0
130 DIM M(5)
140 K=K K

```

```

160 GOsub 230
170 FORL L= 1 TO 5
180 M(L) = A
190 NEXT L
200 IF K 1000 THEN }14
210 PRINT "E"
20 END

```
```

OO REM BENCHMARK E
110 PRINT "S"
120 K = O
130 K=K = +1
140 A =K K 2
150 B = LOG(k)
170 IF K 1000 THEN 130
100 PRINT "E"
190 END

```
results. This year's table contains one of these. Although the Sage remains top of the list, these timings were taken using a Basic which 'compiles' to p-code and therefore can be expected to run very quickly. The second place is occupied by the Future FX20 which runs the very same version of Microsoft Basic as several other machines including the Sirius which, as you can see, is well down the list. The reason for this is that the FX20 runs its CPU at 8 MHz while the Sirius CPU runs at 5 MHz (and there are other technicalities to do with the internal construction of the FX20 which makes it faster). Therefore, any program is going to run more quickly on the FX20 than on the Sirius. The same applies to the Tulip, which also clocks its CPU at 8 HMz .

The fastest home machine ever tesed remains the good old DAI, now no longer available. Of the home machines which are still available, the BBC remains the leader by a long chalk, with Acorn's new micro, the Electron, pushing its way into second place just above the Lynx

It could be reasonably argued that a more meaningful set of Benchmark programs could be devised, particularly to cover areas such as graphics plotting and disk access. In fact we did once have a set of disk Benchmarks but the wide variations in the way different Basics handle disk access made these completely impractical. The ideal was to write and read a set number of records, each of a set length, but it proved impossible to arrive at a standard record length which could be applied to every machine. Likewise with graphics: the variations in the way Basics handle graphics, together with the vastly differing graphics capabilities of different machines, made this impractical.

One final note: this year we have placed each machine in one of three categories: Home, Business or Portable.
\(\mathbf{H}=\) Home \(\quad \mathbf{B}=\) Business \(\quad \mathbf{P}=\) Portable

\section*{BENCHMARKS TIMINGS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Cat Machine & BM1 & BH2 & Bn3 & Bn4 & BM5 & в H 6 & B47 & BM8 & Aver age \\
\hline 8 Sage II (p-code) & 0.5 & 0.7 & 1.3 & 1.7 & 2.1 & 5.1 & 6.4 & 18.0 & 4.5 \\
\hline B Future Fx 20 & 1.2 & 3.4 & 6.8 & 7.0 & 7.9 & 14.5 & 22.2 & 17.5 & 10.1 \\
\hline B Tulip & 1.0 & 3.7 & 6.0 & 6.1 & 7.8 & 15.5 & 23.3 & 17.5 & 10.1 \\
\hline B Olivetti M20 & 1.3 & 4.0 & 8.1 & 8.5 & 9.6 & 17.4 & 26.7 & 16.0 & 11.5 \\
\hline H Dal & 0.9 & 4.8 & 10.1 & 9.8 & 11.2 & 18.1 & 30.1 & 21.0 & 13.3 \\
\hline B il Professional & 1.0 & 4.2 & 9.3 & 9.7 & 10.5 & 19.0 & 29.5 & 31.0 & 14.3 \\
\hline H BBC Micro & 1.0 & 3.1 & 8.2 & 8.7 & 9.1 & 13.9 & 21.4 & 51.0 & 14.6 \\
\hline B Monroe 8820 & 2.1 & 4.2 & 9.9 & 10.5 & 11.0 & 20.1 & 32.0 & 33.0 & 15.4 \\
\hline B Altos ACS 800-2 & 1.4 & 4.3 & 11.3 & 11.3 & 12.0 & 21.2 & 34.9 & 27.0 & 15.4 \\
\hline B Vector Graphic VIP & 1.0 & 3.8 & 10.9 & 10.7 & 11.6 & 20.5 & 32.7 & 34.0 & 15.7 \\
\hline B ACT 800 & 0.9 & 4.6 & 8.5 & 9.4 & 10.1 & 14.9 & 23.4 & 56.0 & 16.0 \\
\hline B ACT Sirius 1. & 1.8 & 5.3 & 10.7 & 11.1 & 12.9 & 24.2 & 37.1 & 27.9 & 16.4 \\
\hline 8 Shelton Signet & 1.1 & 3.4 & 9.6 & 9.3 & 10.0 & 18.1 & 28.9 & 51.3 & 16.5 \\
\hline B ACT. Apricot & 1.6 & 5.2 & 10.6 & 11.0 & 12.4 & 22.9 & 35.4 & 34.4 & 16.7 \\
\hline B Mitachi MB16001 & 1.5 & 5.0 & 10.5 & 10.5 & 12.5 & 23.5 & 36.0 & 35.0 & 16.8 \\
\hline 8 Shapp H280B & 0.6 & 4.5 & 8.5 & 11.5 & 13.0 & 19.0 & 27.5 & 50.0 & 16.8 \\
\hline 8 Micronation 1 Plus & 1.4 & 4.4 & 11.2 & 11.3 & 11.5 & 21.2 & 34.9 & 39.0 & 16.9 \\
\hline B Mini 801. (44k (P/M) & 1.2 & 3.7 & 9.9 & 9.8 & 10.5 & 18.6 & 29.6 & 54.0 & 17.2 \\
\hline B IBM Personal Cosputer & 1.5 & 5.2 & 12.1 & 12.6 & 13.6 & 23.5 & 37.4 & 35.0 & 17.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The Cumana
Winchester Disk System-
A Drive Ahead


Jumana's top quality \(51 / 4\) inch Ninchester hard disk drive gives TRS-80 nodel IIIIV users high capacity at low ost, with formatted storage capacities rom 5.25 to 21.00 MB .

We supply externally boxed units for hose users who already have internal loppy disk drives, or the unit can be supplied for internal mounting including frame, hard disk, power supply unit,


Cumana Limited, Pines Trading Esstate, Broad Street, Guildford, Surrey, GU3 3BH. Telephone: Guildford (0483) 503121 Telex: 859380
controller and fan; and the internal mounting frame also allows for the installation of either one or two slimline floppy disk drives.

Disk operating systems are obtainable from Molimerx (L.DOS), tel. (0424) 220391 and Microfirm (DOS Plus), tel. (0454) 322260.



As 1984 approaches \(P C W\) 's publishers have been forced to review the price of subscriptions so subscribe now before it costs you more! JUSTTHINK! what excellent value! - All of your 1984 issues of PCW at the 1983 price.
A year's supply of your favourite microcomputer magazine -
'Britain's Biggest' delivered straight to your front door every month throughout the year!
To make the most of this special offer, simply tear off the special coupon opposite and fill out your details in the space provided.

Don't miss this final opportunity. Subscribe today!
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(B\) & LSI 44 & 1.9 & 4.8 & 11.5 & 11.5 & 12.4 & 19.8 & 30.9 & 50.8 & 18.0 \\
\hline B & Exleigh Expert (compiled) & 2.5 & 2.5 & 8.0 & 8.0 & 8.0 & 21.0 & 25.0 & 70.0 & 18.1 \\
\hline B & Torch (MBasic) & 1.5 & 4.2 & 10.6 & 10.4 & 11.6 & 21.1 & 33.0 & 55.0 & 18.4 \\
\hline B & NEC APC (Cospiled CBasic) & 2.3 & 2.3 & 13.7 & 17.6 & 17.8 & 32.0 & 34.8 & 37.1 & 19.7 \\
\hline B & Osborne 01 & 1.4 & 4.4 & 11.7 & 11.6 & 12.3 & 21.9 & 34.9 & 61.0 & 19.9 \\
\hline H & Acorn Electron & 1.1 & 4.0 & 11.1 & 11.8 & 12.4 & 18.7 & 28.7 & 72.5 & 20.0 \\
\hline \(B\) & Tandy TRS-80 Model II & 1.0 & 5.0 & 13.0 & 13.0 & 14.0 & 23.0 & 35.0 & 60.0 & 20.5 \\
\hline H & Canputers Lynx & 1.7 & 4.3 & 12.4 & 8.9 & 10.4 & 16.3 & 29.9 & 86.6 & 21.3 \\
\hline B & Hemlett Packard HP125 & 1.7 & 5.0 & 12.5 & 12.5 & 14.0 & 26.0 & 40.0 & 60.0 & 21.5 \\
\hline B & Hini 801 (62k CP/M) & 1.7 & 4.7 & 12.4 & 12.2 & 13.1 & 24.3 & 38.6 & 66.0 & 21.6 \\
\hline B & Intertec Superbrain & 1.6 & 5.2 & 14.0 & 13.9 & 14.8 & 26.3 & 43.2 & 56.0 & 21.9 \\
\hline B & MCR Decision Mate Y & 1.6 & 4.8 & 12.8 & 12.8 & 13.7 & 24.3 & 38.5 & 69.0 & 22.2 \\
\hline 8 & Positron 9000 & 1.1 & 2.1 & 5.4 & 6.8 & 7.2 & 14.9 & 20.2 & 120.0 & 22.2 \\
\hline B & DOE SPC/I & 4.8 & 6.2 & 14.7 & 13.9 & 14.7 & 41.1 & 58.1 & 26.0 & 22.4 \\
\hline B & ABC 24 & 1.2 & 4.0 & 16.0 & 15.0 & 16.0 & 25.0 & 38.0 & 80.0 & 24.4 \\
\hline B & Apple III & 1.7 & 7.2 & 13.5 & 14.5 & 16.0 & 27.0 & 42.5 & 75.0 & 24.7 \\
\hline B & Oki j 48000 & 2.2 & 6.4 & 16.8 & 16.8 & 17.9 & 31.8 & 50.7 & 57.0 & 25.0 \\
\hline \(B\) & Ohio Scientific Challenger C 24 f & 1.4 & 7.8 & 15.0 & 16.5 & 17.8 & 27.0 & 39.5 & 75.0 & 25.0 \\
\hline B & Torch (BBC Basic) & 1.4 & 5.4 & 14.4 & 15.3 & 16.1 & 24.9 & 38.4 & 89.0 & 25.6 \\
\hline 8 & Epson \(8 \mathrm{X}-10\) & 2.3 & 6.4 & 15.8 & 15.8 & 16.5 & 31.9 & 52.9. & 65.8 & 25.9 \\
\hline B & Xerox 820 & 1.7 & 5.5 & 15.5 & 15.1 & 16.2 & 28.9 & 46.1 & 80.0 & 26.1 \\
\hline 8 & NEC PC 8001 & 1.7 & 8.3 & 18.1 & 17.8 & 18.6 & 29.5 & 49.2 & 70.0 & 26.7 \\
\hline B & Newbrain & 2.0 & 5.8 & 19.2 & 17.5 & 19.2 & 32.0 & 48.8 & 70.0 & 26.8 \\
\hline B & ABC 80 & 1.1 & 2.3 & 11.1 & 12.1 & 12.6 & 17.7 & 23.9 & 136.0 & 27.1 \\
\hline 8 & Philips P2000 & 1.9 & 5.9 & 15.8 & 15.7 & 16.7 & 29.8 & 47.2 & 85.0 & 27.3 \\
\hline H & Connodore VIC 20 & 1.4 & 8.3 & 15.5 & 17.1 & 18.3 & 27.2 & 42.7 & 99.0 & 28.7 \\
\hline 8 & Exleigh Expert (interpreted) & 2.5 & 7.2 & 18.5 & 18.5 & 19.3 & 35.0 & 52.0 & 85.0 & 29.8 \\
\hline B & Apple II & 1.3 & 8.5 & 16.0 & 17.8 & 19.1 & 28.6 & 44.8 & 107.0 & 30.4 \\
\hline 8 & Hemlett Packard HP85 & 1.8 & 3.8 & 16.3 & 16.5 & 17.7 & 30.0 & 44.8 & 127.0 & 32.2 \\
\hline B & Pasca 640 & 2.0 & 7.0 & 19.0 & 18.0 & 20.0 & 36.0 & 57.0 & 100.0 & 32.4 \\
\hline H & Shapp M280k & 1.4 & 9.4 & 16.3 & 22.5 & 25.4 & 36.8 & 51.1 & 102.0 & 33.1 \\
\hline H & Exidy Sorcerer & 1.8 & 10.0 & 20.7 & 22.2 & 24.3 & 37.6 & 53.7 & 96.0 & 33.3 \\
\hline H & Sharp H280日 & 1.5 & 9.2 & 16.4 & 22.8 & 25.6 & 37.7 & 55.0 & 101.0 & 33.7 \\
\hline H & Conalodore CBM 8032 & 1.7 & 10.0 & 18.4 & 20.3 & 21.9 & 32.4 & 51.0 & 119.0 & 31.3 \\
\hline B & Transaa Tuscan & 2.3 & 13.0 & 26.0 & 27.0 & 32.0 & 48.0 & 68.0 & 60.0. & 34.5 \\
\hline H & Conmodore PET 2001 & 1.7 & 9.9 & 18.4 & 20.4 & 21.0 & 32.5 & 50.9 & 123.0 & 34.7 \\
\hline B & Compucolor 11 & 2.0 & 10.9 & 22.4 & 23.9 & 25.7 & 38.7 & 55.2 & 102.0 & 35.1 \\
\hline H & Dragon 32 & 1.6 & 10.2 & 19.7 & 21.6 & 23.3 & 34.3 & 50.0 & 129.0 & 36.2 \\
\hline H & Micro-Professor & 2.8 & 11.0 & 19.5 & 21.3 & 25.0 & 40.2 & 61.5 & 110.6 & 36.5 \\
\hline B & Henlett Packard HP86 & 3.0 & 5.2 & 19.4 & 18.8 & 20.4 & 36.5 & 56.5 & 134.0 & 36.7 \\
\hline P & Hewlett-Packard MP-75C & 3.0 & 5.0 & 22.1 & 21.8 & 24.3 & 40.0 & 57.3 & 139.0 & 39.1 \\
\hline H & Hitachi Peach & 2.0 & 11.0 & 26.0 & 26.0 & 27.0 & 46.0 & 78.0 & 100.0 & 39.5 \\
\hline H & Colour Genie & 2.7 & 10.6 & 25.0 & 25.8 & 28.9 & 47.8 & 73.1 & 104.3 & 39.8 \\
\hline B & Panasonic JD700 & 2.8 & 9.1 & 24.6 & 24.7 & 26.2 & 43.9 & 69.7 & 118.0 & 39.9 \\
\hline H & Tandy TRS-80 Color Conputer & 2.0 & 11.3 & 22.2 & 23.9 & 27.0 & 41.5 & 61.1 & 130.0 & 39.9 \\
\hline B & SBS 8000 & 1.8 & 9.4 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 31.6 & 44.0 & 82.5 & 112.0 & 42.4 \\
\hline B & Heath H89 (Mbasic). & 2.5 & 9.2 & 25.8 & 26.0 & 27.0 & 46.6 & 73.2 & 130.0 & 42.5 \\
\hline H & Tandy TRS-80 hodel 1 Level II & 2.7 & 11.6 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 31.3 & 51.9 & 81.0 & 117.0 & 44.0 \\
\hline H & Video Genie & 2.7 & 11.6 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 31.3 & 51.9 & 81.0 & 117.0 & 44.0 \\
\hline B & Cromenco Systes Three & 1.7 & 4.6 & 14.9 & 17.8 & 19.4 & 30.2 & 41.9 & 229.0 & 44.9 \\
\hline \(B\) & Ohio Scientific Challenger C3 S1 & 1.7 & 13.1 & 21.6 & 23.7 & 29.2 & 39.6 & 58.3 & 176.0 & 45.4 \\
\hline H & Sinclair \(2 \times 81\) (fast mode) & 4.5 & 6.9 & 16.4 & 15.8 & 18.6 & 49.7 & 68.5 & 229.0 & 51.2 \\
\hline P & Epson HX-20 & 2.7 & 15.3 & 33.1 & 32.8 & 35.3 & 59.1 & 100.6 & 133.3 & 51.5 \\
\hline H & Sinclair Spectrun & 4.8 & 8.7 & 21.1 & 20.4 & 24.0 & 55.3 & 80.7 & 253.0 & 58.5 \\
\hline H & Oric 1 & 2.0 & 17.3 & 29.4 & 31.7 & 38.1 & 50.1 & 76.1 & 233.4 & 59.8 \\
\hline P & Tandy TRS-80 Model 100 & 3.5 & 9.5 & 26.5 & 29.5 & 31.5 & 43.0 & 64.0 & 321.0 & 66.1 \\
\hline B & Sharp PC3201 & 4.0 & 13.5 & 35.5 & 35.5 & 38.5 & 67.0 & 108.0 & 250.0 & 69.0 \\
\hline 8 & Casio f 99000 & 2.5 & 9.0 & 24.0 & 24.0 & 26.0 & 42.0 & 60.0 & 365.0 & 69.1 \\
\hline B & Canon CX-1 & 3.0 & 6.0 & 21.0 & 23.0 & 24.0 & 41.0 & 54.0 & 390.0 & 70.3 \\
\hline H & Atari 400/800 & 2.3 & 7.4 & 19.9 & 23.2 & 26.8 & 40.7 & 61.5 & 431.0 & 76.6 \\
\hline H & Texas II 99/4 & 2.9 & 8.8 & 22.8 & 24.5 & 26.1 & 61.6 & 84.4 & 382.0 & 76.6 \\
\hline H & Texas II99/4A (standard) & 3.0 & 9.0 & 24.0 & 24.8 & 26.2 & 61.9 & 84.6 & 384.0 & 77.2 \\
\hline H & Texas II99/4A (extended) & 6.5 & 18.5 & 40.0 & 40.1 & 42.0 & 98.4 & 140.3 & 240.0 & 78.2 \\
\hline B & Periflex 630/48 & 4.5 & 10.5 & 27.5 & 28.5 & 31.5 & 59.0 & 79.5 & 600.0 & 105.1 \\
\hline P & Casio PB-100 & 8.0 & 39.0 & 82.0 & 80.0 & 105.0 & 160.0 & 220.0 & 341.0 & 129.4 \\
\hline B & BASF 7120 & 2.4 & 7.0 & 35.0 & 36.5 & 39.0 & 50.0 & 63.0 & 1140.0 & 171.6 \\
\hline P & Sharp PC1500 & 15.0 & 70.0 & 121.0 & 122.0 & 178.0 & 293.0 & 383.0 & 510.0 & 211.5 \\
\hline P & Sharp PC-1251 & 42.3 & 70.6 & 162.5 & 165.9 & 197.3 & 427.8 & 581.4 & 980.0 & 328.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
* The original Siriustimings were taken using a pre-release version of Basic-86

Three timings have been taken with the production version of the interpreter.
}

\section*{PASCALUPDATE}

Here's a complete listing of the PCW Pascal Benchmarks Suite devised by Chris Sadler.

\section*{programreference;}
varj, k:integer;
procedure refer5 (var i:integer);
begin
\(\mathrm{j}:=1\)
end;
procedure refer4 (vari:integer);
begin
refer5 (i)
end;
procedure refer3(vari:integer);
begin
refer4 (i)
end;
procedure refer2 (vari:integer);
begin
refer3(i)
end;
procedure refer1 (vari:integer);
begin
refer2 (i)
end;
begin
writeln ('s');
\(\mathrm{j}:=0\);
fork: \(=1\) to 10000 do
referl(j);
writeln ('e')
end.
```

program literalassign;
yar j,k,l:integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:= 1 to 10000 do
for j:= 1 to 10do1:= 0;
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

programequalif;
varj,k,l:integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
forj:= 1 to 10do
if j<6 then 1:=1
else 1:=0;

```
    writeln ('e')
end.
```

programunequalif;
varj,k,l:integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
forj:= 1 to 10do
if j<2 then 1:=1
else 1:=0;
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

program whileloop;
var j,k:integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
begin
j:=1;
while j<= 10doj:= j+1
end;
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

program repeatloop;
var j,k:integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
begin
j:= 1;
repeat
j:= j+1
untilj> 10;
end;
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

programmaths;
vark:integer;
$\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ :real;
begin
writeln('s');
fork: $=1$ to 1000 do
begin
$\mathrm{x}:=\sin (\mathrm{k})$;
$y:=\exp (x)$
end;
writeln ('e')
end.

```
```

program vector;
varj,k:integer;
matrix:array[0..10]of integer;
begin
writeln('s');
matrix[0]:=0;
fork:= 1 to 10000 do
for j:= 1 to 10 do
matrix[j]:= matrix[j-1];
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

program realalgebra;
vark:integer;
x:real;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
x:=k/k
writeln('e')
end.

```
programvalue;
varj,k:integer;
procedure value5(i:integer);
begin
\(\mathrm{j}:=1\)
end;
procedure value4 (i:integer);
begin
value5 (i)
end;
procedure value 3 (i:integer);
begin
value4 (i)
end;
procedurevalue2 (i:integer);
begin
value3(i)
end;
procedure valuel (i:integer);
begin
value2(i)
end;
begin
writeln ('s');
\(\mathrm{j}:=0\);
fork:=1 to 10000 do
valuel (j);
writeln ('e')
end.
program noparameters;
var j,k:integer;
procedurenone5;
begin
\(j:=1\)
end;
procedure none4;
begin none5
end;
procedure none3;
begin none4
end;
procedure none2;
begin
none3
end;
procedure none1;
begin
none2
end;
begin
writeln('s');
\(\mathrm{j}:=0\);
fork: \(=1\) to 10000 do
none1;
writeln('e')
end.
```

program memoryaccess;

```
var j,k,l:integer;
begin
    writeln ('s');
    fork: \(=1\) to 10000 do
        for \(\mathrm{j}:=1\) to 10 do \(1:=\mathrm{j}\);
    writeln ('e')
end
program forloop; var j, k: integer; begin
writeln ('s'); fork: \(=1\) to 10000 do for \(\mathrm{j}:=1\) to 10 do ; writeln('e') end.
```

program realarithmetic;
vark:integer;
x:real;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do
x:=k/2\star 3+4-5;
writeln('e')
end.

```
```

