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CIRCLE 18 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

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Cordless Wonder

For $89.95 the Mura cordless telephone sounds like a bargain. But wait until you hear about its many disadvantages.

It's about time. For years you've seen ads for cordless telephones selling for between three and four hundred dollars. Now through some very clever planning and a sprinkle of new technology, Mura Corporation has come up with a cordless telephone that sells for $89.95. However, it has major disadvantages that could totally discourage you from buying the system - but more on that later.

ONLY IN AMERICA

The Mura weighs only 12 ounces and measures 11/2" x 21/4" x 61/2". The system includes a base unit that plugs into your telephone jack. You carry your cordless telephone with you and when your phone rings, you press a button and answer. And you can talk to anyone as long as you remain within 400 feet of the base unit.

But wait. We mentioned that the phone had major disadvantages. And it does. But first, let's outline some of its major advantages.

Convenience You don't need an extension telephone. With the Pocket Phone you have an extension phone that you can take with you - in the bath, in the den, or in your garden of to your neighbors.

Intercom You can use the base unit to page the person holding the cordless telephone. For example, if you're in your office and someone outside has the unit, you can press a button on the base unit and buzz the portable phone just like an intercom. Simply by talking on the phone plugged into your base unit, you can talk with someone on the remote phone. It's ideal for home or factory use.

Price The cost of the Mura remote telephone is only $89.95. Compare this price not only with the cost of other $300 remote telephones but with conventional phones as well, and you can appreciate what a major breakthrough the Mura system represents. But there's more.

You can plug any conventional phone into the base unit and carry on a three-way conversation. You can answer a call at the base unit and signal the remote unit to pick up the line. You can cut out the remote phone from the base unit if you want to keep a conversation private.

TALK OF VALUE

You can carry the cordless telephone with you with its antenna collapsed and the battery on standby. When a call beeps your unit, you simply extend the antenna, turn the power on, and start to talk.

The unit is FCC approved for connection directly into your telephone line. If you don't have a four-pronged jack or a modular connector, simply call your telephone company. They'll promptly install a jack for you and the cost will be around $15 or less depending on your location.

NOW THE CATCH

We mentioned that there was a catch - a few major disadvantages that you, as the consumer, should know about before you consider purchasing this product. Here they are:

Forget About Dialing The new Mura Pocket Phone can't dial out. It only receives calls. To many people, this doesn't matter because 90% of remote phones are used to receive calls and not to place them. By eliminating the dial, Mura has cleverly saved consumers hundreds of dollars.

Forget About Steel Walls The Mura system won't penetrate them. This means that if you want to use your phone in a factory with metal walls, your unit won't work. But for most factories and practically all homes, the unit is ideal.

Forget About Snooping The unit has only a 400-foot range. At first this might seem awfully short, but nobody can snoop in on your conversations if that person is beyond this range, and 400 feet is more than enough for most applications. Most cordless telephones operate in the 27 megahertz range - the same frequency area used for citizen band radio.

The Mura cordless telephone was first introduced in fact, rather than install an extension phone, why not consider the Mura instead?

TRY IT FIRST

We suggest you try the Mura Cordless telephone system in your own home, office or factory. Use it for 30 days. Take the phone to your next door neighbor's house or with you to the bathroom while you take a shower or bath. Take it with you on your patio or balcony, or bring it in your garden as you work. Use it in your factory as an intercom or in your office as a remote telephone.

After you've given it a thorough test, then decide if you want to keep it. If not, no problem. Simply return your system for a prompt and courteous refund including your $3.50 postage and handling. You can't lose.

HERE'S THE WAY

To order your unit for a 30-day test, simply send your check for $89.95 plus $3.50 postage and handling to JS&A Group, Inc., One JS&A Plaza, Northbrook, Illinois 60062. (Illinois residents please add 5% sales tax.) Credit card buyers, call our toll-free number below. We'll send your base unit, cordless telephone, rechargeable batteries, recharge, complete instructions, our 90-day limited warranty, and the address of the closest Mura Service Center or service-by-mail station.

Your unit is backed by Mura Corporation, a 17-year old company famous for their microphones, headsets, and other audio products. JS&A is America's largest single source of space-age products - further assurance that your modest investment is well-protected.

Very often when a product's disadvantages aren't made clear to the consumer, that product ends up being a disappointment. By explaining the major disadvantages of the Mura cordless telephone, not only are we avoiding a possible disappointment, we're proving just how great a product it really is. Order a Mura cordless telephone at no obligation today.
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CIRCLE 13 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

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ON THE COVER

Featured on our newly designed cover is OK Machine and Tool Corporation's Just Wrap tool shown being used to wire wrap a prototype board. Also shown is Vector Electronics P183 forming and cutting tool.

Wire-wrap construction has many advantages over printed circuit boards for prototype construction. However, there are also several disadvantages. To find out how to overcome many of these disadvantages and how to make your wire-wrap projects faster, easier and sturdier, turn to page 46.

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MARCH 1980 Vol. 51 No. 3


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RCA's videodisc: RCA will have its capacitance videodisc system in nationwide distribution in the first quarter of 1981, after shipping demonstration players and discs to its distributors in December 1980. After nearly 15 years of development, the company revealed its plans to distributors and the public. President Edgar Griffiths said that the first players will sell for less than $500 each "in 1981 dollars" and discs of motion pictures and other entertainment will be $15 to $20 each. He said RCA hopes to have 200,000 players in distribution in 1981 and forecast that videodisc players would reach 30- to 50% penetration of color TV homes in 10 years, with disc sales of 200 to 250 million in the tenth year. Griffith revealed that the disc system "represents the largest single investment in a consumer product in RCA's history."

Some disappointment was expressed by hi-fi dealers on learning that the first player model would not be equipped for stereophonic sound and, in fact, wouldn't even have a jack for use with home stereo systems. RCA officials said that later, step-up models and some future discs would play in stereo, but that the first units were designed for use with the 140-million television sets that all have monophonic sound. Future models will feature freeze-frame, slow-motion, reverse, and other special effects.

RCA announced its videodisc plans virtually on the first anniversary of the start of marketing of the Philips/MCA optical videodisc system in the U.S. The Magnavision player is produced by Magnavox (a subsidiary of Dutch Philips) and the discs are made by DiscoVision Associates, a joint subsidiary of MCA and IBM, and marketed by MCA. The deluxe Magnavision player features all the special effects that are only in RCA SelectaVision's future, but both players and discs were plagued by low production. It's estimated that only about 5000 players were sold in the three markets (Atlanta, Seattle-Tacoma and Dallas) where they were on sale. The player sells for $775 and movie discs for $16 and $25, with shorter discs at lower prices.

Universal Pioneer, a Japan-based company owned jointly by Pioneer Electronics, MCA, and IBM, has supplied more than 10,000 microprocessor-based industrial videodisc players to General Motors. They are compatible with Magnavision players and can play standard DiscoVision discs, as well as more sophisticated programmed and indexed discs for use in automobile showrooms and for personnel training. U.S. Pioneer, the audio-equipment company, plans to have its own consumer optical disc player—also compatible with Magnavision—on the American market at about midyear at under $1,000.

Other Japanese manufacturers haven't revealed their home videodisc plans, but have experimented with different approaches. Many have taken out licenses for either the RCA or the Philips/MCA approach or both, or have developed their own non-compatible systems. Sony will produce an optical player to the Philips/MCA standards, but only for the industrial market—at least at first—and it says it hasn't decided which approach to use for the consumer market. The Matsushita organization has demonstrated two different systems, both of them incompatible with either of the two systems on the U.S. market, and says that either one could be put into production quickly. Its subsidiary, JVC, has a grooveless capacitance system which is capable of all the special effects attainable in the Philips/MCA optical system, while Matsushita Electric has demonstrated a grooved mechanical technique designed as a low-cost competitor to RCA's SelectaVision. Thomson-CSF of France sells an optical system, incompatible with all others, on the industrial-institutional market.

Better audio for video: The year's big "feature" in the new television set lines is sound. In the 1980 models now available, high-end sets take advantage of the full-frequency sound now being transmitted by the networks. Two manufacturers, by coincidence, adopted the same name for their new sound systems—Magnavox with "Super Sound" and Sylvania with "Supersound." Magnavox's top-of-the-line sets have 12-watt amplifiers, three-way speakers and separate bass and treble controls. Other Magnavox sets feature increased amplifier power, better speakers and improved frequency response. Some have tone controls, others "voice/music" switches. Sylvania's top-end consoles have separate eight-watt amplifiers, two-way speakers, separate bass and treble controls and a high filter switch to eliminate noise from program sources such as old movies. RCA's approach, called "Dual Dimension Sound," is quite different. It's used in some 19- and 25-inch models that have speakers on both sides of the screen, and simulates stereo. The speaker on one side carries low, and high frequencies, while the other speaker has mid-low and mid-high frequencies, giving a spatial effect.

In other new-set developments, RCA introduced a "Dynamic Detail Processor System" incorporating a new comb-filter CCD IC, increasing picture resolution. Magnavox's Computer Color 330, now in 75% of its line, uses a glass delay line to accomplish the same effect. RCA also introduced a 19-inch set with pushbutton "Autoprogrammer," on which seven days of programming can be set up in advance via a keyboard panel. Magnavox features an MPU keyboard tuning system that eliminates all fine-tuning and can receive mid-band cable TV channels without a converter box.

De-ghosting: Broadcast television's major bugaboo, the ghost, is under all-out attack through a variety of exorcizing programs. Some stations are now adopting circular polarization, that cuts down ghosts on rabbit-ears and can help eliminate ghosts for outside-antenna installations, too—but special outdoor antennas must still be used. TDK and others have developed ferrite-concrete coating materials that make tall buildings virtually "invisible" to TV signals by absorption—but that is a very expensive process. In Japan and the U.S., many firms are working on electronic de-ghosting systems. GTE Labs has demonstrated one which uses the LSI equivalent of 20,000 transistors. It indentifies the first ghost as identical to the primary signal, notes the magnitude of the signals and the distance apart. It then produces a signal equivalent to that of the ghost but of opposite polarity. That generated "ghost" cancels out the original, undesired ghost. The same function is accomplished many times in a transversal filter, to suppress multiple echoes.

DAVID LACHENBRUCH
CONTRIBUTING EDITOR
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<td>ASCII/Numeric Keyboard—Same as VP-601 plus 16 key numeric keypad</td>
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<td>VP-620</td>
<td>Cable: Connects ASCII keyboards to VIP</td>
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<td>TTY BASIC ROM Board—BASIC code stored in 4K of ROM</td>
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CIRCLE 9 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
Automotive manufacturers see day of electronics arriving

The long-predicted day of the takeover by electronics in the auto industry has finally arrived, according to analysts of The New York Times. After electronic ignition became pretty much standard, there was a pause, during which there was little further application of electronics in the automotive field. Now, according to Peter J. Schuyten of the Times, "tiny microprocessor-based systems are overseeing such vital engine functions as exhaust-gas recirculation and air-fuel ratios. Integrated circuits are being incorporated in door-lock assemblies, on the dashboard and in automotive entertainment systems."

This sudden surge, says the Times, could—with the imminent addition of such functions as transmission control and electronic braking—mean a market of nearly $4 billion by 1990. This sudden "windfall" may be as much a problem as an opportunity for the semiconductor industry. Increasing markets in other fields are already taking up practically the full capacity of the semiconductor plants, and a surge of orders from Detroit is likely to prove embarrassing. The automakers may well have to turn their attention abroad. Ford is already buying circuit chips from Toshiba, and General Motors is said to have signed contracts with several European suppliers. (R-E readers have known about this for years; about time everyone else "discovered" it. —Editor)

Report from Germany—IC's, new uses for TV, up

The use of transistors in German TV sets has dropped off sharply, members of the international press were told at a conference arranged by the International Radio and TV Exhibition 1979 at Berlin. Conversely, the number of integrated circuits is rising. The discrete components are being replaced by IC's. Production of TV receivers is also rising sharply—almost doubling in the past four years.

Electronic methods have almost completely superseded mechanical devices in the tuning circuits, and selection of 12 to 30 stations is standard. Remote control, a regular feature in color sets, began in 1977 to shift from ultrasonic to infra-red devices, and the microprocessor took over part of the process of station selection.

The first experiments with stereo television sound and dual-language sound are being carried out in West Germany. (In dual-language sound, the two stereo channels carry different languages instead of stereo—a re-broadcast American show may have English on one channel and a German translation on the other.) With the prices of electronic memories dropping drastically, it is expected that such uses as Teletext and Viewdata, as well as intelligent games, will tend to become universal. Field trials of Viewdata by the German Post Office, and of Teletext by the broadcasting authorities, are due to commence in 1980; satellite television is presently expected to reach the experimental stage by 1983.

U. S. ambitions meet setback at Geneva WARC sessions

United States efforts at the World Administrative Radio Conference (WARC) to expand its allocations of the world's broadcast frequencies, to increase its share of the spectrum for governmental and scientific use, and to meet the growing demands of the exploding communications activity were largely unsuccessful. Opposition to the United States proposals came largely from the underdeveloped Third World nations. Those countries had been given scanty allocations at former conferences (which are held roughly every 20 years). Many of them were in fact colonies of the larger Powers when some of the earlier conferences were held.

The United States delegation held that the airwaves should be made available to the countries now most in need of them, rather than allocated to nations who have no present capability of using them. The small-nation approach is that if they do not do something to get a share of the frequencies immediately it will soon be too late even to try.

Armando Vargas of Costa Rica, a prominent proponent of the Third-World view that was forwarded vigorously by a 12-nation Latin American coalition, gives much credit to the instruction and counsel given the coalition by American and British public-interest organizations. They offered their support, Mr. Vargas said, because the interests of the developing nations are similar to those supported by public-interest groups in the industrialized ones.

"We both want to see the frequencies used for the types of satellites that provide inexpensive social services—education for people in remote areas or health and agricultural consultations," said Mr. Varga. "The industrial countries are interested in huge satellites for widespread communications, which small countries can't afford."

Ralph Jennings, deputy director of the United Church of Christ's Office of Communications, set forth a parallel but somewhat different approach: "With us, the issue is an ethical one. It is in the long-range interest of our own country to recognize that the undeveloped nations have legitimate rights to the airwaves. They don't want to be left way behind in the next century."

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS of the new Ford V-8 engine used in the 1980 Lincoln Continental and Mark VI. No less than six of these are sensors of the various engine conditions, information from which is used to control the electronic fuel injection and other functions to limit emissions while promoting fuel economy. Electronic components are also used to control the entertainment apparatus, remote-control the CB equipment, and even to open the doors.
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The satellite TV pioneer

Those who have been following the series of articles in Radio-Electronics describing the challenges offered in establishing your own private satellite TV earth station know well that the excitement attached to this project is almost uncontrollable. The combination of high-quality programming, great diversity of channels, and being involved in man’s conquest of our near-space environment is an unbeatable combination.

For the pioneer, these are trying times. Less than one year ago you couldn’t find any information about satellite reception and what you did find was more often than not written for then-practitioners of “the art.” The neophyte, desirous of learning the basics from the ground up, was hard pressed to locate starting data. Now there is plenty of information available. Much of it describes work done on a custom basis by talented pioneers who are more intent on making their own first terminals sit up and operate than in providing how-to-do-it data for others with less experience in microwave system design and operation.

Plainly what is needed more than anything else at the moment is a handful of dedicated sources for the specialized circuit boards and microwave-family component parts that a private satellite terminal requires. It would appear that within the next 60 to 90 days several such sources may develop and begin shipping parts kits and circuit boards on demand, in quantity. We intend to watch the development of this very carefully and we will keep you advised monthly, as circuit boards and parts kits become available. Those who have products in these areas should in turn see that we know about your products as rapidly as possible, recognizing that there is a 60-75 day delay between your telling us about such equipment and our first opportunity to discuss it here in this monthly news column.

Licensing Deregulation

As most readers are undoubtedly now aware, on October 18, 1979 the FCC determined that builders of satellite TV terminals are no longer required to obtain an FCC license to construct their terminals. Before that ruling, every cable-system constructor of a satellite terminal was supposed to go through a lengthy (and expensive) license-application process. Most private (i.e., non-commercial) terminal builders were ignoring that rule. The Commission, perhaps mindful of the difficulty presented in tracking down “unlicensed receive stations,” simply decided to eliminate the requirement; now you may build your terminal without any type of federal license.

However, both the FCC and the satellite program operators maintain that while you may build a terminal without a license, you may not watch anything with it (i) unless you have the written authority of the programmers using the satellite. The FCC states that, because all satellites are licensed in a special type of service called fixed point-to-point common carrier, and the downlink transmission band is in turn “fixed” by international agreements for non-broadcasting use, none of the present-generation satellites may engage in broadcasting in the sense that people are free to simply tune in their transmissions. That issue will undoubtedly end up in the courts. For now the simplest way to “stay clean” is to obtain a letter of authorization from at least one satellite-programming source that approves your tuning in that source’s programming transmitted via satellite. Several of the present satellite programmers have been authorizing individuals to receive their satellite transmissions without charging a fee for the programming. (Others grant authorizations, but only after requesting fees as high as $96 per year.) Here are four such services you can contact:

1. PTL (Praise The Lord), transponder 2, Fl. Mr. Gary Deans, PTL Satellite Network, Charlotte, NC 28279.
2. CBN (Christian Broadcasting Network), transponder 8, Fl. CBN, Inc., Pembroke Four, Virginia Beach, VA 23463.
3. KTN (Trinity Broadcasting Network), P.O. Box A, Santa Ana, CA 92711.
4. Satellite Magazine (Satellite Television Technology), P.O. Box G, Arcadia, OK 73007.

Since the FCC did away with the mandatory license requirement, a number of the satellite programmers have developed the attitude that they do not want private terminal viewers. Many cable-system operators feel uncomfortable with the prospect that, one day, home viewers will have access to satellite programming on their own without the cable system’s satellite receiving terminal as an inter-connection; and considerable pressure is being placed on the satellite programmers by the cable firms. That pressure translates to “Don’t authorize private viewers to watch your satellite service if you want the cable firms to subscribe to your service.” That aspect also is in an evolutionary state.

One proposal to remedy the situation that has come from Comsat, the U.S. company that represents U.S. interests in the worldwide INTELSAT network. Comsat is suggesting a special (new, not yet designed or launched) satellite that would offer up to six channels of direct-to-the-home satellite-delivered television for a monthly fee—a sort of cable service without the cable. The theory is that if people were offered six channels of high-quality satellite TV that was specifically designed for home viewing, the interest in pirating cable TV programs directly from the present satellites would fade away. Whether that proposal flies or not remains to be seen; as of now, the earliest date that such a service could become operational is five to six years ahead. For the present, then, the problems associated with the “cable-related programming” continue.

Scrambling

One proposed solution to insuring that only those receiving terminals authorized to receive transmissions may do so has been advanced by Home Box Office (HBO), which is carefully considering several technical proposals that will enable them to scramble (as in encode) their satellite transmissions. The technology for scrambling certainly exists. Unfortunately, anything that can be scrambled can also be descrambled; and to expect several thousand authorized reception terminals to stand guard over their descrambling boxes day and night may be too much to ask of anyone. Every scrambling technique advanced to date has one major drawback: It introduces some degradation to the picture even when properly descrambled. One of the big selling points for HBO and other premium (i.e., movie) services has been the high technical quality of their picture. To degrade that picture quality purposefully as a trade-off for security may make good technical sense, but would be a poor business decision. Again, we’ll watch this development and keep you advised. You should be aware that few (perhaps four or five) of the present satellite programmers have indicated any interest in scrambling their satellite signal; most recognize that the disadvantages (for now) far outweigh any benefits.

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Times Change

Over the past 50 years, Radio-Electronics has come to you in a package with several different labels. In July 1929, it was Radio-Craft (our first issue). In 1949, the name was changed to Radio-Electronics and was printed in a stencil typeface. In 1957 the name was not changed, but the typeface was. And that’s the way it stayed until this issue.

No! We have not changed the name, but we have given it a much more modern look—one that is inspired by the “electricity” in our industry. The change, the growth, the excitement.

The content has not been changed. It is still the firm in-depth editorial coverage that has made and kept Radio-Electronics your Number 1 Authority in this industry, and we intend to keep right on delivering that kind of information.

This month, for example, we show you how to build a low-noise amplifier for the front end of a Backyard Satellite TV receiver. There are some Nifty Wirewrap Hints; a story on how to Build Your Own Automotive Burglar Alarm; another on Using An IC PRAM; a look at Super Class-A Audio Amplifiers; and the first part of a feature on Speech Synthesizers. And that’s only part of what you can discover this issue.

It is this kind of solid editorial content that keeps you reading Radio-Electronics, and it is the kind of editorial content you will continue to find in our pages. When something new happens—like computers or satellite TV reception, we will be sure to bring it to you.

We would like your comments on our new look, even if you disagree with our choice. But we really hope that you’ll like it; obviously we do!

Larry Steckler
Editor

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MARCH 1980

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TECHNOLOGY

I read your editorial in the June 1979 Edition, and right on!