programmagnifier;
vark: integer;
begin
writeln('s');
fork:=1 to 10000 do;
writeln ('e')

```
end.

\section*{ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCES OF PRIME} NUMBERS. . AN HYPOTHESIS OF GILBREATH. \({ }^{\prime}\)

\author{
Mike Mudge presents more mathematical mind-benders
}

A Prime Number is defined to be a positive integer greater than 1 that is divisible only by itself and 1 . Thus the sequence of primes (known since the time of Euclid c 400BC to be infinite) begins
\(\mathbf{P}=(2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19,23,29,31,37,41\), \(43,47, \ldots)\) )
The first row of the table of Absolute Differences of Prime Numbers is obtained from \(P\) by taking the absolute values of the differences between successive terms: thus
\(\left|\Delta_{1} P\right|=(1,2,2,4,2,4,2,4,6,2,6,4,2\),
4,6, ...)
This elementary process is repeated to obtain consecutive rows of absolute differences:
\(\left|\Delta_{2} P\right|=(1,0,2,2,2,2,2,2,4,4,2,2,2\), 2,0, ...)
\(\left|\triangle_{3} P\right|=(1,2,0,0,0,0,0,2,0,2,0,0,0\), 2,4, . .)

For any positive integer \(n\) we define \(a_{n}\) to be the smallest positive integer such that the \(\left(a_{n}+1\right)-\) th. term of \(\left|\triangle_{n} P\right|\) is the first such term to be greater than 2 ; thus from the above \(a_{1}=3, a_{2}=8\), and \(a_{3}=14\).

In 1958, NL Gilbreath conjectured that the first term in each row, \(\left|\triangle_{n} P\right|\), is unity. If we could prove that \(a_{n}>2\) for all \(n\) then the validity of Gilbreath's conjecture would be established.
*W Sierpinski, A Selection of Problems in the Theory of Numbers, Pergamon Press, 1964, page 35. Empirical evidence suggests that \(a_{n}\) is indeed a rapidly increasing function of \(n\), but to the best of my knowledge the required result has not been proved.

\section*{Problem}

This month's problem is in two distinct parts:
(i) To generate the first N -terms in the sequence \(P\) of Prime Numbers for a given N .
( \(\mathrm{i}^{\text {i }}\) ) Alternatively, justify the direct input of P from existing tables or a 'library-tape'.
(ii) To generate the first \(M\) values \(a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{3}, \ldots a_{m}\) for a given \(M\), verifying in the process that \(\mathrm{a}_{4}=14, \mathrm{a}_{5}=25, \mathrm{a}_{10}=59\), \(\mathrm{a}_{15}=174\).

Conjecture the type of function best
describing \(a_{n}\) as a function of \(n\) : this work may be aided by the use of a graphical output device if available. A valuable reference could be provided by RB Kilgrove \& KE Ralston, On a conjecture concerning primes, MTAC vol 13, pp 121-122. 1959.
Note. Please include, in addition to the usual program listings, hardware descriptions, run times and output, a count and breakdown by type viz multiplication, addition, etc, of the number of arithmetical and logical operations needed to establish \(\mathrm{a}_{64}=5940\). This may be precise or an intelligent estimate; its purpose is to compare and contrast the widely differing approaches which are possible to this problem.

Submissions will be judged for accuracy, originality and efficiency (not necessarily in that order), and a suitable prize will be awarded to the 'best' entry received.

Entries, to arrive by 1 February, 1984, to: Mr MR Mudge, BSc FIMA FBCS, Room 560/A, Department of Mathematics, The University of Aston in Birmingham, Gosta Green, Birmingham B4 7ET.

Note. Submissions will only be returned if suitable stamped addressed envelopes are included.

\section*{Review of n-fuples}

The response to this project was most disappointing, whether due to the summer weather, holidays, the title, or some property of the problem is not apparent.

It would be most informative to receive readers' suggestions as to why this problem was found to be particularly unattractive and perhaps to indicate desirable characteristics of number theoretic problems suitable for investigation using a microcomputer.
(i) The smallest common sum of four associated triples is indeed 118 , arising from \((14,50,54) \mathrm{a}(15,40,63) \mathrm{a}(18,30,70) \mathrm{a}\) \((21,25,72)\).
(ii) The smallest common product of four associated triples is indeed 25200, arising
from \((6,56,75) a(7,40,90) a(9,28,100) a(12\), \(20,105)\).

Minimum sum n-tuples.
Triples . . . N
\begin{tabular}{rr} 
Sum & Product \\
118 & 37800 \\
185 & 83160 \\
400 & 846720 \\
511 & 1965600
\end{tabular}

There exists no 8 -tuple with sum less than 835.
\begin{tabular}{rrr} 
4-tuples \(\ldots 4\) & 24 & 720 \\
5 & 42 & 7200 \\
6 & 52 & 10800 \\
7 & 51 & 7200 \\
8 & 60 & 20160 \\
9 & 71 & 30240 \\
10 & 80 & 75600 \\
11 & 105 & 100800 \\
12 & 105 & 201600
\end{tabular}

There exists no 13 -tuple with sum less than 112.
\begin{tabular}{rrr} 
5-tuples \(\ldots 4\) & 20 & 360 \\
5 & 25 & 720 \\
6 & 30 & 2160 \\
7 & 34 & 2880 \\
8 & 39 & 4320 \\
9 & 47 & 10080 \\
10 & 45 & 8640 \\
11 & 53 & 14400 \\
12 & 54 & 30240 \\
13 & 52 & 20160 \\
14 & 61 & 20160
\end{tabular}

There exists no 15 -tuple with sum less than 61.

Many of the above results are due to our recent prizewinner, Mr G Grant, of Manchester.

Now, with regard to this month's prizewinner, neither the response nor the resources justify separate prizes according to hardware or software. I therefore nominate Mr Gareth Suggett of 69 Stockbridge Road, Chichester PO19 2QE for his achievements in Basic on a BBC model B. \(£ 10\) will be despatched to the south coast in due course.

PS Why is each product listed in the table divisible by 360 ? Answers on a postcard to GS GG or MM !!


\section*{Apricot}
from £1495
256K RAM Dual 315K drives both upgradable concurrent CP/M and MS-DOS

\section*{Philips Portable from £1390} 64 K CP/M Dual disc drives to 640 K

> Osborne 01 \& Exec Epson HX20 \& QX10 . . from £411

FREE bundled software with every disc based system
On site training, servicing and support.
Fraser Associates Ltd.
1 Bristle Hill, Buckingham. Bucks
MK18 IEZ (0280) 816087

Newłrain

\section*{Buy from the NewBrain Specialists}

Please call for prices

\section*{NEWBRAIN COMPUTERS}

\section*{EXPANDED NEWBRAIN SYSTEMS}

Printers Epson FX80, RX80, RX80 F/T, Shinwa CP80, Juki etc. From £239 + VAT.
Recorder Sanyo DR 101 Data Recorder \(£ 39+£ 5.85\) VAT.
"The NewBrain Dissected" by John Braga. \(£ 8.50+50 \mathrm{p}\) P\&P (UK) "Getting more from your NewBrain" by Andrew Pepper and Michelle Clarke-call us for price.

\section*{NewBrain owners cant afford to miss these useful books!}

\section*{NewBrain Software Selection}

RUFAL (W) Super new adventure.
BRAINZAP ASSEMBLER (W) An interactive assembler/editor opening 59.95
world of \(\mathrm{Z80}\) machine language.
OARK KNIGHT (W) Graphics adventure game with many levels. E8.00
MONITOR (W) The memory manager. Examine, fill, alter, move dump, save, load,
run, print, convert etc.
OISASSEMBLER (W) Unravel the secrets of the NewBrain's ROM.
DATABASE (G) Includes sort and search on any field.
NEWBAS (B) Powerful machine code assembler.
LIFE SEARCH (W) (Adventure) Can take two lifetimes to solvel
BRAINTEXT (W) Easy-to-use and very practical W/P.
STAR TREK (W) Rid the Galaxy of the Klingon menace
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { BRAIN CHASE (W) } & \text { Two new fast-action } \\ \text { NEWBRAIN INVADERS (W) 'arcade' games. }\end{array}\)
NEWBRAIN INVADERS (W) 'arcade' games.
BRAINWRITER (B) AII the W/P features you've been waiting forl
BRAINWRITER (B) All ths WIP features you've been waiting forf
EPROM version (Needs EPROM box)
LOAN \& MORTGAGE (W) Vital information for savers and bo
9 HOLE GOLF (W) Random holes. Fairways plus 3-D putting.
TAPEWORM (W) Voracious invertebrate.
CASHBOOK (C) Powerful search, analysis and reporting
OAVBOOK (C) Sales or purchases. Optional VAT
INVOICE AND CREDIT NOTE (C) Optional discounts and VAT analysis
Software suppliers
\(\mathbf{B}=\) Brainwave, \(\mathbf{G}=\mathbf{G e m i n i}, \mathbf{W}=\) Watkiss Computers, \(\mathbf{C}=\) Cornix-Micro Please write/phone for full lists of NewBrain hardware \& software atc AUTHORS - DO YOU HAVE A PROGRAM WE MIGHT SELL? MAIL ORDER - Free delivery UK for orders over £5 Callers by prior appointment only, please
To obtain your NewBrain etc., ring us on Stevenage (0438) 812439 (ACCESS welcome) or send cheque/PO/Access number to:
ANGELA ENTERPRISES
4 Ninnings Lane, Rabley Heath, Welwyn,
Herts AL6 9TD. Tel: Stevenage (0438) 812439


\section*{ASSETS OFFER8/16BITSOFTWARE AT UNBEATABLEPRICES CALLUSTODAY ON 01-4451369}
*SPECIAL CHRISTMAS OFFER* Save 20\% or more on MICROPRO, PEACHTREE, I.U.S. and PERFECTSOFTWARE products. 25\% on two or more orders. (OFFER ENDS JANUARY '84)
FINANCIAL MODELLING £ DATABASESYSTEMS £
\begin{tabular}{lrlr} 
*Perfectcalc* & 145 & DBase2 & 325 \\
*Peachcalc* & 76 & Personal Pearl & 165 \\
"Easyplanner* & 125 & "Infostar* & 235 \\
Multiplan & 169 & "Perfect Filler* & 295 \\
Supercalc2 & 165 & "Easy Filler* & 200 \\
*Calcstar* & 85 & Autocode & 190 \\
Financial Planner & 357 & Quickcode & 190 \\
Fastplan & 435 & Retrieve & 255 \\
Bottom Line Strategist & 215 & Rescue & 255
\end{tabular}

\section*{ACCOUNTING}
SYSTEMS S/Offer £ WORDPROCESSING £
*Peachtree Basic* 260325 *Wordslar* 230
*Peachtree Mngmt.* 480600 Mailmerge 130
Tridata's Fast 250275 Spellstar 130
PaxtonBusiness Desk 300 *Perfect Writer* 248
Uneek Software 295 *Perfect Speller* 148
Sage Complete Suite: *Easywriter 2*
175
Sales/Purchase/Nominal
375 *Easyspeller 2*
*Peachtext*
(All prices exclusive of VAT and Postage \& Packing)
PLUS MANY OTHER PROGRAMS, UTILITIES \& LANGUAGES
Assets Computing \& Software Supplies
First Floor, 3 Thyra Grove, Finchley, London N12 8HD
Tel: 01-445 1369

\title{
NEWCOMERS START HERE
}

\author{
This is our unique quick-reference guide, reprintedevery month to help our readers pick their way through the mostimportant pieces of (necessary) jargon found in PCW. While it'sin no way totally comprehensive, we trust you'll find ita useful introduction. Happy microcomputing!
}

Probably the first thing you noticed on picking up this magazine for the first time was the enormous amount of unintelligible-looking jargon. Well, in the words of The Hitch-hikers' Guide to the Galaxy, don't panic! Baffling as it may sound, the jargon does actually serve a useful purpose. It's a lot easier to say VDU, for example, than 'the screen on which the computer's output is displayed'. This guide is intended to help you find your way around some of the more common 'buzzwords' you're likely to come across in the pages of \(P C W\).

For those completely new to computing, let's start with the question: what is a microcomputer? We can think of a micro as a general-purpose device as opposed to a typewriter which can only be used for typing, a calculator to perform calculations, a filing-cabinet to file information and so on. A micro can do all those things and more:

If it is to be of any use, a general-purpose device needs some way of having a function assigned to it. We do this by giving the computer a set of logical instructions called a program. The general term for computer programs is software. Every other part of a microcomputer system is known as hardware. 'If you can touch it, it's hardware.
Programs must be written in a form the micro can recognise and act on - this is achieved by writing the instructions in a code known as a computer language. There are literally hundreds of different languages around, the most popular of these being Basic. Basic is an acronym of Beginners' All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. Although originally intended only as a simple introductory language. Basic is now a powerful and widely-used language in its own right.

Other languages you're likely to come across in PCW include Forth, Pascal, \(\mathbf{C}\) and Comal. These are known as high-level languages because they approach the sophistication of a human language. You'll also see references to the low-level languages, assembly language and machine code. We'll look at high and low-level languages in a moment.
The heart of a micro, the workhorse, is the processor or Central Processing Unit (CPU). The processor usually consists of a single silicon chip. As with computer languages, there are a number of different types of processor around, the Z80, 6502 and 8088 being the three most common. The processor is nothing magical - it's just a bunch of electronic circuits. It's definitely not a "brain'
Being electronic, the processor's circuitry can be in one of two states: on or off. We represent these two states by binary (base two) notation, the two binary digits (known as 'bits') being 0 and 1. It is possible to program computers in. binary notation, otherwise known as machine code (or machine language) programming.

Machine code is called a low-level language because it operates at a level close to that 'understood' by the processor. (Languages like Basic are known as high-level languages because they are symbolic, operating at a level easily understood by people but not directly understood by the processor.)

Between high-level languages and machine code is a low-level language known as assembly language or, colloquially, assembler. This is a mnemonic code using symbols which the processor can quickly convert to machine code.
Since there is no binary equivalent of a comma or the letter ' \(a\) ', for example, we need some sort of code to represent each character to be processed by the computer. In order to simplify communication between computers, a number of standard codes have been agreed on. The most widely used of these codes is the American Standard Code for Information Interchange, ASCII. This system assigns each character a decimal number which the processor can then convert to its binary equivalent.

There are two types of program to do this translation for us. The first of these is a compiler which translates our whole program permanently into machine code.

When we compile a program, the original high-level language version is called the source code while the compiled copy is called the object code. Compiled programs are fast to run but hard to edit. (If we want to change a compiled program, we either have to edit it in machine code (extremely difficult) or we have to go back to a copy of the source code.) For this reason there is a second translation program: an interpreter. An interpreter waits until we actually run (use) the program, then translates one line at a time into machine code - leaving the program in its original high-level language. This makes it slower to run than a compiled program, but easier to edit.
There are two strange-sounding Basic words you're likely to come across: POKE and PEEK. When you program in a high-level language, you are normally unable to choose which part of the machine's memory the processor will use to store things. This makes programming easier as you don't need to worry about memory locations, but slows down the program since the processor has to 'look up' addresses for you. Using the POKE command, however, you can 'POKE' a value directly into a desired memory address. 'POKE 10000,56 ', for example, puts the value 56 into memory location 10000 . PEEK allows you to examine the content of a particular memory address. If you were to follow the above POKE with 'PEEK 10000 ', the computer would respond by displaying the value 56 . (POKEing and PEEKing is normally done to increase program speed. It's a compromise between Basic and machine code.)
So far, we have a processor and a program. Since a computer needs somewhere to store programs and data, it needs some kind of memory. There are two types of memory known as Read Only Memory (ROM) and the badly-named Random Access Memory (RAM). ROM is so-called because the processor can 'read' (get things out of ) its contents, but is unable to 'write to' (put things in) it.
ROM is used to store firmware, which consists of software permanently available on the machine. An interpreter is a typical example of firmware (stick with it: it gets easier!).
RAM differs from ROM in two important ways. Firstly, you can write to it as well as read from it. This means that the processor can use it to store both the program it is running and data (information). The second important difference is that RAM needs a constant power-supply to retain its contents: as soon as you switch the computer off, you lose your program and data.
Memory is described in terms of the number of characters we can store in it. Each character is represented by an 8 -bit binary number. 8 bits make one byte and 1024 bytes make one kilobyte or 1 k . 32 k , for example means that the computer can store about 32000 characters in its memory. If 1024 sounds like an odd number, remember that everything is based on the binary system, thus \(1,2,4,8,16 \ldots 1024\) being the nearest binary multiple to 1000 .
There are numerous forms of permanent or backup storage, but by far the most common are the floppy disk and cassette.
Floppy disks or diskettes are circular pieces of thin plastic coated with a magnetic recording surface similar to that of tapes. The disk, which is enclosed in a protective card cover, is placed in a disk drive. Disk drives comprise a high-speed motor to rotate the disk and a read/write head to record and 'playback' programs and data.
The disk is divided into concentric rings called tracks (similar to the tracks on an LP) which are in turn divided into small blocks by spoke-like divisions called sectors.
There are two methods for dividing the disk into sectors. One method is called hard-sectoring, where holes punched in the disk mark the sectors, and the other is soft-sectoring where the sectors are marked magnetically. (The reason that disks from one machine
can't be read by a different make is that each manufacturer has its own way of dividing up the disk. Recently, however, manufacturers do seem to have begun to acknowledge that this situation can't go on forever, and they are working on making their disks compatible with each others.')
Since the computer needs some way of tracking the whereabouts of everything on the disk, we have a program called a Disk Operating System, more usually known simply as the Operating System (DOS or OS). The operating system does all the 'house-keeping' of the disks, working out where to put things, letting the user know what is on the disk, copying from one disk to another and so on. As you might expect by now, there are lots of different operating systems available (each with its own advantages and disadvantages). The two most popular OSs are CP/M (Control Program for Micros) and MS-DOS (MicroSoft Disk Operating System).

Floppy disks provide a reasonably fast and efficient form of secondary storage and are cost-effective for business machines. For home computers, however, the usual form of program and data storage is on ordinary cassette tape using a standard cassette recorder. This method of storage is slow and unreliable, but is very cheap and is adequate for games and the like

Another type of disk you'll see referred to is the hard disk. This is an extremely efficient method of storing large amounts of programs and data. Hard disk capacity generally starts at around 10 Mbytes (10 million bytes) and rises to . . . well, you name it. Besides offering a much greater capacity than floppies, hard disks are more reliable and considerably faster. They are, however, much more expensive than floppy drives.

Since computers need some way of communicating with the outside world, we need input and output devices. Input and output devices include all manner of things from hard disk units to light-pens, but the minimum requirement for most applications is a typewriter-style keyboard for input and a tv-like Visual Display Unit for output. The Visual Display Unit is variously referred to as a VDU, Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) and monitor.
The various component parts of a computer system (processor, keyboard, VDU, disk drives, etc) may all be built in to a single unit or they may be separate, connected by cables.

Take this paragraph slowly and it makes sense! When a computer communicates with an outside device, be it a printer or another computer, it does so in one of two forms - parallel or serial. Parallel input/output (I/O) requires a number of parallel wires. Each wire carries one bit, so with 8 wires we can transmit/receive information one byte at a time ( 8 bits = one byte, remember). Serial I/O, in contrast, uses a single wire to transmit a series of bits one at a time with extra bits to mark the beginning and end of each byte.

To enable different devices to communicate with each other in this way, standards have been agreed for different interfaces. An interface is simply a piece of circuitry used to connect two or more devices. The most common standard serial interface is the RS232 (or V24) while the Centronics standard is popular for parallel interfaces.
When two computers want to communicate with each other over a distance, there are again two ways of doing it. Both methods use the public phone network. The simplest and cheapest method is to use a device known as an acoustic coupler. This simply plugs into your computer, and has a receptacle into which you place your telephone handset. However an acoustic coupler is slow and not exceptionally reliable.

A more sophisticated (and correspondingly more expensive) method is to use a modem. Unlike an acoustic coupler, a modem is wired into the telephone system and you should get permission for this from British Telecom.

So, now you know!

PCW's'Packages'section is produced bi-monthly, alternating with our 'In Store' hardware guide. We haveconfined coverage to business packages which are available and supported at nationallevel and which have been in use for at leastsix months in a minimum of five sites. Producers of packages which fall with in these constraints should send for details or updates to:Tracy Dear, PCW, 62 OxfordStreet, London WI.

The layout has been designed to allow you to discover which packuges are available for the application you have in mind and to show you which packages are available for your computer If you already have a machine. In either case the code enables you to look up
the supplier's name and telephone number in the table below
All details published are the latest made avalable some may have changed since this issue went to press.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Company & Telephone \\
\hline A1 & & 021-4548585 \\
\hline A2 & Arbeiltd & 060339381 \\
\hline A3 & ADP Network services & 013881912 \\
\hline As & Alamo Comp. Serv. & 0642-310381 \\
\hline A5 & Anthony Ashpitel & 0379852807 \\
\hline A6 & Altar Computers & 0942608844 \\
\hline A7 & Aurora Software & 0532589980 \\
\hline A8 & Abtex Computer \$ystems & 0224647074 \\
\hline B1 & Bromley Computer Consultancy & 016978933 \\
\hline B2 & Bonsailtd & 015800902 \\
\hline B3 & Benchmark Computer Systems & 0272735022 \\
\hline B4 & Bristol Software Factory & 0272735022 \\
\hline B5 & Byte Sofl Systems L .d & 0480215005 \\
\hline B6 & Business and Administration Systerms & 019937303 \\
\hline C1 & CAP-CPP Products Ltd. & \(01-4040911\) \\
\hline C2 & Commodore & 075379292 \\
\hline C3 & Comp Prog \& Systems Serv & 0942-38831 \\
\hline C4 & Comput-a-crop & \(0507-604271\) \\
\hline C5 & Computastore Lid. & \(061-832-4761\) \\
\hline C6 & Computech & 01-7940202 \\
\hline C 7 & Compass & Standish 426252 \\
\hline C8 & CWP Computers & \(01-8283127\) \\
\hline C9 & Criterion & 049353956 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline C10 & Caxton Software \\
\hline C11 & Claremont Controls Lid \\
\hline D1 & Dataview Lid \\
\hline E1 & ESDU International Lid \\
\hline G1 & Graffcom Systems Lid. \\
\hline G2 & Grama (Winter)Ltd. \\
\hline C3 & Grear Northern \\
\hline G4 & Gecas Micros \\
\hline G5 & Grade One \\
\hline C6 & Graham Dolan Software Led \\
\hline H1 & Holland Automatlon \\
\hline H2 & HevacompLd \\
\hline H3 & H.B. Computers \\
\hline H4 & Worderaft Systems \\
\hline H5 & HotelMicrosysterns Led \\
\hline II & Intereurope Software Design \\
\hline 12 & Intex Datalog Led \\
\hline 13 & Ismail Computing Services \\
\hline 14 & [BIS Business Information Systems \\
\hline J1 & T.V. Johnson \\
\hline K1 & Keen Computers \\
\hline L1 & Lifehoat Associates \\
\hline \(\mathrm{L}_{2}\) & EMG \\
\hline 13 & Ludhouse (Computing) Ldd. \\
\hline 14 & Logic Comp Systems \\
\hline 15 & Logic Plus \\
\hline M1 & MicroComputer Applications Ltd. \\
\hline M2 & Microteck. \\
\hline M3 & Microsys Lid \\
\hline M4 & Micropro International \\
\hline M5 & M.A.P. Comp Systems \\
\hline M6 & Mercator \\
\hline M7 & Micros For The Movement \\
\hline M8 & MMG Consultants \\
\hline M9 & Medlatech \\
\hline M10 & ME-TEC \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{29}{*}{}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
M11 Molimerx Led
0424220391
M12 Moumerx Lid
M13 Mintain Software Services 027672772 M13 Micro Planning Services
O2 Open Computer Services
P1 Padmede Computer Servi
p2
\({ }^{\text {P2 }}\) P3 Personal Computers Lid
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { P4 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Professional Comput } \\ \text { Prestige Computers }\end{array} \\ \text { P5 } & \text { Precision Soffware }\end{array}\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { P } & \text { Precision Software } \\ 1 & \text { Rocklifr } \\ 1 & \text { SMG Micro Computers }\end{array}\)
2 The Softwarehouse
4 Systematics International Sumlock Bondain
Stemmos Stemmos
Software SDMicros
Southdata LId
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { S10 } & \text { Southdata Lid } \\ \text { Skisoft Computer Services }\end{array}\) Saphire Systems LLd
Tridata Micros L.d. Templeman Software Templeman Software
The Micro Solution 4 The Mata Lid T5 Tip Datalid Unique Computer Afpplication Ltd Vaunt berrylid
1 Wisbech Computer Services Wenflarthing Comp Services Western Computers
Walton Microcomputer Lid
Lid


Xitan Systemsteld
Camberly 28366
0616780234
0703334711
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Application/Machine & Price & Code \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Analysis ledger} \\
\hline Philips P2000 & 5100 & P4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Appointinents planner} \\
\hline Act Sirius & 5115 & \\
\hline Apple 11 & £ 300 & A6 \\
\hline Challenger CP/M & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 225 \\
& \text { POR }
\end{aligned}
\] & C 4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Arable recording \& costisg} \\
\hline CP/M & £1500 & C4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Architects parkxge} \\
\hline CP/M & £750 & M6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Assembler dev} \\
\hline PET/CBM & \(£ 50\) & 12 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Auction package} \\
\hline CP/M & \(£ 700\) & M6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



PACKAGES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Application/Machine & Price & Code & ApplicutionMachine & Price & Code & Application/Machine & Price & Code & Application/Machite & Price & Code \\
\hline CP/M & \(\underline{590 \%}\) & & Famos & £2000 & M2 & Lexal precedents & & & Apple II & ¢200 & P2 \\
\hline CP/M & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1250 \\
& 5400
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{V}_{2} \\
& \mathrm{M9}
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
MZ-80K \\
North Star
\end{tabular} & 210 & P2 & CP/M & \(¢ 1150\) & C4 & Apple II & ¢375
c375 & V1 \\
\hline Cromemco & \(\pm 400\) & BS & Horizon & £950 & B3 & Lelsure & & & Apple II & \({ }_{2250 \mathrm{P}}\) & 54 \\
\hline North \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Norar } \\ & \text { Horizon }\end{aligned}\) & £250 & B3 & North Star
Horizon & 5690 & B5 & Apple II & 6550 & ws & Apple II & ¢490 & 14 \\
\hline North Star & & & North Star & & & Letter writer & & & CBM/8032 & ع375 & \({ }^{\text {P3 }}\) \\
\hline Horizon PCC 2000 & ¢400 & M3 & Horizon PET/CBM & \[
5900
\] & \[
{ }_{85}^{B 5}
\] & Apple 11 & L80 & V1 & CBM/8032 & \({ }^{\text {¢ } 230}\) & W3 \\
\hline North Star & & & PET/CBM & ¢199 & T5 & Apple II \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 99 \\
& £ 150
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{TS} \\
& \mathrm{M} 3
\end{aligned}
\] & CP/M & E450 & L3 \\
\hline Hetion & \[
\sum_{240} 200
\] & \({ }_{8}{ }^{\text {B }}\) & North Star & & & CP/M & ¢99 & TS & CP/M & ¢475 & 1 \\
\hline PET/CBM & ¢200 & \({ }^{+} 3\) & HET/CAM & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { E990 } \\
& (50)
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{M} 3 \\
& \mathrm{C} 2
\end{aligned}
\] & CP/M & POR & G4 & CP/M & E500 & G1 \\
\hline PET/CBM & \({ }_{\text {¢199 }}\) & & PET/CBM & 2650 & J1 & North \begin{tabular}{l} 
Horizor \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & ¢150 & M3 & CPPM & ¢390 & M3 \\
\hline Philips P2000 & \({ }_{\text {E450 }}\) & & PET/CBM & \({ }_{6650}\) & \(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{P} 4}\) & Superbrain & \(\varepsilon 150\) & M3 & CP/M & E500
E350 & \({ }_{83}^{83}\) \\
\hline uperbrain & £400 & M3 & Sirius & ¢1250 & 14 & Local govermment housin & msint & & CP/M & £425 & G11 \\
\hline Superbrain & \({ }^{8400}\) & S6 & Superbrain & \[
\varepsilon 990
\] & \[
\mathrm{M} 3
\] & RAIR Bizek Box & & & \(\mathrm{CP}^{\text {CP/M }}\) & \({ }_{\text {Lease }}\) & W1 \\
\hline Tandy Model & £200 & M1 & Superbrai & E1000 & T3 & POR & A3 & & CP/M & E450 & M5 \\
\hline Tandy Model & \({ }_{\text {£2225 }}\) & M11 & Superbrain & \(¢_{81200}\) & S1 & Magazine subscriber & & & CP/M & ¢3000 & B1 \\
\hline Tamay Motel 11 & \({ }^{2} 425\) & TI & Tandy Modef it & E600 & M1 & CP/M & \(£ 950\) & S9 & CP/M & \&395 & G4 \\
\hline Vecsior & \({ }_{\text {¢ }}^{12500}\) & S4 & Tandy Model I & ¢5795 & \[
\mathrm{J} 1
\] & Mailing List & & & CP/M & POR & W4 \\
\hline 8080/Z80
\(8080 / \mathrm{Z80}\) & 6357
6275 & L1 & Tandy Model III & E550 & A4 & Apple II & 550.150 & \$2 & CP/M & E 325 & M12 \\
\hline & & & or & E1250 & 14 & Apple II & E300 & K1 & Famos & 11500 & \\
\hline CBM/8032 & & & 8000 Series & POR & C2 & Apple II & \(\pm 40\) & \(\mathrm{P}^{\mathrm{S}}\) & Nort & & \\
\hline Greyhound mace progra & & & 8080/230 & £995 & 03 & CP/M & E450 & C4 & North Star & & \\
\hline Apple il & E750 & M6 & Investment portfolio & & & CP/M & \[
\underset{£ 75}{£ 250}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{O1} \\
& \mathrm{S9}
\end{aligned}
\] & Horizon North Stas & ¢390 & M3 \\
\hline Healith authiorily PPM & & & Tandy Model 1 & £20 & 52 & CP/M & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & \[
04
\] & Horizon & Lease & W1 \\
\hline Sorceret & 2500 & L2 & nvoiviag & & & CP/M & f149 & M4 & PET/CB & ¢400 & 12 \\
\hline Housing association pach & & & Act Sirius & \({ }_{5}^{595}\) & \(\mathrm{Cl}_{1}\) & North Star & & M 4 & PET/CBM & c150
E150 & \(\mathrm{Cl}^{\mathrm{J} 2}\) \\
\hline PET/CBM & POR & M7 & Act Sirius I & E195 & A1 & Horizon & ¢195 & W1 & PEI/CBM & E150 & \({ }^{1}\) \\
\hline Hotel billing & & & Apple II & £295 & \$2 & PET/CBM & \({ }_{\text {E } 23}\) & \({ }_{\text {H3 }}\) & PET/CBM & ¢199 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{H3} \\
& \mathrm{~T} 5
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Philips P2000 & £500 & P4 & Apple II & E140 & \({ }^{\mathrm{P} 2}\) & Sorcerer & \({ }^{2} 290\) & L2 & Philips P2000 & 8300 & P4 \\
\hline Hatel management & & & Apple II & £1000 & T2 & Tandy Model it & E62-50 & M1 & Scorcerer & C000 & 14 \\
\hline CP/M & 1750 & H5 & Apple II
Challenger & ¢25 & \({ }^{1}\) & Tandy Model I & E50-150
E25/38/5 & \({ }_{\text {S2 }}\) & Superbrain & c390 & M3 \\
\hline North Star Horizon & & & CP/M & £325 & L1 & Tandy Model & £25/38/5 & & Superbrain & \[
£ 400
\] & S6 \\
\hline RAIR Black Bol & POR & A3 & CP/M & \({ }_{\text {¢250 }}\) & M3 & Mail shot & & & Superbrain Tandy Model & \({ }^{2} 200\) & M11 \\
\hline Incomplete records & & & CP/M & 8100 & 85 & Act Sirius 1 & & \({ }_{\text {A }}{ }^{\text {a }}\) & Tandy Model 11 & C218 & \[
\mathrm{TI}
\] \\
\hline Act Siriul 4 & £1200 & 51 & \(\mathrm{CP}^{\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}}\) & 1100
¢300 & \({ }_{\text {W }}\) & Apple I & ¢ 240 & \({ }^{\text {P2 }}\) & Tandy Model II & 6300+ & 01 \\
\hline Apple II & £250 & S2 & \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) & ¢300 & B1 & Apple II & \(£ 25\) & T2 & UCSD-p. & 6350 & S4 \\
\hline Apple II & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & K1
P2 & \(\mathrm{CPPM}^{\text {CP }}\) & ¢199 & 75 & Apple II & \({ }_{\text {E35 }}{ }^{295}\) & T5 & 8000 Series & C250 & C2 \\
\hline Apple if & & 14 & \({ }_{\text {CP/M }}^{\text {CP/M }}\) & E400 & W4 & Challenge & \(\underline{25}\) & \({ }^{7}\) & \(8080 / \mathrm{Z}\) & 2275 & \({ }^{\text {c }} 3\) \\
\hline CBM \({ }^{8032}\) & \(\underset{5150}{ }\) & W3 & CP/M & -400 & M9 & CP/M & 5450 & C4 & PET/CB & ciso & 02 \\
\hline \(\mathrm{CPM}^{\text {CPM }}\) & E750 & \({ }_{-13}^{\text {M }}\) & CP/M & ¢249 & PI & CP/M & \(\underline{190}\) & M3 & PET/CB & c150 & J \\
\hline CPM & 25 & B & CP/M & \(¢ 280\) & U1 & CP/M & 2100 & cs & PET/CE & cse & c2 \\
\hline CP/M & E750 & W1 & \({ }_{\text {CP/M }}\) & \({ }_{6100}\) & \({ }_{85}\) & CP/M & £99 & T5 & Tandy Model I & \(\underline{249}\) & M1 \\
\hline CP/M & 2915 & M5 & romernco & ¢390 & \({ }_{\text {H1 }}\) & MCZ Zilog & E250 & II & TRS-80 & 200 & M11 \\
\hline \(\mathrm{CPP} / \mathrm{M}^{\text {CP/ }}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6155 \\
& 5400
\end{aligned}
\] & G4 & North Stas & & B3 & North Sta Horizon & £ 9 & & TRS-80 & C218 & K1 \\
\hline Cromemico & 250 & B5. & \(\xrightarrow{\text { Horizo }}\) & 210 & B3 & Superbrain & ¢90 & M3 & TRS-8011 & C375 & Ti \\
\hline orth Star orizon & & & Morizon & ¢250 & M3 & Tandy Model I & ¢759+ & 84 & 8000 Series & c250 & \(\mathrm{C}_{2}\) \\
\hline North Star & & & North Sta Horizon & & & Tandy Model III & \&160 & A4 & 8080/280 & \({ }_{2} 275\) & G3 \\
\hline zon & \[
£_{2}
\] & B5 & PET/CBM & 5350 & Al & Membership accting & & & Vichor & £600 & 14 \\
\hline Horizon & & B3 & PET/CAM & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & TS & Apple II & £75 & P2 & Perpetual inventory & & \\
\hline ilijps P2009 & & & Philips P2000 & \({ }^{1} 150\) & P4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) \\
MCZ Zitog
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
POR \\
\(\varepsilon 250\)
\end{tabular} & \({ }^{64}\) & CP/M & f150 & B5 \\
\hline Superbrait Suterbrain & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 750 \\
& £ 1200
\end{aligned}
\] & & Sorceter & \(\underline{290}\) & 12 & MCZ Zilog & & & Cromemso & ¢150 & B 5 \\
\hline Thay Model 1 & & & Superbrain & \(\underline{250}\) & M3 & Motor Deater & & & Personnel records & & \\
\hline prandy Model 1 & & M11 & Tandy Model I & \({ }_{690}\) & M1 & Act Sirlus 1 & & & Apple Il & & \\
\hline lig tistrial cleaning park & & & Tandy Model II & \(\underset{\substack{200}}{525}\) & M11 & \begin{tabular}{l}
CBM/8032 \\
CP/M
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { £950+ } \\
& \text { POR }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { P3 } \\
& \text { G4 }
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) MCZ Zilog & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 450 \\
& £ 400
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\mathrm{C} 4
\] \\
\hline CP/M & £1000 & B1 & Tandy Model Tandy Model 1 & \({ }^{175}\) & T1 & Famos & E5000 & & Petaid report generator & & \\
\hline Tridustry Factiory loadia & & & Tandy Model II & \({ }^{5125}\) & T1 & NEDO price adjustment & & & PET/CBM & 6250 & 53 \\
\hline , \(\mathrm{PP/M}\) & 11000 & XI & Tandy Model III & \(\underline{5280}\) & A4 & Apple 11 & 1200 & 58 & PETK心 & 20, & S3 \\
\hline ludustry work study & & & UCSD & \({ }_{5}^{5350}\) & S4 & Nominal Hedger Onder en & finvoicin & & Petsofi programs & & \\
\hline DMS & 11000 & X! & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8080 / 280 \\
& 8080 / 280
\end{aligned}
\] & ¢390 & \({ }_{H 1}\) & CP/M-8 & & & PET/CBM & 1160 & 11 \\
\hline Inn Management & & & Jewellers System & & & CBple 8023 & E750 & \(\mathrm{P}_{\text {P3 }}\) & Pig management & & \\
\hline Act Sirius 1 & \(\underline{185}\) & C7 & & £1000 & 57 & CP/M & 1350 & 01 & CP/M & 11250 & C4 \\
\hline Instrument togging & & & CP/M & POR & 64 & \(\mathrm{CP}^{\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{N}}\) & \({ }_{6} 8395\) & G6 & Pipeline pressure drops & & \\
\hline Sorcerer & \({ }_{5000}\) & 1.2 & Job costing & & & CP/M & E550 & L & Apple II & & S10 \\
\hline Insurance broker & & & Act Sirius 1 & 1350 & & \({ }_{\text {CP/M }}\) & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & B! & Pipeline sizing & & \\
\hline Act Sirius 1 & & & Act Sirius 1 & ¢265 & 01 & CPM & \({ }^{2400}\) & M9 & Apple II & & SIO \\
\hline CP/M & POR & G4 & Apple II & \({ }_{\text {E490 }}\) & XI & CP/M & ¢249 & P1 & Polst of sale & & \\
\hline Insurance renewals & & & CBM/8032 & \({ }_{\text {f }} 1850\) & W3 & 18080/Z80 & E550 & 4 & CP/M & \(£ 400\) & M9 \\
\hline CBM/8032 & \(£ 1200\) & \$3 & CP/M & \({ }_{8} 8350\) & M3 & Order Processing & & & Postal advertising resp & packages & \\
\hline Integrated acets & & & \(\mathrm{CP}^{\text {CP/M }}\) & \({ }_{6} 395\) & \({ }_{66}\) & Appleil & f99 & T5 & Apple II & \(¢ 350\) & \$2 \\
\hline Act Sirius 1 & E795 & 01 & CP/M & caso & Ms & CP/M & \({ }^{699}\) & TS & Price Hister & & \\
\hline Apple II & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 300 \\
& £ 855
\end{aligned}
\] & P2 & CP/M & \({ }_{\text {c }} \times 1900\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{BI} \\
& \mathrm{~T} 5
\end{aligned}
\] & CP/M & \({ }_{6500}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { G4 } \\
& \text { M9 }
\end{aligned}
\] & PETACBM & 112 & H3 \\
\hline Apple i1 & E1500 & 12 & BOS & £1500 & T4 & Philips P2000 & £200 & P4 & Product Management & & \\
\hline Apple II & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 1470 \\
& £ 300
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\frac{\mathrm{L}_{4}}{\mathrm{~W}_{2}}
\] & CP/M & \({ }_{\text {fliseo }}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
V 2 \\
\times 1
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Sirius \\
Vector
\end{tabular} & & & Aet Sirius 1 & \(¢ 245\) & C \\
\hline Apple il & \({ }_{1} 1199\) & Ts & CP/M & £600 & \[
A 2
\] & Office admin & & & Prodection amaiysis & & \\
\hline CPM/8932 & \({ }_{\text {¢ }}^{\text {¢ } 1500}\) & \({ }_{\text {P3 }}\) & & £499 & C9 & Apple II & 1100 & 54 & Apple 11 & 575 & P2 \\
\hline CP/M & 1750 & C4 & Norch Star & & & Pad to plotter systems & & & Produciton control & & \\
\hline CP/M & 11100 & 01 & Horizon & & & & & & & & \\
\hline CP/M & E990 & M3 & Philips P2000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 199 \\
& £ 400
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { T5 } \\
& \text { P }
\end{aligned}
\] & Apple II Apple II & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 250 \\
& £ 180
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { P2 } \\
& \text { C8 }
\end{aligned}
\] & CP/M & £2400 & V2 \\
\hline CP/M & \({ }_{\text {L }}\) & B5 & Sirius & E495 & c9 & Payroll & & & PET/CBM & 6650 + & P3 \\
\hline CP/M & 6950 & B3 & Superbrain & \({ }^{2350}\) & M3 & Payron & & & Prof appts groups & & \\
\hline \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) & ¢1200 & S11 & Tandy Model 11 & £265 & 01 & Act Siriss I & \({ }^{6300+}\) & 01 & & & \\
\hline CP/M & C199 & T5 & UCSD-p & & & rius 1 & 100 & Al & 8080/280 & \(£ 275\) & G3 \\
\hline CP/M & \({ }_{6}^{184000}\) & M9 & Job order control & & & Apple 11 & \({ }_{\text {POR }} 200^{\circ}\) & S2 & Prof appts individ & & \\
\hline Cromemco & ¢900 & BS & 8080/280 & \(\underline{275}\) & Q3 & Apple 11 & POR & & 8080/280 & \(£ 220\) & C3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Application/Machine & Price & Code & Application/Machine & Price & Code & Application/Machine & Price & Code & Application Machine & Price & Code \\
\hline ted \({ }^{\text {acct }}\) & 470 & L4 & Payroll & 5350 & W3 & Integrated accts & c950 & 11 & Sales ledger & ¢35 & B3 \\
\hline Integrated ascls & 205 & T5 & Production control & ع650 + & \(\mathrm{Pl}^{3}\) & Integrated accts & 2690
5850 & \({ }^{85}\) & Sales ledger & \({ }_{\text {£ } 300}\) & W1
St \\
\hline Invo Invoicing & \({ }_{8300}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{S} 2 \\
& \mathrm{P} 2
\end{aligned}
\] & Project Management
Purchase ledger. & \[
{ }_{5350}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C11 } \\
& \text { W3 }
\end{aligned}
\] & Integrated acets Integrated acets & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2850 \\
6990
\end{array}
\] & S7
M & Sales ledger
Sales ledger & \({ }_{\text {¢ } 425}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{S} 11 \\
& \mathrm{GK}
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Invoicin & \(40^{\circ}\) & \(\mathrm{V}_{1}\) & Sales ledger & E500 & C11 & integrated accts & 2900 & BS & Sales ledger & £200 & M 5 \\
\hline Invoicing & 0 & P1 & Sales ledger & ¢350 & W3 & integrated accts & ¢1450 & 83 & Sales ledger & \(\mathrm{ES30}^{150}\) & 81 \\
\hline Invoicing & 1000 & T2 & Solicitors package & \({ }_{5} 140\) & S1 & Integrated accts & \({ }_{\text {¢ }} ¢ 1200\) & S11 & Sales ledger & \({ }_{81900}\) & TS \\
\hline Job costing & 8450 & 15
52 & Stock controilrecording
Stock control/recording & \({ }_{¢}^{1 / 75}\) & \({ }_{\text {P3 }}{ }_{\text {P1 }}\) & integrated accls & \({ }_{83} \times 100\) & \({ }_{19} \mathrm{M}\) & Sales leder & POR & W4 \\
\hline Job costing & 90 & XI & Stock control/recording & E350 & W3 & lnvoicing & E325 & 11 & Sales ledger & £400 & G4 \\
\hline Job costing & ¢199 & TS & Time/cost recording & 2800 & St & Invoicing & \({ }_{6} 150\) & S7 & Sales ledger & \(\underline{5950}\) & \\
\hline Leisure & 50 & WS & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Challenger}} &  & £100 & B5 & Sales ledger & E249 & \(\mathrm{P}_{1}\) \\
\hline Mailing list & 00 & K1 & & & & involcing & £200 & B3 & Sales ledg & £390 & Hi \\
\hline Mailing list & E40 & \({ }_{\text {P2 }}\) & Appointment Planner & \(\underline{225}\) & C7 & lnvoicing & \({ }_{5} 5300\) & W1 & Solicitors & \({ }^{2995}\) & MS \\
\hline Mailing list & £50-150 & \[
{ }_{\mathrm{S}}^{\mathrm{S}}
\] & Invoicing & \(\underline{525}\) & C7 & Inovicing & \({ }_{81980}\) &  & Solicitors package & & M12 \\
\hline Mailing list & 100 & S4 & Payroll & \({ }_{2} 25\) & c7 & invoicing & 2400 & M9 & control & 11000 & 13 \\
\hline Mailing List & 25 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{T} 2 \\
& \mathrm{~S} 2
\end{aligned}
\] & Purchase Ledger & ¢25 & C7 & Invoicing & POR & W4 & S/L, P/L + stock & 5000 & B5 \\
\hline Mail sh & 22 & P2 & Stock Control & 825 & C7 & Jewellers System & E1000 & 57 & S/L, P/L + stock & & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{M9} \\
\hline Maiis Shot
NEDO price adjust- & & & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{CP/M} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Job costing Job costing} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \varepsilon 990 \\
& \varepsilon 350 \\
& £ 395
\end{aligned}
\]} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{G4} 4 \\
& \times 1
\end{aligned}
\] & S/L, P/L + slock & \&1200 & \\
\hline ment & 2200 & S8 & Appointments planner & POR & 04 & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{XI} \\
& \mathrm{M} 3
\end{aligned}
\] & control & \({ }_{\text {E } 5300}\) & C4 \\
\hline Order entry/invoicing & \({ }_{5} 999\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { TS }
\end{aligned}
\] & Arable recording \& & & & Job costing & \({ }_{\text {E }} \times 159\) & M5 & Stock control/recording & \({ }_{\text {L730- }}\) & \\
\hline Pad to ploter sys & £250 & P2 & cosing & \({ }_{\text {E }} \mathbf{2} 750\) & M6 & Job costing & 2300 & 81 & & 1500 & C4 \\
\hline Pad to plotter system & 80 & C8 & Auction package & \(£ 700\) & M6 & Job costing & 8199 & TS & Stock control/recording & \({ }^{2} 350\) & \(\mathrm{Ol}_{1}\) \\
\hline Payrol & POR & K1 & Bill of materials & \({ }_{51900}\) & \({ }_{\text {BS }}\) & Job costing & ¢1500 & V2 & Stock control/recording & E900 & \({ }_{\text {M }}\) \\
\hline Payroll & £200 & S2 & Bill of materials & £400 & \(\mathrm{CiA}^{4}\) & Job costing & £600 & A2 & Stock control/recording & £300 & B1 \\
\hline Payroll & \({ }^{2375}\) & V 1 & Bill of material & 2850 & V2 & Job costing & ¢495 & \(\mathrm{Cl}^{3}\) & Stock control/recording & 2500 & \(\mathrm{G}_{4}\) \\
\hline Paytoll & 00 & \({ }^{\text {P2 }}\) & Bill of materials & E95, & M10 & Legal preceden & filso & \[
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{C} 4 \\
\mathrm{M} 3
\end{gathered}
\] & Sock control & £300 & W3 \\
\hline Payroll & 9P & S4 & Bill of materials
Bookmakers package & £1000 & B1 & Letter writer & & T5 & Stock control & Es00 & G6 \\
\hline Payroll & 00 & 72 & Budgeting package & ¢95 & BS & Letter writer & POR & 6 & Stock control & £450 & M 5 \\
\hline Payroll & & 14 & Builders es & ¢325 & C9 & Magarine subscrip. & & & Stock contr & ¢ 19 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { T5 } \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline Payroil & & & Bursar Package & POR & M8 & tions & & C4 & Stock contr & E249 & \({ }_{P 1}\) \\
\hline Personal rec & \$75 & P2 & Cash flow & \({ }_{5}^{250}\) & \({ }^{13}\) & Mailin & ¢250 & G1 & Stock control & E350 & U1 \\
\hline drops & & S10 & & \(\underline{8300}\) & \(\mathrm{CO}_{6}\) & Mailing list & ¢75 & 57 & Stuck control & ¢ 495 & C9 \\
\hline Pipeline sizin & & S10 & Company secretary & ¢650 & C4 & Mailing list & & S9 & Survey analysis & £645 & M6 \\
\hline tal ad & & & Container ascounting & 51250 & MS & Mailing list & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { G4 } \\
& \text { U1 }
\end{aligned}
\] & Surveying Time/cost recordin & E40 & G1 \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Presponse }}{ }^{\text {respen }}\) & & P2 & Contract costing & \({ }_{\text {¢ }}\) & \({ }_{\text {G4 }}\) & Mailing & E149 & M4 & Time/cost recording & £200 & M3 \\
\hline Programming aids & ¢40 & P2 & Creait comitro & 2900 & G4 & Mail shot & £450 & G4 & Time/cost recording & POR & W4 \\
\hline Project Managemen & £6" 5 & M & Dairy management & 81500+ & C4 & Mail sho & & M3 & Time/cost recording & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & G4 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & 300
300 & K 1
P 2 & Database
Database & f350 & B3 & Mail shot & \(\underline{89}\) & TS & Time ledger & & 83 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & 300 & S5 & Daabase managere & & C4 & Membership accoun- & & & Typing tut & Esa-1 & As \\
\hline Purchase ledger & f315 & V1 & Database managemen & & & & POR & G4 & Uuilities & & B5 \\
\hline Purchas & £295 & C6 & information retrieval & & 03 & Motor de & POR & & sullation & & \\
\hline Purchase ededge & ¢300 & T2 & Database management/ Information retrieval & £400 & C3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Nominal ledger \\
Order entry/invoicing
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& £ 295 \\
& £ 350
\end{aligned}
\] & P1 & systems & \(12000+\) & T4 \\
\hline Purchase ledg & \({ }_{\text {E490 }}\) & L4 & Database managembl/ & & & Order entry/invoicing & Es00 & T4 & Video hire system & & \({ }^{\mathrm{G4}}\) \\
\hline Purchase ledger & 1199 & TS & form tion retrieva & & GS & Order entry/invoicing & Es50 & Ms & Word processing & ¢400 & G1 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Reinforse } \\
& \text { schedul }
\end{aligned}
\] & ¢150 & & Database management & & & - der entry/invoicing & \({ }^{2} 1000\) & T1 & Word processing & 2260 & \(\mathrm{C}_{4}\) \\
\hline Relief valve sizing & & \$10 & Database managemen & & & der entry/invoici & E400 & M9 & Word processing & \(\underline{250}\) & \\
\hline Resource optimiser & £295 & C10 & ifformation retrieval & £450 & & Order processing & E550 & L1 & Word processing & & BI \\
\hline Sales ledger & ¢300
£300 & K1 & Database management/ & & & Order processi & & TS & Word processing & & T5 \\
\hline Sales ledger & £300 & \({ }^{\text {P2 }}\) & Database management/ & E1ss & X2 & Order processin & ¢500 & G4 & Word processing & £295 & \({ }^{1} 2\) \\
\hline Sales ledger
Sales ledger & \({ }_{\text {¢ } 215}\) & v1 & information retrieval & £295 & M4 & Payrol & £450 & \({ }^{\text {L3 }}\) & Word processing
Word provessing & 2350
\(¢ 295\) & M12 \\
\hline Sales sedger
Sales ledger & \({ }_{\text {c220P }}\) & S4 & Debl collection & & \({ }_{\text {G4 }}\) & \({ }_{\text {Payr }}\) & \({ }_{5500}\) & \(\mathrm{Cl}^{\text {a }}\) & Work in progress & £850 & B5 \\
\hline Sales ledger & £600 & 12 & Double glazing costing & ¢1500 & c & Payro & ¢475 & L 1 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Fanos} \\
\hline Sales ledger & \(¢_{1490}\) & \({ }^{14}\) & Earh parameter col & & & Payroll & ¢500 & \({ }^{\text {B }}\) & Customer fil & \(£ 1000\) & M2 \\
\hline Sales ledger & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { f199 } \\
& \text { £1000 }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { TS } \\
& \text { T2 }
\end{aligned}
\] & lection \& quantifica & & & Payroll & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { £390 } \\
& 8450
\end{aligned}
\] & \({ }_{\text {M3 }}\) & Data base & £1500 & M2 \\
\hline Solicitor's & & & Eire & £450 & Ms & Payroll & Lease & W1 & Integrated accts & £2000 & M2 \\
\hline record accountling & \(¢ 3000\) & S2 & Equipment lease/ren & & & Payroll & ¢ 425 & SII & & £ 1500 & M2 \\
\hline Statistics & \({ }_{6}^{150}\) & \({ }^{03}\) & \({ }_{\text {HP }}\) & \(£ 400\) & G1 & Payroll & \(\underline{500}\) & \({ }^{\text {G6 }}\) & Stock control & E1500 & M2 \\
\hline Statistics & f100 & & Estate agent Estate agent & ¢ 8500 & 89 & Payro & \({ }_{1500}\) & MS & Word processing & £500 & M2 \\
\hline Statistics & & \({ }^{88}\) & Fatm accoults & E750 & C4 & Рауто & E199 & TS & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Grundy 8200} \\
\hline Stock control & POR & K1 &  & & & Payro & ELOO & M9
W4 & Bill of materials & ¢95 & M10 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & 2300 & P2 & Financial modelling & £ 220 & & Payroll & £395 & G4 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{IBMPC} \\
\hline ack control/recording & & S2 & Financial modelling & £95 & B5 & Payroll & ¢325 & M12 & Bill of Materials & \(\{390\) & H1 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & \({ }_{\text {P285 }}\) & S5 & Financial modelling & ¢400 & S11 & Perpetual Inventory & ¢ 6150 & \({ }_{-4}{ }^{\text {B }}\) & Building est & £325 & C9 \\
\hline Stock control/ Tecording & & S4 & Financial modelling & \({ }_{\text {ckid }}\) & \(\mathrm{G}^{1}\) & \({ }^{\text {Personnel }}\) Pecords & E1250 & \({ }^{\text {C4 }}\) & Building services & POR & H6 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & & 14 & \({ }_{\text {Financtial }}^{\text {Financial planning }}\) & \({ }_{\text {co }}\) & +2 & Point of sale & \(\varepsilon 400\) & M9 & Database management
Invoicing & \({ }_{\text {¢ } 295}\) & M4 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & ع199 & T5 & General ledger/NL & ¢500 & \({ }^{13}\) & Production control & \({ }_{5}^{12400}\) & V2 & Job costing & E495 & C9 \\
\hline Storage tank & & 10 & Oenctal ledger/NL. General ledger/NL & ع400 & \(\xrightarrow{\mathrm{GI}}\) & Properiy manageme & 1250 & C4 & Mailing list & \({ }_{5} 149\) & M4 \\
\hline fext hle librana. & & & General ledger/NL & £200 & BS & Property manageme & \&400 & M3 & Nominal ledger
Project manazement & & \(\stackrel{\text { B2 }}{+11}\) \\
\hline Time'coss recording & & \(\frac{52}{\mathrm{C}_{6}}\) & General ledger/NL & £275 & S7 & Property management & ¢1000 & 81 & Project management & \({ }_{12100}\) & M13 \\
\hline Utilities &  & \({ }_{6} 1\) & General ledger/NL & \(\Sigma 400\) & M3 & Publishers system & ¢1850 & 13 & Project management & \&1100 & Cl \\
\hline Word processing & £ 25 & K1 & General ledger/NL & 2350
6300 & 83
\(W 1\) & Purchasc iedger & E450 & G1 & Sales ledger & £390 & \({ }^{\mathrm{H}}\) \\
\hline Word processing & E60 & S2 & Cieneral ledger/NL & ¢ 425 & S11 & Purchase ledger & ¢425 & 11 & Stock control & \({ }_{6} 8395\) & \(\stackrel{\text { B2 }}{\text { C9 }}\) \\
\hline Word processing & 300 & P2 & General ledger/NL & ¢395 & G6 & Purchase ledger & 8200 & \({ }_{\text {B }}\) & Stock control & \({ }_{6}\) & M4 \\
\hline Word processing & & S5 & General ledger \(N\) L & \({ }_{6} \mathrm{C} 3000\) & M5 & Purchase ledg & £275 & S7
M 3 & Word processing & £375 & 84 \\
\hline Word procecssing & & & General ledger/NL & 21000 & & Purchase ledg & & & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{MCZ ZIlog}} \\
\hline Word processing & \&180 & S4 & General ledger/NL & ¢199 & 15 & Purcha & \({ }_{\text {c }} 300\) & W1 & & & \\
\hline Word processins & & \({ }^{\text {c }}\) & General ledger/NL & coso- & & Purchase ledg & E425 & S11 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Earth parameter col-} \\
\hline Word processing
Word processing & 00 & T2 & & 250 & \(V_{2}\) & 年ch & 0 & Ms & & & \\
\hline ord processing & 9 & T5 & Hotel management & \({ }^{5} 525\) & M4 & Purchase ledge & £2100 & MS & Mail shot & £250 & 11 \\
\hline BBC & & & Inter managernent & \({ }^{27250}\) & \({ }_{\text {HS }}\) & Purchase ledger & ¢400 & M9 & Membership accting & \({ }_{¢}^{£ 5250}\) & 11 \\
\hline Bill of materials & \(\underline{95}\) & M10 & Incomplete Records & 2750 & M3 & Purchase ledger & POR & W4 & & & \\
\hline CBM/8032 & & & Incomplete Records & [975 & B3 & Purchase ledger & £ 400 & G4 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{M2\%80K} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{10}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Cheque writer \\
General ledger/NL \\
General purpose tran- \\
saction proc. \\
Incomplete records \\
Insurance renewals \\
Integrated acets \\
Job costing \\
Mailing list \\
Motor trader \\
Order entry/invoicing \\
Paytoll
\end{tabular}} & & & complete Records & \({ }^{\text {c/ }}\) & & \multirow[b]{10}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Purchase ledger \\
Purchase ledger \\
Quotation estimating \\
Report generator \\
Requirements planning \\
Sales ledger \\
Sales ledger \\
Sales iedger \\
Sales ledger \\
Sales ledger \\
Sales ledger
\end{tabular}} & 1250 & & Estate agent & 6195 & \\
\hline & 1350 & W3 & compiete Records & flss & Cio & & £450 & 41 & Integrated accounts
Stock control/recording & \(\underbrace{}_{\text {¢150 }}\) & \(\mathrm{P}^{\mathrm{P} 2}\) \\
\hline & & & Incomplete Records & £400 & G4 & & £495 & \(\times 2\) & Stock contro//record & & \\
\hline & ¢495 & S3 & Industrial cleaner & & & & POR & G4 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{North Star Horizon} \\
\hline & \({ }_{¢}^{\text {E1 }} 1200\) & W3 & package & £1000 & BI & & P700 & V2 & Budgeting packa & & \\
\hline & 81500 & P3 & loading & & XI & & £500 & \(L_{3}\) & uilding st. & \({ }_{\text {POR }}\) & \\
\hline & c350 & W3 & dustry work sudy & £990 & X1 & & \({ }^{2450}\) & 91 & Cash flow Database managemen & & \\
\hline & ¢350 & W3 & Insurance brokers & POR & W1 & & ¢ 4200 & \({ }_{85}\) & information retrieval & c250 & \\
\hline & & P3 & dsects & ع750 & \({ }^{\text {C4 }}\) & & ¢275 & 57 & Double glazing costing & £750 & 1 \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l} 
¢ 2375 \\
\hline 375
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{\text {P3 }}\) & Integrated accts & E1100 & 01 & & £400 & & Estate agent & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Machine/Application
Sales ledger Statistics Stock control/recording \(£ 45\) tock control/recording 230 -50 Stock control/recording Stock control/recording Stock control/recording Stock control/recording Stock control/recording Timefcost recordiag Timefcost recording VAT register Video hire system Word processing Word processing Word processsing Word processing
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Price & Code \\
\hline £375 & T1 \\
\hline 145 & S2 \\
\hline 530-50 & M1 \\
\hline £300 & M1 \\
\hline 5200 & M 11 \\
\hline £48 & S2 \\
\hline £115 & J1 \\
\hline \(£ 200\) & T1 \\
\hline \(£ 375\) & TI \\
\hline £265 & 01 \\
\hline POR & M1 \\
\hline £575 & M1 \\
\hline 815 & Mil \\
\hline \(£ 460\) & A4 \\
\hline \(\underline{54}\) & M11 \\
\hline \(£ 200\) & M1 \\
\hline £45/95 & 31 \\
\hline f15 & M11 \\
\hline \(\sum_{90} 530 / 60 /\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Word procesing & 2295 + & 01 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{UCSD-p} \\
\hline Financial planning & 1350 & 54 \\
\hline General ledger & \(\underline{1350}\) & S4 \\
\hline lnvoicing & ¢350 & S4 \\
\hline Job casting & \(\underline{550}\) & S4 \\
\hline Micro finesse plus & ¢475 & S4 \\
\hline Payroll & E350 & S4 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & £350 & S4 \\
\hline Saies ledger & £350 & 54 \\
\hline The administrator & 8175 & 54 \\
\hline Word Processing & £175 & S4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Yactor.} \\
\hline General ledger/NL & £400 & C5 \\
\hline Integrated acets & ¢ 1000 & C5 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & £400 & C5 \\
\hline Sales ledger & £400 & C5 \\
\hline Word processing & [40 & C5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Machine/Application
Victor 9000
Machine/Application Price Cade
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline General ledger/NL & \(¢ 275\) & G3 \\
\hline General ledger/NL. & \(¢ 375\) & L1 \\
\hline Integrated acets & \(\underline{590}\) & 11 \\
\hline Integrated accts & ¢995 & G3 \\
\hline Invoicing & £325 & 1.1 \\
\hline Invoicing & £390 & H1 \\
\hline Job order control & £257 & G3 \\
\hline Order processing & E\$50 & 11 \\
\hline Payroll & ¢475 & 11 \\
\hline Payroll & \(\underline{6275}\) & G3 \\
\hline Prof appts groups & 1275 & G3 \\
\hline Prof appts individ & 1220 & G3 \\
\hline Prof client billing & 6330 & 03 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & C425 & L1 \\
\hline Purchase ledger & \(\underline{275}\) & G3 \\
\hline Sales ledger & ¢275 & 03 \\
\hline Staes ledger & ¢425 & 11 \\
\hline Sales ledger & £390 & H1 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & £325 & L1 \\
\hline Stock control/recording & £275 & G3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{TRANSACTION FILE}

Readers will be pleased to know that, due to our clever layout ideas, the Transaction File is up-to-date and waiting cut down considerably. Ads are accepted only on the form below for a flat fee of \(£ 2.50\). Please don't specify issues as we can't oblige. Ads cannot be repeated unless separate forms are sent in. We will only accept entries from non-commercial readers. Thank


BM 3032,32kRAM, green play, large keyboard, resident AssemblerDisassembler, high spe
cassette system, 2 cassette decks (soundbox), joystick, dust cover, reset button, \(40 \pm\) programs, 8300 Ono. Tel: Low cerofter 160. complete with software, incl complete with software, incl lots of games with monitor \(\sum 250\). Tel
 and in mimtcondition, fonitor and printer also avyilable Tel: Roberton Crawley 33273 (eve).
- Apple Microsofi, 16k RAMcard, £50; Applewrite L, 2disks and manual, E50; A pple IIE \&O-col card, new, £50, post paid in UK. Tel:We bster Oventry (021, 32 Lk . pristerinterface, TC8 high speed cassetesystem, LM12+ Epron programamer, Wa Compiler, eet, 250 . Tel: Esher .63198 . \(C\). odore 8032 with 4040 dist drive 4022 printer + cables, utility
disk and manuals, disk and manuals, 2 years old, perfeck-
condition, \(£ 1,100\) ono. Tel: Bilericay condition, \(\mathbf{2 1 , 1 0 0} \mathbf{1 0}\) ono. Tel: Billericay HHP-41 calculator, E 50 ; HP-82153A "WPand"Optical Reader, 525 ; H15:82170A QuadMemory Moule,
\(£ 15 ; 82106\) A Memory Module.
f5; HP-15Cyalculator, E 30 . Tel 01.9473799. 3032PET, 32 K ,green screen. large
keyboard, , new ROMCN cass: PET keyboard, new ROMC2N cass: PET refeajed, some software, 5290 ono. Tel:0205 73605 - Video Genic 1, latest model, 16 K , as new, built-1n monitor, sound, lowercaseetc, lots of software: Chess, games and utilities, \(£ 220 \mathrm{O}\) ono. Tel: - Tangerine Micron, 8k RAM, Microsoft Basic. M/code Assemhler, paralle land serial interfaces, \(£ 120\); Creed teletype, adapted for use as printer, software avallable for Tangerine or Nascom, \(£ 50\). Tel Tibberton 325.
- NEC PC8001BE, \(32 \mathrm{kRAM}+24 \mathrm{k}\) ROM keyboard + PC8031BE 2W Dual mini-disk drive + high resolution colour monitor, complete
with conditionanuals, all units in superb condition, accepifi,200ono, can delveranywhere. Tel: Welwyn GC (07073) 34023.

CBM 4432 forsale, \(£ 375\), seldom used, with some software; also CBM 3032 at \(£ 300\). Tel: Adrian on \(021-784\) 0077
- Sharp MZ-80B + MZ-80P5 printer, business system, 2 ndgraphics,
expansion unit.allinterfaces. expansion unit, alinterraces
(including IEEE.RS-232 paralle (unciuding iee...R-232 paraliel 4
seties), excellent condition leads, cables, boxes, dust cover. 11,250 ono
must sell. Tel: Timen 062521703 - Tuscan \(64 k\) with 48 in lloppy disks + desk, MX \(-80 \mathrm{~F} / 22\), \(10-4 \mathrm{VDU}\). Diablo daisywheel, CPMM + software + hardware manuals, 81,600 ono. Tel: Horsham 69040 eve OPET 3032 ( 32 kRAM ) Roolkit, cassctre deck, 4040 dual disk drive, 3022 printer, leads, books, manuals,
games games education software, alin
excellent condition, 2850 ono. Tel: Alan Dean on Mansfield 823999 . - Printer-Seikosha GP80, as new boxed +2000 sheets, f140; Acorn Alom disk pack + utilities, \(\{240\); Atomisk RAM, \(12 \mathrm{kROM}, \mathrm{AD}+\) D/A, soundIC, joysticks, \(5 \times\) utility ROMS + casseltc + cabinet, 5220 . Tel: Melton Mowbray 6119 . Now Brain model AD, as new
condition, beginnerts guide andtape,
E225ono: Tangerine Microtan in mini pack with PSU manuals, \(\{50\) ono. Tel Harpenden (05827) 5679.
- Command-oROMIC, complete with 77-page user guide for CBM/PE 8032, extends Basic \(4.0,39\)
commands, simplifies writing debugging, formatting hardcopyetc. saves hours, yours for \(£ 25\). Tel:0595 5962 eve.
PET 2001, 322 RAM, 3040 dual disk drives, 3022 printer, Wordpro London SW7 askfor Za ana Video Genie computer with built-in
ape recorder, rypewiterkey hoard 130 programs worth \(£ 222\), all manuals, compatible Atari joystick are included wouldcost \(E 550\), will 3ccepif195. Tel: Ware 4186. - Exidy Sorcerer 32 k computer + Eurepean Sorcerer Club + much European Sorcerer Club + much Tel: Tonbridge (O732) 35 (1981, ask for Andy. M - 80 K Roulette-betat the table and watch the wher spin; Brag-bet against the computer shand, each £350. Send cheque to: A. Balfour, 50 Freemans Close, Stoke Poges, Bucks. - TRS80LevelII, 16 k VDU. CTR 80 cassette. numerous books, software. 2200. Tel:01-3774810 day, 01-850

\section*{2676 eve .}

CCBM 4032 with Cortex hardware and software emulating intelligent teletypet terminal to mainframe, cassette, Paper Tiger eraphics printer. Efsworh of software language, education, business, games, utilities). E800 ono. Tel: Medway 53556. PET Model 4016, as new, large keyboard, external cassette deck, all manuals and small selection of games, -32k PET, ungraded 2001 model + cassette + reset + manual
casserte + reser + manual.
Microchess and some other games, E200lot; also PET revealed. 53.50 ;

PETcompanion, 22.50 ; PET Personal computer guide, 84.50 . Tel Coinbrook (02812) 3854.
- Speech synthesiser, works with any computer, leads. mantual, built-in cabinet, uses own power supply, nlimitedvocice, casy to use, perfect condition. £50 Tel:0652648074.
-SharsMZ-80K. 48k RAM + manual, Space lnvader games etc. A pollowordprucesor and Super Copy, one year old, practically unused, original lackkaging, f290, can
deliver. Tel: Repdik 744997 deliver. Tel: Reading74449? Transtec BC2 business micro, \(64 \mathrm{k} b\). \(2 \times 400 \mathrm{k}\) disks, integral green screen monitor, full detached
eyboard.CP/M etc. some disks available, all offers considered. Tel: after 6.45 pm .
Sharp MZ-80A. under guarantee until February, very eoodcondition, as new, complete with dust cover and manual. \(£ 450\) ono. Tel: Bourne 422853 after 6 pm .
- Sharp MZ-80B + P6printer + Basic + Pascal Compiler + Wordpro + Assembler +
Disassembler + Chess, 12 levels + lotsof games andutility programs, all nexcellent condition, fully
nted, £1.4n0. Tel: 01-6441944
eveafter6.

\section*{TRANSACTION FILE ADVERTISEMENT FORM}

All Transaction File ads must be submitted by readers on this form or a photo-copy of this form. Maximum 30 words, Print one word per box, very clearly. Name, address and/or telephone number must be included in the 30 words. All ads must be accompanied by a Hat fee of \(£ 2.50\). Make cheques or POs payable to Personal Computer World. Ads accepted from private readers only. Ads cannot be repeated (unless sent in on another form) and we cannot guarantee to print an ad in any specific issue. Please help our typesetter to help you by printing your ad very clearly. Send form to: Transaction File PCW, 62 Oxford Street, London W1A 2HG.
Please find enclased my cheque/PO for \(£ 2.50\) for the following Transaction File ad.


\section*{TRANSACTION FILE}
h/ware, sound, arrow keys fitted, lots of software includinggames, Edtsam, 13 Basic, Mun4. TBugetc, f 165 ono new baby forcessale. Tel: Pelsall 691105.

TRS-80. 48 k MILII, complete with interface tape recorder, printer and ingle oisk drive, withmanuals a cassettes, with monitor, f1.1000no. Tel: Birmingham 7421633
SharpMZ-80B, 7016 k , twin disks, CP/MBasic Profes, database, Sharp printer, over \(50+\) programs and approx 40 disks, offers around \(£ 1,500\) willdeliver or tutor free. Tel: 0222 68286 or 552228.
TRS \(80,16 \mathrm{kL2}+32 \mathrm{k}\) Exp/Int. CRT, Assembler, editot, tapes +560 worth programs, dust covers 833794.

TRS 80 Model \(1,48 k\), green
monitor, dual drives, word
processing, Viscalc, LDos, TRSDos,
Pascal. \(£ 4900\) ono, with Centronics 737 printer, 2750 . Tel: 01-4455724. SharpMZ-80K, \(48 \mathrm{k}+\) Frogger nvaders, books, 9 months old, accept 275 ono may be able to deliver. Tel: aul on 0908312735
MZ-80K, \(48 \mathrm{~K}, 4 \mathrm{mHz}\), upgrade reset witch fitted, Pascal Compiler Assembler. Disassembler, manuals, etc) + many games, excellen condition, cost \(£ 600\) new, will acccept \(6275+\). Tel: Luton 881252 Apple IIPlus, Dos 3.3,2 drives, 16 k RAMcard, Alf 8088 co-processor. Applesoft tool kit, Forth. Tiny Pascal. Videx 80 -colcard, many Apple
books, programs etc. \(£ 1,100\). Tel books, progr
Bitton 5040 .
Apple 11.64 K Europlus asnew
Apple \(11,04 \mathrm{~K}\) Europlus, as
withtwindisk drives, Dos 3,3 printer, paddles, tons of software including business and games, \(£ 1,500\). Tel:058.603992 (Dunstable). Wanted-A pple II or IE, also primer and colour monitor, have software available for swop, send list 30 Teignmouth Road, Holcombe Dawlish, Devon. Tel:0626862455 A For quick sale - 32 K , asnew and ready to run with A, 32k, as new and ready to run, with £299. Tel: 391 1688after 4 . Atari VCS games computer, good condition, with Combat, Circus, Breakout, Indy 500 . Astroids, Space Invaders, Air-Sea-Battle, Dodge'em, Warlords, Adventure, Defender
original value \(£ 350\), bargainat \(£ 175\) Tel:01-6178669
Sorcerer, 48 k , Basic pack, W-P pack. Eprom pack, \(2 \times \$ 100\) expansion boxes and \(2 \times\) Jade DD disk controllers. CPMM 2.2, Paper Tiger 460, Dual 8 line drives, monito sotware, back nos., etc, sensible
offers. Tel: Steve on Bristol 24161 ext 519 daysor Bristol 732509 eve, VIC-20, Werderaft 20 word manual, very goodw/processing bught for wrong typewriter, £60 Tel: Cecil Howardon 061485570 Manchester).
SharpMZ-80A , new, boxed and guaranteed, the machine + software worthover \(1,000,11 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{cg}\) games
Basics, Hi-Soff Pascal, Forsan Complier, Forth and much, much more, only \(£ 395\), grab thisbargain before somebody else does. Tel: 01-7203353 Now!
For TRS80MIII Tandy (Micropolis), boxeddisk drive, 148 k 290; LDos513 disk operatingsystem (latest), E65; Newscript word processing, 230 ; Acceir basic Compilet
TRS80, 16k, Mod IL, V2,6month TRS80, 16k, Mod 1 LV2,6 month old, 7 programs + Kwik-key + cassette player + printer + amplifier
worth \(£ 350+\), selfor \(£ 175\) ono. Tel: Tucker. Flat 7. Southampton 555912 eve or 23855 ext 2711 day.
- Colour Nascom-2,48k,315 disk, Poloydos disk Basic, Pascal, Polytext, AVC. gives 8 colours, \(784 \times\) 256, cased withnumerickeypad, fan, peaker, \(\{200+\) of software, \(£ 875\) VIC-2016k RAM Vassette unit Rargon, Chessand St cassette unit. Sargon, Chess and Star lapes, books, VIC revealed. innovative Computing, programs, re guide, only \(£ 200\). Tel: 01.7493829 . Nascom \(2,64 \mathrm{kRAM}\), Zeap, Nas-Sys 3 , Nas-Dis, debug. exjBasi graphics, PSU, professionally built and cased with complete documentation, £230. Tel:061-973 1487. A pple II +.48 k , language card, Pascalsystem, paddles, 7 V interface case, much software. (Fight Asteriods), \(£ 600\) or best offer. Tel John on 01-995 1770
VIC-20, cassette unit, 16 k extra RAM, joystick, lotsof books and software, excellentcondition, total
cost \(£ 330\), will accept \(£ 180\). Tel:0782 750333 before 5 pmor 0782751201 after 6 pm .
- Apple II, (Epson) printer interface, one month old, with graphies dump, value \(x 85\), books including Threshold, Beer, Run 270. all halfprice. Tel:Berkhamsted

New Brain AD, inc manual, cassette and printerleads, beginner's guide and tape, offers aroundez00; also technical manual \(£ 35\). Tel: 01-44 3152 ext 244 office hours -TRS80, Jevel216k CPUmonitor, cassette recorder, line printer V1
Scripsit word prucessing, Basic Scripsit word prucessing, Basic teaching program, manual, leads.
offers around 425 . Tel:021 3083335 - Apple II Eurplus 48 k . with disk drive andeontroller (Dos3.3), TV modulator, paddles, manuals, perfec condition, \(£ 700\). Tel: Westerhain (0959) 63214 eve or 63138 daytime. OhíScientic C28-P, twin Sin disks \(=1 / 2 \mathrm{Mb} 48 \mathrm{kRAM}\). OS-65U operatin systern and M Basic, Televideo 920 VDU cables, disks and manuals, 2895
ono, mayseliseparately. Tel-?7?? ? ? ? , maysell
Software - sharp MZ-80B software, second-haad busines
games. Most interested in \(\mathbf{S H}\) graphics RAM2.Offers after Bpm on Camberley (0276)61948, ask for Richard.
- Atari \(400+\) program recorder + joysticks + much software + manuals, hardly used, guarantee. wouldcost \(£ 450\), willacceproffers of 8300. Hurry - quick sale imminent. Tel: Nick on 01-6037905 - ShatpMZ-80K, 48k RAM, 18 months old, excellent condition including Space \(\ln\) waders, Fen er and Quest, \(£ 250\) ono. Tel: Boldion(0783) 362840 after 5pm
- Superbrain, 64 k with twin disk drives, software ineludes Supercal Spellbinder, M Basic, Compile
\(£ 500\). Tel:Dorchester 68198 . 200. Tel: Dotchester 68 i98. Spectrum 16k, brand neew and still
boxed, unw anted prize, \(£ 80\) ono Tony Graham, 5 Safon Road Dinswell, Welwyn, Herts Tel:
Welwyn( 043871 ) 4855 . Everyissue of PCW,Computing Today and Practical Computing; also Creed teleprinter; also Atari Console
and cartridges. Tel: Tunbridge Wells and cartridges. Tel:Tunbridge Wells
(0892) 41396 fordetails 10892) 41396 for details.
M20 - games from German

Pacmanand 15 others. £22incl P\&P diskette. Send a chequeplease to
Rapp Dauziger Sur 18.7133. RappDauziger Str 18.7133. Haulbroun, West Germany. Dualdrive/computer case, \(15 \operatorname{in} x\) switching units, takes fullheightor? switehng units, takes full heightor
slimline + add boards, all cables. sumine + add boards, all cables.
ready to use, 6 months old. excellen condition, £1210no. Tel:051 6446568 (Merseyside).
Cromenco 22 k bytesaver wanted,
will buyor swop for \(64 k 7,4 / 16\) FDC SCCorZPU. Please write: David Murphy, 69 Cherry held Ave, Dublin 12. Ireland. Tel:01-500227. Video Genie 1 with high res uni
sound box, Kaga B/W monitor + ound box, Kaga B/W monitor +
numerou ( 4 C 60 tapes), games numerous ( 4 Cootapes), games Findhorn030932580, ask for Clive SharpMZ-80K with 48 k RAM, excellent condition, in original box, \(£ 245\) ono; Sharp Assembler including
manuald, \(£ 10\). Fel: \(01-9921268\) (West London),
 cloudburst, Music Composer Cloudburst, Music Composer,
Spiders of Mars + tapes including Spiders of Mars + tapes including
Blit, Panic, VICMen, all in excelten condition for only \(£ 175\) forquick sale. Tel: 061 - 7361534 .
Tanram, fully expanded, \(£ 60\); also Columbia wordprocessor, Dive
Bomber, Shutle Lander, Zodiac Bomber, Shuttle Lander, Zodiac Adventure + Tug mags from No.5,
Tansoft Gazettes, offers? Tel: John Sharn MZ-80K 4815 B AM SharpMZ-80K, 4815 RAM, software, 5 Basics, Pascal Compiler +
solat Interpreter, Forth, Adventures, Interpreter, Forth, Adventures,
Galaxianseic, dust cover, manuals, worthover \(£ 550\) sell for onty \(£ 290\) ono, will deliver. Tel:049439283 after
7 pm . Sharp MXZ80K. 9 months old 4 software, Frogger, Space. Invaders,
etc-manuals, \(\mathrm{f2} 25\) ono. Possible
delivery. Tel: 0908 ) 312735 . etc-manuals, \(£ 2750\) no. Possible
delivery. Tel: \((0908) 12735\).
Apple I1 48 k, IT discdrive, discs Apple 1148k, IT Viscdrive, dises
and lots of software Very good
condition, \(£ 550\) onc Tel: Rotherham condition, \(£ 550\) ong Tel: Rotherham
\((0709) 878293 \mathrm{afte} 5.30 \mathrm{pm}\),


1981 epmplete. 1982 complete.
Practica Computing December 1979
toNovemher 982,225 . Tel:01-366
8820. Sharp MZ80K (48k) + dual disc drives +P - 6 printer \(+1 / O\) and cables + blank floppies and tapes. 7 months old. Bargain f1.100ono. Tel:01-341 0179, Barry.
TRS80, model 1 level 248 k , Lowercase. expansion interface, disk
drive, Microline 80,47 dises includin 11 games disks. Sysiem, language. and Assembler programs with numerousothers, \(£ 950\) ono. Tel Verwood 824025.
ATARIowner with 48 k . Disk and ape. Will swapgames and utilities, anythinig considered. Tel: Worthing
(0903) 42013 eveonly (0903)42013eveonly. SharpMZ80K. \(48 \mathrm{k}+\) Quantu hi-res graphics, basic and forth languages, manuals, games, books,
Sharpsoft mags, \(£ 350\). Tel: (061) 224 Sharpsoft mags, \(£ 350\). Tel: ( 061 ) 224
9835 berween 5.6 pm . Wanteddisk drive for Sharp MZ-80K 48 k toge ther with floppy disks and interface: Contact, Anthony Sh wran, 14 The Parade,
Swinton, Ma chester. Tel (061)794 Swinton, Ma chester. Tel (061)
1887 . Centronics 702 printer, sales ledge Centronics 702 printer. sales ledger,
purchase ledger, nominalledger. 4 purchase ledger, nominal ledger. 4
daystuition 33,500 . Tel: 0443773779 R.G.B. colour monitor. Brand new, unused, stil under guarantec.
Superb for BBC, Apple, etc. Cost
£280. Willaccept \(£ 180\) or very nea offer.
88836
Memory 230064 k . Integralgreen phosphor VDU and \(2 X 156 k\) disk
drives ( \(51 / 4 \mathrm{in}\) ). CPM 2 2 drives(S \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\) ). CPM 2.2 + unilities
Microsoft Basic, assembler + software, \(\mathrm{E1,100} \mathrm{ono}. \mathrm{Tel:}+\mathrm{Swift}\)
Chester-Le-Street 888364 , Chester-Le-Street 888364 , \({ }^{\text {Sharp MZ-80K }} 48\) KRAM, \(£ 300\) Sharp MZ-80K 48. RAM, \(£ 300\)
Software:-GBasics, Forth, Pascal Forware: M/C loader utilities:wordpros, editor/assem, disassembler, stock control,
musideditor, etc +200 prog music/editor, etc +200 programs,
£85. May split. C. Yan 8 Stanley Terrace, Fishergate Hill, Preston,
- AcomATOM. \(12 \mathrm{k}+12 \mathrm{k}\) F.P. ROM, toolbox, man al, leads, all ono. Tel: (10ick 710637 (after 5 pm ).

\title{
Rupert Steelepresents his monthly round-up ofnews from the Amateur Computer Club.
}

\section*{NewBrain users}

With the demise of Grundy
Business Systems the need for a NewBrain users group becomes more acute than ever. The contact I mentioned in a previous column, Angela Watkiss, is still intending to goahead but currently Ingroup is the operational usergroup. Run mainly by Anthony Hodge on a non-profit basis, Ingroup (Independent NewBrain Users' Group) is based in Wakefield. The group has already published several newsletters which are well written and compiled in a chatty style. The group is still small asis the amount of technical material printed but as membership grows I'm sure the newsletter will become invaluable to NewBrainowners. With that in mind, Anthony invites you to send him articles, software reviews and software for the grouplibrary, as well as offers of administrative help. Written material should be carbon-ribbon typed and camera-ready, or else submitted on cassette. The address is Anthony D Hodge, Ingroup, 15 St John's

Court, Wakefield WF12RY. A
sample newsletter can be had for \(£ 1\) send \(£ 9\) for a full year's subscription —but only \(£ 8.50\) via 'Transcash' to account No642033005. Transcash is a Post Office facility which saves a lot of administrative hassle, so maybe there's a lesson here for other groups. Anyway, good luck to you, Anthony

\section*{The Hardware Exchange \\ Anothernew development on the} national scene is the setting up of 'The Hardware Exchange . The idea is that people pay a small fee to advertise through the exchange; a register is compiled and free enquiriescan be made with a saeby buyers. I don't know if this group is amateur or profit-making, but if you want more information about the Hardware Exchange, write to D Edwards, The Hardware Exchange, POBox 13 ,
Birkenhead, Merseyside L424RL. I presume that Mr Edwards is using a computer to hold his
register. Anyway thiskind of arrangement seems to be useful, so why not giveit a try?

\section*{Attention Jupiter users}

A Jupiter Ace Users' Clubhas been set up by John Noyce of Remsoft. Unlike Ingroup, it appears to be a commercial venture in the same light as Beebug or Tug (only rather smaller than the former). The club has a newsletter and some discounting arrangements for hardware and it seems to be selling software. Nevertheless, I'm sure that the club will prove tobe of great value to Jupiter Ace enthusiasts. I'm afraid that my Old Brainis not Reverse Polish (see 'Maths at a Pass', PCW November 83), andI therefore can'tcope with Forth. I also have big fingers and can'tcope with the keyboard. Apart from that, Ithink the Ace is a great machine. Anyway, for information
on the Jupiter Ace Users' Club contact John Noyce, Remsoft, 18 George Street, Brighton BN21RH or phone 0273602354

\section*{The Deep South}

Moving south, MrT A Kayani, chairman of the Sobat Computer Club, wishes to announce that enquiries about the clubshould now be addressed to him at 12 Calderon Road, LondonE114EU-andnot to the old address. He promises that the address will not change again ('What never? Well, hardly ever!'). Soif youlive in or near to E11, why not write or phone 01-5565423?

Dennis Warburton writes from

It meets monthly at the University of Kent Computing Centre. Write or phone Canterbury 65948 for details.

Moving west to the West London Personal Computer Club (WLPCC):itmeets in the back room of the Fox and Goose Pub, (best place, I say), Hanger Lane, Alperton, on the first Tuesdav of each month at 7.45 pm . In addition, there is a BBCsub-group which meets on the third Tuesday of the month. Graham Brain(tel:01-997 8986) has sent me a programme of the club's forthcoming first
Tuesday events which goesfar enough ahead for the publication lead time (and my inefficiency) 1 December 83-Christmas Special (Don't bring your micro to this one!!)
2 January 84 - Graphics
3 February 84 -ForthInterest
Group
4 March 84 - Atalk by David Annal (Hooray!!!)

I'm glad to see that Graham is cheered by the prospect of a talk by
the ACC secretary. For more info, contact WLPCC secretary, Victor Szwed, 11 Grasmere Avenue, Acton, London W36JT.

DavidPrice of 46 a Bickersteth Road, Tooting, LondonSW179SQ is starting a club -it might be for work only. Phone him on 01-767 4684 to find out
And from the teeming
metropolis to the comfortable (if loosened) commuter belt Hilary Osmend of Elmbridge Computer Club writes from 29 Esher Avenue,
Walton-on-Thames, Surrey KT12 3SZ. The ECCmeets every Saturday afternoon ( \(3-6 \mathrm{pm}\) ) at a mystery location (Hilary will no doubtreveal this fora suitable consideration). The club has an age range of 10-70 years in the current membership, and it 'has an interest in six NewBrains'(?!*!).
Also in deepest Surrey is MrD Wilson of the Caretakers' Bungalow, AllSaints CofE School, Aperdale Road, Leatherhead, Surrey. He is interested in running a clubusing the school premises and
seems to be after the
ComputerTownimage, with no reservations about games and ten-year-alds. Queue here please
Also in Surrey is the Kingston Computer Club. It meets on the first and third Tuesday of the month from \(7.30-9 \mathrm{pm}\). Information about the club is on Prestel page 8008000 in the ClubSpot 800 area. The meetings are held in the Children's Section of Kingston Library, Fairfield West, Kingston. More information is available from Bob Southall(01-3990898).
Furthersouthstill(yes, these people think London is in the North) we get to Nicholas Blackburn of 27 Kirkstall Close, Eastbourne BN220UQ, East Sussex. He helps run a computer club, and would be delighted to hear from you.
PaulHills of the 6809 user group in Cornwall writes to tell me about the group he is running in collaboration with Mr Warren Gibbons, of 9St Thomas' Hill, Launceston, Cornwall PL158DL.

They are essentially a newsletter group rather than meeting-based, so you don't have to be Cornish to be involved. They are after a membership of hardware hackers and definitely discourage space-invading. This group will appeal to those interested in technical aspects of the Motorola 6809 chip. Write to Mr Gibbons for more information. Incidentally, I was offereda copy of their newsletter. I'm always very pleased to receive clubnewsletters, and will use them in writing ACCNews. I. put commercial junk mail where it belongs.

And that's it for another issue, and the year. Ilook forward to seeing members of the club movement at shows during 1984, and (if the restructuring of ACC comes through) at ACCCouncil

To find out more about the ACC, or to pass on news for the column, please write tome, RupertSteele, at 17 Lawrie Park Crescent, LondonSE266HH. Tel:01-778 6824

Peter Tootiltgives his monthly summary of what's new in the telephone

\section*{New bulletin boards:}

There are two new bulletin board systems toreporthis month, both running onA taricomputers. Efficient Chips (don't blame me, I didn'tchoose it!) is run by an Atari dealerinChippenham, Wilts (tel: (0249)657744). It operates daily (except Wednesday and Sunday) from 9 pm to 2 am and provides message facilities, a download sectionandelectronic shopping. The system caters mainly for Atari users, but users of othersy stems are welcome.
Southern BBS operates in Chichester, EastSussex (tel: (0243) 511077) every evening from 8 pm to 2 am . It runs on an Atari 800 , but caters for users of all systems. Facilities include messages download, and soon.

\section*{New phone numbers:}

CBBS-NE has a new phone number as from 27 October. Itis (0207) 543
555. Other details are asbefore

File transfer betw een computers There are several methods of transferring files between computers by telephone. The simplest is to send the file in ordinary ASCII code, with noerror checking or correction procedures. Even machine code can be sent this way by translating the individual bytes into ASCII representations of the two halves. Forexample, the byte 'FE' which requires 8 bits to send asit stands, can be transmitted by a system using 7-bit word length by sending a letter ' \(F\) ' followed by a letter ' \(E\) '. This requires twobytes and makes transmission twice as long. It is, however, the only way machine code files can be transferred without special procedures.

The problem with sending data via the telephone is that a noise on
the line can corrupt the data. This may not be a serious problem with. say, a text file, as the human brainis very good at compensating for such errors from clues in the surrounding text. However, in a computer programasmallerror couldle disastrous, and may not be easy to find, especially in machine code. One way to reduce the probability of such errors is to transmit the file in blocks and to calculate the checksum of each block, with the receiving computer requesting re-transmission if the checksum doesn'tagree with thatsent by the transmitting system. This is not a completesolution since two errors may compensate for each other to produce a correct checksum even though the data is wrong, but it is a greatimprovement on sending files with no validation at all. More advanced methods will use complex checks on the data, and can give virtually \(100 \%\) error-free transmission.
One particular set of protocols for improving the reliability of transmission of data was developed by Ward Christensen for inclusion in his Modem and Xmodemseries of intelligent terminal programs written for CP/M systems. (These are available from the CP/Muser group library, the latest versions being Modem 7.65 , and Xmodem 5.0.) These protocols, often referred to as CP/Mor Xmodem protocols, have been applied to other systems, and have become a popularstandard in North America. They are incorporated in many smart terminal packages and often supportedby bulletin boards including several UK systems, making for much more reliable downloading of programs than would otherwise be possible. They use an eight bitstandard (with no parity) and can transmit machine
code without the need to translate theminto ASCII code first. The details of the protocols are available from CBBS-NE, Forum-80, Hull, and Liverpool Mailbox, and perhapsother UK systems too.

If you are thinking of writing smart terminal software, consider Including Xmodem protocols in the package. (I hope to be able to give details on this in the near future.)

\section*{Terminal software:}

Speaking of smart (or intelligent) terminal software. I have received details of two new pack ages: one is for BBC systems, the other for TRS-80 Colour Computers.
Telstar is available for the Tandy Colour Computer (16and 32 k versions - disk only at present), and provides all the usualtermainal facilities, including the ability to select word length, parity, baud rate, etc ( 1200 baud operation is supported). It works in fullor half duplex mode, and incoming data can be spooled to disk via a memory buffer with Xon/Xoff flow control. The buffer is 24 kbytes on a 32 k computer. The screen display is in inverse video, and other features include auto logon, automatic downloading of programs, uploading of prepared messages, programs, etc. The system comes with a 32 page manual and ASCII to binary conversion utilities for £24.95. Cassette and Dragon versions are in the pipeline.

Details from: Rainbow Software, Rainbow House, 27 Uwch-y-Nant, Mynydd Isa, Near Mold, Clwyd CH76YB. Tel: (0352) 55248.

\section*{Bterm is for the BBCModel B} (OS 1.0 orlater), disk or tape systems. Again it provides all the usual terminal facilities, including control of the RS 232 settings, full and half duplex, memory buffered
input/output with Xon/Xoff flow control. Otherfeatures include auto download and uploading of messages and programs, ASCII to binarytranslation, execution of any MOS command. 1200 baud operation is supported. Bterm costs £ 7.95 .

Details from: A Hood, 545 Fox Hollies Road, Hall Green, Birmingham \(\mathbf{B} 288\) RL .

UK systems run by commercial organisations, which are free at least inpart:
DISTEL. Tel: (01)6791888. Run by Display Electronics (new and surplus electronic and computer equipt, components, etc). The system provides information about stock lines. credit card sales, and some message facilities. 300 baud onlyat present. Cost: free. 24 hours.
REWTEL. Tel: (0277) 236628
Runby Radio and Electronics World, the publishing side of Ambit (electronics components suppliers). Information on stock lines, some message facilities, credit card sales. the latter only for subscribers. 300 baud only at present. Cost: limited areas free, remainder \(£ 10\) annual subscription. 24 hours.
MAPTEL. Tel: (0702) 552941. Run by Maplin (electronic components and microcomputers). Providesinformation on stock levels, credit card sales to existing customers only. 300 baud only. Cost: free. 24 hours.
Subscriber commercial systems in the UK:
PRESTEL. Subscribers only: Prestel consists of a database made upofindividual pages provided by
many different organisations (no by Prestel itself. 1200775 baud service at local call rates for a large percentage of potentialusers. 30 baud service on Londontelephone number only, at present. Cost: domesticsubscribers \(£ 5.00\) per quarter and no time charges outside peak periods. 80 per cent of pages are free. Business users: \(£ 15\) per quarter and 5 p/minute up to 6 pm andSaturday mornings, no time charges outside these hours (time charges also apply to domestic users). Information: tel:Freefone 2296.

MICRONET 800. An organisation providing information within the Prestel database specifically aimed at microcomputerusers. Service details as Prestel. Cost: \(£ 50-£ 75\) joining fee (covers acoustic coupler and software - for a limited range of machines at present) and \(£ 8\) per quarter on top of normal Prestel charges. Information: Micronet 800 , 8 Herbal Hill, London ECIR SJB. Tel: (01) 8373699.

Subscriber business systems in the UK:

The following are fully fledged commercial systems aimedat business users:
TELECOM GOLD. Info from: Julie Ireland, 42 Weston Street LondonSE13QD. Tel; (01) 403 6777.

COMET. Message handling system giving user facilities for leaving and retrieving messages: costs \(£ 30\) per month. Infofrom: John Douglas, BLSystems Limited, Grosvenor House, Prospect Hill, Redditch. Worcs. Tel: (0527)28515.

\section*{UK networks:}

CBBS North East . . . System Operators: TrevorSmith \& Malcolm Piper. Tel: (0207) 543555. Hours: 2.30pm-9am daily. Tel: (0207) 32447 . Hours:

7 pm-midnight CCITT standards; midnight-8.30am Bell 103 (US) standards.

Mailbox-80, Stourport . . . Tel: (0384) 635336* System Operator: Jim Roden. Hours: 6pm-8am daily (ring back system).

\section*{Forum-80 Hull (Forum-80} HQ) Tel: (0482) 859169. System Operator: Fred Brown. International electronic mail, library for up/down loading

Forum-80 Users Group, Pet Users section shopping list system Hours: Tues/Thurs \(7-10 \mathrm{pm}\); Sat/Sun 1-10pm; nights, midnight-8am, US(Bell 103) standards.

Forum-80London Tel: (01) 9022546. System Operator: Victor Saleh. Electric maih, library for downloading. Hours: Evenings \& weekends.

CBBSLondon... Tel: (01) 399 2136. System Operator: Peter Goldman. Facilities: electronic mail, program downloading Hours: Sun 5-10pm.

Forum-80 Milton . . . (TRS-80 Users Group 80-Nett) Tel: (0908) 613004. System Operators: Leon Heller and Brian Pain. Electronic mail, library, newsie tter. TRS-80 information system. Hours: 24 hoursditily

Mailbox-80 Liverpool . . Tel: (051) 4288924. System Operator: Peter Tootill. Electronic mail. downloading, TRS-80information Hours: 24 hours daily

ACC ...memt rs bulletin board. Tel: (0908) 44262. System Operator: Peter Whittle.

TBBS, London . . . Tel: (01) 348 9400* System Operator: John Newgas Hours: Daily 9am-1am V21 (European) tones, 1-7am Bell 103 (US) tones.
Note: Estelle. Tel: (0279) 443511 V21 (Datel 200);(0279)441188 (Datel600); (0279) 441222 (Datel 1200). For customers ofSTC ElectronicServices, Office hours only.

Tho above information is correct and current, to the best of my knowledge, but I would bepleased to receive corrections and updates, either via Liverpool Mailbox, or to 7 Stockville Road, Liverpool L18 3EJ.
*After receiving the tone and connecting your modem, either type: \(<\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{R}>\) or type: \(<\mathrm{COMC/R}>\)
Thesystem then asks for a password which is: 'cbbs' insmallletters!! If you onlyget ' \(>\) 'when you dialup the system needs resetting and you type \(<\mathrm{I}>\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{R}\).
*Ring back sy tem-dial th number; let phone ring once 10 d . then ring bàck.

\section*{COMPUIER TOWNUKINEWS}

\section*{Margaret Spooner brings you the latestnews on Computer Towns.}

Computer Town UK! attracted a large number of interested visitors at the PCW Show.
'We were able to provide a lot of advice to people, both in terms of where to go within the Show, who to contact outside, where CTUK!s are operating and so forth, commented Jon Finegold,
co-organiser with Peter Kiff of the CTUK!stand.

Among the people who contacted CTUK ! at the Show were two from Information Technology Centres. Jon said: "Discussion with these people made us realise that the ITeC scheme could provide an excellent vehicle for CTUK!."an idea that will be pursued further.

Jon and Peter were pleased with the numberof CTUKlers who helped throughout the Show. "They showed great interest and assisted the visitors well, they said.

Many thanks also to WH Smith, Commodore, Tandy and Sinclair
for the loan of equipment.
The following people have written to us for guidelines with a view tostartingComputer Towns Eileen Fawcett
15Berbice Road
Liverpool 18
BCPierce
Head of Computer Education
Queen Elizabeth School
Oakley Road
Corby
Northants
Matthew Ponting
OutsetITeC
Drake House
Creekside
DeptfordSE83DZ
RFSwallow
East Devon College of Further
Education
Tiverton
Devon
If you live near them and are interested in joining a Computer

Town, docontact them. They're sure to welcome your support

Guidelines have also been sent to John Mileham, assistant education secretary of the Royal Arsenal Co-operative Society, Woolwich. The RACS Education Department is tostart a non-profit making computer club in the Woolwich
area which could become the base for another Computer Town. John said: 'We will be offering free access to many machinesincluding a large mainframe. It's a bit out of date but great fun.' So if you want toknow more about all sorts of computers and live around Woolwich, contact John.

Computer Town UK! is a rapidly expanding network of computerliteracy centres wheremembers of the public are given free access to all sorts of computer equipment. This is courtesy of those willing to offer timelresources. You can find a Computer Town anywhere - they're often in libraries or schools. The aim is to make micros enjoyable and non-threatening, so axe-grinding of any sort is banned. Guidelines are available for those interested in starting up theirown'Towns. Write to: Margaret Spooner, Computer Town UK!, PCW, 62 Oxford Street, London W1 A 2HG. Rememberto enclose an A4 SAE for your reply. Please don'tring PCW for information as Computer Town UK! is entirely a spare time activity.


Tony Cartmell
54 Foregate Street
Worcester WR1 1DX

\section*{Ted Ellerton}

25 Beachdale
Winchmore Hill
London N21
Bill Gibbings
2 Longholme Road
Retford
Notts DN22 6TU

\section*{Peter J Kiff}

2 Ranelagh Grove
St Peter's in Thanet
Broadstairs
Kent CT10 2TE
John Stephen Bone
2 Claremont Place
Gateshead
Tyne \& Wear NE8 1TL
Andrew Stonemana
135 Birchdale Avenue
Newcastle-Upon-Tyne
Tyne \& Wear

\section*{Derek Knight or Bob Carter}

Rayners Lane Library
Imperial Drive
Rayners Lane
Middr

\section*{Christopher Bates}

Ashford Main Library
Church Road

\section*{Ashford}

Paul Maddison
Gardenways
Chilworth Towers
\(\checkmark\) hilworth
Southampton SO1 7JH
Chris Cooper
110 Church Road
Hanwell
London W7

\section*{Brian Taylor}

Tonbridge Area Library Avebury Avenue Tonbridge Kent

Ray Skinner
62 Central Avenue
Billingham
Cleveland TS23 1LN

ENRyan
15 Queens Square
Eastwood
Nottingham NG16 3BJ
Philip Joy
130 Rush Green Road
Romford
Essex
Derrick Daines
18 Cuttings Avenue
Sutton-in-Ashfield
Notts
Patrick Colley
52 Queensway
Caversham Park Village
Reading
Berks RG4 OSJ
J M A Kilburn
(Headmaster)
Shawfield Norden Community Middle School


Rochdale L12 7 QR
Vernon 反uaintace 50 Bearice Avenve London SW16 4UN

B J Candy
9 Oakwood Drive Gloucester GL3 3JF

Rojer Shears
181 Woodmill Lane Bitterne Park Southampton O 24 PY
Chris Woodford
31 Hopley Road
Anslow
Burton-on-Trent
Staffordshire
Peter Herring
Ordnance Road Library
Ordnance Road
Enfield
Middx

Mike Perry, Steve Collas or
Dave Lee
The Library
Ealing Road
Wembley
Middx HA0 4BR

Lyn Antill
1 Defoe House
Barbican
London EC2
Peter Jarvis
clo Health Dept
Corporation of London
Guildhall
London EC2
Vernon Gifford
111 Selhurst Road
Croydon
London SE25 6LH

\section*{Peter Stone or}

Alan Strangman
Computing and Maths Dept
The Polytechnic
Wulfruna Street
Wolverhampton WV1 1LY
J G Batch
Central Library
Clapham Road
Lowestoft NR32 1DR
John Byfield
Moonrakers
The Rutts
Bushey Heath
Herts WD2 1LH
Robin Bradbeer
Polytechnic of
North London
Holloway Road
London N7
Derek Moody
2 Victoria Terrace
Dorchester
Dorser DT1 1LS
Pam Pollicott
South Ruislip Library
Victoria Road
South Ruislip
Middx

Susan Kelly
Head of Reference Services
PO Box 4
Civic Centre
Harrow
Middx
Andrew Holyer
10 Masons Road
Mannings Heath
Horsham
Sussex RH13 6JP
R L Saunders
14 St Nicholas Mount
Hemel Hempstead
Herts
Brigitte Gordon
18 Purbright Crescent
New Addington
Croydon CR00RT
Richard Powell
22 Downham Court
South Shields
Tyne \& Wear
Peter Earthy
46 High Street
Church Stretton
Shropshire SY6 6BX
Alan Sutcliffe
4 Binfield Road
Wokingham
Berks RG11 1SL
Alan Porten
14 Foxmede
Rivenhall End
Witham
Essex
David Sharp
5 Bridgenhall Road
Enfield
Middx

Keith Taylor
Carter Hydraulic Works
Thornbury
Bradford BD3 8HG

\section*{Alan Hooley}

21 Brammay Drive
Tottington
Bury BL 8 3HS

Readers are strongly advised to check details with exhibition organisers before making arrangements to avoid wasted journeys due to cancellations, printer's errors, etc.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline London & (Alexandra Pavilion) International Video \& Communications Exbn. Contact: IVAC, 01-240 1871. & 13-16 Nov \\
\hline London & (Olympia) Compec Exbn. Contact: Reed Exbns, 01-643 8040. & 15-18 Nov \\
\hline Reading & (Ramada Hotel) Computer Open Day Exbn. Contact: Couchmead Communications Ltd, 01-7781102. & 1 Dec \\
\hline Las Vegas & Computer Dealers Exbn - COMDEX. Contact: Interface Group \& Conf Exp Management, 160 Speen St, Framingham, MA01701, USA. & 2 Dec \\
\hline London & (Alexandra Pavilion) Micro Computer Show. Contact: ZX Microfair, 01-801 3906. & 3-4 Dec \\
\hline London & (Wembley Conference Centre), Your Computer Christmas Fair. Contact: Reed Exbns, 01-643 8040. & 15-18 Dec \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPECTRUM TRS80}

\section*{V. GENIE SOFTWARE}

25 Super programmes for your computer - machine code arcade games, adventures, Dungeons and Dragons, Puzzles and Ball Games including Breakout (taking you through 9 levels of skill), Star Wars, Amazing 3-D Mazes, 3-D Noughts and Crosses, Corridors of Doom, Trap It, Housebreak and Yahtzee. All 25 on one cassette for only E9.95
ZX SPECTRUM 48 K - Arcade Action Pack - Three super fast action arcade games direct from Israel. Mision Omega, Close In and Smiley... All three on one cassette only £6.95. Both the above packs for only \(£ 15.95\)

\section*{PROGRAMMERS}

We urgently require good quality software for the ZX Spectrum. For the right kind of material we offer - Expert presentation - improved market penetration - World Wide distribution - total distribution in the UK and a high \(25 \%\) royalty.

\section*{SPARTAN SOFTWARE (PCW)}

9 Cotswold Terrace, Chipping Norton, Oxon.

\section*{WORK ON YOUR OWN WHERE YOU'RE NOT ALONE}

A place where you can set up alone, or start a business or open a branch office and not have to worry about who answers the phone when you are out.
And the location gives swift access to M4/M3 motorways, the north circular, the underground, British Rail and Heathrow airport in a leafy environment with the Thames nearby.
It's London without the hassie.

\section*{UNITS FROM 100 SQUARE FEET AT £28 P/W INC}

Call in, phone or write.
BARLEY MOW WORKSPACE 10 BARLEY MOW PASSAGE CHISWICK, LONDON W4 4PH

Tel: 01-994 6477
did you know?
A WINCHESTER DISK DATABASE WITH 16 MICRO
WORKSTATIONS
CONNECTED
CAN COST UNDER £8,000

PCW is interested in programs written in any of the major programming languages for all home and small business micros. When submitting programs to PCW please include the following:(a) A cassette or disk of the program
(b) A listing on plain, white paper (typewritten if no printer available)
(c) Comprehensive butbrief documentation (d) A suitable sae

Please mark (a), (b) and (c) with your name, address, program title, machine (state minimum RAM where appropriate) and - if possible - a daytime phone number. All programs must, please, be fully debugged. Programs are paid for at the rate of \(£ 50\) perpage of published listing, plus a \(£ 100\) bonus for the Program of the Month, and must be the original work of the author and not previously published.

Send contributions to: Surya, PCW Programs, 62 Oxford Street, London WIA 2HG.

Welcome to \(P C W\) 's biggest ever Programs the notes given in italics above carefully, section! Since we're approaching Christ- and note that we cannot accept programs mas, the emphasis is on games: an original unless they are accompanied by a suitable and unpredictable board game, three sae. We receive alarge number of program fast-action, arcade-style games, a com- submissions and simply do not have puterised 'Othello' and four other games. time to sit around addressing envelopes. Also included are utility programs for the Programs submitted without. a suitable VIC-20, Oric, NewBrain, Spectrum and sae will not in future be acknowledged or Commodore 64 , and a simple tune trans- returned.
poser for the MZ-80K. Program of the Important note to intending contributors: I Month is the BBC Wordprocessor promised in the September issue.
Incidentally, MZ-80K 'Basic Modifier' - published in October - was erroneously credited to Scott Waterhouse. While Mr Waterhouse added the save-to-tape routine, credit for the original idea and core program goes to Peter Stones. We would like to point out that all programs submitted to \(P C W\) must be original programs which have not been previously published.
A special note to anyone thinking about submitting a program to \(P C W\). Please read
will be away during the whole of December. We regret that no programs can be considered during this month. Any programs received during December will be returned unread.

> Games
> Scientific/mathematic
> Business
> Toolkit/utilities
> Educational/Computer
> Aided Learning

\title{
Program of the Month BBC Word
}
by David Sandy \& Maurice Webb Text justification procedures based on 'TextFormatter' by Des Fisher, PCW Programs,September' 83
'BBC Word' is a cassette-based wordprocessor for the BBC Model B.

On running the program, you will be asked first if your printer has auto line-feed. Your printer manual will give you the appropriate answer. You will then be offered either forty or eighty columns. Again, consult your printer manual if in doubt; most BBC-compatible printers allow eighty-column printing. Having answered these questions, you will be presented with a menu of six options:
1 Text input
2 Text edit
3 Save text
4 Load text
5 Print text
6 End program
The first time you use the program, select option 1 to enter text. Answer ' \(y\) ' to the 'New text ( \(\mathrm{y} / \mathrm{n}\) )?' prompt. You will then
be presented with the text entry screen allowing you to type in your document. During text entry, the line you are currently entering is at the bottom of the screen above a character-count grid. As each line is entered, the line is shifted up to the top of the screen to be added to the text already present. A word counter keeps track of the number of words in the document. This is fairly crude, relying on counting spaces as text is entered, but it does give you a rough idea of how many words you have written and you can recount the completed document in edit mode.
In text entry mode, there are three commands available. F6 returns you to the menu (without losing your text), F7 places you directly into edit mode and F8 forces a new line. RETURN forces a new paragraph by printing a blank line and indents
he next line．The text entry mode does not upport any editing facilities other than destructive backspace．To edit text，you need to enter the edit mode by pressing function key 7 （F7）．
Edit mode presents an edit cursor which scontrolled by the cursorkeys．To delete a －haracter，place the cursor over the haracter to be deleted then press D or F 0 ． To delete a line of text，position the cursor then press \(\mathbf{C}\) or \(\mathbf{F} 2\) ．To insert a character， position the cursor immediately to the right of the desired position then press I or F1 followed by the character to be inserted． A character can be replaced by placing the edit cursor over it and pressing R or F3 followed by the character to replace the existing one．
lol
lol
REM******
REM******
    #KEY O D
    #KEY O D
    OO #KEY 1 I
    OO #KEY 1 I
    10 *KEY 2 C
    10 *KEY 2 C
    120 #KEY 3 R
    120 #KEY 3 R
    130 HEEY 4 N
    130 HEEY 4 N
    140 #KEY 5 J
    140 #KEY 5 J
    150 #KEY.6 /M
    150 #KEY.6 /M
    160 *KEY 7 /T
    160 *KEY 7 /T
    170 #KEY 日 /N
    170 #KEY 日 /N
    180 *KEY 12 IH
    180 *KEY 12 IH
    190 *KEY 13 :I
    190 *KEY 13 :I
    200 WKEY 14 iJ
    200 WKEY 14 iJ
    220 DIM GOOR (250)
    220 DIM GOOR (250)
    230 count=0
    230 count=0
    240 top=1
    240 top=1
    550 scrlin=1:1ine=1
    550 scrlin=1:1ine=1
    260 Space$-5TRING% (BO," ")
    260 Space$-5TRING% (BO," ")
    270 l1nes=""
    270 l1nes=""
    80 1 gnoremFALSE
    80 1 gnoremFALSE
    290 storeful=FALSE
    290 storeful=FALSE
    $10 end=FALSE
    $10 end=FALSE
    320 para=FALSE
    320 para=FALSE
    330 skipxFALSE
    330 skipxFALSE
    340 wor d=TRUE
    340 wor d=TRUE
    350 MODE7
    350 MODE7
    360 PRINTTAB (0,10)"HAS YOUR PRINTER AUTO L/F (Y/N)
    360 PRINTTAB (0,10)"HAS YOUR PRINTER AUTO L/F (Y/N)
    370 1&%-GET$
    370 1&%-GET$
    380 IF 1f*="Y" THEN 420
    380 IF 1f*="Y" THEN 420
    390 IF 1f$く>"N" THEN 350
    390 IF 1f$く>"N" THEN 350
    400 FX6,0
    400 FX6,0
    420 GFXG
    420 GFXG
    4 3 0 ~ C L S ~
    4 3 0 ~ C L S ~
    440 PRINTTAB (5,10) "Please select 40 or 日0 columns"
    440 PRINTTAB (5,10) "Please select 40 or 日0 columns"
    450 PRINT:PRINT:PRINTTAB(10)"by pressing 4 or.B"
    450 PRINT:PRINT:PRINTTAB(10)"by pressing 4 or.B"
    460 L%=GET
    460 L%=GET
    4BO PRINT,PRINT:PRINT" YOU HAVE SELECTED ";L%;" COLUMNS"
    4BO PRINT,PRINT:PRINT" YOU HAVE SELECTED ";L%;" COLUMNS"
    490 dummy=INKEY (300)
    490 dummy=INKEY (300)
    300 IFL%=40 MODE7 ELSE MODE 
    300 IFL%=40 MODE7 ELSE MODE 
    5 1 0
    5 1 0
    S20 REM main routine entry
    S20 REM main routine entry
    540
    540
    S50 REM back to BASIC
    S50 REM back to BASIC
    560 *FX4,0
    560 *FX4,0
    S70 CLEAR
    S70 CLEAR
    500 END
    500 END
    600
    600
    610 REM menu selection control
    610 REM menu selection control
    620 DEFPROCmenu
    620 DEFPROCmenu
    630 REPEAT 
    630 REPEAT 
    650 CLS
    650 CLS
    tab%=({L%-40)/2) + 
    tab%=({L%-40)/2) + 
    PRINTTAB(tab%, 日)"<1> Text Input"
    PRINTTAB(tab%, 日)"<1> Text Input"
    PRINTTAE(tab%,10)"<2> Text Edit"
    PRINTTAE(tab%,10)"<2> Text Edit"
    PRINTTAB(tab%,12)"<3> Save Text"
    PRINTTAB(tab%,12)"<3> Save Text"
    PRINTTAB (tab%,14}"\langle4\rangle Load Text*
    PRINTTAB (tab%,14}"\langle4\rangle Load Text*
    PRINTTAB(tab%,16)"<s> Print text"
    PRINTTAB(tab%,16)"<s> Print text"
    PRINTTAB(tab%,18)"<b> End Program"
    PRINTTAB(tab%,18)"<b> End Program"
    REPEAT
    REPEAT
        PRINTTAB(tab%,20):SPC (30)
        PRINTTAB(tab%,20):SPC (30)
            PRINTTAB(tab%, 20) "Option Number ?":
            PRINTTAB(tab%, 20) "Option Number ?":
            ODt=GET-4日
            ODt=GET-4日
            F opt=1 PROCtextin
            F opt=1 PROCtextin
            IF opt=2 PROCtextedit
            IF opt=2 PROCtextedit
            IF opt=3 PROCsave
            IF opt=3 PROCsave
            IF opt=4 PROCload
            IF opt=4 PROCload
            IF opt=6 finish=TRU
            IF opt=6 finish=TRU
            UNTIL ODt <e OR finish=TRUE
            UNTIL ODt <e OR finish=TRUE
            UNTIL finish=TRUE
            UNTIL finish=TRUE
        ENDPROC
        ENDPROC
            REM store text into array
            REM store text into array
            DEFPROCtextin
            DEFPROCtextin
                90 REPEAT
                90 REPEAT
            CLS
            CLS
IN INPUTTAB(tab%,12)"New Text (Y/N)",Tक
IN INPUTTAB(tab%,12)"New Text (Y/N)",Tक


To justify the text，press J or F5． Occasionally spurious spaces may appear which can be removed in edit mode．When editing is complete， N or F 4 recounts the words．
Word is obviously not comparable with a commercial disk－based system，but it should prove very useful indeed to BBC owners not yet rich enough to splash out on a disk or two．The program was tested on the PCW machine which is a 1.2 OS with DFS，but as far as I can tell it should run under any OS
A version of the program is currently being developed for the Sharp MZ－80K， and the result should see the light of day in

\section*{\(P C W\) Programs in a few months＇time．}

MICROMART

\section*{SAGE 15\％off}

Full on－site guarantee：
Demo Models
Sage II 512k 2 drives \(£ 3549\)＋VAT Sage IV 1 Mb 18 Mb drive \(£ 6311\)＋VAT

First cheque secures
Call the Sage \＆p－system experts at Switch Software
10 Arnold Avenue，Grantham，Lincs． Tel：（0476） 73527

\section*{The Data Machine}

The new p－system multi－file database with Pascal interface．Up to 10 interconnecting records（size limited only by memory：e．g． one may be 18 k ）；automatically generates input／display／report screen layouts（which can be edited）．
Letter writer：
\(£ 495.00\)＋VAT
Full multi－user for Sage：
\(£ 950.00\)＋VAT
Trade enquiries welcome

\section*{BBC MICROCOMPUTER QUALITY SOFTWARE} POST FREE PLUS 50p COUPON FOR EACH £5 SPENT
to credit against your next software order from us． GEMINI SERIOUS SOFTWARE，£19．95 cassette， £23．95 disc，excels in colour keyed data fields．GEMINI Games，new releases，super graphics．
BBC PUBLICATIONS，full range from \(£ 9.95\) including their new releases．Their Toolbox by lan Trackman at \(£ 21.00\) is impressive．
MOLIMERX，From Faintale and Time Machine at \(£ 8.75\) each to Jumbo Flight Simulator at \(£ 15.00\) ，a varied and well－planned range．Send for lists．
PSION VU－CALC and VU－FILE for the BBC Micro，\(£ 14.95\) each．Machine coded for speed．
ACORNSOFT．A good selection is available．
MICROTARGETS Starfield，\(£ 7.75\) data entry module for the BBC machine．Build it into your own programs to position and validate input．On cassette，with a booklet
which is a short course in structured programming．
ACCESS taken．
S．A．E．for Lists．
Closed Mondays

\section*{MICROTARGETS}

19 Regent Street，Leamington Spa．CV32 5 HG
Tel：（0926） 882519

\section*{FOOTBALL POOLS}

Professor Frank George has used his researches to produce the F4 FOOTBALL FORECAST program which uses stored team data to compute the expected result of each fixture，and POOLPERM which produces full perms according to amount of stake and number of matches required．

\section*{Versions available for：}

Apple II
Pet
Sharp MZ80A and MZ80K
TRS－80
Video Genie
NewBrain（not Poolperm）
Sinclair \(\mathbf{Z X 8 1}\) and Spectrum
BBC＇B＇
Commodore 64
Dragon 32
Write to：Bureau of Information Science Commerce House，High Street， Chalfont St．Giles，Bucks．

\section*{SCIENTIFIC SUBROUTINE LIBRARY}

VOLUME I-STATISTICS \& FITTING FUNCTIONS
Mean, SD, normal distribution, partial expectation, Chauvenets criterion, least squares fit to polynominal and arbitrary function, repetitive least squares fits, covariance matrix, chi-squared statistic, matrix inversion, solution of simultaneous equations.

VOLUME 2 - LINFAR PROGRAMMING
Reduction of a Simplex tableau, integer programming, partial integer programming, conversational linear programming system, least cost mix problem.

VOLUME 3 - FURTHER STATISTICS
Ranking, quantiles, frequency, 2-way table, correlation coefficient, T, chi-squared and \(\mathcal{F}\) distributions and their inverses, \(T\) test, chi-squared test, Wilcoxson test, linear and multiple regression, ANOVA 1-way and 2-way.

VOLUME 4 - TRANSFORMATIONS \& SORTING ALGORITHMS
Fourier, FFT, Laplace, numerical integration and differentiation. Exchange sort, Quicksort, Shell sort, Tree sort.
Manuals including full source listings with implementation notes and documentation -
BASIC \(£ 25\) per volume PASCAL \(£ 30\) per volume
Software in CP/M (8" SSSD) or DEC RT-11
(RXOI) formats - \(£ 75+\) VAT per volume.
CP/M TO DEC FILE TRANSER
Software 10 read and write RTII format RXOI
Software 10 read and write RTis under CP/M. Supplied on \(8^{\prime \prime}\) SSSD diskette \(-£ 25+\) VAT.

\section*{MICRO LOGIC CONSULTANTS LTD.}

57 Station Road, Southwater, Horsham W. Sussex. Tel: 0403731818

\section*{FORTH Available Now}

\section*{ZX81 — FORTH ROM With \\ multi-tasking}

Runs more than 10 tasks at once. Schedule tasks to run from 50 times/sec to once a year. Ideal for control purposes. 3 times faster than Fig-Forth, but Fig compatible. Available as a "fit-it-yourself" Eprom, with an extensive manual for \(£ 25+\) VAT. Some ready converted ZX81s available.

\section*{PET FORTH 1.11 for 4000 and 8000 series}

Fig-FORTH with FORTH-79 additions complete with 6502 assembler and screen editor. Ram-Disc simulation for tape version. Stack display utility. Powerful IEEE control words. Extensive manual. Tape version \(£ 25\) + VAT.
Disc version including tutorial disc \(£ 75+\) VAT
Nas-FORTH 1.11 for Nascom 2 etc Fig-FORTH with FORTH-79 additions. Complete with \(Z 80\) assembler and screen editor,
Ram-Disc simulation, stack display utility, full support of Nas-sys routines. Extensive manual full system 9 K on tape \(£ 25.00+\) VAT.

\section*{xFORTH for CBM systems}

FORTH-79 for all CPM systems. Extensive
manual. All above features and more. \(£ 75.00\)
+ VAT including tutorial disc.
COMING SOON!
FORTH-1/O Cartridge for Spectrum, £59:00 + VAT. Ask for details.
Purchase of our products includes free membership of xFORTH Users Group, and FORTH tutorial disc or tape. Purchase price includes multiple copies. Full range of FORTH books available.

Write or telephone for more details:
0202764724.

David Husband, 2 Gorleston Road,
Branksome, Poole, Dorset BH12 1NW
```

930 PRINTTAB $(t a b \%-6,24) "$ f6 Menu f7mText edit $f 8=$ Newline ${ }^{\prime \prime}$
50 IF $\mathrm{K} \%=80$ PRINT" $\mathrm{O}++++++++5 \mathrm{C} 1++++++++60++++++++70+++++++80^{\prime \prime}$
60 VDU28,0,21,L\%-1,0
970 CLS
980 end=FALSE
990 IF T\&<>"Y" PROCold ELSE PROCNew: top=1iline=1:count=0:scrlin=1
1000 par a=FALSE
1010 REPEAT
1020 PROCinput
1030 PROCstore
1040 UNTIL end=TRUE OR opt $=2$ OR stor eful=TRUE
1050 IF storeful PROCmessage
1060 ENDPROC
1070
1080 REM input one line of ter:t + check
1090 DEFPROCinput
1100 PRINTTAB (tab\%, o)"WORD COUNT "i
1110 PRINTTAB $(0,20)$ SPC $(L \%)$ I IVDU 11
1120 1ines=""
1130 IF para=
1140 REPEAT
1150 A $=$ GET
1160 I
1170 IF ASE"/" PROCcontro
1180 IF $A s=$ CHR (13) para=TRUE

```

```

    1200 IF UPOS \(=19\) PRINTTAB \((0,20)\)
    1210 IF \(A\) =""" AND word=FALSE PROCcount: word=TRUE
    1220 IF AB<>" " AND ASC (AB)<>127 word=FALSE
    1230 UNTIL end=TRUE OR VPOS=21 OR para=TRUE OR opt =
    1240 ENDPROC
    REM store text in array and display
1270 DEFPROCstore
1280 store (line) = 1 ines
1290 PRINTTAB(O, serIin)ilines
1300 in ine=line 1 is scrlinnescrlint
1310 top=line
1320 IF line >250 storeful=TRUE
1330 IF serlin < 21 ENDPROC
1340 scrlin=1
1350 CLS
1360 ENDPROC
1370
1380 REM check for conrol characters
1390 DEFPROCcontrol
1400 A
1410 IF ABE"N" OR As="n" PRINTTAB( 0,21 );
1420 IF $A *=" M$ " OR $A *=" m "$ end=TRUE
1430 IF $A \phi=" T$ " $O R A \$=" t$ " opt $=2$
1440 ENDPROC
1450
1460 REM screen edit entry
1470 DEFPROCtextedit
1480 REPEAT
1480 REPEAT
1490 PROCedit
1500 IF $B=" C "$ PROCcloseup
1510 IF BS="D" PROCdelete
1520 IF B $\$=" I "$ PROCinsert
1530 IF B*="J" PROCcont
1540 IF B\$="R" PROCreplace
1550 IF Bs="N" PROCr ecount
1560 UNTILB\$ $=$ "M"
1570 ENDPROC
1580
1590 REM delete, insert, menu contral
1600 DEFPROCedit
1610 VDU26
1620 CLS
1630 PRINTTAB $(t a b \%-8,24)$ " Press SPACE to scrall and <s> to stop"
1640 VDU2E, $0,22, L \%-1,0$
1650 bottom=1
1660 REPEA
1670 CLS
1690 FOR line=bottom To bottom+19
1700 FOR IIne=bottom rintTAB (0, scrlin) store 19
$\begin{array}{ll}1700 & \text { PRINTTAB } 10, \text { scr } \\ 1710 & \text { serlin=serlin+1 }\end{array}$
1710 SEF1
1720 NEXT
1730 bot tom=bot tom +20
1730 bot tom=bot tom+20
1740 PRINTTAB (tab\%,0) "WORD COUNT ": count
1750 S $=$ = BET
1780 UNTIL S解"S" OR bottom> top
1770 VDU26
1780 PRINTTAB (tab\%-8, 23)" fo=Delete $f 1=1$ nsert $\{2=$ Delete line"

```

```

iB10 PRINTTAB(tab $\%-8,21$ )"Set ~ on character and select command"
1820 VDU23 $0,10,0$ :010
1830 PRINTTAB ( 4 ,
1830 PRINTTAB(tab\%-3, 20),
1840 REPEAT
1850 B $=1$ NKEY $\$(0)$
$1860 \quad B=A S C$ ( $B \$$ )
1870 IF B>7 AND E<12 PROCcursor

```

```

1890 VDU23,0, $10,16 /(\mathrm{L} \% / 40)$, O!O:O:
1900 ENDPROC
1910
1920 REM justifier control
1930 DEFPROCcont
19401 ine 1
1950 REPEAT
1960 para=FALSE
1970 justi=store (line)
1980 IF LEFTक(just1,12)=
1990 IF stores(1ine 1 )="" OR iEFT\$(store $\$(1$ inet1), 2)=" " paramTRUE
2000 IF para OR ignore PROCjust ELSE just $=j u s t s+s t o r e$ (inetine iPROCjust
2010 store\$(iline)=just \$
2020 PRINTTAB(O,line)ljust
2030 line=1ine 1
2040 UNTIL 1 ine=top+1
2050 ENDPROC
2050
2060
2070 REM justify
2070 REM justify
2080 DEFPROCjust
2090 IF i gnore ignor e=FALSE: ENOPRDC
2100 IF LEN(just $\$$ ) <L \% ENDPROC
$2110 \mathrm{~K} \%=$ LEN(Justs)

```
```

120 REPEAT
2130 REPEAT
K%=K%-1
|(60 KNTIL MIDs
UNTIL LEN(LEFT$(just$,K%)) <=L%
2180 stores(line+1)=RIGHT$(just %,LEN(justs)-K%)
    2190 justs=LEFT&(just*,K%)
    2200 1F LEN(Just$)=L% ENDPROC
2210 IF LEFT$(just$,2)=" "" updwn=FALSE ELSE updwn=NOT updwn
2220 IF UPdwn PROCup ELSE PROCdwn
2 2 3 0 ~ E N D P R O C ~
2240
2250 REM insert spaces starting from left side
2260 DEFPROCUP
2270 REPEAT (A%=LEN(just %)
2280 REPEAT
2310 KEPK=K%+1
K%=K%+1
UNTIL MID*(just%, K%,1)=" " OR K%)=A%

    2320 UNTIL MID*(Just$$,
    2340 just$=LEFT*\
    2360 A%=LEN (
    3370 UNTIL A%=L% OR K%>A%
    2380 UNTIL A%=L%
    2 3 9 0 ~ E N D P R O C ~
    2400
    2410 REM start from right side
    2420 DEFPROCdwn
    2430 REPEAT
    2440 K%=LEN{just$)
    2450 REPEAT
    2470 REPEAT:K%=K%-1:UNTIL MID (Just*,K%,1)=" "O OR K%=12
    2480 IF K%>12 just*=LEFT$(just*,K%) +" "+RIGHT&(Just$,LEN(just*)-K%)
        IF K%>12 just
        UNTIL A%=L% OR K%<=12
    2500 UNTIL A%=L
    2510 UNTIL A%=L%
    2520 ENDPROC
    2540 REM move array
    2550 DEFFROCadjust
    2560 LOCAL T%
    2570 FOR T%=top TO 11ne+1 STEP-
    2580 store$(T%+1)=stores(T%)
    2590 top=top+1
    2600 NEXT
    2 6 1 0 ~ E N D P R O C ~
    2620
    2630 REM keep cursor within screen limits
    2640 DEFPRDCcursor
    2650 IF UPOS=1 AND B=11 ENDPROC
    2660 IF UPOS=20 AND B=10 ENDPROC
    2670 IF YPOS=1 AND POS=0 AND B=8 ENDPROC
    2680 IF UPOS=20 AND POS=L%-1 AND B=9 ENDPROC
    2690 UDU日
    2 7 0 0 ~ E N D P R O C ~
    2710
    2720 REM clean out the array
    2730 DEFPROCnew
    2740 LOCAL N%
    2750 FOR N%=1 TO top
    2760 stores(N%)=""
    2770 NEXT
    2780 top=1
    2790 count=0
    2800 scrlin=
    2820 ENDPROC
    2820
    2830
    2840 REM recali text from array
    2850 DEFPROCold
    2860 PRINT
    2970 FOR line=1 TO top
    2880 PRINTTAB(0,line)store*(line)
    2890 NEXT
    2900 scrlin=VPOS-1
    291G line=line-1
    2920 top=line
    2930 ENDPROC
    2940
    2950 REM save array to tape
    2960 DEFPROCsave
    2 9 7 0 ~ C L S ~ S
    2980 PRINTTAB (tab%,0) {
    2990 X=OPENOUT("TEXT")
    3000 pl%=1
    3010 FOR YA=1 TO toD
    3020 PRINTEX, store (YA)
    3030 PROCVIEW
    3040 NEXTYA
    3050 CLOSEfX
    3060 dummy=INKEY (500)
    3070 ENDPROC
    3080
    3090 REM load array from tape
    3100 DEFPROClOad
    3110 CLS
    3120 PRINTTAB(tab%,0)" PRESS PLAY"
    3130 X=OPENIN("TEXT")
    3140 YA=1:01%=1
    3150 REPEAT
    3160 INPUTEX,stores(YA)
    3170 PRINTstore (YA)
    3190 UNTIL EOFEX
    3200 tOD=YA-1
    3210 CLOSEEX
    3220 d
    3220 dummy=1NKEY(50C1)
    3230 ENDPROC
    3240
    3250 REM send tex:t to printer
    3260 DEFPROCDrint
    3270 pl %=1
    3280 CLS
3290 PRINTTAB (0,10) "TURN YDUR PRINTER ON AND PRESS ANY KEY"
3300 dummy=GET

```
3310 CLS

\section*{HAVE YOU CONSIDERED BAR CODES}

Bar-codes give a speedy and error free means of data entry and provide a foolproof method of identification for any item or
document. Typical uses include stock control, libraries, filing systems, security and checkpoint verification, point of sale terminals, spare parts identification, etc. etc. Already most grocery products are bar-coded at source and many other areas of industry and commerce are following. Bar-codes will soon be commonplace.
APPLE 2 PET BBC micro
A complete low cost bar-code identification system is available for these micros. It contains all the hardware, sottware and documentation needed to read and print bar-codes, (using an Epson dot matrix printer). Most bar-code formats may be read and the system may easily be patched into an existing applications program.

\section*{\(£ 199.00\) + VAT}
\(\star \rightarrow\) NEW \(\star \star\) RS232 bar-code reader
This new stand-alone unit decodes the bar-code and converts it into ASCII for transmission to the host computer via a RS232 port. Complete with scanning wand, power supply and cables. Works with virtually any computer

\section*{\(\mathbf{£ 3 8 5 . 0 0}\) + VAT}

More information on these products is available on request. Please state your micro and area of interest. The decoder board is available separately to OEMs

\section*{DOT MATRIX \& DAISYWHEEL PRINTERS LOWEST PRICES \\ GUARANTEED!}

\section*{EPSON FX80 RX80}

NEC 8023 STAR
SHINWA CP8O
GROTHER TEC
Our pricing policy is to
match or better any
other advertiser. In addition
enthusiastic and knowledgeable
technical advice and backup is avallable to all our customers.
Delivery is from stock to your door, often within 24 hours.
Phone for a quote or write for full lists
ALTEK (CW) 1 GREEN LANE
WALTON-ON-THAMES, SURREY
please phone before calling 0932244110


CALPAC EDUCATIONAL SOFTWARE CALPAC LEARNING SERIES Age:- 6 Years Upwards 16 K or 48 K Programsinclude:spectrum
-Tens and Units Addition 'Tens and Units Subtraction -Picture Plonter 'North American Indians ' Multiplicatuon
Tables 'The Romans 'Spelling Tester "Momophones 'Nouns, Verbs, Adjectives and Advers. "Verb Practice
The Stucture of the Flower "Long Division -The Structure of the Flower "Long Division \(>\) Moving colour graphics and sound
\(>\) Detailed correction sequences
> Spelling checkers and "help" call up lacilities
\(>\) Adapiable for insertion of your own work, a 48
Adaplable lor insertion of your own work, a 48 K Spectrum wall atiow the insertion of over 200 questions and answers.
\(>\) Feed in your own information and check English, French o CFeed in your ow
Latin spellings.
\(>\) Oraw pictures, maps or diagrams.


Calpac Chemistry Series 0-Level
Revision tutorial programs, with detailed correction sequences.
Details of our sothere may de oo
Calpac Computer Software
100 Hermitage Woods Crescent
Si Johns Woking Surrey GU21 tuF
or by telephone on: 048672584
We have demonatration programa avallable for retaller s.
We have demonatration programa availabie for ret alier s. We would like to hear rom good programmers, graduates and
teachers that would like to help with ine expansion of our teachers that would lixe te hell with the expansion of our
range on the Spectrum, BBC Model B and other machines. Thank you.

\section*{MICROMART}

\section*{}


\section*{THE showroom for all the leading micros}

Easy parking off the M55 (junc 12)
VIC 20 - VIC 64 . BBC Micros Newbrain Acorn Atom - Books Apple IIe, III • Dragon • Electron
Games - Sinclair Spectrum

SECONDHAND COMPUTERS EASY PAYMENTS
ALL ACCESSORIES SALES AND SERVICE
northern © computers

Churchfield Road, FRODSHAM Cheshire WA6 6RD

\section*{TEL: FRODSHIAM} (0928) 35110

\section*{PET CONVERSIONS AND UPGRADES}

\section*{irs nere an new Low low pricolit
Dont throw out your olid 9 Pet}
 pups sho the main soike board, and with a small keryoard moditication tums you





Winow, LOWER CASEGRAPHIC MODE ANO OELETE ROM 2 "Cursor". Al
availible in direct or program mode.



CBM 64 quaurty sortwart
 interace allowng you to use al tre Pet's disk drives, prnerer, ploteters, modems eic
 and dexecueres whinin the PET. SILPOOD is supplead complete with interace, lead and \({ }^{\text {Print }}\) LIMK E

Mmeriae cabe


VZZWAIIE + vizaspelic, combined pickaee (disisk ony)