It's a very common opinion today that at some point technological improvement just stopped and no further innovation is necessary. We have a car that works. Stop. We have computers that work. Stop. Upon closer examination, however, we find that our cars don't work all the time and they don't last very long, either. Sure we have radios, but have we reached the full potential? The computers are marvellous, but can we direct them to more human type thinking? Are there other methods of approaching or perhaps improving the computer concept?

Inventors and designers know the potential and most realize that the process of innovation can almost be carried out to infinity. But more and more today, fewer people will listen. All the immediate needs have been satisfied. They may then shut off the switch on the flow of new ideas. It is ironic that the ones who are most likely to laugh at the new breakthroughs are often the most knowledgeable in the field. Has the credential of expertise also become the license to play God?

K. RHOTEN
Schererville, IN 46375

FOR THOSE WITH LIMITED VISION

A large proportion of persons called "blind" are not totally blind; they have limited vision that may reach the extent of 5 or 10%. Many such persons can read books and magazines with the aid of special lamps and magnifiers. "Limited vision" is a condition that can remain stable over many years, and may retin its stability for life.

A friend whose vision is thus limited asked me if I could obtain a digital calculator for her—one which has digits the size of those on her digital alarm clock. She can see the 0.6-to-0.7-inch digits of the clock, but not those of the small, hand-held calculators. I checked into the features of some so-called desk calculators and discovered that the digit size was generally 0.25-inch bright fluorescent or 0.375-inch not so bright. Years ago, there were calculators with large bright readouts, but they don't seem to be around any more.

I have toyed with the idea of taking an existing desk calculator that has large, easy-to-use keys and interfacing it to a large separate display. I discussed the project with several persons more knowledgeable than I in digital techniques, and they hemmed and hawed about source and sink drivers for 8 plus 1 digits, and 7 plus 1 segments with special power supplies, and tricky ground referencing. One chap suggested looking into National's selection of high-current driver chips that can be fed from the multiplexed main chip.

Among your readers and contributors, there must be someone who has encountered and tackled this sort of project. Perhaps there is an article in a magazine that I have overlooked; perhaps there is a product that has escaped me. I would appreciate hearing from someone who has the answer, or even helpful ideas. I know about the special "voice output" calculators that are available for the blind. So far, they are very expensive and are obtained through State subsidy in most cases. I look

continued on page 23
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I'll tell it to you straight. If you think electronics would make a nice hobby, check with other schools.

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MARCH 1980

21
When quality counts

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Today we have a much better source of monochromatic light. The laser is not only very stable, but outputs essentially only one coherent frequency, hence makes an excellent clock. We now have solid-state lasers the size of a grain of sand, which we can attach on the end of a string and swing this monochromatic light source or stable frequency back and forth. When the laser swings to a detector the detector gets a higher frequency or up Doppler as the source travels faster than the speed of light; but when the laser swings away from the detector, it gets down Doppler as the light arrives at the detector at less than the speed of light. Only at the extremes of swings does the detector get the same frequency as the laser always outputs. How? Because the speed of light is a constant only to the source and may not be a constant to all observers.

It has been 58 years since Einstein won the Nobel prize for the photoelectric effect. As yet, no one has ever even found one photon, let alone measure its velocity, as Dr. Mark implies is an easy thing to do. If Einstein had had precision-tuned electronic circuits, as most Radio-Electronics readers have, he could have explained the photoelectric effect with them. Each different atom represents a sharply tuned circuit of a different frequency, and will only emit electrons when it absorbs its own particular frequency to get sufficiently excited. Look up “postulate” in the dictionary. Einstein’s math is not science.

R-E

JOHN W. ECKLIN
Alexandria, VA
Radio Shack Road Patrol Radar Detector

One of the newest designs is the Road Patrol L.R. recently released from Radio Shack. Made for Radio Shack by a prominent manufacturer, the Road Patrol multiband detector is designed to respond to either X-or K-band signals. As with other similar devices, the Road Patrol extracts power from the cigarette lighter receptacle. A retractible coil cord keeps the power line snug. A universal mounting bracket is furnished with the detector, allowing for a variety of mounting schemes. A self-adhering pad (supplied) may be used to stick the detector and bracket assembly firmly to the windshield for greatest clearance. Alternately, the bracket may be stuck or screwed down to the top of the dash or to the hardware seal around the windshield. A set of adjustable screws permit the unit to be optimally tilted on its mount so that it faces directly forward for maximum range.

The housing is plastic with a non-glare rough black texture. There are two electronic adjustments, accessible from the front. The volume of the audible alarm may be set so that any triggering may be heard above ambient vehicle noise. A sensitivity control provides an approximate range-distance selection.

Accompanying the audible alarm, a flashing red panel light displays the warning, CHECK SPEED, when the detector is triggered. If it is likely that the owner would like to transfer the detector repeatedly between vehicles, extra mounting brackets are available at additional cost from Radio Shack.

A green LED pilot light indicates when the unit has been switched on. When first powered up, the unit will “beep” and flash the alarm light for a short stabilization period. After that, the unit may be adjusted for optimum performance. In a major metropolitan area, there are many stray RF signals which may cause false triggering of the sensitive device. That susceptibility is common to virtually all broadband Radar detectors; it is a fact of life. Fortunately, such false indications are usually erratic and are also short-lived.

When the Road Patrol detects an actual speed radar transmission, the audible pulsating tone and flashing red alarm light will recur repeatedly. That signal is unmistakable when compared to the occasional signals.

How it works.

A radar detector is simply a broadband, high-sensitivity RF-level detector. It has a...
tuned microwave horn antenna that is designed to pass signals in the X- and K- (several thousand megahertz) bands into a diode. The radio-frequency energy is then rectified into a voltage that actuates a delicately balanced alarm circuit. Obviously, a radar speed trap cannot be detected unless the radar is actually transmitting a signal. That is one way that law enforcement agencies can outwit the detectors. They may use short bursts of radar to monitor specific vehicles momentarily—hardly enough time for a radar detector to resolve whether the incoming signal is a random bit of RF interference, or whether it actually is a transmitted radar signal.

The range of a radar detector depends on a number of factors including its own sensitivity, the power-output level of the radar transmitter, the terrain on which the transmitter is being used, the amount of surrounding traffic, and the weather.

We were able to test the Road Patrol over a recent holiday weekend. On a trip to a local hamfest, we entered the city limits of Knoxville, Tennessee, and the little detector began to beep persistently. We couldn't turn the sensitivity low enough to keep it from frantically trying to tell us something. Instinctively, we slowed down, and looked analytically at the bushes, trees, grass—anything and everything. After about a half mile of super-cautious driving, there it was: an airport radar dish, sweeping the horizon.

Our return trip was more productive. A series of radar traffic-control points were definitely in operation in Western North Carolina, and the Road Patrol let us know every time we came near one with plenty of time to spare so we could slow down.

Are they legal?

The battle in the courtrooms still looms. Some recent landmark decisions have ruled in favor of the driver. Is the mere possession of a radio-receiving device proof that the owner is guilty of trying to evade the law? That this question is difficult to answer.

Some police agencies have attempted to locate strategically old radar transmitters that will produce false signals on major highways, causing detector owners to lose faith in the judgment of their detector devices. That action has been recently struck down by the FCC because of the interference the transmitters generate on the airwaves.

So far, only one technique has been proven 100% effective for avoiding speeding tickets: Just stay under 55 miles per hour! The Radio Shack Road Patrol radar detector sells for $199.95.

Rotatable TV RCA Mini-State Antenna

We are living in an age of rapidly increasing miniaturization. Watches, calculators, computers, and automobiles all reflect the trend. Now, RCA has joined the ranks of the miniaturizers with their new Mini-State compact UHF/VHF TV antenna.

Looking like a flying saucer, the 5MS440 Mini-State is mounted as high as possible, away from metallic masses. Internally, the 21-inch plastic housing encloses a motor-driven directional antenna array. A circular styrofoam form provides support for a UHF Yagi and a terminated, tuned VHF loop. The VHF loop is continued on page 26

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amplified by a single-transistor integral preamplifier, while the UHF signal is coupled directly to the downlead.

RCA supplies a 60-foot length of prefabricated coaxial/control cable. The RG-59 coaxial cable is terminated at each end with an F-type connector, compatible for hookup both to the antenna and the power-supply unit below. The three-wire control cable is connected to screw terminals for motor drive control.

Assembly is easy. A screwdriver locks down the control cable leads, and the prefired coaxial cable screws on to the F connectors. Directions are excellent and easy to follow.

The manufacturer suggests that the radome be mounted as high as possible, free and clear of metallic obstructions. That is always a good practice for any antenna.

The rotatable system is activated by a hand-held remote-control unit. Colorful back-lighted compass points are illuminated successively as the thumb control is depressed, signaling that the internal antenna is being rotated through its azimuth.

Mounting is provided by a stainless steel mast-mounting bracket. A set of spider legs is also included for setting the radome on a flat surface such as a closet shelf or attic floor.

Optional accessories available include a variety of mounting masts. An offset pipe facilitates the otherwise awkward case of side mounting on a wall. A rod-mounting tripod is also available.

The antenna system is powered from 120 VAC. A dual power model (includes 12 VDC) is available as the 5MS50. It is useful for portable applications, such as recreational vehicles and boats. Aside from the power supplies, the two systems are identical.

Excellent literature accompanies the Mini-State antenna system. The owner's manual includes a complete circuit diagram, as well as a supply of operational and installation hints.

We compared the Mini-State to a rooftop-mounted Radio Shack V-110 log periodic dipole array. Both antennas were clear of surrounding obstructions, even though the Mini-State was mounted about four feet higher than the V-110.

Geographically, the test area was deep fringe. Since the Mini-State is advertised as useful in metropolitan and near suburban applications, we didn't expect it to perform as well as the large log-periodic under such conditions. Sure enough, it didn't. Stations were still visible in most cases, but they were way down in the snow. It was really an unfair comparison considering the capture area and gain of the log periodic.

Would we recommend the Mini-State? Yes, under certain circumstances. Unquestionably, when space is a problem, the Mini-State is better than rabbit ears. Also, its ability to be rotated is an advantage. On almost every channel, the sharp, unidirectional property of the unit was obvious. In urban applications where signal reflections, ghosts, and co-channel interference may be a problem, the rotating directability will be very useful.

Also, the Mini-State would find excellent application anywhere that signal strengths from nearby TV transmitters are sufficiently high that enormous antenna gain is not a consideration. Pleasure boats docked or being piloted in waters near major metropolitan areas would be a logical application of such a compact TV antenna system. The additional feature of rotatability makes the antenna even more desirable for such mobile applications.