```

3320 UDU2
3330 FOR YA=1 TO tOD
3340 PROCVIEW
3350 NEXT
3360 UDUS
3380 GUMmY= INKEY (500)
3390 ENDPROC
DPROC
3400
3410 REM count words after editing
3420 DEFPROCrecount
3430 LOCAL G%,C%
3440 6%=1
3450 count=0
3460 wor d=TRUE
3470 REPEAT
34B0 FOR C%=1 TO L%
3490 IF MIDs(store\${6%),C%,1)=" " AND word=FALSE PROCcount :word=TRUE
3500 IF MID\&{store ( }0%\mathrm{ ),C%,1)<>" "word=FALSE

```
3510 NEXT
3530 UNTIL G\% > = top
3540 PRINTTAB (tab\%,0) "WORD COUNT "icount
3550 ENDPROC
3560
3570 REM word count
3580 DEFPROCcount
3600 VDU23,0,10,32,0:0; 0 ;
3610 cur \(=\) POS
3620 vpos=UPOS
3630 PRINTTAB (tab\%,0) "WORD COUNT "icount
3640 PRINT TAB(cur, vposi)
3650 VDU23, \(0,10,18 /\) (L\%/40), 010;0
3660
3670 REM print array in pages
3680 ENDPROC
3690 DEFPROCVIEw
3700 PRINTTAB ( \(0, p 1 \%\) store (YA)
3700 PRINT TAE 3710 p \(1 \%=p 1 \%+1\)
3720 p
372 คF \(1 \%=1: C L\)
3730 ENDPROC
3740
3750 REM delete one character
3760 DEFPROCdelete
3770 PROCposfind
3780 IF store (line)="" OR line > top ENDPROC
    3790 leng=LEN(store*(1ine))
    3800 pos=POS
    \(3 \mathrm{~B}^{\circ} 10\) IF POS>=1eng ENDPROC

    3830 ENDPROC
3840
    3850 REM eliminate blank line
    3860 DEFPROCeloseup
    3870 PROCposfind
    3880 FOR YA=IIne TO top
    3890 stores (YA) =store (YA+1)
    3910 NEX
    3920 ENDPROC
    3920 ENDPROC
    3930
    3940 REM insert characters
    3950 DEFPROCinsert
    3960 PROCposfind
    3970 leng=LEN(store (1ine))
    3980 pos=POS
    3990 ins \(\$=\) GET*
    4000 PROCsert
    4010 ENDPROC
    4020
    4020 DEFPROCsert
    4040 IF pos) leng PROCextraspC:ENDPROC
    4040 IF pos> leng PROCext
4050 IFlime top ENDPROC
    4050 IFline top ENDPROC
    4060 store \((11 \mathrm{ne})=\) LEFT (store (1ine),
4070 IF LEN(stores(1ine))<
    4070 IF LEN
4080 REPEAT
    4090 IF LEFT (store (1ine+1), 2) =" " PROCadjust, stores (1inet1)=""

    4110 stores(1ine) =LEFTs(stores(line), L\%)
    4120 linexline +1
    4130 UNTIL LEN(store (line)) <*L\%
    4140 ENDPROC

4150
4160 DEFPROCextraspe

(e) )") ins
4180 ENDPROC
4190
4200 REM find array element from cursor position
4210 DEFPROCposfind
4210 DEFPROCposfin
4230 pge=1NT ((1ine+20)/20)
    4230 (
    4240 IIne \(=(p g e * 20-20)\) +VPOS
    4250 ENDPROC
    4250
4260
    4270 REM delete and insert at one go
    4280 DEFPROCrepl àce
    4290 PROCdelete
    4300 ins \(\$=\) =GET \(\$: 1\) eng= 1 eng- 1
    4310 PROCsert
    4320 ENDPROC
    4330
    4340 REM memory full message
    4350 DEFPROCmessage
    4360 VDU26:CLS
- 4370 PRINTTAB \((0,8)\) "THE ARRAY IS NOW COMPLETL゙Y FULL.
    4380 PRINTTAB \((0,10)\) "PLEASE DUMP TEXT TO THE TAPE OR PRINTER"
    4390 PRINTTAB (0, 12 ) "AND START AGAIN."
    4390 PRINTTAB 10,12 "AND START
4400 IOR \(\mathrm{del}=1\) TO 2000: NEXT
    4410 FXIE, 1
    4420 PRINTTAB \((5,24)\) "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
    \(4430^{\circ}\) storeful=FALSE
    4440 stormy \(=1\) INKEY( 5000 )
    4450 ENDPROC

\section*{NewBrain Factory Game}
by P A Barnard
The 'Factory Game' runs on a 14 k have enough money and towns.

NewBrain AD, but should also run on the model A with minor modifications - see author's final paragraph below.

Mr Barnard's description seems perfectly straightforward, so I'll le ave it to him to tell you all about the game.

The Factory Game is based upon buying factories. You are the manager of a firm and are initially given \(£ 10,000\) and three towns which can supply workers for the factories you may build. You are also given a warehouse where all the output from the factories must go. On the screen there is a grid which contains grey squares for towns, a black square for the warehouse, and factories will appear as black diamonds.
'The game proceeds as follows.
'If you have one or more factories, and have a loan less than the maximum, then you will be asked if you want a loan. You are told how much you may have, and then asked to enter how much you want. The maximum loan is equal to the value of your factories, and interest is \(10 \%\) per annum, which is deducted from your profit (or, more likely, loss) at the end of the year.
'If you have one or more factories, then you will be asked if you want to sell one. If you reply yes, then a list of your factories will be displayed, and you will be asked to choose one for sale. You will then be made an offer, which you may refuse, but you are only allowed to try and sell one factory per year.
'If you have \(£ 5000\) or more, and more than one factory, then you have the chance to have a town built (which costs \(£ 5000\) ). Another town gives you the opportunity to buy more factories. The only problem is that you cannot choose where the town is to be sited.
'It is possible to increase the value of your factories by investing in them, and if you have one or more factories, and some money, then you may invest. If you decide to invest then you are shown a list of your factories and asked to choose one, in which you may invest up to \(£ 1000\). If you just press new line ( \(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{L}\) ) instead of entering an amount, then the maximum investment will automatically be made. Each year, you may invest in two factories.
'If you have \(£ 3000\) or more, and less factories than towns, then you may buy a factory for between \(£ 3000\) and \(£ 6000\) (if you have that much money!). Each town can only supply enough workers for one factory, so you must state from which town you want the workers. Two things to consider when positioning your factory: you have to pay the workers' transport costs and it costs money to transport goods to the warehouse. The larger the distance, the greater the cost. You may buy more than one factory per year, providing you
'If you have any money left by now, you will be given the option of insuring your factories against damage. If you decide to (and you have enough money) you will be asked if you want to insure in full. If you say yes, then each factory is fully insured. If you say no, or do not have enough money, then you are asked to insure each factory individually. The maximum insurance premium is \(10 \%\) of the value of the factory, but you may insure for less. If you just press N/L then that factory will be insured in full. 'If you have a loan and some money, and have not taken out a loan that year, then you may repay some of your loan. You are told how much you have, how large your loan is, and asked to enter how much you wish to repay. If you press \(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{L}\) in reply to how much to repay, then as much as possible will be repaid.
'If you have one or more factories, the workers will ask for a pay rise. They will say how much they want, and you may either agree or refuse to pay. If you refuse, then they may go on strike, or make another claim. Wages begin at \(£ 50\) per week.
'If there has been any damage to your factories, then this will be shown next. If there is no damage then there will be a short pause.
'When a square black flashing cursor appears on the right of the screen, this means that you should press any key, except stop, control, shift or videotext, to continue.
'Next comes the end of year summary. This shows the income and outgoings of each of your factories, and the overall profit/loss you made that year. The profit shown does not include any damage losses or payments. You are told how much money you have or owe, how much the firm is worth or if you are bankrupt. If you are bankrupt then your time as manager ends, but if the firm is worth more than \(£ 60,000\) then you have been successful and the game ends. You are given 30 years to achieve the \(£ 60,000\) target, after which you are retired and considered a failure.
'During the program you will be asked to enter the coordinates of towns and factories. The coordinates are entered in an \(x, y\) manner, without a comma, as two characters. Do not worry if you make a mistake entering data at any time, as the program is fully user-proof and uncrashable. There is a limit of nine towns in any game, but this could be easily changed if you wanted.
'The program is written to run on the model AD computer, but it should run on the model \(A\) if references to \#2 are omitted in lines 1030, 1040 and 1520.'
One last thing to add is that it may not be self-evident to everyone that a flashing cursor means 'any key to continue'.

\footnotetext{
10 REM THE FACTORY GAME Version 2.1A (August 1983) 40 RANDOMIZE: QS="ABCDEFGHIJK LMNOPQRSTUVWXYZO123456789" \(100 \operatorname{DEF} \operatorname{FNR}(X)=\operatorname{INT}(R N D * X+1): \operatorname{LEF} \operatorname{FNXY}(X)=M D S(G \phi, X, 1)\) 120 DEF FNNO=INSTR("Nn", Z \(\$\) ) : DEF FNYS=INSTR("Yy", \(2 \phi\) )
}

Don't be put off by the low price. All these games feature hi-res graphics and excellent sound effects. All the favourites are here, including:
\(\star\) PACMAN \(\star\) DEFENDER \(\star\) FROGGER
\(\star\) PONTOON * 3D MAZE * INVADERS * SURROUND * BREAKOUT * FRUIT MACHINE \(\star\) ASTEROIDS * SUBMARINE \(\star\) LUNAR LANDER * MASTERMIND * TREASURE HUNT * GOLF \(\star\) HELICOPTER \(\star\) TRON \(\star\) PILOT \(\star\) GUNNER \(\star\) STUNTCYCLE \(\star\) and 30 more exciting games
BUY NOW BEFORE WE HAVE TO RAISE THE PRICE Was \(£ 8.99\) NOW only \(£ 6.99\) MAKES A FANTASTIC CHRISTMAS PRESENT

\author{
* ALSO * \\ 10 Games for the Spectrum £3 Defender 48K Spectrum \(£ 2.50\) Kong 48k Spectrum \(£ 3.50\) 50 Games for the ZX81 E6.99
}

ORDER ANY TAPE AND RECEIVE A FREE ADVENTURE GAME

We urgently require Arcade quality games for the Spectrum. Distribution in the U.K., Europe, United Arab Emirates and Australasia.
\(50 \%\) royalties for best games, send your tape at once for immediate attention.

Send cheques/POs to ANCOSOFT DEPT PCW

25 Corsewall Street
Coathridge, MI5 1PX
 CHIPS JUST PLUG IN.
No SOLDERING.
SENT WITHIN 10 DAYS


MACHINES ONLY (BLUE KEYS)
S.A.E. for details, please.

DISPLAY INSTRUCTION SHEET
Get the best possible results from your Spectrum. Deals with yellowish white, wobblirg colours etc. Send \(£ 1\) plus Stamped Addressed Envelope

MAIL ORDERS ONLY. Cheques/P.Os to: FOUNTAIN COMPUTERS LIMITED Blshops Court. Bishopstoke,
EASTLEKG Hants) 616505
(0703)
(0703) 616505
(including BFPO, Channel Isiands and Eirel.

\title{
FINANCIAL MODELLING COURSES
}
＇Hands On＇Practical Microcomputer Modelling
1 day course visicalc
1 day course advanced visicalc
3 DAY COURSE MICROMODELLER
CONSULTANCY
Model Design，Writing，Support

\author{
－VISICALC PROSPER＋ －MICROMODELLER－MARS \\ －PROSPER STAR \\ FCS／EPS
}

\section*{VAL WARDEN CONSULTANTS}

110 Western Road，
Tring，Herts．HP23 4BJ
Tel：Tring（044 282）6714／5

\section*{ASSEMBLER VIC \＆ 64}

A professionalquality machine code software package for writing and runningown machine code programs．
An EDITOR lets you write your programor other text（like this advert！）the screen scrolls across a widthof 255 characters，up \＆down any length Beautifulto use，with FIND \＆REPLACE features，
TABs，MOVE blocks of textaround，PRINT your textout
The ASSEMBLER is then used to translate the programtext producinga＂listing＂output which can beprinted out，stored ordisplayed，whilst the machine code can go into memory ready for running or can be stored．Use SYMBOLS， LABELS，\＆comments in your program．You can evenCHAIN files together
Softwarefor a PARALLELPRINTER driver is included for fast work．Fuil manual．
1541－Disk 22.95 State

\section*{ELMHIRSTENTERPRISES}

99 Porchester Road．Hucclecote
GLOUCESTER，ENGLAND．Tel：（0452）64938

\section*{BLANK CASSETTES}

TOP QUALITY PROFESSIONAL BRAND
COMPUTER／AUDIO CASSETTES
AT BUDGET PRICES
Packed in boxes of 10 cassettes
Complete with labels，inlay cards and library cases．
Prices include VAT post © packing
LeNGTH BOX PRICE（10）QTY Amount
\begin{tabular}{ll}
5 mins & \(£ 4.85\) \\
10 mins & \(£ 4.90\) \\
12 mins & \(£ 4.95\) \\
15 mins & \(£ 5.00\) \\
30 mins & \(£ 5.20\) \\
60 mins & \(£ 5.80\) \\
90 mins & \(£ 7.50\)
\end{tabular}

ChequeiPostal Order enclosed for £
NAME
ADDRESS

\section*{PROFESSIONAL MAGNETICS LTD \\ Cassette House， 329 Hunslet Rd，Leeds}

Tel：（0S32） 706066
TRADE ENQUIRIES WELCOME



160 DEF FNY (Y
510 FOR YR=1 TO 30: PUT 31: ?: ?TAB(15): "YEAR";YR: LN=FALSE: IF F《>O GOSUB 3500
540 IF \(F=0\) THEN 570
550 ?: A\$="Do you want to sell a factory": SC=0: GOSUB 10100: IF FNYS GOSUB 2500
550 ?: A \(\$=" D 0\) you want to sell a factory":
570 IF M \(\rangle=5000\) AND T(9 AND F)1 GOSUB 6500
580 IF M>O AND F 20 GUSUB 6000
58 IF M 590 IF MC 3000 OR \(F=T\) THEN 650
590 IF Me3000 OR \(=T\) THEN 650
610 ?: SC=0: GOSUB 10400: A \(A=\) Do you want to buy a factory": COSUB 10100
610 ?: SC=0: GUSUB 10
620 IF FNNO THEN 650
630 COSUB 2000: IF M 33000 OR \(F=T\) THEN 650
- 630 GOSUB 2000: IF M M 3000 OR \(F=T\) THEN 650 another": SC=0: GOSUB 10100: GOTV 620
650 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9: \(I(I)=0\) : NEXT I: IF M>0 AND F>O COSUB 3000
670 IF M>O AND L>O AND LN=FALSE COSUB 5500
680 IF FJO COSUE 4000
690 GOSUE 4500: SC=SGN(DR) : GOSUB 10000: GOSUB 8000: NEXT
730 PUT 31,10,10: ?"You failed as a manager."
750 ?"In 30 years you could not make": ?"the firm worth \(£ 600\) u"
770 SC=0: GOSUB 10000: A A \(=\) "Do you want another game": GOSUB 10100: IF FNYS RUN
790 GOTO 1500

1000 REM *** INITIALIZE **
1010 FOR \(\mathrm{I}=1\) TO 255: CLOSE \(\mathrm{I}: ~ N E X T ~ I ~\)
1010 FOR I=1 TO 255: CLOSE \(I\) : NEXT I
1020 OPFN \(=0,0,0, " 120 "\) PUT \(23,3:\) OPEN \(\# 1,0,1:\) PUT\#1, 23,3
1030 OPEN \(2,3,2, " 16 ": ~ ? \# 2, "\) THE FACTORY GAME": OPEN \(\# 3,11\),

1070 PLOT RNG \((40,18.1)\), CEN \((1,0)\) ) OPTION BASE 1

\(1100 \mathrm{FOR} \quad \mathrm{I}=9 \mathrm{TO} 3\)
\(1110 X=\operatorname{PNR}(36): Y=\operatorname{FNR}(16):\) FOR \(J=1\) TO I-1: IF \(X=T(J, 1)\) AND \(Y=T(J, 2)\) THEN 1110
1110 NEXT \(J: T(I, 1)=X: T(I, 2)=Y: N E X T\) I: \(M=10000: F=0: \quad \mathrm{L}=0: \mathrm{KG}=50: \mathrm{FA}=500: T=3\)
\(1180 W X=\operatorname{FNR}(36): W Y=F N R(16): F O R \quad I=1\) TO 3: \(I F W X=T(I, 1)\) AND \(W Y=T(I, 2)\) THLN 1180
1210 NEXT I
1220 FLOT WIP, PLA \((1,0)\), Q , PLA \((1,17)\), \(\% 8\)
1230 FOR I=1 TO 16: PLOT PLA \((0, I)\). FNXY
1220 FLOT WIP, PLA \((1,0)\), Q8, PLA \((1,17), 08\)
1230 FOR I=1 TO 16: PLOT PLA \((0, I)\), FNXY

1260 PLOM PLA (WX, WY), CHR (147),


\(0.5, F(I, 2)+0.5)\), \(\operatorname{HRW}(W X+0.5, W Y+0.5,1)\), DRH \((J(I, 1)+0.5, J(I, 2)+0.5,1)\)
    1310 NEAT I: HETURN
15 กO GEYY *** TEFIIINATE ***
- 1520 CLEAH: CLOSE \(\rightarrow\) 1: CLOSLћ 2: CLOSE*3: CLOSE*4: CPEN \(\# 0,4,0:\) PUT 23,3: END
2000 REN *** BUY FACTORY ***
2010 SC=0: UL=60N0: IF' M SUL THEN UL \(=\mathrm{M}_{1}\)

2030 LINPUT
2040 Ir NTM \((C X)=\) FALSE THEN A \(18=" P l e a s e ~ e n t e r ~ a ~ n u m b e r ": ~ C O S U B ~ 10300: ~ G O T 0 ~\)
2030

    + +Nimp (UL): COSUb 10300: GOTO 2030
2070 FOR K=1 TO 9: IF \(C(\mathrm{~K})=0 \mathrm{THEN} 2100\)
    - 2090 NEXT K
\(3100 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{K})=\mathrm{C}: \quad \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{F}+1: \quad \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{C}\)

    2130 A1 \(\%=\) "Square already occupied": GOSUB 10300: GOTO 2110
2140 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9: IF \(F(I, 1)=X\) AND \(F(I, 2)=Y\) OR \(T(I, 1)=X\) AND \(T(I, 2)=Y\) THEN 2130
    2160 NEXT I: \(F(K, 1)=X: F(K, 2)=Y\) ND \(F(1,2)=Y\) OR \(T(1,1)=X\) AND \(T(1,2)=Y\) THEN



    2190 FOK \(I=1\) TO 9: IF \(X=T(I, 1)\) AND \(Y=T(I, 2)\) THEN 2230
2210 NEXT \(I: A 1 \neq "\) Not the Dosition of a town ": COSUB 1 C300: COTO 2180
2230 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9: IF \(X=J(I, 1)\) AND \(Y=J(I, 2)\) THEN A1 1 = \(=\) "Nobody is unemployed in
    - his town": GOSUB 10300: GOTO 2180
    2250 NEXT I: \(J(K, 1)=X: J(K, 2)=Y: K(K)=\operatorname{INT}(R N D * C(K) / 7+50)\)
    2280 PLOT PLA \((F(K, 1), F(K, 2)), C H R \neq(235), \operatorname{PLA}(F(K, 1)+0.5, F(K, 2)+0.5), D R W(h X+\phi) .5, W Y+\)
    \(0.5,1), \operatorname{DRW}(X+C .5, Y+0.5,1):\) RETURN

2510 PUT\#1,31,10,10: ? \(\$ 1\), "Number"," Position", "Value(£)": ?
2510 PUT\#1, \(31,10,10: ~ ?+1\), "Numb
2540 UL=0: SC=1: FOR \(I=1\) TO 9
    \(2560 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})\) < \(>0\) T TBEN UL=ULT1:? ? 1, UL, "
    2570 NEXT I : UL\$=MID\& (STR\$(UL), 2,1 ): ? 1
2580 IF UL=1 THEN ? 41 , "You only have one factory to sell": \(\mathrm{Z}=1\) : UL=0: GOTO 2630
    2590 ? \(\# 1\) : ? \(\# 1\), "Enter the number of the factory": ? \(\# 1\), "y ou wish to sell"
2600 P*1, "Number \(=" 1 ;\) : PUT \(\# 1,6\)

    2620 PUT \(\geqslant 1,2 \%, 7: \quad 2=V A L(28): U L=0\)
    2630 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9: IF C(I) \(<>0\) THEN UL=UL+1: IF UL=Z THEN 2660
2650 NEXT I
2660 ? 71 : ? \({ }^{261 \text {, "The factory is valued at"; } \operatorname{FNM} \text { (C ( }(I)): C=I N T(C(I) *(R N D / 2+0.53)) ~}\)

2700 IF FNNO RETURN
2700 IF FNN O RETURN
\(2710 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{C}: C(\mathrm{I})=0: F(I, 1)=0: F(I, 2)=0: J(I, 1)=0: J(I, 2)=0: R(I)=0: \quad F=F-1\)
2720 Re1: GOSUB 10400: GOSUB 1220: RETURN
3000 REM *** INSURE ***
    3010 ?: SC=0: A \(\alpha=" D\) y you want to insure": GOSUB 10100: IF FWNO RETURN
3010 ?: SC=0: A \(\%=\) "Do you want to insure": GOSUB 10100: IF FNN O RETURN
\(3040 \mathrm{M1=M:} \mathrm{FOR} \mathrm{I}=1\) TO \(9: \mathrm{M1=M1-} \mathrm{\operatorname{INT}(C(I) / 10): N E X T} \mathrm{I:} \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{M1<O} \mathrm{THEN} \mathrm{3120}\)
\(3060 \mathrm{~A} \overline{\mathrm{~A}}=\) "Insure in ful1": GOSUB 10100: IF FNNO THEN 3120
3080 HOR \(I=1\) TO 9: \(I(I)=\operatorname{INT}(C(I) / 10)\) : NEXT I
3090 ?: ?"Insurance cost"; FNM \({ }^{\text {( }}\) (M-M1) : M=M1: FOR \(\mathrm{I}=1\) TO 500: NEXT I: RETUEN
3120 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9: IF C \((I)=0\) THEN 3220
3140 ?: ?"Factory at ";FNSY母(F(I,1)); FNXYS(F(I,2))
3140 ?: ?"Factory at "; FNAY (F(I, 1)); FNXYS(F(I,2))
3150 P"Valued at"; FNMS(C(I));" You have"; FNM \((\mathrm{M})\)
3150 P"Valued at"; FNMS (C(I));" You have"; FNM \({ }^{(M)}\)




GOSUB 10300: COTO 3170
\(3200 I(I)=C: N: K-C: I F M=0\) HETUKN
3220 NEXT I: HETURN
3240 FUT \(11,9,9,26,26\) :' ?FNM \(\$(U L):\) C=UL: GOTO 3200
3240 PUT 11,9,9,26,26
3500 REM *** LOAN ***
\(3520 \mathrm{C}=-\mathrm{L}: \mathrm{FOR} \mathrm{I}=1\) TO 9: \(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I}): \mathrm{NEXT}\) I: IF \(\mathrm{C}<=0\) RETURN
3550 ?:?:SC=0: GCSUB 10400: A \(A=\) ="Do you want a loan": GUSUB 10100: IF PNNO RETUKN
3580 LN=TRUE: ?"You may have up to"; FNME (C)
3590 INPUT ("Yow much do you want: ع")
3590 INPUT ("Yow much do you want" \&")Z\$
\(3600 \mathrm{IF}^{\mathrm{N} U M}(\mathrm{ZS})=\mathrm{H}^{\prime} \mathrm{A}\) ISE THEN A1 \(\%=" P l e a s e\) enter a number": GOSUB 103n0: GOTO 3590


?TAB(15):"YEAR";YR: LN=PALSE: IF F《>O GOSUB 3500
a factory": SC=0: GOSUB 10100: IF FNYS GOSUB 2500
1000 REM *** INITIALIZE ***
    2540 UL=0: SC=1: FOR \(1=1\) TO 9

\section*{PROGRAMS}

\section*{f（c）：COSUB 10300：GUTO 3590}

3620 L＝L +2 2：\(M=14+2\) ：RETURN
\(4010 \mathrm{H}=0\) ： \(\mathrm{H} 1=0.1+\mathrm{RND} / 5\) ：SC＝0：ST＝FALSE：？：？＂WLRKERS ANNUAL PAY CLAIM
\(4030 \mathrm{PR}=\mathrm{FNR}(10):\) ？：？＂The workers want a rise of＂；PR；CHR（8）；＂\％＂
4050 A¢尹干＝＂Will you pay＂：GOSUB 10100：IF FNYS THEN 4160
4070 IF RND＜H1 THEN 4110
4080 ？：？＂The workers have decided to＂：？＂make a new pay claim＂
\(4090 \mathrm{H} 1=\mathrm{H} 1+\mathrm{RND} / 3\) ：IF \(\mathrm{B} 1>1\) THEN \(\mathrm{E} 1=1\)
4100 GOTO 4030

4120 o＂Strikes this year total＂； \(\operatorname{TNT}(365\) 粗1）：＂days
4130 ST＝TRUE： \(\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H} 1\) ：FOR \(\mathrm{I}=1\) TO 700：NEXT I：IF \(\mathrm{H}=1\) RETURN
\(4145 \mathrm{E} 1=\mathrm{H} 1+\mathrm{RND} / 3\) ：IF \(\mathrm{H} 1>1\) THEN \(\mathrm{B} 1=1\)
4150 GOTO 4030


4200 ？：pwages are now £＂；B\＄；＂per week＂：FOR \(I=1\) TO 500：NEXT I：RETURN 4500 REM＊＊＊CALCULATIONS＊＊＊
－

4530 FOR I＝1 TO 9：TP \(\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})=0 \mathrm{TH} 5 \mathrm{~N} 4650\)
4550 IF RND \(<0.17\) AND DR＜ 3 GOSUB 5000： \(\mathrm{DR}=\mathrm{DR}+1\) ：IF \(C(I)=0\) THEN 46
\(4560 \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I})=\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I}) *(1+\mathrm{RND} / 10)): \mathrm{WB}(\mathrm{I})=\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I}) \omega \mathrm{WG} / 300 \mathrm{mH})\)
\(45800(I)=\operatorname{INT}((1.041(\)（ \(C(I)-3000) / 2000) * C(I) * S Q R(R N D)+C(I) / 8) * H)\)
\(4590 \mathrm{DT}=\mathrm{SQR}\{(F\} \mathrm{I}, 1)-\mathrm{J}(\mathrm{I}, 1)) \uparrow 2+(F(I, 2)-J(\mathrm{I}, 2)) \uparrow 2)\)
\(4600 \mathrm{DP}=\mathrm{SQR}((\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{I}, 1)-W \mathrm{X}) \uparrow 2+(F(\mathrm{I}, 2)-W Y)+2)\)
\(4610 \mathrm{GD}(\mathrm{I})+\mathrm{INT}(0(\mathrm{I}) / 35 * \operatorname{DF}(0.7+\mathrm{RND} / 2)): \mathrm{WK}(\mathrm{I})=\mathrm{INT}((\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I}) / 75 * \mathrm{DT} *(0.7+\mathrm{RND} / 2)) * ⿴ 囗 十\) ）
\(4630 P(I)=0(I)-R(I)-G D(I)-W K(I)-W B(I): \quad 0=0+0(I) ; I P=I P+I(I): P=P+P(I): W B=W B+W B \mid\) I）：\(W K=W K+W K(I): C=C+C(I): C D=G D+G D(I): R=R+R(I)\)
4650 NEXT I：RA＝INT（RA＊1．05）
\(4670 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{RA}-\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{L} / 10): \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{RA}: \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{P}: \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{L}: \operatorname{IF} \mathrm{DR}(1 \mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{DR}) \cdot \operatorname{GOSUB} 1220\) 4690 RETURN
5000 REM＊＊＊DAMAGE＊＊＊
5010 IF DF \(=0\) T．EN PUT＊ \(1,31,22,12,2:\) ？\(* 1\) ，＂DAMAGE REPORTM
5020 Pas ：\(\quad \mathrm{M}=1: \quad 2=\operatorname{FNR}(9): \quad P \phi=\operatorname{FNXY}(F(I, 1))+\mathbb{N N X Y}(F(I, 2))\) ：IF 2\() 3\) THEN 5130 5040 ON Z GOTO 5050，5060，5070
5050 ？ 11 ，＂Fire has deatroyed your＂；：GoT0 5080
5060 ？ 11 ，＂Vandles have wrecked the＂；：GOTO 5080
5070 ？+1 ，＂A storm has flattened your＂；
5080 ？\(=1\) 1，＂factory at＂；PS ：CD＊ 0
5090 ？ 11 ．＂Your factory was valued at＂；FNM（C（I））：IF I（I）＝0 THEN ？\({ }^{2}\) ，＂Your facto ry was not insured＂：＂？1，＂You will receive no compensation
5110 IF \(I(I)>0\) THEN 牛1，＂Your factorywas insured＂：？＊1，＂You will receive＂；FNM\＆ INT（I（I）11＊DM））；＂compensation＂
\(5120 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{INT}(11 * \mathrm{I}(\mathrm{I}) * \mathrm{DM}): \operatorname{IF} \quad \mathrm{DM}=1 \quad \mathrm{THEN} \quad \mathrm{IP}=\mathrm{IP}+\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{I}): \quad \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{I}, 1)=0: F(\mathrm{I}, 2)=0: I(\mathrm{I})=0: C\) （I）\(=0: J(I, 1)=0: J(I, 2)=0: R(I)=0: F=F-1: \quad D R=I N T(D R)+0.5\)

\section*{5126 aEMURN}

5160 ？\(=1\) ，＂Damage estimated at＂； \(\operatorname{FNmp}(C D)\)
\(5170 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})-\mathrm{CD}: \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I})=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I}) *(1-\mathrm{DM})\) ）：Gor0 5090
\(5,500 \mathrm{FEM}\)＊＊＊YPPAY LOAN \＃\＃＊
551：？？：SC＝0：COSUB 10400：？＂Your loan 15＂；FNM\＄（L）
5530 A \(\alpha=\)＂Do you want to repay any＂：COSUB 10100：IF FNNO RETURN
5550 UL＝L：If LOM THEN UL＝M
5560 LINPUT（＂How much？\＆＂） \(2 \phi\) ：IF \(2 \phi="\) THEN 5620

 Ni\＄（UL）：GOSUB 10300：GOTO 5560
5600 L＝L－Z：M＝M－2：RETURN
5620 PUT 11，9，26：PFNM及（DL）：2＝0L：GOTO 5600
6000 REM＊＊INVEST＊＊
\(6010 \mathrm{IV}=1\) ： \(\mathrm{N}=0\) ：FOR \(\mathrm{I}=1\)
6020 N

6030 PUT \(\# 1,31,10,10: \mathrm{N}=0\) ：UL＝1000：IF M M OL THEN DL \(=\) M
 ＜ 10000 THEN \(N=N+1: \quad\) P \(+1, \mathrm{~N}\) ，＂
\(" ; F N X Y \not \subset(F(I, 1)) ;\) FNXY\＄\((F(I, 2)),, C(I)[5]\)
6070 NEXT I：＊1
6080 IF N \(=1\) THEN 2＝1：2\＄1，＂You only have one fractory to invest in＂：GOTO 6140 6090 ？\(* 1\) ： 1 ，＂Rnter the number of the factory＂：？\(\ddagger=1\) ，＂you wish to invest in＂：？ 1，＂Number＝＂\(:\) ：PUT\＆1，6

6110 PUT \(=1,7,2 \%, 13: 2=\mathrm{VAL}(2 \phi)\)
\(6140 \mathrm{~N}=0\) ：FOR \(\mathrm{I}=1\) T0 9：IF C（I）＞0 AND C（I）＜10000 THEN \(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}+1\) ：IF \(\mathrm{N}=2\) THEN 6160 6150 NEXT I
6160 ？＊1：SC＝1： \(\operatorname{GOSUB}\) 10400：牛1


 M\＄（UL）：GOSUB 10300：GOTO 6180
\(6210 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})+2: \quad \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}-2: \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I})=\mathrm{INT}\left(\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{I})+\mathrm{Z}^{*} \mathrm{FND} / 7\right): \quad\) IF \(M=0 \quad\) OR IV \(=2\) RETURN 6225 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9：IF C（I）＞0 AND C（I） 10000 THEN 6230
6226 NEXT I：RETURN
6230 P1：A 1 ＂\(=\)＂Do you want to invest again＂：GOSUB 10100：IF FNNO RETURN 6250 IV＝2：GOTO 6030
6260 z＝UL：PUT \(* 1,11,9,9,9,9 ; 26\) ：PF1，MID\＄（STR\＄（z），2）：GOT0 6210
6500 ，RDM＊＊＊NEW TOWN＊＊＊
6510 ？：\(S C=0\) ： \(\operatorname{GOSUB} 10400\)
6520 A \(\bar{\phi}=\)＂DO you want to build a town＂：GOSUB 10100：IF FNNO RETURN

6560 POR I＝1 TO 9
6570 IF \((X=F(I, 1)\) AND \(Y=F(I, 2))\) OR（ \(X=T(I, 1)\) AND \(Y=T(I, 2))\) THEN 6540 6580 NEXT I：？＂The new tom is at＂；FNXY \((X)\) ；FNXY\％（Y）
\(6600 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{T}+1 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~T}(\mathrm{~T}, 1)=\mathrm{X}: T(\mathrm{~T}, 2)=Y: \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}-5000:\) PLOT PLA \((\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}), \mathrm{CHR}\)（ 146 ）：RETURN 8000 REM＊SUMARY ．tw
8010 CLOSEw ：OPEN\＃ \(1,0,1\), ＂L＂：PUR＊1，23，3，22，30，2
8030 T\＆1，＂SUMMARY OF YEAR＂，YR：IF \(F=0\) THEN 8260



8130 FOR \(I=1\) TO 9：TF \(C(I)=0\) THEN 8250


ASCII Keyboards

－Upper \＆Lower Case plus Conirol
－Low Power
Consumption
－Shift \＆Alpha Lock
Model KB756A
KB710
KB771
KB777

Autorepeat（Model 777 －Parallel Data Output －Metal Mounting Frame Suitable for Tuscan． Tangerine etc．
56 key Numeric Pad £ 7.50 72 key \(£ 57.50\) 77 key \(\quad £ 65.00\)
Accessories available include：
Metal Case
£15．95
Edge Connector
£ 2.25
DC to DC Convertor \(£ 5.50\) （for operation off single 5 V supply）

\section*{High Performance Monitor}


\section*{MONITOR}

12＂Green P31 Phosphor －MULLARD C．R．t． －80 Character

Line Capability
－ 24 MHz Video Bandwidth － 240 V AC Input
－Toroldal Transformer －Composite Video Inpur －Ideal for Apple，B．B．C． Micro，Gemini，Nascom Tuscan，Newbrain etc． MODEL 101 £89．50


VT100 Compatible V．D．U．

\section*{Under \(£ 400\) per single unit． \\ See us on Stand 9177 at Compec．}

U．K．Orders add \(15 \%\) VAT on order total．Overseas Orders add £6．50 to cover part cost postage and documentation．Delivery all items ex stock

\section*{Citadel Products Ltd}

Dept．PCW， 50 High S treet，Edgware
Middlesex，HA8 7EP．Tel：01．951 1848

\section*{HOUNSLOW COMPUTER INTERFACES}

We specialise in computer cables made up to your requirements at the lowest prices anywhere
If you need a printer take a look at our prices．

Epson FX80．
Epson RX80
MX 100 FT III
Revolving टassette Rack
Printer Buffers 8 k to 512 k
Blank C12 Cassettes
Paper per 2000 Sheets
Epson Ribbons
2 k Serial Buffer
Free 500 sh
ets of paper with every printer
MAIL ORDER ONLY
22 Greenham House
55 Stanborough Road，Hounslow
MIddlesex TW3 1 YF
Tel：01－572 0656

\section*{MZ－80K SOFTWARE BY COLIN NEEDHAM}

1．STARGATE \(1000(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{c})\) ：the longest \(m / \mathrm{c}\) game for the MZ－80K（over 40K）．Save the galaxy from devastation． Launch probes and fly over planet surfaces in a scramble type game；clear the asteroid belts and complete a graphic adventure on the alien base．Your ship is armed with 5 weapons and there are 9 missions In this fast action game．
2．UFO CAVES（ \(28 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{c}\) ）：Fast action in the ultimate Sharp arcade game．Guide your ship upwards through the hazardous caves．Defend yourself against 24 different attack waves and a docking sequence．All factors may be altered easily．Waves inciude explod ing UFOs，rotating walls，mother ships，invisible UFOs，
homing UFOs and flying saucers．
skill with a large vocabulary．
4．UFO ATTACK（m／c）：Fast． 5．attack waves．
5．ADVENTURE（basic）：
with a map，（basic）：Recover the throne of the gods and 4 character lamp， 30 spells， 18 weapons，magic thems
6．KEVBOARD TALKER（m／c）：No additional hardware． Loads over basic．Useful gimmick program－ + Whichever key you press，the compuler speaks taloud but watch out for the biros and the fox！ OFFER 1：STARGATE \(1000+\) UFO CAVES + other program OFFER 2：THE WHOLE SET
Cheques／POs to：C．\({ }^{G}\) NEEDH
469 Stockport Road，Denton，Manchester M34 1EG

\section*{：GO FORTH \＆\(\star\) ：}

Laboratory Microsystems Z－80 FORTH Version 2.0 now includes multi－tasking，editors
assemblers，utilities，good manual and games．
CP／M \(8^{\prime \prime} \ldots . \varepsilon 45+V A T\) CP／M \(5^{n} \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . \varepsilon 60+\) VAT CP／M－86 ．．．\(£ 95+\) VAT IBMPC or SIRIUS \(£ 95+\) VAT Floating point package－includes both hardware and software support with trig．routines
Cross－compilers－ultimate FORTHItool．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 230\) £125 Choose target from－6502，8080，Z－80，8086／8088， Choose target from－6502， \(8080,2-80\), Additional targets ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
FORTH is available on disc，cartridge，or cassette for most machines inc．BBC，DRAGON，VIC

\section*{DIY FORTH kits}

Installation manual ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
How to do it + model + definitions + oditor
Source code listing for one processor \(\qquad\) c7 6502，6800，6809，8080／Z80，8086／8088， 990 68000,28000, VAX，Apple II，LSI－11，Eclipse
FORTM books－range includes：
Starting FORTH＇by Brodie \(\quad \mathbf{1 5}\) inc．p＋p ＇Systems Guide to fig－FORTH＇by Ting ．．．．£25inc．\(p+p\) JUPITER ACE－a very nice FORTH micro ．．．\(£ 78+\) VAT

MicroProcesenor Engineoring Ltd 21．Hantey Road Shirlioy
Southampton SO1 5 AP Southampton SO1
Tol： 0703775482
 8210 PTT \(\ddagger 1,22, S, 12: ? \# 1, G D(I)[5]: P U T * 1,22, S, 13: ? \neq 1, W K(I)[5]\)

8250 NEXT I
8260 A \(A=\)＂factories＂s IF \(F=1\) THEN \(A \not \subset=" f a c t o r y "\)

8270 \＄\(\# 1\) ，＂Rent，including＂；FNM耳（RA）；＂for warehouse，was＂；FNM\＆（R）；＂Insurance premi ums were＂；FNM\％（IP）
8275 IF L＞O ？\(\# 1\) ，＂Intrest on yous＂；FNM \＄（L）；＂loan is＂；FNM\＆（INT（L／10））
8280 IF P－IP＞0 ？\({ }^{-1,} 1\)＂You made a profit of＂；FNM\＄（P－IP）；＂this year＂
8290 IF P－IP＜0 ？\(\# 1\) ，＂You made a 1088 of＂；FNM\＄（P－IP）；＂this year＂
8300 IF P－IP \(=0\) ？\(\pm 1\) ，＂You made neither a profit nor loss this year＂
8305 A名＝＂YOU HAVE＂＋FNK\＄（M）＋＂CAPITAL＂：IF MKO THEN A \(A\)

8310 IF \(V_{>}=0\)＊月1，＂YOU ARE NOW WORTH＂；FNM\＄（V）；：IF V） 60000 THEN 8500
8320 IF VKO 1 ，＂YOU WENT BANKRUPT IN YEAR＂；YR：GOTO 8370 8340 CLEAR I：SC \(=1:\) COSUB 10000
8360 CLOSE＊1：OPEN\＃1，0，1：PUT \(~ 1,23,3\) ：RETURN
8370 A，f＝＂Do you want another game＂：\(S C=1\) ：GOSUB 10100：IF FNNO THEN 1500
8450 FS＇＝＂＂：IF \(P(I)<0\) THEN PSK＝＂－＂
8455．Pg \(=P \$+M I D \$(S T R \$(P(I)), 2)\)

8470 RETURN
8500 FOR \(I=1\) TO 2000：NEXT I：PUT 31，10，10
8520 ？＂You have successfully completed your job＂
8530 ？＂and retire after＂；YR；＂years．＂：
\(8540 \mathrm{~A} \%=\)＂Do you want another game＂：SC＝0：COSUB 10100：IF FNNO QOPO＇ 1500
8560 RUN
10000 REM WAIT W＊
10010 PUT SC， 29,6
10020 GETH 4 ，Z：IF Zく＞O THEN 10020
10030 GET \(4, Z:\) IF \(Z=0\) THEN 10030
10040 PUT＊SC，7：RETURN
10100 REM＊＊YES／NO REPLY＊＊
10110 GET\＃ \(4, Z:\) IF Z＜＞0 THEX 10110
10120 ？\({ }^{*}\) SC，A办；＂（ \(y / n\) ）？＂；：PUTHSC，6
10130 GETL4，2：IF \(Z=0\) THEN 10130
10140 PUTUSC， \(27, z, 13,7: ~ z \%=\) CHR \(\$(z)\) ：IF FNYS OR FNNO RETURN
\(10150 \mathrm{~A} \mid \neq " \mathrm{Flease}\) enter y or n ＂：GOSUB 10300：GOTO 10120
10300 KEM
10300 KEM ERROR REPORT＊＊＊
10310 PUT SC，11，2：？ 4 SC，A1\％：FOR I8＝1 TO 1000：NEXT I8：PUT\＃SC，11，2：RETURN
10400 REM AMOUNT OF MONEY＊＊
10410 IF M＞＝0 ？+ SC，＂You have＂；FNM\＄（M）；＂capital．＂：RETURN
10420 ？+ SC，＂You owe＂；FNM \(\$(M)\) ：RETURK
10500 REM＊＊＊INPUT CO－ORDS＊＊＊
 GOSUB 10300：GOTO 10510

10550 IF \(X=0\) OR \(Y=0\) I＇HEN \(A 1, \$=\)＂Coordinates out of range＂：GOSUE 10300：GOT0 10510 10560 RETURN


\section*{BBC Othello}

\author{
by John Webb
}
＇Othello＇is a standard version of the game the program for us，that the jingle the thing running on the BBCB．You can eitherplay plays is decidedly awful．Personally，I against another person，using the program think the jingle is the reason the program as an electronic board and score marker，or against the computer． wins so often

If playing against the computer，you referred to the remarks in line 5 for lines to have a choice of hard or easy levels．I must omit．The rules，incidentally，are based on agree with Peter Whiting，who reviewed the Peter Pan version of the game．
）LIS
REM＊＊By J．Webb＊＊
5 REM For os 0.1 remove lines \(10,180,190,380,440,480,510,1420,1500\)
10 ＊F K 220，0
20 MODE7
30 MOEET 30 （1） 300 ）
40 PROCeIreles
so PROCinstructions
SO REPEAT：PROCInit
70 MODE1
PROCsetupboard
PROCfindplayers
REPEAT
REPEA
REPEATIPROCgo
PROCcampute
PROCL ookatgo
UNTILI ll egal \(x=2\)
PROCupdatescor
turn \(n=\) tur \(n \%+1\) ，UNTILturn \(n=60\)
PROCwInIUNTILwait＊＜＜＂
80 ＊F 921,5
190 FKX220， 27
200 MODET：END
200 MODET：END
220 FORpos \(\%=1\) TO100，position \(\chi(\) pon \(x)=0\) INEXT
230 turn\％＝0ival ue \(\%=1\) ：comp \(\%=0\) g go\％＝Oi edge\％\(=0\) i \(m i s 5 \%=1\)
240 ENDPROC
250 DEFPROCsetupboard
260 COLOLR1；VDU2日， \(0,31,10,0,23\) ； 8202 ；0；010
270 VDU4
280 VDU \(19,2,0,0,0,0,5\), GCOLO， 2
290 MOVE352， 960 ：MOVE 352,128 iPLOTES， 1184,960 ：PLOTBS， 1 184， 128 300 MOVE416，961PRINT＂A B C D E F G H＂
310 FQRY\％＝160TO928STEP96
320 GCOLO，O，MOVE \(384, Y \%\) DRAW \(1152, Y \%\) ，MOVE \(1216, Y \%+64\) ，GCOLO， 2 ：
330 IFY \(\%=928\) THEN340ELSEPRINTI \((Y \%-160) / 96+1\)

\section*{350 ECOLO, OIFORX\% = 384TO11525TEP96

\section*{360 MOVEX, 1601DRAWX\%,928: NEXT

\section*{360 MOVEX, 1601DRAWX\%,928: NEXT \\ 370 UDU19,2, 2,0,0,0 \\ 380 FX21,5}

wandcol (pos\%) : PROCcounter : NEXT
410 ENDPROC
420 DEFPROCfindplayers
430 VDU4: PRINTTAE \((0,10)\) "Do you wantto play thecomputer?"" (V or N)
440 *FX21,0
 460 IFwait \(\langle<>\) "Y"ANDwaitsく>"y"THENENDPROC
470 PRINTTAB \((0,10)\) "Do you wanta hard oreasy game?"" (H or E)"
480 \#FX21,

fFwait ="H"ORwatt ="h"THENmIss\% =0
\(50090 \%=1\) IPRINTTAB \((0,10)\) "Are you go-ing first? (Y or N)"
510 FX21,0

540 goz=2: ENDPROC
SSo DEFPROCcircles
560 VDU \(23,224,0,0,0,3,7,15,31,31,23,225,0,0,126,255,255,255,255,255,23,226,0,0\) \(0,192,224,240,248,248,23,227,31,63,63,63,63,63,63,31\)
570 VDU23, 228, 253, 235, 253, 255, 255, 255, 255, 253, 23, 229, 24日, 252, 252, 252, 252, 252, 2
\(52,248,23,230,31,31,15,7,3,0,0,0,23,231,255,255,255,255,255,126,0,0\)
SBo VDU \(23,232,248,249,240,224,192,0,0,0\)
V80 VDU23, 232, 248, 249, 240, 224, 192,0,0,0
 +CHRE232

610 ENVELOPE \(1,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,121,-10,-5,-2,120,120\) : ENVELOPE \(2,16,4,-8,-4,16,16,3\) \(2,64,64,-64,-64,128,0\)

630 DEFPROC
( \(\mathrm{tab} \%\) ) : PRINTTAB \((0\), tab\%) SPC ( 42 ) : ENDPROC
40 DEFPROCgo
650 VDU4:pas5\%=0, COLOUR2

: ELSEBCOLO, 3 ; value \(\%=1\)
680 ENDPROC
690 IF Value\%=1 THENPRINTTAB \((0,4)\) "Bl acks go: ": value\% \(=2\), GCOLO, 0 ELSEPRINTTAB ( 0 , 4) "Whites go:" IGCOLO, 3: value\%=1
700 IF gox >OTHENgo\% =2
710 REPEAT: REPEAT: PROCclear (5) :PRINTTAB ( 0 , 5) "Col umn? "i
720 col \(\%=\) GETAND223: UNT IL (COl \(\%>64\) ANDcol \(\%<.73\) ) ORcol \(\%=\) BO: PRINTCHR (col \(\%\) ) icol \(\%=\) \(01 \%-641\) IFcol \(\%=16\) THENTSO
730 PRINTTAB (O, 6) "Row? "B
740 row\%=BET; row\% = row\%-4B:PRINT; row\%
CNT (r) >OAND
UNT IL (row \% >ANDr ow <
ENDPRROC
DEFPROCcounter
SOUND\&11,1,94,12
800 VDUSAMOVE2 \(91+96 *\) col \(\%, 139+96 *\) row \% PRINTicircle
910 TIME \(=0\) : REPEATUNTILTIME \(>50\)
320 ENDPROC
G40 VDU4: SOUND \(10,2,70,25\)
850 PROCelear (5)
860 PRINTTAB ( 0,5 ) "Illegal "." move"
870 IFvalue\%=1 THENValue\%=2ELSEvalue\%=1
880 FgoX=2THENgo\%=1
890 TIME \(=0\) : REPEATUNTILTIME \(>200\)
900 ENDPROC
10 DEFPROCweigh
920 weight \%=0: IFposition \(\%(\) pos \(\%\) ) >OENDPROC
30 RESTORE2030
40 FORB\%=1 TOBıREADC\%: A\%=pos\%
950 IFedge\%<>OTHENC\%=edge\% BZ=8
960 REPEAT I IFA\% = pos\% THEN1O 10
970 IFposition\% (A\%)=0THENA\% 199: GOTO1010
HENilleqal \(\%=1\) swei - \(\mathrm{BOTO1000}\)

990 IFposition\% \((A \%)=\) value\%ANDposition \(\%(A \%-C \%)=\) OTHENA \(\%=199\)
1000 IFweight\%>bestgo\%THENbestgo\%=weight\%i compgo\% =pos\%
\(1010 \quad A K=A \%+C \chi\), UNT ILA \(\%>1000 R A \%<1\)
1020 IFillegal \(\%=1\) ANDcomp \(\%<>2\) ANDcol \(\%<>16\) THENA \(\%\) =pos \% PROCchangecol our
1030 NEXTIENDPROC
1040 DEFPROCl ookatgo
1050 black \(\%=0\) iwhite\% \(=0\) IFcol \(\%=1\) GANDpas \(5 \%=\) THEN 1100
1050 IFpass\%=1THENilleqai \%=2:turn\%=turn \(\%-1\) gotol 100

1080 IFposition \(\%(\) pos \(\%\) ) >OTHENPROCillegal IENDFROC
1090 PROCweigh
1100 FORAX \(=1\) TOIOO: IFposition \(\chi(A \%)=\) STHENposition\% \((A \%)=\) value\%

1120 IFposition\% (A\%)=1 THENwhite\%=white\%+
1130 NEXT
1140 IFcol \(\%=1\) GANDillegal \(\%\) oTHENI 1 legal \(\%=2\) iturn \(\%=\) turn \(\%-1\)
1150 IFillegal \(\%<>2\) THENPROCillegal
1160 IFOl ack \(X=O 0 R\) whi te \(\%=\) OTHENtur \(n \chi=59\)
1170 ENDPROC
1180 DEFRocfindrowandcol (posit\%)
1200 row \(\%=\) (posit
1210 ENDPROC
1210 ENDPROC
1220 DEFPROCchangecalour
1230 REPEAT: PROC findrowandcol ( \(A \%\) )

1260 ENDPROC
1270 DEFPROCupdatescore
1280 VDU4:PRINTTAB \((0,15\) )"Last \(90-" ;\)
1290 IFCOI \(\%=16\) THENPRINT"P ": K\% \(=K \%+1\) : ELSEPROCfindrowandcol (pos\%): PRINTCHR \& (col \% 64) ; FOW : \(\mathrm{K} \%=0\)

1300 col \(\%=0\) : PRINT TAB ( 0,16 ) "BlackI ";black\%;" "
1310 PRINTTAB \((0,17)\) "White: "iwhite\%;" ": IFKX=2THENTUR \(\%=59\)
1320 ENDPROC
1330 DEFPRROCinstructions
1340 VDU23; 8202;0;0; O: : SOUND \(11,2,80,255\)
1350 PRINTTAB (14,3);CHR\$1301CHR\$141; "OTHELLO"
1360 PRINTTAR \((14,4)\);CHR \(\$ 130\) \&CHR* 141 "OTHELLO"
1370 PRINT Chrolis" The object of this game is to have".CHR*131;"the most dises displayed when the"CHRsi31; "board is full."
1380 PRINTCHRE131]" At each turn the lines of opponents" CHRB131;"discs that by playing your disc, "CHRB131;"are started and finished with your"CH 1390 PRINTCHR \(1311^{\prime \prime}\) 1f, on your turn.


\section*{TRS-80 VIDEO GENIE}

\section*{ELECTRIC PENCIL STRUCTURED BASIC GENERAL LEDGER-80 BASIC COMPILER}

Details of these and over 200 other programs are contained in our new loose leaf catalogue price \(£ 1.00\) (refundable) from:-


\section*{MICROCOMPUTER APPLICATIONS}

41 QUEEN'S ROAD BLANDFORD FORUM DORSET DT11 7LA
TEL: (0258) 55100

\section*{WEST ANDSOUTH-WEST PROGRANMING\& CONSULTANGY}

\author{
Programming-Writtento your requirements. \\ System design -Assistance with developmentofown system. \\ Consultancy-Help with selection \\ ofhardware and software—Initial \\ consultation free. \\ CURTIS COMPUTER SERVICES
}

Telephone 029722347
2, The Meadows, Beer
Seaton, Devon EX123ER

\section*{mare-computer invirance}
* All Risks Cover (incl. Transii) up to £8,000 for £20
* Increased Cost of Working - to reinstate lost data
* Breakdown \& Derangement - allernative to maintenance agreement

Comprehensive cover at a reasonable premium:-
Talk to us before taking a Maintenance Contract
Write with details of equipment and value to:-
Geoffrey Hoodless \& Associates
Freepost (no stamp required) Woking, Surrey GU21 4BR

Tel: Woking (04862) 61082 Answering Service.

\section*{Z－80 ASSEMBLER PROGRAMMER}

\section*{We require programmers} for systems and application development
If interested ringSteveon

\section*{061－6816276 DOLLABARN（HAL0）LTD}

\author{
for details
}

\section*{SuperBrain Users！}

SUPERLETTER is for you！
It＇s the exciting bi－monthly packed with technical tips，feature articles，display and classified ads plus hardware and software reviews written just，for the SuperBrain and CompuStar user．
Now in our second year，we offer：
－Substantial DISCOUNTS on popular nationally－advertised CP／M sottware．
－A full line of hard－to－find enhanced PROMS，BIOS＇s and GRAPHICS packages．
－A direct link to thousands of Intertec computer users around the world．
Subscriptions：\(\$ 25\) in USA \(\$ 35\) foreign （Back－issues available at \(\$ 3.50\) ）

\section*{To order，call or write：}

\section*{SUERLETTER}

P．O．Box 3121
Beverly Hills，CA 90212
（213）277－2410

\section*{IQOK！}

LQOK！
 －DRAGON／TANDY COLOR \(£ 14.95\)（ + £ p\＆p）
（New！ELKANTOP－SHOT self centring joystick
with three firing buttons \(£ 9.95(+£ 1 \mathrm{p} \& \mathrm{p})\) for Dragon／Tandy Color／Commodore 64／VIC－20／Atari／Texas／Spectrum（with Interface 2）Buy a pair－p\＆p is free． （NANOS＂quick－reference＂cards－easier to use DRAGON 32 than the manuals！ DRAGON 32
COMMODORE 64／VIC－ 20
```

400 PRINTCHR*131; You can play agalnst either the"'CHR*131;"computer or
another player."
410 PRINT".'TAB(b);CMR\$134;"Priess "space bar' to play.
1420 *FX21,0
1430 REPEAT:wait =GET \& UNTILwait%=
1440 ENDPROC
450 DEFPROCwín
1460 UDUS:GCOLO, 3: MDVE600, 32: SOUND\&11,2,80,255
470 IFblack%>white%PRINT"Black wins!",GOTO1490
480 IFwhite%>black%PRINT"White wins!"ELSEPRINT"Close game!"
1490 UDU4:COLOUR1:PRINTTAB(O,23)"Press spacebar to play again"
500 *FX21,0
510 walt*=GET
1520 ENDPROC
1530 DEFPROCedge: 1FG%<>OTHENENDPROC
1540 RESTORE 1990:Q%=0:REPEAT:QX=Q%+1:READcheck%: UNTILcheck%=pos%
1550 RESTORE 1990:FORP%=1 TOQ%+1: READCheck%
1560 IFP%=0%-1ANDposition%(check%)>OANDposition%(check%)<>value%THENweight%=0
1570 iFP%=Q%+1ANDposition%(check%) >OANDposition%(check%)<>valu|%THENweight%=0
158O NEXT
1590 ENDPROC
1600 DEFPROCcheckedge: IFedge%=OTHENENDPROC
1610 IFposition% (pos%-adge%) >OANDposition%(pos%-edge%)<>value%THENwel ght%=0
1620 IFposition%(A%+edge%) SOANDPOSItion%(A%+edgex)<>VValue%THENweight%=0
1630 ENDPROC
1640 DEFPROCcorner:FORQ%=1TO3:READPOS%:PROCWe1GhIRESTORE2030:FORS%=OTOR%+Q%,REA
DT%,NEXT:NEXTIENDPRDC
1650 DEFPROCcompute
1670 1Fgo%<>1THENENDPROC
1690 comp%=2
1690 RESTORE1950, FORR%=1 TO4, READpos%, PROCweigh: RESTORE 1950:FORS%=1 TOR%, READT%, N
EXTINEXT
1700 IFbestgo%>0THEN1900
1710 1Fcol%=16THEN1780
1720 IFturn%<SORmiss%=1THEN1780
1730 FORedge%=-1TO1STEP2sRESTORE1960:FORR%=1TO12।READPOS%, PROCWEIGh:RESTORE1960
| FORE%=1 TOR%: READTXINEXTINEXT : NEXT
1740 FORedge%=-10TO1OSTEP2O\& RESTORE 1970, FORR%=1TO12:READPOS%:PROCWE1 gh:RESTORE1
970: FORS%=1TOR% \& READT% \& NEXT:NEXT: NEXT
1750 edge%=0: IFbestgo%>OTHEN1900
1760 G%=0,RESTORE 19E0:FORR%=1TO16,READPOS%, PROCweighsRESTORE1980,FORS%=1TOR%:RE
ADT%INEXT:NEXT
M,
1780 RESTORE2000:FORR%=1TD12:READPOs%sPROCweighaRESTORE2000:FORS%=1TOR%sREADT%%
NEXT, NEXT
1790 IFbestgo%>OANDmi }55%=0\mathrm{ THEN1900
1800 RESTORE2O10,FORR%=1TO16:READPO\&%sPROCwelgh:RESTORE 2010:FDRS%=1TOR%;READT%
NEXT: NEXT\&IFBEEtg0% >OTHEN1900
1810 RESTORE2O20; FORR%=1 TO16: READPOS%; PROCweighiRESTORE 2020: FORS%=1 TOR%:READT%,
NEXT;NEXT\& IFbestgo%>OTHEN1900
1820 IFmiss%=1THEN1890
1830 RESTIRE2O30: FORR%=0TO12: READPOS%
1840 IFR%MOD4=OANDposition% (pOs%) =value%THENPRDCcorner
1830 RESTORE2030:FORS%=OTOR%:READTY, NEXT:NEXTI IFGEStgO%>OTHEN1900
1860 RESTORE203O1FORR%=0TO12:READPOS%
1870 IFRYMOD4=OANDPOSit10n% (pOs%) >OTHENPROC=orner
1880 RESTOREZO3O: FORS%=OTDR%:READT%;NEXT \& NEXT: IFbestga% >OTHEN1900
1890 RESTORE2O30:FORR% = 1 TO1G:READPO\&%,PROCWEigh,RESTORE2O3O/FORS%=1 TOR%, READT%;
NEXTINEXT
1900 IFcol %=16THENENDPROC
1910 comp%=1: IFbestgo%>OTHENpOs%=compgo%: ENDPROC
1920 SOUND\&11,1,2,12:VDU4;PRINTTAB(0,5);"Pase - no"""legal move":TIME=O:REPEATU
NTILTIME>200
1930 col%=16:pas5%=1
1940 ENDPRDC
1950 DATA12,19, 89, 82
1960 DATA14,15,16,17,84,85, 86, 87,13,18, 日3, 昭
1970 DATA32,42,52,62,39,49,59,69,22,72,29,79
1980 DATA14, 17,39,69,87,84,62,32,15,16,49,59,85, 86,42,52
1990 DATA13,14,15,16,17,18,29,39,49,59,69,79,88,87,86,85,84,83,72,62,52,42,32,2
2000 DATA37,36,35, 34,44,54,64,65,66,67,57,47
2010 DATA24,25,26,27,38,4日,39,68,77,76,75,74,63,53,43,33
2020 DATA32,42,52,62,84,85,86,87,69,59,49,39,17,16,15,14
2030 DATA19, 18, 28, 29, 89,79,78, 88, 82, 83,73,72,12,22,23,13
2040 DATA45, 2,0,46,1,3,55,1,3,56,2,0
2050 DATA1,9,10,11,-1,-7,-10,-11

```

药


\section*{by Keith Miles}
＇Grid＇is an arcade－style game for the BBC B．

The game does bear a passing resem－ blance to Space Invaders，but these invaders are more sparse and somewhat more intelligent than the usual descending droves of green morons．

The idea of the game is，as ever，to reduce the friendly green ETs to their component atoms before they reach the ground．The difference is that these particular ETs don＇t just continue their mindless descent while you sit and take pot shots at them．They can be very crafty when it comes to taking evasive action and sneaking past you unnoticed．They will also unleash a homing missile on you if sufficiently provoked（that is，if you manage to reach level two or above）．

At the beginning of the game，you have run it． 200 units of fuel．This is used up extremely

10 REM THE－GRID：COPyright K．MILES．4，WILLOW WALK．ELY．CAMBS 20 MODE2
30 ENVELOPE3， \(129,2,4,6,28,14,7,0,0,0,-80,80,80\)
40 VDU23， 1,\(03080 ; 08\)
50 DIMX\％（1日），Y\％（18）
O PROCCHARACTERE
\(70 \mathrm{HI} \%=0\)
Bo PROCTITLES
\(90 \mathrm{CLS}: \mathrm{SC} \%=0: \mathrm{Q} \%=1\) ：W\％＝2：G\％＝1：L\％＝1：FUEL\％＝0：LV\％＝0：SP\％＝E
\(00 \mathrm{RA} \%=1\) ： \(\mathrm{AL} \%=4\)
110 IFAL \％＞1 E AL\％＝1
120 IFRA \(\%\) P RA\％\(=5\)
\(130 \mathrm{R} \%=0: M \%=0: \mathrm{C} \%=0: E \%=0: H \%=1: S X \%=10: S Y \%=28: A \%=225: M X \%=0: M Y \%=0: F L \%=0: F\) UEL \(\%=F\) UEL
\(\%+200: 51 \%=10: 52 \%=10: G 0 \%=1\)
140 PROCBDARD
150 PROCINVADERS
160 REPEAT：PROC INV：PROCSHIP：PROCDROIDS：PROCHOMER：FUEL \％＝FUEL \％－RA\％IFFUEL \％\(<\) O FUE
\(L \%=0\)
170 COLOUR4：PRINTTAB（5，O）IFUEL\％＂＂\(:\) UNTIL C\＆\(\%=A L \%+1\) OR EY＝1 OR FUEL \(\ll=0\)
180 IFE\％＝10R FUEL \％＜\(=0\) THEN200
190 IFG\％＝AL \％＋ 1 AND AL\％＝18 LV\％＝1：SP\％＝SP\％－2：GOTO100 ELSE RA\％＝RA\％＋1：AL\％＝AL\％＋5：GOTO
110
200
210 COLQURB：PRINTTAB（ 6,15 ）＂THE－GRID＂：COLOUR3：PRINTTAB（ 0,30 ）＂ANOTHER INVASION？
220 ＊ \(\mathrm{FX}_{15}\) ， 0
230 A \(\$=\) GET \(\%\) IFA \(\$=" Y\)＂OR A \(\$=" y "\) GOTOBO
240 IFA \(\$=" N " O R\) A \(\$=" n\)＂PRINTTAB \((0,31)\) ：\(:\) END
250 GOTO230
270 COLOUR4：PRINTTAB \((0,0)\) FFUEL＂；FUEL \％：COLOURG：PRINTTAB（ 10,0 ）＂SCORE＂\(\$\) SC\％
280 COLOUR1：FORI \％＝1 TO19：FORJ\％＝1TO28：VDU31，I \％， \(3 \%, 240\) ：NEXT ：NEXT
290 COLOURS：PRINTTAB \((0,30)\)＂HI－SCORE＂ 1 HI\％
300 ENDPROC
10 DEFPROCCHARACTERS

330 Y Du \(3,227,254,252,24,124,124,24,252,254,23,229,127,63,24,62,62,24,63,127\) 340 VDU \(23,229,224,96,62,51,51,62,96,224,23,230,24,60,36,36,60,255,195,129\)
350 VDU23， \(231,24,60,60,24,24,60,36,0,23,232,0,36,60,24,24,60,60,24\)
370 VDU2 \(23,235,24,36,90,189,189,90,36,24,23,236,102,189,189,90,90,189,189,102\)
380 VDU \(23,237,36,129,219,255,126,36,66,129,23,240,24,24,24,255,255,24,24,24\)
390 ENDPROC
400 DEFPROCINVADERS
410 COLOUR2：FORI \％＝OTO AL\％：\(X \%(I \%)=1+R N D(18): Y \%(I \%)=H \% \& V D 31, X \%(1 \%), Y \%(1 \%), 237, N\) EXT

420 ENDPROC
430 DEFPROCINV
\(440 \mathrm{R} \%=\mathrm{RND}(\mathrm{AL} \%+1)-\)
\(450 \mathrm{M} \%=\) RND \((3)-2\)
470 T1YFNPT（ \((x)\) TREN5 60
40 T1 \％F FNP（ \((X \%\)（R\％）\(+M \%)\) ，Y\％（R\％））：IFT \(1 \%=11\) PROCFALLOUT ：GOT0560
480 T \(2 \%=\) FNPT \(((X \%(R \%)+M \%),(Y \%(R \%)+1)): 1 F T 2 \%=11\) PROCFALLOUT：GOTO560
此
\(500 \times 7 \%(R \%)=x \%(R \%)+M \%\)
510 IFMZ＝0 Y\％（R\％）\(=Y \%(R Z)+1\)
520 IFX\％（R\％）＞19 \(5 \%(R \%)=19\)
540 COLOUR2：VDU31，X\％（R\％），Y\％（R\％）， 237
550 IFY\％（R\％）＞28 \(E \%=1\)
550 IFY： 560 ENDPROC
570 DEFPROCSHIP
\(580 \mathrm{KP} \%=0\)
590 COLOUR1：VDU31， \(5 \times \%, 5 Y \%, 240\)
600 WF15，0
610 IFINKEY（－99）VDU7： \(5 \times \%=\) RND \((18)+1: S Y \%=\) RND（2日）：GOT0690
620 IFINKEY（ -2 ）AND \(S X \%<19\) KP\％＝1：\(S X \%=5 X \%+1: A \%=228:\) IFFL \(\%=0 \quad X \%=1: Y \%=0: B \%=234\)
630 1FKP\％＝1 THEN690
640 IF INKEY \((-65\) ）AND \(5 X \%>1 \quad\) KP \(\%=1: 5 x \%=5 x \%-1 ; A \%=227 ;\) IFFL \(\%=0 \quad X \%=-1: Y \%=0: B \%=233\)
650 IFKP\％＝ 1 THENG 90
660 IF INKEY \((-89\) ）AND \(5 Y \%>1\) KP\％＝1： \(5 Y \%=5 Y \%-1: A \%=225:\) IFFL \(\%=0 \quad X \%=0: Y \%=-1: B \%=231\)
670 IFKP\％＝1THENG9O
680 IF INKEY（ -1 ）AND \(S Y \%<28 \quad S Y \%=S Y \%+1: A \%=226: 1 F F L \%=0 \quad X \%=0: Y \%=1: B \%=232\)
690 FHOT
700 T \(=\) FFNPT（SXZ，SYZ）：IFT \％＝110R T\％＝13OR．T\％＝2 E\％＝1 ：GOTO720
710 COLOUR6：VDU31，SX\％，SY\％，A\％
730 DEFPROCMISSILE
740 IFFL \(\%=0 \quad\) FL \(\%=1: M X \%=5 X \%: M Y \%=S Y \%\)
750 VDU31，MX\％，MY\％， 240
\(760 M Y \%=M Y \%+Y \%: M X \%=M X \%+X \%\)
770 FL\％\(=\) FL \(\%+1\)

790 P\％＝FNPT（MX\％，MY\％）
B00 IFP\％＝20R P\％＝3 PROCHIT：FL\％＝0：GOTOB40
E10 IFP\％＝110R P\％＝5 FL\％＝0：GOTOE40
Q：GOTOE40－
日 40 ENDPROC
BSO DEFPROCHIT
BGO FORJ\％＝OTO AL\％
Q 70 IFMX\％\(\rangle X \%(J \%\) ）ORMY\％\(\rangle Y \%\)（J\％）THENG10
880 COLDUR11：VDU31，MX\％，MY\％， 236
\(890 \quad \mathrm{SC} \%=\mathrm{SC} \%+\mathrm{Y} \%(\mathrm{~J} \%): \mathrm{C} \%=\mathrm{C} \%+1\)
Y\％（J\％）＝－32
NEXT
920 SOUND \(3,3,50,10\)
930 COLOUR6：PRINTTAB（16，0） \(15 \mathrm{~S} \%\)
940 IFHI \％＜SC\％COLOURS：HI \％＝SC \％PRRINTTAB（9，30）IHI\％
950 ENDPROC
960 DEFPROCFALLOUT
COLOUR 1：VDU \(31, X \%(R \%), Y \%(R \%), 240\)
990 C\％C \(\%+1\)
1000 Y\％ Y （R\％）\(=-32\)
1010 SOUND3， \(3,50,10\)
1020 COLOUR6：PRINTTAB（16，0）：5C\％
1030 IFHI\％SSC\％COLOUR5：HI \％＝SC\％：PRINTTAB（9，30）；HI\％
1040 ENDPROC
1060 FORI＝ 1 TO20：SOUNDO，\(-15,6,10\) ：FORJ＝1 TOSO：VDU19，1，RND（6）PO ：NEXT ：NEXT
1070 VDU2O
1080 ENDPROC
1090 DEFPROCDROIDS
1100 VDUS1，0，Q\％，32，31，W\％，29， 32
1110 Q\％\(=\mathrm{Q} \%+G \%\) ： \(\mathrm{W} \%=\mathrm{W} \%+\mathrm{L} \%\)
1120 IFQ\％\(>27 \mathrm{GK}=-1\)

\section*{APPLE COMPATIBLE ACCESSORIES}

6502 48K computer（main Potion 280 card（runs all 99 Teac id．55A slimline disk drive（cased，plug straight in）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 145.00\)
in） 16 new ram card．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 29.95\)
Disk drive controller card
＂unitsound green monitor
20mhz）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£89．95
Kaga 12＂green monitor
£84．99
10－pack 3M diskette \(£ 20.95\)

＊NEW 128K RAM CARD E109．95
All equipment 100\％compatible，fully guaranteed．Plus VAT at \(15 \%\)

CALL NOW
EXEL UK（0442） 832131 most items ex－stock，mall order only： 56 Maple Drive，East Grinstead，West Sussex RH19 3UR
APPLE IS A REGISTERED
TRADE MARK

\section*{REPAIRS \＆SERVICE}
＊COMPUTERS（Business \＆Personal）
＊DISC DRIVES（ \(51 / 4\) \＆ \(8^{\prime \prime}\) ）
＊VDU＇s
＊MONITORS
＊PRINTERS
＊S100 BOARDS
＊EPROM PROGRAMMING
＊MAINTENANCE CONTACTS
48 hour service for alignment and test of disc drives

\section*{A．N．ELECTRONIC \＆COMPUTER SERVICES LTD}

130B North Lane，Aldershot，Hants Tel：Aldershot（0252） 25608

\section*{Programming the}

\section*{PET／CBM \\ By Racto West}

The Reference Encyclopedia for Commodore PET and CBM Users
Comprehensive teaching and reference book on programming Commodore＇s 2000， 3000 ， 4000 and 8000 microcornputers and peripherals．

 packling）．Five or more E12．9n each． 48 hour order turnarcound pananteed．
Trade Manager，Edward Arnold（Publishers）Ltd Woodlands Park Avenue，MAIDENHEAD，Berk SL3 3LX．
Tel：（062882） 3104
\({ }^{-1}\) A mastepiece－Crearive Compuing
＂Essentiat－Edawarional Compuitin
＂Ercellent＂－Jim Strasma
＂Comprehensive \＆Acturate＂

Send orders and make chequer payable to：
Trade Marager．Ed ward Arnold（Publishers）Lid
Woodlands Park Avenue MAIDENHEAD，Berks SL3 3LX
Send ……．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．opyfies Programmung the PET／CBM at f14．90
I tenclose cheque／PO for \(\varepsilon\) ．．
NAME．．．．
ADDRESS

\section*{DATASOFT \\ Software for the
SHARP MZ80K}

Christmas stock clearance sale：
PROGRAMS
DRAUGHTS－（Basic／mc hard to beat！）． CATCH－（Basic－catch suicidal tenants）． \(\qquad\) ．．．．\(£ 4.00\) BACKGAMMON－（Basic／mc－all rules Inc doubling）
STARMERCHANTS－（Basic－game for two or more players）－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．（Basic－fast unbeatable game ideal for \begin{tabular}{l}
OXO －（Basic－last unbeatable game ideal for \\
children）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \\
\hline
\end{tabular} SEARCH－（Basic／mc－action game requiring skill and memory－（Basic－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 1\) COSMIC HALL－（Basic／mc－fast arcade action game）

ANY TWO FOR HALF PRICE
OR ALL FOR ONLY \(£ 7.00\)
LISTINGS：
SP－1002 SHARP MONITOR LISTING（ 40 pages）\(£ 1.00\) SP－5025 SHARP BASIC LISTING（over 100 pages）
ALSO AV AILABLE：FULL Y COMPREHENSIVE LISTING SERVICE FOR SHARP OWNERS WITHOUT PRIN－ TERS
PROGRAMS LISTED＠．．
\(£ 0.50\) each
PACK OF TEN LISTED
．．．．．．£2．50
Program size irrelevent
Send cassettes and enquiries to

> 28 Holderness Crescent, Beverley
> N. Humberside HU17 OBE

NB：All prices include postage．Make all cheques payable to T．Thomas．

\section*{\(1140 \mathrm{IFW} \%\) ）\(=19 \mathrm{~L} \%=\)}

1150 ．IFW\％＜2 L\％＝1
1160 COLOUR 4：VDU31，0， \(0 \%, 229,31, \mathrm{w} \mathrm{\%}, 29,230\)
1170 IFRND（1）＞． 97 COLOUR13：VDU31，W\％，Q\％，235：SOUNDO，－15，2， 4
1180 ENDPROC
1190 DEFPROCTITLES
1200 CLS：COLOUR1：FORI \％＝OTO30：FORJ\％＝0TO19：PRINTCHR 240 ：NEXT：NEXT
1210 COLOUR4：PRINTTAE \((6,0)\)＂THE－GRID＂
1220 COLOUR3：FRINTTAB \((2,2)^{\text {＂CAN YOU HALT THE＂}}\) TAB \((2,3)\)＂ALIEN INVASION OF＂＂TAB \(/ 6\)
4）＂THE GRID；＂
M＂TAB（1， 9 ）＂YOUR
1240 PRINTTAB \((1,12)\)＂HIT THE FUEL DUMPS＂TAB \((1,13)\)＂DROPPED BY THE X－Y＂TAB \((2,14)\)＂D ROIDS TO REFUEL．
1250 COLOUR2：PRINTTAB \((2,16)\) CHR \(237^{\prime \prime}\) ALIEN＂
1260 COLOUR5：PRINTTAE \((2,17)\)＂G HOMER＂
1270 COLOUR4：PRINTTAB \((2,16)\) CHR \(\$ 230^{\prime \prime} x-y\) DROID＂
1280 COLOUR11：PRINTTAB（2，19）CHR\＆236＂FALLIUUT＂
1290 COLQUR13：PRINTTAE（2，20）CHR\＄235＂FUEL DUMP＂
1300 COLOUR6：PRINTTAB \((2,21)\) CHR \(225^{\prime \prime}\) YOUR SHIP＂
1310 COLOUR3：PRINTTAB（ 1,23 ）＂CONTROLS：＂TAB（2，25）＂CAPS－LOCK LEFT＂TAB（2，26）＂CTRL FIRE＂TAB（2，30）＂SPACE UP＂TAB（2，2日）＂SHIFT
1320 COLOUR4：PRINTTAB \((3,31)\)＂PRESS 《SPACE＞＂ 1
1320 COLOUR4：PRINTTAB（3，31）＂PRESS＜SPACE＂＂ 1
\(1330 \mathrm{I}=0\) ：REPEAT \(\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1\) ：SOUNDO，\(-15, \mathrm{I}, 10:\) UNTILI＝5
1340 IF INKEY \((100)==1\) THEN 1 350ELSE 1330
1350 ENDPRDC
1360 DEFFNPT（ \(d \%\) ，e\％）
\(1370=\) POINT \(((d \% * 64)+32,1008-(e \% * 32)\)
1380 DEFPROCHOMER
1390 IFLV\％\(=0\) THEN 1490
1400 IFSP\％\(<2\) SP\％＝2
1410 G0\％ \(60 \%+1\) ：IFGO\％＜＞SP\％THEN 1490
\(1420 \quad 01 \%=51 \%: 02 \%=52 \%\)
\(143051 \%=51 \%+(51 \%>5 X \%)-(S 1 \%\langle 5 x \%): 52 \%=52 \%+(52 \%>S Y \%)-(52 \%<S Y \%)\)
1440 IFFNFT \((S 1 \%, S 2 \%)=6 \quad\) E\％\(=1\)

1460 COLOUR1：VDU31，Q1\％，02\％，240
\(14700 \mathrm{GO} \mathrm{\%}=0\)
1490 ENDPROC

\section*{8080 BASIC COMPILER}

This compiler is supplied complete with an assembler and linker on \(8^{\prime \prime}\) CP／M format discs for only．

8080 SMALL C COMPILER VERSION 2
This compiler is available as \(C\) source on \(8^{\prime \prime}\) CP／M disks for only

FIG－FORTH
Installation manual＋source listing．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 12.50\) Available for the following CPU＇s： 6502,8080 ／ Z80，6800，68000，6809，PDP－11／LSI－11． FORTH Disc systems available from．．．．．．．．．\(£ 25.00\)

\section*{RED A PORTABLE SCREEN EDITOR IN C}

RED is a text editor available as source for either BDS C or Small C（specify when ordering）． Works with any video terminal which has cursor addressing．Supplied on \(8^{\prime \prime}\) CP／M disk．．．．．．．\(£ 40.00\) Some \(5^{\prime \prime}\) CP／M disk formats available，please state No of tracks，reserved tracks and sectors， skew factor，and density required．

\section*{CONGUIN SOFTWARE}

14 Goodwood Close，Morden，Surrey SM4 5AW
Telephone： 05243811423
（No personal callors please）

\section*{PRINTERS NEW LOW PRICES}

Large selection available．
We specialise in interfacing to

computers，including the new

\section*{M7700}

Other boards available including：－ EPROM PROGRAMMERS

MEMORY STORAGE
ADC
INPUT OUTPUT
RS232，ETC

> PETERSON
> ELECTRONICS LTD
> ACADEMY STREET，FORFAR，
> TAYSIDE，DD8 2HA
> Tel： 030762591

\section*{MZ－80K Ascot \\ by Cameron Small}
－Ascot＇is a simple but effective game fo between one and nine players．The game is largely one of chance and as such is suited to younger age groups

The game is based on gambling on horse races，hence the name．Once all players have entered their names，each player is invited to bet on one of nine horses at varying odds．More than one player may bet on the same horse if desired．Bets range from nil to \(£ 100\) ．

Once the race is over，the computer calculates the new financial standing of
each player．The bookie pays out on both a win and a place（second or third）．Various misfortunes will randomly afflict players to deprive them of part of their money．If you run out of money，your bank may offer you a \(£ 50\) overdraft（I wish my bank manager was as understanding！），on which it will charge \(20 \%\) interest．

The game comprises ten races following which all overdraft repayments are de－ ducted from each player＇s balance，the winner is calculated and another game is offered．
```

- 10 REM ***************************
20 REM
30 REM
40 REM
R

```

```

    69 REM *** SCREEN SET UP ***
    78 PRINT"EAS"
    89 FORA \(=53248\) TO53248+39: POKEA, 122 : NEXT
    90 FORH \(=53248\) TO54248-39STEP4Q: POKEF, 123 : NEXT
    106 FORA \(=33248+39 T 054248\) STEP4G: POKEA, 59 : NEXT
    118 FORA=54248-39TO54248: POKEA, 58: NEXT
    120 FOKE53248,67:POKE54247,67: POKE53248+39,67: POKE54247-39,67
    ```



```

    180 PRINT"』
    ```

```

    200 FRINTTAB(5);"
    210 PRINTTAB(5): "
    ```

```

        230 PRINTTAB (5); "*
        240 PRINT"Mת"
    ```



```

    300 ITf="C. SMALL (c) JULY 1983."
    310 FOKE446, 16: PRINTTAB (9);
    ```

```

    340 GEMA: CHECK THENGOTO336
    - 350 PRINT"GHECK IF INSTR. NEEDED ***
360 IFR $\$=$ " $Y$ "THENGOSUB2748
370 REIT *** ENTER IN PLAYER DATA ***
380 INPUT" "EMMENTER NUMBER OF FLRYERS PLAVING ";PL
396 IFL >思HENGOTOS86
400 REM *** DIM INTERGER ARRQUS **
410 DIMCA $(P L), B C(9), 00(9), C H(P L), D C(10), D H(9), H P(9), P(9), P A(P L), S C(P L), A B(9)$
430 REM *** DIM STRING ARPA
440 DIMA $\$(P L), R N \$(60), N R \$(10)$, RHN $\$(10), G 0 \$(5)$
450 FORE $=1$ TOPL: $C A(E)=50:$ NEXT
460 PRINT"IENTER NAMES:"
470 FORA $=1$ TOPL

```

\section*{PROGRAMS}

480 PRINT＂IPLLAYER＂；A3：INPUTNA 4 （A）
490 IFLEN〈NA（A）＞＞18THENPRINT＂＊＊＊＊＊＊＊TOO LONG＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＂：GOTO480 510 NEXT
－ 510 REM＊＊＊READ IN NPITES OF HORSES＊＊＊
530 FORA＝11O60：READRN：（A）：NEXTA
OUTA
550 DATA FEUTERSOEY，OUR CARO，PATINATIOK，SUMMER LIGHTNIMG
560 DATA AHMAD，ALCANON，ANC．ENT MARINER，HSK JOHN，AUON UALE
580 DATA DOUBLE，FAN CLLIB，GERYON，HEZ IARH，MIRFHOL，MR COPPER
590 DATA SUGAR PLUH，ASTERI，WELL COUEREO，HIZARD ART
600 DATA WOLUER PLUME，SPINDLE EERRY，IYTINA，ARIES DO
610 DATA MOST HONDLIHBLE，ELYSIPN，PRINCESS ZITA，PEACEFUL RUN
620 DATA MALTESE PET，INKL IGHTER，GAY BROAD，FLYING FANTASY
E 30 DATA ROSSETTI，MADAM FLUTTERBYE，COUNTESS，MYSTERY SHIP，NETSUKE，PAGEANTIC
640 DATA REFLECTION，RITSURIN，ROCKET PLERT，RUNMING PRINCESS
650 DATA CELTIC PSSEMBLY，NOBODYS PERFECT，IYSTERY RUNNER，MYSTERY RUNNER
660 REM \(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *\)
670 REM＊＊＊＊MAIN PROGRAMME＊＊＊＊
680 REM \(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *\)
690 REM \(* * *\) RERD IN
690 REM＊＊＊READ IN 1 II b TO 10 b d＊＊＊
700 FORW＝1T010：READNR（W）：NEXT
710 DATA FIRST，SECOND．THIRD，FOURTH，FIFTH，SIKTH，SEUENTH
720 DATAEIGHTH，NINTH，TENTH
－ 730 REM＊＊＊＊READ IN GOINGS＊＊＊
740 FORI \(=1\) TO5：RERDGOF（I），GO（I）：NEXT
750 CATRHARD， 2
76 DATAFIRM
－ 770 DATANORMAL， 5
780 DATRSOFT， 1.75
790 DATAMET， 2
800 REM \(* * *\) MAKE UP TITLE OF RACE \(* * *\)
\(810 \mathrm{~N}=1\)
\(820 \mathrm{SP}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{RND}(1) * 51)+1\)
\(830 \mathrm{C}=1: \mathrm{FORE}=\mathrm{SPTO}(S P+9): R H N *(C)=R N *(E): C=C+1:\) NEXT
840 T \(\ddagger=\)＂THE＂：T \(\$=T \$+\) RR \((N)+"\) RACE OF THE DAY＂
850 FORA \(=1\) T09：BC \((A)=I N T(R N D(1) * 6)+1\) ： NEXT
\(860 \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{INT}((40-L E N(T \$))<2)\)
870 PRINT＂C＂；：PRINTTRB（Q）；T
880 FORS＝（Q－1）TO（Q＋LEN（T\＄））：PRINTTAB（S）；＂＝＂；：NEXT：PRINT
890 REM＊＊＊HORSES BETTING CATAG．＊＊＊
900 FORG＝1T09
916 IFBC \((G)=1\) THENOO \((G)=75\)
920 IFBC \((G)=2\) THENOO \((G)=45\)
930 IFBC（ \(G)=3\) THENOO \((G)=25\)
940 IFBC \((G)=4\) THENOO（G）\(=9\)
950 IFBC \((G)=5\) THENOO \((G)=5\)
.960 IFBC \((G)=6\) THENOO \((G)=3\)
.960 IFBC（G） 970 NEXTG \(\mathrm{NEO}(G)=3\)
970 NEXTG
980 REM＊＊＊DPTA OISPLAY＊＊＊
990 PRINT＂k \({ }^{2}\) 相



1040 PRINT＂O2＂：FORH＝1 TO13：PRINTTAB（ 37 ）；＂N＂：NEXT
1050 PRINT＂＂ZODDS CATEGORIES＂
1850 PRINT＂EODDS CATEGORIES＂
1076 PRINT＂ 6 means 3 to 1 means 25 to \(1^{\prime \prime}\)
－ 1080 PRINT＂5 means 5 to \(1 \quad 2\) means 45 to 1 ＂

1110 REM＊＊＊ENTER IN CHOICES \＆BETS＊＊＊＊
1120 FORE \(=1\) TOPL
1130 POKE4466，23：PRINTNA＊（E）；＂ENTER HORSE 1－9
1140 GETD：IFD＝OTHENGOTO1140
1150 GOSUB3000
\(1160 \mathrm{CH}(E)=\mathrm{D}\)
1170 POKE4466，23：PRINTNAF（E）；＂ENTER BET MAX．乏＂；CA（E）
1180 GETD：IFD＝OTHENGOTO1180
1190 IFD＞6THENGOTO114Q
1200 GOSUB30日0
1210 IFD \(=1\) THENRB \((E)=1\)
1220 IFD \(=2\) THENAB \((E)=5\)
1238 IF \(D=3\) THENAB \((E)=20\)
1240 IFD \(=4\) THENPB \((E)=50\)
1250 IFD＝5THENPB（E）\(=100\)
1270 IFCA（E）－AB（E）（OTHENPOKE4466，23：PRINT＂＊＊＊＊＊TOO MUCH＊＊＊＊＊
1280 IFCR（E）－RB（E）＜QTHENFORT＝1T0500：NEXT：GOSUB30日0：GOTO1170
1290 FORS \(=1\) T0500：NEXTS：NEXTE
－ 1300 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊DETERMIN RESULTS＊＊＊＊＊＊
1310 FORA＝ 1 TO1
－ \(1330 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{RND}(1) * 5)+1\)
1340 PRI 4 T＂GB＂；TAB（15）＂GOING－＂GO\＄（F）
－ 1360 PRINT＂MrsD

1380 PRINT＂ 1

－ 1400 PRINT＂2
－ 1420 PRINT＂3

1440 PRINT＂4
1450 PRINT＂k \(\times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times\) 隹縕＂
－ 1460 PRINT＂5

－ 1480 PRINT＂6


－ 1520 PRINT＂ 8

1550 PRINT＂KN： \(1 \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times\) 相

1570 REM＊＊＊START OF RACE＊＊＊
－ 1580 POKE4466，15：PRINTTAB（14）；＂ON YOUR MRRKS＂
1600 POKE4466，15：PRINTTAB（14）；＂GET SET
－ 1610 MUSIC＂B？
1620 POKE4466，15：PRINTTAB（14）；＂
1649 POKE4466，
1640 POKE4466，15：PRINTTRB（14）；＂
1650 PRINT＂眼

\section*{PROLOG－1 FOR CP／M}

The PROLOG program language is destined to be of major importance in the development of＇expert＇and ＇intelligent＇systems．It has been adopted as the＇core＇language in the Japanese＇fifth generation＇ development programme and is now available for \(C P / M\) microcomputers．

We can supply the PROLOG－1 interpreter by Expert Systems Ltd． for CP／M－80 and CP／M－86 systems （MSDOS systems soon）on any disk format．

280 CP／M PROLOG－1 costs \(£ 220\) 8088／86 CP／M PROLOG－1 costs \(£ 290\)
For more information call us．


4 Prigg Meadow，Ashourton，vevon TQ13 7DF． TEL．（0364） 53499

\section*{DAISY－WHEEL PRINTER}

Fantastic Value：
－diablo protocols
－biddrectional
－bold printing
－auto underline
－logic seeking
－shadow printing
－SUB \＆SUPERSCRIPTS
－loo character wheri
－ex buffer
－10， 12 ， 15 AND Proportional Spacing
－fantastic value for money－one year guarantee
£375
+ VAT Pleose add \(c 10 p\) \＆\(p\) \＆in Add 15\％VAT to tolal

LYNTAD HOUSE FINCK STREET WATERLOO SE1 7EN 01－928 3252

\section*{M \＆J SOFTWARE}

ORAGON fig－FORTH
 A casseme－based implementation of FORTH which inciudes a poweriul text
editor and a 6809 macroassembler．Al the power of Basic is retained by editor and a 6809 macroassembler．All the gower of Basic is retained by
betng able to access Baslc commands from FORTH．Do not be fooled by the low price of this package－it represents unbeatable value for money and comes complete with extensive documentation．
fig－FORTH ASSEMBLY SOURCE LISTINGS \(\qquad\) ． 77 aach
Available for the following Processors：－
\(6502,280,6809,8080,1802,9900,6800,68000,8086 / 88\) \＆POP11
MUP－FORTH ASSEMBLY LISTINGS．．
Available for \(6502,8086 / 88\) \＆ 8080 Processors．
These listings provide the source for an implementation of FORTH up to 79
standard． standard．
f I g －FORTH INSTALLATION MANUAL
A complete＇how to do it guide to the implementation of FORTH from the aove listings．This manual contains the FORTH source written in FORTH an aftor，an extensive plos sary and lots more．
ALL ABOUT FORTH by Haydon
n cross references to fio－Fori74． 95
An excellent reference book with cross references to fig－FOMRTH．the
FORTH－79 standard and Starting FORTH．This book should be next to every FORTH Programmer＇s computer．
6809 \＆ 6502 MACROASSEMBLERS
．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． E 5 sach
Writen in fig FORTH，these listings require the minimum of alteration for any fig implementation．Copies on tape can de supplied for Oragon and ORAGON COMPANION
ORAGON COMPANION．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 95 full 6809 disassembler．

Cheques \＆PO＇s：－
IM \＆J SOFTWARE， 34 GRAYS CLOSE，SCHOLAR GREEH，
STOKE－OH－TRENT ST7 3LU．Tol：（0782） 517876

\section*{BRAIN SURGEON}

Anita Electronic Services（London）Ltd are specialists in the repair and service of Superbrain I and II and associated prin－ ters including Centronic，Anadex，NEC， QUME，Ricoh and Epson．
We also specialise in the repair of Com－ modore，Apple，Sirius，Osbourne，Alpha Tronic，Adler \＆IBM．
We offer a fast on－site service or alterna－ tively repairs can be carried out at our workshops should you wish to bring in your machine．
Maintenance contracts are available at very competitive prices．Trade enquiries welcome
For further information telephone or write
MR D．WILKINSON
Anita Electronic Services Ltd．，
15 Clerkenwell Close，
London E．C． 1.
01－253 2444

\section*{MICRO TRAINING}

For a professional approach to all your micro－computer training needs，contact：

\section*{David Greenwood}
on
（0733） 313174
MICROTRAINING\＆ ADVISORYSERVICESLTD． Broadway Court，Broadway， Peterborough PE1 1RP

\section*{SPECIAL OFFERS CP－80}

MATRIX PRINTER
Near letter quality， 80 CPS 80 －column． \(13 \times 9\) matrix．Double width characters． Film ribbon．Single sheet feed and tractors．Centronics or optional RS232 （£35 extra）．
£252．00
Carriage £3．50 DISKS
＇XLTRON＇－voted best buy in USA 51／4＂floppies
SSDD \(£ 17.50\) Box of 10 DSDD £19．00 Box of 10
Postage £1．00 VAT add 15\％
UNIVERSAL MICROPERIPHERALS LTD
233 LONDON ROAD，WEST CROYDON SURREY
TEL：01－683 0060
ACCESS \＆BARCLAYCARD WELCOME

1660 REM＊＊＊ACTUAL RACE＊＊＊
1679 FORT \(=1\) TO9：HP \((T)=53248+\)
1670 FORT \(=1\) T09：HP \((T)=53248+(3 * 40)+(80 * T):\) NEXT
1680 LM＝g
1709 PMF \(=\) INT（RND \((1) *(B C(T) / G O(F)))+1\)
1710 POKEHP \((T), 0: H P(T)=H P(T)+P M F: P O K E H P(T),(32+T): D M(T)=D M(T)+P M F: N E X T T\)
\(1720 \mathrm{U}=1\) ： \(1 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{DM}(\mathrm{U})\) ： \(\mathrm{UB}=\mathrm{U}: \mathrm{U}=\mathrm{U}+1\)
1730 IF DM \((U)>L M\) THEN LM＝DM（U）：\(\omega B=U\)
\(1740 \mathrm{U}=\mathrm{U}+1\)
1750 IFU＜＝9THENGOTO1730
1768 IFLMK35THENGOTO1698
\(1770 \mathrm{P}(1)=\mathrm{WB}: \mathrm{DM}(W 8)=0\)
1780. FORPP \(=2 T 09: M=1: M P=D 11(1): F O R Y=2 T 09\)

1790 IFDM \((Y)>M P\) THENMP \(=D M(Y): M=Y\)
1800 NEXTY：P（PP）\(=M: D M(M)=0:\) NEXTPP
1810 REM＊＊＊＊RESULTS＊＊＊
1820 E \(\$=\)＂RESULTS OF THE＂＋NR \(\$(N\rangle+"\) RACE＂
\(1830 \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{INT}(\langle 40-\mathrm{LEN}(\mathrm{E})\rangle) / 2\) ）
1840 PRINT＂E＂；TAB（E）；E

1860 PRINT：FORU＝1T09：PRINTRHN（P（U））；＂＂；P（U）；＂WAS＂；NR\＄（U）；＂g＂
1870 NEXT
1880 GETR ：IFR \(\$="\)＂THENGOTO1880
1890 REM＊＊＊＊CACULATE＋\(\quad\)＊－＊＊
1900 FORU＝1 TOPL
－ 1910 IFCH \((U)=P(1)\) THENCA \((U)=I N T(C A(U)+00(P(1)) * A B(U)):\) GOT01950
1920 IFCH \((U)=P(2)\) THENCA \((U)=\) INT \((C A(U)+\dot{+O D}(P(2)) *\) AB \((U)<2)):\) GOTO1950
1930 IFCH（U）\(=\mathrm{P}(3)\) THENCA \((U)=\) INT \((C A(U)+(00(P(3)) *\) RB \((U) / 3)):\) GOT01950
1946 CA（U）\(=\) CA（U）- AB（U）
1950 NEXT
1960 REM＊＊＊DISPLAY NEW CASH LEUEL＊＊＊
1970 PRINT＂G＂； 1980 PRINTTAB（13）；＂14）；MONEY UPDATE＂
1990 FORS \(=1\) RBL
1990 FORS＝1 TOPL
（S）；＂HAS f＂；CA（S）；＂g＂：NEXT
2016 GETY：：IFY \(=\)＂＂THENGOTO2010
2020 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊PROBLEIS＊＊＊＊＊＊＊
－ 2040 IFRND（1）＞0．2THENGOTO2410
2050 IFCA〈U〈10THENGOTO2410
2070 F＝INT（RND（1）＊6）；
2080 PRINT＂Igs＂；
2090 ONFGOTO2100，2170，2210，2250，2300， 2350
－ 2100 REM＊＊＊MUGGED＊＊＊
2110 PRINT＂As you were walking alons a darkg＂
2120 PRINT＂back street you were knocked unconscious＂
－ 2130 PRINT＂from behind © When you woke uF your
2150 GRINT＂MON
2160 REM＊＊＊DRUNK \＆ROWDY＊＊＊
－ 2170 PRINT＂You were havins some drinks withe＂
2180 PRINT＂frlends．However you went overboard and＂
－ 2190 PRINT＂You were arrested
2210 PRINT＂You reach into your pocket and
2220 PRINT＂find that some of your money and
－ 2230 PRINT＂pincha \("\) gotozzour money has been
224 PRM
2240 REM＊＊＊HURT＊＊
2260 RRINT＂\({ }^{\prime \prime}\) were late for the next race． \(0^{\prime \prime}\)
2269 PRINT＂As you were running you tripped and
227 PRINT sorasned your ankle
2280 GOT02380
－ 2290 REM＊＊＊LOSE MONEY＊＊＊
2300 PRINT＂As you were queuing for the next：8＂
232 PRINT＂race you remembered you had lefit some
2330 PRINT＂had forgot ten to while eatins and
2340 REM＊＊＊FIGHT＊＊＊
2350 PRINT＂You meet an incredibly rude mand＂
2360 PRINT＂and he picks a fight with you，The
\(2380 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{INT}(\operatorname{RND}(1) *(C A(U) / 2)\) ）
2390 PRINT＂gWELL ，THAT COST YOU £＂；\(x ; "\)＂：CA（U）\(=C A(U)-X\)
2400 －GETF ：IFF \(\ddagger=\)＂ THENGOTO2400
2410 NEXT
2420 FORK＝1 TOPL
2430 IFCA \(\langle K\) 〉＜＝QTHENGOTO2910
2440 NEXTK
\(2450 \quad N=N+1\)
2460 IFN 11 THENGOTO820
2470 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊
2480 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊END＊＊＊＊＊＊
2500 REM＊＊＊RDJUST SCORE－LOANS＊＊＊
－ 2510 FORT \(=1\) TOPL
2520 CA（T）＝CA（T）－LO（T）：NEXTT
2530 FORGG＝1TOPL
2540 HS \(=C A(1): N D=1: \omega=2\)
2550 IFCA \((W)>H S T H E N H S=C A(W): N D=W\)
2560 IFW＜PLTHEN \(W=\omega+1:\) GOTO2550
\(2570 \mathrm{PA}(\mathrm{GG})=\mathrm{ND}: \mathrm{CA}(N D)=-1000000\)
2580 NEXTGG
2590 REM＊＊＊DISPLRY END＊＊＊
2600 PRINT＂E＂
2610 PRINTTAB（16）；＂PLACINGS＂
2620 PRINTTAB（15）：＂
－ \(2630 \mathrm{FORF}=1\) TOPL
2640 PRINTHR\＆（F）；＂CAME＂；NA（PA（F））；＂g＂：NEXTF
2650 PRINT＂ROO YOU THINK YOU CAN SURUIUE RNOTHER
－ 2660 INPUT＂DAY（Y／N）＂； \(\boldsymbol{A}^{3}\)
2670 IFA \(=" Y "\) THENRUN
2680 PRINT＂E＂
2690 FORA \(=1\) TOS \(1:\) PRINTTRB（A）；＂GOOD－BYE＂：NEXT
2700 FORH＝31TO1STEP－1 ：PRINTTRE（A）；＂GOOD－BYE＂：NEXT
2710 GOTO2698
2720 END
2730 REM＊＊：INSTRUCTIONS＊＊＊
2740 PRINT＂G＂；TAB（14）；＂INSTRUCTIONS＂

2760 PRINT＂The object of this same is to win as＂
2770 PRINT＂much money as possible by betting and
2780 PRINT＂survivins the hazards of daily life on
2890 PRINT the race course
2800 PRINT＂Yow may only back one horse at any
2810 PRINT＂one time．The maximum bet is flat and 2820 PRINT＂the minifum bet is f 1 ．There are five
```

2330 PRINT"\&Ypes of bet \&1 , £5, ¢20, £50 \& f100
2840 PRINT"Proportional pay-out s are madNT"2nd and 3rd places. All the players in""
2860.PRINT"the game start with f50."
2870 PRINTTAB (26); "GOOD LUCK!"
2889 GETA$:IFA$="THENGOTO2880
2890 GOTO380
2909 REM*** BROKE ***
2910 PRINT"E";NA$(K);":-
2920 PRINT"3B8BYou are broke but however luck is及"
2930 PRINT"on your side and you see a bank and you
940 PRINT"s0 in and set a loan of f50.
2950 CA(K)=CA (K)+50
2960 LO(K)=LO(K)+68
2970 GETD &: IFD = " "THENGOT02970
980 GOTO2440
2990 REM*** ERASING UNWINNTED ****
3000 POKE4466,23:PRINTSPACE$<39>
3010 RETURN

```

\section*{Commodore 64 Fast Sprites}

\author{
by Edward Carroll
}

Fast Sprites' is an extremely useful are the minimum \(x\) and \(y\) positions that a machine code routine for the ' 64.