Similarly, people with recreational vehicles parked near urban areas where there is still some reasonable level of television signals present will find the Mini-State a good investment. The low profile of the antenna makes it particularly suitable for mobile installations where other types of projecting antennas would be a hazard. In the majority of cases, the antenna would not have to be removed as would other types of electrically equivalent antenna installations.

If the TV set is being operated by 120 VAC power, the regular S440 may be powered from the same source. In mobile applications where 12 volts is powering the TV set, the 5MS50 dual-powered Mini-State should be considered. The model S5S440 Mini-State compact TV antenna has a recommended retail price of $89.95.

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$89.95

Model 2015A Bench/Portable DMM:
Same features and specifications as Model 2010A except with large, 0.5” LCD 3½ digit display.

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Model 8610A Frequency Counter:
Features: 8-digit LED display • 10 Hz to 600 MHz guaranteed frequency range (5 Hz to 750 MHz typical) • 3 Gate times • 10 MHz TCXO Time base • Auto decimal point • Overflow indicator • Leading zero blanking • Resolution to 0.1 Hz • Built-in charging circuit for NiCd batteries.
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$79.95

Model 8610A

$109.95

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The half-inch liquid crystal display shows high contrast, is easily readable at distances of at least 20 feet.

The meter itself measures $6\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ inches—about the size of a good scientific calculator. It is pocketable. ... if you have a good size pocket! Power for the unit is provided by an internal 9-volt battery (included). An ordinary battery will last about 100 hours with typical intermittent use. An alkaline battery will approximately double that lifetime. Alternatively, an AC adaptor is available for test bench applications.

When battery voltage becomes too low (under 7 volts) to assure accurate measurements, a LOW-BAT indication comes up clearly on the LCD display.

Automatic overrange indication is provided by the display blanking and leaving one digit and a decimal point. The 938 is current-protected by a replaceable internal input fuse. A spare fuse is supplied, handy mounted inside the instrument case for easy replacement.

Also provided is a pair of 12-inch long test leads with alligator clips. An integral panel-mounted socket features a spring-clip connector for rapid capacitor insertion is also provided. We had considerable difficulty inserting leads of our test capacitors in several of the socket holes. We found the alligator clips more positive except at the lowest capacitance ranges where test lead capacitance was a problem. The holes in the panel-mounted socket loosened up after repeated insertions with a stiff wire.

With so many new personal computers being announced and the prices coming down so quickly, isn’t the best bet to wait a year or so to buy a system? We think not. A prudent shopper must observe that there are three kinds of people in the world: 1) those who make things happen; 2) those who watch things happen; and 3) those who wonder what happened today. It is those who are getting involved with micros and making things happen by learning to use computers.

Furthermore, it is not likely that we will see the same dramatic price declines in future years that have already taken place. Rather, one will be able to get more capability for the same price.
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- True RMS for ac accuracy
- Touch-Hold probe for tricky places (Y8008)
- Diode test and low power ohms
- Built-in batteries and charger (Option-01)

Model 8024A: The Investigator
- Nine functions
  - dc voltage
  - ac voltage
  - dc current
  - ac current
  - resistance
  - diode test
  - conductance (1/R)
  - logic level
  - continuity detect
  - temperature (K-type thermocouple)
- Peak hold on voltage and current functions
- Selectable audible indicator for continuity or level detection
- 3½-digit resolution
- 0.1% basic dc accuracy
- LCD display
- Overload protection

Model 8022A: The Troubleshooter
- Six functions
  - dc voltage
  - ac voltage
  - dc current
  - ac current
  - resistance
  - diode test
- 3½-digit resolution
- 0.25% basic dc accuracy
- LCD display
- Overload protection

Model 8020A: The Analyst
- Seven functions
  - dc voltage
  - ac voltage
  - dc current
  - ac current
  - resistance
  - diode test
  - conductance (1/R)
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For just $129.95 (plus the cost of a power supply, keyboard, terminal and modem, if you don't have them already), Explorer/85 lets you begin computing on a significant level... applying the principles discussed in leading computer magazines... developing "state of the art" computing solutions for both the professional and home environment.

**Level 'A' Specifications**

Explorer/85's Level 'A' system features the advanced Intel 8085 cpu, deluxe terminal system, and an 815 ROM/I/O—plus an onboard single-board computer for rom/ram/rom/EPROM and 810 expansion plus other significant features.

(Level 'A' makes a perfect OEM design for industrial applications as well as the home versions which can be programmed using the Netronics Hex Keypad/Display).

**PC Board:** Large epoxy, plated through soldermask, 10x0, 1/2 in. (25-pin) connector for terminal I/O, which can switch on or off, and has a paper tape reader and a paper tape writer for perfect foregrounds, hobbies, etc. for industrial control.

**System Monitor:** Terminal I/O, 25x4, 14-bit RISC microprocessor, plus I/O expansion.

**Level 'A' at $129.95 is a complete operating system, containing:**

- 4 I/O: 1/5 drives (will support up to 4 drives on an 8-bit bus)
- 4 DAS replacements for 4 floppy drives
- 4 ASCII Keyboard/Computer Interface which provides full address plus data as well as register-status information.

**Explorer/85 with Level 'A'**

Card cage... design is ideal for expanding Explorer/85's motherboard with a card cage, allowing you to plug in six S-100 cards directly into the motherboard. Both card cage and card are part of the complete Explorer/85 package.

**Level 'D' Specifications**

Level 'D' provides 8k RAM, plus power supply regulation, filtering, decoupling components and sockets to expand your Explorer/85 memory to 64k (plus the original 256k in the S-100A). The static RAM can be anywhere from 600 to EPROM in 8k blocks.

**Level 'E' Specifications**

Level 'E' adds sockets for 8k of EPROM to the popular Intel 8016 and 8018, including all sockets, plus supply regulator, heat sink, filtering and decoupling components. Sockets may also be used for storing ROM IC's (allowing for up to 12k of onboard RAM).

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**Commentary**

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**EQUIPMENT REPORTS continued from page 30**

performance can be identified with this meter. Don't forget that when equipment has gone out of spec, the blame can often be laid on faulty capacitors. Every hand application of an instrument with such an accurate low-range scale would be to measure capacitance-per-foot of coaxial cable. Also, leaky capacitors are revealed by a continuously drifting reading.

Truly, the day of the cumbersome capaci-
tude bridge seems to have passed, and the true Q/V of a system of digital meters like the model 928 is upon us.

A liberal two-year warranty accompanies the versatile capacitance meter. The model 928 has a suggested retail price of $149.

**American Beauty T-7**

Micro-Soldering Station

The T-7 is designed for serious electronic applications. For the invertebrate home builder, it can be used in cramped quarters as well as on wired terminals. However, it cannot be used for heavy-duty soldering of large metallic surfaces where rapid heat sinking will dissipate the small tip of the 12-watt (nominal) heating element.

Soldering tips are very easily changed. The replaceable element and shank is removed as one piece, securely held in place by the handle. The electrical connection to the element is made by a small push-on connector. The tip is powered by low-voltage AC, isolated from the power lines by a transformer. A three-wire grounded cable provides an additional measure of safety.

Current to the tip is controlled by an electronic circuit built into the console, and continued on page 80.
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Leading off our 1400 series scopes is the new 1479, 30MHz dual-trace triggered scope. It’s ready to challenge your testing needs with 5 mV/cm vertical sensitivity, 11.7 nS rise time, 50MHz triggering and built-in high- and low-pass filters. A signal-delay line is built in to permit view of the leading edge of high frequency pulses. The 1479 also provides differential input capability and algebraic addition and subtraction of input signals.

For those requiring only a 15MHz dual-trace scope, the 1477 is an outstanding solution. Having many of the features of the 1479, the 1477 also offers a standard video sync separator for use with video systems or computer terminals. If battery portability is essential, the B&K-PRECISION 15MHz 1432 is a field-proven workhorse. It’s a full-featured 3”, dual-trace scope with an optional battery pack. For a 10MHz response, choose either the dual-trace 1476 or the single-trace 1466. With video sync separators and vectorscope capability, both are standouts. For basic monitoring applications, the low cost 3” 1405 is the best answer.

Common features of all 5” 1400 series scope include Z-axis inputs, plug-in PC board construction, scope camera-compatible CRT bezels, triggered sweep, excellent high- and low-voltage power supply regulation, built in calibration signals and cool, energy-efficient operation. The 1466 draws 20 watts; the 1479 draws only 25 watts.

For immediate delivery on the scope of your choice or for additional information, contact your local B&K-PRECISION distributor.

Before you look at another scope, try one of these free for 10 days!
This "hassle-free" security system protects your car and its contents without the need of a key to turn it on and off. You can build one for less than $20.00.

**STEVE R. STOUT**

DID YOU EVER WANT TO INSTALL A BURGLAR ALARM IN YOUR CAR, but didn’t want to drill a hole in your fender or door for the keyswitch? Or maybe you just couldn’t find that convenient place for a hidden switch under the dash? Or you just didn’t want the hassle of having to remember to turn the alarm on and off.

This alarm will protect the contents of your car, without the need for an outside key; you don’t need to remember to turn it off or on; it will sound instantly if your radio is removed, and the basic unit can be built for less than $15.00 even if all parts are purchased new.

**How it works**

The base of transistor Q1 (Fig. 1) is connected via R1 to the accessory terminal on your car’s fuse block. This is a point that is positive only when the car is running or the key is turned to the accessory position. With the car running, Q1’s collector is low holding flip-flops IC1-a and IC1-b reset and causing Q2’s collector to be high. When the car is turned off, the collector of Q1 goes high, enabling the flip-flops and pulling Q2’s collector low to trigger timer IC2-a. At the end of the timing cycle, adjustable from 1-2 minutes, the output at pin 5 drops low, clocking flip-flop IC1-a to the set condition. The alarm is now armed and ready.

The base of transistor Q3 is connected via R7 to the switched side of the dome light circuit (Fig. 2-a). When a door is opened, the dome light goes on and transistor Q3’s collector goes high, driving the collector of Q4 low and triggering timer IC2-b. Note that IC2-b will only start after flip-flop IC1-a has set because its reset pin (pin 10) is connected to the Q output of IC1-a. At the end of timer IC2-b’s cycle, adjustable from 30-90 seconds, its output at pin 9 drops low, clocking flip-flop IC1-b to the set
FIG. 1—SCHEMATIC of the hassle-free auto security alarm. Circuit is armed when driver leaves the car and is disarmed when he returns and switches on ignition.

FIG. 2—DOMET LIGHT circuit may have door switches on ground side as at a or in the "hot" side as at b.

FIG. 3—RELAY is used to supply current to the horn or other alarm device. When low-current relay is used, you may need to parallel double contacts to carry load current.