Although sprites are an extremely useful feature, it is difficult to control more than one or two at a time if they are moving in different directions and speeds. Not only do the loops become complicated, but Basic is very slow when it comes to graphics handling. What Fast Sprites does is to take the hard work out of moving sprites around the screen.

The program allows up to eight sprites (the maximum allowed by the '64) to move continuously and independently around the screen. For each sprite, you are required to enter six parameters:
x Speed and direction,
y Speed and direction,
x Minimum position,
y Minimum position,
x Maximum position
y Maximum position
These parameters are stored in location 700-755. Locations 700-715 are the speed and direction of the sprites. The speed is a number between 1 and 127 and direction backwards, rather than forwards, is obtained by adding 128 to the speed value. \(700=\mathrm{x}\) speed/direction of sprite 0
\(701=y\) speed/direction of sprite 0
\(714=x\) speed/direction of sprite 7
\(715=y\) speed/direction of sprite 7
Setting any of these locations to a 0 will stop movement of the relevant sprite in the appropriate direction. Locations 720-735
sprite can have. When the x or y coordinate of a sprite equals its corresponding minimum coordinate, its direction will be reversed.
\(720=\) Minimum \(\times\) position of sprite 0
\(721=\) Minimum y position of sprite 0
\(734=\) Minimum \(x\) position of sprite 7
\(735=\) Minimum y position of sprite 7
Locations 740 - 755 are the maximum positions the sprites can have. When the \(x\) or \(y\) coordinate of a sprite equals its corresponding maximum coordinate, the sprite direction is reversed. For the maximum \(x\) position, 256 must be added to the value to get the true maximum position. For example, a value of 64 equals a maximum \(x\) position of \(320(64+256)\) \(740=\) Maximum \(x\) position of sprite 0
\(741=\) Maximum y position of sprite 0
\(754=\) Maximum x position of sprite 7
\(755=\) Maximum y position of sprite 7
As well as the location just mentioned, two other locations are used by the routine. Location 1023 controls the over-all speed of the sprites movement. 1 = fastest, \(255=\) slowest. When POKEing this location, location 2 should be POKEd wit h the same value or a delay may occur between the change of speed.

Location 254 controls whether the interrupt routine updates the sprite positions or not. An 0 here enables the routine while a 1 disables the routine and lets the sprite be used as normal.
```

10 PRINT-CCLE] MEADINO MACHINE-CDOE"

```


```


# PRINT"TC.E3ETART ROUTINE OY 'gVE 49152.

O PrINT"EMADLE BY POCE Z2,0.
70 PRINT"DIEAMLE OY 'mace 204,1
807,

```

```

1000 DATA120,149,192,141,21,3,169,13,141,20,3,00,94,165,234,200,11
1010 DNTA4,190,2,240,3,74, н, 254,173,250,3,135,2,32,30,172,%0
1020 DATA76,49,234,162,0,130,74,14,164,1E,12,41,127,240,110,109,17%
1030 DATA1C, 2,N1,01,153,202,254,0,201,201,9,173,14,204,25,164,147
1040 DMTA1OK 141,14,204,104,0,201,221,203,2,144,20,134,74,174,0,173
1050 gatalT3,14,200,57,164,192,240,4,107,1E0,2,9,124,157.150,2,124
1040 DNTA1F1,202, 201,210,74,157,172,41,127,115,252,222,0,200,107,0,141
1070 DATAZ04,201,250,200,11,173,16,201,57,172,172,141,16,200,160,200,166
1000 MATA221,200,2,174,20,154,74,174,1,173,16, 200,57,104,102,204,244

```


```

A short demonstration program showing how to use Fast Sprites

- reem thib proenam demonatmate how a serite may be moved mound thil
1 REM BCREEN INDEPENDNNTLY OF ANY PROMNM MNICH MAY ME RUNNINE. OF COUNEE,
I
2 Rem BY\&alis2,
20 POKEzSA,10
MEN START MOUTINE

```

\section*{DISR COPYING SERVICE}

Moving data and program files from one machine to another is of ten made difficult because different manufacturers have adopted different disk format standards.

We can copy your files to and from almost any disk format including CP/M, MSDOS, PCDOS, TRSDOS, ISIS,
APPLE, SIRIUS, PDPIl, VAX, and IBM
Disks are normally despatched on the day they are received.
Our charge is \(£ 10.00\) + disk + VAT Special prices for quantities and tape to disk transfers.

For more information call us.


4 Prigg Meadow, Ashburton, Devon TQ137DF. TEL. (0364) 53499

\section*{WHO CARES?}

FOK COMMODORE 64 . . .
Great new arcade games for the 64 include STIX, 3D-GLOOPER and CRAZY KONG at \(£ 8.95\) each including VAT. Games on the way include WILDFIRE and XERONS. Look out for these games in Boots or at your local dealer - or order direct from SUPERSOFT (we don't charge postage).

WRITE OR PHONE TODAY FOR YOUR CATALOGUE
SUPERSOFT
Winchester House, Canning Road, Wealdstone, Harrow, Middlesex, HA37SJ
Telephone: 01-861 1166

\section*{}

\section*{THE WERLD FROM
}

Only \(£ 3095\) + VAT Complete
\(01+\) Microtelex + complete accessories
and installation
MICROTELEX Interface means
Ol Emulates expensive B.T
Electronic Telex Machines
PLUS: GIVES ALL REGULA Lus: GIVSES! URES!
- AuTODIALI
\(200+\) NUMBER MEMORY!
- TTME DELAY FOR OTHER TIME
- ZONESTILLE SEND - telex
- Multiple send - telex
- RECEIVES DIRECT TO DISC

Telephone (0295)
67551
Telox: 83074


THE NEW DELTA 14 HANDSET FOR THE BBC Used for years by DATABASE owners these high Specification handsets have 14 pushbuttons to take the strain off of your keyboard．
The DELTA 14 comes in two parts．One handset will plug into the A／d to give anologue spring return plug into the A／d to give anologu
The second part is the DELTA \(14 \mathrm{~B} / 1\) adaptor box The second part is the DELTA 14B／1 adaptor box
which connects the 15 way＂ D ＂to the user port． which connects the 15 way＂D＂to the user port．
This gives 12 buttons on a \(4 \times 3\) matrix．The eighth line selects a second joystick which can be plugged into the adaptor box．

DELTA 14B JOYSTICK HANDSET FOR BBC \(£ 12.95\)
DELTA 14B／1 ADAPTOR BOX AND CABLE \(£ 13.95\)
OELTA DRIVER PROGRAMMES GASSETTE \(£ 5.95\) DISK（40T or 807）\(£ 8.95\)

VOLTMACE LTD．，PARK DRIVE， BALDOCK，HERTS．
Cheque or PO with order．Prices INCLUDE VAT，ist Class Post，immediate despatch－ 7 day money back guarantee． Caliers welcome Monday to Friday．Telephone：（0462） 894410

BUSINESS SOFTWARE DBASE IIT＂ \(+\) MACCS II

The IDEAL partners for your business

MACCS II consists of modules written In DBASE II for sales，purchase，nomin－ al ledgers，stock control，invoicing etc． Modules start from \(\mathbf{£ 7 9 . 0 0}\) ．

DBASE II is a trademark of Ashton－Tate．
MICROSYS LTD．
58 High Street，Prescot L34 6HQ 051－426 7271／051－4306650

> IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN micromart CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01－636 6890

\section*{MZ－80K Transposer}

\section*{by Peter Barker}
＇Transposer＇is a good example of the old maxim that programs need be neither long nor complex in order to be useful．

The author wrote the program after his recorder－playing daughter repeatedly wanted him to transpose tunes from music books so that they would fit within the range of her recorder．Transposing a tune NEM VIDEO CHIP
 REM BETMEINTEME Hent mi miti position REM EET OVERML SEEED ner kit x／r gpeads REM BET \(X / Y\) MINIMM POBITIONG REA EET XIY MAXIMIM MOI ItION REEM ENAELE INTERARUPTB AND gTART BPRITE means simply shifting each note up／down
by one or more semi－tones．
To use the program，you enter th number of sharps or flats present in th original，tell the program whether you wis to transpose up or down and over ho many semitones you wish to shift th melody．You then enter the tune itself an the program displays the new notes an plays the melody．
```

10 PRINT"G
20 REM SET UP DATA
3O DIM NT$(13,12) CV(13):POKE106日2
30 DIM NT$(13,12),CV(13):POKE106日2,1
40 CV(O)=4:FORI=1TO13:FORJ=1TO12
SO READ NT$(1, J):NEXTJ:READ CV(I):NEXTI
60 DATAA, A#, B,C, C#, D, D#,E,F,FW,G,GW, 11 
CO DATABG,B,C,DG,D,EG,E,F,GG,G,AB,A,G
CO DATAB,C,CW,D,DW,E,F,FW,G,GW,A,AW,1
100 DATADG,D,ED,E,F,Gb,G,Ab,A,Bb,B,C,S
110 DATAD,D#,E,F,FW,G,G*,A,AW,B,C,CW,13
1 2 0 ~ D A T A E V , E , F , G b , G , A B , A , B G , B , C , D b , D , 4 4
130 DATAE,F,FW,G,G#,A, AW,B,C,C#,D,D#, 隹
140 DATAF,GL,G,AB,A,BL,B,C,DG,D,Eb;E,Z
150 DATAGD,G,AG,A,BU,B,C,DD,D,ED,E,F,7
160 DATAG,G#,A,A|,B,C,C#,D,D#, E,F,F#,12
170 DATAAB,A,BL,B,C,DB,D,ED,E,F,GG,G,5
1BO DATA FW,G,G&,A,A#,B,EW,CN,D,DN,E,F,10
190 REM INPUT SCALE DATA
200 PRINT"IS TUNE TRANSPOSER"
210 PRINT"gDoes the original key-signature have B sharps or flats (S/F/N)";
220 INPUT"?";S$:N=ASC(S\&)
230 1F (N<>>0) * (N<>日3) \# (N< >7B) THEN2O0
240 IFN=7日THENS=0:GOTO260

```

```

260 S=INT (S): IFN=7OTHENS=S+7
2日0 IF (N<>日5) (N<>6日) THENPRINT"" up or down (U/D)?";U$:N=ASC(U$)
280 IF (N< >日5)*(N<>6日) THENPRINT"!R
290 INPUT"SHow many semltones?"!NN EB":GOTO260
300 1F(NNK<1)+(NN>12)THENPRINT"IB BR":GOTOZ90
310 SK=SC:IFN=6日THENNN=-1 *NN
320 IFSC=13THENSK=10
330 N=SK+NN:IFN<1THENN=N+12
340 IFN>12THENN=N-12
350 REM}\mathrm{ INPUT NOTES \& TRANSPOSE
360 PRINT"EKey-in a line of notes (followed by s a for sharpgor f for".
370 PRINT"f1ats). restart.g"
380 INPUT NB:PRINT"E "!
390 1FN\& ="!"THEN200
400 LN=LEN(N$): FORI=1 TOLN
410 A$=MID$(N*,I,1):B$=MID$(N&,I+1,1)
420 IFA$=" "THEN490
430 IF (A$="S")+(A&=""")THEN490
440 IF (As="L")+(As="b") THEN490
450 IF (B*="S")+(Bs="*") THENA * = As+":*
460 IF (B&="L")+(Es="b") THENA =A +"'
470 FORJ=1TO12:IFA&=NT&(SC,J)THENPRINTNT$(N,J);" "s:MUSICNT\$(N,J):J=12: GOTO490
80 NEXTJ:PRINT"? "
490 NEXTI:PRINT"g ": GOTO3EO

```

\section*{Dragon Moonraker}

\section*{by Ian Gillies}
＇Moonraker＇is a games program for the POKE statement in line 50 would，of Dragon 32 based on the closing sequences course，have to be omitted．A single of the film of the same name．I can see no reason why it shouldn＇t also run on the Tandy Colour computer，but as we had no way of testing this I don＇t guarantee it．The joystick is required．
Instructions are given within the prog－ ram．If you find the game too fast，remove the POKE in line 50.

\section*{PROGRAMS}
```

LINE（84，84）－（ 168,84 ），PSET
120 PRINT( 87,41),5:PRINT( 165,60),5:PAINT( 150,127),5:PAINT( 86,120),5
130 ORAW"EM149,45;D15

```
    150 DRAW"BM165,98; U2L \(301.5 R 9 U 2\)
    150 DRAW"BM129,110;112L9D15R9IJ3L2R2D1D4
    160 DRFW"Br196,62; U3L9015R9U2"
    170 FORY \(=1\) TOSGO \(\cdot\) NEXTY
- 189 PLAY"O2T7CDL2ELSGEL2R"
    196 FORY \(=1\) T03000 ' NEXTY
    200 SCREEND. 1
- 210 PMODE4, \(1:\) PCLS
    230 CIRCLE (109, 100)
    (100, 100), 10
    240 GET( 90,99\()-(110,110), 8,6\)
    250 PCLS
    260 GEI( 90,90 )-( 110,110 ), D, r
    280 CLS日
    290 PRINTE39, "I.C.G.C. PRESENT",
    300 PRINTE165, "BROOK BOND RSTROHAIUT"
    310 PRINTE290, "IN A NEW COMPUTER RCVENTURE"
    329 SCREENG, 1
    330 PLAY"T6L302V20FFD-P20V1GL1FP20Y20L30+FFO-P20L1V1GFP20V20G1+LPFFP5GL5FL 3FP10GF
    O-L2P4EO+ECE; 2;ECEO-BO+ECE;2;ECEO-L29V31EBV25BBV20EEV15BBV10EBV5BEV1EB"
    349 SCREEN 1,1
    \(350 x=0\)
    \(360 X=X+3: Y=84:\) PUT \((X, Y)-(X+20, Y+20), B\), PSET
    \(380 X=X+3: \operatorname{PUT}(X, Y)-(X+20, Y+2 ⿹), B\), PSE
    \(380 X=X+3:\) PUT \((X, Y)-(X+20, Y+2 ⿹), B\), PSE
390 PUT \(X 1, Y 1)-(X 1+29, Y 1+29), D, P S E T\)
    390 PUT \(X 1, Y 1)-(X 1+2\)
400 IF \(X<=226\) THEN 360

    : NEXTY:FORY = 256 TO265, PRINTEY, CHRS (143): NEXTY
    42घ̄ SCREEN0, B: PRINTL265, "MOUNRRKE"
    439 PLAY"T302V15L2DRL1BP2GL.5ABCL2RF6L6CL5RBO+L4DEL3DO-L4DO+DL1ECO-BO+L1C"

    45円 PRINTE32;"PRRX IS OEFID. AS BROOK BOND Gต3YOU MUST DESTROY THE GLOEES HITHTH
    EIR DERDLY CRRGO. THE NU'TBER OFGLOBES IS IMCERTAIH RS MOONFRKE ONE'S SCRHNEF' IS F
    RULTY DUE TO RTMOSPHERIC HERT.
    460 PRINT "YOU DO HOWEVER KNOW THERE RRE BETWEEN 19 RMD 15 GLOBES. MOOHRRAKE UNE
    IS LOCKED OH COUJRSE AND WILL REMAIN LOCKED UHTIL ALL THEGLOEES HFIVE EEEHE CEST
    ROYED. IF THIS IS NOT DONE THE
\(470 D H R A K E ~ W R I N T ~ W I L L ~ E I U R I N ~ I U P!" ~\)
    470 PRINT
480 SCREENO, 1
    490 DIM S(11):DIM C(11):DIM G(5)
    550 PMODE4, 1 PCLS
    519 GET(1,1)-(21,21),C,G
520 rosubiab
    \(529 \quad 10\)

    \(540 X=X+1\) : CIRCLE \((127,180), X, .21\) IF \(X<148\) THENS 40
    \(550 x=0\)
    561 LINE ( 0,24 )-( 256,22\(),\) PSET, BF
    570 COLORG,5,LINE (0,190)-(256,0), PSET, B,COLOR5, 0

    599 SCREEN1,1
    600 PLRY"02T3V15L1CF20L4CL1,2;P20L2C0-:9; \(\mathrm{Al}^{\prime \prime}\)
    610 \(A=100 \cdot \mathrm{~B}=100: G=10+R H D(5): T=50: S C=0 \cdot G 1=6\)
    620 IFFEEK \((65280)=1260\) R PEEK 65280\()=254\) THEN LINE 128,27\()-(A+10, B+10)\), PSET SOUNDQ
    55, \(1: \operatorname{LINE}(128,27)-(A+10,8+19)\), PRESET I IF PPOINT \((A+11,8+11)=5\) THEN GUSUB959: \(\mathrm{SC}=\mathrm{SC}+1\)
    0: PUT \((X, Y)-(X+4, Y+4), G\), PRESET: \(X=0, G=G-1\) IF \(G(=0\) THENBS
    630 LINE \((224,8)-(T, 8)\), PRESET: \(T=T+1\)
    649 LINE \((224,8)-(T, 8)\), PSET: IFTw224THEH4940
    650 PUT \((X, Y)-(X+4, Y+4), G\), PRESET : IF \(X>248\) THEN \(X=0\)

    689 PUT \(日\) 日) ( \(9+20\) 时
    690 A \(1=A \cdot B 1=E\)
    \(700 x=X+10: Y=R N D(10+2 *(S K))+56:\) PUT \((X, Y)-(x+4, Y+4)\), G, PSET
    710 GOTO620
    720 END
    730 FORY=5TO18STEPS
    740 CIRCLE 128,98 ), \(\%\)
    750 NEXTY
    760 GET ( 118,88 )-( 138,108\(), S, G\)
    770 PCLS
780
月獭=
    780 A \(=\) = \(\operatorname{CM} 100,100\); R404L4U3R3D2L3U1RE": DRFW R
    790 GET ( 100,100\()-(104,104), G, G\)
800 FORZ \(=101000 . N E X T Z\)
    800 FORZ=1 TO1000 : NEXTZ
    810 PCLS
    82 Th="BM228, 4 ;L4R2D4; BM231, 4D4; BM234, 8; U4DR2DRURZUD4; BM242, 4D4R3L3U2RZL2U2P3"
    B4E RETURN
    850 CLS:PRINT"WELL DONE YOU HRVE DESTROYED"G1"GLOBES!"
    860 PRINT"YOUR SCORE WRS" I INT(SC/(T/10)*10R10)
    870 PRINT, PRINT"RHOTHER GOKY/N)"
    880 SCREENO, 1
    890 I \(=\) INKEY
    900 IF Is w" "THEN890
    910 IF I \(=\) ="Y"THEN580
    920 IF Is="N"THEN POKE65494, 0:END
    939 CLS:PRIMT "YOU RAN OUT OF TIME RND BURNED UF IN THE RTMUSPHERE!"; IIUTOE7E

950 P
TURN

2

\section*{Spectrum Screen Extension}

\section*{by Gauden Galea}

The Spectrum，like the ZX81，reserves the two bottom lines of the screen display for prompts and error messages．This can be inconvenient when designing screen dis－ plays，particularly during games where as much of the screen as possible needs to be used for graphics．＇Screen extension＇ allows text to be printed on the bottom lines of the screen thus freeing the rest for graphics．Although the program will run
on a 16 k machine，there is not really sufficient memory for it to be used as a subroutine in a long program．

To print a string to one of the bottom lines，you should enter the string as a data statement in the form＂RRCC＊FBPI＊ text＂where：\(R R=\) row to print at， \(\mathrm{CC}=\) column, \(\mathrm{F}=\) flash \((0\) or 1\(), \mathrm{B}=\) bright （ 0 or 1 ），\(P=\) paper colour（ \(0-7\) ）and \(I=\) ink colour（0－7）．If the data string is empty，

MICROMART


CHATTERBOX II＂ ＂can say anyming：
Genuine phoneme synthesis－not just recorded speech－hence unlimited vocabulary
Programmable pitch for more natural intonation （exclusive to Wm Stuart Systems）－solid tone cabinet for quality sound－integral beep／music amplifier．PLUS expansion socket for BIG EARS voice recognition system．Full instructions technical notes and software supplied with this outstanding educational unit．
DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME


Hugely successíul Speech Regnition System． complete wilh microphone，software and full
instructions．
instructions．
BULTT TESTED \＆GUARANTEED
ONLY £49
PLEASE STATE COMPUTER：UK101
SPECTRUM，ATOM，NASCOM 2 ，VIC 20 ，Micron，
ZX80／81，PET．TRSB0．MZ80K，APPLE II，BEC MICRO

Play 3－part music，sound effects．drums etc．Full
controf of attack，decay and frequency．
InputOutput lines provide control and monitor
facility for Home Security，Robot Control，Model
Railway etc．elc．Works with or without 16 K RAM．
Full instructions／software included．
Add keyboard to make a live performance
polyphonic synthesisert
amazing value Note：up to 3 units can be used simultaneously：\(\quad £ 19.50\)（kIT glving 9 music channels \＆ \(48 / / 0\) lines £25．50（Bullt）


COLOUR MODULATOR
KII \(£ 16\)
RGB in．PAL＇UHF out（not for ZX）
Bult £22

Please add VAT at \(15 \%\) to prices．
Barclay／Access orders accepted by telephone
WILLIAM Guariey Down House
STLJART Nr Salisbur

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
LOOKING FOR A COMPUTER? \\
We will equal the service and better the price on:-
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline NEW & \\
\hline SHARP M2700 64K Computer & ع234.95 \\
\hline Cassette Tape Unit & ع37.95 \\
\hline Full colour graphic printer & ¢125.95 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SINCLAIR} \\
\hline \(2 \times\) Spectrum 16k Computer & c97.95 \\
\hline \(2 \times\) Spectrum 48k Computer & \(\Sigma 127.95\) \\
\hline \(2 \times\) Printer (NO. PSU) & £38.95 \\
\hline COMMODORE 64 k Computer & £194.99 \\
\hline & ¢38.90 \\
\hline 1525 Printer & £210.75 \\
\hline Single disc drive Unit & ¢214.75 \\
\hline 1313 Joystick (each) & E6.90 \\
\hline 8k Ram cartridge & £26.00 \\
\hline 16k Ram cartridge & £36.00 \\
\hline ORIC & \\
\hline ORIC 1 16k Computer & £134.95 \\
\hline ORIC 148k Computer & ¢95.95 \\
\hline MCP 40 Colour printer & £160.95 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{£40 off Oric printer on all Oric Computers purchased before 31st December 1983.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{ATARI} \\
\hline New 600 XL and 800 XL Compu & \\
\hline 810 . Dise drive & ¢278.99
¢46.99 \\
\hline 410 Cassette tape Unit C60 Data cassettes & ¢
ع2.90.99 \\
\hline C60 Data cassettes \(+\Sigma 1\) p\&p per 10 . & ع2.90 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Also stockists of software and accessories for Sharp, Oric, Commodore, Sinclair, Atari not possible to list, in this advertisement.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Send for price llst without delay} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{All prices including free carriage VAT and guarantee. No frills just down to earth prices.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{K-SOFT,} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{56, BOLHAM LANE, RETFORD,} \\
\hline NOTTINGHAMSHIRE & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN MICROMART CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01-636 6890}

\section*{IS YOUR MALIS BUEGIIG YOU?}

Mains-borne interference causes annoying data corruption and program crashes. Voltage spikes and power surges can cause permanent damage. Protect YOUR equipment:-
13A PROTECTA-PLUG absorbs powerline spikes and surges. \(£ 7.95\) each ( \(p \& p\) 75p). 4 for £29.95 post free.
3A SUPPRESSOR UNIT filters out mainsborne noise and EMI/RFI interference £ 19.95 ( \(\mathrm{p} \& \mathrm{p} £ 1\) )
4-WAY SUPPRESSOR UNIT (13A) with 4 sockets, spike absorber and suppressors. £23.95 (p\&p £1.50)
PROFESSIONAL SUPPRESSOR UNIT (3A). Two high quality filters, two high power spike absorbers, and earth-line choke. The best! £34.95 (p\&p £2)
All units to BS613, also for hi-fi, videos, office equipment, etc.

VAX CO, HOGARTH HOUSE (B),
PORCHESTER ROAD, NOTTINGHAM NG3 6LE
then the two rows are set to the border should delete: (a) all REM statements; (b) colour (that is; a local CLS is performed). lines \(30-260\) (demo \& practice); (c) validity

The listing given below is a complete checks (line numbers ending in 5); and (d) demonstration program. To use it as a lines 9810 to 9880 if you do not require subroutine in another program, you pre-defined, low resolution graphics.

- 40 boroer 6: paper 5: cls: ink 0
    50 FOR L = 1 TO. B
- 60 CLS: PRINT AT 15,\(0 ;{ }^{\prime \prime}\) Data atring : \({ }^{n}\)
    80 READ A\$
    90 PRINT AT 16,0; "nn"; AS; "MnM; AT 21,0; "Result :"
- 100 gosus 9000
    110 PRINT AT 21,19; "Press any kay"
- 120 pause o
    130 NEXT L
    140 DATA \({ }^{2300 * 1070 * T h i s ~ i s ~ t h e ~ b a t t o m ~ r o w . ~}\)
    150 DATA "2209*1062*The top raw."
    \(\begin{array}{ll}160 \text { OATA } & \text { " } \\ 17152 \text { *Row=22 Col=00" } \\ 170 \text { OATA } & \text { " } 2300 * 1160^{*} \text { Floshing, bright, yellow \& black" }\end{array}\)
    180 OATA "2200**The 'basic' ATTRIBUTES"
    190 OATA "**Character sample: abcd1234;+,? (some graphics)"
    "*1971*"
    220 REM practice session
    230 CLS: INPUT "Practice - enter data string" " A\$
    240 GOSUB 9000
    250 PRINT AT 20,0; "Press any key"
    260 PAUSE 0: GO TO 230
    9508 REM *** MAIN ROUTINE ****
    9509 REM empty string? clear both linss
    9510 IF A\$ = "" THEN INPUT INKEY\%: RETURN
    9520 LET PO = 1
    9530 IF Ag'(PO) <> \#\#" THEN GO TO 9559
    9540 LET ROW = 22: LET COL \(=0\)
    9559 REM first character is not \(=n * "\)
    9565 IF LEN AS < 5 THEN PRINT "Insufficient data in string:" "AS:
        RETURN
    9575 FOR \(N=P O\) TO PO+3: IF \(A S(N)>" 9 "\) OR A \(A(N)<" O^{\prime \prime}\) THEN
    PRINT "COORINATES INCORRECT :" " A\$: RETURN
    9585 NEXT N : REM check that first 4 characters are digits
    9590 LET ROW = VAL A\& (1 TO 2) : LET COL = VAL A\$(3 TO 4)
    9595 IF ROW < 22 OR ROW > 23 OR COL < O OR COL > 31 THEN PRINT
    "CODROINATES out of range \(\mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{n}}\) " "Row \(=\) "; RDW, "Col \(="\); COL '
    CODROINATE
    9600 LET PO \(=\) PO + 5
    9609 REM next character \(=\) m*n
    9610 If \(A \not \subset(P O)=m * n\) THEN LET ATTR \(=56:\) LET PO \(=P O+1:\) GO TO 9680
    9619 REM naxt. character is not \(=\) \#\#n

        PRINT "ATTRIBUTES INCORRECT:" A\&: RETURN
    9645 NEXT N
    9649 REM PInd. ATTRIBUTES

        ANO A\& (PO +3 ) < " \(a^{\prime \prime}\) ) THEN PRINT "ATTRIBUTES out of ranga \(:^{n}\) ",

        "Ink ";A\$( \(P 0+3\) ) : RETURN
        9660 LET ATTR \(=128 * V A L A \$(P O)+64 * V A L A \$(P O+1)+8 * V A L A \$(P O+2)+\)
        VAL. AS \((P O+3)\)
    9670 LET PO \(=\) PO + 5
    9678 REM is there any text after second m*" ?
    9679 REM if no text, change attributes both rows
    9690 LET OLAD \(=\) PEEK 23624 : POKE 23624, ATTR : INPUT IMKEY\$
        POKE 23624, OLAD: RETURN
    9691 REM print TEXT
    9692 REM ATAD \(=\) attribute pile address
    9693 REM OIAD \(=\) display file address
    969 REM CHAD = character address in ROM
    9700 LET AS = AS(PO TO
    9709 REM check for legal length
    too long :" "Row ";ROW " "Column ";COL ""TEXT ";A\$ : RETURN
    9719 REM find attribute address
    9720 LET ATAD \(=23232+\) COL \(+(32\) ANO ROW \(=23)\)
    929 REM loop to print each.character
    9732 REM is character illegal?
9735 If \(A \$(N)\) < CHR\$ 32 OR \(A \$(N)>C H R \$ 164\) THEN PRINT "Illegel
    9732 REM is character illagal?
9735 If \(A \not \subset(N)<C H R \$ 32\) OR A\$( \(N)>\) CHR\$ 164 THEN PRINT "Illegel
```

    character in TEXT :" 'A$(N) , "Code "; COOE A$(N) : RETURN
    9739 REM Pind display address
    9740 LET DIAD = 20672 + (32 AND ROW = 23) + COL + N - 1
    9749 REM identify type of character
    9750 IF A&(N) > CHR$ 127 AND A&(N) < CHR$ 144 THEN GO TO
    9820 : REM pre-defined graphic
    9759 REM normal characters and UOG'5
    9760.LET CHAD = COOE A$(N)*8+(15360 AND A$(N)<= CHR% 127)+
    (PEEK 23675 + 256* PEEK 23676 - 144 * 8 AND CODDE A&(N) > 143)
    9770 FOR M = DIAD TO DIAO+1792 STEP 256
    9780 POKE M, PEEK CHAD
    9790 LET CHAD = CHAD + 1
    9800 NEXT M
    9810 G0 TO 9889
    9819 REM pre-defined graphic
    9820 LET CODE = COOE AS(N)-128
    9830 LET BY1 = (COOE / 4 - INT (CODE / 4))* 4 : LET BY1 = 0 +
    (15 AND BY1 = 1) + (24O ANO BY1 = 2) + (255 AND OY1 - 3)
    9840 LET BY2 - INT (COOE / 4) & LET BY2 = 0 + (15 ANO BY2 = 1) +
    (240 AND BY2 = 2) + (255 ANO BY2 = 3)
    9849 REM print pre-dePined graphic
    9850 FOR M = OIAD TO DIAD+768 STEP 256
    9860 POKE M, BY1
    9870 POKE M + 1024, 8Y2
    9880 NEXT M
    9889 REM get next character
    9890 NEXT N
    9899 REM pake attributes
    9900 FOR N = ATAD TO ATAD+LEN A$-1
    9900 POKE N, ATTR
    9920 NEXT N
    9 9 3 0 ~ R E T U R N ~ N
    ```
'Vlist' is a simple machine code utility for running the program, you can delete it the unexpanded VIC-20. It provides a list using NEW. The machine code is located of all variables used within a Basic at the top of RAM and the pointers reset to program. Vlist will also run on an protect it. The utility is now available as a expanded machine without modification.

Once the listing below has been typed in, it should be saved before running. After
system command, VLIST.

By way of a demonstration, you can VLIST Vlist before you delete it
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline - & \begin{tabular}{l}
100 READ N \\
\(110 \mathrm{P}=\) FEEK (55) - \(N\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline - & 120 IF \(F\) < O THEN \(P=P+255\) : POKE 56 , PEEK (56) 130 FOKE 55 , P : CLR \\
\hline & 140 REAI \(N\), N1 :FRINT CHR\$(147)"LOADING ...* \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & 150 HEGIN = PEEK (56) * 256 + PEEK (55) - N1 \\
\hline & 160 REAI P : FRINT*** \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & 170 IF P > 255 THEN GOSUB 240 \\
\hline & 175 IF \(P<0\) THEN GOSUE 300 180 FOKE BEGIN + COUNT , F \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 190 COUNT \(=\) COUNT +1 \\
\hline & 200 IF COUNT < N + N1 THEN 160 \\
\hline & 210 PRINT CHR\$(147) "ULIST REALIY.* \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 220 SYS BEGIN:ENI \\
\hline & 230 FEM ***** SURROUTINES ***** \\
\hline & 240 FEAD Q : COUNT \(=\) COUNT +1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & \(250 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{F}+\mathrm{BEGIN}: \mathrm{C}=-1\) \\
\hline & 260 IF \(F>255\) THEN \(P=F-256: C=C+1:\) GOTO 260 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 270 Q \(=0+C\) \\
\hline & 280 FOKE BEGIN + COUNT - 1 , F' \\
\hline & \(290 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{Q}\) : RETURN \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 300 IF \(T=1\) THEN 350 \\
\hline & \(310 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{P}+\) BEGIN +255 \\
\hline & 320 T = 1 \\
\hline - & 330 IF P > 255 THEN F \(=\mathrm{P}-256:\) TCOUNT \(=\) TCOUNT \(+1:\) GOTO 330 340 RETUFN \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & \(350 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{F}+\) TCOUNT + 255 : RETURN \\
\hline & 390 REM ***** [IATA ***** \\
\hline & 400 LIATA 223,18 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 410 [IATA \(169,76,133,117,169,-237,133,118,169,-255,133,119,169\), \\
\hline & 420 DATA \(133,120,96,234,208,2,230,123,72,138,72,152,72,160,255,200\) \\
\hline & 430 DATA 185,491,0,240,5,217,0,2,240,245,192,5,208,20,32,328,0 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & 440 DATA \(165,122,24,105,4,144,2,230,123,133,122,169,58,1.60,0,145\) \\
\hline & 450 LIATA \(122,104,168,104,170,104,76,121,0,162,00,134,253,32,355,0\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 460 DATA \(165,45,133,254,165,46,133,255,165,255,197,48,144,18,165\) \\
\hline & 470 DATA \(254,197,47,144,12,189,476,0,8,32,210,255,232,40,208,245\) \\
\hline & 480 LIATA \(96,138,72,56,32,240,255,164,253,230,253,185,471,0,168\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} & 490 IATA \(201,16,208,26,160,0,132,253,232,224,20,208,17,162,0,165\) \\
\hline & 500 LIATA \(198,240,252,169,0,133,253,133,198,1,69,147,32,210,255,24\) \\
\hline & 510 DATA \(32,240,255,104,170,160,00,177,254,41,127,32,210,255,200\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & 520 DATA 177,254,72,41,127,32,210,255,104,41,128,240,13,136,177 \\
\hline & 530 DATA \(254,41,128,8,169,36,40,240,2,169,37,32,210,255,165,254\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} & 540 DATA \(24,105,7,133,254,144,2,230,255,160,0,240,128,0,5,10,15\) \\
\hline & 550 LIATA 16,147,46,86,76,73,83,84,13,0,13,46,69,78,68,0,86,76,73 \\
\hline & 560 IIATA 83,84,0
FiEALY. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

MICROMART
Unbelievable Discount! APPLE II \({ }^{\oplus}\) COMPATIBLE SLIM DISK DRIVE
RUNS QUIETER THAN THE ORIGINAL!
New - not surplus - guaranteed! Only with a \(3^{\prime}\) cable. Runs with Apple controller or our optional
controller.
ORDER NO.
CPA-14
Now onlv £176.00
+ VAT £26.25
 CONTROLLER CARD
ORDER NO: £47. \({ }^{90}\) CPA. \(6+\) VAT \(£ 7.19\)

BONUS Buy two disk drives and get a free controller card!
To order: Add carriage and insurance \(£ 7.00\) and VAT at \(15 \%\) and send your order with remittance to:
Wolfcrown Limited,
101 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6EE. Telephone: 01.9301991.

\section*{Lin Kup CONBLOCK}

This miniature mains
 connector, 150 by 75.5 by 21.5 mm , including plugs, gets rid of all the lead spaghetti usually found behind micro systems.
Approved to BS5733 it incorporates the latest technology:
\(\star\) Printed circuit distribution
* Individual cable straln rellef
\(\star\) Shuttered socket entry
\(\star\) Neon power Indicatlon
Enabling four units to be safely and neatly powered from one 13 AMP socket.
Price Inclusive of four plugs, VAT, p\&p ع7.50

Send cheque/POs to:

\section*{Lin Kup, Transport House Severn Square, Newtown, \\ Powys SY16 2AF}

\section*{DOING ‘O' LEVEL/CSE COMPUTER STUDIES? YOU NEED \\ A FULL CESIL INTERPRETER FOR THE PET/BBC'B'/CBM 64/ ELECTRON NIC+RAM}

JUST £4.95 FOR MANUAL \& PROGRAM
ALSO - YOUR PROGRAM PROBLEMS SOLVED £10 SOFTWARE
THE GLEN, MARDY ABERGAVENNY, GWENT.
PLEASE STATE MACHINE TYPE \& ADDRESS

\section*{TRS \(-80 *\) BGC \(*\) GENIE}

\section*{B2 \\ britannin fibrary}

Worried about a software purchase? Join BSL and "Try before you buy" by hiring BOTH games AND business software from only \(£ 1.25\) for 14 days! Interested? Send a S.A.E. TODAY for our FREE information pack and take advantage of our SPECIAL CHRISTMAS OFFERS!
(B.B.C. Section - 2 FREE HIRES if you join before 25th December!!!!

For TRS80 Models I \& III

\section*{MEMORY MASTER}

A Fully Interactive Learning Aid With "Plug-in" Subject Modules
- First French
- Vocab Builder-1
- Ham Radio
(inc Morse Code)
* 20th Cent. Historic Event
* First German
* Mental Arithmetic-1
- European Geography
* Simple Sums
(for the very young)

More to come later
Program with ANY ONE of the above modules
Tapeversion—Mod Ior III (16k) ..... £12.95
Disk version - Mod III only...
£14.95
Additional Subject Modules.
£4.65

\section*{IDS LTD., 315-319, HIGH STREET CHATHAM, KENT}

\section*{FREE COMPUTER CONSULTANCY}

If you need help with Hardware selection Software evaluation System design Programming or any other computer problem Then call us now Your initial consultation is FREE. .
Primary Business Systems
Spirella Buildings, Bridge Road, Letchworth, Herts. Tel: 046262640

\section*{BBCWarp Hole}

\author{
by Richard Snowdon
}
'Warp Hole' is an arcade-type game for the BBCB or 32 k model A , written partially in machine code but mainly in BBC Basic.
The object of the game is to prevent an inhabited asteroid from reaching a warphole at the right-hand side of the screen Don't ask me why the asteroid wants to reach this somewhat dubious destination or why, for that matter, you should want to risk life and limb to stop it. Ours is not to wonder why

The listing below consists of two prog. rams: the first provides the title page and does all the setting-up for the second program. Program 1 should be entered and saved followed by program 2 after a short gap of five seconds or so on the tape.

Warp Hole should be self-explanatory You control your ship's movements using the arrow keys, and use the function keys
to fire cannons, torpedoes and lasers - F1 fires the first cannon, F2 the second, F3 the torpedo (Battlecruiser only) and F4 the laser.
There is also an auto-pilot function toggled by holding down the ' \(A\) ' key until you hear a tone confirming that the auto-pilot is operational. This can provide you with a brief rest, but should not be relied upon for more than a few seconds at a time: the auto-pilot is fast, but not particularly intelligent or safetyconscious. In fact, at times it can be downright suicidal!

Once both parts have been saved on tape, the program is loaded and run by 'CHAIN""'. There is a fair wait while the second program is chained from the first.
Warp Hole can run under any BBC operating system

NEXT: PRINTTABC 8,24 )CHR\$136;"Press any ke to start.";:D=INKEY(400):UNTILNOTD 430MODEQ: UDU19,7, \(2 ; 0 ; 23 ; 8202 ; 0 ; 0 ; 0\); 44 QUDU31,0,11,29,140;0;
\(450 F O R X=0\) TO 1000 STEP 20
4601F \(x<=500\) upu \(25,4, x ; 4 ; 25,5,500 ; x+4\)
\(25,4, x ; 1000 ; 25,5,500 ; 1000-X ;\) : NEXTX

4, \(500 ; x ; 25,5, x ; 1000 ;\) :NEXTX
48OAs = "WARP":FORX=1 TO 8
4901F \(\times\) (S PRINTTAB (40-X);RIGHTS (As, X);
AB(40) ;LEFT\$(AS, \(X\) )
SROIF \(X>4\) AS = "MOLE"aPRINTTAB( \(31+X)\);RIG HTS(AS, \(9-X\) ) ; TAB (40); LEFT \((A S, 9-X)\)
510NEXT \(X: U D U 28,52,18,76,15:\) PROCD(50) 520SOUND1, 1, 100, 255 : FORX=5T0499: UDU19, ( \(\times\) MOD 7 ) +1 ;0; :NEXT :CALLO
530PRINT"Please wat while the"
\(54 Q P R I N T\) " "main program is ioaded"
550PROCD (400) :FOR IUX=8404TO8468STEP4: IUX=0: NEXT
560COLOUR129:COLOURO:CLS:PRINT" ARROW keys - Movement"," f1 \& 12 - Cannons", 13 - Torpedo"," 14 - Laseri"; :COLOURI COLOUR128
S7QuDU28, 0, 20, 52,11, 12
S8@As = "WARP":PRINT:FORX=1 TO 8
590 IF XeS PRINTTAB( 30 ) ;LEFT \(\$(A \$, X)\); TAB 49-X) ;RIGHTs(As, \(X\) )
6001F X)4 As = "HOLE": :PRINTTAB(30);LEFT\$
As, 9-X);TAB( \(x+46\) ); RIGHTS (As, 9-X)
610NEXT X:UDU28, \(0,21,28,6,12\)
620upu \(25,4,340 ; 672 ; 25,5,644 ; 672 ; 25,5,6\)
\(44 ; 358 ; 25,5,340 ; 358 ; 25,5,340 ; 672\);
636uOU \(25,4,646 ; 672 ; 25,5,646 ; 358 ; 25,4,3\)
38;358;25,5,338;672;
648UDU \(25,5,400 ; 690 ; 25,5,47 B ; 690 ; 25,4,5\)
28;690;25,5; \(675 ; 690 ; 25,5,645 ; 672\); 650UDU25, 4, 675;690;25,5,675;690;25,5,6
75;380;25,5,645;358;
66euou \(25,4,677 ; 690 ; 25,5,677 ; 386 ; 28,35\),
9,43,12,12
670PROCD (86)
680A5 = "PROGRAMING BY
\(690 A=+1: C=0:\) FORX \(=1\) TO LEN(AS)
7eQUDU 19, 1,6;0;:PROCD(13)
\(\begin{aligned} & 70 \text { OUDU19, } 1,6 ; 0 ;: \operatorname{ROCD}(13) \\ & 7101 F C+A \gg \text { OR } C+A<0 ~\end{aligned}=-A\)
720 SOUND \& \(11,4,100,20: C=C+A\)
730PRINTTAB (C, 7 );MIDS(As, \(x, 1\).)
740UDU19,1,2;0;
750PROCD (13)
TEENEXT \(X\) :AS = "RICHARD SNOWDON
7PEFORX=1 TO LEN(AS)
788UDU19,1,6;0;:PROCD(13)
フ90PRINTTABC \(X\) MOD 8,7 ) ;MIDS (As, \(X, 1\)
800SOUND\& 11, 4, 200, 20 :UDU19, 1, 2;0; :PROC
D(13)
810 NEXT \(X\) :CLS
820PROCD (296)
830 SOUND \(, 0,0,0\)
840UDL28,52,19,79,15,12:PRINT" ARROW
keys - Movement "3" \$1 \& \(\$ 2\) - Cannans" 13 - Torpeda" 850COLOUR1 29 : COLOURO : UDU28, 35, 19, 43, 12 860pRINTTAB ( 0,2 )"Start the "TAB \((2,3)\) " \(t\) a
pe,"

870PAGE \(=8 . E 00:\) CHAIN"'
8800EF PROCO (A) :LOCALB:8=TIME:REPEATUN

690DEFPROCCRASH：UDU19，2，9；0；：LOCALXX，Y
200x \(z=(X * 32)+2\) 日：\(Y z=(31-Y) * 32+16\) ：UDU19；日； \(0 ; 19,0,0 ; 0 ; 19,3,3 ; 0 ;\)
 \(x+R N D(\cdot 150)-75, Y x+R N D(150)-75\) ：GCOLO， 2 ：MOU \(E X x, Y x: D R A W X X+R N D(300)-150, Y x+R N D(300)-1\) 50：NEXT

720FORX1 \(x=1\) TO3：UDU19，\(\times 1 x, 0\) ；日 ；：NEXT
730CALLD：PROCW（36）：UDU19，3，3；0；：PROCWC 26）：SOUND8 10，\(-15,6,40\) ：UDU \(19,2,1 ; 10\) ；：PRDCW （36）： \(\mathrm{B3}=10\)
74BFORT＝OTO150：MOUEX \(x, Y z\) ：GCOL \(\theta, 0\) ：DRAWX \(x+R N D(150)-75, Y x+R N D(150)-75\) ：NEXT ：ENDPRO C

750DEF PROCLIU：LOCAL \(X, Y, L\) ：UDU23；8202； 0；0；0；

760L \(x=\mathrm{L} x-1\) ：IFL \(x<1\) A \(x=0:\) PROCDEAD
7ク0D \(\$=\) STR \(\$(L x)\) CALLI I
780L \(\$=\) CHR \(\$ 141+\) CHR \(\$ 136\) ：PRINTTAB \((6,4) \mathrm{L}\) D＊＇TABC6］Ls；D\＄
790L \(\$\)＝CHR \(\$ 145\) CHR \(\$ 141\)＋CHR \(\$ 136\) ：PRINTTAB （7，7JL＂WARP＂，TABC7）LS；＂WARP＂
800PRINTTAB（9，10）Ls＂HOLE＂＇TAB（9）L \(\$\)＂HOL
 AB（ 13,16 ）Ls＂POSTS＂\({ }^{\text {T TAB }} 13\) ）Ls＂POSTS＂

810L\＄＝CHR\＄141：PRINT＇＇；TABC（6）；CHR\＄149；L \＄：＂REMAIN IN SPACE DEFENCE＂＇TAB（6）；CHR\＄1 SO；L；＂REMAIN IN SPACE DEFENCE＂
820SOUND3，1，30，\＆FF：PROCW（56）：FORX＝1 TO2 \(5: Y=I\) NKEY（3）：PRINT ：NEXT ：ENDPROC 838DEF PROCDEAD
846uDu \(23 ; 8202 ; 0 ; 0 ; 0\) ；
\(850 C=145: A=-1: B=1\)
\(860 \mathrm{IFX}+A>32\) OR \(X+A<1 \quad A=-A: G=C:\) REPEATC \(=\)
44＋RND（5）：UNTILCく＞G
870IFY＋B） 22 OR Y＋B＜1 B＝－B：G＝C：REPEATC＝
144＋RND（6）：UNTILCく＞G
8801FNOTINKEY（8）\(A x=6: U D U 148,157\) ：PRINT
Energy Banks Register＂\(D x: \cup D U 148,157\) ：
PROCW（100）：RUN
\(890 X=X+A: Y=Y+B\)
GOQPRINTCHR\＄ 12 ；TAB（X－1，\(Y\) ）＂＂CHR\＄ 141 ；CH
RSC＂DEAD＂＇TAB（X－1）＂＂CHR 141 ；CHR\＄C＂DEAD
910GOTOB60：ENDPROC
920DEF PROCTT：SOUNDQ，－15，7，250
93日Az＝0：UDU23；8202；0；0；0；
94＠F OR \(Y X=1\) TO23：PRINTTAB（ \(\varnothing, Y X]\) ；CHR\＄145；
5；：PRINTTAB（ \(38, Y X)\) ；CHR \(\$ 146 ; 5 ;: Y=1\) NKEY \((2)\) NEXT ：PROCW（50）
950B1 \(=\) RND \((3): U=150: U 1=145: C L S\)
\(960 \cup=22: X=30: A \$=" 5\) O．FT＂：CLS
97®FORC＝LEN（A\＄）TO 1 STEP－ 1
980B \(=\) MID \(\$\)（As，\(C, 1\) ）
990FORD＝1 TOU STEP2
1000PRINTTAB（ \(X\) ，DJCHR \(\$ 136\) ；CHRSU 3 CHR \(\$ 141\)
B ；TAB \((X+1, D+1)\) CHR \(\$ U 1\) ；CHR \(\$ 141\) ； ；
10101FB1＜3 PRINTTAB（ \(X+1,0-2\) ）；SPC（6）；TAB \((x+1, D-1)\) ）SPC（6）；
1020 NEXT ：\(X=X-1: U=U-1\) ：NEXT
1030 ：\(=\)＂ \(5 \cdot\) N O W＂\(:\) IFX＝21 \(\quad U=16: X=13\)
：U \(=146: U!=150:\) GOTO970
1040PROCW（260）：FORX＝1 TOS0：FORY＝1 T0190：N EXT ：PRINT ：NEXT ：CALL\＆ 71
1050CLS：PRINTTAB（13，13）CMR\＄145；CHR\＄141 PRESENTS＂＇TAB（13）CHR\＆147；CHR\＄141＂PRESEN S＂：GOUND 1，1，100，255
1060PROCW（300）：CLS：CALL\＆） 1
107asound 0，－15，4， 255
\(102050 U N D ~ 0,-15,4,255\)
1080 As＝＂＊＊＊WAR P＊＊H L E＊＊＊＇
\(: U=12: X=4: F O R Y=8\) TOU STEP2 \(:\) PRINTTAB \((B, Y)\) CHRS149；CHRS141；TAB（ \(8, Y+1\) ）；CHRS148；CHRs1 41；：NEXT
1090FORC＝ 1 TOLENA \(\$: B \$=M 10 \$(A \$, C, 1)\)
\(1100 F O R D=1\) TOU ：PRINTTAB \((x, D) ; B \$\) ；TABC \((x, D+\)

1110 NEXT ：\(X=X+1\) ：NEXT ：CALL\＆ 71
1120PROCW（100）：\(X=1\) INKEY（100）：FORC \(=1\) TO7： DU31，0，0：FORY＝1TO10：UDU11：PROCW（2）：NEXT CALL8．71：SOUND1，3，C＊4，20：UDU31，0， 24 ：FORY＝ 1TO12：UDU10：PRDCW（2）：NEXT ：SOUND\＆11，3，C＊4

\section*{20 ：NEXT}
\(1130 E N D P R O C\)
\(1130 E N D P R O C\)
1140 IFERR \(=17\) A \(x=0:\) MODE 7 ：UDU \(23 ; 8202 ; 0 ; 0 ;\) 0；：FORX＝1TO23：PRINTTAB（X，X）；CMR\＄（129＋X M OD6）＂COWARD＂：PROCW（1）：NEXT：A＝INKEY（70）：F ORX＝1 TO26：A＝INKEY（5）：PRINT ：NEXT ：RUN \(1150 G 0 T O E R L+16\)
1160 EF PROCGONE 1 ：UDU23；11；0；0；0；
1170FORXz＝865 TO 1024STEP4：GCOL®， 3 ：UDU2 \(5,4,0 ; X x ; 25,5,250 ; X x ;\) ：NEXT
\(1180 \mathrm{FORX} x=110\) TO 140 STEP4：GCOLO 1 ：MOUE \(x x^{\prime}, 865\) ：DRAW \(x x, 1024\) ：MOUE \(0, x x+810\) ：DRAW 250，\(X x+810\) ：NEXT
\(1198 C A L I\) ：COLOURI ：PRINTTABC5，10）＂THIS I
S THE END OF YOUR EARTH＂：PROCWC 380］
1200PRINTTAB（9，15）＂YOUR（［ WARP～HOLE נ＂
4210PROCW（300）：UDU19，2，4；0；
1220COLOUR2：PRINTTAB（14，21）；＂A N D Y U＇：SOUNDO，－10，7，50：PROCW（200）：＊F． 4 B 1230FORX＝1 TO \(18:\) COLOUR2：PRINTTABCX，26）

\section*{NO GIMMIICKS！ NO WAFFLE！ SIMPLY THE BEST PRICE！} womoswawaumarespalsma㪯童

Personal Computer FOR ony £299［imen VER． 3.24

Mailmerge only £55 Spellstar only £99


Wordstar
only £199
PULSAR SALES \＆PURCHASE
£189 PULSAR DATA ANALYSIS £189

£99 PAYROLL III．
\(£ 120\)


E109 BUSINESS
GRAPHICS．
． 65
IHVOCCHG ．．．．．．．．．． 875 PASAAL ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 999
CP／M PC8001／A £49
BENCHMARK WORD／P £175

\section*{MAILING LIST MANAGER £65}

REPORT MANAGER \(£ 175\)

\section*{USED HARDWARE}

Watanabe WX4633 10 pen plotter RS232， mint condition．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\(£ 1600\)
DRE 132 column printer，tractor，RS232 £200 DRE 80 column printer，RS232，roll ．．．．．．．．．． \(\mathbf{£ 8 5}\) QUME Sprint 3－55，daisy wheel，speed－feed， single sheet feeder，QUME parallel int．．．．£595 Decwriter LA36 RS232 keyboard／printer £225 Cromenco System－3，64K，two Perscl \(8^{\prime \prime} 1.2\) Mb drives and Newbury labs 7009 terminal
£1995
Burroughs B90 series，mini computer and Winchester \(16 \mathrm{Mb}, 2\) VDU＇s ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．£3，000 Micos 100 minicomputer，（based on Data General Nova 3／12）， 2 Midas terminals，Cen－ tronics printer 64 Mb fixed／exch CDC drive， includes Travel Agent software，desk etc
£8，500
All prices plus VAT in UK．Phone your Access or Barclaycard number for immediate de－ spatch（software sent post free）．

Photographic \＆Optical Services Ltd

\section*{129－137 STANLEY ROAD teddington，middx． Tel：01－977 3498}

Answering machine after business hours． Offers subject to availability． Telephone first to reserve．

LOOK～NEW APPLE COMPATIBLE PERIPHERALS！！


\section*{＊＊＊PEANUT SCOOP！＊＊＊ BRAND NEW TO UK MARKET}

We are the direct importers of this brand new 40 column，plain paper printer which is going to revolutionise ideas on cost．it prints in two will dump high resolution graphics under software control

\section*{SPECIAL OFFER－}

INCLUDING ITS OWN INTERFACE CARD
kgo－40 PAINTER．

\section*{DISC DRIVES}

AD－1 Full height．
E167．00 T－1 TEAC half height．．．．． 1999.00 This is TEAC Iop qualliy！
Disc controller card． E32．00
E44．50 prinler card．inc．cable
Serial．RS232C，card．
16 K RAM card．．
Eprom writer card
80 column card for \(11+\)
80 column card to 11 e．
80 coi．card． 11 e ，extra 64 K
80 col．inverse video chip
\(80 / 40\) column swith
PAL colour card， 16 cols．
Games Joyslick．
ASC11 encoded keyboard．
Cooling fan，AC mains ．
12 ＂monitor，SANYO quality
STAR DPS10 super printes．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Add \(£ 7.00\) carriage for monilor and printer

\section*{COMING SOON}

A－D card．Virtual disc，128K RAM card．Print butter card，double sided drive，double densily drive，colour monitor．Send for details．

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE
Carriage：under \(£ 100.00\) add \(£ 3.00\) ；over \(£ 100.00\) add £5．00
Add \(15 \%\) VAT

\section*{PEANUT COMPUTER}

Unit 22F，Low Mill
DEWSBURY WF13 3LX
Tel：（0924） 499366 ext．F
trade enquiries welcome

\section*{LOW PRICES ON PERIPHERALS}

Printers，monitors，disc drives etc．etc．
e．g．EPSON RX80
－EPSON FX80
\(\star\) CAGA MED．RES
£209
COLOUR
－CAGA HIGH RES
COLOUR
MONITOR
£249
MONITOR
All common interfaces and cables available．
All prices excluding VAT 15\％
Add £6 shipping．
MAIL ORDER ONLY
Send for our discount price list which covers a wide range or peripherals and software．

\section*{CONSULTANCY}

We offer a comprehensive consultancy service from Aistom programming to complete hardware／software systems design．
MOON ELECTRONICS LTD
281 FULHAM PALACE ROAD，LOMDON SW6 Tel：01－385 3591
；＂＂；CHR \(\$ 233\) ；：COLOUR1 ：PRINTTAB（ \(\times * 2-3,26\) ） ；CHR\＄228：PROCW（4）：NEXT
1240SOUND1，3，100，17：SOUND 1，3，190，17：UDU 31，29，2：PRINT＂CONTINUE＂：As＝CHR\＄（GETAND2 23）：A \(x=0\) ：IFAS＝＇Y＇RUN
1250CLS：END
1260XX AADUAL（ 1 JOIU51：YY＝ADUAL（2）OIU63 1270IFJZ（）89 \(X X=640: Y Y=512\)
12801FF \(X \quad X X=\) RND \((1279)+(X<X 2) * 600: Y Y=R N D\) \((1023)+(Y(Y 2) * 600-(Y) Y 2) * 600\)
1290 IFXX）8400RINKEY \((-26\) ）IF \(X\) ）P \(X+2\) PROCM： \(x=x-P x\)
1300 IFXX＜3400RINKE Y（－122）IFX（36－PAPROCM \(\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{P} \mathrm{x}\)
1310IFINKEYC－42JORYY＜312IFY＜29－PxPROCM： \(Y=Y+1\)
1320IF INKEY（－58JORYY）712IFY）I＋PxPROCM： \(=\mathrm{r}-1\)
\(1330 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+1:\) IFC \(\quad\) MOD2 \(=1 \quad \mathrm{SC} \$=\) CHR \(\$ 224+\) CHR \(\$ 22\) 5 ELSESC \(\$=\) CHR \(\$ 224+\) CHR \(\$ 235\)
1340PRINTTAB \((X, Y)\) ；SC \(\$\)
1350 IF INKEY \((-114\) ）RRADUAL（ \(\theta\) ）AND 30 RFNF PR INTTAB \(\left(X_{1}, Y_{1}\right) ; " \quad ": S O U N D \& 11,1,0,10: 01=1\) ： \(X_{1}=x-1: Y 1=Y\)
1360 IF I NKEY \((-116\) JANDEX \(=\) OANDP \(x=1\) SOUND\＆ 1 \(1,1,200,50: E X=1: X E=X: Y E=Y\)
13フ0IFEX＝1 IFXE＜1 EX＝0：PRINTTAB（XE，YE ）；
＇\(: X E=0: Y E=0\)
1380 IFEX＝1 IFYE＝Y2 IFXE＝X2－10RXE＝X2 GOS UB490
1390 IFINKEY（ -115 JORFNF PRINTTAB \((X), Y 7)\) ；
：SOUND\＆ \(11,1,0,10: 05=1: X 7=X-1: Y 7=Y\) 1400IFDI＝1COLOURE：PRINTTAB（ \(X_{1}, Y 1\) ）；CHR \(\$ 2\) 26
1410 IFDS \(=1\) COLOURQ： \(\operatorname{PRINTTAB}(X)\) ，\(Y 7\) ）；CHRs 2 26 TEJ；＂＂：YE＝Y
1430 IFI \(X=8 Y\) I \(=Y\)
1440IFD1＝1ANDX1） 1 COLOUR2：X1＝X1－2：PRINT TAB \(\left(X_{1}, Y_{1}\right)\) ；CHRs \((226+(X 1 / 2)\) MOD 2\()\)
1450 IFDS \(=1\) ANDX7） 1 COLOUR2：\(X 7=x 7-2:\) PRINT TAB（ \(x>, Y\) ）\(;\) CHR \((226+(x) / 2)\) MOD2 \()\)
1460 IFEX \(=1 \times\) XE \(=X E-1:\) COLOUR2 \(:\) PRINTTABCXE ， reJCHRs250；CHRs251；
14フ日IFD3＝1 COLOURE：PRINTTAB（X5，Y5）；CHR s MM ： \(\mathrm{Y} 5=\mathrm{Y} 2:\) COLOUR2 \(: \times 5=X 5+2:\) PRINTTAB \((X 5, Y 5\) ：CHRSNM：COLOUR1：PRINTTAB（X2，Y2）CHR\＄233 1480 IFO3＝1ANDX5）36 PRINTTAB（ \(\times 5, Y 5\) ）；＂ \(03=0: \times 5=1: Y 5=2:\) COLOUR \(1: P R I N T T A B(X 2, Y 2) ; C\) HR \(\$ 233\)
1490IFINKEY（－21）ORFNF OB＝1：OC＝（31，5－Y）＊ \(32: 0 x=0 x-2: 0 D=X * 32\) ：SOUND\＆ \(11,1,50,40:\) PROC G：PROCS
1500 IFINKEY－66PROCM：F \(x=\) NOTF \(x\) ：PROCM：PROC \(B: X=35: Y=T x:\) REPEATUDUT ：UNT I LNOT INKEY－66 PROCS
1510 IFY \(\langle=Y 2+1\) ANDY \(\rangle=Y 2-1 \quad\) IFX2 \(\rangle=X-1\) ANDX2 \(=X+2\) GOTO1620
1520 IFD3〈〉 1 ANDO5 \(>\) IANODI 〈〉 1 RETURN 1530 IFY \()=Y 2+3\) OR \(Y\langle=Y 2-3 \quad 1 F Y 1\rangle Y 2+2\) OR

1540 IFX CX 2 RETURN
1550IFX5）\(X+2\) OR D3＝0 \(1 F Y=Y 2\) PROCX
1560 IFY1 \(=Y 2\) IF \(X 1\rangle=X 2-1\) AND \(X 1\langle=X 2+2\) D1 ＝6：GOSUB490
\(15701 F Y\rangle=Y 2 \quad|F X\rangle\rangle=X 2-1 \quad\) ANDX \(\rangle\langle=X 2+2 \quad\) D5 \(=6\) ：GOSUB490
15801FD3＝1 IFY5＝Y IFX5 \(=\mathrm{X} \quad\) ORX5 \(=\mathrm{X}-1\) ；GOSUB 660
15901FO3＝1IFP \(z=1\) IFX5 \(=X\) ANDX5 \(\langle=X+3\) IFY5 \(=Y\) GOSUB 1660
\(1600 \mathrm{IFDS}=1 \mathrm{ANDD} 1=1 \quad[F Y 1=Y 5 \quad|F X 1\rangle=X 5\) ANDX \(1<=X 5+3\) PRINTTAB \((X 5, Y 5) ; "\)＂；TAB（X1，Y1）；＂ ＂： \(\mathrm{XS}=1: \times 1=0: D 3=0: D 1=0:\) SOUND\＆ \(11,4,200,20\). \(: D:=0 x+C x\)
\(1610 \mathrm{IFD3}=1\) ANDDS \(=1 \mathrm{IFY}=\mathrm{Y} 5 \quad \mathrm{IFX} 7 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{X} 5\) ANDX ？ \(\left\langle=x 5+3\right.\) PRINTTAB \((X 5, Y 5)^{\prime \prime}\)＂；TAB \(\left.\left.(X\rangle, Y\right\rangle\right) "\) \(X 5=1: X 7=0: 03=0: 05=0:\) SOUND\＆ \(11,4,200,20: \square x\) \(=0 x+C x\)
1620 IFY＝Y2 IFX2 \()=X-1\) AND \(\times 2\langle=x+2\) SOUND\＆ 10，－15， 5,255 ：PROCCRASH：MODE 7 ：PROCL IU：PRO CF
1630 IFP \(X=1 \quad\) IFY＝Y2－1 OR \(Y=Y 2+1 \quad\) IFX2 \()=X \quad A\)

ND \(\mathrm{X} 2<=\mathrm{x}+2\) SOUND\＆ \(10,-15,6,255\) ：PROCCRASH
MODE 7 ：PROCL IU：PROCF
164日PRDCS：RETURN
6500EF PROCW（B）：LOCALC：C＝TIME：REPEATUN
TILTIME \(\subset+B\) ：ENDPROC
1660SOUNDO，\(-15,4,255\) ：PROCCRASH：MODE7：PR OCL IU：PROCF：PROCS：RETURN
16วロOEF PROCX：PRINTTAB（X5，Y5）＂＂： \(03=1: x\) \(5=x 2: r 5=r 2\) ：SOUND8 \(11,3,7,(65-x 5): N M=227+R\) ND（3）：ENDPROC
16800EF PROCOPT：CALLI
169シF ORY \(x=\) TO 24 ：PRINTTAB（ \(B, Y x\) ）CHR \(\$(133+\)
Y MMOD2 ）；：NEXT ：UDU28，1，24，39，日， 30
1700LALLI：\(N=0: P R I N T\)＂＂Input your name
\(1710 A=G E T: N=N-(N<11): 1 F A=1360 T 01>80\) 1720 IFA \(=127 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}-2: \mathrm{N}=-(\mathrm{N}) 8) * \mathrm{~N}:\) GOTO1750 1730IFN＝1N\＄＝CHR\＄（A AND223）：GOTO1750 \(1740 \mathrm{~N} \$=\mathrm{N} \$+\) CHR \(\$(A\) OR32）
\(1750 \mathrm{~N} \$=\) LEFT \(\$(N \$, 10): N \$=M I D \$(N \$, 1, N): V D U\) （LENN\＄＞9）＊？
1760 RRINTTAB \((16,2)\) ；N\＄
177060TO1718
1780IFNく3N：＝＂＊k；ller＊＂
179038D02－N：
1800PRINTTAB（0，5）＂Battle CTulser or Fig
nter（B／F）＂；：FAs＝CHR（GE TAND223）：Dx＝106：
\(L x=3: H x=R N D(10): I F F A \$\langle \rangle\)＂F＂ANDFAS（）＂B＂GO T01800
1810CALLI：PRINTTAB（日，5）＂Choose Level（1 9）－－－1 is easy＂；：Cz＝（GETOR16）－48：IFFR
＂F＂ \(\mathrm{P}^{x=2}\)
1820IFCx（10RCx）9 GOTO1B18
\(1830 \mathrm{C} x=\mathrm{C} * * 2+2\)
1840＊F \(\times 15\) ，
185日PRINTTAB（ 6,9 ）＂SELECT YOUR WEAPONS＂
＂TAB（6）＂1）－Guided Missles＂，＂TAB（6）＂2］－D
rect Phasers＂：IFFAs＝＂B＂\(P x=1\)
1860PRINT＇，TAB（6）＂Select apptoptlate nu
mber＂；：Ix＝GET－4B：IFIx＜1ORIx＞2 GOTO1850 1B7OPRINT； \(1 x: \dagger x=R N D(15)+7: Q x=R N O(4)+1: T\) \(1 M E=0\)
1880＊F． 9 ． 25
1890＊F． 1025
1900PRINT，＇＇CHR\＄136＂Intermitant 5 t
Tm（Y／N）＂；：Gs＝CHR \(\$\)（GETANO223）：Ux＝（Gs＝＂
＂） \(\begin{gathered}\text {－2 }\end{gathered}\)
1910IFUx＝2：＊F．91
1920 IFUx＝2：＊F． 10
193＠PRINTTAB（6，21）SPC（8）＂Joysticks＂；：Jx GETAND223
1940ENDPROC
1950DEFPROCG：UDU \(19,2,9 ; 0 ; 19,1,15 ; 0 ;:\) GCO 0，2：IFY＝Y2 IFD3＝0 ORX5）X OA＝（X2＋1）＊32＊－ \(X>X 2\) J ELSEOA \(=X 5 * 32 *-(Y=Y 2)\)
1968PROCL：PROCW（4）
1970 IFPOINT \(\{O A-B, O C J=1 \quad\) CB \(=1:\) GOSUB490
1989GCDL日， \(0:\) PROCL：GCOLD， \(3: O B=0:\) UDU19， 2 ， ；0；19，1，4；0；：ENDPROC
19900EF PROCS：COLOUR2：PRINTTAB（30，6）；D： ；：IFDx＜6 UDU19，2，9；0；

\section*{2日00ENOPROC}

201 DDEFPROCL ：MOUEOD，OC：DRAWOA，OC：MOUEOA
OC +4 ： DRAWOD，\(O C+4\) ：ENDPROC
20200EFPROCB：UDU19，1，4；0；19，2，1；8；19，3，
\(6 ; 0 ;\) ：COLOUR2 ：PRINTTAB \((1, \theta) ; S P C(2 \theta): G C O L B\)
1 ：MOUE 0,992 ：DRAW 1245,992 ：MOUEX， 32 ：ORAW 1 288， 32 ：GCOLE， 2
2030COL OLRE：COLOUR 130
2040IFFX PRINTTAB（1，0）；＂Auto pilot＂ELSE
PRINTTAB（ 1,0 ）；＂Pilot＂；\(\$ 8002: B 3=0\)
2050PRINTTAB（23，0）；＂Ener \(9 y="=\) PROCS：COLO UR128：ENDPROC
2060DEF FNF：IFY＝Y2 ANDF \(X\) ANDRND \((5)>3=-1\)
ELSE＝0
2070DEFPROCO： \(8 x=1\) ：PR INTTAB（ 25,28 ）＂Rese？
e Ships＂TAB（34，29）＂I I＂：D＝INKEY200：PRIN TAB（ 25,28 ）SPC14TAB（ 33,29 ）SPC 4
2080PRINTTABCX2，YZ ）CHR \(\$ 230\) ；TAB \((X, Y) S C \$ ;\)
TAB（ \(\times 2-2, Y 2+2\) ）＂ASTEROID＂；TAB \((X-6, Y+2) ; " Y\) OUR SHIP＂：\(D=1\) NKEY200：PRINTTAB（X2－2，Y2＋2） SPC8；TAB（X－6，Y＋2）SPCS
2090ENDPROC

\title{
2 \\ \\ NewBrain Renumber \\ \\ NewBrain Renumber \\ by A R Armitstead
}
＇Renumber＇is a utility which runs on either model NewBrain．

The program is used by MERGEing it with the program you wish to renumber and entering GOTO 50000．Obviously，the program to be renumbered must not have line numbers in the range 50000 to 51040 inclusive．Renumber requests the para－
meters of the line number in the form FIRST LINE，INTERVAL．100，20 would thus renumber the program starting at line 100 in steps of twenty．

The program has one major failing：it doesn＇t actually renumber GOTOs and GOSUBs for you，but simply tells you which numbers to change manually．It

\section*{PROGRAMS}
does this in the form of a table which can cope with up to fifty jumps．This figure can be increased by altering the dimension statement in line 50000 and the check in 50420，but any program which jumps more than fifty times probably isn＇t worth the effort！
The author states that the reason the
Sago Rem Program by A.Armitstead
5080 OPTION BASE 1 :DIM \(t b(58,2)\)
50010 1=1
50020 INPUTC"start, step J st,sp:
        IF st>=50000 OR st <1 OR sp<1
        THEN GOTO 50020

59140 DEF FNpe \((x)=256\)＊PEEK \((x+1)\)＋PEEK \((x)\) \(50150 \mathrm{ly}=\mathrm{FNpe}(22)\)
\(50160 \quad 1 t=F \operatorname{Npe}(1 y+30)+6:\) REMpointer to int 50178 in＝FNpe（It）：REM IIne no．in table So， 89 If In＝58000 THEN RETURN
Sé190 po＝FNpe（ \(1 t\)＋2）：REM pointer to code 50200 IF PEEK（po）＝32 THEN． \(\mathrm{pO}=\mathrm{PO}+1\) GOTOSO209
S0220 If te〈133 AND te〉16》 GOTO 50269 50230 If te \(\langle=136\) ．AND \(t e\rangle=133\) GOSUB 50300 ：GOSUBS0370：GOTO 58260
50240 If \(t_{e}=146\) GOSUB 50460：GOTO 50260 50245 IF \(t_{e}=155\) OR \(t_{e}=16\) ？GOSUB 50300： GOSUB 50370：GOTO 50260
50250 If \(t e=137\) GOSUB． 50540
50260 it＝1t +6 ：REM next line no
50270 GOTO 50178
50280
50298 REMBuIld no．Into tes until cr or，
50300 po＝po＋1：1F．PEEK（po）＝32 GOTO 50300 50300 po＝pot．
50310 te\＄＝＂＂
50320 ie＝PEEK（ \(p \circ\) ）
50330 IF te＜＞ 13 AND le 〈＞ASC（＂，＂）THEN tet＝testCMRs（te）：po＝po＋1：
GOTO 5 g 320
S0346 RETURN
56350
50360 REM check te for valid no．
50370 IF LEN（tes）\(=0\) OR NOT（NUM（tes）） PRINT＂Bad line no．at line＂； In（6）：CLEAR：END
506380 te＝UAL（tes）
Sg390 IF te＞65536 OR te〈1 OR INT（teJOte PRINT＂Bad no．range at line＂； \(\ln (6):\) CLEAR ：END
50400 tb \((1,1)=t e: t b(1,2)=\ln\)
\(50410 \quad 1=1+1\)
50420 IF i＞50 PRINT＂Out of space＂：CLEAR： END

\section*{50430 RE TURN}

50440
50450 REM ON statement
\(50460 p o=p o+1: t e=P E E K(p O)\)
58470 IF te＜133．OR．te＞ 136 GOTO 59460
50480 GOSUB 59300
50498 GOSUB 59379
50580 IF PEEK（pO）＝ASC（＂，＂）GOTO 50480
50518 RE TURN
50529
50530 REM IF statement
50540 po＝po＋1：te＝PEEK（po）
program doesn＇t handle the jumps auto－ matically is that this would take up large chunks of memory due to the way the NewBrain stores its programs．Not having a NewBrain to play around with，I＇ll have to take his word for it，but if anyone knows better

50550 IF te＜＞180 AND te《＞181 GOTO 50540 50560 po＝po＋1：IF PEEK \((p O)=32\) GOTO 50560 \(50570 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{e}}=\mathrm{PEEK}(\mathrm{po})\)
50580 IF te \(\langle=136\) AND \(t e\rangle=133\) GOSUB 50300 ：GOTO 50379
50590 If \(t e\rangle=48\) AND \(t e\langle=5\) 7 THEN po＝po－1： GOSUB 50300：GOTO 50370
\(506001 F\), te \(=146\) GOTO 50460
50610 IF \(t e=137\) GOTO 50540
50620 RETURN
50630
50648 REM Sort table
50650 m \(=n\) ：If \(n=0\) RETURN
\(50660 m=1 N T((m+2) / 3)\) ．
50670 FOR \(1=m+1\) TO n
50680 FOR \(j=1\) TO \(m+1\) STEP－m
5069 IF \(t b(J, p)\rangle=t b(j-m, p)\) THEN \(j=m+1\) ． GOTO 50728
\(50780 i \in=t b(J, p): L b(J, p)=t b(J-m, p):\) \(t b(J-m, p)=t e\)
S0710te＝tb \((J, q): t b(J, q)=t b[J-m, q)\) ： \(t b(J-m, q)=t e\)
50720 NEXT \(J\)
50730 NEXT ।
50740 IF m〈＞1 GOTO 50660
50750 RETURN
50750
50760
50760
50770
50770 REMCheck for non exlsting line no \(50780 \quad 1=1: 1 F \quad n=0\) THEN RETURN
50790 po \(=\) FNpe \((\) FNpe \((22)+39)+6\)
50800 IF FNPe（pO）＜tb \((1,1)\) THEN \(p O=p O+6\) ： GOTO， 50800
50810 IF FNPe（po）＜＞tb（1，1）THEN PRINT＂LIne no．＂；tb（1，1）；
＂Is used in tine＂；ib（i，2）；
＂but no．such line exists＂
＂but no．
ev＝TRUE
\(50820 \quad 1=1+1\)
50830 1F \(1\rangle n+1\) GOTO 50800
SEB40 RETURN
50851
SøB60 REM renumber 2nd columb
50870 IF \(n=0\) THEN RETURN
508B0 \(1=1: p o=F N p e(F N p e(22)+30) * 6\)
50890 te＝st
S0895 In \(=\) FNpe（po）
50900 IF \(\ln \rangle t b(1,2)\) THEN \(p O=p O+6:\) \(t e=t e-s p \#(F N p e(p o)\langle \rangle \ln ):\) GOTO 50895
50910 tb \((1,2)=t e\)
\(50920 \quad 1=1+1\)
S0930 IF \(\mid<>n+1\) GOTO 50900
50940 RETURN
50950
S0960 REM renumber gluing changes
S0970 IF \(n=0\) THEN RETURN
\(50980 \quad 1=1: p \mathrm{O}=\mathrm{FNp}\) e \((\) FNpe \((22)+30)+6\)
50990 te＝st
51000 In＝FNpe（po）：IF in＝50000 THEN RE TURN
\(51010 \mathrm{JF} \operatorname{InOtb}(1,1\) JPOKEPO＋1，INT（te／256） ：POKE po，te－256末INT（te／256）； \(p o=p o+6: t e=q_{e-s p}(F \operatorname{FNe}(p o)\langle \rangle \ln )\) GOTO51690
51020 IF ib（1，1）＜＞te THEN PRINT＂line no．＂活（1，1）（5］；＂In＂； tb \((t, 2)(5] ; "\) change to＂；te
\(51030 \quad 1=1+1\)
51049 GOTO 51910

\section*{BBCHexplode}

\section*{by Janet Ansell}
＇Hexplode＇is a board game for two players．It runs on a BBC B．

The board consists of a web of 25 hexagons（see below）．Each player takes it in turn to place a counter on one of the hexagons．Each hexagon can support a limited number of counters，this limit being determined by the number of neighbouring hexagons．Hexagon A1，for
example，can support two counters since it has only two neighbouring hexagons．B3， similarly，can support six counters．

When the limit is reached，the hexagon ＇explodes＇，sending one counter to each adjacent hexagon．This may cause a chain reaction as these neighbouring hexagons in turn reach their＇critical limit＇．Eventually， one or other of the players will have no

MICROMART

\section*{Keyplus}

Numeric keypad for Apple／／E

＊Full size moving keys ＊Detachable leads
£76＋VAT
Ask your Apple dealer for details DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME

TEL： 092342442
AIDS ELECTRONIC LIMITED 60 DURBAN ROAD WEST WATFORD WD1 7DS

\section*{IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN MICROMART CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01－636 6890}

\section*{SOFTWARE TO MELP YOU WIN THE POOLS}


We specialiss
investment．

\section*{＂POOLSWINNER＂}

 Can be used in simbile modee or with parmeter adustiments to develop yov an Fully documentided araliable nom for An Anle Sopectum BBC（B）．Commodore 64．Oragon ZX81（15k）（others－please enquire）Apple．Spectium． BB

\section*{＂POOLSDATA＂}

For those develog no their own prooram
Completer record of all Engish Foorball Lezoue ratches 1978－B3 Teams，scores and cales of







DUSTCOVERS－£5．95．For the MZ－80K or MZ－80A computers and the P3 and P6 printers．Black，waterproof， computers and the P3 and P6 printers．Blact
tailored．A must for every Sharp owner．
CONTRACT BRIDGE－£9．95．Complete 4 handed contract bridge－you against the computer．Full bidding， superb play，his is absolutely outstanding！Rufis，slams，
finesses，Blackwood－they＇re all there．You can even bid or play a hand again，or even define your own hands！ Unbeatable value－you＇ll play this time and time again Order now，you won＇t find this program anywhere else． FOOTBALL MANAGER－£6．95．Brilliant simulation of this，the most hazardous profession of all．Trade players play matches，decide tactics．Build a team of world repute．But beware－we don＇t make it easyl You＇ll have to cope with Injuries，the bank manager and，not least， irate directors．Can you stand the pressure？Or will you fall，like so many before？
AIRPORT－ \(\mathbf{\Sigma 5 . 5 0}\) ．Full and exacting alrcraft simulator． Pilot your own plane to a safe landing．
COMPUTER ASSISTED LEARNING－Whole page of superb，meticulously assembled programs for children aged 3 to 7 years．New titles in this series－make ideal Xmas presents，Send for full details．
SUPER BIORHYTHM－85．50．Not jusi another biorhythm program，but infinitely more detailed．Full dally analysis plus activity biorhythms，eg．love，sport，decision making，sex etc．Can you afford not to know？

\section*{GIG：LIGAT SOFTMARE \\ 3 Nether Court，Halstead，Essex CO9 2HE \\ Telephone（O787） 475714}

\section*{MICROCHIP POSTER}
＊ \(40 \times 50 \mathrm{cms}\) full colour poster featuring the motorola MC 68,000 microprocessor chip in die form．
＊The picture magnification is 150 times and fine circuit details are clearly visible．
Available now for just \(£ 1.95\) inc p\＆p and VAT each or 3 for £5．

Cheques or p／o to：

\section*{CLIMAX COMPUTERS LTD 17A BROAD STREET， SOUTH MOLTON， NORTH DEVON EX36 3AR}

\section*{PROGRAMS}
counters left and the game is over．
Like the author，I have so far been unable to work out a strategy for the game； most of my theories were rapidly exploded －literally！

The program is well－structured，the
chain reaction being handled by a recur sively－defined procedure．Hexplode was a refreshing change from rehashes of old programs，being（as far as I know） completely original．More original ideas， please！


1 OREM＂＂HEXPLODE＇＂
10REM＂＂HEXPLODE＂
2OREM＂（ c ）J Ansell
3OMODE
5
JOMODE 5
4evDU \(19,1,3,0,0,0\)
45vDU \(19,2,2,0,0\)
－\(\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { 45vDu } 19,2,2,0,0,0 \\ & \text { SuvDu } 19,3,1,0,0,0\end{aligned}\)
GODIM PLAYC\％（4，4），MAXC\％（4，4），SC\％（2）
7 GREPEAT
GORESTORE 160
GOFDR \(X \%=0\) TO 4
100FDR \(Y \%=0\) TO 4
\(110 \mathrm{FLAYC} \%(x \%, Y \%)=0\)
12 OREAD MAXC\％\((X \%, Y \%)\)
130NEXT ：NEXT
140 LAYER \(\%=1\)
\(156 \mathrm{SC} \%(0)=0: S C \%(2)=0\)
160DATA 2，4，4，4，3
170DATA \(4,6,6,6,4\)
18อDATA \(4,6,6,6,4\)
190 DATA \(4,6,6,6,4\)
200DATA \(3,4,4,4,2\)
210PRRCDR
－230PLAYER\％＝PLAYER\％\(\%-1\)
240GCOL 0 ，PLAYER \(\%+2\)
240GCOL O，PLAYER \(\%+2\)
250COLDUR PLAYER \(\%+2\)
260REPEAT
270REPEAT
280PRINTTAB（ 0,3 ）：SPC（19）
290INPUT TAB（0，3）＂YOUR MOVE＂，SHEX\＄
\(300 \times \%=\) ASC（LEFT \(\$(\) SHEX \(\$\) ； 1\()\) ）-65 ，
\(310 Y \%=\) ASC（RIGHT \(\$(\) SHEX \(\$ 1)\) ）-49

\(34 @ S C \%(\) PLAYER \(\%+1)=\) SC\％（PLAYER\％\(\%+1)+1\)
350UNTIL FNEXFLODE \((x \%, Y \%)\)
－360INPUT TAB（ \(\theta, 3)\)＂YOU WIN＂．＂．ANOTHER GAME（Y／N）＂Y
370UNTIL Yゅく〉＂Y＂
380MODE 7
390END
40өREM＂CHECK RANGE
410 DEF FNRANGEOK \((X \%, Y \%)\)
－ \(420=\operatorname{NOT}(x \%<\theta\) OR \(x \%>4\) OR \(Y \%<\) OR \(Y \%>4\) ）
430REM＂CHECK HEX OWNERSHIP
440DEF FNCHECKOWN \((X \%, Y \%)\)
4SOREM＂RECURSIVE PROCEDURE FOR
470REM＂EXPLODING HEX
490 IF NOT FNRANGEOK \((X \%, Y \%)\) THEN \(=F A L S E\)
5001 F NOT FNCHECKOWN \((x \%, Y \%)\) THEN SC \％（PLAYER \(\%+1)=\) SC \％（PLAYER \(\%+1\) ）＋ABS（PLAYC \(\%(X \%, Y\)
\(\%):\) SC \％（PLAYER \(\%-1+1\) ）\(=\) SC \％（PLAYER \(\% *-1+1\) ）－ABS（PLAYC\％\((x \%, Y \%)\) ）
51 GPLAYC \(\%(x \%, Y \%)=(\) ABS \((\) PLAYC \(\%(x \%, V \%))+1)\) \＃PLAYER \(\%\)
\(5201 F\) ABS（PLAYC \(\%(X \%, Y \%))<M A X C \%(X \%, Y \%)\) THEN PROCPHEX \((X \%, Y \%):=F A L S E\)
530PLAYC \(\%(X \%, Y \%)=0\)
540PROCFHEX \((x \%, Y \%)\)
55＠REM＂EXPLODE
560IF FNEXPLODE \((X \%, Y \%-1)\) THEN＝TRUE
570IF FNEXPLODE \((X \%, \mathrm{Y} \%+1)\) THEN＝TRUE
SEOIF FNEXPLODE \((X \%+1, Y \%-1)\) THEN＝TRUE
5901F FNEXPLODE \((x \%+1, Y \%)\) THEN＝TRUE
600IF FNEXPLODE \((x \%-1, y \%)\) THEN＝TRUE
6101F FNEXPLODE \((X \%-1, Y \%+1)\) THEN＝TRUE
6201 F SC\％（（PLAYER\％＊－1）+1 ）\(<=0\) THEN＝TRUE
630＝FALSE
640DEF PROCDRAWGRID
6SOREM＂DRAW HEX GRID
660CLG
\(670 G C O L\) 0， 2
680COLDUR 2
690PRINTTAB（ 14,7 ）＂SCORE＂
70日FOR \(X \%=0\) TO 4
\(710 F O R Y \%=0\) TO 4
\(710 \mathrm{FDRY} \%=0\) TO 4
720MUVE \(x \% * 96+224+Y \% * 96, Y \% * 64+28 日-X \% * 64\)
730 PLOT \(1,-32,64\)
740PLOT 1，32，64
760PLOT 1，32，64

\section*{MICROMART}

\section*{PRINTER PROBLEMS?}

3 DAYS GETS YOU BACK IN

\section*{ACTION:}

The buying and installation of printers and peripherals is only the beginning. What about maintenance? Or repair? When a machine out of action can mean time and money, who do you turn to for fast, reliable service? The Northamber Service Centre.

After all, we are the only authorised Epson Service Centre in the U.K.

As well as immediate repair, we offer a choice of very flexible Service Contracts starting at E28pa, covering a wide range of products.

So you can choose the contract that suits you the best.

Whichever one you choose, we guarantee a 3-day turn around on back to base repairs.

To find out more about how the Northamber Service Centre can help you, contact your local dealer, or Northamber on

\section*{01-390 6166}

The authorised Epson and Anadex Service Centre.


Canberry House, Tolworth Close, Tolworth, Surrey.

\section*{MICROMART}

\section*{BRIDGE COMPUTERS}

\section*{BUSINESS BRIDGE：}

System design for business applications software selection；system structure；hard－ ware and peripherals．For all your business computing needs．
MICROBRIDGE：place your orders for Christmas now：－
Commodore，BBC，Atari，full range in－ cluding new 600 XL ．Commodore full range，and peripherals．BBC Model B and Electron．Wide range software for many machines．

\section*{The Computer Centre} 23－25 New Street LYMINGTON Hampshire Tel：（0590） 77001

\section*{IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN MICROMART CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01－636 6890}

\section*{\(爪\) \\ ATARI}

MICRO COMPUTER PROGRAMMING OPPORTUNITY

\section*{WANTED}

Expérienced freelance assembler programmers willing to work with an Atari authorised organisation to convert the following best selling arcade games for our new Software Publishing Venture．
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Pac－Man & Donkey Kong & Xavions \\
Defender & Pole Positlon & Galaxion \\
Vanguard & Chrystal Castles & Joust \\
Centipede & Missile Command & Mrs Pac－Man \\
Robotron & Battle Zone & \\
\end{tabular}

Spectrum，Dragon，BBC and Commodore preferred． INTERESTED？
Send samples of your work and details of your development equipment to： Mrs K Tarvin（PCW） ATARI INTERNATIONAL（UK）INC Atari House，Railway Terrace，Slough Berks SL2 582

\section*{NewBrain Quadlink}

\section*{by Ian Frost}
＇Quadlink＇is a computer version of the ＇connect－4＇game．
Both players choose a character to be used as their counter．Each then takes it in turn to drop this counter into one of eight
columns in a grid．The winner is the first to obtain a straight line of four characters in any direction．The computer keeps track of the game and indicates a winning line．
10 FORQ \(=1\) TO20:CLOSE\#Q:
20 OPEN\#1,5:OPEN\#O, 0
30 DIM \(X(8)\) :GOSUB 5000
40 DEF FNXS(Q)=(Q*4)+2
50 DEF FNYS(Q)=( \((8-Q) * 2)+4\)
55 PUT31,10,10,10
60 LINPUT("NAME OF FIRST PLAYER PLEASE?"
JNA \(\$(0)\)
65 INPUT("PLAYING CHARACTER?")CH\$:CH(日)=
ASC (CH\$)
- 70 LINPUT("NAME OF SECOND PLAYER PLEASE?
"JNA\$(1)
75 INPUT("PLAYING CHARACTER?")CH\$:CH(1)=
ASC(CH\$)
80 RANDOMIZE : \(P=1 N T(R N D * 2): U=P\)
90 ON BREAK GOTO 6000
100 PUT31, 10, 10, \(7:\) CLEAR \(\times()\)
110 ?" "; CHR \(\$(139) ;: F O R Z=1\) TO7:GOSLB 70
00: ? PCHR\$(133);:NEXTZ:GOSUB 7000:?CHR\$(13
8)
120 FOR \(B=1 T 0\rangle\)
130 FOR \(Z=1\) TO9:?" "; CHR \(\$(130) ;: N E X T Z: ?\)
140 ?" "; CHR\$(135̣);:FORZ=1T07:GOSLB700
0: PCHR\$(13i);:NEXTZ:GOSUBフ000:?CHR\$(134)
150 NEXT B
160 FORZ=1T09: \({ }^{10}\) ";CHR\$(130);:NEXTZ:?
170 ?" "; CHR \(\$(137) ;: F O R Z=1\) TO7:GOSUBフ0日
0: PCHR \(\$(132\) ) ; :NEXTZ :GOSUB7000: PCHR \(\$(136)\)

200 PUT 22,4,22
210 ?"WHICH COLUMN ";LEFT\$(NA\$(P),20);"
                                    ": GET\#1, CL
215 IF CL<49 OR CL>56 THEN 200
216 IF \(\mathrm{X}(\mathrm{CL}-48)=8\) THEN 200
\(220 \mathrm{CL}=\mathrm{CL}-48\)
\(240 x(C L)=x(C L)+1\)
250 POKE 577+FNYS(X(CL))*64+FNXS(CL),CH(
P).
260 GOSUB 1000
\(270 P=1-P\)
280 GOTO 200
\(1000 \times D=1: Y D=0:\) GOSLS 1500
\(1010 \mathrm{XD}=0: Y \mathrm{Y}=1\) :GOSUB 1500
\(1020 \times D=1: Y D=1\) :GOSLB 1500
\(1030 X D=1: Y D=-1:\) GOSUB 1500
1040 RET
\(1500 \mathrm{~F}=0\)
1510 FOR S \(=-3\) TO 3
\(1512 X P=F N X S(C L+X D * S): Y P=F N Y S(X(C L)+Y D * S\)
J
1514 IF \(X P<4\) OR XP>38 OR YP<2 DR YP>20 T
HEN 1560
\(1520 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{PEEK}(577+64 * Y P+X P)\)
```

    1530 IF D=CH(P) THEN F=F+1:GOTO 1550
    ```
    \(1540 \mathrm{~F}=0\)
    1550 IF \(F=4\) THEN 2000
    1560 NEXT S
    1570 RET
    2000 PUT 22,1,21
    2010 ?TAB \(((24-L E N(N A \$(P))) / 2) ; N A \$(P) ; " I\)
    \(S\) THE WINNER g"
    2020 ?TAB(14);"ANOTHER GAME?";:GET\#1,A:?
    CHR \(\$(A-32)\)
    2030 IF \(A=110\) THEN ON BREAK GOTO D:END
    2040 PTAB (14);"SAME PLAYERS?";:GET\#1, A:?
    CHR \(\$(A-32)\)
    2050 IF \(A=110\) THEN 55
    \(2060 \mathrm{U}=1-\mathrm{U}: \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{U}:\) GOTO 100
    5000 PUT31, 10, 10
    5010 ?TAB(15); "QLADLINK"
    5020 ?TAB(10); "CUSTOM ELECTRONICS"
    5025 PTAB(14);"(SOFTWARE)"
    5030 ?:?"The object of the game is to ge
    t fout"
    5040 ?"of yout playing characters in a. T
    ow "
    5050 ?" P The playing character is any cha
    racter"
    5060 ?"typed in by the player at the sta
    rt of"
    5070 p"the game.)"
    5080 ?"On his ot het 90 the playet decid
    es"
    5090 p"which column to 'drop' the charac
    ter"
    5100 p"into."
    5110 ?:PTAB(7);"PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINป
    \(E^{\prime \prime}\)
    5120 GET\#1, A:RET
    6000 CONT
    7000 ?CHR\$(129);CHR\$(129);CHR\$(129);:RET
'Renumber' is, as you'd expect, a renumbering program for the Oric. It runs in less than 0.25 k .

Once you have entered and saved
'Renumber' on tape, instructions for using
it are as follows:-
1 Type in or CLOAD the program you wish to renumber.
2 Enter CLEAR to clear all variables.
3 Enter PRINT DEEK(\#9C). This returns the address of the first free memory location. Make a note of this number.
4 Enter the following as direct commands (that is, press RETURN after each one)
DOKE \#9A, \#9801
DOKE \#9800, \#B00 NEW
5 Load Renumber using CLOAD "RE-
NUMBER", A \#9800, E \#9900
6 LET XXXX \(=\) (the address found by
instruction 3, above).
7 RUN
Your program will now be renumbered in steps of 10 .

5 REM FOR £READ \# (HASH)
10 REM ORIC RENUMBER (C) A. GODBER 27.7.83
\(20 \mathrm{~S}=£ 503: \mathrm{L}=£ 000 \mathrm{~A}: \mathrm{I}=10: \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{XXXX}\)
30 DOKE S,L:L=L+I:S=S+1
40 REPEAT:S=S+1:UNTIL
\(\operatorname{PEEK}(S)=0\) OR \(S>=E\)
\(50 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{S}+3\)
60 IF \(S>=\) E THEN 100
70 GOTO 30
100 DOKE £9C,E:DOKE £9E,

\section*{E:DOKE \(£ A 0, E\)}

110 DOKE £9A,£501
120 LIST

DATA DUPLICATION
(mcromagnetc processing system)

The truly professional high quality dala duplication al sensible prices. A custom developed deciryated real-
time data copying system. No mastering chyarge. We specialise BRis in small orders.

BLANK DATA CASSETTES Pack of 10 Plazatape data cassettes at unbeatable prices
C12 84.70 inc VAT +45 p p p
C15 24.95 inc VAT + 4.5p pap

\section*{PLEASE SEND ME}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
(oeiete as necessary) \\
lenclose chequelPo for \(£\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
payable to PLAZASTAR LTO
NAME
ADDRESS.
DLAZLASTAR Lid.
Seyward House, Abington Read,
Wuffield Trading Estate, Poole, Dorset Telephone: (0202) 749225

\(5225+\mathrm{VAT}\)
\(2253+\) VAT \(8337+\) VAT \(\mathbf{8 4 8 5}+\) VAT \(2390+\) VAT \(1245+\) VAT \(2355+\) VAT \(2255+\) VAT \(5270+\) VAT \&237+VAT
MT80 \(2387+V\)
NTERSTHE NEW 'STAR' AND 'CPP PRUNTERS STAR \& BPSON - THE BIST ON THE MARKDT


All printers carry a 1 year Guarantee and come with paper. Shipment is by TNT Overnight Express to your door - Please add \(87+\) VAT carriage.
Payment by Cheque, Access, Visa etc. Shipments throughout UK. We can export to most countries in the world.
Please phone for Access or Visa buying details.

nompants
DELIVERT.

\section*{Micro-Sbures}

We cannot and will not be beaten on Price! Be warned about price cutting companies - make sure they are eatablished \& have the expertise to sure they are eatabished your needs. (We havel).

Note our change of address
104-108 Hanover Street, Jdinburgh 5H2 1 DR
031-226 3845

\section*{WOODLAND SOFTWARE}

APPLE GAMES SPECIALISTS
 WIZIPPINT/Cnaracter pintoul utility) MORE FOR THE APPLE
AE(Arcade)

\section*{me)}

BANDITS (Arcade)
BILESTOAD
BILESTOAD (Bloodietting combatgame)

CAIME WAVE Arcade)
DARKCRYSTAL (Avventúa)
DEAD LNE (ADventure) Wargane)
FIGHTER COMMAND (Waga

JUMPJET (Arcada)
ODERUNNER(ACA
MADERUNNER(ACACE)
NAPOLEONS CAMPAIGNS (Wargame)
NORTHATLANTIC 86 (Wargame)
NORTHATLANTIC '86 (Warga
PLANETFALL (Adventure)....

SHOOT EMUPINSPACE Warga Te)
SWASHBUCKLER(ACCAde)
SWASHB UCKLER(AACade)
TIMEZONE (Adventure)...
ULTMMAll(Fantasy).
WTMNESS (Acentura)
WITNESS (Adenture)
ZAXOON (Accacel)...
Please add 15\% VAT-Post 8 Packing FREE Personal callers by appontment
Woodland Software, 103 Oxford Gardens,
London W10 6NF Telephone: 01-960 4877

\section*{NORTHSTAR ADVANTAGE MICRO}

1 year old, Z80A microprocessor, 64 k RAM, dual diskettes, 360k bytes/diskette, green screen, \(11^{\prime \prime}\) (diag), 80 characters by 24 lines, graphics \((640 \times 240\) pixels), 87 keys including 15 progammable function keys
Software includes: CPM Vers. 2.2, Mbasic Rev. 5.2, Wordstar Release 3.00 (wordprocessor). Supercalc Vers. 1.05 (spreadsheet), DBMS II and III (database management systems, reviewed in PCW August 1982).
Also computer cover, printer connecting cable, 40 diskettes.
Equipment and manuals as new, with original boxes etc. Value new \(£ 4,000\). Now \(£ 1,800\).

Telephone: 01-229 6834, or write:
The English Collection
6 Monmouth Road, London W2

> IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN MICROMART CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01-636 6890

\section*{PROGRAMS IBM \\ Sheepdog Trials \\ by Chris Gray}

I've been wanting to publish a game for the IBMPC for some time. Actually, I've been secretly hoping that someone would send me a game of Space Invaders for the PC; I mean, what's the point of having all those expensive electronics if you can't zap an alien or two in your lunchbreak? Ah, well, at least I can now try to round up sheep instead. This program is written in IBM BasicA.
If you've never played the game, 'Sheepdog Trials' is more difficult than it sounds. The idea is that you control one blob (the sheepdog) while up to six other blobs (the sheep) wander around the screen. Your job is simply (!) to manoeuvre the sheep into the pen in the centre of the screen. The rules governing the movement of the sheep are as follows:-
(a) If the dog is the correct distance from the sheep, the sheep will move away from the sheepdog.
(b) If the dog is too far away, the sheep will move randomly.
(c) If the dog is too near, the sheep will panic and scatter.
(d) Sheep directed into the pen will escape if left unguarded for too long.
will (as is their wont) tend to follow each other.
When you have got all the sheep into the pen, position yourself in the gate. You are awarded a score based on the time taken to round up all the sheep.
If you don't happen to have a PC handy, 'Sheepdog' is a fairly easy program to write, although this particular version uses two of IBM Basic's more esoteric features. LOCATE \(x, y\) positions the cursor at the specified point on the \(80 \times 25\) screen. Similarly, SCREEN ( \(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}\) ) returns the ASCII value of the character at the specified position.
Lines 3110-40 check for a cursor-key press, checking cursor-down, -up, -left and -right respectively. CHR\$(2) (the dog) is a smiling face, CHR\$(227) is the pi sign which, with a bit of imagination, vaguely resembles a sheep. The other CHR\$s used are block graphics and line characters to draw the pen.

I did, after several attempts, manage to round up two sheep without running out of time. If anyone manages all six, I'll award them the PCW Order of the Crook, but I'll want to see it demonstrated here first!

\section*{WHO CARES？}

We do ．．．we＇ve been looking after
Commodore computer owners since 1978. First the PET，then the VIC，now the 64.
Our PET and 64 catalogues list over 200 original programs，plus scores of add－ons and accessories．Here are some particularly interesting items：

\section*{FOR PET／CBM}

80 －column upgrade boards for 4000 series PETs（either 9in or 12 in ）\(£ 125\) plus VAT（add \(£ 14\) for switchable version）．High resolution boards for 3000／4000／8000 offer 320 by 200 resolution（better than Apple！）for just \(£ 149\) plus VAT．

Winchester House，Canning Road，Wealdstone， Harrow，Middlesex，HA37S．
Telephone：01－861 1166

\section*{IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ADVERTISING IN MICROMART CALL GAYNOR OR NICKY ON 01－636 6890}
    5160 LOCATE \(Y(N), X(N)\)
    5180 LET \(X(N)=X(N)+D X\)
    5190 LET \(Y(N)=Y(N)+D Y\)
    5200 LET XDEF=DX
5210 LET YDEF=DY
    5210 LET YDEF=DY
5220 LDCATE Y(N), \(X(N)\)
    5220 LOCATE \(Y(N), X(N)\)
    S230 PRINT S\$;
S240 GOSUB \(3000:\) REM dog move
    5250 NEXT N
    5260 RETURN
    6000 REM* **
6010 REM*
    6010 REM**
6020 REMH* check for all the sheep in the pen **
    6030 REM**

    6050 FOR \(N=1\) TO NS
    6060 IF \(Y(N)<11\).OR \(Y(N)>12\) OR \(X(N)<38\) OR \(X(N)>40\) THEN GOTO 3270
    6070 NEXT N
60BO IF SON THEN FOR M=4 TO 6:FOR N=1 TO 3:PLAY "L640=m; edefgab":NEXT: MEXT
    6070 NEXT N TF SON THEN FOR M=4 TO 6:FOR N=1 TO 3:PLAY "L640=m; cdefqab": NEXT: MEXT
    6090 PRINT
    6100. LOCATE 24, 10
6110 PRINT "You scored ";SC;" Another game (Y/N)";
    6100. LOCATE 24, 10
6110 PRINT "You scored ";SC;" Another game (Y/N)";
    6120 INPUT Q*
6130 IF Q* \(=" Y "\) OR \(Q \$=" Y "\) THEN RUN

    6140 IF Q* = "N" OR Q \(=\) " \(n\) " THEN KEY ON: END
6150 PRINT "Invalid selection - ": GOTO 6100
    6150 PRINT "Invalid selection - ":GOTO 6100
6160 GOTO 6100
1110 LOCATE N, 1
1120 PRINT CHR (222);
1130 LOCATE N, 90
    1140 PRINT CHR \(\$ 1221\) );
1150 NEXT N
    1150 NEXT N
    1160 LOCATE 10,37
    1170 PRINT CHR (201);CHR (184);" ";CHR (213);CHR\$(187);
    1180 LOCATE 11,37
    1190 PRINT CHR\$(185);" -; CHR (204);
    1200 LOCATE 12,3
    1210 PRINT CHR\$(185);" "iCHR (204) :
    1220 LOCATE 13,37
    1230 PRINT CHR\$ (200); CHR\$(205);CHR\$(205);CHR\$(205);CHR\$ (188);
    1240 LOCATE 24,30
    1250 PRINT "SCORE ";5C;
    1260 RETURN
    2000 REM****
    2020 REMH: set up dog and sheep on screen \({ }^{2}\) *
    2030 REM** 204 .
    2040 REME**
    2050 FDR N \(=1\) TO NS
    2060 READ \(X(N)\)
    20日0 LOCATE \(Y(N), X(N)\)
    2090 PRINT S \(\$\);
    2100 NEXT N
    2110 DATA \(9,17,8,18,9,18,10,18,9,19,10,19\)
    2120 LET XD \(=\) FN \(X\)
    2140 IF SCREEN (YD, XD) <> 32 THEN GOTO 2120
    2150 LOCATE YD,XD
    2160 PRINT Ds;
    2170 RETURN

    3020 REM** dog (player) movement
    3030 REMF.
3040 REM"
    3050 LET EX=0
    3060 LET EY=0
    3070 LE K \(=1\) NKEYS
    3080 IF K \(=\) THEN GOTO 3170 THEN GOTD 3170
    3090 IF LIFT\$ (K\$,1) <> CHR (O) THEN GOTD 3170
    3100 LET K\$ = RIGHT\& (K \$, 1)
    3110 IF K \(=\) CHR ( 72 ) THEN LET EY \(=-1\) :LET EX = 0: GOTD 3160
    3120 IF K \(=\) CHR* (80) THEN LET EY \(=+1:\) LET EX \(=0:\) GOTO 3160
    3130 IF K \(=\) CHR\&(75) THEN LET EX \(=-1:\) LET EY \(=0:\) GOTO 3160
    3130 IF K \(=\) CHR\& (75) THEN LET EX \(=-1:\) LET EY \(=0:\) GOTO 3160
3140 IF K \(=\) CHR (77) THEN LET EX \(=+1:\) LET EY \(=0:\) GOTD 3160
    3150 IF K* \(=\) CHR* (77) THEN LET EX \(=+1:\) LET EY \(=0\) :GOTO 3160
    3160 IF SON THEN SOUND 999,. 1
    3170 DEF SEG=0
    3180 POKE 1050, PEEK (1052)
    3190 IF SCREEN (YD+EY, XD+EX) 《> 32 THEN GOTO 3270
    3200 LOCATE YD, XD
    3210 PRINT " ";
    3220 LET \(X D=X D+E X\)
    3230 LET YD=YD+EY
    3240 LOCATE YD, XD
    3250 PRINT D\$;
    \(\begin{array}{ll}3250 \text { PRINT D } \$ \text { AND } \\ 3260 \\ \text { IF } & =10 \text { THEN GOTO } 6000\end{array}\)
    3270 RETURN

    4010 REM里
4020 REM* calculate current score and display
    4020 REM* Calculate current score and display
4030 REM*
    4040 REM*
    4050 LET SC \(=\) SC -
    4060 IF SL <= O THEN SC=0: GOTO 6110
    4070 LOCATE 24,36
    4080 PRINT S
    4090 RETURN

    5010 REM** move all the sheep **
5020 REM*
    5030 REM* \({ }^{2}\). move all the sheep

    \(5050 \times\) DEF \(=\) INT (RND*3)-1
    \(5060 \mathrm{YDEF}=\operatorname{INT}(\) RND \(31-1\)
    5070 FOR \(N=1\) TO NS
    5080 LET XABS \(=\operatorname{ABS}(X(N)-X D)\)
    5090 LET YABS \(=\) ABS \((Y(N)-Y D)\)
    5100 IF XABS \(<2\) AND YABS \(<2\) THEN \(D X=X D E F: D Y=Y D E F=\) GOTO 5140
    5110 IF XABS > 16 DR YABS > B THEN DX = XDEF:DY = YDEF:GOTO 5140
    5120 LET DX \(=\operatorname{SGN}(X(N)-X D)\)
    6160 GOTO 6100

\title{
Mr. Chip Software
}

\section*{VIC 20 GAMES AND UTILITIES}

JACKPOT - This is it, the ultimate Fruit Machine Program, for the VIC, with nudge, hold and respin, \(100 \%\) Machine Code. "Jackpot is a beautifully written simulation giving superb graphics animation and use of colour. In fact, this program makes Commodore's Fruit Machine cartridge look unbelievably cheap and nasty." Home Computer Weekly, issue 20, 19.7.83.
KWAZY KWACKS - Accuracy and speed are required for this shooting gallery, superb use of colour and graphics in this new and challenging game from the author of JACKPOT, 100\% Machine Code, joystick or keyboard control for the unexpanded VIC ......... 5.50
PACMANIA - Choose your own game from the following options difficulty \(1-3\), speed \(1-3\), size of maze \(1-3\), visible or invisible maze, still or moving power pills, define your own key controls, any combination, if this is your type of game, then this is the one for you, for the 3K expanded VIC only
SNAKE BYTE - Guide your ever hungry snake round the screen, eating the flies and wasps, to stay alive you must avoid the deadly mushrooms, quick reactions are required for this biting game, keyboard control, for the unexpanded VIC. \(\qquad\) .£5.50
BUGSY (Joystick Only) - This is a Minefield with a difference! As you step on the stones whilst collecting purple boxes which give you both time and points, they disappear from beneath your feet. DO NOT DESPAIR! "BUGSY" will randomly replace the stones but avoid bumping into him or its sudden death! An original compulsive and challenging game.

E5.50

MINI-ROULETTE - PONTOON - HI-LOW
Three great games of chance for the VIC, try to beat the computer, hours of fun, full colour, sound effects and tunes. . 5.50 DATABASE - Create your own files and records on tape ............. \(\mathbf{£ 7 . 5 0}\) SUPER BANK MANA GER - A full feature version any memory size, but needs \(3 K\) expansion
.£7.50

\section*{COMMODORE64GAMES AND UTILITIES}

JACKPOT 64 - At lastit's here, specially written for the 64, by the author of "Jackpot" the ultimate fruit machine programfor the VIC............ 5.50
WESTMINSTER - A game for up to 10 players, can you lead the party of your choice and win the general election, you tour the 60 constituencies (seats) buying votes, when you can, (just like the real thing), this must be one of the first board type games specifically written for the computer. Why play on your own, have fun with your family and friends playing WESTMINSTER. Full instructions provided.
.... \(£ 5.50\)
RED ALERT - A game for \(1-4\) players, with sound and graphics, make money in casinos, commit robbery, hide from the police, hire secret agents, (some of whom can be treacherous), negotiate for weapons, find and attack the secret rocket base to launch the missile, and watch the havoc and destruction caused. There's no turning back from "RED ALERT"
..... \(£ 5.50\)
PURCHASE LEDGER - Easy to use, single entry, handles four hundred invoices per month gross/net purchases, VAT .............£14.50 The disc version available . 17.00
SALES LEDGER - Easytouse, single entry, handles four hundred invoices permonth gross/net purchases, VAT. . 14.50 The disc version available . 17.00

WH\&£LER DEALER - A game for two to twenty players, become a tycoon of the motor trade, you must obtain gearboxes, tyres and engines to produce cars for sale. Form syndicates, buy and exchange parts, buy dealerships, but be careful, you may become bankrupt and have to liquidate, find out what you're made of, have you got what it takes to become a WHE£LER DEALER
.\(£ 5.50\)
LUNAR RESCUE - Our new version, avoid the asteroid belt to rescue the stranded scientist's, then fight your way back to the mother ship. Fast reactions are required to safely land and dock your lunar module (available now) .£5.50

CHIPMON - Contains a 1-or2-pass assembler, disassembler and monitor. A programming aid for the development of machinecode programs and routines on the CBM64
.. 12.50
BANK MANA GER 64 - As our Super Bank Manager, but for the 64
. 8.50
Now available on disk with extra features
. \(£ 10.00\)

\section*{SPECTRUM GAMES}

SPECTRUM DARTS (48K) - Five games of darts for \(1-5\) players, 501 , cricket, killer, round the board, noughts and crosses, four levels of play per game, take on the computer or friends at these games of skill and judgement
WH\&£LER DEALER - As for the Commodore 64 now available for the 48 K Spectrum, Texas T1 99/4A and Dragon . \(£ 5.50\)

\section*{Full documentation with all utility programs.}

Other software available for the VIC and Commodore 64, send for free brochure, including RABBIT SOFTWARE at \(£ 5.99\).

\section*{Dept PCW, 1 NEVILLE PLACE, LLANDUDNO, GWYNEDD, LL30 3BL. Tel: 049249747}

\section*{WANTED: HIGH QUALITY SOFTWARE, OF ALL TYPES, FOR THE VIC, CBM 64 AND SPECTRUM, FOR EXPORT AND UK DISTRIBUTION}

\section*{How fast ISAAC?}

Micro-computers don't hang about-and neither do we. We like to move as fast as the products we handle. When you deal in computers you need a distribution system to match the product.
That's where we have the edge. Located at the centre of the country's communications network we can get anywhere in the UK-Fast!
Phone in your order now, we'll get the system moving!

\section*{EPSON Extraordinary products. Exceptional quality from}

\section*{Westwood Distribution}

\section*{Distributors to the Computer Trade}

\title{
What programs will you be watching on BBC over Christmas?
}

For the best viewing on offer see

> Programming the BBC Micro Edited by Peter Williams
> "an excellent review. . . way ahead of its rivals" BBC Micro User
> Quite simply, the best book on programming and using the BBC Micro Practical programming points, BBC BASIC, graphics, machine code, hex, assembly language, interfacing, file handling are all covered in this guide.

Softcover £6.95
Exploiting BBC BASIC AP Stephenson and D \(J\) Stephenson
BBC BASIC offers you many special features, make sure your're taking full advantage of them with this practical book. It takes you from fundamentals to the more sophisticated aspects of BBC BASIC.
Softcover \(£ 6.95\) approx

\section*{6502 Machine Code for Beginners AP Stephenson}


If you've mastered BASIC then progress on to machine code - a more efficient way of programming. The book shows you how to program in machine code and is ideal for all users of the BBC Micro, Acorn Attom, Oric-1, Pet, Apple etc.
Softcover £6.95

\section*{\(\mathbb{N}\)}
ewnes Technical Books
Borough Green, Sevenoaks, Kent TN 15 8PH

Here is a complete guide to all available back issues of PCW. A quick guide to their contents is shown below. Check the coupon overleaf for the issues you require

Vol3No6(June 1980)
BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
TRS-8011
Periflex 630/48
Softy Eprom Programmer ExatronStringy Floppy Exatron
Prestel Report
Prestel Report
IEEE-488Bus At Work
IEEE-488BUSAI WR
PET.Uk 101, MK14

Personal
CO1111120


Vol 3 No 12 (December 1980) BENCHTESTS AND
BENCHTE
Hardware:
RaanndSP1
Microwriter
Micro Toys
FEATURES
Computer Art
CRAM
PETPools Predictions
Screen Layouts
PROGRAMSFOR:
TRS-80,PET, MZ80, UK 101

\section*{Corimpinalter}


Vol 4 No 1 (January 1981)
BENCHTEST
Transam Tuscam


FEATURES
Real Time Control
Finite State Automation Singing PET
PrinterSurve
PROGRAMSFOR:
TRS-80, PET


Vol4 No 3(March 1981) BENCHTESTS AND REVIEWS
Hardware:
Onyx C8002
Onyx C8002
HP 34C (Calculator)
Software:
MTU Instrument Synthesis
FEATURES
UnixOS
Printerfacing
ALCCircuit
ALCCircuit
Data Compression
PROGRAMSFOR
TRS-80, PET
Vol 4 No 5(May 1981)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Pasca 640
PET Chromadaptor MCSynthesisers (Apple) Software:
Magic Wand (WP)
MVTFamos(OS)

Readers should note that all mail order subscriptions, binders. and back issue enquiries must now be addressed to 55 Frith Street, London W1.

However, for personal callers only, 2 selection of PCW back issues, binders, micro-computing books etc can be purchased from the shop at 14 Rathbone Place, London W1.


Vol4 No6(June 1981)
BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
NECPC800I
ZX81
Software:
MP/M(OS)
Wordpro 4
FEATURES
Radio Teletype
Cassette Interface Project
PROGRAMSFOR:
UK101,Zor, PET


Vol4 No 7 (July 1981) BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
SharpPC-3201
Acorn Econet
Software :
Format 80 (Apple WP) FEATURES
Shogi
TRS-80 Accident Research The Zilog 78 Family
PROGRAMS FOR
ZX80, UK101,TRS-80,PET, MZ-80K, ZX81

Vol 4 No 8 (August 1981) BENCHTESTSAND REVIEWS
Hardware:
Tandy Model III
Lexisoft Spellbinder (WP) FEATURES
PrinterSurvey
Viewdata Update
Microholism
PROGRAMSFOR
ZX80, Apple, MZ-80K, PET


Vol4 No 12 (December 1981) BENCHTESTS AND REVIEWS
Hardware:
SharpMZ80B
Philips P2000
FEATURES
Explor (part 1)
BBCMicro: The Background
Apple Turtle Graphics School Network
Forth
Cubic Spline Curve Fitting PROGRAMS FOR:
PET, ZX81


Vol5 No3(March 1982)
BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware
HP-125
Texas 99/4A
Software:


\section*{Compsoft DMS}

FEATURES
High Density VDU Board (part 2)

Choosing a Database
DPManagers' Guide to Micros (part 3)
3D Graphics
PROGRAMS FOR:

Nascom, ZX81,MZ-80K TRS-80


Vol5 No4 (April 1982)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Monroe OC 8820
\$100Colour Board
Software:
FMS-80 (Dbase)
FEATURES
DPManagers' Guide to Micros
(part 4)
Logo
DIYDataScreens
Comal-80
High Density VDU Card (part 3)

PROGRAMSFOR
TRS 80, PET, ZX81


Vol5 No6(June 1982)
BENCHTESTS AND
BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware
Spectrum
Sharp PC1500 (Calculator)
Software:
DBMS2
FEATURES
Lisp
Picture Theory
DPManagers' Guide to Micros (part 6)
RML VIC20 BBC MZ-80K
Vol5 No7(July 1982)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
NewBrain
Mimi 801
Software:
Silicon Office
FEATURES
UCSD p-system (part 1)
Anatomy of the BBC Micros in the classroom PROGRAMSFOR
TRS-80, PET, UK101, Atari


20 leading micros reviewed by the PCW team.

\section*{Desktop Computing}
£2.25 (inc. P\&P) Comprehensive guide to using micros to help you in your business.

\section*{BINDERS}

Keep your copies in order with these strong, attractive yellow binders, £3.95 each (inc P\&P)


Vol 5 No9 (September 1982) BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Microwriter
Olivetti M20
HP15C \& HP16C (calculators) Software:
Aquila (Dbase)
Select (WP)
E40(File Compressor) FEATURES UCSD \(p\)-system (part 3) Logo in Microsoft Basic RS232 Interface (part 2) BBCColour Hi-Res PROGRAMSFOR:
Apple, Genie, ZX81, PET, BBC TRS-80

Vol 5 No 10 (October 1982) BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Hardw
HP-86
Positron 9000
Positron 900
Software:
Personal Pearl (Dbase)
FEATURES
Benchmarking
BBCStereo Graphics File Searching.
Database Designing
CP/M-86 vs MS-DOS

DataPrism (Dbase)
Wordhandler II (Apple)
VisiOn Mouse
FEATURES
Networking (part 2)
IBM's Secret Micro
Notting Dale ITeC
Enhancing your MZ-80K PROGRAMSFOR: Atari. MZ-80K. PET
RENVIEWS
Hardware:
Epson HX
Walters' 120 dot-matrix printer
Plutoboard
Motorola MC68000educational board
Software:
Computer Scrabble


FEATURES
Ada
Database comparison Intelligence test for computers PROGRAMSFOR. PET, T199/4A, Atari 400/800

Vol6No3(March 1983) BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
G007Graphics Board
Corvus Concept
Lynx
Prophet II
Lisa Mouse
Software:

Any one issue \(£ 1.50\); all additional issues \(£ 1.00\) each Benchtest special \(£ 1.80\). Desktop Computing \(£ 2.25\). Binders £3.95 each. All prices include post and package. *Overseas orders requiring Air Mail postage add \(£ 1.00\) per copy. Cheques/P.O. payable to Computing Publications Ltd,

Vol6 No 7 (July 1983)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Apple Lisa
EpsonQX-10
Osborne Executive Epson FX-80Printer
Software:
Microtax (Dragon)
Omnis database
ECalc(EpsonHX-20)
PolyForth (IBM PC)
FEATURES
Warnier Orr Programming
(part 1)
Choosing Disks
Micronet 800
Cryptography
PROGRAMSFOR
BBC, Atom, ZX81, Spectrum,
Genie, MZ-80K, TRS-80
Apple
Vol6 No8(August 1983)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Mannesmann Tally 160LPrinter
Vectrex Arcade System
Fortune 32:16
SordM5
NCR Decision Mate V
Tandy TRS-80 Model 100 Software:
Acornsoft View
Stable Software SCRED
Mathemagic/Graphmagic
Beta
Apple Lisawrite
Dataplan (Dragon)
FEATURES
Warnier Orr Programming
(part2)
BBCGraph Plotting and Curve Fitting
PROGRAMSFOR:
VIC 20, MZ-80K, ZX81, Jupiter
Ace, Apple, PET, BBC

Vol6 No9 (September 1983)
BENCHTESTSAND
REVIEWS
Hardware:
Pied Piper
NECAPC
Micro-Professor II
Software:
Tasword Two

Psion Vu-Calc
Microl The Spreadsheet
MicroproInfostar
FEATURES
Warnier Orr Programming (part
3)

Expert Systems
SharpLogic
Programconversion
SiriusGraphics (part 1)
Computerising your business Comput
(part 1) (part 1)
Random numbergeneration
PROGRAMSFOR
Atom, Apple, BBC., Spectrum,
Atari, MZ-80K, TRS-80/Genie


Vol6 No 10(October 1983)
BENCHTESTS AND

\section*{REVIEWS}
hardware
Apricot
Tulip
Future FX20
Hyperion
MicroDrive
Software:
Sage 400
MicroFCS and Masterplanner
Perfect Calc
Delta
Microsight
FEATURES
Warnier Orr Programming(part
4)
sirius Graphics (part 2)
PROGRAMSFOR:
SharpMZ-80K, BBC'A' and
'B', Lynx, TI99/4A and PET.
Vol 6 No 11 (November 1983)
BENCHTESTS AND
REVIEWS
Argus PPC
Tandy MC-10
Aquarius
FX System
Lotus 1-2-3
Optimum
FEATURES
Bulletin Boards
Print Big
Sort Trees for Beginners Summer computer camps for Kids
Program conversion
Maths at a Pass
Computerising your business PROGRAMSFOR:
BBC, Dragon, Osborne,
Newbrain, Atom, Oric and
VIC-20


\title{
48K SPECTRUM OWNERS READTHIS FROM ...LET'S GET DOWN TO BUSINESS... * * * FINANCE MANAGER * *
}

FINANCE MANAGER is a powerful, flexible and fast MENU DRIVEN general purpose program carefully designed to handle up to 255 separate accounts for domestic and business accounting applications. The magic of MACHINE CODE has enabled us to produce the very latest "on the page" presentation which lets you enter and edit data naturally, as if with a pencil and paper.

These screens are just a sample to show the style of the program:
But that's not all, not by a long way. This program automatically raises a corresponding debit or credit for every entry, and will even open a new account if an entry features an unrecorded account name.


Accounts can be MERGED, DELETED, ANALYSED, MARKED as priority, RENAMED, EDITED and SCROLLED. Transactions can be RECONCILED, AMENDED, DELETED, PRINTED, DESCRIBED for analysis and RENAMED. Standing orders can be APPLIED, REMOVED, DESCRIBED, AMENDED, DELETED and even DUMMIED for planning purposes. Other features include DATE CHANGE, RUNNING TOTALS, 2 KEYBOARD MODES, PRINT PAGE/LINE/BLOCK/FROM END/FROM START/FROM DATE etc., LIST BALANCES, FIELD ERASE/INSERT/DELETE, EXIT TO BASIC. You may not want all these features but they are there just in case.

\section*{\(\star \star \star\) ADDRESS MANAGER \(\star \star \star\)}

ADDRESS MANAGER utilises the same "on the page" presentation as FINANCE MANAGER and offers Spectrum owners a professional standard address filing, indexing and retrieval system. Below are examples of the screen presentations.
ADDRESS MANAGER has been carefully constructed to provide the user with a tool that is extremely friendly and easy to use, the speed and presentation of this program are second to
 none.
ADDRESS MANAGER features MULTIPLE INDEXING via our 3 way 3 character index, an ability to store over 400 full names and addresses or 1500 individual names/titles.
USES include storing and updating names, addresses and phone numbers, printing out Xmas card lists, etc, mail order work, customer classification by type size (doctors have used this program to catalogue patients by treatment).
\(\star \star \star\) PLUS \(80 \star \star \star 80\) COLUMN VERSIONS OF BOTH THESE PROGRAMS ARE AVAILABLE. THESE WORK IN
CONJUNCTION WITH THE KEMPSTON CENTRONICS INTERFACE AND CENTRONICS PRINTER. WRITE TO US
FOR A QUOTATION FOR THE SOFTWARE, THE INTERFACE AND THE LATEST HIGH PERFORMANCE JAPANESE
DOT MATRIX PRINTER - YOU WILL FIND OUR PRICES VERY COMPETITIVE.

\section*{VISIT YOUR LOCAL SOFTWARE STORE NOW AND ASK FOR FINANCE MANGER AND ADDRESS MANAGER BY NAME} also available from selected branches of WH SMITH and BOOTS

\section*{SOFTWARE \(\star ~ \star ~ \star ~ S M P L Y T H E B E S T ~ \star ~ \star ~ \star ~\)}

If you experience difficulty obtaining your copies of these programs send a cheque or postal order for \(\mathbf{£ 8 . 9 5}\) ( \(£ 19.95\) for PLUS 80 versions) or telephone your details to ( 0753 888866):

Oxford Computer Publishing Ltd.
P.O. Box 99, OXFORD, ENGLAND

290 PCW




\section*{Disk Drives}

100K disk drive \(£ 201.25\)
200K single disk drive \(£ 241.50\)
400K single disk drive \(£ 396.75\)
800K dual disk drive \(£ 711.85\)

\section*{Software}

UK's No. 1 range of software. Check availability with your


SINCLAIR SOFTWARE - SEND FOR LIST


CONCHESS / WW
This remarkable chess game comes in 3 different finishes Warming . . . try it once and you're sure to buy it Models available
ESCORTER £179.99
AMBASSADOR £229.99 MONARCH £179.99

\section*{Printers}
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
SEIKOSHA GP100 & \(£ 214.99\) \\
SEIKOSHA GP250 & \(£ 276.00\) \\
EPSON RX80 & \(£ 339.25\) \\
EPSON FX8O 160 cps & \(£ 454.25\) \\
OLIVETI SPARKIET & \\
PRINTER & \(£ 419.75\) \\
SMITH CORONA DNWHEEL \\
& \\
& \\
& \\
& \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
TEC STARWRITER 40 cps £1265.00
JUKIG100 DNWHEEL £458.85
STAR MCP40 COLOUR
PRINTER
£171.35
STAR DP510
£275.00

\section*{LYNX}
\(\begin{array}{lr}\text { LYNX 96K } & £ 299.00 \\ \text { JOYSTICK INTERFACE } & \mathbf{1 3 . 9 5} \\ \text { SERIAL INTERFACE } & £ 3.99 \\ \text { CENTRONICS INTERFACE }\end{array}\)
\(£ 49.95\)

\section*{Workstation}

Designed to take computer, disk drive, printer and paper. Robustly built for school, business or home use.
700 mm £118.00 1100 mm £138.00.

Look out for our special Christmas 2X81 pack.
2X81
1 K RAM, world's largest-selling computer, 16 K expansion pack, masses of software, basic language, many expansions including keyboard/memory/ printer, high resolution graphics.
£39.95
16K RAM ZXPRINTERS (NO PSU) £29.95

\section*{MASTER} CLASS VIDEOMN
Finding it hard to come to terms with user manuals. Master Class videos will take you step by step and make first time computing much more enjoyable. Hire or buy for a very low cost
TORCH 280
£839.50
Disk pack (Including perfect software)
JUPITER ACE
£69.95

£39.95
SINCLARR SOFTWARE - SEND FOR LIST

Think you're good enough to become a Big ' M ' distributor? Full back up given. Write for details and application forms to
Steve Macfarlane Micro Management 16 Princes St, Ipswich Tel: (0473) 219461

\section*{SINCLAIR}

SPECTRUM
16 K and 48 K , basic, colour, text and graphics, vast range of software. including education, printer, built-in speaker. You can build a very good sysstem at a very good price.
ZX SPECTRUM 48K E129.95
ZX SPECTRUM 16 K


COMMODORE

\section*{COMMODORE 64}
-64K RAM,
colour, sophisticated ROM/RAM user, full business applications, disk drives available, sound, UHF/composite video, proven basic language, exceptional value, high resolution graphics, many "add-ons" available, printers.


\section*{ORIC}

48K, colour, high resolution graphics \(240 \times 200\), text \(28+40\), preprogrammed sound, user-defined keyboard/graphics, non touch-sensitive keyboard, microsoft type basic with powerful extensions, RGB/UHF, standard cassette interface, parallel printer output, several periferals available, printers available modems and PRESTEL (coming).
ORIC-1 48K
£139.95

\section*{LYNX}

LYNX 48
48K standard, expandable to 192 K . colour, 57 key typewriter keyboard, CP/M compatible, serial port, high resolution graphics \(265 \times 248\), digital/ analogue sound converter, RGB/UHF composite video, RS232/parallel, cassette.
£224.99

\section*{DRAGON}

DRAGON 32
32K RAM, colour, extended basic, sound 5 octaves 255 tones, vast software range, typewriter keyboard, standard cassette drive, high resolution graphics, \(256 \times 192\), text \(16+32\), looks like a British worldbeater.

\section*{£174.99}

Up to \(£ 1000\) instant credit available through selected \(\mathbf{B i g}^{\prime} \mathbf{M}^{\prime}\) dealers. Ask for details. Financed by Lombard Tricity (APR).

\section*{AGENTS}
aberdeen
Vicrocomms
372.374 Greorge St 3224833385
Abergele Abergele Computer Centre 8 Water St. 0745826234 Autrincham
M Copeland Lid
37 Stanford New Rd. 0619280087 Ballymoney Everyman Computers Chariont Ss. 0265662116 Bedford
The Soltware Centre 52a Bromham Rd. 023444733 Blshop's Stortford 3 Church St 0279506801 Brldgend Automation Services 31 Wernlys Rd. Penyfai 0656 720959 Bristol
Brensall Computers Ltd 24 Park Row. 0272294188 Brixham
Computer Systems (Torbay) Pump St. 080456565 Bromiey
6 Chatterton Rc. 014608991 Chelmford Essex Computer Centre Moulsham St. 0245358702 Clacton-on-Sea Clacton Computer Centre Pier Averue 0255422644

Colchester
Capricorn Computer Centre 32 North Hill
020668471
Croydon
Universa! Micro Peripherals 233 London Road, W Croydon 016830060
Derby
First Byte Computers 10 Main Centre London Rd. 0332365280 Dover
Dover international Computer Centre Computer Centre |Humberside] 18.19 Ihe Chariton Avcade High St. 0304212433 Co Durham nowledge Computer Centre 15 North Burns Chester-le-Stree 0385888144
Gloucester
79 Northgate \$ 0452410693 Guildford
the Model Shop
23 Swan Lane 048339115 Hastings
the Computer Centre
37 Robertson St. 0424439190
Haverford west
the Computer Centre (8IS) 22 Market Courtyard Shops Haverfordwest. Dyfed 043768228
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Heckmondwike Thoughts and Crosses 37 Market St. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Plymouth \\
The Model Shop \\
11 Old Town St 075221851
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Heckmondwike, W Yorks 0924402337 & Preston 4MAT Computing \\
\hline Hemel Hempstead Faxminster & 67 Friar Gate 0772561952 \\
\hline 25 Market Square 044255044 & S \\
\hline Horsham Microstore 130 West St 040352297 & Ashby Computer Centre 298 Ashby High St. 0274871756 \\
\hline 040352297 & Sheffield \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Hull \\
Computer Centre |Humberside) 26 Aniaby Rd. 048226297
\end{tabular} & Just Micro 22 Carver St 0742752732 \\
\hline Ipswich Micro Management & Tomorrows World Esplanade. 05952145 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
32 Princes St. 047359181 \\
Ipswich \\
Brainwave Micro's
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Southend-on-Sea \\
Estuary Soltware \\
261 Victoria Ave. 070243568
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Crown St. 047350965 \\
London \\
Computers of Wigmore St. \\
87 Wigmore St. WI 014860373
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Stoke on Tremt \\
Town Computer Store 30 Town Rd. Hanley 0782287540
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
London \\
The Advanked Technology Centre 207 Etham High St.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Stroud \\
The Model Shoo \\
22 Hign St. 045365920
\end{tabular} \\
\hline London SE9 018597696 & Surbiton \\
\hline Norwich Richard Pank Anglia Square 060327963 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Computasolve \\
8 Central Parade, St Marks Hill \\
013905135
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Nonwich Byteronics 40 Cowgate & Bureau Computer Services Ltd 52 - 54 Belliegrove Rd. 013012677 \\
\hline Nottingham Computer Market 27 Goose Gate 0602586454 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MEMOTECH MTX SERIES}

Powerful fast 280 computers with 16 K video RAM plus 32K or 64 K user RAM (500 or 512) - both expandable to 512 K .
*Intergral joystick ports (2) -cassette port ( 2400 bd ) - centronics interface \(\mathrm{N}+\) sound -composite video monitor - hi-fi - cartridge port - expansion bus. *ROM Contains ASSEMBLER/
DISASSEMBLER, PROGRAM MONITOR, NODDY \& extended BASIC with commands for 32 SPIRITES; 4 CH SOUND; \(40 \times 24\) TEXT or \(32 \times 24\) TEXT with \(256 \times 192\) PIXELS each in COLOURS; 8 virtual screens.
MTX 500: £275
MTX 512: £315

\section*{OPPORTUNITY}

\section*{O OFF \\ PURCHASES OVER \(£ 20\)} Use this coupon to get even better value aty your local Big 'M' dealer. Check our list for your nearest dealer.
This coupon can be used at ary This coupon Mal Management dealer. The bearer Is ertitied to a \(\frac{3}{} \mathrm{E} 75\). reduction on purchases over \(z 75\). Onily one coup
be redeerned. V alld untll Janwary 30 th 1984. Micro Managich, Surfolk.


\section*{ADDRAM}
\{ से
The best multi function board for your IBM PC. Includes 64 K upgradeable to 512 K , serial and parallel ports, or 2 serial ports, clock/calendar, Ramdisk and print spooler software
plus.
TASCMASTER
Multi-tasking PC DOS -
allows you to execute up to nine different programs in memory, concurrently.
\(\mathbf{£ 3 4 5}+\) VAT

\section*{RENTAL}

Want to rent an Apple?

Or an IBM PC. . . a QX10. . . a Printer or anything else you can think of? Call either of our offices for a quote from one machine to fifty, from one day to a thousand years.

\section*{TBITSTIK GRAPHICS HHUSYSTEM}

-Features unique Bitstik 3 axis controller aDraw directly on the screen in colour \(\square\) No computer knowledge needed -Easy to use microcomputer based drawing and design system \(\square\) Powerful "User-Friendly" software口Low-cost hardware/software package ofully expandable, highly versatile - Hard copy software available for wide range of plotters
-Range of symbols and other graphic material on 'library' disks
material on library disks
\(\square\) Produce schematics, plans and
- Produce schematics, plans and
layouts, business/education graphics

\section*{COPY II PLUS}
\(£ 39.95\) + VAT
A set of disk utilities for Apple II or IBM PC combining the most asked for features into one low priced package. Includes: BIT COPY: SECTOR EDITOR: VERIFY DRIVE SPEED: COPY DISK: DELETE DOS: VERIFY FILES: VERIFY DISK: UNDELETE FILES.


\section*{FINGER} PRINT for Epson MX PRINTERS A plug in module that puts 8 special print functions at your fingertips. Tap your printer's panel buttons to instantly select the functions you read!
FINGER PRINT will not interfere with normal printer operation and installs easily without
soldering. \(£ 44.95+\) VAT
PECIAL -
FFER 11 BOXES OF DISKS OFF FOR THE PRIGE OF 10 BASF High Quality Qualimetric Disks.
5!/"S/S S/D 110 Disks
f165 51/4"D/S D/D 110 Disks
f275
The most cost effective way to buy disk media.

\section*{ANNOUNCING}

THE APPLE PROFESSIONAL HOME COMPUTER

\section*{consists of:}

An Apple Ile
Disk Drive with controller
TV Modulator(colour \& sound)
Together with:
An exclusive Apple Sports Bag Voucher for \(£ 25\) off Apple II monitor
Voucher for \(£ 25\) off 1 of the Apple discovery games, or off Apple Logo, or Applewriter IIe or Quick file IIe.
\(46 \%\) off Micromet 800 service (which includes modem, comms. card, BT Jackplug Installation, Postage, Packaging \& Insurance. Total Offer Price \(£ 79.95\) inc. VAT)
\(£ 4\) off any software on the Pete \& Pam Educational List \(£ 4\) off one of three games Choplifter, Arcade Machine, or Pinball Construction Kit.
\(£ 10\) off any business software Available at a very special price to personal callers from participating authorised Apple Dealers. ASK FOR MORE DETAILS

\section*{VersaForm}

\section*{Business Form Processor}

VERSAFORM ALLOWS
YOU TO COMPUTERIZE WITHOUT CHANGING A THING.
To automate your business you don't need to change all your familiar business forms. VERSA. FORM fills out your present forms very much in the same way you do - only faster. VERSA. FORM then stores the information alphabetically and numerically. This means you now have a database that can track your business. VERSAFORM prints the kind of reports that help manage your business-and VERSAFORM automatically checks for errors.
VERSAFORM
£239 + VAT
HARD DISK VERSION
£295 + VAT
PASCAL INTERFACE
£149 + VAT
IBM PC VERSION
£295 + VAT
APPLE
Also by the same publisher.
Q BASE APPLE VERSION
£139 + VAT
IBM PC VERSION
\(£ 139+\) VAT

\section*{PRINTER SHARER}

Would you like to share your printer around several micros? PRINTER SHARER allows the centronics parallel printer to be switched between three computers. Saves all the cable swop. ping.
(Other printer switch boxes are avallable - both parallel and serial. Ask for further details).


AN INCOMPARABLE GRAPHIC PLOTTER AT ONLY E495+VAT Works on all micros with a suitable parallel interface for all vour Graph Processing, Chart Processing, Engineering Graphics and Overhead Transparencies.


Serial or parallel units.
WAS \(£ 485+\) VAT NOW \(£ 349\) + VA Now you can afford a cost daisy wheel!


\section*{Dot Matrix}

100 CPS.
Tractor Feed Only.
\[
\text { WAS } £ 299+\text { VAT }
\]

NOW \(£ 275\) + VA
EPSON MX 100F 100 CPS
WAS \(£ 499+\) VA7
NOW \(£ 475\) + VA
EPSON PRINTEF RX80F/T
100 CPS, with Graph
£319 + VAT
FX100F/T
160 CPS, Full carriage w
\(£ 569\) + VAT
ONE MORE WAY TO GE
BEST OUT OF YOUR AP
Fast Do
SPEED UP DISK ACCES
DOS 3.3 BY UP TO 20 1Depending on the pr \(£ 19.95\) + VAT

\section*{SPECIAL NOTIC}

TABS USERS ON APP REDUCE TABS RUN TII UP TO \(80 \%\) USING TH BOURNER SPEED KIT ONTHE ACCELERATOR. OR PHONE FOR FREE MARK REPORT.
FURTHE DETAILS.....
MS. BOURNER + PART
173, Ashford Rd., Bears
Maidstone, Kent. 0622

\section*{THE C.I.A.}

Is a list of powerful disk espionage utilities that allow you to investigate, edit, locate, list, trace, rescue, translate, patch, repair, verify, examine, protect, unprotect descrypt and analyse programs or textfiles on normal and protected disks.
\(£ 35+\) VAT

\section*{Are you a DEC user? \\ DOES VT100 MFAN \\ SOMETHING TO YOU?}

Would you like a more inexpensive VT52 terminal, with many VT100 features at an inexpensive price? Zenith's new Z-29 "'Smart" compatible terminal features: 12" non-glare green phospher display, 91 key keyboard.
Set up-on screen, menu driven Set up for most terminal options emulation mode, band rate, parity half/full duolex.
Special graphics with 33 special Symbols.
Excellent value for money we know, we use them ourselves. \(\mathbf{f 5 9 5}+\) VAT

\section*{THIS MONTHS SPECIALS}

Supercalc for ALS Z Card \(\quad 39.00\) Magic Mailer
Magic Words
Magic Words
Hellfire Warrior
Star Warrior
Upper Reaches of Apshai Red Alert
Duelling Digits
Labyrinth
Head.On
Fact Fun
Word Fun
Macro Screen Editor
Network
Phazer Fire
Neptune
Lazer Silk
High Orbit
Acid-Based Titration
Ideal Gas Law \& Entropy
Calarimetry Experiments Job Cont./Costing in Pasca Easymailer 80
Transforth 11
Wordtrix for IBM PC Decision Modeller Jaw breaker
Screenwriter I
Mouskattack
Cannonball Blitz
Lunar Leeper
Crossfire for IBM PC
34.00
34.00

RN 128K £299 + VAT
SATURN 32K \(£ 129\) + VAT
VC EXPAND SOFTWARE £ 39 + VAT
VC EXPAND 80 SOFTWARE f 49 + VAT

\section*{SUPER SEALER}

The DMS SEALER is a hot-wire sealing system, ideal for use by software publishers, hardware manufacturers etc. The unit consists of a roller platform with bar sealer which. together with film and heat gun provides the facility for producing neat, tidy shrink - wrapped packages. The price of the SUPER SEALER purs a shrink wrapping facility within the reach of even the smallest software house or dealer.

SUPER SEALER £249 + VAT
ROLL OF FILM TO SUIT \(\mathbf{£ 3 0}+\) VAT


The first of Apple's new personal office products systems. If you're into ICONS and are fascinated by what 200 man years of software development can produce then this machine must be for you. See Lisa at either of our offices. Lisa is available for sale, lease or rent - (even for one day!)


AXLON RAMDISK 320 320K BYTES OF RAM MEMORY FUNCTIONS LIKE TWO 35TRACK, TWO 4O-TRACK, OR ONE 8O-TRACK FLOPPY DRIVE.
The ultra fast RAMDISK is up to 50 times faster than standard floppy drives, and 10 times faster than hard disk drives. RAMDISK 320 has its own power supply, plus three hour back up. The drive is fully compatible with DOS 3.3, SOS, CP/M, Apple Pascal 1.1, and PASCAL 4.0. (The driver disks come with each RAMDISK) Comes with plug in slot independant interface card. special designed operating program, plus software for diagnostics, and fast load copy routines. Warrantied for 12 months.
£699 + VAT

\section*{CCS: THE HALLMARK OF QUALITY}

\section*{A QUALTTY 'JOYSTICK' CONTROL WITH MONEY BACK GUARANTEE} A QUALTTY 'JOYSTICK' CONTROL DESIGNED TO LAST AMPRMS

\section*{8 DIRECTIONAL ACTION USIMG MICROSWITCHES}


FULLY COMPATIBLE WITH:
Atari Video System, Atari 5200, Atari 400/800 Computer Commodore VIC-20 Computer, N.E.C. PC 6001. Also (with suitable interface) Spectrum

\section*{ALSO AVAILABLE TO ORDER:}

\section*{Dragon} and BBC (one or two players). PLEASE REQUEST PRICES COOKRIDGE COMPUTER SUPPLIES PO BOX IW9, LEEDS LS16 GNT Tel: 0532670625
Promise to refund in full (subject to goods being returned undamaged within 10 days). The purchase price paid, without question, should the goods not meet our claims or customer's approval for any reason.

\footnotetext{
RRP £19.40 inc. VAT
SPECIAL PRE-XMAS MAIL ORDER PRICE OF £15.40 inc. VAT and postage
Please send cash/cheque with order to:
CCS PO BOX IW9 LEEDS LS16 6NT TEL: 0532-670625

Quantity .................... Total sum included
Name
Address
}

\section*{Why Choose Iataferve}


The ficcounting program to produce graphs, bar charts and pic charts from all areas of your accounts, converting complex statistical information into clear visual facts.

> Computer Distribution Services Claxton House, 48 Colegate, Norwich, NR3 1DD. Tel: Norwich (0603) 617804/5

\section*{BOSSOFTWARE}

\section*{SERVIMG THE BUSINESS WORLD}


BOS Software's extensive experience in international software satisfies the needs of our clients, not only in the UK, but throughout the world.
Choose BOS Business and Office Software and you will be buying not only the most comprehensive quality range of software available for the micro market, but also BOS Software's five years of international experience.

\section*{BOS Software is supplied in the UK by MPSL.}

For further details of BOS Software complete this coupon, clip to your business card or letterhead and return to MPSL.

MPSL, 87-89 Saffron Hill, London EC1N 8QU, England. Telephone: 01-831 8811 Telex: 22763


BUSINESS OPERATING SDFTWARE

Name

Company

Type of Computer

\section*{LEARN TO PLAY BRIDGE ON YOUR HOME COMPUTER}

Enjoy learning to play bridge with 8ridgemaster, a complete bridge tutor professionally prepared with world expert Terence Reese.
Listen to the commentary as you are coached step by step through the game. While you listen you will learn and play bridge. Bridgemaster contains commentary and computer tapes and a useful reference book - everything you need to learn bridge. "Bridgemaster really does bring the game alive for the beginner . . "Soft.
" A really professional program ... \(100 \%\) value for money." Home Computing Weekly.
For the Sinclair ZX Spectrum 16/48K, Commodore 64. BBC B and Electron - \(\mathbf{\Sigma 2 4 . 9 5}\) Sinclair ZX81 1K/16K - \(\mathbf{\$ 1 9 . 9 5}\)


Avallable from Boots, WH Smith and computer stores or direct from Bridgemaster, Freepost. Dept|P12, PO Box 163, SLOUGH SL2 3 YY.
Prices include VAT, post and packing. Remittances payable to Bridgemaster.

From the people who really know.

\section*{JOYSTICKS}


Joysticks for:
Dragon
BBC
Tandy
Vic
Alari
2X81
Spectrum etc.

NOW AVAILABLE
Self centring microswitch joysticks in the same case as our popular pot types. A vailable with a variety of plugs to suit most popular micros, and interfaces (shortly) for, Spectrum and ZX 81, these light action precise mechanism give rapid, ultra reliable control of all your favourite games.
Ask at your local dealer or distributor, or in the event of any difficulty contact us direct.
Features: Compact size, precise action, long life, and competitive prices. Made in England by Flight Link, specialist manufacturers of joysticks for nearly 20 years.

UK and export enquiries invited



> Full management of your Sales, Purchase and Nominal ledgers directly linked to a plotter for more effective presentation.

\section*{Computer Distribution Services}

Claxton House, 48 Colegate, Norwich NR3 IDD. Tel: Norwich (0603) 617804/5

\title{
LOOK!...FOR ALL YOUR \\ GP1
}
d All items fully guaranteed for one year
Immediate delivery
C Free postage and


DIGITEK COLOURCARD
This amazing card gives high quality colour and includes a wide band modulator, simply plug in your TV or Pal monitor. E79.00 + VAT.


SEIKOSHA GP700A COLOUR PRINTER
This printer can produce seven primary colours and thirty shades of colour at a print speed of 50 cps . \(£ 415+\) VAT


\section*{THE BIT STIK} GRAPHICS SYSTEM
A large smooth tracking hemisphere with adjustable back pressure, and probably the most powerful Microcomputer graphics software available. \(£ 245+\) VAT
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BUSINESS SOFTWARE & NET & INC. VAT & Wordstar (CP/M) VER 3.31 & 22 \\
\hline Advanced Visicalc lle & 218.00 & 250.70 & Zardax (40/80 \& inc form letter) & 3! \\
\hline Business Forecasting Model (Reqs. & & & PRINTERS & \\
\hline Visicalc) & 69.00 & 79.35 & Epson RX-80 FT & 29 \\
\hline Calcstar (CP/M) 880 column spread sheet) & 69.00 & 79.35 & Epson FX-80 1160 cps \& prop, spacing & 39 \\
\hline dBase If (CP/M) VER 2.4 & 325.00 & 373.75 & Epson FX100 & 52 \\
\hline Data Star (CP/M) (powertul data entry) & 122.00 & 140.30 & Digiplat if (6 A4 Plotter). & 79 \\
\hline Data Perrect & 67.00 & 77.05 & Mannesman Tally MT180 & 2 \\
\hline D.B. Master (version 3.02) & 119.00 & 136.85 & Seikosha GP700A (colour printer) & 41 \\
\hline D.B. Master statistics & 62.00 & 71.30 & Nec 8023 (120 cps \& prop. spacing) & \\
\hline D.B. Master utilities (links with visi's) & 62.00 & 71.30 & Silentype Printer (inc. I/F) & 19 \\
\hline Desk Top Plan II & 89.10 & 102.47 & Tec Starwriter F10.40cps & 109 \\
\hline Dutis (for dBase 11) & 65.00 & 74.75 & PRINTER INTERFACE CARDS & \\
\hline Graphmagic (bar graphs. pie chans. etc) & 59.00 & 67.85 & Aristocard Parallel ........... & \\
\hline Mathemagic ...................... & 59.00 & 67.85 & Aristocard Serial. & \\
\hline Msort-80 (stand alone CP/M sort) & 125.00 & 143.75 & Asynch Serial \(1 /\) Face (7710A) & \\
\hline Multiplan (Microsofts superior & & & Buffered Grappler & \\
\hline spreadsheet) & 155.00 & 178.25 & CPS Multilunction Card (inc clock) & 3 \\
\hline Omnis 64 K (also for lle) & 245.00 & 281.75 & Digitek Printmaster (BASIC/CPM/PASCAL) & \\
\hline PFS Filing system (also for Ile) & 68.00 & 78.20 & Grappler + (Epson/Anadex/Cend/Nec) & \\
\hline PFS Graph (also for lie) & 68.00 & 78.20 & IPE-16K (serial/parallel card \& butie) & 12 \\
\hline PFS Redort (Also for liel & 53.00 & 60.95 & M8P-16K (Epson 16 K buffer) & \\
\hline Quick Code (for dBase II) & 189.00 & 217.35 & & \\
\hline Quickfile (IIe only) & 60.00 & 69.00 & 80 COLUMN CAROS \& ACCESSORIES & \\
\hline Sidevise (orints visi sideways) & 40.00 & 46.00 & Ramview 80 lle & \\
\hline Supersort (CP/M) & 99.00 & 113.85 & Ramview 80 - 64 K ile & \\
\hline The General manager (ver 2.01 & 135.00 & 155.25 & Soltswitch (for Videx Videoterm) & \\
\hline The Last One (programme generator) & 185.00 & 212.75 & -Term (inc shitt mod \& font editor) & \\
\hline Versatorm (form generator in Pascal) & 192.00 & 220.80 & Ultraterm & 8 \\
\hline Visicalc II + or lle version & 135.00 & 155.25 & Videx Enhancer if & \\
\hline Visı + (visicalc consotidation) & 19.45 & 22.37 & Videx Inverse Eprom & \\
\hline Visicalc utilities & 34.00 & 39.10 & Videx Utility Disc (inc iont editor etc) & \\
\hline Visidex & 135.00 & 155.25 & Videx Videoterm & \\
\hline Visifile & 135.00 & 155.25 & Visicalc preboot disc ( 80 col with videx) & \\
\hline Visiplot & 135.00 & 155.25 & Vision-80 (incs softswitch \& inverse) & \\
\hline Visitrend/plot & 155.00 & 178.25 & MDNITORS/COLOUR CARDS & \\
\hline WDRD PROCESSING & & & Digitek Colour Card & \\
\hline Applewriter lle & 115.00 & 132.25 & D.M.S. R.G.B. Colour Card & \\
\hline Applewritar II & 83.00 & 95.47 & Kaga 12"Green Screen & \\
\hline Execulive Secretary & 149.00 & 171.35 & Microvitec colour monitor & 26 \\
\hline Executive Speller & 49.00 & 56.35 & Microvitec colour card (use with above) & \\
\hline Format 80 & 129.00 & 148.35 & Zenith 12"Green screen ............ & \\
\hline List Handler (Mailer \& Form Letter) & 69.00 & 79.35 & & \\
\hline Pie Writer ( \(40 / 80\) columns) & 87.00 & 100.05 & GRAPHIC UTILITIES \& MUSIC & \\
\hline Sensible Speller (multi-versiont & 69.00 & 79.35 & & \\
\hline Screenwriter 11 (70 col w/out & & & Bit Stik (Robocom) & \\
\hline 80 col card) & 75.00 & 86.26 & Complete Graphics System (Penguin) & \\
\hline Super Text 40/80 & 114.00 & 131.10 & E-Z Draw 3.3 (excellent graphic utility) & \\
\hline Word Handler (does not req. 80 col. card) & 99.00 & 113.85 & Gibson Light Pen & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ROSETTA}

Rosetta is a utility that allows the transfer of Pascal files to Applesoft DOS and 'vice-versa', it also allows the writing of Applesoft or assembly language programs using the Pascal editor.
R.R.P. \(\mathbf{£ 3 5}+\) VAT.
* Character dot matrix is \(9 \times 11\) which provides three lines of dots for full descenders on lower case letters. The full ASCII set of 128 characters is provided.
* Shift key does what you would expect it to do, and also has a shift lock facility and a visual LED shiftlock indicator.
* Character set also includes twelve additional keys not normally available on the Apple keyboard.
* This card includes a built in softswitch i.e. no cable changes necessary when switching between 40/80 columns and graphics.
* The built in communications software driver gives your Apple the ability to be used as a true interactive intelligent terminal to mainframe computers or communications facilities. Fully compatible with CCS serial cards and Apple communication cards etc.
* The Vision 80 typeface is of an attractive
appearance and is highly legible due to its large \(9 \times 11\) character font.