PARTS LIST

Resistors 10% or better, 1⁄4 watt
R1, R3, R7, R11, R15, R20, R21—3300 ohms
R2, R4, R6, R8, R10, R12, R22—2700 ohms
R5, R13—1000 ohms
R14—470,000 ohms
R16, R17—500,000 ohms, miniature potentiometer
R18, R19, R23—680 ohms
IC1—7476 dual J-K flip-flop
IC2—556 dual timer
IC3—7805 5-volt regulator, TO-220 case
C1, C2—100 μF, 20 volts, electrolytic
C3—150 μF, 25 volts, electrolytic
C4—33 μF, 20 volts, electrolytic
C5—C11—0.05 or 0.1 μF, 16 volts, disc cer
D1, D2—1N4148 or equal
Q1—Q4, Q7—2N2222, MPS2222 or equal
Q5, Q6—2N2907, MPS2907 or equal
Q6—HEPS5000 or equal
LED1—red LED, any size suitable
RY1—relay, 12 volts DC with contacts rated to handle load

Condition. This turns on Q5 and Q6, pulling in relay RY1 (Fig. 3) and sounding the alarm. If at any time before flip-flop IC1-b sets, the key is turned to accessory or the car is started, Q1 conducts resetting both and disabling the alarm.

Options
Transistor Q7, R21 and D1 may be added (Fig. 4-a) for those who wish the instant alarm feature. The free wire is connected to your radio's chassis and made to look like an extra ground
A.S. POPOV

THE PLACE OF PROFESSOR A.S. POPOV IN the history of radio has been obscured to some extent by rival claims of Marconi supporters and by persons who insisted that, because he was Russian, he could not have invented anything important.

The facts that most people agree on are that Popov, of the Russian Marine Academy at Kronstadt, described and demonstrated to the Russian Physical and Chemical Society, on the 7th of May, 1895, equipment he had constructed to study atmospheric electricity. It followed the "state-of-the-art" of that time, using a Branly coherer. But Popov added one improvement. The original Branly coherer had a disadvantage—once its filings had "cohered" on receiving a signal, its resistance dropped and remained low, paralyzing it until its filings were jarred loose again. Branly and Lodge "decohered" it by striking the table with a mallet. Popov used the signal itself to restore the receiver's sensitivity. Battery current through the coherer also passed through the coil of an electric bell, which was so mounted that its clapper struck the coherer on every backstroke. When a signal was received the bell rang and continuously decohered the tube of filings, producing an audible signal as long as the radio waves continued.

Popov also used an elevated aerial wire and is credited by some with the invention of the antenna. However, earlier inventors (Loomis, Dolbear) had used aerials, and Edison had described elevated "condensing plates" in his radio patent of 1885.

Although Popov designed his receiver to study atmospheres, he checked its sensitivity with a spark transmitter. Using the apparatus of Hertz, he said, "with a sphere of 30 cm.," he could acuate it at a distance of 1 kilometer. With the apparatus of Bjerkness, "of a diameter of 90 cm," good results were obtained at a distance of 5 km.

There is no indication that he attempted to transmit intelligence. But later in the year he suggested that a wireless telegraph system could be established if a powerful enough "oscillator" could be made. In March, 1896, he did transmit the words "Henri Hertz" a short distance—and taped the program!

In March 1897 a radio station was established at Kronstadt under his direction, and he began outfitting ships of the Russian Navy. On the 23rd of January, 1900, a message from St. Petersburg instructed the icebreaker Yermak to proceed to the rescue of a group of fishermen on floating ice in the Gulf of Finland. This was accomplished, and was probably the first use of a radio transmission to save life at sea. This work, incidentally, was carried out with commercial equipment, made by the French instrument maker Ducretet for the Russian Navy.

Like Hertz, Popov had a short life. He died in 1906, at the age of 45.
Part 6: The front end is critical if you build your own satellite TV receiver. This issue we explore several different approaches to making one that will work.

ROBERT B. COOPER, JR.

LAST MONTH, THE BASIC DO-IT-YOURSELF satellite TV receiving system was described along with a novel spherical antenna system. This month, we'll look at several approaches to building the front end of the receiver.

Suitable LNA designs

The low-noise amplifier (LNA) decision depends largely on the mixing approach taken by the builder. As discussed last month, if you decide to use a prepackaged passive double-balanced mixer, such as the VARI-L DBM 500 unit, you will need more voltage gain from the LNA than if you elect to use an active GaAs-FET mixer. We'll show both LNA approaches here: the bipolar transistor system for use where 40 to 50 dB of gain is required, and the GaAs-FET transistor system where approximately half as much gain is needed.

A few comments are in order for those building microwave circuits for the first time. Read them carefully.

1. Board material—Normal circuit-board materials, such as the familiar G-10, are bad news at microwave frequencies. Any printed-circuit board must be designed for microwave applications. That means a microwave-rated Teflon dielectric board. Such board material is expensive but if you use very small amounts of it, the per-system costs will still be minimal.

2. Double-sided—Use only double-sided board for all circuits, including those at baseband frequencies. IC and packaged active devices used in this system, even when operating at baseband (video) frequencies, will oscillate when given the opportunity. (One recommended source for the microwave region board material that is used in the 4 GHz LNA stages and in the local oscillator/active mixer segments is the Rogers Corporation. Box 700, Chandler, AZ 85224. The board material is Duroid grade D-5880 226-127; dielectric thickness is 0.031 inches, 1 ounce clad on two sides.)

3. Grounds—All boards must be perimeter-grounded. That means all around, all four edges, both sides. Spot grounds through standup mounting lugs or pillars are not adequate.

4. Lead length—Exceedingly short, direct leads must be used with all parts. Remember that at microwave frequencies even a 1/8th-inch lead becomes an appreciable portion of a wavelength.

5. Capacitors—All capacitors specified in the microwave portion must be chip type. Normal ceramic, etc. capacitors have far too much inductance at microwave frequencies to be utilized. Where RF chokes are specified, put them in.

There are several sources for chip capacitors suitable for this project. One national source is Dielectric Labs, 69 Albany St., Cazenovia, N.Y. 13035. Smaller quantities can be obtained from Robert M. Coleman, RFDS 3, Box 58-A Travelers Rest, SC 29690, and from Satellite Innovations, Box 5673, Winston-Salem, NC 27103. Where some of the circuits here specify certain brands of parts, such as capacitors, look to the value of the device and then locate a suitable substitute from the sources just given.

Two-stage bipolar LNA

The workhorse amplifier in this service is described in Hewlett-Packard Applications Note 967: a single-stage bipolar amplifier using either the HXTR-6102 or the HXTR-6101 devices. The 6102 is a better grade of the 6101 and it is capable of producing an LNA stage with approximately 10-11 dB of voltage gain in the 3.7 to 4.2 GHz range with a noise-temperature of between 270° and 290° Kelvin (K). The 6101 tends to be 15° to 25° K hotter. (In this case, hotter is worse, not better!) English experimenter Steve Birkill
of Sheffield has developed a two-stage circuit board using this device series and it is shown in Fig. 1. A full-size circuit board is shown in Fig. 2. The opposite side of the board—which, as a reminder, must be a microwave-rated board—is solid copper.

Following the components selection guide given here and the construction tips, there is nothing to the system in the way of tuning or alignment. Ten VDC is the operating voltage; the base bias is adjusted with the 10K pots (one per stage) for a total device current of 4 mA. There is no tuning other than this; all resonant circuits are obtained with the etched inductances and the fixed capacitances shown.

Figure 3 shows a parts layout for the same two-stage amplifier. The bias parts (resistor plus pot per stage) can be located on the backside of the amplifier circuit board. When constructed, the board(s) must be mounted in a suitable microwave enclosure with suitable grounds all around as noted. The amplifier is very stable, but not when
operating at the end of several clip leads as it dangles in space! One source for microwave enclosures is Adams Russell, Modpak Division, 800 Cambridge St., Burlington, MA 01803

Two-stage GaAs-FET LNA

If your approach is to follow the active mixer design of Robert Coleman, or you simply want a lower front-end noise figure than is possible with the HXTR bipolar series, then you can build the two-stage Coleman HFET-1101 amplifier. Figure 4 shows the parts layout for the HFET-1101 amplifier. The HFET series of GaAs-FET devices are also produced by Hewlett-Packard and a stocking distributor is Hallmark Electronics Corp., Attention: Paul Koeppen, 1208 Front St., Building K, Raleigh, NC 27609.

The HFET series of GaAs-FET's is capable of producing noise temperatures in the 170° K region (2-dB noise figure). Like the bipolar HXTR series, there is no tuning; the devices mount, turn on, and have voltage (positive and bias) supplies adjusted for optimum performance. Again, you cannot do that at the end of clip leads! The HFET data sheets suggest an operating voltage of +4.5 VDC. Developer Robert Coleman found that in the circuit shown (the actual-size foil pattern for a single stage is shown in Fig. 5) the devices tended to be unstable at that voltage. By dropping the operating voltage to +3.6 and applying a -3.0 VDC (adjustable) bias to the gate lead (as shown in Fig. 6) he was able to make the stage stable and optimize performance.

With all LNA stages (bipolar or GaAs-FET) there should be a separate bias control adjustment on each device. With the HFET devices, maximum gain occurs when the device current is around 40 mA but optimum noise figure occurs much lower; near 12 mA. Since in this situation voltage gain is secondary to noise-temperature performance, you will need a method of measuring the device current. Coleman's approach is to watch a current

meter on the stage and keep an eye on the satellite-delivered picture to optimize the stages involved. Start with the first stage after setting both stages to approximately 12 mA current.

Circuit boards are available for either the Birkill bipolar (two-stage) amplifier or the single stage GaAs-FET device from Robert M. Coleman, RFD 3, Box 58-A, Travelers Rest, SC 29690. The price is $25 on the Birkill two-stage board and $15 on the single-stage GaAs-FET board. A parts list is not included for the GaAs-FET LNA since many of parts are already listed for the bipolar LNA. The 100pF capacitors are also made by Vitramon and Q1 and Q2 are Hewlett-Packard HFET-1101 transistors.

The VTO local oscillator

Creating a +10 dBm-level continuous-wave signal source for the local oscillator can be a bit of a pain, especially when the local oscillator must operate in the 4-GHz region! Fortunately, Avantek VTO 8360 is a microwave oscillator device totally self-contained. It mounts on full-foil side of board with pins (leads) accessible on opposite board side with active 4-GHz circuits.

ándose the innocent-looking device is capable of producing +10 dBm of local oscillator signal at 4 GHz! Avantek VTO 8360 is a microwave oscillator device totally self contained. It mounts on full-foil side of board with pins (leads) accessible on opposite board side with active 4-GHz circuits.