\section*{Price \(£ 185\) plus VAT}

\section*{CESSORIES}

CIALISTS

\section*{UK Many more items available}

\section*{0274729306}

\section*{st 30 utility plus music} Igician \{Penguin)
kage Sublogic ( 30 pack
II (many diff fons)
fusic System (16 voice) nation tion tools istruction Set cts (Penguin)
(graphic digitizer) expansion pac-1 x (similar to 8 it Stick zoom)
Sech synthesizer)
t (creates 2 part music)
tware automatic mouth)
esoft structured 8asic anic (Beagle Brothers) 3ng. Dev. (6502. 280. 8080)
hanced Sofware Tool) (provides'print using' cmind)
(CP/M disc recovery)
y lincl CP/M \& Pascal) 3ol Kit
moditys Dos Commandsl owerful macro line editor)
gram Line Editor (supports 80cal) ter-Epson (flexible hi-res dumpl 1 finc. smart renumbering) 4.1 (bit copier for mosi discs)
iro Assembler fro Assemblet
3 ug
(1)200 lines per min)

Basic (U Micro)
Copy II! iier (handles v large programs) tssembly Language de bugger) yor (needs 16 K cd) ne Machine (mach. lang. routines) ee Machine Utilities EXPANSION
ard Digitiek
\begin{tabular}{rr}
46.00 & 52.90 \\
39.00 & 44.85 \\
74.75 & 85.96 \\
25.45 & 29.27 \\
232.00 & 266.80 \\
41.00 & 47.15 \\
41.00 & 47.15 \\
25.00 & 28.75 \\
27.00 & 31.05 \\
55.00 & 63.25 \\
179.00 & 205.85 \\
25.00 & 28.75 \\
23.95 & 27.54 \\
18.95 & 21.79 \\
165.00 & 189.75 \\
21.00 & 24.15 \\
75.00 & 86.25 \\
& \\
18.95 & 21.79 \\
25.00 & 28.75 \\
75.00 & 86.25 \\
24.95 & 28.69 \\
23.95 & 27.54 \\
23.95 & 27.54 \\
35.00 & 40.25 \\
89.00 & 102.35 \\
34.95 & 40.19 \\
41.00 & 47.15 \\
15.00 & 17.28 \\
19.95 & 22.94 \\
19.45 & 22.37 \\
35.50 & 40.83 \\
32.00 & 36.80 \\
23.95 & 27.54 \\
61.00 & 70.15 \\
42.00 & 48.30 \\
32.00 & 36.80 \\
28.95 & 33.29 \\
75.00 & 86.25 \\
90.00 & 103.50 \\
25.00 & 28.75 \\
105.00 & 120.75 \\
35.00 & 40.25 \\
35.00 & 40.25 \\
45.00 & 51.75 \\
34.50 & 39.68 \\
69.00 & 79.35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{)L VC EXPAND}
sot utility which gives 136 K memory 'isicalc and 80 columns when using RAM cards with your Vision 80. \(\mathbf{£ 3 9}+\) VAT
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 32K Ramcard Saturn & 135.00 & 155.25 \\
\hline 128K Ramcard Saturn & 299.00 & 343.85 \\
\hline 128k Ramex card & 275.00 & 316.25 \\
\hline Accelerator HI + & 285.00 & 327.7.5 \\
\hline Cool stack (holds 2 drives, monitor. fan & 65.00 & 14.75 \\
\hline DOS upgrade kit (3.2 to 3.3) & 36.00 & 41.40 \\
\hline E-Z Port (game socket extender) & 17.00 & 19.55 \\
\hline E-2 Port II (2 game socket extenders) & 22.00 & 25.30 \\
\hline Hawk 34 Switch VIA Card & 49.00 & 56.35 \\
\hline Hawk IEEE 488 card & 189.00 & 217.35 \\
\hline Lower case adapter W/shift \{rev 7+1 & 34.00 & 39.10 \\
\hline Pact clip on lan & 46.00 & 52.90 \\
\hline The Mill 6809 with Pastal speed up & 189.00 & 217.35 \\
\hline Time Kit ...................... & 55.00 & 63.25 \\
\hline VC-Expand/80 lup 10145 K Visicalc \& 80 coll & 65.00 & 74.75 \\
\hline VC-Expand 80.2 lloads 136K visi in & & \\
\hline \(20 \mathrm{sec})\) & 80.00 & 92.00 \\
\hline Videx Function Strip (req Enhancer II) & 49.00 & 56.35 \\
\hline 280 card U-micro (card only) & 83.00 & 95.45 \\
\hline 280 card Microsoft (New Softcard) & 199.00 & 228.85 \\
\hline LANGUAGES & & \\
\hline Apple Logo & 122.00 & 140.30 \\
\hline Appie Pascal & 142.00 & 163.30 \\
\hline Apple Pilor & 80.00 & 92.00 \\
\hline Apple Super Pilor & 129.00 & 148.35 \\
\hline Coho! 80 (CP/M) & 399.00 & 458.85 \\
\hline Forth (Metacratt) & 69.00 & 99.35 \\
\hline Forth II (Integer only) & 45.00 & 51.75 \\
\hline Fortran 80 (CP/M) & 112.00 & 128.80 \\
\hline Terrapin Logo & 95.00 & 109.25 \\
\hline Transforth (full floating point Forth) & 75.00 & 86.25 \\
\hline miscellanedus items & & \\
\hline Disc Drive (Fully Apple Compatible) & 199.00 & 228.85 \\
\hline Disc Drive Contraller Card & 54.00 & 62.10 \\
\hline Disc Head Cleaning Kit ( 50 discs \& fluid) & 19.95 & 22.94 \\
\hline Disc tray (40 discs \& lockable) & 17.45 & 20.07 \\
\hline Dist Tray 190 discs lockable) & 25.00 & 28.75 \\
\hline Eprom Prog (from 2k to 8k Eproms) & 93.00 & 106.95 \\
\hline Fingerprint (Epson) & 42.00 & 48.30 \\
\hline Games Paddles & 25.00 & 28.75 \\
\hline Joystick (Self Centering) & 38.00 & 43.70 \\
\hline Plastic Disc Box & 2.50 & 2.88 \\
\hline Snapshot II & 93.00 & 106.95 \\
\hline Typing Tutor II & 16.50 & 18.98 \\
\hline UHF Modulator with saund & 30.00 & 34.50 \\
\hline Verbatinis 55 Discs Pack of 10 & 17.95 & 20.64 \\
\hline Wildcard (permuts software backup) & 93.00 & 106.95 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{80 COL APPLEWRITER II}

Pre-boot utility giving a beautiful display with Applewriter II for the Vision 80 or
Screenmaster 80 - the resultant display is better than an Apple III running Applewriter R.R.P. \(£ 18\) + VAT


IPB-16K SERIAL/PARALLEL INTERFACE \& BUFFER
Now you need only one interface card to support both your daisywheel and dot matrix printers plus the benefits of a 16 K buffer to speed things along. \(£ 129+\) VAT


12" KAGA MONITOR
Features \(24 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{Hz}\) bandwidth, giving a very clear display, and contained in a neat Apple compatible case. Green screen \(£ 105\) + VAT

MICROVITEC 14" COLOUR MONITOR

Besides offering a crystal clear display in either text, hi-res or low-res modes. It also includes the following features, 16 text colours, b/grd colours, 80 column card compatibility. A superb colour monitor for \(£ 265.00\) + VAT.

\section*{AVAILABLE}
ports all Applesoft commands including the dow i.e. Home, Text,GR,HGR,HGR 2,Tab etc. It se and normal display i.e. Highlight and in CP/M and Pascal
sossible to change the cursor character to block cursor or an underscore cursor. The cursor blink can be altered and it is also to re define the character set with your own ised font.
ard comes complete with
ration/utilities disc and is simple to install. It udes a comprehensive users manual.
ly compatible with Apple plus, and Apple //e. It ith Pascal and CP/M and some of the many packages it supports are, Wordstar 3.0 iter II, Letter Perfect, Format 80, Zardax, e Secretary, Magic Window, Visicalc, and n (CP/M or DOS).
Jision 80 can accommodate two character sets I and an alternative and it is possible to your own alternative character set and toggle it the two.

PACE SOFTWARE SUPPLIES LTD, 92 New Cross Street, West Bowling, Bradford BD5 8BS.


I enclose my cheque payable to PACE SOFTWARE SUPPLIES LTD

\section*{Name}

Address
Town
County
Postcode
Tel No


International Microcomputer Software, Inc.

\section*{4-POINT GRAPHICS}

4-Point Graphics is a graphics design tool for the IBM PC. Its power as a graphics image editor is unsurpassed for programs in this category and price range. It allows you to
draw lines, circles, boxes, ellipses, and polygons with ease. Being creative on your computer with design and color is quite simple and natural for the operator of 4-Point Graphics.

Dealer enquiries on 4-Point Graphics and other IMSI Software Products

Call 01-883 7302 ACS Limited, Temple House, 7 High Road, Finchley, London N.2.

\section*{CAMBRIDGE LEARNING}

\section*{SELF-INSTRUCTION COURSES}


CAMBRIDGE LEARNING
GSC SUPERKIT

Seff- hastruction Bigity lactrome lit
-・ール

\section*{GSC SUPERKIT \(£ 19.90\)}

Learn the wonders of digital electronics!

This practical kit for beginners comes complete with an instruction manual, components, and EXP300 breadboard to teach you all the basics of digital electronics. The course needs no soldering iron; the only extra you need to buy is a \(4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~V}\) battery.
Using the same board you can construct literally millions of different circuits.
The course teaches boolean logic, gating, \(R-S\) and J-K flipflops, shift registers, ripple counters, and half-adders.
It is supported by our theory courses

\section*{DIGITAL COMPUTER LOGIC \(\mathbf{£ 7 . 0 0}\)}
which covers: basic computer logic; logical circuit elements; the design of circuits to carry out logical functions; flipflops and registers; and

\section*{DIGITAL COMPUTER DESIGN \\ \(£ 9.50\)}

Our latest, most up-to-date course on the design of digital computers, both from their individual logic elements and from integrated circuits. You are first shown the way in which simple logic circuits operate and then, through a series of exercises, arrive at a design for a working machine.
Other courses available ínclude
MICROPROCESSORS \& MICROELECTRONICS @ £6.50 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING IN BASIC @ £11.50
GUARANTEE No risk io you. If you are not completely satisfied, your money will be refunded upon return of the item in good condition within 28 days of receipt.
CAMBRIDGE LEARNING LIMITED, UNIT 73 RIVERMILL SITE FREEPOST. ST IVES, CAMBS, PE17 \(4 B R\). ENGLAND.
TELEPHONE: ST IVES (0480) 67446. VAT No 313026022
All prices include worldwide postage (airmail is extra
please ask for prepayment invoice). Giro A/c No 2789159. Please allow 28 days for delivery in UK.

SUPERKIT(S) £ £19.90
DIGITAL COMPUTER DESIGN(S) @ \(£ 9.50\)
DIGITAL COMPUTER LOGIC @ £7.00
Renclose a *cheque/PO payable to Cambridge Learning Lid for \&
*delete where applicable)

\section*{Please charge my}

\section*{*Access American Express Barclaycard Diners Club} Eurocard / Visa / Mastercharge / Trustcard
Expiry Ddre............ Credit Card No

\section*{Signature}

Telephone orders from card holders accepted on 048067446 Overseas customers (including Eire) should send a bank draf in sterling drawn on a l.ondon bank, or quole credit card number.

Name
Address.

\title{
mICROPUZZLES
}

\section*{PLUS A CHANCE TO WIN A NEW ACT APRICOT!}

A new ACT Apricot computer is being offered as first prize in a competition featured in Micropuzzles. The prize includes keyboard (with built in micro screen), monitor, dual disk drive system unit offering 630K of storage and full supporting software. Approx total retail value of \(£ 3,000\).
20 runners-up prizes of annual subscriptions to PERSONAL COMPUTER NEWS.


\section*{MICROPUZZLES BY JJ CLESSA}

The renowned puzzle-master of PERSONAL COMPUTER WORLD'S Leisure Lines feature has written a new paperback for the PAN/PCN Computer library to be published on November 1lth 1983 at \(£ 2.95\)
Stretch Your Mind - with more than a little help from your micro to find the answers. Test your mental ability with the Quickie Questions, or tackle the conundrums of the Puzzle Posers. Access the answers if you're baffled.
The Prize Puzzle awaits you - if you stay the course. Solve the three prize puzzles and enter the competition to win an ACT Apricot. Hours of puzzling pleasure for computer


WIN A NEW ACT APRICOT WITH...

\section*{MICROPUZZLES}

\section*{How to enter}

You need a copy of Micropuzzles to enter the competition, so *fill in the coupon below and send it to Pan Books Ltd, FREEPOST, PO Box 109, 14-26 Baker Street, High Wycombe, Bucks HP11 2TD
*or go to your nearest bookshop
*or ring 01-200 0200 for immediate 24 hour service and use your credit card.

Full details of the above competition and the rules of entry are available from Micropuzzies Compelition. Pan Books Ltd, 18-21 Cavaye Place. London SWIO 9PG. Offer closes 31st January 1984


POST NOW, NO STAMP NEEDED To Pan Books Ltd., FREEPOST, P.O. Box 109, 14-26 Baker Street, High Wycombe, Bucks HPll 2TD YES Please send me \(\qquad\) copy/ies of MICROPUZZLES at £2. 95 each plus 35p for the first book ordered plus 15 p for each additional book to a maximum charge of \(£ 1.25\) to cover postage and packing.
name(Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms)
address
post code
I enclose my cheque/postal order for \(£\) \(\qquad\) payable to Pan Books Ltd or debit my Visa/Access Account

\section*{\(n=a\)}


Signature
Allow up to IS days for delivery. This offer available within UK only. Pan BooksLid


\title{
State of The Art \\ Our pledge to you NEVER LESS THAN THE BEST VALUE FOR MONEY
}

A powerful word processor for your Dragon. With it, two-finger typists can produce error free, well produced letters and documents Even multiple top copies at the touch of a button. Editext will even correct a mis-spelling for you, right the way through the text!

\section*{Features:}

Capitals and small letters
Automatic word wrap
Replace words'throughout
Insert, delete or change characters
Add, delete or move lines blocks
Adjust line width .print
Justify text on left and righto
Adjust margins
Produce draft print-out
Save and load text to/from cassette

A realiy simple but professiona! word processing program


This is probably the most powerful and useful program available to Basic programmers.
Nine facilities, consuming less than 1 K , that monitor, control and correct programs.
What's more it doesn't crash!


\section*{RENUMBER}

Renumbers your program lines and the GOTO/GOSUB's, elc.

\section*{trace}

Displays the operating line numbers as the program runs. UNIQUELY, indicates which statement is being executed in a multi-statement line. LIST VARIABLES
Lists all variables in a program with their values - strings (even coloured and flashing!).
CRUNCH
Condenses your program, Gives you more memory and improves the running.
BLOCKDELETE
Removes fedundant blocks of lines. REPLACE KEYWORD
Changes any Keyword to another throughout the program.
MEMORY-PROGRAM
Tells you how much memory your progranThaș used.
MEMORY-VARIABLES
Tells,you how much memory is being consumed by your variables.
MEMORY-FREE
Tellsryou how many free bytes remain for use.

A set of four superb arcade games with truly outstanding graphics and sound. Written entirely in 6502 machine code, it works on any 48K Oric, regardless of whether your computer is fitted with the original Eproms or later issue Roms.


The four games are: Space Invasion, Cross Fire, Cosmic Guerillas, Missile Command.

As the speed and accuracy of your responses improves, each game progresses to increasing levels of difficulty. There are eight levels of difficulty for each game-making 32 in all-sufficient to challenge the most dedicated arcade enthusiast.

\section*{Buy Dragon Editext,}

Oric 148 k Delta 4 and Spectrum Super Toolkit from WH Smith: Menzies; Boots; Dixons; Websters Bookshops; The Computer Bookshop; and Software Dealers.

For trade terms contact Nectarine Software
837 Yeovil Road, Slough
Berkshire SL14.JH
Telephone Slough (0753) 26769

\title{
SHOCKING NEWS FROM MICRO MIRACLES..I GIGANTIC STOCKTAKING CLEARANCE \\ (for a limited period)
}
\begin{tabular}{lcc}
\hline EPSON FX80 & \(£ 438\) & \(£ 325\) \\
\hline EPSON RX80FT & \(£ 319\) & \(£ 239\) \\
\hline EPSON RX80 & \(£ 279\) & \(£ 209\) \\
\hline EPSON FX100 & \(£ 569\) & \(£ 419\) \\
\hline STAR & \(£ 259\) & \(£ 199\) \\
\hline APPLE Ile & \(£ 845\) & \(£ 589\) \\
\hline COMMODORE 64 & \(£ 189\) & \(£ 159\) \\
\hline BASF DISKETTES 51/4SS/SD & \(£ 275\) & \(£ 1.00\) \\
\hline TEXAS TI820 & \(£ 1340\) & \(£ 945\) \\
\hline TEXAS TI820KSR & \(£ 1500\) & \(£ 1095\) \\
\hline RICOH 1600 & \(£ 1635\) & \(£ 1190\) \\
\hline QUME 5/55 & \(£ 1285\) & \(£ 1150\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\hline BROTHER HR15 & \(£ 445\) & \(£ 355\) \\
\hline APPLE III 128K & \(£ 2478\) & \(£ 1495\) \\
\hline TEC F10-40 & \(£ 1285\) & \(£ 950\) \\
\hline APPLE L/Q PRINTER & \(£ 1350\) & \(£ 995\) \\
\hline APPLE MATRIX PRINTER & \(£ 425\) & \(£ 345\) \\
\hline TEXAS TI810 LQ & \(£ 1550\) & \(£ 1195\) \\
\hline NEC 7700 & \(£ 1449\) & \(£ 1290\) \\
\hline IBM PC & & CALL \\
\hline EPSON QX10 & & CALL \\
\hline EPSON HX20 & & CALL \\
\hline ANADEX 9501A & & CALL \\
\hline ACT SIRIUS & CALL
\end{tabular}

\section*{DELIVERY NATIONWIDE AT £5 PER ORDER}
- Official orders accepted Nationwide maintenance contracts arranged
- Prices exclude VAT and delivery

WHY NOT PHONE FOR SOME MORE SHOCKING NEWS Ask for a full price list. 0962 66191/0962 66783
OR call at our showroom, next to Winchester BR Station


50A Stockbridge Road, Winchester, Hants SO22 6RL England

\section*{BBC Micro Users at LAST . . . The real alternative D.F.S. AVAILABLE NOW!!! FROM}


\section*{THE NEW AMCOM DISC FILING SYSTEM}

This amazing new disc filing system adds greater fiexibility to your BBC Computer. It has two distinct modes which auto select on booting the system. Mode zero is the standard mode which retains compatibility with presently available software.
Mode one, the extended mode, allows for sixty-three file names per disc, over \(100 \%\) increase on the existing DFS, and also permits the file names to be up to flteen characters in length providing much greater scope for meaningful file names. In both models page is set at \(\mathbb{Q} 1500\). Thls gives \(10 \%\) more usable memory than Acorn's DFS, in modes 0 , 1 and 2 .
o purchase an entire Disc interface kit (consists of 11 I.C's). With this DFS no track cutting is required, and soidering is unnecessary.
NINE NEW COMMANOS ARE NOW AVAILABLE


One of its distinct advantages against the Acorn DSS is the speed in which it handles Random Access Files, consequently it can read wordwise, for instance in approximately half the time taken by the Acorn DFS
There is a built-in formatter which will format in either forty or eighty tracks in both modes of operation. This formatter also allows for user definable parameters to be included
for the development of software protection.
With this disc filing system a user definable buffer can be used while compacting the disc. This will enable disc compacting to be carried out without overwriting any programme in memory. Alternatively a new disc may be formatted without any resident programme being overwritten.
mid Has many friendly features such as assisting in transfer of cassatte files to disc. This DFS is totally compatible with
comprehensive manual. The utilities disc contains many useful programmes including machine language printer screen dumps in all modes, including High Res. (Epson \(\&\) NEC 80231. It also has a nibble editor to scan discs, read data, edit them, and then write back to the disc

Also included is an eight way OIL switch which may be used to select the start up options these are.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Link 1, & Determine if the system starts up in 40 or 80 tracks. \\
Link 2, & Select Acorn or Extended mode at start up. \\
Link 3 4, & Selects type of drive, i.e. Shugart, Canon, etc. \\
Link 5, & Select auto-boot or not, on "break". \\
Link 6-8, & Select screen mode on start up, i.e. mode 0 to 7 etc.
\end{tabular}


Introducing Leisurebase - the friendly new name in microcomputers. You'll find us a friendly bunch and we aim to take a lot of the mystique out of buying microcomputers. You'll find our prices competitive and our product range wide. We also make sure we can support you with a comprehensive selection of peripherals and software.

\section*{Leisurebase No Deposit Instant Credit}

No deposit instant credit is available at your local Leisurebase when you use the budget card. Please call in and ask for written details. We also take Barclaycard Visa and Access. (Leisurebase Credit Brokers APR. 30.6\%.)

\section*{Part Exchange}

If you're looking to upgrade your computer, come to us first as we are often willing to take good quality used equipment in part exchange.

Whichever way you look at it, you'll be better off coming to Leisurebase first.

\section*{SPECIAL OFFER ON PERIPHERALS}

Spectravision Quick Shot Joysticks for Atari and Commodore 11.99 Daytel joystick interface for Spectrum
Benkson TRC6 Cassette Recorder fits computers with standard jack socket

\section*{NEW ATARI MODELS}

By the time you read this we should have in stock supplies of two exciting new models from Atari the 600XL and the 800XL

\section*{LEISUREBASE SOFTWARE}

We can't do justice in this ad. to the wide range of software available at Leisurebase stores and the following should be seen as a small selection only

\section*{RABBIT SOFTWARE}

\section*{For VIC 20}

Paratroopers Anti Matter Splatter Packacuda. Escape MCP . Quackers Critters. Cyclons Race Fun Myriad English Invaders The Catch

Annihilator Night Crawler Hopper


Rabbit Software also
available for VIC 64

\section*{VIRGIN SOFTWARE}

For Spectrum: Yomp Starfire
\begin{tabular}{l|r} 
Sheepwalk Goli \\
\(\begin{array}{l}\text { For VIC20 }\end{array}\) & ALL AT \\
Mission Mercury
\end{tabular}

\section*{IMAGINE SOFTWARE}

For Spectrum: Arcadia Schizoids Ah Diddurns - Molar Maul Jumping Jack.
Z Zoom: Zip Zap
For VIC 20: Arcadia Wacky Waiters Catcha Snatcha Frantic


\section*{TEXAS SOFTWARE - NEW LOW PRICES}

\section*{Video Chess}

Attack
Tombstone City Car Wars Munchman Parsec Adventure (cass.) Number Magic Multiplication Dragon Mix Prog. Language extended BASIC
34.99 14.99
14.99
19.99 29.99 29.99 ea. 14.99 14.99 19.99 24.99
69.99
14.99

Hunt the Wumpus 11.99

Blasto 19.99 TI Invaders Alpiner 24.99 Chisholm Trail 19.99

Adventure 24.99 Early Learning fun 14.99 Addition/Subtraction I 19.99 Alligator Mix 24.99 Meteor Multiplication 24.99 Mini Memory



\section*{Its lonelyat the top TULIPSYSTEM 1 of Compudata.}


Compudata markets one of the most powerful and fastest micro computers in the world.

This is due to the application of an 8086 microprocessor and an 8087 arithmetic co-processor. The fourth generation is now a fact; not only is speed important, but also the ergonomic requirements satisfied. The ease with which the TULIP SYSTEM \({ }^{\circledR}\) I can be operated is unparalleled, partly due to the vast keyboard with its 104 keys. What is more, TULIP SYSTEM \({ }^{\circledR}\) I can be used with many types of available software.

Internal memory capacity is 128 k minimum extensible to 896 k . Floppy disk units are 800 kb formatted. A 350 Kb unit is also available for low cost applications. For high speed and high capacity require-
ments, hard disk units, using Winchester technology, are available in capacities of 5 and 10 Mb .

The 8 standard character sets ensure maximum flexibility. The colors and the high resolution graphics make the TULIP SYSTEM \({ }^{\circledR}\) I unique. Contact your dealer, he can tell you all about it, or write Compudata.

Computer Processor: 8086,8087 (opt) Clock: 8 Mhz RAM: \(128-896 \mathrm{~Kb}\) - Serial I/o: RS-232 Paraliel I/o: Centronics comp. Interfaces: Hard-disk, tape, lightpen Fl. disk controlter: 8 inch + \(51 / 4\) inch Bufferd Keyboard: 104 keys Storage Floppy disk: Dual \(51 / 4\) inch: 1.5 Mb - Hard disk-fixed: \(5 \mathrm{Mb}, 10 \mathrm{Mb}\) Display Formats: \(80 \times 25,64 \times 31\), \(40 \times 25\) Low res. graphics \(100 \times 160\). High res. graphics: \(786 \times 288\) (opt) Colour: 8 - Internat. char. sets: 8 softw. selectable.

Headquarters The Netherlands: Compudata B.V., Hambakenwetering 2, 5231 DC 's-Hertogenbosch. Tel. \(073-422045\). Telex 50316 cdata nl.
Belgium: N.V. Compudata SA, Brusselpoortstraat 8, B-2800 Mechelen. Tel. 015-422480. Telex 64698 cdata b.

9
COMPUDATA

\section*{Personaland Prof}

\section*{MEMOTECH.}


\section*{Nu=nctrecy}


MTX512: 64K RAM-£315
MTX500: 32K RAM- \(£ 275\)
Please phone for the address of your nearest Dealer
WEMOTECH LTD STATION LANE WITNEY OXON OX8 6BX TEL•0993-2977 TLX• 83372 MEMTEC G


\section*{The All-Purpose System}

The MTX Series is a new departure in micro-computer technology. Whether your needs as a user are for personal programming, games playing, scientific or process control, educational or business use the MTX Series is already capable or very easily adaptable to almost every application. Glance through the standard features below - you'll see what we mean.

\section*{Hardware - 32K RAM}

\section*{on the MTX500, 64 K on the MTX5 12.}

The MTX500 has 32K of user RAM as standard ( 64 K on the 512), expandable to 512 K plus 16 K of video RAM, controlled by a separate Video Processor. Sixteen colours, 40 column text, \(256 \times\) 192 high resolution graphics with all sixteen colours available, and 32 easily moveable user defined graphics characters (Sprites) combine to make effective screen displays quick and simple to achieve. Standard outputs are centronics printer port, two joystick ports, an uncommitted I/O port, 2400 Baud Cassette port, separate TV and Video Monitor ports, 4 channel sound with hifi output plus a dedicated cartridge part. Other standard features include the Z80A processor running at 4 MHz , real time clock, full moving key keyboard with 79 keys including eight 2 -function keys and separate numeric pad.

\section*{Software}

The MTX's \(24 \mathrm{~K} \cdot\) ROM contains several languages and routines which enable the novice or the experienced programmer to make full use of the machine. Standard languages are MTX BASIC, MTX LOGO commands, NODDY. ROM routines include an ASSSEMBLER/DISASSEMBLER with screen display of the Z80 CPU registers, memory and program, which can be manlpulated from the keyboard. Machine code programs can be stepped through one instruction at a time, and easily called from within BASIC programs. A further feature is the Virtual Screen facility which enables the programmer to split the screen into a maximum of eight sections to work independently whilst maintaining all full screen facilities. Pascal is available as an add-on ROM pack.

\section*{The Disc Based Computers from Memotech}

Designed to use the full power of the MTX computers the FDX and HDX make perfect business systems at prices which make perfect business sense. Both feature the CP/M operating system, giving instant access to a wide range of proven application software. Available in October these feature:
- Full Western Digital floppy disc controller set with SASI interface for 4 drives, CP/M types 0-13.
- minimal latency, very high data transfer rates
- optional Colour 80 Column Board
- optional Silicon Discs ( \(1 / 4 \mathrm{Mb}\) ) which dramatically Increase the efficiency of 8 bit software to those of 16/32 bit software; increases life and rellability of mechanical drive
- permits single disc CP/M operation

\section*{FDX-Floppy Disc System}
lor 25 1/4" Qume drives 500 K unformatted, 347 K formatted,

\section*{HDX—Hard Disc System}

5 1/4" Qume drive, 500K unformatted, 347K formatted,
\(5 \mathrm{I} / 4^{\prime \prime}\) Winchester which may be 5,10 , or 20 Mb
All Memotech products are designed and manufactured in Oxfordshire, England

CP/M is a trademark of Digital Research Inc.
MEMOTECH NITKK
SERIES

\section*{S O F TW A R E}


\section*{We're not just playing games...}

\section*{BLOBBO}

A fast maze chase with untold perils and hazards.

\section*{TOADO}

Get the toad back to his nest - but don't get run over or drown on the way.

\section*{MTXCALC}

Sophisticated and powerful, the professional spreadsheet program

\section*{SUPER MINEFIELD}

You mav have seen other Minefield games hut ours has tanks that lay invisible mines, and spiders that are very tricky to avoid

CONTINENTAL INVADERS Classic arcade action. with all the features that make this game so popular.

\author{
KILOPEDE
}

This one is very fast - its not easy to get past level two.

\section*{RADAR/SONAR}

Eliminate submarines with a combination of radar screen and sonar. very realistic.

\section*{FLIGHT SIMULATOR}

Take off, navigate and land your high powered light aircraft. All the features of true flight.

\section*{also available}

RESCUE, BEAVER,
CONTINENTAL RAIDERS, PILE UP, SIGNAL MAN and many more.

\section*{we mean business too.}

MTX WORD PROCESSOR
All necessary features are included to give a powefful business tool.

ACCOUNTING PACKAGE
Sales and Purchase Ledgers. stock control. payioll - the complete business svstem.

PROJECI PLANNER
Speaks for itself, and helps you achieve deadlines efficiently and effectively.

STRATEGY BOARD GAMES
CHESS, BACKGAMMON. OTHELLO, DRAUGHTS.

\section*{EDUCATION PROGRAMS}

\title{
SYMBIOTIC \\ COMPUTER SYSTEMS LIMITED
}


The SYMBFILE hard disk subsystem is a complete add-on mass storage system for the Apple II, II +. IIE, or III microcomputers and is at present being developed for the SIRIUS, IBM PC and the BBC micro. It is compatible with the majority of hardware products currently available for the Apple, including the 16 K Language card and all 80 columin cards. SYMBFILES are available in sizes from \(5-21\) mcgabytes.

Full DOS, Pascal, and CP/M support allows any standard application soltware. including databasc. word processing, and accounting packages to lo used.

\section*{SYMBNET \\ 1.OCAI.AREA NETWORK}

SYMBNET is a "tree and branch" network system using fibre optic cable to allow several microcomputers to share a common SYMBFILE SYMBNET is the fastest long lange local area network for miciocomputers, and can cover a range of \(7-9\) Kilometres. Fibre optics means that SYMBNET is more cost effective; it uses a high intensity semiconductor laser to transmit data and cables can be laid along the shortest route. whercas other networking systems use flat ribbon or coaxial cable which are sensitive to electrical noise from fluorescent lights, photocopiers. etc. SYMBNET is compatible with DOS, Pascal, SOS, and CP/M running on any microcomputer supported by the SYMBFILE in concurrent operation.

\section*{SYMBPLEXER \\ NETWORK CONTROLLER}

The SYMBPLEXER is a network controller which complements SYMBNET. The SYMBPLEXER is connected directly to the SYMBFILE and performs all read-write operations to and from the hard disk. SYMBPLEXER does away with the need for a central machine thus releasing another terminal to run any application you wish, being a dedicated device the read-write operations are performed very efficiently. the support software allows SYMBPLEXER to designate pass codes for each user and to decide which user may access which applications. If you are currently using SYMBNET. accessing your SYMBFILE via a central machine. the addition of a SYMBPLEXER will in no way change the operational capabilities of the network.

\section*{For more details of all SYMBIOTIC products contact SYMBIOTIC \\ (OMPMTER SYSTFAS I.IAITTEI)}

\author{
The SYMBIOTIC GROUP OF COMPANIES \\ SYMEIOTIC COMPCTER SYSTEMSI ID. SYMBIOTCEDLCATIONAL.SYSTEMSLTD \\ SYMBIOTIC COMPITER SYSTEMS INC SYMBIOTIC COYPUTER SYSTEMIS AS \\ SYMBIOTIC CONPUTER SYSTEIS (BENFLUX)
}

\section*{ ATHi.Commorores}

\section*{NEIW ATAR \\ .}
- 16 K RAM expandable to 64 K with one plug-in \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}\) module * 16 K RAM exparssor bus for tuture CP/M
* External processo
with Its own 64 KAM .
running \(\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}^{2} 2.2\) with its set. * internationar - up to 128 displaya modes.
* 256 colours - ap 11 graphics mord.
* 5 text mod typewriter-style operating system. \(\star\) Full-rinill-In BASIC and


existing so
Atari \(600 \times \mathrm{L}\) Computer (AF77J) (AFT9L)
Extension RAM Pack for 600


Colour Primity Printer (AF82D) Letter-quaiky (AC37S).
Le Stick (AC45Y) ....................... available before Christmas,


The Atari \(800 \times \mathrm{KL}\) is unlikely to be ave the 600 XL except
but is in any case no inside box.
all 64 K RAM is built ins of software for Atari. Check out our huge range XH5 G. Ask for our free leaflet \(X H 52\) G.

Join the UK Atari Computer Owners Club, an independen user group. Send Eayleigh, Essex P.O. BOX 3 , Rayleigh, Es club SS6 BLR for 4 issue now SS6
magazine. Issue 3 now
state
which issue to available. Stription.
and CCLM5
powner

CGL M5 computer (AF64 Mith extended and ve. Price \(£ 34.95\)
BASIC G - A Bhics commands (KS per pair Price \(\mathbb{E}^{24,5}\) powertul \({ }^{\text {aff }}\).
The M5 contains one of the most powedible 32 sprites video processors available. An dedlcated to gressor, simultaneously and powertul 280 A mators and a alone. Driven by the three tone generaion like like a minithere M5 contains th with envelope cole with BASIC, noise generator all wimes complete lead to connect synthesiser. The mor foginners and superb hand to almost (AF64U) ............ very \(£ 34.95\)


If your order contains over \(£ 120\) worth of computer hardware apply now for credit with no extra charges. Telephone: Mail Order. (0702) 552911; London Shop: 01-748 0926; Manchester Shop: 061-236 0281; Bimingham Shop: 021-356 7292; Southamplon Shop: (0703) 25831; Southend Shop: (0702) 554000 or write to R. Box 3, Rayeigh, Essex. SS6 8 LR.

You pay \(10 \%\) down, then \(10 \%\) per month for a further 9 months, (to nearest penny). Example: Atari 600XL. Cash price 159.95. Credit terms \(£ 15.95\) down, then \(£ 16.00\) per month for nine months. Total \(£ 159.95\) which equals the cash price.
Credit quotations on request. This offer subject to approval which may take up to 48 hours or more, and is only open to whose who live on UK mainland and are over 18 .
 assette Recorder (AF48C) ........... Price \(£ 2230.00\)

VIC Super Expars Aid (A
VIC Programmers Am Monitor (AC56L)
VIC Machine Code
(pand 8K RAM (AF52G)
* 32K RAM plus Extended Micoprocessor for
* Fast 16 -bit-structured micro computing power. * Full-trave tsed with aimost any programming... Price £ 175.00 * Complete with supe (AF57M)..................... Price \(£ 275.00\) Dragon 32 Computer (AF)........................... prir Pre \(£ 14.95\) Cassette Cable (BC3) ............................... Disk Drive (AF30H)
Joysticks ( BC 30

\section*{_arge range of software} MORE EXCELLOUCTS
QUALITY PRODUC QUALITY Pifferent home computers. . Price \(£ 2.50\) lor use with many (YX7U) .....1R) .... Pack of 5 Price \(£ 1.99\) Floppy Disk (YX87U) (AF61R) ...Pack .... Price Price \(_{£ 3.95}\) C12 Data Cassetles 400 (BK88V) ......... Price \(£ 3.95\) Dust cover for Atari 800 ( BK 89 W ) Dust cover for ATC (BK90X)
Dust cover for BBC
DiC2O (BK91Y). Dust cover for BBC VIC20 (BK91Y).
Dust cover for 64 Vi

Dust cover for Dragon (BK92A).
(Bust Dust cover for Spectrum ( \(A\) ( B 38 B ) Epson RX80 Printer (AF40T)
 Epsopsoft Catalogue (CA01B)* Maplin Catalogue

* Avallable from November 1st 1984. Maplin Catalogue on sale In all branches of W.H. Smith price £1.35.

BBC MODEL 'B' MICRO UNIQUE OFFER

When you buy a BBC 'B' for \(£ 347\) from us, we will give you a \(£ 50\) VOUCHER which can be put towards the cost of an Epsom Printer or 800 K Disc Drive, if purchased within 3 months.


The BBC has become the most popular Educational Computer in Britain, not on gimmicks, purely on merit. Comp Shop have the largest stock in the country. \(\AA\) stock of 400 upwards with full engineering support and a full compliment of spares available.

AUTHORISED ACORN DEALER
 Disk Upgrade \(£ 90 \quad\) Econet Upgrade \(\quad £ 60\)


All with own Power Supply BBC Drives also available

\section*{TORCH Z 80 DISC PACK \\ }
includes 800 K Disc Drives, 64 K RAM and 280


MADE BY MICROVITEC CUB HIGHLY RECOMMENDED

APPLE lle
The NEW
Apple


160 CPS, proportional spacing, bi-directional, user Hi-res graphics, Superscript \(\& ~\)
subscript

\section*{SYSTEM 1}

Apple Ile 64 K - Disk with controller - 80 Column card - I2" Green screen monitor


\section*{SYSTEM 2}

Apple Ile 128 K - Disk with controller - 80 Column extended card


\section*{SYSTEM 3}

Apple IIe 128 K - Disk with controller - Additional disk drive - 80 Column extended card

\section*{\(£ 1199\)}

\section*{SYSTEM 4}

Apple lle 128 K - Disk with controller - Additional disk drive - 80 Column Extended card - \(12^{\prime \prime}\) Green screen monitor - Printer interface card - Olivetti
Daisywheel printer/Epson FX80 Matrix printer Applewriter Ile software
\(£ 1699\)
HITACHI PROFESSIONAL MONITORS
\(9 " £ 189 \% 99.95\)


\section*{KAGA 12" GREEN SCREEN \(£ 109\)}

COMPSHOP WAS ESTABLISHED IN 1978 AND HAS CONTINUALLY OFFERED THE BEST IN MICRO COMPUTERS TO DISCERNING CUSTOMERS. WE SELL ONLY COMPUTERS AND PERIPHERALS, AND THEREFORE CAN OFFER THE SUPPORT MANY OTHER SHOPS CANNOT.


AVAIIABLE
UP TO £1,000.
\({ }^{*}\) *

* DAISYWHEEL PRINTER


Low cost daisywhe
printer/typewriter
changeable daisywheels.
Has all the usual features and more. Portable-case supplied.


Low Profile, Tactile Feed Back,
Microprocessor Controlled, Solid State Capacitance Switches, IBM Compatable Keyboard complete with Specification Sheet and Coil Connecting Cable.
AS USED ON MAY IBM LOOK-ALIKE
COMPUTERS

\section*{ALSO STOCKED}

OKI Microline Printer, Software, UHF Modulators, Diskettes, Cassettes, Ribbons, Books, Printer Paper, Cables, Connectors and Spare Parts for all makes of computers. Computer Desks.


FULL AND FAST REPAIR SERVICE AT YOUR DISPOSAL EDUCATIONAL ENQUIRIES AND ORDERS WELCOME. QUOTATIONS GIVEN.
ONE YEAR WARRANTY ON ALL PRODUCTS All prices quoted are exclusive of VAT. Delivery is added at cost, Please make cheques and postal orders payable to COMP SHOP LTD., or phone your order quoting BARCLAYCARD, ACCESS, DINERS CLUB or AMERICAN EXPRESS number.


14 Station Road, New Barnet, Hertordshire, EN5 IOW (Close to New Bamet BR Station - Moorgate Line) Telephone: 01-441 2922 (Sales) 01-449 6596 Telex: 298755 TELCOM \(G\) OPEN (BARNET) - 10am - 7pm - Monday to Saturday

\section*{THE INDUSTRY STANDARD INTERFACE}


At last you can have real print performance from your ZX Spectrum with the Kempston Centronics Interface. As the Interface allows you to link your ZX Spectrum to any of a vast number of printers with an industry standard centronics input, you can choose the printer that suits your needs - from high speed dot matrix to professional letter quality printers

We recommend all Epsons, NEC, TEC, all Seikoshas, OKI Microline, Tandy GP115/Oric MCP 40, Star DP 510 . Shinwa, etc.


The Kempston Centronics Interface recognises the LLIST and LPRINT commands and will allow print width selection from 32 characters to full width. Word processing is now possible by using a sottware package such as Tasword Two (Price £13.90), available from Kempston, you can display 64 characters per line on screen which is ideally suited to A4 size paper allowing you to print letters, lists, documents etc.

New business soltware only for the Eempston Centronics Intertace. Finance Manager - Menu driven program for all domestic and business accounting applications.
Address Manager - Simple index tiling system ideal for names, addresses etc. Vartous search facilities.
Full Screen Editor/Assembler - Allows you to write Z80 assembly code using standard mnemonics on full screen. Only \(\varepsilon 19.95\) each. For ZX Spectrum 48 k , published by O.C.P.

Interface compatible software available for business, protessional and serious applications. Send for detailed list now!

Full screen dump to a high resolution printer is also possible, supporting sottware is supplied with the Interface for the Epson and Seikosha range.

It your need is more than just a printer the Kempston Centronics Interface is fully compatible with the Roland DG DXY 100 X - Y Plotter. This is ideal for graphics, graphs, drawing as well as business, scientific and engineering applications, as the X-Y Plotter takes up to A3 size paper and can accommodate pens of many different colours.

The Kempston Centronics interface simply plugs into the ZX Spectrum expansion port. A one metre ribbon

cable then connects to the printer or plotter of your choice. All driving software (including high resolution dump) and full instructions are, of course provided. complete with a six months guarantee.
Avallable from
हाect त्ञा
and WHSMITH
COMPUTER CENTRES
MC MICRO DSLECTRONCS
Unit 30, Singer Way. Woburn Road Industrial Estate, Kempston, Bedford. Tel: Bediord (0234) 856633 Telex No: 826078 KEMPMI G
All prices include VAT and P \& P. Overseas orders please add \(£ 4.00 \mathrm{P}\) \& \(P\). TRADE ENQUIRIES WELCOME


After you've owned a micro for a while you begin to wish you'd invested in a bigger memory.

But when you want to upgrade you are suddenly faced with a number of problems the brochures didn't mention.

If you have one of the cheaper models you probably won't be able to upgrade at all.

And with some of the more sophistica machines you will be shocked by the expe: of the hardware required to upgrade.

Not with the Lynx.
Probably the single most important asp of Camputers' Lynx is its expandability.

From the start the Lynx was designed be upgraded-internally. From 48 K , to 96 K , \\ \title{
YOU WONTT \\ \title{
YOU WONTT HAVE TO BIN A LYNX.
}

professional 128 K - and beyond. The 128K Lynx (available December) additional Disk Drives opens the door to exciting world of \(C P / M^{*}\) where you will a vast range of ready made small business yrams from famous software houses.
You can buy into the Lynx system at a \(l\) that suits you and your family and be
assured that when you want to move on to bigger things you won't be left with a bin full of electronic junk.
*CP/M is the trademark of Digital Research Inc.


EXPANDABLE NOT EXPENDABLE

\title{
Add the professional toucl to your ZX81 starter pack.
}


\section*{The complete range}

RS232 Interiace
The RS232 is an all-purpose interface which allows the ZX81 not only to output to suitable serial printers, but can link up with numerous types of peripheral or even other processors. The Interface has two main modes of The Interface has two main modes of operation: BASIC mode allows you to
use the range of functions supplied in use the range of functions supplied in
the RS232 EPROM within an ordinary the RS232 EPROM within an ordin
BASIC program, and TERMINAL. BASIC program, and TERMINAL.
mode allows you to use your ZX 81 as mode allows you to use your ZX 81 as
a terminal to another processor. The EPROM functions offered permit the user to send, receive and convert bytes between ZX81 code and ASCII, as well as check the status of numerous control flags. Received or transmitted data can appear simultaneously on the screen, and received data may be printed simultaneously.
£39.95 inc. V.A.T
Memopak Centronics I/F The BASIC commands LPRINT, LLIST and COPY are used to print on any CENTRONICS type printer. All ASCII characters are generated and

\section*{MEMOTECH}

Memotech Limited
Station Lane Industrial Estate
Witney, Oxon, OX8 6BX.
Telephone WItney 2977
transiation takes place automatically within the pack. Reverse capitals give lower case. Additional facilities allow high resolution printing.
£24.85 inc. V.A.T.
Memopak HRG
This pack breaks down the constraints imposed by operating at the ZX8 1 character level and allows high definition displays to be generated. All \(248 \times 192\) individual pixels can be controlled using simple commands, and the built in software enables the user to work interactively at the dot, line, character, block and page levels. \(\$ 29.95\) inc. V.A.T

\section*{Memocalc}

The screen display behaves as a 'window' on a large sheet of paper on which a table of numbers is laid out. The maximum size of the table is determined by the memory capacity, and with a Memopak 64 K a table of up to 7000 numbers with up to 250 rows or 99 columns can be specified. \(\mathbf{\$ 2 9 . 9 0 \text { inc. V.A.T. }}\)

\section*{Memotext}

Text is first arranged in 32 charactet lines for the screen with
comprehensive editing facilities. On output the user simply chooses the line length required for printing and the system does the rest. Used with the Memopak Centronics Interface, the Word Processor makes available printout with 80 character lines,
upper and lower case and single and double size characters.
£29.90 inc. V.A.T.
Memopak Memory Extensions For those just setting out on the road to real computing, these packs transform the ZX81 from a toy to a powerful computer. Data storage, extended programming and complex displays all become feasible. Further details available on request 16K Memopak \(£ 24.95\) 32K Memopak \(£ 34.95\) 64K Memopak \(\boldsymbol{\$ 4 9 . 0 5}\)
Prices inclusive of V.A.T
Memopaks are available at main branches of W.H. Smith and John Menzies.
Z80 Assembler
The Assembler allows you first to code and edit a source program in the Z.80 language, and then assemble it into machine code. You can now write flexible and economic programs. The Editor mode allows you to code directly in the right format, manipulate individual lines and control the exact placing of source and machine code. Routines may be merged or listed (even to a commercial printer using our Centronics Interface). The assembler mode handles all standard 280 mnemonics, numbers in hex or decimal comments and user-selected labels. £29.90 inc. V.A.T.

All prices are inclusive of V.A.T., postage and packing.
To Order: Send your Name, Address, Memopaks required, plus a
Cheque/Postal Order/
Access/Barclaycard number
please state which) to: Memotech Limited, Station Lane Industrial Estate. Witney, Oxon, OX8 6BX. Telephone Witney 2977.
We want you to be completely satisfied with your Memopak - all our products carry 14 day money back guarantee.

JUKI 6100


One Year Warranty 20 CPS : BiDirectional \& Logic Seeking 10, 12, 15 \& Proportional Spacing Wordstar Compatible 2K Buffer : 13 Inch Platen Underline : Backspace + Lots more Centronics Interface Standard RS 232 Interface \(£ 54.00\) + VAT Extra Tractor Feed \(£ 99.00+\) VAT Extra

JUKI \(6100 £ 369.00+£ 55.35=£ 424.35\)

\section*{BBC/ORIC or DRAGON Package JUKI 6100 + Cable + 24HR Delivery \& VAT \(£ 440.00\)}

\section*{STAR DP8480 \\ }

RS232 INTERFACE STANDARD
\(7 \times 9\) Character Matrix (7 Needle Head) 80 CPS Bidirectional \& logic seeking \(5,6,8.5,10,12,17 \mathrm{cpi}\) \(40,48,68,80,96,132 \mathrm{cpl}\) Friction \& Tractor Feed: 10 Inch Platen Hi-Res option with Software \(£ 10.00 / £ 15.00\) DP8480 with RS232 Int. £208.70 + £ 31.30 VAT \(=£ 240.00\)
Package prices for BBC/Newbrain/Epson HX20 DP8480 + Cable + Hi-Res + 24 Hr Delivery \&
\[
\text { VAT }=£ 250.00
\]

SERIAL PRINTER CABLES
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
BBC to 25 way D type & \(£ 9.50\) \\
EPSON HX20 to 25 way D type & \(£ 9.50\) \\
NEWBRAIN to 25 way D type & \(£ 12.00\) \\
25 way D type to 25 way D type & \(£ 15.00\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{STAR GEMINI 10X}


One Year Warranty
True Descenders \(9 \times 9\) Matrix 120 CPS Bidirectional \& Logic seeking \(5,6,8.5,10,12,17 \mathrm{cpi} 40,48,68,80,96,136 \mathrm{cpl}\) Italics, Emphasized, Double strike, Super \& Sub Scripts Downloadable Character Set Hi-Resolution \& Block Graphics Continuous Underline, Backspace,
Friction or Tractor Feed Internal Buffer Expandable to 8K RS232 Int. \(£ 52.00\) + VAT Extra Gemini \(10 \times\) ( \(10^{\prime \prime}\) Carriage) Ring for price
Star DP 515 ( \(15^{\prime \prime}\) Carriage) \(£ 35.00\) inc. VAT Package for BBC/DRAGON/ORIC GEMINI 10X + Cable + Delivery + BBC Screen Dump Software RS232 package also available
RING FOR LATEST PRICES

\section*{ELECTRON £199.00}

\section*{BBC Micro Model B} £399.00
BBC Micro Model B with Disc Int. £479.00
Large Range of Accessories including Disc Drives, Printers, Monitors always in stock.

Printer Cables
BBC to 36 Way Centronics Type Connector £15.00

Dragon to 36 Way Centronics Type Connector
Oric to 36 Way Centronics Type Connector
Torch to 36 Way Centronics Type Connector
£15.00
£15.00
£20.00
Full A > B Upgrade Kit \(£ 58.00\) Ram Upgrade Kit \(£ 23.00\)
Blank C15/C30 Cassettes Ten for £4.50 ANY MIX Send SAE for Full Price List

\section*{ELECTRON NOW COMING VAT INCLUDED WHERE APPLICABLE}

\section*{PHONE/CREDIT CARD ORDERS WELCOME}

Postage 50p per order or as stated
24 HR Securicor Delivery for Printers/Disk Drives \(£ 8.00\)
C.J.E.

Microcomputers
Dept (PCW), 78 BRIGHTON RD WORTHING
W. SUSSEX BN11 2EN
(0903) 213900

\title{
MISSED US AT COMPEC? -YOUR LOCAL BYTE SHOP CAN SHOM YOU A PERMANENT‘EXHIBITION/
}

\section*{BBC}

\section*{MICROCOMPUTER}
ACORNSOFTIN STOCK
BBC Micro Model B
Microvitec \(14^{\prime \prime}\) Colour Monitor inc. Cables
12" Manochrome Monitor
Single Disk Drive 100k
Dual Disk Drive 200K
Duald/s Disk Drives 800K
Torch 280 Disk Pack Inc. CP/M
Compatible Op. System 96K RAM Disk Interface
Disk Cable
Formal Disk and Doc
Formal Disk and
Epson RX/80
Epson RX / 80 .....
BBC to Epson Cable
Games Paddles
364.00
.249 .00
.115 .00
.199 .00
369.00
619.00
780.00
95.00
95.00
15.00 15.00 8.00 hics
3.50
Selection of teach yourself BBC publications


PRINTERS-DAISY WHEEL

\section*{Brother HRI}

Dioblo 620RO 25CPS
Diablo 630R0
Smith Corono TP
650.00
.750 .00
750.00
1995.00
.475 .00
800KS
very wide range of computer bopks stocked of all shops.

\section*{PRINTERS-IMPACT}

NEW LOW ANADEX PRICES
Anadex DP9500A 150CPS Matrix Printer with Graphics, Low Noise
. 995.00 Anadex DP9501A As DP9500A with High Density Grophics
995.00

Anadex DP9620A 200CPS Matrix Printer, Low Noise 100 COS in Enhanced Mode ....1100.00 Anadex DP9625A As 9620A. Double Pass Correspondence Quality Mode at
Correspo
Pass
50 CPS ............................ 1190.00 Anadex WP6000 Dual Mode Printer 150/180 CPS Correspondence Quality, 200/330CPS
Draft and Graphics Mode. Dlablo 630 Protocol
Emulation.
1995.00

Epson MX
499.00

Epson FX/80 160CPS ..................439.4.00
Epson RX/80 New Model
289.00

COMART NEW LOW ENTRYLEVEL
COMMUNICATOR
Clearly the mosi price comperitive modular computer system on the marker with buill-in expandability - inside and out.
inc.CP/M From 1595.00 ex. VAT


IBM PC Dual 320K Byte Disk Drives 64 K Byte . FINANCIAL PLANNER Ashton-Tate Financial RAM UK Keyboard and Scieen ......... 2477.00 Plan IBM PC Dual 320K Byle Disk Drives 128K Byte FLIGHT SIMULATOR Microsoff Training RAM UK Keyboard and Screen........2820.00 Games Package
IBM PC XI \(1 \times 320 \mathrm{~KB}\) Floppy Disk plus
\(1 \times 10\) MB Hard DIsk, 128 KB RAM, ASYNCH COMMS, DOS 2.0, UK keyboard and
screen.
IBM Colour Adopler Card
IBM Printer inc. Stand and Cable MICROVITEC Cólour Monlior High Res.
KAGA Colour Monitor Med Res EPSON FX8O PRINTER inc. cable

\section*{SOFTWARE FORTHE IBM PC/XT}

123 Business Management Package BSIAM Byrom Communications
package.
CD/R Language
CALCSTAR Micro Pro Financial Planning
Package
CBASIC Compiler (CB86) DIRBosic
CBASIC Compiler (CB86) D/RBasic Longuage.
CBASIC/86 Digital Research
Longuage.
CCP/M-86 Digitol Research Concurrent
CP/M Operating system
CP/M86For IBM PCD/R Operating System
CARDBOX Caxton Datobase DATASTAR Micro Pro Datobase Package
DBASE II Ashton-Tate Databose
Package
EASYFILER IUS Database Package EASYPLANNER IUS Financiol Planning Package
EASYSPELLER II, IUS Word Processing package
EASYWRITER II, IUS Word Processing Package
37.00 INF OSTAR Micro Pro Dalabose/ Reporter

\section*{COMART \\ COMMUNICATOR 8086 MODULARSYSTEMS}

Coman CP1202 Communicator Micro Computer 6 MHz 8086 Processor, 256 K Byte Memory with Parity, Dual 51/4" Floppy Disk Drives each storing 790K Bytes. Dual Serial and Parallel Printer Ports 10 Slot S 100 Bus inc. CP/M86
2295.00

Comart CP1502 As CP1 202 except \(1 \times 790 \mathrm{~K}\) Byle Diskette Drive ond \(1 \times 5^{\text {" Whencher Disk }}\) having 5 M Bytes of Formatted Dota with 256K Byte Memory
3545.00

Comart CP1522AsCP1202 except \(1 \times 790 \mathrm{~K}\)
Byte Diskette Drive and \(1 \times 5\) "Winchester Disk having 19M Bytes of Formatted Data with 256 K Byte Memory 4545.00
4440.00 MAILMERGE Micro Pro Word Processing 216.00 Enhancement
.00 509.00 MARS Sapphire Business System ....... 395.00 mICROSTAT Ecosoft Statistics Package 210.00
550.00 MULTIPLAN Financial Spread Sheet .... 199.00
335.00 PASCAL MT + 86 Digital Research
478.00 Longuage

PERSONAL PEARL Pearl Application Generator.
258.00

PL/1-86D/RLOnguag
REPORTSTAR Micro Pro Reporter
SPELLSTAR Micro Pro Word Processing
Enhancement
SUPERCALO
SUPERCALC Sorcim Financial Planning
Package..
SUPERCALC 2 Sorcim Financial Plannin Pockage.
IIM III Databose
190.00 VISICALC Financial Spread Sheet ...... 168.00 WORDSTAR Micro Pro Word Processing Packoge
295.00
226.00

\section*{COMART COMMUNICATOR}

280A MODULAR SYSTEMS
Comort CP100 'Communicator' Micro Computer Z80A Processor, 64K Byte Memory, Dual \(51 / 4\) " Floppy Diskette Drives each storing 390K Bytes of Data. Dual Serial and Paraliel Ports. 10 Slot S100. Bus CP/M Version 2 Bus.CP/M included
1595.00

790 K
1895.00
yte Diskette Drives ...................... 1895. Comart CP500 as CP 100 except one 790K Byte Diskette Drive and one 5 " Winchester Drive hoving 4.8M Bytes of formatted Dato..
.2995 .00
TCP520 as CP 100 except
e Diskette Drive and one \(5^{\prime \prime}\) Winchester Drive having 19M Bytes of formatted
3995.00


\section*{COMART MULTIUSER}

\section*{CONFIGURATIONS}

CP520 MP Multi Processing Communicolor System C/w \(1 \times\) Z80A main and \(5 \times 280 \mathrm{~A}\) sloves. 64 K Byte main memory \(+5 \times 64 \mathrm{~K}\) Bytes, \(1 \times 790 \mathrm{~K}\) Byte Diskette Drive + \(1 \times 5\) " 20 Mega Byte Winchester Disk Driv 12 Serial \& 6 Parallel Interfaces. Inc. CP/M \& 12 Serial \& 6 Parallel Interfaces. Inc. CP/M \& Mulif processing system sortware. ....... £69
Comart CP520/M CP520 Communicator System with 256 K Byte Memory and 6 Serial Interfaces Includes CP/M and MP/MII.
.4995 .0
Comort CP 1525/M CP1520 Communicator with a total of 512 K Byte Memory and
10 Serial Interfaces Includes CP/M86 and MP/M86
5995.0

Comart CP500/M CP500 Communicato System with 256 K Byte Memory \& 6 Serial
Inferfaces inc. CP/M \& MP/MII ......... 3995.0

\section*{UPCRADF}

SERVICE KITS
Wide range of foctory fined 8 to 16 Bif and floppy to hard disk upgrade kils
available for communicator systems.

\footnotetext{
BYIESHOP FOR THE PROFESSIONAL There are so many micro computers on the markel that choosing the right one is for from
easy. And if isn't made any cosier when you find edsy. And in isn made any eosier when you tha host of other electricol equipment. What you need is someone that is shinle minded. And that means us. Byteshops ore totolly dedicated to microcomputers. So, not surprisingly, we can ofter you a wder range because we sell nothing else. our prices are keener too. So ore our stoff. Each one is an expen who can make sure you you - whether it's a home micro or a \(\$ 20,000\) you - wheineri 's a home micro or a 520,0
business system. Whar s more we lifreely oavise you on expanding or upgrading your system as your While our Microserve Centres offer fill service and maintenance on sife and at our shaps. And our product support specialists are your assurance of our rofol commitment to aher sales service. Ater all, we are the UK's longest established microcomputer speciatists. Come and see us soon.
}

\section*{OMARI}
nart CB200 Cartridge Tape Back-Up system for Hard Disk 2495.00 nart HD5 \(205^{\prime \prime} \dot{\times} 20 \mathrm{M}\) Byta Hard Disk system (requires HOCONT or can be added CP520 or CP 1520). .2395 .00
ontroller for nart HDCONT Winchester Disk Controller for 'OM Byte Drives.
195.00
nart FD8008" Flappy Single Disk Drive isystem; Single Sided, Single Density IBM 10 Compatible (requires C-IFDC) ...995.00

\section*{00 BOARDS}
nort CRAM64 64 K Byte Dynamic RAM with 1k Select nart CM PU Multi--Processing idd 200.0 1Z80A Slave Processor, 64K Byte Dynamic - \(2 \times\) Seriai \& \(1 \times\) Parallel Interface ... 495.00 nart CRAM 256256 K Byte Dynamic RAM 7 Parity. 8 and 16 Bit Data. IEEE696 npotible. Also supports 8 Bit Bank tching.
.550 .00 mart C-CPU86 8086 Processor Card, with II Serial and Parallel Ports. Monitor in 8 K POM and 4KRAM.
mort C-IFDC Intelligent Diskette Drive itroller with Z80A Processor 200.00 1. 2 Serial/ 1 Porallel Port 200.00 mart 4S 104 Channel Synch/Asynch irface Boord.

\section*{DU'S \& MONITORS}
mort Wr100 Visual Display Terminal, Green play, \(24 \times 80\) and Status Lines. Detached \(\xi\) Key Keyboard with Numeric Pad, Function, sor and Editing Controls. Swivel and Tilt
play inc. WTWORD. mort WY101 VDU with two Page mory

\section*{mor}
mart Wrwop
kercroig 4404Ws
" Green Screen Monitor

\section*{ISKETTES}

ISAN 51/4" 48 TPI SOFT OR HARD CTORED
igle Sided, Single Density .............2.45ea
igle Sided, Double Density .............2.61eo uble Sided, Double Density ..........3.80ea 'SAN 51/4" 96 TPISOFT OR HARD STORED
Suble Sided, Double Density
ISAN 8" IBM 3740 FORMAT
ngle Sided, Single Density
5.70 ea
3.0000 ngle Sided, Double Density uuble Sided, Double Density heshop \(51 / 4\) " SIngle Sided, Single mnsity
teshop \(5 \% / 4\) " Double Sided, Double unsity

\section*{:P/MSOFTWARE}

ASCOM Microsoft Basic Compiler .... 295.00 ASIC-80 Microsoft Basic Interpreter .. 259.00 AZIC Micromikes Basic Language... STAM BYROM Software Communications yckage \({ }^{*}\)
130.00

STMS BYROM Software Communications jckage
.130 .00
\(-86 \mathrm{D} / \mathrm{R}\) C Longuage with UNix Version 7 ompatible Run Time Library ........... 22 ALCSTAR Micropro Financial Planning ectronic Spread Sheet Package.
ARDBOX Caxton Store/Search
ystem.
B80 Digital Research Basic Compile B86 D/R Bosic Compiler
BASIC Digital Research Basic
arguage
BASIC/86D/R Bosic Longuage.
BYTESHOP FOR THE BUSINESSMAN Pu wouldn' go fo a lawver for medical odvice, or illogical fo tolk computers to anyone buta computer expert.

Every \({ }^{\text {Byteshop is a specialist computer store. }}\) In it you will find nolhing but compulers and you. Every Byteshop can show you the very lotest personal computer systems and provide solutions to both specific ond specialistrequirements. Word processing, production control, occounts financial planning and data bases are ust a tew of tine most popular applicaitans.
We can olso oner everyhing allied to microWe can olso onter everyhing alfied to micro-
computers, such as stationery, diskenes, boards, ribbons far your printer, books, tapes and print ribbons
wheels.
Just as imponant, you will have the undivided attention of a computer expen. Our stath have been frained on all our machines and peripherals and can give you sound advice and as sistance with complete impartiokity.

Even it you hove to trovel a few extra miles it wil cenainly pay to come to the experts.

Longuage \({ }^{\circ}\)............................. 425.00 COBOL-80 Microsoft COBOL Compiler. 549.00 CP/M-86
datastar micropro Dotabase
Package.
perating
210.00
.175 .00
DBASE II Ashtan-Tate Relational Databose
+ ZIP*
FILESHARE (CIS) Microfocus Utility** . 250.00
FILESTAR Microsec FILESTAR Microsec's Disk Reformatter CP/M to IBM, DEC, Motorola and intel Formats .. 110.00 FINANCIAL PLANHER Ashton-Tate Financial Plan. 437.00
.110 .00

FORMS 2 Microfocus Toble Maker: FORTRAN-80 Microsoft FORTRAN Compiler.
.369 .00
FRIDAYIAshton-Tate Database
195.00

GBS Bytesoft General Business System 795.00 INFOSTAR Micropro Database Reparter295.00 INFOSTAR Micropro Database Reparter295.00
ISL Bytesoft Accounting Package ..... 1095.00 ISVELII COBOL Microfocus Language 965.00 MACRO-80 Mi Crosoft Macro

\section*{Assembler}
149.00

MAILMER GE Micropro Wordprocessing
Enhancement to link with WORDSTAR \({ }^{*} 145.00\)
MARS Sapphire Business System* ..... 395.00 MICROSTAT Ecosoft Statistics Package 210.00 MILESTONE Organic Software Critical Path Package \({ }^{\circ}\)
225.00

MULIIPLAN Microsoft Financial PIanning
Package .............................
PASCAL/MT + D/R Pascal Language wim speed Programming Tool
323.00

PASCAL / MT +86 Digital Research Pascal
Longuage for 16 Bit Systems...........
PEACHTREE Basic Accounting Systom
per module
387.00

PEACH TREE Business Management System
per module
PERSONAL BASIC D/R language*.
97.00

PERSONAL PEARLPeorl Data Base/
FM \({ }^{\circ}\)
PL/1-80 Dightal Research Language PL/1-86 Digital Research Longuage REPORTSTAR Micropro Reporter. RESCUE MBS Database
190.00
355.00 spatstar Micropro Proofreading Utilit with WORDSTAR
ility to link
SUPERCALC Sorcim Financial Planning/
Budgeting Spread Sheet Package \({ }^{*}\)..... 126.00 SUPERCALC 2 Sorcim Financial Planning Pockage \({ }^{*}\)
190.00

SUPERSORT Micropro Sortutility ........ 145.00 SUPERSORTII Micro Pro Sort Utility SUPERYYZ Epic Application Control I/ MAKER II Lifeboot Associates Financ
PIonning / Spread Shet Package
Planning/Spread Sheer Package .....
WORDSTAR Micropro Wordprocessing
Package \({ }^{\circ}\) Also ovailable with Mailmerge
Package
and Spellstar ............................... 2 . and Spellistar
WP WORKSHOP MAC Ltd Training Guide for
WORDSTAR Or MAILMERGE ............. 75.00 WORDSTAR O MAILMERGE ............... 78.00 X BASIC Xitan Language
BASIC 86 Xitan Language WS PROFESSIONAL Micro Pro Word Processing Package
250.00

Many Utillities, Programming Toois and Training Packages available. Also extensive range of diskette formats. Prices include configuration on machines supplied by ourselves. We are totally committed to after sales senvice and future support.
-These software packages are available for both CP/M and CP/M86.

\section*{ALL PRICES EXCLUSIVE OF VAT - Barciaycard Viso \& Access C cards token in poyment. \\ - Shop opening hours 9-5.30, check opening times. \\ - Phone Mail Orders accepred. Pleose contoct nearest shop for P.P. \& Delivery Rales. Regret near.o.D.}

\section*{SYSTEM SPOTLIGHT}

\section*{introducing the new Apricot from ACT standord exper}
a frue 4 ih generation 16 -Bit personal, Disk storagendable to 768 K bytes. computer af a more than compettive revolutionery is provided by utilising sufficlently compally styled and a fruly franspompact to be considered the most interabing system. One of Apricof is the Ming feofures of the unique two line LCD creen facility, a ansue two line LCD display with six associaled fouch sensitive keys function keyboard detachable multimicroscreen fo display permits the time- double 10 display day, date and provide for dyn a powerful calculator. provide for dynamic labelling informon; serve as an entry line for window when a act as a display avoilable Then a full monitorls no ovailable. The monitor display is 25 res. graphics \(800 \times 400\) offering high keyboard also hos \(\times 400\) plxels. The thus enabling selections 'mouse trap to be made simply and on the screen Apricof specificationd easily. The powerlul 256 K byte memory as which offer 315 K bony disk drives drive offer 315 K bytes of storage per drive. The Apricol comes with three operating systems os standard -MS-DOS 2.0, CP / M-86 and Concurreni CP/M-86 \(\mathbf{C l}\) and
BASIC and Cerm-86 plus Microsot The Apricot is software BASIC languages with both the software compatible giving occess to PC and ACT SIrlius 1 avaliabie opslication il ibrary of readily range of application software. For full CP/M-86 opplication software see Also selection of \(M S\) sofware listing. Including Microsoft Las software avallable.

\section*{fom £1495}
£1895 ex VAT c/w iwin disk drives \& monitor
- Some items may be subject to a dollar surcharge if the dollar exchange rate changes more than 5 cents. Prices will be adjusted in line with the rate prevailing at the time of purchase. - Prices subject to change without notice E.\&O.E. and are valid for the cover date life of this magazine (December 83)
- Whilst we carry a vast range of stock, we cannot guarantee that every advertised item will be ovailable in eoch shop.
- Allgoods are new and include factory worranties. - No refunds on opened software. - Orders from Government Depts., Colleges \& BFPO addresses wel come for orders above £25. - Leasing \& HP focilities ovailable - apply for written details. - Detailed prices avallable on request.


\section*{WHERE TO FIND US:}

\section*{BIRMINGHAM}

After five years, The Byteshop Birmingham, situated in Hurst Street oppositit the Hippodrone Theatre, is now one of our Hippodrone Theires, is now Manager James Affflid and his experienced team are alwoys Attillad and odiscuss specticic applications and would be pleased to arrange a personal would be pleased to arrange a personal
demonstration from their wide range of micros in stock.

\section*{THE EWIE SHID \\ Your Specialist Computer Centre}

\section*{LONDON}

The Byteshop,
324 Euston Road NW 1 3BG
Tel: 01-3870505

\section*{BIRMINGHAM}

The Byteshop,
94-96 Hurst Street, B5 4TD.
Tel: 021-622 3165

\section*{GLASGOW}

The Byteshop,
266 St. Vincent Street, G2 5RL
Tel: 041-221 8202

\section*{MANCHESTER}

The Byteshop, 11 Gateway House,
Piccadilly, Stotion Approach,
M1 2GH. Tel: 061-2364737

NOTIINGHAM
The Byteshop,
920 Upper Parliament Street,
NG1 6LF. TeI: 0602470576
SOUTHAMPTON
The Byteshop,
23 Cumberiond Place, SOI 2BB.
Tel: 0703334711

\section*{Hundreds of problems. One solution.}


Controlling the production of tomato grow bags may sound simple enough, but co-ordinating all the different aspects on a brand-new production line was not withoút its headaches. When the production manager turned to the company's new micro for an answer, it was THE LAST ONE which made it possible to create a system in hours rather than months. TLO then went on to produce over one hundred individual solutions for this company in a period of less than a year.


A simple, moving, graphic display was needed by a major computer retailer to demonstrate how a new product line could maintain compatibility with some of his earlier machines. Half an hour's work with THE LAST ONE and he had a program displaying bar-charts, graphs and printouts. Little more than an hour later the same program was up and hunning on three other makes of micro. When asked what made the four machines compatible, he laid the credit squarely with THE LAST ONE - "some manufacturers would be hard put to even use the same mains plug - TLO at least gets them all speaking the same language."

Using a computer to solve a complex problem is not always as easy as it sounds.

A product called THE LAST ONE however, has helped crack hundreds of computer problems for users throughout the world.

Launched less that two years ago, TLO allows any computer user to design, develop and modify, accurate and complete solutions without needing to understand the complex code languages used by the machine in question.

Now in use in installations from major clearing banks to one-man businesses, TLO is helping solve in hours, problems which used to take days, weeks and months.

\section*{AT £330, IT'S A MIRACLE. AT £50, IT'S A GIFT!}

A new fully operational Compact version of TLO is now available. Designed primarily for the occasional user wanting to harness the power of the world's leading program generator, it costs a highly competitive \(£ 50\) (+VAT), and this is refunded should you subsequently upgrade to the Professional version.

The Professional multi-file version of TLO includes new time-saving features and costs from \(£ 185\) to \(£ 330\) ( + VAT) according to the hardware installation.

TLO runs on the Apple II and IIe, Commodore 4032 and 8032/96, TRS-80 Model II (TRSDOS or CP/M), most CP/M, CP/M 86 and MS/DOS machines, including the IBM PC (PC-DOS), Wang PC, Zenith Z100, and Sirius.

Find out what TLO can do for you by contacting your local dealer or send for an information pack.

It could be the solution to hundreds of your problems.
THE LASTONE
- D.J. 'Al'Systems Ltd., Dept E. Station Road, Ilminster, Somerset TA19 9BQ. Telephone: Ilminster (04605) 4117 -


Inside...

\section*{Vew Interface 2 \\ and ROM cartridges! New Software!}

\section*{TAKING NEW SOFTWARE IN NEW DIRECTIONS}

You'll see that this issue of Sinclair Special devotes considerable space to software. Why, when we've so much to say about hardware and peripherals? Simply because at Sinclair we believe in supporting first-class hardware with first-class software.

This month sees the start of a new commitment to education in our catalogue, both for adults and children

In the field of micro theory, we've programs like Beyond BASIC and Make-a-Chip, which take you from the creation of simple \(Z X^{\circledR}\) assembler subsets to simulated circuit design projects.

There's Musicmaster, to teach you music terminology, note values and composition

And if you're keen to beat your Spectrum at chess (which can be hard), you'll certainly want to try Chess Tutor 1, the first program in a complete chess masterclass.

\section*{Coming soon...}

In the pipeline are many new releases, some of which break completely new ground. LOGO and micro-PROLOG for instance. They're fifth generation languages which will take you and your Spectrum closer than ever before to the creation and application of artificial intelligence.

A formal agreement between Sinclair and Macmillan Education has been announced, the first results of which will be published this autumn. These consist of five programs in a complete early reading course plus the first four of a series of programs based on Macmillan's top selling Science Horizons Scheme. All programs are designed for use in schools or the home.

And with Blackboard software, we're publishing six more home education programs for primary school children. Covering alphabet, spelling and punctuation, each of these programs is a true gem, unlike any other education software, and fascineting to run. Even for adults!

I believe that these new titles represent a major advance in educatonal software for the home.

\section*{New ROM software too!}

You may well have heard news of \(Z X\) Interface \(2^{\circledR}\) and ROM cartridge programs. You'll find full details of the Interface and its software on the facing page (and there's an order form on the back page too!). These offer an instant games playing facility at unbeatable prices, and expand the possibilities of using your Spectrum in yet another direction.

\section*{Alison Maguire}

Applications Software Manager

\section*{SOFTWARE UPDATE}

\section*{The latest cassette software for \(\mathbf{Z X}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C o m p u}\)}


\section*{Chess Tutor 1}

For 48K RAM Spectrum. £9.95.
Chess Tutor is a new way of learning all at chess - using your ZX Spectrum. \({ }^{\circledR}\)

It starts from the beginning by teaching you about the chess pieces and the way move - including castling, en passant, promotion, check, checkmate, stalemate perpetual check.

Then it teaches you the basic tactics - \(f\) forks, double attacks and skewers.

There are over 120 exercises and over? questions for you to answer - with demon tions and hints from your ZX Spectrum w' you want them.

You can choose which parts of the cour you want - and even experienced players be surprised at what they can learn from Chess Tutor.


\section*{Musicmaster}

For 48K RAM Spectrum. £9.95.
Musicmaster turns your ZX Spectrum into musical instrument which will not only pa tunes, but will also demonstrate key sign durations of notes, and scales.

You can write your own tunes - in any \(k \in\) play them over and over again, save them tape, modify them.

You can either write your music on a sta or place a simple overlay on your Spectrui, a 17-note keyboard.


\section*{Make-a-Chip}

For 48K RAM Spectrum. £9.95.
Make-a-Chip teaches you the basic elem of circuit design, shows you how they fit together, and then lets you design and les your own circuits.
When you have designed a circuit, you c give it inputs and outputs and your ZX Spectrum will check it for you. Then it will r it, or tell you what's wrong so that you can modify it.

Make-a-Chip is a fascinating way of find out how computer logic works.

\section*{Print Utilities}

For 16K and 48K RAM Spectrum. £9.95.
Increase the printing and display facilities c your ZX Spectrum with the Print Utilities program.

Print Utilities enables you to enhance you programs by generating characters of eigh different sizes which you can place anywhe on your screen.

\section*{Beyond BASIC}

For 48K RAM -Spectrum. £9.95.
Takes the agony out of assembler. Takes the mystery out of machine code.

Beyond BASIC gives you a deeper insight into the workings of your ZX Spectrum. It . explains what happens inside your micro wt you run a program, and it teaches you simpl Z80 machine code programming.

A major feature of Beyond BASIC is that it enables you to write your own \(Z 80\) assemble programs - then you can actually see on you screen how they affect the ZX Spectrum memory and registers.

\section*{ZX INTERFACE \(\mathbf{2}^{\circ}\)}

\section*{The New ROM Cartridge/Joystick Interface}

\section*{ads programs instantly! kes two joysticks! st plug-in and play!}

ZXInterface 2 is the latest new pheral for the ZX Spectrum \({ }^{\circledR}\) system. ables you to use new \(\mathrm{ZX}^{{ }^{\circledR}}{ }^{3}\) ROM ridge software: plug-in programs load instantly. It allows you to use standard joysticks, without the need ;eparate, special interfaces.
To use new ZX ROM cartridge prons, just connect Interface 2 to the of your Spectrum or Interface 1 and I in the cartridge of your choice. program is then loaded, ready to run! You can use any joystick that has a 3y D plug. Use one or two of them for a fun with ZX ROM cartridge or Sinclair sette programs - or with dozens of эr Spectrum-compatible programs!


\section*{AND BRAND NEW ROM CARTRIDGE SOFTWARE!}
re's already plenty of choice of \(Z X\) ROM cartridge grams for your Spectrum. Some are old favourites, in xciting new form. Others are new.
And now, thanks to ROM cartridge technology, you run them all on a 16K RAM Spectrum, even if they e originally written only for 48 K machines! Every ROM cartridge program loads fast and faultly. No wires, no waiting, no worries about loading rs! All of them are affordably priced too, at £14.95.
\(w!\) PSSST


Robbie the Robot sits in his garden. Help him fetch compost to cultivate his prize Thyrgodian Megga Chrysanthodil. Help make the right choice of ticide, to ward off devilish 3cts. Stop the insects breeding Jverwhelming numbers before obie's plant has bloomed. 3ST is horticulture with a rendous twist!
)ne and two player option, h a host of features including ind effects.

\section*{w! Tranz Am}


Set in a future time ruled by cars and trophies, in a land where petrol replaces gold, and status is possession the 8 Great Cups of Ultimate. Jriving your Super Blown Red cer, use your skill to outwit \(\square\) crash the Deadly Black bos. Use your instruments to ate and collect the trophies fore you overheat or run out of敦.
A program with outstanding Alti-directional movement, aphic features, and a playing sa equivalent to more than 0 times actual screen area

Chess
 The high-resolution chessboard and pieces are arranged in a row and column system, so it's easy to key in your moves.

At any stage of the game you can request the computer to suggest a move, reverse roles or change the level of skill.

Full-colour high-resolution graphics.

\section*{Horace and the Spiders}


Guide Horace on the hazardous journey to the cobwebbed house full of poisonous spiders.
Safely in the house, you must move along cobwebs, choose a spot ... and jump on it! The spiders will be in a frenzy - scuttling to repair their precious web

And when a spider is spinning a new section, you're safe to attack and destroy it!

Kill all the spiders, and a new web appears ... with even more spiders to catch.

Full-colour high-resolution graphics.

\section*{Backgammon}


Everything you need to play the famous and deceptively simple board game. Board, stones, rolling dice and doubling dice are shown in full colour and high resolution. Choose from four levels of skill to suit experts and beginners alike - full rules are included.

\section*{Planetoids}


Dodge and swerve using your thrust button, turn on a planetoid ...fire! But beware - the alien ship moves
fast to destroy you with cluster bombs. And when it comes to the crunch, use your hyperspace button!
Full-colour high-resolution graphics with sound.

\section*{New! Cookie}


You're Charlie the Chef, who keeps his ingredients locked in the larder But if the ingredients escape, they bring the inedible Nasties with them!

You must daze the escaping ingredients with flour bombs, and knock them into the mixing bowl. Stop them getting into the dustbin, at all costs! And beware of Nasties that get into the mixing bowl!
Cookie is fast-moving panic in the pantry, with a cast of real characters. A program to make you smile - and sweat!

Space Raiders


Your skill is all that's stopping successive waves of aliens from destroying Earth Use your gun base to attack. Shelter behind buildings ... move out and blast the passing alien soaceship!

Full-colour high-resolution graphics with sound

\section*{Hungry Horace}
 Horace is forever being chased around the park by guards.
He steals their lunch, eats pathway flowers and creates chaos in the park by ringing the alarm! You'll have to be quick to keep Horace out of trouble!
Full-colour high-resolution graphics with sound

\section*{New! Jet Pac}
 As Chief Test Pilot of the Acme Interstellar Transport Company, your task is to deliver and assemble spaceship kits. On your way round the galaxy, you're free to collect precious stones and gold

The catch? Rocket fuel is precious and scarce. And the aliens don't take kindly to the theft of their valuables. You'll need your wits and your lasers!

With a host of features, including multi-directional movement, explosions, sound effects and one and two player option.

\title{
ZX MICRODRIVE
}


\section*{NOW ON RELEASE}

The ZX Microdrive System - as you'd expect from Sinclair - is unique to the world of computing. It's a compact, expandable add-on system which provides high-speed access to massive data storage. With just one Microdrive alone (and Interface 1), you'll have at least 85 K bytes of storage, the ability to LOAD and SAVE in mere seconds, the beginnings of a local area network of up to 64 Spectrums, and a built-in RS232 interface! The cost? Less than £50 for each Microdrive.

\section*{How to get ZX Microdrive}

Spectrum owners who bought direct from us, by mail order, have been
sent full details. Order forms are being mailed in strict rotation, so if you haven't yet received your order form please bear with us. We're making good progress in meeting the huge demand.

If you didn't buy your Spectrum by mail order, don't worry. Send us the form from the bottom of this page. We'll add your name to the mailing list, and send you details by return.

Each Microdrive costs £49.95. Interface 1 costs £49.95, but just \(£ 29.95\) if purchased with a ZX Microdrive. Extra ZX Microdrive cartridges: £4.95.

\section*{How to order}

Simply fill in the relevant sections on the order form below. Note th: there is no postage or packing to pay on some purchases. Orders r be sent FREEPOST (no stamp needed). Credit card holders ma) order by phone, calling 01-200 02 24 hours a day. 14-day money-ba option, of course. Please allow \(2 \varepsilon\) days for delivery.
\({ }^{3}\) ZX, ZX Spectrum, ZX Interface and ZX Microdrive are all registered trade marks of Sinclair Research Ltd.


Sinclair Research Ltd, Stanhope Road, Cambe Surrey, GU15 3PS. Telephone: (0276) 685311.

To: Sinclair Research Ltd, FREEPOST, Camberley, Surrey, GU15 3BR. Section A: Hardware
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Qty & Item & Code & ItemPrice & Total £ \\
\hline & ZXInterface 2 & 8501 & 19.95 & \\
\hline & ZX Spectrum -48 K & 3000 & 129.95 & \\
\hline & ZX Spectrum-16K & 3002 & 99.95 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Postage and packing: orders under \(£ 90\)} & 0028 & 2.95 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{orders over £90}} & 0029 & 4.95 & \\
\hline & & & TOTAL £ & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Section B: Software ROM CARTRIDGE PROGRAMS} \\
\hline & G12/R Planetoids & 5302 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G9/R Space Raiders & 5300 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G13/R Hungry Horace & 5303 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G24/R Horace and the Spiders & 5305 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G28/R PSSST & 5307 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G30/R Cookie & 5309 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G29/R Tranz Am & 5308 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G27/R Jet Pac & 5306 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G22/R Backgammon & 5304 & 14.95 & \\
\hline & G10/R Chess & 5301 & 14.95 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ZX Microdrive information request}

Please add my name to the Microdrive Mailing List, and send me a colour brochure with full specifications of ZX Microdrive/Interface \(1 \square\) (tick here). You can use the above form to send us your name and address.

\title{
Opus are able to offer a limited quantity of \(51 / 4^{\prime \prime}\) Slimline Double Sided 40 Track Drives. Formatted single density 200 K ., double density 400 K . \\ And record value at only £179.95 and thatincludes everything-VAT, carriage and all necessary leads. You can order by post (see coupon below) or direct at our showroom.
}




\section*{CRESTMATT SPECIAL PACK £234.95}

Includes (CBM 64+ Casette C2N + FREE three games worth £25) or (Free Grand Master Chess ten levels of play with manual) or ( \(£ 10\) off ie send \(£ 224.95\) ) OVER 100 CRESTMATT BARGAINS FOR: BUSINESS, HOME, PROGRAMMING, EDUCATION AND GAMES. HERE ARE JUST A FEW EXAMPLES

\section*{CRESTMATT PROFESSIONAL £629.95 SAVE OVER \(£ 250.00\) - includes}


Word Processor - Vizawrite and Vizaspell 30,000 word dictionary/word checker 20 BASF 5.25 " disks
** Extra: Optional Single Sheet Feed \(£ 29.95\)
Our Price Our Price Commodore 64 + free 4 games up to \(£ 30 £ 199.95\) Single disk drive 1541 + Free 10 disks worth £23.50 . 199.95 CBM \(64+1541\) Disk Drive +20 free disks worth £47................................................ \(£ 399.95\)
Seikosha GP 100 VC (VIC 1525)..............£199. 95
with optional friction feed .................£229.95
Vic printer 1526 ............................... \(£ 299.95\)
Epson RX 80100 cps , Dot Matrix ...........£274.95
Epson RX 80 FT 100 cps , Dot Matrix ......£309.95

\section*{ВЕАТ ТНАТ!!}

WE HAVE A FULL RANGE OF SOFTWARE FOR BUSINESS, EDUCATION, ENTERTAINMENT AND PROGRAMMERS
FOR MORE DETAILS RING: 01-749 2510 (24 hrs)/434 1736/743 8441

Delivery: Bankers Draft, Building Society Cheque, P.O. within 3 working days. Personal and company cheques allow 4 working days for cheque clearance. C.O.D. for orders above \(£ 100\) - send \(£ 10\) deposit \(+£ 3\) for C.O.D. costs. Datapost - a guaranteed overnight delivery £3. Special clearance £3.
Note: Hardware is supplied with all necessary connections, manuals and is fully guaranteed by Commodore for 12 months. Extension of guarantee available for up to 36 months.

\section*{SHOWROOM:}

Ground Floor, Regent Street Shopping Centre, 200/2 Regent Street, London W. 1. Head Office: (For Mail Order) Chesham House, (5th Floor), 136 Regent Street, London W. 1.


\title{
The Brother HR15. IHE Baller Latier prinul For an AMAZING E445.".
}

Dear Printer Buyer
Here's crisp clean daisy wheel printing with a price tag that makes it a winner for PC users who want word processing.
Lots more standard features like two colour printing and text reprinting from the built in buffer and drop in print wheel.
And extras like a cut-sheet feeder, tractor and typewriter keyboard.
Built to interface with all leading PC 's, the HR15 has all the reliability you'd expect from Brother.
The Brother is available from selected dealers.
Compatible with all leading Micros

\title{
Let Commodore expand your horizons.
}

VIC 20 is the finest home computer that money can buy.

And the better you get to know it, the more confident, adventurous and ambitious you'll become.

You'll want to take advantage of the vast range of VIC software: a superb and constantly-growing selection of programs, embracing business systems, entertainment, education and many applications in the home.

Every program in the series has been designed by experts, and chosen for its quality and value for money.

VIC business software covers a wide range of applications, including spread-sheet analysis, stock control, information handling and word-processing.

A mind-blowing range of games including Scott Adams' world-famous 'Adventure' series.

Advanced space games, including the sophisticated 'Omega Race'.

Learn subjects as diverse as English Language, programming, and biology.

And 'home' software ranges from IQ tests to Robert Carrier menus.

In addition, there is a range of VIC software, like programmers' aids and graphics packages-

to add to your understanding al enjoyment of computers and computing.

There's even a special 'VicSs Club for VIC 20 enthusiasts, with many advantages includi special offers to club members.


> VIC software will expand your orizons. And your mind.

\author{
ICES RANGE FROM £4.99 to \(£ 24.95\) INC. VAT.
}

For more information, a catalogue of VIC software and details of your local retailers or dealers, please phone or complete the coupon and send to: The Commodore Information Centre, 675 Ajax Avenue, Slough, Berkshire SL1 4BG Telephone: Slough (0753) 79292.

Name
(MR/MRS/MISS)
Address


Full range of each brand stock. State sectoring \& phone for any disk not seen.

\section*{AND STORE THEM!}


ORDER: THE SIMPLE WAY - Remember! The price you NAME \(\qquad\) Daytime tel. no see includes VAT + carriage.
No hidden extras!
- BY MAIL: Clip whole coupon. Enclose cheque or postal order for total of goods required \& send to FREEPOST address shown. Your goods will be despatched immediately the payment has been processed.
- BY PHONE: Call us with your Credit card Number (Access or Barclaycard) and your goods will be despatched directly to you.

DISK DIRECT, FREEPOST, WOKING GU22 9BR TELEPHONE 0486226626.
338 PCW

\section*{-Unbeatable SHARP bargains!}

POCKET COMPUTERS WITH AMAZING MEMORY CAPACITY FOR BUSINESSMEN, MANAGERS, ENGINEERS AND HOBBYISTS

SHARP PC-1251 COMPUTER
The World's Smallest Computer System?
UNREPEATABLE OFFER
A frustrated export order leaves us with a quantity of PC-1251 to clear urgently.
NOW BELOW COST PRICE!
(RRP £79.95) ONLY £59.90 including VAT. ONLY A FEW LEFT AT THIS PRICE

SHARP PC-1500 COLOUR COMPUTER
World's Most Powerful Pocket Computer?
PC-1500 (RRP £169)
\(\varepsilon 149\) incl. VAT
CE-150 (RRP £149)
SPECIAL OFFER
\(\varepsilon 99 \mathrm{incl}\). VAT

3.5K RAM (2.6K user) expandable; 16 K ROM. BASIC Mini-Graphic display. Up to 36 program storage; Full math, science, clock and beep functions; Auto power off, with memory protection. CE-150 COLOUR GRAPHIC PRINTER/INTERFACE 8 K graphics BASIC. 9 type sizes. Four colour, \(360^{\circ}\) printing. Two cassette control. Mains/rechargeable, adaptor included.
Massive memory - 4.2K RAM (3.7K user) and 24K ROM for extended BASIC, including DIM, STRING and INKEY\$. Up to 18 programs stored in memory at once, each with its own execute key, plus reserve mode for frequently used commands. Full range of math and science functions. Auto off, with protected memory.

\section*{CE-125 PRINTER/MICROCASSETTE}
(RRP £99.95) ONLY £89.90 including VAT
Half the size of this page and less than one inch thick!
24 character thermal printing. Integral microcassette, plus built-in interface for standard cassette recorder. Existing PC-1211 software can be used but runs much faster. Powered by rechargable NiCad batteries. Mains adaptor supplied.
Dimensions. PC-1251: \(135 \times 70 \times 9.5 \mathrm{~mm}\). Weight \(115 \mathrm{~g}(4 \mathrm{oz})\)
CE-125: \(205 \times 149 \times 23 \mathrm{~mm}\left(8^{1 / 8} \times 57 / 8 \times 29 / 32^{\prime \prime}\right)\). Weight 550 g (1.21b).

PRICES include VAT, P\&P. Offers are subject to availability. Send cheques, PO, or phone your credit card no. to:

\section*{silicon city}

Dept PCW, 1 Milton Road CAMBRIDGE CB4 1UY Tel: 0223312453


\section*{SOFTWARE CATALOGUE NOW AVAILABLE}

\section*{SOFTWARE CENTRE GP/M GP/M-86 MSDOS}

INFOSTAR - MicroPro's Database Management System combines the power and versatility of Datastar and Reportstar. Design your own screen input and data validation routines; specify the processing to be performed
 and how information is to be retrieved; on-screen design of report layouts permits fast implementation of information processing systems without the necessity of programming languages.

ASCOM - Open up the world of telecommunications: connect CP/M Micro to CP/M Micro, mainframe or mini timesharing systems; transfer files and programs between micros; control remote micros using ASCOM menu driven with on-line help facility. (Also for CP/M86, MSDOS, IBM-PC.)



CARDBOX - The popular electronic card index system. Maintain records on any subject from Books to People. Instant access to individual or groups of "cards" by multiple selection criteria. Card layouts are defined according to user requirements. The ability to interface to Wordstar, Supersort, Supercalc, dBase II etc provides a simple start to database applications.

\section*{dBASE II dGRAPH dUTIL QUICK CODE \\ \(£ 437\) \\ £200 £200 £100}

\section*{OS CONVERTERS}

CP/M-86 under MSDOS MSDOS under CP/M-86 £70 each + manual


\section*{Telesystems Ltd}

THE GEANS, 3 WYCOMBE ROAD, PRESTWOOD, BUCKS, HP16 ON7. TEL: (02406) 6365.


CALL FOR FULL LIST

\section*{- VALUE}

\section*{BASE UNITS}
 \(100 \%\)
APPLE
COMPATBLE
\(£ 349.00\)
\(+{ }_{+52.35} \mathrm{VAT}\) Apple cards and
BASE 64A compatible with Apple cards and software. RAM based system control program, 64 K on board memory, expandable to 192K. MINIWRITER on board in RAM. 24K system memory Tiny assembler with assembly and disassembly function. Upper and lower case characters.
Function commands on keyboard. Numerical and cursor keypad. Can load 140K diskette program to 192K user RAM. Staggering value!
**Phone for part exhange quote on your existing personal computer**
MONITORS


16K RAM LANGUA GE CARD CPAI £57.50 + \(£ 8.62\) VAT
Expands the internal memory of your II to 64 K and memory capacity available to \(Z 80\) card users from 44 K to 56 K . Available to load integer BASIC under DOS 3.3.

\section*{PAL CARD CPA 7}
£79.00 + £11.85 VAT
Display your II plus colour text and graphics on your home television

\section*{PRINTER INTERFACE CARD CPA 9} \(£ 38.32+55.75\) VAT

RS 232 CARD CPA 12
\(£ 57.50+£ 8.62\) VAT
Permits basic control of high speed printers and plotters. Programs easily with switch selectable preset for speed, line length, auto line feed and carriage return delay. Handles half duplex communications from 75 to 19200 baud. EIA RS 232 C or 20 mA current loop.

\section*{PRINTERS}


CP80 Matrix Printer, 30 cps , bidirectional logic seeking 80 column. Friction and adjustable tractor feed. Hi-res and block graphics. True descenders. Switchable italic print. Auto underline

\section*{TURNKEY OFFER}

Base 64 unit with monitor, two slim line disk drives and disk controller for \(£ 749.00+£ 112.35\) VAT
Base 64 unit with monitor, two slim line disk drives and controller, 280 card and 80 column card, CP 8 printer and controller
\(£ 1108.00+£ 166.20 V A T\)

\section*{TO ORDER.}

Access and Barclaycard accepted
Send exact amount including \(15 \%\) VAT plus 57.00 carriage and insurance, quoting part numbers, to:
The DX Home Computer Desk is more than just \({ }^{\circ}\) a practical display unit for your micro system, it's a stylish piece of furniture that comes in a range of colours and finishes to ensure that it fits your lifestyle.
Available in Cream, Signal Red, Black, Oak-style and Arctic white, the DX comfortably accommodates your printer, monitor, keyboard, cassette recorder and disk drives - it also has a useful shelf for paper storage and manuals etc. The DX is delivered to your door in kit form with easy assemble instructions
To: DX Marketing (EA), Unit PP, Mimram Road, Hertford, Hertfordshire SG14 1NN
Please rush me_DX Home Computer Desk at £29.95 each
1 (add \(£ 8.00\) for delivery, UK only. VAT included).
- I enclose my cheque/postal order for f .


THE HR1 THE FINEST PRINTER/TYPEWRITERS MONEY CAN BUY.


The unbeatable Crown Ranier is the only heavy duty daisy wheet printertypewniter which runs on a linear motor - no belts or cables to break. stretch or wear - and uses the IBM niboon and lift off correctors. The reliability has become legend in these days of expensive electronic typewriter breakdowns.

CENTROMIC - IEEE - RS232 INTERFACES - No external boxes - interchangeable daisywheels - variable pitch - three free daisy wheels - automatic whole line correction - easily copes with standard printed forms - 195,000 characters per ribbon (at least twice the average character length) - standard lift off correctors - a printertypewriter at the flick of a switch.
Pertection as a typewriter (now used by local authorities and multi-nationals), pertection as a printer.
Beware of lightweight, low cost machines - these can never give long term reliable service. THIS MACHINE WILL!! The protessional machine.
Ask you local computer or office equipment dealer for further information. EX STOCK DELIVERY.

\section*{SOLE UK DISTRIBUTOR. TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED}

> 56-58 SOUTH ST., EASTBOURNE, SUSSEX. (0323) 639983.

Why not be spoilt for choice this Christmas and avoid all the usual rush, hassle and frustration of present buying. By visiting the first Your Computer Christmas Fair (December 15-18) you can be sure of seeing a truly vast range of microcomputer products, all under one roof at the Wembley Conference Centre, the most modern and comfortable exhibition venue in the country.

Whether you're interested in choosing a micro for home management, child education or games playing, you can see everything demonstrated at the show; with all your questions answered by expert sales staff from the manufacturers, dealers and software houses. Huge amounts of software and hardware, add-ons like joysticks and printers, plus a special Sinclair Village, will be at the show.

There's never been a better way to shop for micro computer presents. So wrap up your Christmas gift worrie: at the Your Computer Christmas Fair.

Wembley Conference Centre December 15-18, 198
Opening times are from 10 am to 6 pm every day ex. Friday - Special late night 8 pm closing.

\section*{YOUR \\ Sponsurued by: COMPUTER}

Organised by Reed Exhihitions Surree: House I Throwley Way Sutton Surrev SNII 40 Tel: 11 fifis-8040

\title{
LONDON COMPUTER CENIRE
}

\section*{8/16 bit SOFTWARE} The comprehensive range includes

WORDSTAR £235
SUPERCALC \(11 / 11\)
WORD PROCESSING £
Spellbinder I
Spellbinder
Peach Pack*
Peach Pack*
Spellstar
Maillist
Grammatik
RNANCIAL PLANNING
Plannercalc 85
Supercalc I \(\quad 130\)
Multiplan \(\quad 170\)
Lotus 1-2-3 357
o BASE CORNER
FastBase
Autocode
Quickcode
Dgraph
Friday
D BASE II £349
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SPELLING CHECKER £80} \\
\hline LANGUAGES & £ \\
\hline Basic & 2 \\
\hline Basic Compiler & \\
\hline Compiler & 330 \\
\hline otran 80/86 & \\
\hline Cobol/Forms & 399/1 \\
\hline scal MT & \\
\hline Pascal MT+*SS & 350 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{ACCDUNTING} \\
\hline Pegasus from & 250 \\
\hline Peachtree from & 325 \\
\hline Tabs from & 199 \\
\hline Exact & 500 \\
\hline Pulsar & 395 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{COMMUNICATIONS} \\
\hline Bstam & \\
\hline Crosstalk & \\
\hline Moveit 80/86 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{*Incl. PeachSpell/Maillist} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Please telephone for the}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{LCC Software Catalogue} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Sid \(£ 60\), ZSid \(£ 76\),
Mac £133

\section*{New! The fast and easy way to generate your own dBase 11 Applications programs - use fastBase. £150.}
* only fastBase allows 7 index files per data base, all others allow 1 index file
* only fastBase allows report generation on 3 files others 1 file
* fastBase Structures Command files with indentations allowing maximum speed in execution
* fastBase uses a series of on-screen prompts and Help Menus to lead you through the process of generating your own dBase 11 Command files.
Demonstrations on all software daily - call in or order by mail.

FORMATS: Superbrain, Televideo, Sirius, Sanyo, Osborne Northstar, \(8^{\prime \prime}\) SD, DEC, Epson QX-10, IBM ICL, H-P, XEROX, ALTOS,
All prices are exclusive of VAT

\title{
Spreadsheet or Financial
 \\ \\ FINANCIAL MODELLING \\ \\ FINANCIAL MODELLING \\ Spreadsheet plus
} and matrix, scrolling without losing row descriptions, comprehensive matrix and file manipulation, flexible data input.

\section*{ANALYSIS AND SORTING}
on data by row, by
olumn, in ascending or escending order, even by ow name Highlight values neeting speclfied criteria, tatistics include regression pr forecasting.

JOB AUTOMATION Compiled job streams make running comprehensive systerns quick and easy; options allow for operator prompts and choices to be built in.

\section*{REPORT WRITER}

Compiled for fast production of formal reports with graphics, sorting comprehensive formatting and display facilities.

DATA INPUT
Direct into spreadsheet or from files built in Encore, or from files external to Encore. Plus random number generation and arithmetic on entry.

ICORE is written by FEROX:
dhors of DSS/F - The Micromodeller
comprehensive procedural language; IF, THEN, ELSE, GOTO, and WHILE
Shorthand models (R3 = R1
+ R2) or in plain English
Total Cost' = 'Fixed Costs'
+ 'Varlable Costs

\section*{GRAPHICS}
'Quick and Ditty' from spreadsheet or comprehensively from Exec. Provides over ten different chart types. Can be used with external data files.

\section*{EXEC!}

A compiled language for systems writing, includes formal reports, graphics, menus, over 100 commands for writing comprehensive systems perfect for consolidations!

A powertul screen text editor for writing models and procedures, or letters and memos.


\section*{SOFTWARE FOR YOUR MICRO British Broadcasting Corporation}


These new soffware packs are de signed to exploit to the full the sophisticated design and great versatility of the British Broadcasting Corporation Microcomputer.
White Knight: Mark Eleven
The amazing chess program that won joint first place in the P.C.W. Microcomputer Chess
Championships.
£11. 50
Canyon
The game is fascinating, the graphics are good, the instructions excellent, and the whole thing is a pleasure'

\section*{-THE MICRO USER}
£10.00
DrWho: The First Adventure
Wriggling Worms and Terródactyls are among the hazards facing Dr Who in this exciting graphics game.
£ 10.00
VU Type
An ingenious program that teaches you to touchtype without the need for a book, using exercises approved by Pitmans.

\section*{£16.10}

Record Keeper
A very useful program enabling householders and small businessmen to keep track of their lists. £ 13.80

\section*{Taxcalc}

This Which? income tax calculator enables you to check your tax bill for 1982-83.

\section*{£17.25}

Toolbox
This invaluable set of programming aids includes a REM stripper, cruncher, RAM test and program re-sequencer.
£21.00
Beyond Basic
A book and software pack explaining and demonstrating assembly language programming using the British Broadcasting Corporation Micro's built-in BASIC assembler.
Book \(£ 7.25\) Software Pack \(£ 11.50\)
Publishe fionty winh Notionol Exeresion College Tust Lld.
The Friendly Computer Book
An illustrated, step-by-step guide to computing and BASIC, by Jonathan Inglis.
£4.50
The original software range from the British Broadcasting Corporation is still available: Early Leaming. Fun Games. Games of Strategy. Home Finance. Painting. Drawing. Music The Computer Programme Programs Vol. 1 The Computer Programme Programs Vol. 2 Each £10.00
ON SALE NOW AT
SELECTED BOOKSELLERS AND MICROCOMPUTER SHOPS
Prices include VAT


\section*{IF YOU WANT FLEXIBILITY AND EXPANDABILITY THEN YOU WANT THE MICROTAN 65}

\section*{Start by building your own computer FOR LESS THAN \(\varepsilon 60\)}


\section*{EXPANDABLEfrom 1K to 256K}

FLEXIBLE 6502 system with the following options:
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
Parallel I/O Board & Disk Controller & Eprom Programmer Card & Sound Board & 32K Ramboard \\
Serial I/O Board & Real Time Clock & Colour Graphics & 32K Romboard & ASCII Keyboard
\end{tabular} Building into a Disc-based system with a stylish System Rack to take whatever boards suit your needs.

FULL RANGE OF SOFTWARE AVAILABLE - All boards available in kit form or fully built LANGUAGES AVAILABLE: MACHINE CODE • ASSEMBLY • BASIC • FORTH

DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME

SHOWROOM:
16 Upland Road
Dulwich, London SE22
TELEPHONE: 01.693 1137

Dulwich, London SE22
MAIL ORDER:
235 Friern Road,

\title{
QUME one stops shopping
}


The QumeTrak 142; high data reliability, trigimballed head, low cost, half height \(5 \frac{1}{4}\) in. floppy disk drive ...
The new QVT range; ergonomically designed emulating video terminals...
The Sprint 11 Plus; legendary print quality, operatorexchangeable interface, daisywheel printers...

The recipe for quality peripherals from Qume blends the Qume Trak 142 floppy disk drive and the QVT range of video terminals with the Sprint 11 Plus printers to satisfy all the needs of the discerning system builder who demands quality, capacity, reliability and aesthetic ergonomic design . . . all from one shop. . QUME.

Ask your nearest Authorised Distributor for further details or'phone or write Steve Hammond at Qume (UK).


Qume (UK) Limited,
Bridgewater Close, Reading, Berkshire RG3 1JT. Tel: Reading (0734) 584646 . Telex: 849706




TWO FOR THE DRAGON 32
EROC-HOP: More idiorfrogs! This version of the popular arcade game uses hires graphics, and machine code for a fast moving game.
Price: \(£ 4.75\)

GALACTIC SLUGS
These
sneaky, slimy, squamulaus creatures. will slime all over you if
you don'r shoot 'em down quiz Another mk (anis) hi-res game.

PRICE: \(£ 7.75\)

THO FOR THE SPECTRUM ASK

FREE-ZONE: Revers - with a twist! Will you save England, or will you blow ir up? As in the original, you will have to think ahead to win.

PRICE: E6.50.

Character Generator: Create your own characters, with this very useful program. Full instructions are included.

Price: £8.45

ORIC 48: T-COMP
At last a compiler for the oric: converts your BASIC program to run at speeds approaching that of an equivalent machine code program. This is a very useful introduction to compilers and \(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{c}\) language.

PRICE \(\mathrm{E}_{12} .95\).
\(A\)
AND FOR THE T. \(1.99 / 4\) A
MUSIC-MACHINE: Play aroundwith Texas sound. This program uses the chords, and shows you which ones you're using. Finished pieces can be stored on tape, and used in your own programs.
KAT-TraxX: See how many bugs, and fruit you can eat, and avoid your cast off skins. Then disappear down the hole in the middle to the next screen! \(70 \leqslant-A B U G\).
CRystal SWEED: A game of strategy for up to five players. Collect the crystals, but stop your opponents from collecting. A game for the all the family together.
STEEPLECHASE: Guide your horse round the racecourse, without falling off. 4 skill levels make this an intriguing game.
All the Above Run Unextended. And cost E7. 75 each.
For a full catalogue, or to order please contact:
BAMby Software; Leverbureih, Isle of Harris. PA83 3Tx.
TELEPHONE: 085982313.
Please include payment with your order; Access welcomed.
DEALERS Please contact:
PCS DISTRibuTIon, UNIT 6 Scotshan Brook, Branch Rona.
DAREN, LANES. TEL: 0254691211
Both BAMBy Software and PCS are members of the Computer Trade Association.



\title{
KAGABCEVISION A New Era in Colour Displays at Affordable Prices
}

The PCM (Programmable Colour Modulation) Interface, developed by KAGA is the heart of KAGA TAXAN RGB VISION colour display series. With this PCM system, KAGA pioneered a new era in colour display well ahead of the competition. And the PCM system is now being employed by IBM \({ }^{\prime \prime}\) and other leading manufacturers in colour displays for their computers.
The PCM system makes it possible to display the colours unique to each computer manufacturer's programming because it uses a linear amplifier for colour signals. This was not possible with the digital amplifiers used in older colour monitor designs.

The PCM system goes farther - it can display limitless colour variations when used with a personal computer. Gone is the idea that the RGB colour monitor for personal computers can displa! only eight colours!

In the first ten months after its introduction, KAC TAXAN RGB VISION has been the choice of more than 40,000 buyers for use with their personal computers.

In Europe, KAGA TAXAN RGB VISION is being used as the display unit for highly advanced communications systems, demonstrating the multi| compatibility of RGB VISION colour monitors.

- Low-cost, compact \(12^{\prime \prime}\) RGB colour display capable of displaying 1,500 characters Slit pitch: 0.63 mm

- 12-inch RGB colour display capable of displaying 2,000 characters - Display capable of virtually an unlimited number of colours, due to use of linear amplifier Slit pitch: 0.47 mm


\section*{VISION-P/C \(£ 399\) or less}

- New cabinet design to complement the IBM PC \({ }^{\text {m }}\) - High-resolution 12inch colour display for exclusive use of IBM P/C.' Dot Pitch: 0.38 mm

\section*{VISION-EX E265 or less}

- Ultra-low-costlightweight,compact 12 inch colour monitor. Capable of input by both PAL VIDEO SIGNAL and RGB separate input signal. 0.7W Audio speaker Slit pitch: 0.63 mm

\section*{RCE VISION-III 3399 or less}
- High resolution 12-inch colour display capable of displaying more than 2,000 characters Ideal for computer graphic due to faithful reproduction of intermediatt colours. Uses non- glare CRT. Dot pi 0.38 mm

\section*{12-INCH MONOCHROME (AMBER OR GREEN DISPLAY) \\ £109 or less \\ }
- Fully compatible with most computers and word processing systems. Wide video bandwidth ( 18 MHz ) for clear, sharp picture. Compact design and light weight ( 7 kg ). Low power consumption (26W)

SOLE UK DISTRIBUTOR: DATA EFFICIENCY LTD.


\section*{DMPATIBILITY}

A monitors are compatible with all popular micro puters. Apple, \({ }^{\text {TM }} \mathrm{IBM},^{\text {Tm }}\) Acorn/BBC,\(^{\text {TM }}\) Commodore, \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) \({ }^{{ }^{m}}\) Dragon, \({ }^{\text {TM }}\) Research Machines,'m Osborne, \({ }^{\text {Tm }}\) \(y^{\text {m }}\) Sinclair \({ }^{\text {™ }}\) (with interface), you name it, KAGA's e for it. KAGA TAXAN RGB Monitors have built-in hable interface allowing simple plug-in compatibility lost micros with RGB output.
sple lle and II RGB adaptors and RGB Cables for t popular micros are available from Data Efficiency ne KAGA TAXAN range.

\section*{ELIABILITY}
iA TAXAN monitors have proven to be among the ;t reliable displays around, and are all backed by a 12 months warranty.

\section*{VAILABILITY}
erever you are, there's a Data Efficiency KAGA dealer e at hand to advise and help you before and after choose your KAGA monitor
le and OEM enquiries welcome.

\section*{|NG 044260155} JR DETAILS
as ex-VAT and correct at time of going to press.


- High-speed printout - Print rate: 140 cps - Fast paper throughput: \(80 \mathrm{~ms} /\) line ( \(1 / 6^{\prime \prime}\) feed). Near letter quality characters. Low noise Paper handling: adjustable tractor and friction feed. Even higher-resolution printing in graphics. 12 months warranty - Extraordinary longlife cartridge ribbon.


Complete your computer system with the Beaver Plotter, from dealers at around \(£ 400\). The Beaver Plotter gives the best value for money today. By using the latest linear motor technology, the Beaver Plotter brings you quality and performance comparable to units priced nearer \(£ 1,000\).
Our advanced technology means more than just low cost. A dramatic reduction in moving parts provides you with excellent accuracy and reliability.


To find out more send for details now


\section*{Linear Graphics}

A new line in computer hardware


34A Brook Road. Rayleigh Weir Industrial Estate, SS6 7XN.
Tel: (0268) 741322
Telex: 995701

\section*{THE SHARP 76K MZ-700 - A REAL COLOUR COMPUTER}

The Sharp 76K MZ-700 - A real computer with BASIC, PASCAL, MACHINE CODE and FORTH languages, plus 45 programs, £215
MZ-721 - As above with built-in cassette, £248
MZ-731 - As above with cassette and 4 colour printer plotter, £359
Dear Graham Knight,
I have had my Sharp MZ-700 for nearly a month and I am writing to congratulate you on the excellence both of the computer itself and of the support tapes and documentation. As a professional electronic engineer, working with computers daily, I wish that some professional software houses provided that sort of support.

Mr. Mitchell, London SW1
Ring, or write for full details of how KNIGHTS designed the MZ-700 character set for Sharp and receive our full price list and newsletter.

We have sold Sharp products for the last nine years and have never charged for a single repair.
Customers outside the UK add \(£ 10\) for air freight. UK customers get free Securicor delivery but remember to add VAT. We accept ACCESS and VISA.

\section*{KNIGHTS TV \& COMPUTERS}

108 Rosemount Place, Aberdeen. Telephone: 0224 630526. Telex: 739169

\section*{Genie and TRS80 EXPANSION}

* No expansion interface * required

DIRECT
from the manufacturer

Colour Genie Owners connect a disk drive for \(£ 99\) only NEW


THE WIZARD
\(£ 99\)
The Wizard is an interface which connects direct to the cartridge port on the Colour Genie keyboard. The Wizard comprises a disc controller, with 25 ms interrupt driven heartbeat output to provide a real time clock, Centronics parallel interiace and power supply, enclosed in a sleek, sturdy, steel case. It even has a mains plug with the correct fuse already attached. The Wizard was designed and is manufactured by us in our own factory. The design utilises the experience we have gained over the last two years in designing and manufacturing a similar interface for the Video Genie and TRS80 Model I computers. Further disc drives can be added using a standard daisy chain cable. The printer interface can be used whether or not a disc drive is connected.

\section*{Q00S}
\(\begin{array}{r}\text { £35 } \\ \hline 0005\end{array}\)
QOOS is the disc operating system for the Colour Genie with Wizard interface. QDOS lacilities include: Append, Attrib, Auto, Backup, Basic, Clock, Copy, Date, Dir, Dump, Format, designed to Read and writ files Prot, Rename, Time, Verify, Trace. QDOS is aiso specificaly and TRS80 Model I computers. You can therefore transfer your fifes and malntain compatibllity. QDOS also includes an extended colour Basic with over 30 additional commands.
* SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER *

Buy the Wizard interface and a disc drive from us and get QOOS FREE.
For example:


\section*{Global column} width adjustment Variable individua

\section*{22 mathematical} and statistical functions

With Practicalc you can use your 16K VIC 20 or Commodore 64 to carry out sales forecasts, modelling, cash flow projections and much more.

Compare the professional features and power of Practicalc Plus or Practicalc 64 with other spreadsheets.

Compare the price. You won't need a

Formatting by cell - or whole sheet

Fast alphanumeric search

Comprehensive instruction manual

Replication across columns and rows

Horizontal and vertical - titles can be fixed

Graphics facility -to display your results

Powerful alpha-- numeric sort, highest to lowest and lowest to highest
spreadsheet to calculate the best buy.
Computer Software Associates' products are available from good computer stores or direct from the exclusive distributors - Marketing Micro Software Ltd., Goddard Road, Whitehouse Ind. Est., Ipswich IP1 5NP. Tel: 0473462721 Telex 987515.

\title{
ALL THIS FROM AS LITTLE AS £29.95
}

Dealer Enquiries Welcome.


Name
Address
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)


Eighteen months after first talking to John McIntyre, the IBM Personal Computerman in the UK, and following ten months of serious negotiations, we have been promoted to the ranks of the IBM PC authorised dealer. IBM had always turned us down previously on the grounds that our premises in Slough were not good enough. Unfortunately, they were right! When. in August, we moved to Windsor with over 3,000 sq.ft., a new showroom and first class servicing facilities, the approval came through straight away. It only goes to show the care IBM take in selecting dealers.

The IBM PC just about completes our product range, which is now almost entirely 16 bit, comprised as it is of Wang, Sirius and Apricot as well as IBM. The only 8 bit system we sell is the good old steam driven Intertec Superbrain. Yet Intertec too have some exciting new products in the pipeline - judging from what I saw a couple of months ago at their US headquarters in Columbia.

Software for the IBM PC is growing at a dramatic rate. We have quite a problem keeping up with it! Naturally, we have LOTUS 1-2-3 and TK! SOLVER, both of which make superb use of the PC's abilities. And we have just received the first MSDOS versions of AUTOCAD, the two-dimensional computer aided drawing system. This generated an incredible amount of interest at the recent PCW Show in the Barbican. It now drives the PC colour screen using a mouse device and a pointer. Why not give me a call? Come and see it. You will be impressed.

\section*{Sandy Saunderson}

Sandy Saunderson is Managing Director of KGB Micros Limited, the fast growing commercial microcomputer company based in Windsor. He has extensive knowledge of the microcomputer industry and if you would like to speak to him, either on general computer matters or particularly about his own products at \(K G B\), give him a call on Windsor 50111 or drop him a line at KGB Micros Limited, 106 St. Leonards Road, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 3DD.

\section*{\(\square \wedge\) A№n}

Use your BBC Model B as an image analyser with :-
MicroSight 1


Available on BBC, Apple, Commodore, Research Machine, Sirius, etc, Includes Camera, cables, interface, software and documentation.
\[
£ 495.00+\text { VAT }
\]

MicroScale.


Image processing software to calculate area and perimeter of objects within a specified window also to dimension features. Disk and printer dumps of binary and grey scale data.
\[
£ 295.00+\text { VAT }
\]

MicroEye Vision Interface.

\(256 \times 256\) pixel resolution with 255 grey levels per pixel comes complete with software and documentation. Can be used for video tape digitising Satallite picture analysis etc. Available for BBC, Apple, Commodore, Research Machine, Sirius etc. \(£ 295.00\) + VAT


\section*{Digithurst Ltd.}

Leaden Hill, Onwell. Royston.
Hens. SG8 5OH
Tel: (0223) 208926


\section*{With the Which Computer? Show you'll leave nothing to chance. \\ The computer or word processor you install in \\ The National Computing Centre will be}
your business is going to be with you for a long time. So when you're buying a system, the last thing you can afford is a mistake.

The Which Computer? Show is for business people who believe in leaving nothing to chance.

Firstly, the show offers you the widest choice of equipment you'll find under one roof.

But then it helps you narrow down that choice until you've found the one system that matches your needs exactly.

At the Which Computer? Show you'll find computer experts who talk your language.

presenting special video briefings and you get a free NCC Questioner when you send for your tickets to help pinpoint what you're looking for before you leave.

Compare, discuss and get practical experience of the very latest products. Only then can you make your decision with confidence and save time, money and effort!

Simply clip out the coupon and send it to us at Which Computer? Show, 232 Acton Lane, London W4 5DL. Phone: 01-747 3131 during office hours.

\section*{FREE TICKETS WORTH AT LEAST £3 + INFORMATION PACK}

Please send me_complimentary tickets for me and my colleagues. Also send your free information pack containing the NCC Questioner. Which Computer? Show, 232 Acton Lane, London W4 5DL.
Name
Position
Company Address

Telephone
I would like to receive Which Computer? magazine at the 34\% discount rate of \(£ 12.00\) (normal annual subscription \(£ 18\)-send no money at this stage). I am interested in exhibiting at the Which Computer? Show.
PCW 12/83 Nobody under the age of 18 will be admitted.

\title{
THE SORD M68 \\ RIDGES THE GAP BETWEEN 8 \& 16-BIT MACHINES
}

\section*{eep your 8-bit soffware and move across to 16-bit performance}

If you're about to outgrow your 8 -bit micro system but, naturally, can't bring yourself to throw away that huge, investment you've made in 8 -bit software, focus on the new Sord M68.

It features two separate central processing units in one powerful machine. There's the reliable and respected Z80 8-bit CPU, partnered by the remarkable new 10 MHz 68000 16-bit CPU.

The incredibly low-cost M68 will maintain your 8 -bit software investment and give you 16 -bit performance. It is the 'bridge' everyone has been looking for-and SORD have found.

The M68 is PIPS compatible. PIPS is Sord's simple no-program computer language for business.

Specification Highlights

Z80A 8-bit CPU + 6800016-bit CPU 10 MHz
RAM/256K Max 1MB
7.5MB Winchester or 20MB Winchester

Software
BASIC, FORTRAN, C, COBOL, PIPS
CP/M 68k, CP/M-80, MS-DOS, USCD P-SYSTEM
Word processing, SORD graphics language. S-NET Local Area Network from £1,300
12 in . green monitor. 12 in . colour -16 colour graphics with a palette function of 4913 colours. 2000 characters \((80 \times 25) .640 \times 400\) dot resolution. 512 character set
Serial ports-RS-232C. Parallel ports-1
(centronics compatible). GP-IB-1 port (IEEE-488)
On-line terminal-IBM 3270 mainframe emulation


\section*{THE JAPANESE EDGE}

For further details or the address of your nearest SORD dealer, please phone 01-930 4214.


\section*{A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND OFFER YOU A MICRO CHIP NEW YEAR}

LVL COMPUTERTWON OFFERS YOU ENTERTAINING, EDUCATIONAL, PRACTICAL PRESENTS, THIS CHRISTMAS FOR ALL THE FAMILY - TOTS, TEENAGERS, MUMS AND DADS - AND AT PRICES THAT"LL MAKE YOU CELEBRATE.

EDUCATIONAL Business Games Tree of Knowledge Peeko Computer Algebraic Manipulation Word Sequencing Missing Signs Number Balance Word Hunt Density Circuit Chemical Analysis Chemical Structures Jars

\section*{SOFTWARE DESIGNED FOR THE BBC MICROCOMPUTER}

GAMES
MOnsters . . . . . ........ £9.95 Snapper . . . . . . . . . . . £9.95 £9.95 Planetoid ............ £9.95 £9.95 Arcade Action ...... £11.90 £9.95 Rocket Raid . . . . . . . . . £9.95 £9.95 Meteors . . . . . . . . . . . . £9.95 £11.90 Arcadians £11.90 Sliding-Block Puzzle £11.90 Cube Master £11.90 Starship Command £11.90 Snuoker £13.80 Super Invades £13.80 Hopper £11.90 Colditz WITH VERY ADVANCED SOFTWARE CONTAINING PROGRAMS GIVING A POWERFUL AND VERSATLIE COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN SYSTEM
COMPLEX PICTURES AND DLAGRAMS, OR ORIGIN DESIGNS CAN BE QUICKLY, EASILY AND ACCUR REPRODUCED.
FOR USE IN EDUCATION, BUSINESS, DRAWING OI DESIGN STUDIOS AND THE HOME.


\section*{IE HAVETHE TECHNOLOGY}


The Complete Double Density Interface for the BBC Microcomputer offers.
le Density , 248 Files matically Checks for Correct ity
le to Fit
les provided alts to Single Density on or up
80 track
FDS Compatible
PCB with separate 8 Mhz

omputertown Specialists will ongst the first to offer you the on. The new personal comfrom ACORN Computers. An machine for learning computnd for having a lot of fun at the time.
it's much more than just a toy. raphic facilities are the most sticated available in it's price


> AVAILABLE SHORTLY


R BEFORE, AT ANY PRICE, HAS THERE AN INNOVATION LIKE TRI-WITER! AND IIS LOW-COST, IT'S ALMOST UNBELIEVABLE EVERYONE CAN HAVE ALL THREE FUNCTIONS ONE MACHINE, AND AT A COST BELOW T YOU WOULD EXPECT TO PAY FOR A SINGLE FUNCTION HINE!
te items featured represent a very small selection om our vast product range.
or further information of both product and services railable. Call or telephone your nearest LVL OMPUTERTOWN Dealer. And take the wraps off the est Christmas you'll ever have.
* IT'S A PORTABLE COMPUTER TERMINAL!
* IT'S A LETTER QUALITY COMPUTER PRINTER
* IT'S A FULL FEATURE ELECTRONIC TYPEWRITER


\section*{ENGINEERS WITH PROBLEMS}


16bDYER STREET,CIRENCESTER,GLOS GL72PF. TEL:(O285)61828/2588 TELEX:43605BECHAMG.

\footnotetext{
INDUSTRIAL MICROCOMPUTERSYSTEMS
}

You may think you don't know much about computer based process control, automatic testing or production automation systems - but you do know what your company needs.
You can't cut corners to achieve the right system but you won't sign a blank cheque either.
You need sophisticated computing power but insist on ease of use.
You need to be involved in developing your system, to get it just right, but want guidance and assistance when you need it at a price you can afford.
You need IBIS systems from Data Applications
We offer low cost modular systems as easy to use as a home micro. With all the support and advice you need - FREE.
Contact Data Applications, the company you can rely on.

\section*{Post to: Data Applications Ltd,}

16b Dyer Street, Cirencester, Glos GL7 2PF
1 am an Engineer, and need solutions to some problems.
Please send me further details.
Name.
Position.
Company.
….........................................................
Adress. \(\qquad\)

Tel No.

\title{
Shopping fora Micro BUY AN © Clpple
}

The Professional Home Solution

APPLE Ile 64K
Disk Drive with controller

Includes over £300 of extras

TV modulator colour and sound 3 Apple Boots
£100 Training Voucher Apple Monitor Voucher Software Vouchers Micromet Prestel Voucher Windfall Voucher Apple Sports Bag

\section*{The Personal Solution APPLE Ile}

Apple lle 64K Disk Drive Unit 80 Column Card 12" High Res Monitor

Apple lle Monitor Colour Monitor (RGB and Composite) Disk Drive Without \(80 \mathrm{col}+64 \mathrm{~K}\) Applewriter Quickfile Multiplan 80 col. card

Apple III 256K Monitor III SOS System Software with Apple II emulation built in disk drive

Apple III 256K
Computer as above plus Profile 5 mbyte
hard disk

Applewriter III
Visicalc III
Quickfile III

Complete range of invoicing, ledgers and stock packages available

\section*{THE SUPPORT PACKAGE}
- TRAINING -Free half day appreciation course before you buy
-Free one day application training when you buy your Apple from us.
Full year guarantee on all parts and labour. On site maintenance available.

Why not attend one of our free seminars?
OR rent a Lisa for evaluation.
Please ring for details.

PRINTERS
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
EPSON & RX80 & \(£ 242\) \\
& RX80 F/T & \(£ 269\) \\
& FX80 & \(£ 350\) \\
& & \\
OKI & \(82 A\) & \(£ 299\) \\
& 92 & \(£ 439\)
\end{tabular}

For computerised solutions to business problems contact SIMMONS MAGEECOMIPUTERS LTD 13 YORK STREET, TWICKENHAM, MIDDLESEX TW1 3JZ
\[
01 \cdot 891 \cdot 4477
\]

\section*{YOU HAVENT SEEN ANYTHING LIKETHIS ONA COLOUR MONITOR \\ BEFORE. \\ An RGB monitor fromJVC offering a resolution of \(370 \times 470\) pixels for less than \(£ 150\) ? \\ We guarantee you won't see another bargain like that in this or any other micro mag-or in any other supplier's showroom. \\ For we've managed to acquire the sole distribution rights to these superb machines and we are able to offer them at an unbeatable price. \\ There are two models available: medium resolution ( \(370 \times 470\) pixels) at \(£ 149.95\); and high resolution ( \(580 \times 470\) pixels) at \(£ 229.95\). (Both}
excluding VAT.)

The units have a \(14^{\prime \prime}\) screen and are suitable for the BBC Micro, Lynx, Oric, Apple, and most other leading micros.

They are robustly constructed in a handsome cream casing. And come with a full year's guarantee.

Delivery is good: your monitor should arrive by courier service within ten days of our receiving your order.

You can order by filling in the coupon below and posting to: Opus Supplies Ltd., 158 Camberwell Road, London SE5 OEE. Or by telephoning 01-701 8668 quoting your credit card number. Or, of course, you can buy in person at our showroom between \(9 \mathrm{am}-6 \mathrm{pm}\) Monday-Friday, \(9 \mathrm{am}-1.30 \mathrm{pm}\) Saturday.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline MODEL REFERENCE & 1302-1 Medium Resolution & 1302-2 High Resolution \\
\hline RESOLUTION & \(370 \times 470\) Pixels & \(580 \times 470\) Pixels \\
\hline C.R.T. & \(14^{\prime \prime}\) & \(14^{\prime \prime}\) \\
\hline SUPPI, & 220/240v. 50/60Hz. & 220/240v. \(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}\). \\
\hline E.H.T. & Minimum 19.5kv Maximum 22.5kv & Minimum 19.5kv Maximum 22.5kv \\
\hline VIDEO BAND WIDTH & 6 MHz . & 10 MHz . \\
\hline DISPL,AY & 80 characters by 25 lines & 80 characters by 25 lines \\
\hline SLOT PITCH & 0.63 mm & 0.41 mm \\
\hline INPUT: VIDEO & R.G.B. Analogue/ TTL Input & R.G.B. Analogue/ TTL Input \\
\hline SYNC & Separate Sync on R.G.B. Positive or Negative & Separate Sync on R.G.B. Positive or Negative \\
\hline EXTERNAL CONTROLS & On/off switch and brightness control & On/off \(s\) witch and brightness control \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


To Opus Supplies Ltd., 158 Camberwell Road, London SE 50 EE Please send me \(\qquad\) Medium Resolution Colour Monitor(s) at \(£ 149.95\) each (ex. VAT).
High Resolution Colour Monitor(s) at \(£ 229.95\) each (ex. VAT).
___Connection lead(s) at \(£ 6.00\) each.
I understand carriage per monitor will cost an extra £7.00.
(N.B. A Medium Resolution Monitor including VaT, lead, and carriage costs £.187.39. A High Resolution Monitor including VAT, lead, and carriage costs £279.39.)
I enclose a cheque for \(£\) __ Or please debit my credit card account with the amount of \(£\) \(\qquad\) My Access/Barclaycard (please tick) no. is
Please state the make of your computer

Name

Address
Opus.

\title{
THINKING OF AN EPSON?
}


QX10 with 192K RAM \(2 \times 340 \mathrm{~K}\) drives Monitor CPM op. system
£1735
FREE \(£ 300\) printer voucher redeemable against each QX10 and printer purchased
SOFTWARE WORDSTAR £265 DMS £395
APPLICATIONS SOFTWARE CATALOGUE.send for details

\section*{PRINTERS}

RX80 100cps........... £242
RX80F/T 100cps....... \(£ 269\) FX80 160cps ........... £350 FX100 160cps ......... £485 MX100 100cps ....... \(£ 380\) * JUKI 20cps Daisy Wheel Centronics .................... £379 All Prices exclude VAT

\title{
SIMMONS MAGEE COMPUTERS LTD. 13 YORK ST, TWICKENHAM, MIDDX. TW1 3JZ 01-891 4477
}


\footnotetext{
Screen Photographs of programs in BEEBUG
}

\section*{5 Ben BBC MICRO \\ REGISTERED REFERRAL CENTRE FOR THE BBC PROJECT BEEBUG 眮 BBCMICRO BRITAIN'S LARGEST SINGLE-MICRO USER GROUP MEMBERSHIP NOW EXCEEDS \(\mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 0}\)}
20.000 members can't be wrong-EEEBUG provides the best support tor the BBC Micro. BEEBUG Magazine - now 64 peges including new product guide supolement -devoted exclusively to the BBC Micro. Programs - Mints \& Tips - Maןor A Aticles - News - Rewhews - Commentary. PLUS members discount scheme with National Retaliers. PLuS menters October Issue: Games: Munch-Man, a Snapper type game with super graphics, Illusions, graphics and sound you won't believe. A versatile Renumber program for Basic. Fabrlc Patterns, and invisible Alarm Clock, Disc Sector String Search and a program for drawing 3D Surfaces. Articles on the Teletext Mode for beginners. Compilers and Interpreters, using Joysticks, using the Speech Synthesizer and more. Reviews of two Cassette Recorders (Marantz Superscope C190 and Acorn Data Recorder), three Printers (NEC pc-8023B, STAR DP840 and CP-80), and lots of new games software (and weve arranged SPECIAL OFFERS for members). Plus a review of the new Acorn Electron and news of our new magazine for Electron users called ORBIT. Plus all our usual features like Hints and Tips, Postbag, and a new Brainteaser
November Issue: Program Features: Reversi, a challenging board game, Lunar Escape, and addictive arcade type game, SNARFER, a very useful disk recovery program, SHAPER for defining multiple character shapes, RAPIDS, another short game, DEMOLITION, a sizzling display with matching sound effects. Plus articles on a Clock Display, the Teletext Mode (part 2 of a series), an introduction to Interrupt Programming, a new Mode 8 and The Beeb in Slow Motion. Plus Extension ROM Board Reviews, Games Revlews, Book Reviews, M-TEC Torch Basic review. Plus News, Hints and a new Competition.

\section*{TOP PRESS}
tinted a de al with \(A C\)

\section*{SOFTWARE DETALLS}

BEEBUGSOFT : BEEBUG SOFTWARE UBRARY
Hers members a growing renge of sothware from \(£ 3.50\) per cassene. . . Sark Hers members a growing renk a Magic Eel ( 32 K ). 5. Cylon Attack ( 32 K ). 6. Astro-Tracker ( 32 K ). Utilities: : 1 . Dissembler ( 16 K ). Redefine (116K). Min Text Ed ( 32 K ). Applications: 1 . Superplot ( 32 K ). 2. Masterfile ( 32 K ).
 \(13 \%\) DISCOUNT TOMEMBERS ON THE EXCELLENT WORDWISE WORD PROCESSING PACKAGE-

THIS REPRESENTSASAVING OF OVER \(£ 5.00\)
Send E1 OO for SAE for Samp
Membership: UK \(£ 5.40\) for six months, \(£ 9.90\) for one year.
Overseas one year only: Europe \(£ 16.00\), Middle East \(£ 19.00\). Americas \& Africa \(£ 21.00\). Other Countries \(£ 23.00\). Make chectue to BEEBUG and send to. BEEBUG Deat 6, PO Box 109. Baker Street. Hụ̂h

\title{
COMPUYF WARH:OUSTコ THE ALADDIN'S' CAVE OF COMPUIER AND ELECTRONIC EQUTPMENT
}

HARD DISK DRIVES


HOT LINE DATA BASE DISTELC E550.00 \(\begin{array}{lll}\text { me3029 PSU unit for } 2 \text { drives } & £ 125.00\end{array}\) DIABLO/DRE 44-4000A/B \(5+5\) ex stock from E995.00 Plus in house repair returbishing service.

\section*{CALCOMP PLOTTERS}

9363 colour digital incremental, \(37^{\prime \prime}\) drum, parallel


THE ORIGINAL FREE OF CHARGE dial up data base ON LINE NOW - 300 ba one oft bargains. word, no pasty: 01-679 1888 MAINS FILTERS

\section*{by mains interference.
SD5A A recommended by \(\mathbf{Z} 81\) news lefter, matchbox}
ewing by appointmen.

\section*{COOLTNG FANS \\ Keep your hot parts cool and RELIABLE with our range of BRAND NEW professional}
 Miniature 240 vequipment fan complete with finger guard fa.9.9.
GOULB JQ-3AR Dim very qulet running 240 voperation. NEW E6. BUHLER \(69.11 .22 .8 .16 .1 .20 C\) micro
miniature reversible fan Uses a brushless miniature reversible fan Uses a brushle
senvo motort tor extremely high ar fir fow,

 E12.95 complete with data. MUFFIN-CENTAUR standard 4" \(\times 44^{4} \times 1.25^{\circ \prime}\)



\section*{scoop!} \(0+\cdots\)

\section*{BRAND NEW CASED WORD PROCESSOR KEYBOARDS}

\section*{COMPUTER 'CAB'}
cabinet with integral switched
cabinet with integral switched Originally made for the famous DEC PDP8 computer system costing thousands of pounds. Made to run 24 hours per day the PSU is fully screened and will deliver a MC at 5 amps . The complete unit is fully enclosed with removable top lid, filtering, trip switch, 'Power' and 'Run' LEDs mounted on Ali front panel, rear cable entries, etc. etc. Units are in good but used condition - supplied for 240 v operation complete with full circuit and tech. man. Give your system that profes slonal finish for only
\(£ 49.95+\) Carr. Dim. \(19^{\prime \prime}\) wide \(16^{\prime \prime}\) deep 10.5" high.
 Also available LESS PSU, with FANS etc. Internal dim
\(19^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{w} .16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} .10 .5^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}\). \(\mathrm{E} / 9.95\). Carriage \& insurance \(£ 9.50\).

\section*{ORE 7100}

\author{
8" Disk Drives New \(£ 225\) + VAT
}

\section*{VIDFO MONTTOR}
internal INTEL 8048 cpu this superbly btyled 106 key keyboard was intended to interface with a main computer via a
TTL serial interface. Standard HALL EFFECT long life switches are utilised on an XY matrix, buffered by 74 series TTL ic's to the eight bit CPU port enabling simple modification to your own custom decoding logic via an
EPROM etc. Many other features for the most exacting user include: nurneric EPROM etc. Many other features for the most exacting user include, numer,
keypad, cursor control pad, ten clear top function keys, LED indicators, single \(5 v\) supply on-off lock switch etc. Supplied BRAND NEW and boxed with circuit diagram. OWCY £ 9.95 + E2.00 P\&P


SUPER PRINTER SCOOP CENTRONICS 739-2
The "Do Everything Printer" at a price that will NEVER be repeated. Standard Centronics interface, full graphics, 4 type fonts With high definition \& proportional
spacing for word processor applications, \(80-132\) colums, single sheet, roll or sprockeet paper handling plus much more. Avaliable only from DISP
at a ridiculous price of only 199.00

Interface Cable \(₹ 10.00\)

\section*{MHFETYPN ASB3517 \(\Rightarrow 1\)}

\section*{I/O ThRMmivars}

Fully fledged industry standard ASR33 data terminal. Many features including ASCII keyboard and printer for data I/O auto data detect circuitry. RS232 serial interface. 1 baud, 8 bit paper tape punch and reader for off line data preparation and ridiculously chead condition and in working order Options: Floor stand \(£ \mathbf{1 2 . 5 0}+\) VAT KSR33 with 20 ma loop interface \(125.00+\)

\section*{SOFTY 2}

The amazing SOFTY 2 . The complete" toolkit" for the open heart sottware surgeon Copies,
Displays. Emulates ROM. RAM and EPROMS of the 2516,2532 variety. Many otherfeatures include keyboard. UHF modulator. Cassette
interface etca Functions exceedcapabilities of interface eta. Functions ex ceedcapab
units costing 7 times the price! Only units costing 7 times the price Only
E169.00 pp 1.95 Data sheet on remer

\section*{D\&TA NODMLS}

Join the Communications revolution with our
range of EX TELECOM data modems Made to range of EXT TELECOM data modems, Made to
most for 24 hrs per day. Units are made to the a 25 way 'D skt. Units are sold in a tested and working condition with data Permission
may be required for connection to PO llines
MODEM 2 " "Hackers SSe icial" "ully fledged
MO to 300 baud tull duplex. ANSWER or
 line Ideal networks etc. Complete with data,

 socket. Guaranteed working with data \(£ 99.95\) MODEM \(20-2\) same as 20.11 but 75 baud receive 1200 baud ranssmit: 1330.00
MODEM 20.3 Made for dir
 hoil duliex mode over 2 wires. 1330.00
MOEM \(13 A\) compact, async. same siz
 DATA PUMPMODEM Compact Uniit up to duoplex over 2 wires. EELLL specification with
dat

 For more information 8.50 .
\(\qquad\)

\section*{QUALITY INTERFACE CABLES \& CONNECTORS}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 18 / 38 \text { D255 to } 10 \text { Ot } 18 \text { way } \mathrm{EA}, 90 \\
& 22 / 38 \text { D } 255 \text { to } 025 \text { 25 } 9422 \text { way } \mathrm{EP} \text {. } 50 \\
& \begin{array}{ll}
25 / 08 \\
25 \text { way cable } 54 t \text { long } 95 p
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{SUPER DEAL? NO - SUPER STEAL!!}

The FABULOUS 25CPS TEC Starwriter
Daisy wheel printer at a fraction of its original post. RAND NEW AT ONLYESTOAC VAT=
 heavy duty die cast
Chassis and Chassis and DIABLO Iype
Drint mechanism giving print mechanism giving
superb registration and Spint \(u\) uality Micro-
processory electronics offer full DIABLO/QUME
coll
 command compatability Many other features includd ditar etc. printing, switchable 10 or 12 pitch, full width 381 mm paper hand ling with upto 163 characters per line, friction feed rollers for single sheet or continuous pape internal bufter, stand dard RS232 serial interface with handshake
and dust col and
Optional eoxtras: RS 232 data cable \(£ 10.00\). Tech manual \(£ 7\) information.
Ther £140.00. Spare daisy wheel \(£ 3.00\). Carriage \(\&\) Ins. (UK Mainland) \(\varepsilon 10.00\)

\section*{66\% DISCOUNT ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS
EQUPMENT}

Due to our massive bulk purchas ing programme which enables us to bringyou the best possible

 UFETIME. Thousands of components at giveaway prices! Guaranteed to be worth at least 3 \(2.5 \mathrm{kls} £ \uparrow .25+\mathrm{pp} £ 1.25\)
\(10 \mathrm{kls} £ 10.25+\mathrm{pp} £ 2.25\)
\(5 \mathrm{kls} £ 5.90+£ 1.80\)
\(20 \mathrm{kls} £ 17.50+£ 4.75\)
\(12^{\prime \prime}\) CASED. Made by the Britlsh KGM
Designed for continuous use as a data display station, unit is totally housed in a attractive brushed aluminium case with OI OFF, BRIGHTNESS and CONTRAST
controls mounted to one side. Much controls mounted to one side. Much
attention was given to construction an reliabillty of this unit with features such a internal transformer isolated regulated DC supply, all components mounted on two
fibre glass PCB boards - which hinge out lineare of setc The monitor acepts stand 75 ohm composite video signal siandard socket on rear panel. Bandwidth of the unit is estimated around 20 Mhz and will displa: most high def graphics and \(132 \times 24\) lines. Units are second hand and may have screel burns. However where burns exlst they are only apparent when monitor is switched off Although unguaranteed all monitors are tested prior to despatch. Dimensions approx \(14^{n}\) high \(x 14\) wide by 11 "deep. Supplied complete with circuit. 240 volt operation owir 24" CASED. Again made by the KGM Co with a similar spec as the \(12^{\prime \prime}\) monitor Originally used for large screen data display. Very compact unit in lightweight silicon electronics and composite video input make an ideal unit for schools, clubs shops etc Supplied in used but working CULY E55.00 PLUS E9.50 CARR \& INS.
SEMICONDUCTOR 'GRAB BAGS'

\section*{Mixed Semis amazing value contents include transistors, digital, linear, I.C.'s tria} guaranteed brand new full spec. with manu facturer's markings, fully guaranteed \(50+£ 2.95100+£ 5.15\).
TL 74 Serles A gigantic purchase of an "across the board" range of 74 TTL se
I.C.'s enables us to offer \(100+\) mixed ".C. s enably TTL" grab bags at a price which two or three chips in the bag would nnormally
cost to buy. Fully guaranteed all i.C.'s full cost to buy. Fully guaranteed all I.C.'s full

\section*{DEC CORNER}

\section*{MOSTEK CRT 80E Brand new dual} eurocard,
emulator with graphics etc
\(\boldsymbol{E 4 9 9 . 0 0}\) \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { BALL-MB 3.5" Box, LTC, PSU } & \text { E385.00 } \\ \text { RKO5-J } 2.5 \mathrm{Mb} \text { disk drives } & \mathbf{5 6 5 0 . 0 0}\end{array}\) RK05-J 2.5 Mb disk drives PDP1105 Cpu, Ram, i/o. DILOG DO100 RK05 LSI \(4 \times\) RK05 disk LAXX-NW LA180 RS232 serial E \(5 \mathbf{5 0 . 0 0}\) LAXX-NW LA180 RS232 serial interface and buffer option
LAX 34 -AL LA34 tractor feed LA34 Keyboard assembly \(\mathrm{BCO5W}-15\) interface cables
H 317 B interface adaptor 1000's of spares EX STOCK + peripherals call for details. ALL types of Computer equipment and spares wanted

\section*{AKH PRICBS PTUS VAT}


EE YOU WON'T STAND A CHANCE IN MY TEN. SLAM.
In cope with a real challenge, try one of my suite of etching games. If you're really confident buy all six per.
ames are independent puzzles but each has a clue. the clues and put them together to solve the riddle. 10 who can will be finalists in my
AND-SLAM to win a cool \(£ 10,000\).
ave to be an all-rounder because some of the games will \(r\) intellect, some your general knowledge and one your h computers. But they're all fun and 1 guarantee you've en anything like them before.
ike:
the Strain - armed only with a compass and a map of in's railways, you must end up at the right section with d ticket.
fea Missile - taxes not only your usual video skills, but your mind. Bomb the enemy fleet through thick cloud hoot down missiles before they shoot you down. bridge - take a trip around the city, punt on the Cam, off the pangs of hunger and try to reach your destination. llo - test your powers of logic with this ancient game, ing against each other or against the computer.
Tower - escape from the perils of the tower and obtain eys to escape from the dungeon.
Quiz - test your knowledge of Britain, playing against other or the computer in a battle to beat the clock.
RAND-SLAM entry instructions will be enclosed with ame purchased.
nes are suitable for BBC, Dragon and Sinclair home ters.

TO: TWIG SYSTEMS SOFTWARE, 6 HIGH STREET, WENDOVER, BUCKS. ENGLAND.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline My Name is: & & & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{I wish to purchase the following cassettes Prlces quoted are inclusive of VAT.} & \\
\hline My Address: & & & A. Take the Strain & & & \\
\hline & & & B. Air Sea Missile & \(£ 9.00\) each & & . \\
\hline & & & C. Cambridge & or & & \\
\hline & & & D. Othello & \(£ 45.00\) for & & \\
\hline & & & E. The Tower & the set & & \\
\hline & & & F. The Quiz & & & \\
\hline I own a computer & & & Post and Packing & & & 1.00 \\
\hline & & & enclose my total & emittance of & £ & \\
\hline Cheque P.O. & Access & Barclaycard & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
It's
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{DRAGON 64} \\
\hline MICROPROCESSOR & 6809E \\
\hline MEMORY & 64K RAM 16K ROM with 4 pages graphics 41 K \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \text { ANALOG/ } \\
\text { DIGITALPORTS }
\end{array}
\] & RS232 serial interface, 2 joysticks, cassette I/O plus 1 Centronics parallel printer port \\
\hline OTHER OUTPUTS & \(1 \times 40\)-ine connector with data lines for ROM hard ware and peripheral expansion: \(1 \times\) UHF TV out put with sound and video signal: \(1 \times\) monitor output for PAL-encoded composite video and sound \\
\hline KEYBOARD & 53 keys, typewriter-style full QWERTY keyboard: optional auto-repeat on all keys: guaranteed for 20 million strokes. \\
\hline DISPLAY TEXT & 24 rows \(x 51\) characters when using OS-9: blue cursor when in 48 K mode. \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { GRAPHICS+ } \\
& \text { SOUND }
\end{aligned}
\] & Full Microsoft extended BASIC aliowing high resolution graphics up to \(256 \times 192\) pixels. Sound generated through TV speaker. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Why buy three machines when you can buy The new Dragon 64 has three modes.
In the first it emulates the successful Dragon 3 and uses the wide range of already available softv
All the peripheral interfaces available on the Dragon 32 are supported, plus the extra RS2 port for communication with the outside worl The second gives you 48K RAM directly avail for use with the powerful 16 K Microsoft BASIC As the BASIC is in RAM, it can be altered to your special requirements.


\section*{ne, \\ two, \\ three}
e third mode gives you access to the full 64 K RAM, so you 2 work with other languages:FORTH,PASCAL,C and actured BASICO9.
Id the Dragon Disk Drive unit and your Dragon 64 and \(i-9\) becomes your passport to the world of professional mputing - spreadsheets, word processing and business ckages.
\(j-9\) is UNIX-like, multi-user, multi-tasking operating stem which \({ }^{\text {all }}\) ows you to use a range of highly sophistited application software.
I in all, one, two, three adds up to a great deal more than just other home computer.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{ DISK DRIVE } \\
\hline Disk type & \(5^{1 / 4} 4^{\prime \prime}\) mini diskette \\
\hline Memory capacity & (Formated) 184320 bytes \\
\hline Disk organisation & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Single-sided \\
Double Density \\
40 tracks (TPI) \\
18 sectors per track \\
256 bytes per sector \\
Directory on track 20
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Case & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Coated steel. capable of holding \\
two half height drives
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Power Supply & \begin{tabular}{l}
240 v 50 Hz 37 watts \\
Capable of operating two drives
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Overall dimensions & \(115 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{H} \times 160 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{~W} \times 260 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{D}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Weight (with one \\
drive)
\end{tabular} & 4.4 kg \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Asda Price}



\title{
After \\ blastins \\  \\ DragonSelection Personal Finance Dreambug Chess•Dream
}
quality software aimed at the games player.
ButtouseaDragon simply to play games on is rather like buying a car just to listen to the radio.

So what else is there? Well, there's programming.

We've even produced some software that'll help you master the basics.

Then there's Typing Tutor, a program that's particularly useful on the Dragon 32 thanks to its professional quality c. keyboard.

In fact our software range has something for just about everyone, from our Young Learning series right through to Computavoice, a program that can actually make your Dragon speak.

Take a look at the sample list provided and you'll see just what we mean:

Number Gulper• School Mar -Circus Ädventure \(\cdot\) Hide \(\mathcal{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{Se}\)

ARCADE GAMES.Cosmic Invaders
Shark Treasure \(\cdot\) Flag WhirlybirdRun

\section*{- ADVENTURE GAMES.} Shuttlezap•Eno/Stalag Quest•Dragon Mountain


Computers, like anything else, can seem a little dauntin if you don't start right at the beginning.

But, basically, they are logical and easy to understan

Especially if you start with a home computer that is logica and easy to understand. Like the Dragon 32.
\[
\mid
\]

Maybe,though,youwantto xit a while.

After all computers are adncing all the time. Aren't they?
True.But there's no point etting very advanced equipent if you don't know how to ;e it properly.

Besides the Dragon 32 is rsatile enough and has a rge enough memory to be sle to cope with all your mily's computing needs for


The Dragon 32 is a proper omputer. As standard it offers massive memory, together vith many functions you'd only xpect in a much larger (and nore expénsive) machine.

Yet it will only set you sack \(£ 175\). Jack.

That's certainly no fortune for a machine with specifications like these.
6809E MICROPROCESSOR. The most powerful eight bit processor available
32 K RAM (as standard). At least twice the memory of most similarly priced machines.
EXTENDED MICROSOFT
COLOR BASIC (as standard).
Featuring: ADVANCED GRAPHICS (set, line, circle, paint, print, draw, rotate and print using). ADVANCED
SOUND 5 octaves, 255 tones. AUTOMATIC CASSETTE RECORDER CONTROL. FULL EDITING withINSERT andDELETE. PRINTERPORT (Centronics parallel). 9 COLOUR, 5 RESOLUTION DISPLAY.
USE WITH ANY U.H.F. TV and/or separate P.A.L. monitor.
PROFESSIONAL QUALITY KEYBOARD. Typewriter feel. Guaranteed for 20 million depressions. JOYSTICK CONTROL PORTS.

This is where the Dragon really scores. Our handbook was designed to be easily understood (as was the whole machine), even by people totally new to computers.
"It is better than most, comprehensive and easy to read." (ThankyouPersonalComputer World.)

So you won't have to keep asking the kids how to use it.

And as computers begin to play a bigger role in our lives, so a knowledge of them becomes more important.

Manyschools havealready recognised this, and computer studies is commonly taught. Mind you it'll never have the 'dull' tag attached to it like other subjects, because computers (especially home computers) are great fun.

How else can you save the universe in your own front room?

\section*{DRAGON 32}

BEST OF PCW
BEST OF PCW

SOFTWAREFORTHE
SPECTRUM

For the past five years "Personal Computer World" has led the market in microcomputer magazines and has a reputation for publishing the very best software for all the most popular micros. This brand new series The Best of PCW Software comprises three separate volumes for: The BBC Micro, The Spectrum and The Dragon 32.
This BEST OF PCW series contains the finest programs written for each machine plus a wealth of hints, tips and utilities which will prove essential reading for all serious programmers. each 192 pp each \(£ 5.95\) Available through all good bookshops, but if you experience any difficulty please fill in the form opposite.

\section*{ORDER FORM}

\author{
To: George Philip Services Ltd Arndale Road Wick \\ Littlehampton \\ West Sussex BN17 7EN
}

Please send me the following (tick where appropriate)

Book only
Quantity
Best of PCW Software for the
BBC Micro \(£ 6.50\) (post paid)
Best of PCW Software for the
Dragon 32 £6.50 (post paid)
Best of PCW Software for the
Spectrum \(£ 6.50\) (post paid)
Book and Cassette
Quantity
Best of PCW Software for the BBC Micro plus cassette \(£ 11.50\) (post paid)
Best of PCW Software for the Dragon 32 plus cassette \(£ 11.50\) (post paid)
Best of PCW Software for the Spectrum plus cassette \(£ 11.50\) (post paid)

I enclose my cheque/postal order for \(£\)
(Please make payable to George Philip)

Name \(\qquad\)
Address \(\qquad\)

\section*{EPSON IN BIRMINGHAM}

HX-20
PORTABLE
MICROCOMPUTER

\(£ 402\)


0X-10
THE HUMAN COMPATIBLE BUSINESS MICRO 192Kb RAM, dual D/D discs, Hi-resolution Graphics, CP/M, BASIC Full 12 months warranty

\author{
£1,735
}

All Epson printers, accessories and sundries are always available. Call and see our full range of micro-computer systems and software. training and full post sales support is always available.

\section*{jaemma}

SUPPLYING THE SYSTEMS - GIVING THE SERVICE


UNit 24, LEE BANK hOUSE, hOLLOWAY hEAD, BIRMINGHAM B1 1HR

\section*{EDUCATIONAL SOFTWARE}

For children ages 4-11


Fifty high-quality programs for primary aducailion

\section*{SWITCH ON!! \\ To our RS232 \\ SWITCH BOX}

Lets \(2 / 3\) VDU's share one printer or word processor, etc


\title{
LYNX SOFTWARE. IOWAS CLOSE AS THE POST.
}

You'll find Lynx software in more stores than ever before. And now it's ilable from the end of your street. Because you can order your favourite games post direct from Camsoft. These are the first of our titles. There are lots more the way. Fill in the coupon below and have fun by return.
\begin{tabular}{lrlr} 
LE & RRP & TITLE & RRP \\
lumerons & \(£ 9.90\) & l2. Protector & \(£ 6.95\) \\
lungeon Adventure & \(£ 9.90\) & 13. Lynx Invaders & \(£ 9.90\) \\
Idventure Quest & \(£ 9.90\) & 14. Power Blaster & \(£ 9.90\) \\
:olossal Adventure & \(£ 9.90\) & l5. Hangman & \(£ 7.95\) \\
ultan's Maze & \(£ 7.95\) & l6. Connect 4 & \(£ 4.95\) \\
Ionster Mine & \(£ 7.95\) & 17. 3D Monster Craze & \(£ 9.90\) \\
Toonfall & \(£ 7.95\) & 18. Gobble de Spook & \(£ 9.90\) \\
;olf & \(£ 7.95\) & 19. Spanner Man & \(£ 9.90\) \\
;ames Pack III & \(£ 7.95\) & 20. Music Master & \(£ 7.95\) \\
Games Pack IV & \(£ 7.95\) & 21. Mined Out & \(£ 7.95\) \\
Racer & \(£ 6.95\) & 22. Dam Buster & \(£ 6.95\)
\end{tabular}

PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE \& PÅCKING AND APPLY UNTIL 31st MARCH 1984.


\title{
IICRO QUESTIONS. EXPFRT ANSWERS \\  \\ Computer Answers, the unique magazine that solves your micro queries and problems.
}


Included in our regular sections this month:
* UPGRADE: The new generation of sub-£100 modems has made it possible to communicate with another computer without busting the budget. We look at what's available and how good it is.
\(\star\) CONNECTIONS: Are mice-like input devices an alternative to the keyboard? We test a couple to find out.
\(\star\) PROGRAMMING: Probe the mysteries of arrays with more than two dimensions, and find out how they can help you get exciting effects from your Basic programs.
\(\star\) INSIDE THE SYSTEM: Get the inside information on device drivers, the software that gets hardware like the printer and screen to work.
\(\star\) APPLICATIONS: With a cheap modem, the right software and the cost of an off-peak phone call you can speak to the world of microcomputer users via bulletin boards.
* BUYING A BACKUP: Which user group will give you the help you need? Are they worth the money?

\section*{THE SINCLAIR CLINIC: This month we} take on the sackful of questions we have received on the Spectrum and ZX81. We also examine the new range of add-ons from Sinclair, the Interface 1, Microdrives and Interface 2, to find out what they're good for.

Plus sacks of readers' questions, ANSWERED

From W H Smith, John Menzies and all leading newsagents.

\section*{On reflection our success was inevitable}


\section*{From Intelligence (UK) PLC}

Seiko Business Computers have another advantage beyond their impressive hardware capabilities and software acceptance. It's the backing of one of the UK's leading companies in the small computer field - Intelligence (UK) PLC.

A national network of Authorised Seiko Business Computer dealers ensure you get the exact combination of Series 8600 hardware and compatible software you need, and a nationwide service and maintenance organisation makes sure your Seiko computer continues to serve you far into the future.

\section*{A Multi-user system}

Unlike the majority of personal computers, the Seiko Series 8600 Business Computer has the capability to expand with your needs

Up to four independent users can perform different functions at the same time, on the same computer, sharing their information and valuable add-ons like hard disks and printers.


\section*{More cost effective}

A Series 8600 computer needs only terminals to grow and grow, and enables you to maintain your original investment in the system as your needs change.

Compare the cost of expanding your Series 8600 system to the replacement or acquisition cost of further personal computers. You'll discover that the more your system grows, the more cost effective it becomes.


Business Computers SEIKO series 8600


\section*{Greater choice of software}

Because Series 8600 is compatible with six industry-standard operating systems an entire spectrum of high-powered, 16 -bit business software is available to you. What's more, you can still use most "off the shelf" software now available for personal computers, too

\section*{Get the facts}

Expandability. Cost effectiveness Sophisticated multi-user capabilities. Software compatibility. Competitive pricing. Ease of service. And the worldfamous Seiko reputation for precision and reliability.

These are the considerations that make the Seikc 8600 so different from the field To find out more or for the name of your nearest dealer return the coupon below to Intelligence Distribution Limited, Network House,
Wood Lane, London W12 7SL Or telephone 017405758.


\section*{\(\square\) Crnd m}

\title{
Niws
}
from SPECTRUM
DISK DRIVE for ZX SPECTRUM
Now from SPECTRUM a Disk Drive for the ZX SPECTRUM exclusive to SPECTRUM stores see our ad for full detalls

\section*{Sensational COMMODORE OFFBRS \\ see opposite}

\section*{MEMOTECH MTX 500}

A Super new computer now available from SPECTRUM see our ad for details - or call into your local SPECTRUM dealer NOW!

\section*{INDESCOMP ACCESSORIES for ZX SPECTRUM}

A super new range of add-on's for your \(Z X\) SPECTRUM exclusive to SPECTRUM stores . see ad for full details

\section*{SPECTRUM \\ BROADSHEET}

Call into your local SPECTRUM dealer and pick up a copy of our latest Broadsheet listing an extensive range of additional equip. ment and a wide range of software.

\section*{NEW SPECTRUM MEMBERS}

Check our address pagel - there are many new SPECTRUM dealers throughout the UK so there's a good chance there'll be a SPECTRUM centre near you.

\section*{AFTER SALES CARE}

SPECTRUM service centres will ensure that should your machine 'go down' we will get it running again as qulckly as possible. We also offer extended warranties at reasonable prices too! - ask your SPECTRUM HOME COMPUTER CENTRE for fuli details

\section*{COMPUTER DFALERE}
(or prospective Computer dealers!) If, you would like to know more about becoming a SPECTRUM APPOINTED DEALER on an exclusive area basis, please write to MIKE STERN, Spectrum (UK) Ltd., Burrowfield Welwyn Garden City, Herts. or telephone (07073) 34761

\section*{Fantastic Value from Spectrum!}

\section*{COMMODORE 64}

\section*{BUSINESS PACKAGE \\ SAVE OVER}



 nown lan

\section*{Includes:}
- COMMODORE 64
- DISK DRIVE
- COLOUR MONITOR
- COMMODORE PRINTER
- FUTURE FINANCE PROGRAM Plus!
- FREE! GAMES DISK WITH SIX GAMES
FOR THE SMALL BUSINESSMAN . . . this has to be the business computer opportunity of a lifetime! This superb, top-value package includes everything you need to set up your own powerful small business/home Micro system

There's the high-power Commodore 64 computer with its huge 64 K RAM memory built-in and brilliant graphics capability with full colour

The system's completed with a Commodore Disk Drive - store your entire filing system, accounts, sales records, etc. - plus VIC-1526 tractor-feed Graphics Printer, and a 1701 colour monitor

It really is a tremendous package - at-SPECTRUM'S incredible low price, it's unbeatable!


\section*{ALL THIS FOR ONLY}


All items can be purchased seperately - ask your local SPECTRUM dealer for price.

COM-64 Home Entertainment Package

(Normal retail price \(\mathbf{£ 2 8 2 . 8 5 )}\)

\section*{SAVE OVER £40}

\section*{Includes: COMMODORE 64 CASSETTE INTERFACE C CASSETTE RECORDER QUICK-SHOT JOYS TICKS ■ CASSETTE WITH 4 GAMES}


\section*{IC-20 NLY \\ }

\section*{v C-20 \\ KPANDER PACK}

\section*{III this for} inder £200: acludes:
Vic-20 computer
I Tape Interface
I Tape Recorder
I 64K RAM Expansion pack
I Quickshot Joysticks
I 4 Cassette Games

\section*{SAVE £67.80}


HURRY! Only while offer lasts!

VIC-20
PACKAGE OFFER


A complete Home Computer system including the VIC-20 Computer, a Cassette Unit, introduction to BASIC part 1 - a simple explanation of computer programs - Blitz, Type-A-Tune, Race \& Hoppit. A fantastic deal!! and great value-for-money. But HURRY! offer only while stocks last.

> SPECTRUM PRICE 85099


For Commodore
64 \& VIC-20
\(£ 29.95\)

Including 3 FREE Games

Turn the page for more super
offers from Spectrum . . .

\title{

}

\section*{SOFIWARE}

The Top sellers from leading British Software houses.

\section*{Micro Dealer UK}

\section*{ZX SPECTRUM}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Legend "Valhalla" & C14.95 \\
\hline Ultimate "Lunar Jet Man" & c5.50 \\
\hline Ultimate "Atic Atac & c5.50 \\
\hline Bug-byte "Manle Miner" & c5.95 \\
\hline Quicksilva "3-0 Ant Aftack" & 68.95 \\
\hline A \& F "Chuckie Egg' & c6.90 \\
\hline CDS "Pool" & c5.95 \\
\hline Crystal "Halls of the Things" & c7.50 \\
\hline Ocean "Kong" & c5.90 \\
\hline Quicksilva "Games Designer" & 614.95 \\
\hline Imagine "Z20om" & c5.50 \\
\hline Incentive "Splatt" & C5.50 \\
\hline New Generation "Corridors of Genon" & cs.es \\
\hline Quicksilva "Bugaboo' & c 6.05 \\
\hline Ulitimate "Jet Pac" & c5.50 \\
\hline Artic "Dimenslon Destructors" & 65.95 \\
\hline Protek 'Hunter Kilier' & c7.95 \\
\hline Red Shift "Apocalypse' & c9.95 \\
\hline Ocean "Transversion" & cs.50 \\
\hline Ultimate "Tranz Am" & C5.50 \\
\hline Addictive Games "Football Manager" & 66.95 \\
\hline Quicksilva "Aquaplane' & 66.95 \\
\hline Doric "Oracles Cave" & c7.95 \\
\hline Artic "3.0 Combat Zone & E5.95 \\
\hline Hewson "3-0 Space Wars" & Es.95 \\
\hline Commodore 64 & \\
\hline Llamasoft "Hovver Bowver" & c7.50 \\
\hline Llamasoft "Attack of the Mutant & \\
\hline Camels" & . 50 \\
\hline Melboume House "Hungry Horace 64" & c5.95 \\
\hline Interceptor "Siren City" & c7.00 \\
\hline Games Machine 'The fabulous Wanda & \\
\hline of life. the universe and everything" & c7.95 \\
\hline Bubblebus "Exterminator" & c5.99 \\
\hline Quicksilva "Purple Turtes" & c7.95 \\
\hline Ocean "Armagadden 64" & c6.90 \\
\hline Melbourne House "The Hobbit 64" & ci4.95 \\
\hline Interceptor "Vautex Raider" & c7.00 \\
\hline Llamasoft "Matrix 64" & c7. 50 \\
\hline Anirog "H-expert" & c7.95 \\
\hline Quicksitua "Quintic Warfior" & c7.9s \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{VIC-20} \\
\hline Ultimate "Jet Pac & cs. 50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Llamasoft "Meta Galactic Llamas battle at the edge
of time".
c}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline Imagine "Bewitched" & cs.so \\
\hline Quicksilva "Skyhawk" & c7.95 \\
\hline Llamasoft "Matrix" & c6.00 \\
\hline Interceptor "Crazy Kong" & c6.00 \\
\hline Imagine "Arcadia" & cs.so \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Ultimate "Atic Atac".
Quicksilva 3-0 Ant Aftack
A \& F "Chuckie Egg
Crystal "Halls of the Thing
Ocean "Kong Quick silva "Bugaboo"
Artic "Dimenslon Destructors
Red Shift "Apocalypse
Ocean "Transversion""
Adictive Games \({ }^{\circ}\)
Quick silva "Aquaplane
Artic "3.0 Combat 7
Commodore 64
Llamasoft "Hovver Bovver"
Camels"
Interceptor "Siren City"
of life. the universe and everything"
Oublebus Exerm.
Quicksilva "Purple Turties"
Melbourne House "The Hobbit 64 "
Interceptor "Vautex Raide
Llamasoft "Matrix 64".
Anirog "H-expert"
VIC-20
Llamasoft "Meta of time
Quicksilya "'Skyned
Interceptor "Craz
Imagine "Arcadia"

\section*{BBC}

Software Invasion "Altack on Alph
Centauri"
Psion -5aloon Sally.
Doctor Soft "Flight Simulat
Amcom "Space Highway"
ORIC
Softek "Dracula"s Revenge"
Softek "Oracula's Revenge"
IJK Software "Zorgon's Revenge" Martech "Harrier Aftack

\section*{DRAGON 32}

Softek "Ugh""

\section*{SUNSHINE}

Crulsing (Dragon 32)
Crulsing (ZX Spectrum)
Blind Alley (ZX Spectrum)
Androlds (ZX Spectrum)
Galaxy Attack (ZX Spectrum 48k)

\section*{MICRODEAL}

DRAGON
The King . .
Space War
Defence
Alcatraz.
Katerpillar Attack
Space Monopoly.
Mansion Adventur

\section*{RABBIT}

Three super new releases from RABBIT SOFTWARE Paratroopers
Lancer Lords. Lancer Lords.

Avallable for COMMODORE VIC-20 \& CBM-64 and \(2 \times\) SPECTRUM. Plus other top selling RABBIT SOFTWARE titles.