FIG. 4—SCHEMATIC AND LAYOUT of a two-stage LNA amplifier designed by Robert Coleman.

FIG. 5—PRINTED-CIRCUIT foil pattern for a single-stage low-noise amplifier. Two can be connected in cascade for more gain.

FIG. 6—HOW COLEMAN LNA IS BIASED AND POWERED. RF chokes L1 and L2 are mounted on underside of the board with leads anchored in holes in the PC board.
use coaxial adapters to plug the output of the local oscillator directly into the appropriate input fitting on the mixer. If you are using the VARI-L DBM-500 mixer (VARI-L Company, Inc., 3883 Monaco Pkwy, Denver, CO 80297) you will need to build around the

Satellite television reception enthusiasts interested in learning more about the fast developing satellite TV industry and the options available to persons building their own home terminals may find some of the following of interest:

1. Satellite Study Package—Designed to teach you how the satellite TV system operates, what the equipment requirements are, which services are available, and to whom and where. Includes a 72-page book written by Bob Cooper that explains in lay terms the complete satellite TV scene, plus a 22 x 35 inch four-color, two-sided wall chart depicting the location and operating characteristics of more than 30 geostationary satellites carrying television programming. Shipped via first class mail, price is $15 in U.S. and Canada (in U.S. funds), $20 elsewhere from Satellite Television Technology, P.O. Box 2476, Napa, CA 94558.

2. Cooper’s Satellite Digest—A monthly publication providing up-to-date circuits, hardware, and satellite operational news. Mailed first class, widely read as the insider digest of the low-cost, private satellite TV industry. Price in U.S. and Canada is $50 per year ($75 outside, in U.S. funds); sample copies for $5 in U.S. funds. Order from: Cooper’s Satellite Digest, P.O. Box G, Arcadia, OK 73007.

3. Paul Shuch Satellite Lecture Series Videotapes—Approximately eight hours in Beta or VHS format; world-renowned microwave teacher and satellite system engineer-designer H. Paul Shuch takes the student through the entire satellite equation from antenna to remodulated RF. Price is $90 in VHS (LP) and $225 in BETA-2 in U.S. and Canada; add $25 elsewhere from: Satellite Television Technology, P.O. Box G, Arcadia, OK 73007 (405-396-2574).

4. SPTS ’80/California—A three-day lecture series and exhibit featuring noted satellite TV low-cost terminal-developers H. Taylor Howard of Stanford, Oliver Swan, who developed the Swan Spherical TVRO antenna, H. Paul Shuch of Microcomm, Robert Coleman of South Carolina, and many others. Combines classroom learning of the latest state of the art of satellite TV hardware, plus the latest in marketing of low-cost systems to private homes, with commercial exhibits of hardware. More than 25 sessions in three-day period with course learning materials. Next event will be held in June of this year. For information, contact SPTS ’80/California, P.O. Box G, Arcadia, OK 73007 (405-396-2574). Admission by pre-registration only, limited capacity.

“standard” microwave SMA fittings. Note that just as you don’t use any substantial lengths of low-frequency (i.e., RG-8, etc.) coaxial cable at 4 GHz, you also don’t use fittings such as the UHF type. Even the BNC type are at best questionable in performance at 4 GHz, although there are some type N fittings “rated” to beyond 4 GHz. The proper fittings and coax (for short interconnecting runs) can be located at Satellite Innovations, P.O. Box 5673, Winston Salem, NC 27103). What you are looking for is type SMA series connectors and suitable coax to mate with the SMA series fittings.

There is absolutely nothing to do with the VTO 8360 local oscillator but mount it and turn it on. The +10-to-+20-VDC tuning voltage varies the operating frequency through the range of interest (3.630 to 4.130 GHz). Once again—make sure the VTO 8360 is mounted on microwave circuit board and is firmly seated into a housing before turning on.

Active Mixer

The most cost-effective approach to the 4-GHz front-end at the moment appears to be a marriage of two stages of GaAs-FET LNA to the active mixer (plus local oscillator) shown in Fig. 8. This is another Robert Coleman-developed circuit, using the HFET-1101 not as an amplifier but rather as a single-ended mixer. The 4-GHz energy from the LNA stage(s) is coupled into the gate of the HFET 1101. The 4-GHz range local oscillator signal from the VTO 8360 is coupled into the same gate through a coupling strip. The 4-GHz pair of signals mix in the GaAs-FET
and are delivered at the output in the 70-MHz region. Inductor L1 plus capacitor C1 determine the IF resonance. With the value shown for L1, C1 will typically be around 5 pF. It is important that the Q of this output section be kept fairly low so that the full 30-MHz bandwidth of the 70-MHz IF signal gets out of the mixer and into the IF amplifier stages without being restricted. The 5K pot in the -4 VDC bias supply lead is adjusted for optimized performance simply by looking at the picture on the screen. This adjustment, plus the tuning voltage on the VTO 8360 are the only two real adjustments that you need to work with to get 4-GHz energy down to 70 MHz! Inductor L1 tunes broadly and can be optimized after the satellite signal is received.

This portion of the system can be tuned by using an MATV/CATV-type field-strength meter tuned in the 70-to-80 MHz region—or, in a pinch, you can actually run the 70-MHz IF output into a standard television receiver tuned to channel 4. No, you will not recover video (or audio); remember that the satellite TV format is FM, and 30-MHz or so wide FM at that, and consequently the 4.5-MHz wide TV IF set up to detect AM video modulation simply can’t recover usable video. But, the TV receiver tuned to channel 4 can act as a “tuning indicator” of sorts, and if you happen to run across a transponder transmitting a static picture, such as color bars or a slide, you may for a brief instant even see something resembling a picture.

The circuit-board layout for the active mixer is available from Robert Coleman directly (address previously given) and a complete board ready to mount the parts on (including the VTO 8360) is also available for $25.

There: Getting from 4-GHz down to the 70-MHz IF was not all that difficult! Next month we will look at the IF-to-baseband circuits, as well as the RF re-modulation back to a standard NTSC format for direct viewing on a standard television receiver.

KARL SAVON
SEMICONDUCTOR EDITOR

HAVE YOU NOTICED THAT THE TELEVISION-receiver power transformer has virtually disappeared? Just two or three years ago one of the features of the more “solid” sets was the presence of that bulky, power-line isolating device. Today, design economy and a greater use of power-supply technology have eliminated the power transformer. Television tuners have also emerged, dramatically changed, from their mechanical infancy. Even many of the small-screen receivers use electronic tuners. The smaller sets tend to use the potentiometer-programmed varactor types first popular in the large-screen sets, while the larger deluxe sets now have “intelligent” tuning systems that smack of space-age technology and bear the fruits of microcomputer technology.

Those advances are found in both the surviving American producers’ sets as well as the product releases of the Far Eastern competition.

Deflection and power-supply circuitry

Figure 1 shows the merged horizontal-deflection and power-supply circuitry of the 1980 Sharp 19D82 chassis. That receiver typifies the general circuit-design direction. The main chassis consists of four integrated circuits (two more are used in the tuning system) surrounded by a relative sparsity of discrete components. The set’s schematic displays an unusual neatness and simplicity for a color television receiver. Although the innards of the IC’s themselves are shown in Fig. 1 as blocks, the schematic seems to lose many of the mysteries that were inherent in the esoteric, discrete designs of the past. It is no longer necessary for manufacturers to use every circuit trick possible to keep costs under control.

This particular deflection system uses a single IC that contains the sync separator, horizontal oscillator, vertical oscillator, high voltage hold-down (X-ray protection), and vertical preamplifier stages. There is no fundamentally new functionality in the deflection structure, but rather a new kind of organization that supports a SCR-regulator regulator system. The design eliminates the power transformer by transferring its responsibility to the horizontal-output transformer. In addition to the traditional pix-tube second-anode and focus supplies, the horizontal-output transformer drives the set’s main 18-VDC low-voltage supply through D704, as well as the regulated 110-VDC power supply.

As a result of the SCR regulator circuit, all supplies energized from the deflection transformer are regulated. One interesting thing is that the 110-VDC power supply feeds the horizontal-output transistor and so is self-supplied. It’s not perpetual motion though, since all the energy ultimately comes from the 170-volt DC supply that runs from the AC.
NEW IN RECEIVERS

There are some interesting circuits behind the color picture tube. Here's a look at what Sharp and Zenith are doing this year.

line. Besides the advantage of eliminating the power transformer, the power supplies now operating at the 15.734-Hz horizontal oscillator frequency have reduced filter-capacitance requirements because of the higher frequency.

Regulator SCR701 is fed from line rectifier diode D701 through a winding on the horizontal-output transformer. The regulator drive circuit varies the firing time of the SCR in the 63.5-microsecond period so that the average voltage developed at the cathode of the SCR is equal to the desired 110-volt regulated output. The SCR's conduction time is determined by the interval between the arrival of the SCR gate turn-on pulse and the turn-off pulse produced by the horizontal-output transformer winding. Regulator circuit Q701, Q702, Q703 is a DC comparator followed by a ramp-level detector that determines the turn-on point of the SCR. The regulator-output voltage is divided down to 7.1 volts by resistor network R708, R709, R710 and R711. Potentiometer R709 is the regulator voltage adjustment for trimming the output voltage.

Error amplifier Q703 compares the divided output voltage to the 6.2-volt Zener connected in series with the transistor's emitter. As transistor Q703's base voltage tries to decrease, the transistor conducts less. The actual determination of the trigger point occurs at the moment Q702 conducts. A winding on the horizontal-output transformer is connected to the base of transistor Q702 through R718 and C709. This R-C network is an integrator that produces a sawtooth waveform at the horizontal frequency on the base of Q702. The output current of the error amplifier transistor is returned to the 18-VDC output through R716 and is also connected to the base of Q702 through R717.

In effect, the horizontal sawtooth waveform is biased up and down in voltage as Q703 changes conduction. The emitter of Q702 is returned to the reference Zener diode through D703 as a convenient bias point. Therefore when Q702's base reaches about 7.7 volts, the transistor begins to conduct. Exactly when this point is reached depends on the contribution of Q703.

Let's follow the regulator action in one direction with the help of Fig. 2. If the regulated supply tries to increase, for example due to a reduction in the supply load, the transistor collector current increases through R711. Its collector voltage is reduced, and the bias level of the horizontal sawtooth on the base of Q702 is reduced. Now the sawtooth crosses the trigger level later in the horizontal cycle. At the point that Q702 conducts, its output current is amplified by SCR driver transistor Q701 and is coupled through R712 and C708 to the SCR gate. The action of the switched SCR regulator results in good receiver performance over a wide range of AC line voltage and supply load regulation.