\section*{LEDA COMPUTER CARE KITS}


For Cassette \(E 9.95\)
tataue For Disk E12.95


\section*{BOOKS}

\section*{GRANADA PERSONAL \\ COMPUTING TITLES}

The Onc-1 and how to Ret the
The ZX Spectrum and how to get the most from it
most from it
E5.95 The. Dragon 32 book of game The Spectrum Pinprammer
The Spectrum Book of Game E5.95 uses Code The Apple II Programmer Programming with Giaphics The Drakon \& how to make
10.95 Choosing a Microcomputer \(E 5.95\) \(E 5.95\) The Working Dragon E5.95 The Working Spectrum 66.95 The Working C8M 64 most of it Computing for the Hobbvist \& 56.95 SUNSMINE
 The BBC Micro An expert \(\mathbf{E 6 . 9 5}\) The Working Dragon \(32 \quad \mathbf{E 5 . 9 5}\) Blind Alley for 1.6 K Spectrm


\section*{SHARP MZ 7 II} (MZ-700 Series Computer)


\section*{}




\section*{FREE! IO CASSETTE} BASED GAMES
The super new colour computer from SHARP. Now available in limited quantities - including 10 FREE CASSETTE BASED GAMES from SPECTRUM

SPECTRUM PRIC


SHARP PRINTER CASSETTE RECORDER

\section*{SHARP MZ80A £399}

\section*{DRAGON}


Extensive facilities include highly advan. ced colour graphics. Powerful standard 32k RAM ( expandable to 64 K Bytes) -9 Colour 5 resolution Display - Extended Microsoft colour BASIC (as standard) - Advanced sound with octaves - 255 tones.

CHECK WITH YOUR LOCAL SPECTRUM DEALER NOW FOR OUR SUPER LOW PRICE

DRAGON single DISC DRIVE Now JOYSTICK INTERFACE allows connection of ATARI type Joysticks

E14.95

\section*{LYNX 96K}

more workspace for amblitlous programs. The important feature of the 96 K machine additional memory. In full high resolution co it provides 37.5 K of RAM directly accessib Basic - with up to 24 K more avallable to prog: using machine code. Ask to see the super LYNX 96K at SPECTRUM NOW! SPECTRUM PRICE
for we t,nx owners whore ready to lake the next step, the 48 K machine can be upgra
full 96 K specification for just \(\mathbf{E 8 9 . 9 5}\).

LYNX 48 K Model
SPECTRUM PRICE \(f\) \& 9

\section*{Everything you've ever wanted for your}

\section*{LX SPECIRUM}

Superb ZX add-on's from your local Spectrum dealer

New \& exclusive to Spectrum! DD ESCOM:
Superb quality add-on's for the ZX SPECTRUM


INDESCOMP EYBOARD WITH FULLY |USTABLE SOUND


NDESCOMP
JND AMPLIFIER


NLY £10.95
INDESCOMP



\section*{INDESCOMP}


NDESCOMP RS232 \& CENTRONICS 'RINTER INTERFACE

E49.95
ILPHACOM Thermal Printer for ZX PECTRUM - NOW DOWN TO £59.95

\section*{IGTAL TRACER}
om RD Labs ir the \(\mathbf{Z X}\) sectrum
:55.50


ZX SPECTRUM 16 K £99.95 ZX SPECTRUM 48 K
£129.95
Spedtum Compuricrentershamenocomenction whatsoever with the ZX -Spectrum Computer
manufactured by Sinclair Research Lid

\section*{VISCOUNT DISK DRIVE}

Now from SPECTRUM a Disk Drive for the zX SPECTRUM. The VISCOUNT 51/4" DISK DRIVE with interface system and complete with all leads.

\section*{ONLY}

KEMPSTON
Joystick
Interface
(Joysticks opt extra)
Joysticks with interface

PROTEC
Joystick Interface £ 14.95

\(\pm 24.95\)
\(£ 45.00\)

CURRAH
Speech Synthesiser
\(£ 29.95\)

\section*{CHEETAH}

32K RAM
Pack
€ 39.95


DK'TRONICS Keyboard DK'TRONICS Lightpen. STACKLIGHT Rifle with
3 free games
\(£ 45.00\)
\(£ 19.95\)
£29.95


Now, your ZX SPECTRUM is your key to the world with the incredible PRISM VTX 5000 MODEM
- Versatile modem for ZX Spectrum (16K or 48 K ) versions Slim design fits easily. matches your micro Instant access to Prestel" \& Micronet 800 information services Instant communication with other ZX Spectrum users a Use the Prism VTX 5000 with a Sinclair printer - and print Prestel frames. Ask your local SPECTRUM dealer for further details - NOW!

\section*{SPECTRUM PRICE}


\section*{SINCLAIR ZX-8I}
with 16 K RAM pack \& One plece of Software ALL FOR ONLY. . \(2 \times-81\) ACCESSORIES 2X-81 ACCESCK
64 K RAM PACK. \(64 K\) RAM PACK 654.95

16 K RAM Pack.
ZX Printer
\(£ 24.95\)
\(£ 39.95\)

\section*{Turn the page for more super offers from Spectrum . . .}



\section*{New: 600XL}


\section*{ATARI 800}

Check with your local SPECTRUM dealer for \(0^{\prime}\) SUPER LOW price.


\section*{ATARI VCS GAMES} MACHINE
With all these FREE extras: FREE PADDLES - FREE JOYSTICKS FREE COMBAT CARTRIDGE FREE PAC-MAN CARTRIDGE ALL FOR ONLY \(£ 69.99\)


\section*{TI-99/4A}

Exceptional value from SPECTRUM and representing probably the finest home micro computer value on the market today! The TEXAS TI-99/4A is built to an extremely high standard and is highly recommended by SPECTRUM for its utter reliability.


Wide range of software available for TEXAS from your local SPECTRUM dealer.

\section*{MONITORS \\ COMMODORE 1701 \\ with sound \\ SANYO \(14^{\prime \prime}\) Colour TV \\ (ideal as a monitor) . . . \(£ 229.95\) SANYO CDD 3125NB \\ Colour Monitor \\ £285,35 \\ SANYO 12' \\ Green Monitor. \\ \(\epsilon 99.95\)}

SEIKOSHA GP100 A SEIKOSHA GP100 VC SEIKOSHA GP100 AS SEIKOSHA GP250 X EPSON FX 80. EPSON RX 80. MICROLINE 80 MICROLINE 82A MICROLINE 92
\(£ 199.95\) \(£ 199.95\) \(£ 199.95\) £249.95 \(£ 459.95\) £314.95 \(£ 249.95\) \(£ 349.95\) \(£ 495.95\)

ALP HACOM 42 At last. a printer for under \(£ 100\) for the BBC, COMMODORE \(64 \&\) VIC-20, DRACON and ATARI - Ask your local SPECTRUM dealer for full detalls onive99.90



Mere's the super Memotech MTX500 Micro - specially designed for versatility in a wide variety of applications. Its 16 K ROM contains several languages \& routines to suit users with differing levels of computer skllls. Its RAM is a powerful 32 K expandable to a massive 512 K with full 16 -colour highdefinition graphic capability. and a superb top-quality keyboard. It's a superb Micro and you can see it at SPECTRUM now!

SUPERB VALU AT ONLY

\section*{MY TALKING COMPUTE:}
"My Talking Computer" by Elec troplay is a marvellously simple and clear children's Micro that's perfect for the younger child or the slow learner. There's a range of brightly coloured, bold programs -such as "Talkıng' Story", "Talking Numbers" or "Talking Games" giving a wide selection of educational AND fun games, on easy-load cartridges.

\section*{SPECTRUM PRICE}


CONCHESS
CHESS
COMPUTER
'The intelligent CHESS COMPUTEF
Models available:
ESCORTER
£179.99
AMBASSADOR.
\(£ 229.99\)
\(£ 279.95\)

\section*{ACCESSORIES}

\section*{C12 DATA CASSETTES}

C15 DATA CASSETTES
VISCOUNT SINGLE SIDED. DOUBLE
DENSITY (10) (FOR APPLE. COMMODORE
ATARI, TANDY) \(£ 21.25\)
VISCOUNT SINGLE SIDED. SINGLE DENSITY (10)
VISCOUNT DOUBLE SIDEO, DOUBLE
DENSITY (10) (FOR SHARP SUPERBRAIN
ETC) VISCOUNT SINGIE SIDEO DOUBIE
VISCOUNT SINGLE SIDED DOUBLE
DENSITY 96 TRACK (10) (FOR NASCOM.
DENSITY 96 TRACK (10) (FOR NASCOM
COMMODORE 8050. ETC.)
EMPTY DISK CASES (FOR \(5^{1 / 4}\)
EMPTY DISK
DISKETTES)
DISK HEAD CLEANER KIT
60.50 televisions
€0.58 12" T80 88W PORTABLE
CTP3131 14" COLOUR PORTABLE
COMPUTER CASSET
RECORDERS
from \(£ 27.50\)
QUICKSHOT Joystic
For ATARI, COMMODO
VIC-20 \& 64, SPECTRUM
ORIC
ONLY \(£ 10.95\)

\section*{There's a Spectrum centre near you..}

\section*{avon}

TH Sortware Plus, 12 York \$
: (0225) 61676
ISTOL Brensal Computers Lto
Park Row. TEL: (0272) 294188
ESTOM-SUPER-MAREK. \& K mputers, 32 Aifred SL. TEL: (0934) 419324

\section*{BEDFORDSHIRE}

EDFORD Stanad Lto., 115 Midland Rid : (0234) 49341
NSTABLE Oormans, 7-11 Broad Walk. L: (0582) 655
IGMTON BUZZARD The Computer tre at Milton Keynes Music, 17 Bridge St (0525) 376622

TTON Terry-More, 49 George St.
(0582) 23391/2

\section*{BERKSHIRE}
ding Davi Saynders 8 Yield Hall Ice. TEL: (0734) 580719
NDSOR Wycombe Video, 44 KIng ard Court. TEL: (07635) 6744

\section*{उUCKINGHAMSHIIE}

LETCHLEY Rams Computer Centre
Gue
HESHA 1 Reed Photography \&
mputers, 113 High St. TEL: (0494) 783373

\section*{CAMBRIDGESHIRE}

MBRIDGE K. P. Ltd., 12a Kings Parade. : (0223) 68087

ETERBOROUGH Peterborough mmunications, 91 Midland Rd. L: (0733) 41007

\section*{CHANNEL ISLANDS}

UERNSEY Grut's, 3-5 The Pollat St. ler Port. TEL:(0481) 24682
ERS EY Audio \& Compuler Centro eter St. St Helier. TEL: (0534) 74000

\section*{CHESHIRE}

LTRINCHAM Mr. Micro, 28 High SL :L: (061) 9416213
REWE Microman, Unit 2, 128 Nantwich Rc :L: ( \(\mathbf{( 0 2 7 0 ) 2 1 6 0 1 4}\)
HESTER Oakleaf Computers Lto 0 Boughton. TEL: (0244) 310099
IACCLESFIELD Camera \& Computer intre, 118 Mill SL. TEL: (0625) 27468 ORTHWICH Camera \& Computer TOCKPOPT Widing 1 litl TOCKPORT Wiloing Let. (061) 4803435 IARRINGTON Wildings, 111 Bridge St EL: (0925) 38290
IIDNES Computer City, 78 Victoria he EL: (051) 4203333
ILMSLOW Swift of Wilmsiow, 4-6 St Mes Parade. TEL: (0625) 526213

\section*{CLEVELAND}

HODLESBROUGH MCK日nna \& BTown 05 Linthorpe Rd. TEL: (0642) 222368

\section*{CORNWALL}
T. AUSTELL AB \& C Computers, Duchy

\section*{cumbila}

IARROW-IN-FURNESS 8 arrow omputer Centre, 96 Church St EL: (0229) 38353
:ARLISLE The Computer Shop, 56 -58 owther SL. TEL: (0228) 27710 'ENRITM Pennith Communications 4 Casilegate. TEL: (0768) 67146 pen Mon - Fri till 8 p.m.
WHIT EMAVEN P. D. Hendran, 15 King St .

\section*{DERBYSHIRE}

ALFRETON Gordon Harwood, 69/71 High 3t. TEL: (0773) 832078
HESTERFIELD The Computer Centre, 14 Stephens on Place. TEL: (0246) 208802 DERBY C T Electronics, al Camera Thorpe The Spot TEL: (0332) 360456

\section*{DEVON}

EXMOUTH Open Channel; 30 The Strand, TEL: (03952) 4408 PLYMOUTH Syntax Ltd., 76 Cornwall SL. TEL: (0752) 28705
TIVERTON Actron Micro Computers, 37 Bampton St. TEL: 0884252854 TORQUAY Devon Computers, 8 Tormill Rd Castle CIIcus. TEL: (0803) 526303

\section*{DORSET}

BOURNEMOUTH Lansdowne Computer Centre, 5 Holdenhurst Ro TEL: (0202) 20165

\section*{DURHAM}

DARLINGTON MCKenna \& Brown

\section*{ESSEX}

BASILDON Godirey's 28-32 East Walk, Town Centre. TEL: (0268) 289379 CHELMSFORD Maxton Hayman Llo, 5 Broomileld Rd. TEL: (0245) 354595 COLCHESTER Colchester Computer Centre, 16 SI. Botolphs SL. TEL. (0206) 47242 grays h. Reynolds, 79 Orset Rd. TEL: (0375) 5948
ILFORD Wooltmans, 76 Itrord Lane TEL: (01) 4781307
LOUQHTON Micro \& Movie Channe 309 High Rd. TEL: (01) 5081216

\section*{GLOUCESTERSHIRE}

\section*{GLOUCESTER The Model Shop, 79•81} Northgate St. TEL: (0452) 410693

\section*{HAMPSHIRE}

ALDERSHOT David Saunders, 51 Station
Ad. TEL: (0252) 20130
ANDOVER Andover Audio, 105 High St. TEL: (0264) 58251
BASINGSTOKE Fisher's, 2-3 Market Place. TEL: (0256) 22079
PORTSMOUTM Cyenus Computers Ltod, 261 Commarcial Rd. TEL: ( 0705 ) 833938 PORTSMOUTH Waterlooville GB Microland, 7 Queens Prde. TEL: (07014) 5991
 SOUTMAMPTON R. J. Parker \& Son Lto. WINCHESTER Winchester Camera \& Computer Centre, 75 Parchment St. TEL: (0962) 53982 (Just Opening)

\section*{HEREFORD}

HEREFORD Melgray Hi-Tech LId., 49 Broad St: TEL: (0432) 275737

\section*{HERTFORDSHIRE}

BOREHAM WOOD Master Micro
36 Shenley Rd. TEL: (01) 9536368 HITCHIN Camera Arts (Micro Computer Division), 68a Hermitage Rd.
TFL- 10462\() 59285\) TEL: (0462) 69285
POTTERS BAR The Computer Shod, 197 High St. TEL: (0707) 44417 ST. ALBANS (Herts) Clarks Computer Centre, 14/16 Holywell Hill.
TEL: (0727) 52991
STEVENAGE D. J. Computers, 11 Town Sq. TEL: (0438)65501
WATFORD SRS Microsystems Lid., 94
The Parade, High St. TEL: (0923) 26602

\section*{HUMBERSIDE}

GRIMSEY R. C. Johns on Lto., 22 Friargate Riverhead Centre. TEL: (0472) 42031

\section*{ISLE OF MAN}

DOUGLAS T. H. Colebourn Llo 67-61 Victoria St. TEL: (0624) 3482 ( Just 0pening)

\section*{KENT}

CA NTERBURY Kent Micro Systems,
Conquest house, 17 Palace St
TEL: (0227) 50200
DOVER Kent Photos \& Computers, 4 King SL TEL: (0304) 202020
ORPINGTON Ellis Marketing Lid. 25 Station Sq., Petts Wood. TEL: (0689) 39476 RAINMAM Mcroway Computers Lto. 39 High St., Medway Towns. TEL: (0634) 376702

SEVENOAKS Ernest Fielder Computers, Dorsel SI. TEL: (0732)456800 SITTINGBOURNE Computers Plus, 65 High St. TEL: (0795) 25677 TUNBRIDGE WELLS Modata Computers Lto., 28-30 SL. Johns Rd. TEL: (0892) 41555

\section*{LANCASHIRE}

ACCRINGTON PVCOmputers, 38A Water St. TEL: (0254) \(36521 / 32611\)
BLACKR URN Temp) Computers 9 Railway Ro. TEL: (025a) 691333 BURNLEY IMO Computer Centre. 39-43 Standish St., BBII IAP. BURY (Lance.) Micro-North, 7 Broad S TEL: (061) 7975764
OLDHAM Home \& Business Computers Ltd., 54 Yorkshire SL. TEL: (061) 6331608 PRESTON WIIding's 49 Fishergate. TEL: (0772) 556250
ROCHDALE Home \& Business Computer 75 Yorkshire S. TEL: (0706) 344654

\section*{LEICESTERSHIRE}

\section*{LEICESTER Youngs, 40/42 Belvoir St.} TEL: (0533) 544774

\section*{HAKET HARBOROU} TEL: (0858) 63056

\section*{LINCOLNSHIRE}

GRANTHAM Oakleat Computers Lta., 121 Dudley Rd. TEL: (0476) 76994/70281 LINCOLN MKD Computers, 24 Newlands. TEL: (0522) 25907

\section*{LONDON}

E6 Percivals, 85 High St. North, East Ham
TEL: (01) 4728941
E8 McGowans, 244 Graham Rd., Hackney. TEL: (01) 5330935
EC1 Sidnay Lavy, 17 -19 Leather Lane. TEL: (01) 2423456
EC2 Oevron Computer Centre, 155 Moorgate TEL:(01) 638 3339/1830 N14 Logic Sales, 19 The Broadway The Bourna, Southgate. TEL: (01) 8824942 M2O Castlehurst Lto. 1291 High Ro TEL: (01) 4462280
NW4 DA Vinci Computer Store, 112 Brent St Hendon. TEL: (01) 202 2272/3/4 SEI Vic Odden's, 6 London Bag Walk. TEL: (01)403 1988
SE9 Square-0eal, 375 Footscray Rd., New Eltham. TEL: (01) 8591516 SE11 Gatwlck Computars, 328 Kennington Adjacent to O O 1 l Tube SE15 C Citherst Lit SE15 Castibhurst Ltd., 152 Ryy Lane,
Peckham. TEL: 01 (01) 639 , SE25 EHL M M SE25 Ellis Manketing, 79 High St, South
Norwood TEL: (01) 6594224
SW6 Cheisea Micros Lid., 14 Jerdan Place. Next to Fulham 8/way. TEL: (01) 3858494 W1 Devron 4 Edgware Rd.
TEL: 0117242373 TEL: (01) 7242373
W1 Computers of Wigmore Street, 87 Wigmore SL. TEL: (01) 4860373 W1 Sonic Foto \& Micro Center, 256 Tottenham Courl Rd. TEL: (01) 5805826

\section*{MANCHESTER GREATER}

MANCHESTER Lomax Lto., 8 Exchange St., St. Ann's Sq. TEL: (061) 8326167 SWINTON Mr. Micro Lid., 69 Partington Lane. TEL: (061) 7282282 'Late Night Friday'
HYDE Pase, 213-215 Market S. TEL: (061) 3665935 BOLTON Wilding Lta., 23 Oeansgate. TEL: (0204) 33512
WIGAN Wilding Lld., 11 Mesnes SL. TEL: (0942) 44382

\section*{MERSEYSIDE}

BIRKENHEAD Fairs Cameras \& HI-F Dacre Hill, Hock Ferry. TEL: ( 051 ) 6455000 HESWALL Thornguard Computer Systems, 46 Pensby Rd. TEL: (051) 3427516 LIVERPOOL Beaver Radio, 20-22 Whitechapel. TEL: (051) 7099898
LIVERPOOL (Aíntree) Hargreaves. 31/37 Warbreck Moor. TEL: (051) 5251782 SOUTHPORT Central Comguters, 575 Lord St. TEL: (0704) 31881

\section*{MIDDLESEX}

EDGWARE Braaker 1-4, 130 High St. TEL: (01) 952 7488/8860
HARROW Camera Arts (Micro Computer Division. 24 St. Ann's Rd, TEL: (01) 4275469 HAYES Chipstop, 1000 Uxbridge Ro. TEL: (01) 5732511 (Just Opening) TEDDINGTON Tsddington Camera Centre Broad SL TEL: (01) 9774716 UXBRIDGE JKL Computers LI 7 Wind sor SL. TEL: (0895) 51815

\section*{NORFOLK}

NORWICH Sound Marketing, 52 St. Benedicts St. TEL: (0603)667725 THETFORD Thetford C B \& Micros, 21 Gullothall SL TEL: (0842) 61645

\section*{MORTHANTS}

NORTHA MPTON Basic Computers \& Systams Lid., 72 Kingsthorpe Hollow TEL: (0604) 710740

\section*{NOTTINGHAMSHIRE}

NOTTINGHAM Cameo Computers, 8/9/10 Trinity Walk. TEL: (0602) 742912 NOTTINGMAM 8asic, 39-41 Trent 8oulevard, West Bridgetord. 80ulevard, Wost Brid
TEL: \((0602) 819713\)
WORKSOP Computagrafix, Bridge St. TEL: (0909) 472248

\section*{NORTHERN IRELAND}

BELFAST Arthur Hobson Lto., 37 GL Victoria St. TEL: (0232) 246336 LONDONDERRY Foyle Computer Systems, 3 Blshop St. TEL: (0504) 268337

\section*{OXFORDSMRE}

ABINODON Ivor Fialds Computers, 21 Ster SL. TEL: ( 0235 ) 21207
BANBURY Computer Plus, 2 Church Lane. TEL: (0295) 55890
HENLEY ONTHAMES Family Computers LId., 40A Bell St. TEL: ( 0491 ) 575744 OXFORD Ivor Fields, 7 St. Ebbes St. TEL: (0235) 21207

\section*{SCOTLAND}

ABERDEEN North East Computers,
1-3 Elils St., Peterhead. TEL: (0779) 79900
AYR Vennals, 6 a New Bridge St
TEL: (0292) 264124
DUMFRIES Vennals, 71 English St.
TEL: (0387) 4547
EDINBURGH The Silicon Centre, 6.7
Antigua SL. TEL: (031) 567 4546
GLASGOW Victor Morris Ltd., 340 Argyle
St. TEL: (041) 2218958
HA MILTON Tom Dickson Computers, 8-12
Cadzow St. TEL: (0698) 283193
KILMARNOCK Vernals, 49 Foregate.
TEL: (0563) 32175
KIRKCALDY Kirkcaldy Photographic
Sorvices, 254 EHIgh St., Fife.
STIRLING R. Kilpatrick, 58 Port St.
TEL: (0786) 5532

\section*{SHROPSHIRE}

SHREWSBURY Computerama
13 Casllegata. TEL: TBA

\section*{SOMERSET}

TAUNTON Grays, 1 St James St.
TEL: (0823) 72986

\section*{STAFFORDSHIRE}

STAFFORD, Computerama, 59 Forgate St. TEL: (0785) 41899
STOKE-ON-TRENT Computerama
11 Market Sq., Arcade, Hanley.
TEL: (0782) 268620

\section*{SUFFOLK}

BURY ST. EDMUNDS Bury Computer Centre, 11 Gulldhall St. TEL: (0284) 705772
FELIXSTOWE K. M. Communications Lto.
4 Manning Ro. TEL: (0394) 271113 or 273459
IPSWICH Brainwave, 24 Crown SL. TEL: (0473) 50965

LOWE STOFT John Wells, 44 London hd North. TEL: (0502) 3742

\section*{SURREY}

CAMBERLEY Camera Arss (Micro
Computer Division), 36 High St.
CHERTSEY Chertsey Compute
CHERTSEY Chartsey Computer Centro. 1 Windsor St. TEL: ( 09328 ) 64663 GUILDFORD The Model Shop, 28 Swan Lane. TEL: (00772) 04833916 HASLEMERE Hasiemere Computers 25 Junction Place, adj. Rex Clnema.
TEL (0428) 54428
NEW MA LDEN Surray Micro Systems,
31 High St. TEL: (01) 9420478
WA LLINGTON Surrey Micro Systems Ltd.,
53 Woodcote Rd. TEL: (01) 6475636

\section*{ORIC SOFTWARE}

Dept PCW(1), 118 Worcester Rd, Malvern, Worcs, WR14 1SS SPECIALIST SUPPLIERS OF ORIC SOFTWARE

\section*{AVAILABLE NOW SOFTWARE CATALOGUE FREE WITH EVERY PURCHASE}

£149.00 in cratil
- Uses Easily Replaceable ink Cartridges - Includes Serial and Parailel Interiaces Creates beautiful graphics in red, blue, green and black, plus prints alphanumencs. Built-in commands simplity drawing and plotting. Text mode prints 40 or 80 characters per line at 12 characters/sec. Soltware controls additional character sizes and rotation

OR send \(£ 1.00\) which will be deducted from your first order
This is a Comprehensive catalogue of software just for the ORIC computer, with descriptions and titles for all the software we have available. Some of the titles are listed here.

84.95
87.50
 BREAKOUT + 3D MAZE
CANDIFLOSS + HANGMAN
CUBE CRAZY ORIC MUNC
HOUSE OF DEATH
(Dealership enquiries welcome - apply on letterhead)
Send tapes \& details. (Tapes not returned unless relurn postage is included.)

\section*{MAYFAIR MICROS}


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline PRINTERS & PRICE (£) \\
\hline Epson \(\mathrm{fx} \times 80\) (T). & 239.00 \\
\hline Epsos R×80 (FF) & 2739.00
37 \\
\hline Espon MX100 III(FT) & 380.00
44700 \\
\hline RS232C (K) inierrace & 54.00 \\
\hline Many other interaces & POA \\
\hline Paper Roll Holder - \({ }_{\text {Tractor }}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
12.25 \\
29.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Riibon Cartridges (For \(\mathrm{FX} \mathbf{M}\) MX80) & 5.00 \\
\hline Ribbon Cantridges (For FXM \(\times 100\) ) & 13.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MONITORS}


Zenith \(11^{\prime \prime}\) Amber screen 74.00

Zenith 12 " Amber screen .85 .00
Sanyo 14" Colour, normal res
Sanyo Sanyo \(^{\prime 2} 14^{\prime \prime}\) Colour, medium res
Sal
200.00

Sanyo 14" Colour, high res.
290.00

\section*{TERMS}

Please add \(15 \%\) VAT to all prices. Carriage is free on all orders accompanied by cash, cheque or postal order. Please add a carriage charge of \(4 \%\) to goods total if ordering by Access. Good discounts for quantities available. Orders from LEAs and institutions welcome. All orders acknowledged by return. Please phone for details or send large SAE for infopack.

GOLDEN VALLEY COMPUTERS LTD
11 Tarsmill Court, Rotherwas Industrial Estate Hereford HR2 6JZ. Tel: (0432) 271114

\section*{SPECTRUM}

48k

a programme for the young child with 2 skill levels
Let your boy or girl be a special helper for Father Christmas in this personalised Christmas story. The visit from the fairy - the ride on the sleigh - journey to the Pole and the delivery of the presents makes this a magical game for the young to be played again and again. Both games run on Spectrum 48k and Commodore 64 (on cassette). £6.95 incl.


This programme is designed for both men and women. Just answer the questions the computer asks and you will see with the aid of coloured graphics your projected weight loss for the next two months.

The programme comes complete with calorie adjustment facility, height/weight guide, activity level, menus - with options to suit the individual - \(£ 6.95\) incl.

\section*{Cheque or PO for \(£ 6.95\) to:}

\section*{LITTLE SOFTIE LTD, FREEPOST BOX 11} ILKLEY, WEST YORKS LS29 OYY

\section*{MEMOTECH SOFTWARE \\ * HOTELBOOKINGS(for 48 weeks) £35.75 \\ * PHARMACEUTICALLABELLING £38.75 \\ - APPOINTMENTSDIARY £38.75
\(£ 25.00\) \\ - STATEMENTS(Print out to customers) £39.00 \\ * PROCALC(Newbrainfinancial spreadsheet £34.50 \\ * P.A.Y.Efull working pgm \\ £38.50 \\ * SURGERY booking system \\ * Word Processor Propen 32(4) now with addition al facilities \\ £39.75 \\ - Database \\ £33.50 \\ £39.00 \\ \(\star\) Invoice and credit note review £22.50 \\ * Sales Ledger \\ £34.50 \\ \(\star\) Stock Control \(£ 29.50\) \\ - CustomerInformation File £32.00 \\ * Bank and Cash balance £29.00 \\ \(\star\) Inventory \\ \(£ 29.50\) \\ - Mailing List \\ * Home Expenses £29.00 \\ \(\star\) Product Costing \\ \(\star\) Sales Analysis \\ £25.00 \\ * Inventory Analysis \\ £27.75 \\ £33.50 \\ Business ratios, for Investment, Sales, Turnover etc \\ £33.50 \\ \(\star\) Calculate for Costing, Bidding (with your mark-up) \\ £29.50 \\ * Mortgage repayments/property investment £21.50 \\ * Address Book \\ £25.00 \\ * Business Ledger \\ £29.50 \\ * Purchase Ledger \\ £38.75 \\ \(\star\) Product costing \\ £27.50 \\ \(\star\) Garage bookings \\ £32.50}

VAT @ \(15 \%\) should be added to each of the above (include 90p P\&P per program) Phone for your nearest dea
Send large S.A.E.
for complete range of programs ELSTREE COMPUTER CENTRE
32 DEACONS HILL ROAD, ELSTREE, HERTS WD6 3HL Tel: (01) 953-6921


\section*{4} Emmanuel St.

\section*{Our new Personal} Computer Centre specializing in Home \& Educational Micros

\section*{we know computers}

Business 8
Professional
Tel: \(022365335 / 4\)\(\square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \begin{gathered}\text { Home \& } \\ \text { Educational } \\ \text { Tel: } 0223358264\end{gathered}\)

\section*{Cambridge Computer Store}

\author{
I \&4 Emmanuel Street. Cambridge
}

\section*{If our word processing software is so great, why are we giving it away?}

It's our way of introducing you to DATA 20.
As the leader in price/performance peripherais for Commodore \(64^{\text {TM }}\) and VIC 20 , \({ }^{\text {TTM }}\) we want you as a loyal customer. So to encourage our add-ons, we're giving away our WORD MANAGER software when you purchase any DATA 20 DISPLAY MANAGER or VIDEO PAK to expand your Commodore to 80 columns. Compare the Top Three

Best of all, WORD MANAGER is exceptionally easy to use. A self-adhesive feature strip for function kevs makes most commands one-key simple, eliminating awkward prompts and menus.
What you see is what you print.
With our professional 80 -column format, your printed product duplicates screen output precisely. You see centering, left justification and other features as they will print. So you'll save time, save paper, and get the exact results you want!
WORD MANAGER is really something - for nothing! Get it free with your DISPLAY MANAGER or VIDEO PAK

Phone or send for our 20 page VIC 20 \& CBM 64 catalogue featuring word processing, education, business systems, 80 column boards etc.

IMPEX DESIGNS (U.K.) LTD
METRO HOUSE, SECOND WAY
WEMBLEY, MIDDX HA9 OTY
TEL: 01-900 0999 TELEX: 28604

\footnotetext{
Commodore 64 and VIC 20 are trademarks of Commodore Electronics, Lid.
Quick Brown Fox is a trademark of Quick Brown Fox.
WordPro is a registered trademark of Professional Software, Inc.
}

PEDRO computer services UPGRADE YOUR BBC TO 256K ROM NOW!!

Our 12 ROM socket board is simple to insert and remove, just the way ACORN intended it to be. We OFFER you FREE INSTALLATION, if bought before Christmas.

BBC Model 'B' Spectrum ZX 81 VIC 20 Commodore 64 Printers RGB Monitors Green Screen Monitors Disk Drives

ONLY AT PEDRO COMPUTERS LTD DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME 43-44 HOXTON SQUARE LONDON N1 6PB 01-739 6138
 SUITABLE FOR THE BBC MODEL B WITH AT LEAST ONE DISK DRIVE
The card index is at the moment the only product of its kind available for the BBC micro. It is a disk-based filing system, flexible enough to produce any card format that the user may have in mind. It offers a free screen format create function, which is not only simple to use but puts this software in a class of its own.
It gives the user very fast access times on any of his records using the key fietd. You can recall a record or records by any field. It does automatic in-field searches for any data you may be looking for. Quick change over from one file to another. Outputs to printer any card on the screen at any time. Order yours for only £49.95 inc
 320K DISKETTE DRIVES
\(\star\) Includes ALADIN DATA BASE, MS-DOS, BASIC and ASSEMBLER
Call in . . . just 2 minutes from Oxford Circus or phone . . . 01-580 5522



Totally flexible rentals of OSBORNE, APPLE, LISA + 11E, IBM SIRIUS, APRICOT, BBC, ACORN, COLUMBIA, SAGE, KAYPRO plus printers, monitors, software and peripherals. KEYBOARD HIRE (LONDON) LIMITED 176 BARNSBURY ROAD LONDON N1 OER

\section*{道 WESSEXSOFT LURE}

A large rectangle is filled with black squares which are the holes in which you lure the chasers shown by chequered squares. You are the asterisk which flashes on the screen and must move around inside the rectangle avoiding holes and chasers. The chasers always run towards you. Use this fact to lure them into the holes where they die.
Keys \(1-8\) move the asterisk in the directions indicated on the rectangle. The required direction key must be held down as the chasers complete their moves.

After all the chasers are killed, or if you are captured or fall in a hole, a new frame will be created with less holes to lure the chasers in. You score 1 point for each chaser that is lured to its death. How much can you score in 11 frames?

\section*{DIRTY-DICE}

This is a game for two players or one player and the computer. Both players agree on a winning total before starting. ( 100 ls a quick game whilst 300 is a long game)

Player 1 starts the game with control of two dice. He/she rolls the dice and the total of the two faces is added to a running total. To get the running total added to his/her score the player must pass the control of the dice to his/her opponent. If one of the dice shows a one, the control of the dice is passed to the opponent. If both dice show a one the player is "dirtied" and loses all his/her score. When the control is passed over the running total returns to zero.

The first player to exceed the agreed total, after player 2 has completed his/her turn, is the winner.

\section*{SLIDER}

The computer will generate a \(5 \times 5\) square containing the letters \(A\) to \(X\). Your task is to re-arrange the letters so that they look like
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
this & ABCDE & or this \\
& & ABCDE \\
& & FGHIJ \\
& KGHNJ & KLMNO \\
& KLMNO & PQRST \\
& PQRST & \\
& UVWX &
\end{tabular}

The grid contains a single blank square. To move any letter letter which is orthagonally in line with the blank square

\section*{BOARDROOM (for the Spectrum 48K or ZX81 16K)}

You have been appointed as Managing Director to a major Company based on an island in the Far East. Competition is fierce and you will need both skill and courage to outwit you rivals in times of crisis. Play against the computer in this stimulating game of business intrigue or why not let the family join in? But beware, Boardroom is more than just a game it's a challenge
Have you got what it takes to survive. How long can you survive strikes, wage demands, low productivity and cash flow problems ...?
Spectrum 16/48K @ £6.50 incl.P/P, ZX81 16K @ £5.00 incl. P/P.

16 EASTLAKE AVE PARKSTONE POOLE DORSET BH123DG

\section*{OX}

A grid of X's and 0's will be created forming a playing area. The two opoonents take turns to manoeuvre a cursor so thatit covers an \(X\) and an 0 . By pressing the ' \(M\) ' key the chosen \(X-0\) pair will be removed. The winner is the last player to remove an \(X-0\) palr.

\section*{TENFOUR}

There are 4 numbers hidden by the computer at different locations on a \(10 \times 10\) grid.
Try to find the 4 numbers in the least number of moves by inputing to the computer a square number of your choice
The computer will then tell you how far away you are from any of the hidden numbers in the grld
This is a game for strategists who enjoy worklng out puzzles. Sounds easy
doesn't it?
Also available for the \(16-48 \mathrm{~K}\) Spectrum with sound and colour.
Also available on the same tape is SNATCH
This is an addictive game using numbers. The idea is to move around the grid collecting numbers from 0 to 9 which are added to your score.
Another strategy game for puzzle lovers. It is easy to make a wrong move and the you are out. How many numbers can you hit before you go over the edge? A choice of 65,535 grids or typing a 0 will give you a random choice location.

\section*{MAZERK}

Three cylindrical mazes each a bit harder than the last. Move the asterisk through the maze to find the way out. There are ramps in the maze which move the asterisk three places ahead so you may end up missing the exit you wanted to go into. The computer will count the number of moves you make and tell you on completion of the maze, how well you have fared. Being a cylinder maze you can go out of one side and come back in on the other at the same level. Definitely frustration.
2X8116K Snatch + Tenfour@ \(£ 5.00\) incl. P/P
ZX81 16K Dirty-Dice+Lure+Slider+0x@ £5.00 incl. P/P
ZX 81 16K Mazerk ( 3 levels) @ \(£ 5.50\) incl. P/P
Spectrum 16/48K Dirty-Dice+Snaich+Tenfour+Slider @ \(£ 6.00\) incl. P/P.

\section*{LEAGUE CRICKET 48K Spectrum}

Achance to play cricket with everything you could possibly need to be realistlc. Nothing has been left out which other similar games give you. At the press of a key it is possible to inspect averages, see the league table, save the league table to tape or quit the program
The pitch will deteriorate as the match goes on. Batsmen "play" themselves in, playing better as they get the "feel" of the play.
Each ground has its own characteristics and this will effect the way the game goes. The West Indies pitch is better for fast bowling etc.
The player chooses which team will play the other teams shown on a chart. The player can then choose who will bowl the over. If your bowlers bowl for too long they will become tired. In an over it is also possible to bow/ short balls and the batsman can be injured

We've left nothing out so that you will get maximum enjoyment from your game
It's all yours for \(£ 7.00 \mathrm{inc} \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}\). Coming soon for the \(16 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{ZX}-81\)

\section*{There's only one personal computer shop worth visiting...}

\section*{Personal}

\section*{Computers}

Personal Computers LId., the U.K.'s first personal computer company, now have a Home Computer shop, where you will find the best hardware and a vast range of the latest software一in stock!
PLUS SPECIAL DEALS ON MOST ITEMS! MAIN DEALERS FOR ATARI - COMMODORE 64 SINCLAIR SPECTRUM - VIC 20
call in and see for yourself!
218 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON EC2M Tel. 3772060

\section*{ \\ PRIGE SLASHED}

COMMODORE 64

Powerful 64K RAM 40 -colour displays to monitor TV. High resolution graphics and 3 -dimensional effect capabilliy, music synthesiser. Z80 additional processor option.

\section*{Now \(£ 199.95\) \\ add E3 Mail order or Free C.O.D. \\ 1541 Disk Drive for Commodore 64 £229.00}



We are members of the SPECTRUM group of micro dealers - see SPECTRUM'S ads In PERSONAL COMPUTER add.£3 Mall order or Free C.O.D
- Access, Barclaycard \& Spectrum Chargecard welcome Instant Credit - please ask for written details Send S.A.E. for other computer bargains

© London Bridgo
6 London Brldge Walk, London SE1 Tel: 01 -403 1'988

\section*{WIDCIT SOFTWARE}

\section*{FOR YOUNG CHILDREN}

COLOURFUL FUN EDUCATIONAL GAMES FOR 2 TO 8 YEAR OLDS WITH SUPERB GRAPHICS, SOUND AND ANIMATION
ALPHABET (age 2-5)
48k SPECTRUM \(£ 5.25\)
SHAPE SORTER (age 3-6) 16/48k SPECTRUM \(£ 5.25\)
"An excellent set of programs ... simpte to use and well error-trapped. Of great value to young children." (Home Computing Weekly)
COUNTING (age 3-6)
16/48k SPECTRUM \(£ 5.25\)
"All programs use sound, colour and supert graphics. Educational and entertaining." (Home Computing Weekly)

\section*{ADDING \&}

SUBTRACTING (age 4-7)
16/48k SPECTRUM £5.25
"Supert early-leaming programs with graphics which would put many a Spectrum arcade game to shame. Wholeheartedly recommended." (Home Computing Weekly)

\section*{PATH FINDER (age 4-9)}

16/48k SPECTRUM \(£ 5.95\)
Watch out for these and other programmes coming soon on the COMMODORE 64 ELECTRON BBC B
QUICK
THINKING (age 6 or \(7-12\) and above) \(\quad\) COMMODORE 64 E6.95
SOOn for the ELECTRON and BBC B
Two great programs from WIDGIT SOFTWARE to sharpen up your and your
children's mental arithmetic.

Available from many retail stores, W.H. Smith or in case of difficulty from WIDGIT SOFTWARE, 48 DURHAM ROAD, LONDON N2 9DT (by return of post). S.A.E. for catalogue.


\section*{Question:}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Which is the } \\
& \text { only magazine } \\
& \text { for all } \\
& \text { Commodore } \\
& \text { computer } \\
& \text { users?" } \\
& \text { Answer: }
\end{aligned}
\]

Commodore Computing Internation

\section*{THE TEACH YOURSELF SPECIALISTS!}

\section*{Learn the easy} way on your Apple, IBM, Sirius or CP/M computer!

Just \(£ 69\) including postage and VAT for your own complete training course on disk. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

Also special offers on Apple.
Call now or send cheque to: DATA PROFILE LTD 189 Hanworth Rd, Hounslow, Middx TW3 3TT


TEACH YOURSELF
USING YOUR IBM
TEACH YOURSELF USING YOUR APPLE


TEACH YOURSELF PASCAL

TEACH YOURSELF TYPING

01-572 0678


\title{
"Dear Marje..."
}

\section*{Grandfield Rork Collins Limited.} An apology to Marjorie Proops.
In the November issue of this magazine, we inserted a two-page advertisement for Commodore Business Machines (UK) Limited which contained the words in broad type "Dear Marje" and clearly referred to the well known Daily Mirror columnist Marjorie Proops.

We wish to make it clear that Mrs. Proops was in no way associated with the advertisement, her approval of the use of the words "Dear Marje" or of the copy was neither sought nor given.

We much regret the unauthorised use of Mrs. Proops' name and we apologise to her for the embarrassment caused by the advertisement. We have agreed to pay a suitable sum to a charity named by Mrs. Proops

INSERTED BY GRANDFIELD RORK COLLINS LTD.

- Stands neatly on a desk top. Printout stacks tidily in the tray. - Supply paper locates underneath the printer - can stay in its carton for convenience. Sturdy design, brandy white finish only. Discounts for multiple orders.
Accommodates most makes of 80-character printers including EPSON MX80 \(\quad\) MICROLINE 80
Send coupon or telephone for details.
- Advanced Resources. St. Gabriels, Much Birch, Hereford HR2 \(\overline{8 H Y}\).
Telephone: (0981) 540262
Please send leaflet and order form for the Advanced Printer Stand.
Name:
Address:
State Printer Model _PCW/12/83

\section*{ORIC ANDSINCLAIR} COMPUTERS


Oric 1 computer 48 K £ 143 ( \(£ 141\) ) \& 151 . Oric 116 K £ 110 (£112) \&122. Oric colourprinter \&165(£159) £169. Sinclair Spectrum \(48 \mathrm{~K} £ 131\) ( \(£ 131\) ) \(£ 143\). Spectrum 16 K
£101 ( \(£ 105\) ) £117.32K memory upgrade kiffor 16 K
 andjoystick ports \(£ 56\) ( \(£ 56\) ) \(£ 62\). Keyboards with proper spacebars to the ZX 81 and Spectrum \(£ 43\) ( \(£ 41\) ) \(£ 47.2 \mathrm{ZX}\) printer with 5 free rollspaper \(£ 41\). ZX printer alone \(£ 36\)
(£38) \(£ 50.5\) printer rolls \(£ 13(£ 16) £ 21, Z \times 81 £ 37\) ( \(£ 37)\) E47. Special offer pack ZX8 1 computer +16 K ram pack + game tape \(£ 49(£ 55) £ 65\) ZX81 16 K rampacks \(£ 31\) (£.28) £30. Newluxury Spectrum computers 48 K with full
sized typewriter keyboardscomplete with normal space sized typewriter keyboards complete with normal space
bar enclosedina larger plastic case which also houses the computer pcb \(£ 162\) (£ 174) \(£ 190\)

\section*{ACORNCOMPUTERS}

Electron \(£ 203\) ( \(£ 209\) ) \(£ 229\). BBCModel B ( 404 ( ( 3688 ) £388. Kenda double dens iry disk interface system for beeb \(£ 139\) ( \(£ 124\) ) \(£ 134\). Westock the whole range of ( \(£ 220\) ) \(£ 240\). Double \(2 \times 400 \mathrm{~K} £ 625\) ( \(£ 560\) ) \(£ 560\).

\section*{COMMODORE \\ COMPUTERS}

Commodore 64 £233 (£209) £229. Vic 20 with tree cassotte recorder basiccourse and games \(£ 143\) ( \(£ 149\) )
\(£ 179\). Corvertor to allow mostordinary recorders to be used with the Vic 20 and Commmodore 64:- built \(£ 9.78\) ( \(£ 9)\) §11 kt \(£ 7.47\) (£7) 59 . Commodore (£209) \(£ 234.1525\) Printer \(£ 235\) ( \(£ 220\) ) \(£ 245.1526\) Printer £350 (£330) \(£ 360\).

\section*{PRINTERS}


Epson RX80 £326(£309) £340. Epson RX80FT \(£ 346\) (£316) £346. ShinwaCTICP80£293(£271) £312. ( \(£ 465\) ) £495. Seikosha GP100A £234 (£219) £254. Oki Microline \(80 £ 243\) ( \(£ 227\) ) \(£ 268\). OkiMicroline 84 £ 831 . Tho Ultra 21 combined daisy wheel and electric typewriter \(\sum 438\) ( \(£ 415\) ) £445. The Brother EP22 ( \(£ 166\) ) \(£ 186\). Jukk 6100 proportional daisy wheel printer £423(E404) \&434. MCP40 colourprinter \(£ 165\) ( \(£ 159\) )
 can supplyinterifaces to run
computers \(£ 58(\mathbf{\Sigma 5 2}) £ 55\).

\section*{SWANLEY ELECTRONICS}

The Computer Export Specialisis. Dept PCW, 32 Goldsel Road, Swanley, Kent BR8 8EZ, England. Tel: SWANLEY (0322) 64851. Nothing extra to pay. All prices are inclusive. UK prices are shown first and include post and VAT. The second price in brackets is for export customers in Europe and includes insured air mail postage. The third price is for export customers outside Europe (including Australia etc) and includes insured airmail postage. Official orders welcome.

\section*{DISKS - DISKS DISKS \\ *** LOWEST PRICES - FAST DELIVERY ***}

PRICE PROMISE
We will match any other lower price advertised in the current issue of PCW for single poxes in stock 5.25" DISKS - BOXES OF 10


34 Cannonbury Avenue, Pinner, Middx HA5 1TS Telephone orders any time - we do the rest - 01-8689548

Pinner Wordpro

bbs
FOR COMPUTER SYSTEMS Tel: Grays Thurrock (0375) 79451


\footnotetext{
DPUS DESHIG
FOR BUSINESS SYTEMS

\(\star\) Made in Britain \(\quad \star\) Scratch resistant surfaces
\(\star\) Competitive prices \(\quad \star\) Drawer for disc storage
\(\star\) Castors with lockable brakes
\(\star\) Attractive brown and cream finish
\(\star\) Generous desk top area \(\quad \star 10\) models available
\(\star\) Lower shelf for disc drives \(\quad \star\) Ex-stock delivery
पPUS SUPPLIES
01-701-8668 01--703-6155
158 CAMBERWELL ROAD LONDON SE5 0EE. DEALER ENQUIRIES INVITED GOVT \& EDUCATIONAL ORDERS WELCOME
}


The ultimate strategy game for the Dragon 32. Destroy the evil Dragon Empire before it conquers the world. For one player (no joystick). Includes 7 world maps and 8 levels of difficulty. With \(100 \%\) hi-res. Only \(£ 6.95\) at Boots and all good stockists or send cheque/PO to SHARDS SOFTWARE, 189 Eton Rd, IIford, Essex IG1 2UQ.

\section*{PRINTERLAND}

EPSON DEALER SINCE 1980
FULL 1 YEAR WARRANTY ON ALL PRODUCTS

> EPSON RX80T £228.00 EPSON RX80F/T £255.00 EPSON FX80F/T £339.00 EPSON FX100F/T \(£ 444.00\) JUKI Daisywheel \(£ 333.00\) EPSON RS232/V24 Interfaces from £33.00 IMMEDIATE DELIVERY £7.00

BBC/PRINTERCABLE \(£ 8.99\)
Free excellent max code screen dump Please add \(15 \%\) VAT to all prices

PRINTERLAND
29 MOORCROFT PARK NEW MILL

HUDDERSFIELD HD7 7NH Tel: (0484) 687928/683566 BARCLAYCARD FACILITIES (small surcharge)

\section*{SPEED UP ANY BASIC PROGRAM WITH OUR COMPILERS \\ Up to 40 times speed increase, reduced program size.}

\section*{BASIC COMPILERS}

Petspeed Compiler for 4000/8000 series \(\qquad\) \(€ 125.00\)

Integer Basic Compiler for \(3000 / 4000\) /8000 series \(£ 75.00\)

\section*{CROSS-COMPILERS FOR BASIC}

Portspeed: Compiles source on 8000 senes to run on CBM 64 \(\qquad\) £125.00
X-64: Integer compiler compiling on 8000 series giving machine code executable on CBM 64 \(\qquad\) \(£ 125.00\)
B-Port: Compiles source on 8000 series to run on 700/B-128 series \(\qquad\) £450.00

X-700: Integer compiler compiling on 8000 series giving machine code executable on 700/B-128 \(\qquad\) §450.00

\section*{GIVE YOUR VIC OR 64 FULL IEEE AND RS232 \\ Not a cartridge. Compatible with any software.}

Interpod: Free-standing interface giving IEEEA88 and RS232C capabilities to CBM64/VIC20 \(\qquad\) \(€ 99.95\)

\section*{SPECIAL OFFER}

Order 5 or more Internod and get a free Portspeed!
All prices are exclusive of VĀT There is also a smallchange for post and packing. Dealer discounts are available on all products except the 700 cross-compilers.
Compilers are supplied ex-stock; Interpod supplied 7-days ex-stock.

\section*{COMMODORE SOFTWARE}

Native compilers for the CBM 64 and the \(700 /\) B-128 are avaitable only from Commodore.

\footnotetext{
Oxford Computer Systems (Software) Ltd. Hensington Road. Woodstock. Oxford OX7 1JR. England Telephone (0993) 812700 Telex 83147 Ref. OCSL
}

\section*{REPRINT SERVICE}

If you are interested in a particular article or advertisement in Personal Computer World, you might like to take advantage of our special Reprint Service. Let our high quality reprints provide an attractive and impressive addition to your portfolio of promotional material.

For further details and a quotation, give us a call today.

\author{
Ring \\ Robert Buggs \\ on \\ 01-636 6890
}

\section*{PERSONAL COMPUTER WORLD}

\section*{Rentals ** 014585845 * * Rentals}

Try out a range of most popular microcomputers before buying. Avoid expensive purchase mistakes, or for whatever your other requirements ie. for Educational? Personal? Courses? Backup systems? etc . . . Ring for best quotation, good refund against purchase at end of rental scheme.
As a company we do not like to be undercut, so if you have met your requirements already why not phone us for better deal on prices. Exports available (U.K. - Europe - Mid East).
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Harduare & Softuare & Printer Range \\
Apricot & Pulsar Accounts & T.E.C. \\
Sirius & Languages, Apletc. & N.E.C. \\
IBM & Application Programs & Qume \\
Apple & Visicalc, Cad, Dhase 2, & Richo \\
BBC & Educational, Tutorial, & Epsons \\
Commodore & Estate Agenis, & MicroLine \\
Oric & Financial Control, & Act Writer \\
Oshorne & Utility, Multiplan & Plotters \\
Future FX20 & etc. & Zuki
\end{tabular}

As a company or personal user we're sure you would appreciate trying out one or more computer systems before commiting yourself to purchasing of equipment. This is where we at Micro rentals can belp. We bave in operation a rental scheme that can give you the opportunity to try out the system, but thats not all!, we also will give you upon confirmation 50 to \(100 \%\) refund off the rental fee against purchase.
Micro Rentals: 3 Westholm, London NWII (01 4585845)


Saga Software House
SCIENTTIFIC AND BUSINESS PACKAGES FOR BBC-MODEL B, COMMODORE-64, SPECTRUM-48K, ZX-81(16K)

\section*{STATISTICAL LIBRARY}

\section*{UNIVARIATE STATISTICS}

All three tapes carry a DATAFILE that enables the user to INPUT-EDIT-SAVE-READ data on tape.


\section*{Saga Software House}

\section*{133A High Street Acton London W3 6LY}

\section*{Map 80 Systems Ltd}

M.A.P. 80 Systems Ltd., No. 1 WIndsor St., Chertsey, Surrey
Tel: 0932864663

JUST ARRIVING THE NEW


MTX \(500 £ 275\)
MTX \(512 £ 315\)

MTX 500 computer.
The MTX's 24k ROM has several languages such as MTX Basic Logo and Noddy ROM routines include an assembler/disassembler with screen display of the 280 CPU registers, memory and program which can be manipulated from the keyboard. Pascal is available as an add-on ROM pack. The MTX 500 has 32k of user RAM as standard (64k on 512 ) expandable to \(512 k\) plus 16 k of video RAM controlled by a separate video processor. Soon available FDX and HDX systems.

SHARP MZ 711


MZ 711 £240
including VAT
CASSETTE
RECORDER
Four colour
Printer
£39.95 inc VAT
£115 inc VAT

The MZ employs a high speed CPU and a large memory of 64 k -byte RAM. It has a 510 character set and has two joystick interfaces and a centronics type printer interface. It is expandable to floppy discs plus other add ons for the New Year plus we give \(£ 50\) worth of software free.

COMMODORE 64 £199
inc VAT

MZ 80A £375
inc VAT
+ FREE SOFTWARE PACK

\section*{SHARP PORTABLES}

PC 1251 £69.95
PC \(1500 £ 159.95\)
CE \(125 \quad 899.95\)
CC 150 £169.95

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS \(£ 99.95\) MEMOTECH ZX81 KEYBOARD £34.95
16k RAM £24.95
32k RAM £34.95
64k RAM £49.95

\section*{283 EDGWARE RD}

LONDON W2
7234630
7242135

All prices include VAT. We stock a large range of computer books and software. If you wish to order by mail please make cheques payable to Deans and add \(£ 3\) postage and packing.



3d oround the powertul 8 Bit Motorolo MC 9 processor mis High Res. Microcomputer \(m\) is avoilobie in kif form using \(8^{*} \times 8^{n}\) ds. If can inferlace with many peripherols inc. ars, terminals, monifors disk drives and is oorted with the proven FLLX disk operaling ertul Microcomputer system for Business. ineering, Education or the Hobbyist. reviously known as 77-68 ond The ECM HI Computer Project' it has been thoroughly arched and developed in the last 2 yeors and been renomed the DENNIS COMPUTER IEM. It is now distributed exclusively by stirling osysems.

\section*{IGE OF BOARDS}

9 CPU. MC 6809 Processor
ing of IMH2. EPROM Socket for
(2) Monitor \(£ 28.00\). SP Bug Listin \(£ 15.00 \quad £ 60.00\) Ram. Uses \(8 \times 4164(64 \mathrm{~K}\) memory chips. Exiended page
ty for 4 boords per spstem....... \(£ 28.75\) £125.00 ZES. CRAPHICS. 8 Colours, ading black \& white \(512 \times 512\) using Thompson 936 … \(£ 46.00 \quad £ 195.00\) \(3 u g\) Monitor \(£ 23.00\). Hi-Bug listing only \(£ 5.00\) - \(\mathbf{x}\) CTRI. Single or Double Densiry
\(\xi^{\prime \prime}\) disks. Single Density onily on
day Column by 24 Row Texi pit Port 11 Encoded Keyboord Bug Mo
\(15.00 \quad £ 75.00\) le Distributors:

\author{
TIRLING MICROSYSTEMS \(=\) \\ The National 6809 Centre Send for fuil spect
}



\section*{ORIC 1}

SPEECH SYNTHESISER AND JOYSTICK PORT
ORIC APPROVED
ONLY 667 + P\&P \& VAT \(\star\) INC. SOFTWARE *

REVOLUTIONARY 'ORIC APPROVED' CONCEPT IN COMPUTER GAMES CONTROL
- Potential 400 words with PLAIN English speech.
- ATARI type joystick compatability
- Selectable addressing - Hi-Fi output
- FULL SUPPORTING SOFTWARE INCLUDED OTHERPRODUCTS
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
RS232 Interface (Inc.s/w) & £31.50 \\
RS232 Switch (Inc. s/w) from & \(£ 32.00\) \\
Rune Lord Adventure Game & \(£ 7.50\)
\end{tabular} All Plus VAT \& P\&P -DEALER ENQUIRIES WELCOME-

\section*{Tel: (0792) 844465}

Send Cheque for \(£ 79.35\) to
MODULAR CONCEPT PERIPHERALS FREEPOST - SWANSEA - SA8 4ZZ

Do you own or use two or more computers with incompatible disk formats? Then you need our universal

\section*{«FIL MOVERッ}

This easy-to-use file transfer program enables you to transfer any type of files - including .COM-, CMD- and .EXE-types of files - from one computer to another by means of a serial link even if they use different operating systems! A special protocol with checksums and automatic retransmission ensures error-free file transfers.
Available for CP/M, CP/M-86 and MS-DOS (PC-DOS)
Prices: For CP/M
£ 49.95
For CP/M-86 or PC-DOS (MS-DOS)
£ 69.95
For any two o/s's : £ 99.95
We also offer the following easy-to-use and well-documented utilities:
* XSUB for CP/M-86 : £ 39.95

D,SK UTILITY PACKAGE for CP/M (2.2)
Includes disk dump and patch, disk test, duplication and various file recovery utilities.
"The file recovery aid alone makes it worth the price". "-- very well -designed and friendly human interfaces" (Microsystems).
- TERMINAL for CP/M, CP/M-86 and PC-DOS (MS-DOS)
£ 39.95
£ 79.95
nal
nal. Includes ASCII file upload and download facilities
Disk Formats available: \(8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ss} / \mathrm{sd}\), IBM-PC/XT, DEC Rainbow 100 Osborne, Zenith hard and soft sector, Superbrain (JR), DEC-VT 180 (DD), TI Protessional (DD), Kaypro II, Access ss/dd, NEC PC-8001 A, XEROX 820 (SD), Xerox \(820-I I\) (DD), TRS-80, Mod I (Omikron (CP/M), TRS-80, Mod 3 (MM/CPM), Morrow Micro Decision.
Include \& 5 per order for handling and shipping. Specify computer, disk format and o/s.
VISA accepted.


INTRODUCTORY OFFER PRICE £9.95 £88!

TRANSFORMS THE COMMODORE 64 INTO A FULLFEATURED AND PROFESSIONAL DATABASE SYSTEM! WITH UP TO 1000 CHARACTERS PER RECORD ON UP TO 4 SCREENS... AND up to 128 ITEMS PER RECORD, DEFINABLE AS KEY, TEXT, NUMERIC, CONSTANT, RESULT OR DATE... IN FILES OF UP to 1 Gm Characters! Superbase even has spreadsheet and CALCULATOR CAPABILITY, CALENDAR FUNCTIONS, EASY INPUT FROM WORDPROCESSOR/DATA FILES, BOTH MENU-DRIVEN AND PROGRAM OPTIONS, SORTING/SEARCHING, FULLY DEFINABLE OUTPUTS... SUPERBASE 64 IS ESSENTIAL IF YOU WANT THE MOST FROM YOUR 64! SUPPLIED ON CBM 1541 DISK WITH EXCELLENT TUTORIAL/REFERENCE MANUAL. EX-STOCK NOW!

\section*{GVizawreite 64 NOW ON CARTRIDGE £79.95 £68.00!}

DESIGNED ESPECIALLY FOR THE CBM 64, VIZAWRITE 64 IS A HIGH-PERFORMANCE, LOW-COST WORD PROCESSOR, WITH ON-SCREEN FORMATTING, THAT TAKES FULL ADVANTAGE OF THE 64'S COLOUR, GRAPHICS AND MEMORY FEATURES... AND SUPPORTS VIRTUALLY ANY PRINTER! WITH A COMPREHENSIVE AND EASY-TO-FOLLOW USER MANUAL, VIZAWRITE OFFERS THE ULTIMATE IN PERSONAL COMPUTER WORD PROCESSING! ALSO AVAILABLE ON DISK (OUR PRICE £79.75 £65!), OR COMBINED WITH VIZASPELL (OUR PRICE 199.00 £ \(85!\) ).

Superbase and yizairrite are just two of our fine commodore PRODUCTS... PLEASE TELEPHONE OR WRITE FOR OUR FREE CATALOGUE! ORDERING INFORMATION: PRICES SHOWN INCLUDE I5\% YAT, ORDER BY POST/TELEPHONE/PRESTEL, USING CHEOUE, ACCESS, BARCLAY CARD OR OFFICIAL ORDER. TELEPHONE O1-546-7256 FOR SAME-DAY DESPATCH! POSTAGE FREE EXCEPT ON CREDIT OR OVERSEAS ORDERS. (REF A22)

\section*{Ealca Saftware}

LAKESIDE HOUSE, KINGSTON HILL, SURREY KT2 70T TEL 01-546-7256

\section*{MICRD}

\section*{your}

\title{
specialist
}

\section*{ALL MICRO COMPUTERS - SOFTWARE \& PERIPHERALS - INCLUDING ORIC SINCLAIR - TEXAS - LYNX COMMODORE \& MANY MORE !}


Please Contact:
MICRO-X LIMITED
5 COVERDALE ROAD.
BRONDESBURY, LONDON NW2 4DB
TELEPHONE: 01-459 1089
TELEX: 295931 UNICOM 9

\section*{COMPUTER PERIPHERALS AT COMPEITITVE PRICES}

\section*{BBC WORDPROCESSING SYSTEM £1,075}

\section*{BBC MODEL B, DISK DRIVE 100K/200K + LEAD, UTLLITY DISK,}

JUKI 6100 DAISYWHEEL PRINTER + LEAD, WDRDWIZE PROCESSOR
ALL ITEMS SOLD SEPARATELY. DELIVERY FREE IN LDNDON AREA
MONITORS SUITABLE FOR BBC COMPUTERS DISK DRIVES
Green Screen \(12^{\prime \prime}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & OISK ORIVE \\
\hline £80 &  \\
\hline & 200K/400K .......¢2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

DOT MATRIX PRINTERS
Seikosha GP-100 (Vic 20)
Epson FX80.
\(£ 199\)
\(£ 410\)
WORD PROCESSING PRINTER

Epson RX80
Qume \(9 / 45\), RO-FF
TEC Starwiter \(F\)
TEC 1550 P (Paralle)
£565
\(10-40 \mathrm{cps}\)
AND MAKES AVAILABLE

\section*{BASF FLOPPY DISKS}

10 S-Sided/S-Density
OTHER BASF MEDIA
10 S -Sided/D-Density 10 D-Sided/D-Density
£22 Computer Tape
£24 Disk Cartridges

\section*{DENNISON HIGH QUALITY DISKS}
\(105.25^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{S}\) D/D ......£28 10 8" \(^{\text {" S/S S/D...........£28 Fuur }}\) \(105.25^{\prime \prime}\) D/S D/D .......£38 10 8' \(^{\prime \prime}\) S/S D/D............ 33 Guarantee FREE LIBRARY CASE SUPPLIED WITH EVERY 10 DENNISON DISKS
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
LOCKABLE CASES & NEW FROM FRANCE & otreas \\
\(5.255^{\prime \prime} 40\) Cap ....... 15.50 & \(5.25^{\prime \prime} 100\) Cap...... \(£ 15.95\) & AVALIABL
\end{tabular}

\section*{BUSINESS FORMS}

SALES LEDGER, PURCHASE LEDGER, INVOICES, PAYROLL, ETC AVAILABLE FOR MOST SOFTWARE \& HARDWARE
all sizes of listing paper plain or green lined supplied

FULL BACK-UP
SERVICE
available

FREE PRICE LIST SENT ON REQUEST Telephone: 01-998 3700

All prices are exclusive of delivery and VAT т.F.h.DESIGNS

109 HIGHVIEW ROAD, EALING, LONDON W13 OHL

ARAB RAM, the ingenious Saudi invention that converts your பir딜ir ZX81 into the First Arabic
Personal Computer in the world.

Do not miss this opportunity send your cheque now.


RAMEZ HALABY \& CO.
P.O. BOX: 147, JEDDAH, SAUDI ARABIA
TEL: 660-4212
TELEX: 402276 AUTORAM SJ CABLE: AUTORAM JEDDAH


\title{
YOU WIL NEVER AGAIN HAVE TO WASTE TIME WAITING FOR YOUR PRIITIER.
}

\section*{MICROBUFFER ALLOWS YOU TO PRINT AND PROCESS SIMULTANEOUSLY.}

Microbuffer will instantly increase your efficiency - and eliminate the frustration of waiting for your slowpoke printer.

Now you can simply dump your printing data directly to Microbuffer and continue processing. Microbuffer accepts the data as fast as your computer can send. It stores the data in its own memory buffer, then takes control of your printer.

\section*{THERE IS A MICROBUFFER FOR ANY COMPUTER/PRINTER COMBINATION.}

Whatever your system, there is a specific Microbuffer designed to accommodate it.


FOR APPLE II COMPUTERS,
Microbuffer II features on-board firmware for text formatting and advanced graphics dump routines. Both serial and parallel versions
have a power-efficient lowconsumption design. Special functions include Basic listing formatter, self-test, buffer zap, and transparent and maintain modes: The 16 K model is priced at \(\$ 259\) and the 32K, at \(\$ 299\).


FOR EPSON PRINTERS, Microbuffer/E comes in two serial versions 8 K or 16 K (upgradable to 32 K ) and two parallel versions -16 K or 32 K (upgradable to 64 K ). The serial buffer supports both hardware handshaking and XON-XOFF software handshaking at baud f rates up to 19,200. Both interfaces are compatible with standard Epson commands, including GRAFTRAX-80 and GRAFTRAX-80 + . Prices range from \(\$ 159\) to \(\$ 279\).


ALL OTHER COMPUTER/PRINTER COMBINATIONS are served by the stand-alone Microbuffer In-line.

The serial stand-alone will support different input and output baud rates and different handshake protocol. Both serial and parallel versions are available in a 32 K model at \(\$ 299\) or 64 K for \(\$ 349\). Either can be user-upgraded to a total of 256 K with 64 K add-ons - just \$179 each.

\section*{SIMPLE TO INSTALL.}

Microbuffer II is slot-independent. It slips directly inside the Apple II in any slot except zero.

Microbuffer/E mounts easily inside the existing auxiliary slot directly inside the Epson printer.

The stand-alone Microbuffer is installed in-line between virtually any computer and any printer.

\section*{MICROBUFFER FROM PRACTICAL PERIPHERALS.}

So what are you waiting for? Write to us for more information or ask your dealer for a demonstration.

When you see how much freedom Microbuffer will allow, you'll understand why it's so silly
to be without one.

\section*{THE CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD?}

\author{
apple II compatible 48K \\ Numeric Keypad Upper/Lower case
}


\title{
RAM \\ II\(£ 250\) INC. FREIGHT TO LONDON
}

\section*{MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE}


DISK DRIVES.......... \(£ 159\)
CARDS FROM .......... £25
JOYSTICK................... £8
FAN ........................... £15
SOFTWARE ETC ETC


PO Box 147, Jeddah
Saudi Arabia Tel. 6604212 Telex 402276 AUTORAM SJ

UK INFORMATION CENTRE
01-724 0201
0923771306

\title{
nin \\ IHEM MERCUAYY CDMPUTER TRAENET
} If you are looking for Micro Computer Training here are just four good reasc for choosing Mercury.

With over 2,500 sq. feet of space devoted to Micro Computer training the centre at Horsforth, Leeds, is one of the major training centres in the North of England. The facilities at our centre are also available for seminars, product launches etc. and full use of video, O.H.P. and other visual aids equipment can be included in the hire charge.

1. Courses are run regularly - no need to wait for training. Introductory courses are available as well dedicated training courses.
2. The training centre has a range of computers covering all the major application software. MS - I PC - DOS, C/PM, Apple DOS.
3. Mercury are recogniser some of the major hardwa manufacturers and softwa houses in the U.K. course: be machine specific of gel depending on the package 4. Our on-site training ser can provide additional trai if necessary. II can't come to 1 training centre we can come it you!

For further details, contact: Jeff Turner, Mercury Computer Training Lid, 28a Manor Row, Bradford BD1 4QU Telephone (0274) 728964.


WHITFORD GROUP
OF COMPANIES Praining by Professional People

\section*{COURSE DATES DECEMBER 1983 — JANUARY 1984}

\section*{DECEMBER 1983}

ACCOUNTS ON MICROS (SEMINAR) -Thursday 1st Thursday 15th
APPLE III OPERATING SYSTEM PC-DOS OPERATING SYSTEM C/PM OPERATING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MODELLING
-Thursday 8th Monday 19th
-Friday 9th
-Friday 9th
- Monday 5th - Wednesday 7th Monday 19th - Wednesday 21st Tuesday 20th - Thursday 22nd

WORD PROCESSING - Thursday 1st-Friday 2nd
- Monday 5th - Wednesday 7th
-Tuesday 13th - Thursday 15th
-Wednesday 14th - Friday 16th

\section*{JANUARY 1984}
- Thursday 5th Monday 16th Monday 30th
- Tuesday 10th Thursday 26th
- Monday 16th - Wednesday 18th Wednesday 18th - Friday 20th
- Monday 9th Wednesday 18th

WORD PROCESSING - Monday 9th - Wednesday 11th
- Wednesday 11th - Friday 13th
- Monday 23rd - Wednesday 25th
- Wednesday 25th - Friday 27th
- Monday 30th - Tuesday 31st

PC-DOS OPERATING SYSTEM
 computing needs. Send for our new price list.
\begin{tabular}{l|c|c|c}
\hline & Verbatim & Wabash & BASF \\
\hline SSSD & MD 525 £17.95 & \(£ 15.00\) & \(£ 14.25\) \\
SSDD 40 trock & MD 525 £17.95 & \(£ 18.50\) & \(£ 18.50\) \\
DSDD & MD550 £23.94 & \(£ 22.25\) & \(£ 22.25\) \\
SSDD 80 track & MD 577 £25.95 & \(£ 24.00\) & \\
DDSD & MD 557 £33.05 & £26.00 & \\
& with hub rinq & wih hub ring & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Add \(£ 1.35\) for plastic box
- Prolessional ribtons

Microline
Seikosho GPI 0
Epson M×80
Centrontics zip pack
Centrontcs ZIp pack £2.69

\section*{- Paper}

New mini packs for the small user
\(100011 \times 91 / 2 £ 8.36\)
\(100012 \times 91 / 48.67\)
- Disk storage

Egly holds 10 £2.00
Flip top tolds 30 £ 4.35
Flip top tolds 70 £22 40 lockoble
Flip top holds 70 £ 32.35 lockable \(8^{\circ}\)

\section*{- Cossentes (C12)}

Manufoctured especially for micros Bulk tested Error free operation.
5.32 No more dropouts.

K5. 75 per 10
- Lobels iractor feed
\(31 / 2 \times 11\) across £4.50 £4.00 \(31 / 2 \times 12\) ocross \(£ 4.36 \quad £ 3.90\) Price per 1000 labels
- Verbatim head cleaning kits Now anyone con clean disk neads sately and quicky. No messy fluids. Cleoning kits \(£ 6.25\) Extro Disks (10) \(£ 11.50\). Specity \(51 / 4\) or 8

\section*{JK Posloge and Packing}

Disks/Cosselles \(£ 095\) each poch Paper/ladets ( 1000 ) \&2 60 each box Cleoning kit \(£ 050\) each Ribbons \(£ 035\) each Lubran coses (Egly) £0 50 ench Library cases (Egly)
Flip tops £2 60 eoch

Add 15\% to tatal price

Cheques/postol orders to Poesword Electronics Lid 62 Nomonay SI Alton Honts Gu34 105 Tel 0420 86977

FREEPOST
ALTON
hants GU34 IBR

\section*{NEW \\ IMAGE PROCESSING WITH THE BBC MICRO}

Unbeatable value at \(£ 465\) inc VAT and delivery
Unit includes all of the following:
\(\star\) Monochrome television camera
* Real time frame capture
\(\star\) Intelligent frame store
\(\star\) BBC interface
\(\star 128 \times 128\) picture elements \(\times 16\) shades of grey
* All functions software controlled (standard
routines are available)
All of the above in a single attractive case ready to plug into your BBC micro.
Images can be moved to the BBC's memory where all processing is performed. The processed image may then be sent back to the camera where it is reformatted into a normal TV video signal. (UHF modulator available if required).
* High quality, inexpensive monochrome or green monitors can be supplied.

Also available: High resolution framestores with interfaces for many computers and development services for customisation.

Examples: \(256 \times 256 \times 4\) bits
\(512 \times 512 \times 6\) bits \(/ 7\) bits
For your complete digital video/computer requirements ring \(0223314553 / 022361376 /\) Telex 81406
Seescan Devices, 25 Gwydir Street, Cambridge
SEESCAN DEVICES



ADVERTISERSINDEX



Let's deal with the home camp first, and then go on to extract the Michael from everybody else.

The PCWShow, as always, had its little ups and downs, frompeople with something to moan about to people moaning because they hadn't anything to moanabout.

Acorn's stand featured what were, it transpired, eight econetted Beebs running eight screensdisplaying the words 'Acorn Computers' followed by a squad of PacMen scrolling sideways from one screen to another. Yes-it lookslike the Econet's working at last. A Beebquartetalsomade its presence known -and over \(£ 1500\) worth of speakers, so theyshould . . . ACT demonstrated the super-friendly disk-copying systemon the Apricot. None of your inscrutable 'source disk in drive A:'there, mate. No-it's all'right and left' now. In spite of all this coddling, a member of ACT's show team twice managed to make a perfect copy of a blank disk onto what was the system master And, lo and behold, a staff member of a Certain Other Micro magazine was spotted Benchmarking the Memotech MTX machine. The Benchmarks, astute readers will have guessed, were none other than ourown . . .American software giant Softsel was giving away softsoles to visitors to their stand. These soggy insoles were a charitable gesture on behalf of Softsel to ease the weary feet of their long trampover the hard floors of the Barbican Centre. What was
not considered was F.O. (foot odour). We leave it up to the imagination what a couple of thousand sweaty folk all wearinglatex-rubberinsoles in their shoes did for the atmosphere

Does anybody remember (or use) a household cleaning fluid called 'Vigor’? Anyone who has been around long enough will remember when the stuff first went on the market complete with a commercial about a 'Mum'sarmy'. The commercial, needlesstosay, put forward the idea that Vigor's as good as a whole army of mums forcleaning up dirty floors. (What about Dad's army?-Ed.) Well, the mums have got their own back now. Ampalsoft of Cheshire is a small company made up principally of a group of housewives who've realised the potential of education software forkids. Their software series, for the Dragon 32 will be on sale soon. BBC and Oric programs follow before long. If you're a woman, it should make you feel a little encouraged. If you're a man, we wonder if you're feeling threatened. Anyway, we'd like tosay 'Well done!' in true Henry Root style. There's far too much sexism, agism, sizism, languagism and all sorts of otherisms in this
business
And now, the item you've all been waiting for. Computer Jargon. To be published by Harper and Row in December is the Hacher's Dictionary; a perfect Xmas presentfor an obnoxious computer brat. It's the ideal companion for
someone who'd like to be able
to talk to IBM mainframe programmersin their own language - youknow, like saying 'Chip Chat is a really cuspy article. It always grok it but I'm a bit too gronked to readit this month' . . . While on this del icate subject, here's a tip for those who play the foreign exchange market. Sell your fillers and forints now. Better then computerish, eh? It transpires that a European manufacturer using Hungarian CP/M-86 experts has agreed to pay them at the rate of a micro a month per man. An award was given to the designer of a suitable paypacket

We receive distressing information that the Environment Secretary has gone mad. On the 14th of September he was seen in Aztec West, a new industrial park nearBristol, setting ducks free onto a pond in this park (why did he not set Aztecs free there, we ask?). This is apparently so that the ducks will settle down and harmonise with the factories and have a jolly good time playing about in all that nice industrial waste. We think the Government will be pressing employers into giving equal employment opportunities to ducks as well, sometime in the future.

More now on the Epson saga. Regular readers of this column will rememberour reporting that an Epson HX-20 was to be used to help predict the winner in the ludicrous 'Ultra-Quiz'. Havingmanaged to get it right (more than most humans could do) up to the semi-final, the computer blundered right at the last moment, finally
predicting that the eventual runner-up would win. It just goes to show that computers always go wrong just when yo need'em most

Apple is onto bickering ove its trademark in a big way. In fact, it seems to employ someone full-time just to seek out offending users of the wori 'apple' for anykind of commercial or publicuse. A gentleman by the name of Michael Augustine runs a com puternetwork in California fo antiquedealers, called the 'Apple Pie Computerised Antique Marketing Service'. He received aletter in August from Apple, demanding that his trading name be withdrawr because it is 'trademark infringement'. Bearin mind that Apple Computer has to pay a royalty to the Beatles, who own the Apple record company-in existence long before Apple Computer. Bear in mind also that Mike
Augustine ran an antique shop under the name 'Apple Pie Antiques' in Santa Cruz in 1970 and has no more to do with computers than putting them \(t\) e use in his business. Who is infringing who, we ask? And why is Apple so paranoid aboui its silly little trademark anyway? Ripoff computers, direct trademark mimicsfine. But it represents a gross waste of time and resources tha Apple is arrogant enough to go swaggering around telling other companies in other lines of business not to use a commor English word. It'll be ' \(A\) is for Aardvark'in ourschools befon longif Apple has anything to do, withit . . . Incidentally, The Times recently carried an ad headed 'New Zealand Apples' -an ad promising great experiences to those taking holidaysin NZ. Could it be that Apple will be upset about this too? And how does it feel about New York being the 'Big Apple'-perhapsit thinks it was named after the Apple.

\section*{BLUDNERS}

Programs) contained two errors. Firstly, CTRL-Eplaces into the paste buffer only the indicatedline. To save more than one line, you will have to insert continuation marks as describedin the NewBrain manual pp13/14. Secondly, SHIFT and the up-arrow are
used to switch on italics, SHIFT and ESCape to switch off.

Our eagle-eyed features editor spotted two bludners in the New Brain Renumber program in this issue. Line 50220 should read: 50220 IF te \(<133\) OR te \(>167\) GOTO50260

\section*{The National Sofitware Shows}


SEPTEMBER 5-7, 1984
CONVENTION CENTER
ANAHEIM
CALIFORNIA

Getting the Edge on Tomorrow - \(\quad\) •

Exclusively for the trade. no consumers allowed - •

Software and directly related products only
First international software-only shows for the trade
- \(~\) •

Informative conference sessions not sales pitches
- \(\quad\).

The events where the best unveil the newest
- \(\quad\).

All conferences and exhibits under one roof - •

Refreshing atmosphere conducive to doing business - \(\quad\) -

Opportunities for one-on-one demonstrations - \(\quad\) -

Join your peers and be part of the vision - \(\quad\) -

Exhibitor and conference enrollment is limited. call today! - \(\quad\) -

Produced by Raging Bear Productions, Inc.,
creators of well-programmed, exhibitor-friendly, softwarefocused events.

\section*{ertcing rant \\ 21 Tamal Vista Drive, Suite 175,} Corte Madera, CA 94925
In California, call 415-924-1194.
Elsewhere, call 800-732-2300 toll free.

The staff at Personal Computers Limited would like to wish all their customers, friends and mice, a very merry Chrisimas and a prosperous New Year.


218 \& 220/226 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4JS Tel. 01-377 1200
```


[^0]:    Company
    

    Phone No
    Name Position
    Requirement

[^1]:    Founder Angelo Zgorelec Editor Jane Bird Features Editor Jerry Sanders Production Editor Ginny Conran Programs Editor Surya Supplements Editor Margaret Spooner Home Computing Editor Tony Hetherington Business Computing Editor Peter Bright Consultant Editors David Tebbutt, Dick Pountain Features Contributor Maggie Burton Editorial Secretary Tracy Dear Art Editor Peter Green Assistant Art Editor Paul Ballard Typesetters Meadway Graphics 198 Victoria Road Romford Essex Publisher John Cade Publishing Manager Helena Sturridge Assistant Publishing Manager Sue Holliday Group Advertisement Manager Mike Carroll Advertisement Manager Peter Goldstein Assistant Advertisement Manager Matthew Parrott Sales Executives Phil Pratt, Gaye Collins, Joe Harrower, Clare Rowbotom, Gaynor Harris, Nicky Start, Robert Stallibrass Advertisement Assistant Tracey Collins Group Production Manager Laura Cade Advertisement Production Tony Keefe Production Assistant Jeska Harrington

[^2]:    TJ's WORKSHOP
    227
    Jamboree bag of readers' hints and tips

[^3]:    Subscription Enquiries Stuart Cruickshank Subscription Rates UK: $£ 12.50$, Overseas $£ 27.50$ Subscription and mail order address 53 Frith Street, London W1A 2HG, tel: 01-439 4242 telex 23918 VNUG (C) Computing Publications Lid. 1983. Editorial and advertising address 62 Oxford Street, London W1A 2HG, tel: 01-636 6890 . No material may be reproduced in whole or in part without written consent from the copyright holders. Printed by Chase Web Offset, St A ustell, Cornwall. Distributed by Seymour Press, 334 Brixton Road, London SW9, tel: 01 -733 4444.

[^4]:    The following names are trademarks of the following companies: ATI Training Power, of American Training International; CP/M, of Digital Research; PC-DOS, of IBM; WordStar, of Micropro; Benchmark, of Metasoft; EasyWriter, EasyFiler, and EasyPlanner, of Information Unlimited Software; MS-DOS, and Multiplan, of Microsoft; dBASE II, of Ashton-Tate; SuperCalc, of Sorcim; VisiCalc, of VisiCoro.; Microplan, of Chang Laboratories; Peach Calc, of Peachtree Software; ATI Tralning Power, Software Sampler, of American Training International; Spellbinder, of Lexisoft; Perfect Writer, and Perfect Calc, of Perfect Software; Lotus, of Lotus.

[^5]:    TORCH ZX80 DISC PACK - £730 + VAT
    FREE SOFTWARE - Perfect Writer O Perfect Speller O Periect Calc O Perfect Filer Micro General

[^6]:    To CK Computers, sole UK distributors of Kaypro.
    Please send me more details of the Kaypro range
    Name $\qquad$
    Company
    Address

    Tel. no:
    6 Devonia House, High Street, Worle, Weston-Super-Mare, Avon, U.K.
    Tel: Weston-Super-Mare (0934) 516246 Telex: 45786.
    CK. Computers Limited

[^7]:    Please send me further details of the NEC APC
    Name
    Company
    Address

[^8]:    *Offer lasts for limited period only and is subject to change without notice.

[^9]:    All the boards and components in the $80 \cdot$-BUS range are fully compatible and offer a very flexible and cost effective solution to your computer needs. For further information about the 80-BUS range contact your nearest MICROVALUE dealer.

[^10]:    Company
    Address

    Post Code $\qquad$ PCW 1