Microprocessor tuning

Zenith's 1980 color TV line also uses electronic voltage regulation: the use of magnetic voltage regulation transformers has been discontinued. But the most innovative new Zenith feature is the Keyboard Touch-Command electronic tuning system. It is a microprocessor-controlled frequency synthesizer that uses a phase-locked-loop to control the tuner's local oscillator precisely. Closed-loop systems compared to open-loop schemes never require manual tuning by the viewer and, in addition, are not subject to oscillator-drift problems.

Figure 3 shows the system block diagram. The microprocessor receives command inputs from the keyboard or remote control that specify the channel to be tuned. Along with the tuning algorithms, the processor's read-only memory contains data that is used to convert channel numbers to the necessary division ratio required by the phase-locked-loop to produce the correct tuner oscillator frequency for the selected channel.

Two frequency-divider chains force the local oscillator frequency to be a programmable ratio of a reference oscillator. The loop creates whatever varactor tuning voltage is necessary to generate the exact required frequency. Because the frequencies extend into the 1000-MHz region, which cannot be economically handled by the lower frequency logic on the programmable divider IC, a separate

www.americanradiohistory.com
tune the oscillator frequency of 101 MHz. The total division ratio from the tuner to the comparator must be 103,424 to produce the 976.5625 Hz output. Taking into account the fixed +256 prescaler, the programmable divider must be set to precisely 404 by the microprocessor.

The comparator produces a signal with an average DC output that is needed to tune the oscillator frequency so that the output of the programmable divider is the same as the reference-divider output frequency. While the comparator actually produces variable-width pulses, the active filter reduces the comparator output to slowly changing DC. The active filter is an amplifier with a low-pass frequency characteristic. A clamp circuit prevents the tuning voltage from going below 2.25 volts. Reversals in the varactor tuning frequency-versus-voltage curve could otherwise cause a lockout condition.

Several features have been added to the basic synthesizer system to make it practical in a television receiver. First, although the system has been chosen for its precision and minimum of user intervention, there are some real-life situations where tuning off the theoretically ideal frequency is necessary. For example, some MATV systems intentionally translate the received frequencies to nonstandard frequencies to prevent adjacent-channel interference. Therefore a special AFC mode can be switched in to initiate a receiver search above and below the synthesized carrier frequency until a signal is found. To ensure that a sound carrier or other undesired signal has been found, the system logic checks for the extremes of the allowed tuning range and verifies that a 60-Hz signal is being generated by the vertical sync separator. The special AFC mode will capture signals that may be as far as 3.25 MHz away from the standard frequencies.

Second, the tuning system has the ability to tune CATV frequencies. When the CATV-mode is selected by the viewer, the twenty-three mid-band and superband CATV channels replace the lower UHF channels. The high-UHF channels are disabled. CATV channels A through 1 and J through W become channel numbers 14 through 36. For CATV tuning the system searches its programmable divider-ratio memory for the data required to tune the CATV frequencies instead of UHF. You can consider this first cable-ready TV to be a 105-channel receiver (the sum of the 82 standard channels and the 23 CATV stations). The direct-access tuning system displays the channel number on a 2-digit

Fig. 1—HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION AND POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITRY of the 1980 Sharp 19D82 chassis. Schematic displays trend towards simplicity and increased usage of IC technology. Above circuit is remarkably simple, especially for a color-TV chassis.

dedicated divide-by-256 prescaler is necessary to do this job.

A 3.581055-MHz crystal reference oscillator is divided down by a 14-stage counter to the 976.5625-Hz reference comparator input. For example, tuning to Channel 2 requires a local oscillator frequency of 101 MHz. The total division ratio from the tuner to the comparator must be 103,424 to produce the 976.5625 Hz output. Taking into account the fixed +256 prescaler, the programmable divider must be set to precisely 404 by the microprocessor.

The comparator produces a signal with an average DC output that is needed to tune the oscillator frequency so that the output of the programmable divider is the same as the reference-divider output frequency. While the comparator actually produces variable-width pulses, the active filter reduces the comparator output to slowly changing DC. The active filter is an amplifier with a low-pass frequency characteristic. A clamp circuit prevents the tuning voltage from going below 2.25 volts. Reversals in the varactor tuning frequency-versus-voltage curve could otherwise cause a lockout condition.

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The direct-access tuning system displays the channel number on a 2-digit
LED indicator which is driven by a BCD-to-seven-segment decoder. Multiplexing the digit information uses four BCD data lines and a fifth lead to indicate which of the two digits is valid at any particular time while the set is on.

Keyboard channel entry is finalized by pressing the ENTER button following the channel-number sequence. This method simplifies single-digit channel (2 through 9) selection by requiring pressing the proper digit followed by the ENTER key. Some other electronic tuning systems require a zero to be entered prior to a single-digit channel number. The system is smart enough to retain the previously selected channel upon an illegal channel entry attempt.

Three transistor circuits are fed by the microprocessor to control bandswitching. One circuit switches between VHF and UHF, a second between the low and high VHF bands. The third circuit is enabled when the super-band CATV channels are selected. The lower-frequency CATV channels are bandswitched by the standard low/high VHF circuit.

The 11-button keyboard (0 through 9 plus ENTER) is scanned by three microprocessor outputs and five inputs that sense any switch closure.

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**FIG. 3—ZENITH'S NEW TUNING SYSTEM** is based on a phase-locked-loop controller by a microprocessor. The system features keyboard entry of channel information and ability to tune 105 channels—82 UHF/VHF channels plus 23 CATV channels.
NIFTY WIRE-WRAP TRICKS

Here's a look at a few tricks to make wire-wrapped projects easier, faster and sturdier.

WIRE-WRAPPING IS THE WAY TO GO IF your next electronics construction project is not being assembled on a PC board. There are several variations on the wire-wrap theme and in the instruments used. ("Doc" Savage covered wire-wrap basics in his article "Wiring Systems For Projects" in the August 1979 issue.) I use both the Vector Electronics Slit-N-Wrap and the OK Machine and Tool Corporation's Just Wrap tools and wire for most projects. The ideas expressed and demonstrated here are based on those systems. However, even if you use other standard wire-wrap tools (such as Vero Electronics Wrap tool), you'll find that you're able to apply my ideas.

Add space for easier wiring.

In wire-wrap layouts using normal spacing, Vector's P183 forming and cutting tool is used to hold the loose end of the wire while the wire-wrap tool is anchoring the wire on the terminal post. The P183—supplied with the P184 manual Slit-N-Wrap tool—has a sharp, metal

BOARD LAYOUT with "finger-distance" spacing between rows. Too much room at the ends of the IC's is wasted space. You don't need to manipulate the wire there and the 0.2-inch spacing provides enough room to cross over in-between rows. All wire in this series of photos is the older polyurethane-Nylon-coated wire. If you use the Tefzel insulated wire, you may find that you'll have to increase the end-to-end distance between the sockets because of its larger diameter.

MEASURING CORRECT DISTANCE between the rows. The "finger distance" is 0.8 inches on this board. You could also turn your finger to manipulate the wire. Too narrow a distance will slow you down and give you a sore finger.

RIGHT USE YOUR FINGER to hold the wire down while turning it onto the post with the tool. You never have to pick up or lay down your finger. Notice the hot-melt glue holding down the wire runs. If you have any wires that you're afraid will get snagged and broken, or skuffed on a post and shorted, hold them down in this manner.

DEMONSTRATION OF THE STRENGTH of a splice. It is nearly as strong as a single piece and it can be turned over and lifted in the same manner.

TWO PROJECTS ARE SPLICED TOGETHER, one being on the dark perf board and the other on the light. Both projects were wire-wrapped, but the "finger-distance" concept wasn't used here. The tools shown from left to right are Vector's P160-4T1 powered and the P108 manual Slit-N-Wrap tools, the P183 chisel knife and forming tool, a needle nose and diagonal pliers, and, finally, an O.K. Machine & Tool Co. hobby wrap tool.

SPLICING TWO BOARDS together using strips of perf board. Use a No. 44 drill bit to drill the holes and 2-56 X 3/4 screws and 2-56 nuts.

MANUFACTURERS of tools and materials

OK Machine & Tool Corp., 3455 Conner St., Bronx, NY 10475:
CIRCLE 148 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
WSU-30—Wrap/unwrap tool, $6.95, plus materials, accessories, boards.
JWK-6—Just Wrap kit, $24.95.
R-JW—Just Wrap wire, 50-foot spool, $2.98.

Vector Electronics Co., Inc., 12460 Gladstone Ave., Sylmar, CA 91342:
CIRCLE 149 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
P-183—Chisel knife and forming tool, $2.15.
P-180—Slit-N-Wrap tool, $25.00, plus materials, accessories, boards, kits.
P-160-4T1—Motorized handle, includes P-180 Slit-N-Wrap tool, $99.50.

Vero Electronics, Inc., 171 Bridge Rd., Hauppauge, NY 11787:
CIRCLE 150 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
163-28300A—Combiiwrap tool, $12.36, plus materials, accessories, boards, kits.

www.americanradiohistory.com
is end-to-end. Extra room
using the P183 forming tool and P180
Silt-N-Wrap. Tool. This board layout is poor.
Even if you must make your rows too narrow
and have to use the forming tool, lay them out
end-to-end. Extra room on the ends of the IC’s
is wasted space because the room isn’t needed
for your finger or the forming tool.

HOLDING WIRE-WRAP POSTS in place with
hot-melt glue. A wire run is also held down with
the glue. If you see a leaning post here, that’s
because it was either glued that way or the post
is bent. These glued-down posts hold resistors
and transistors.

MORE USES FOR THE HOT-MELT GLUE GUN.
The two metal pots, the TO-220 regulator,
the bridge rectifier and the bottom electrolytic
capacitors are all held in place with hot-melt
glue. The advantage of hot melt in these exam-
pies is that it is fast, strong, and the compo-
nents are removable with heat.

THIS EPROM LOADER AND TESTER was built
using the “finger-distance” concept and hot-
melt glue to hold the wire-wrap and other posts
in place. It has been running for a year. It is
made almost exclusively with wire-wrap and
perf board. The big exception to this is the PC
board in the upper left-hand part of the photo.
The device contains 32 IC’s, including three hex
readout chips plus the high-voltage power-sup-
ply board in the center, all wired with the wire-
wrap technique. This project is ready to be
mounted in an aluminum box with the perf
board on the plywood frame mounted in a hole
in the top.

chisel point on one end and a plastic piece
similar to a blunt screwdriver or align-
ment tool on the other. It is the blunt end
that is used to hold the wire and dress it
against the board when necessary.

I find the forming tool cumbersome to
use in some spots so I eliminate the need
for it by spacing out the IC’s, transistors,
and other components on the perforated
board. The IC’s are placed end-to-end
and spaced 0.2 inch apart in rows. The
rows are spaced “finger distance” from
each other. I usually space the rows 0.8
inch apart but it could be less depending
on the size of your finger and the avail-
able room. Now, instead of using the
forming tool you can use your finger to
hold the wire in place. I find that my
finger does a faster and better job. The
only disadvantage in using that technique
is the additional board space required for
your layout.

Expanding a wire-wrap circuit

Sometimes a circuit change requires
more space than is available on the perfo-
rated board. In other instances, two cir-
cuits must be tied together with a large
number of connections. You can use a
ribbon cable, but that is both expensive
and unnecessary. A better solution is to
but-blaze the two circuit boards togeth-
er using strips of perforated board about
one-half inch wide. I use 2-56 X ¼ inch
screws and 2-56 nuts.

You don’t need splicing strips on the
bottom side of the board; the assembly
is strong enough without them. That makes
it relatively easy to splice two boards in
heavily wired areas.

Keeping terminal posts in place

A large, densely wired project requires
a lot of handling before it is completed.
The board flexes when handled by one
edge; that flexing action can loosen the
terminal posts. Some posts can loosen
easy enough to bend over in the holes; and
since most of the posts are installed
before you start wiring, they can fall out
if your wire-wrap hasn’t reached that
point. To eliminate the problem, use a
hot-melt glue gun and run a bead of glue
down each side of each row of wire-wrap
posts. (Adjacent rows of posts must be at
least one-half inch apart so you can get
the glue gun between them. Don’t get
glue on the tops of the posts! It is a very
good insulator.) The end result is posts
that are anchored in place and will take all
the handling you have to give them while
assembling a large wire-wrap project.

You can also use a dab of hot-melt glue
to hold wires in place. Pots, and most oth-
er components, can also be anchored to
the perforated board using hot-melt glue
and the wires don’t have to rely on circuit
wiring for support.

THE PENCIL POINTS to an area of wire-wrap
pins that have bent over in their holes from
handling. The posts themselves have not bent.
Some of these posts will fall out of the holes
when handled if the wire-wrapping hasn’t been
completed on them yet.
THE HA-2400 PRAM
FOUR CHANNEL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

INTRODUCTION

HARRIS SEMICONDUCTOR’S HA-2400/HA-2405 FOUR CHANNEL Operational Amplifier combines the functions of an analog switch and a high-performance operational amplifier, and makes practical a large number of linear circuit applications.

A functional diagram of the HA-2400 is shown. There are four preamplifier sections, one of which is selected through the DTL/TTL-compatible inputs and connected to the output amplifier. The selected analog input terminals and the output terminal form a high-performance operational amplifier.

In actuality, the circuit consists of four conventional op-amp input circuits connected in parallel to a conventional op-amp output circuit. The decode/control circuitry furnishes operating current only to the selected input section.

CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS

These inputs control the selection of the amplifier input channels in accordance with the following truth table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D0</th>
<th>D1</th>
<th>ENABLE</th>
<th>CHANNEL 1</th>
<th>CHANNEL 2</th>
<th>CHANNEL 3</th>
<th>CHANNEL 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The digital inputs can be driven with any DTL or TTL circuit that uses a standard +5.0-volt supply.

APPLICATIONS

Any circuit function that can be constructed using a conventional operational amplifier can also be constructed using any channel of the HA-2400. Similar or different networks can be wired from the output to each channel input pair. The device can therefore be used to select and condition different input signals, or to select between different operational amplifier functions to be performed on a single input signal.

To wire a particular op-amp function to a channel, simply connect the appropriate network between the two inputs for that channel and the common output in the same manner as in wiring a conventional op-amp. It is often possible to design with fewer external components than would be required in wiring four separate op-amps (see Applications 2 and 3). It should be remembered that the networks for unselected channels may still constitute a load at the amplifier output and the signal input, as if the unselected input terminals were disconnected from the network.

If offset adjustment is required, it can generally be accomplished by resistive summation at either of the inputs for each channel (see Application 8).

The analog input terminals of the OFF channels draw the same bias current as the ON inputs. The maximum differential input voltage of these terminals must be observed and their voltage levels must never exceed the supply voltages.

COMPENSATION

Frequency compensation for closed-loop stability is recommended for closed-loop gains less than 10. This is accomplished by connection of a single external capacitor from pin 12 to AC ground (the V+ supply is recommended). The following table shows the minimum suggested compensation for various closed-loop gains, with the resultant bandwidth and slew rate. Obviously, when the four channels are connected with different feedback networks, the channel with the lowest closed-loop gain will govern the required compensation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GAIN, VOLTS/VOLT</th>
<th>COMP</th>
<th>BANDWIDTH (TYPICAL &lt;3dB, MHz)</th>
<th>SLEW RATE (TYPICAL VOLTS/µS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NON-INVERTING</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;10</td>
<td>&gt;9</td>
<td>40-DA IN</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Compensation capacitors of greater value can be used to obtain lower bandwidth, greater phase margin and reduced overshoot, at the expense of a proportionately reduced slew rate.

External lead-lag networks could also be used to optimize bandwidth and/or slew rate at a particular gain.

APPLICATIONS

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To wire a particular op-amp function to a channel, simply connect the appropriate network between the two inputs for that channel and the common output in the same manner as in wiring a conventional op-amp. It is often possible to design with fewer external components than would be required in wiring four separate op-amps (see Applications 2 and 3). It should be remembered that the networks for unselected channels may still constitute a load at the amplifier output and the signal input, as if the unselected input terminals were disconnected from the network.

If offset adjustment is required, it can generally be accomplished by resistive summation at either of the inputs for each channel (see Application 8).

The analog input terminals of the OFF channels draw the same bias current as the ON inputs. The maximum differential input voltage of these terminals must be observed and their voltage levels must never exceed the supply voltages.
When the enable input is held low, all four input channels are disconnected from the output. When this occurs, the output voltage will generally slowly drift towards the negative supply. If a zero-volt output condition is required, one channel should be wired as a voltage follower with its positive input grounded.

The amplifier output impedance remains low, even when the inputs are disabled; so it is not generally practical to wire the outputs of two or more devices directly together. The compensation pins of two devices, however, could be wired together to produce a switch with one output and more than four input channels.

The voltage at the compensation pin is about 0.7 volt more positive than the output signal, but has a very high source impedance. Maximum current from this pin is about 300 µA, which makes it a convenient point for limiting the output swing through clamping diodes and divider networks (see Application 13).

Even if the application only requires a single channel to be switched on and off, it is often more economical to use the HA-2400 rather than a separate analog switch and high-performance op-amp. Unused analog channel inputs must be grounded. Unused digital inputs may be wired to ground for a permanent low input, or either left open or wired to +5.0 volt for a permanent high input.

Here are a few of the thousands of possible applications for the Four Channel Operational Amplifier. These will give the reader a general impression of how the units can be connected, and probably will help generate many other ideas for applications. Also included are some challenges for the reader to modify the designs shown to perform different functions.

**APPLICATION NO. 1**

This circuit is used for analog signal selection or time division multiplexing. As shown, the feedback signal places the selected amplifier channel in a voltage follower (noninverting unity gain) configuration, and provides very high input impedance and low output impedance. This single package replaces four input buffer amplifiers, four analog switches with decoding and one output buffer amplifier.

For low-level input signals, gain can be added to one or more channels by connecting the (–) inputs to a voltage divider between output and ground. Bandwidth is approximately 8 MHz, and the output will slew from one level to another at about 15.0 volts-per-microsecond.

Expansion to multiplex 5 to 12 channels can be accomplished by connecting the compensation pins of two or three devices together, and using the output of only one of the devices. The enable input on the unselected devices must be low.

Expansion to 16 or more channels is accomplished in a straightforward manner by connecting outputs of 4 four-channel multiplexers to the inputs of another four-channel multiplexer.

Differential signals can be handled by two identical multiplexers addressed in parallel.

Inverting amplifier configurations can also be used, but the feedback resistors may cause crosstalk from the output to unselected inputs.

**APPLICATION NO. 2**

This is a noninverting amplifier configuration with feedback resistors chosen to produce a gain of 0, 1, 2, 4, or 8 depending on the digital control inputs.

Comparators at the output could be used for automatic-gain selection for auto ranging meters, etc.

**Challenge:** Design a circuit using only two HA-2400's that can be programmed to any of 16 different gains.

**APPLICATION NO. 3**

The circuit can be programmed for a gain of 0, –1, –2, –4, or –8.

This could also have been accomplished with one input resistor and one feedback resistor per channel in the conventional manner, but this would require eight resistors rather than five.

**APPLICATION NO. 4**

**PROGRAMMABLE ATTENUATOR**
This circuit performs the function of dividing the input signal by a selected constant (1, 2, 4, 8 or oo as shown). To multiply by a selected constant, see Application 2. White T, p or I sections could be used in the input attenuator, this is not necessary since the amplifier loading is negligible and a constant input impedance is maintained. The circuit is thus much simpler and more accurate than the usual method of constructing a constant impedance ladder and switching sections in and out with analog switches.

APPLICATION NO. 5

ADDER/SUBTRACTER

The circuit shown can be programmed to give the output functions \(-K, X, -K, Y, -(K, X + K, Y), \) or \(K, X - K, Y\). Obviously, many other functions of one or more variables can be constructed, including combinations with analog multiplier or logarithmic modules.

This device opens up many new design approaches in digitally controlled analog computation or signal manipulation.

APPLICATION NO. 6

Any oscillator that can be constructed using an op-amp, such as the twin-T, phase-shift, crystal-controlled types, etc., can be made programmable by using the HA-2400. Illustrated is a Wien-bridge type that is very popular for signal generators, since it is easily tunable over a wide frequency range and has a very low-distortion sinewave output. The frequency-determining networks can be designed from about 10 Hz to greater than 1 MHz. Output level is about 6.0V RMS. By substituting a programmable attenuator (Application No. 4) for the buffer amplifier, a sinewave source for testing can be constructed.

Challenge: A high-Q, narrowband filter can be made by feeding back more than one-third of the output to the negative input. Design a circuit using the HA-2400 and an R–C network that can be programmed either to generate or to detect an audio tone of the same frequency. Such a circuit would be quite useful for data communications.

APPLICATION NO. 7

INTEGRATOR/RAMP GENERATOR WITH INITIAL CONDITION RESET

It is difficult in practice to set the initial conditions accurately in an integrator. This usually requires wiring contacts of a mechanical relay across the capacitor—leakage currents of solid-state switches produce integration inaccuracy. The scheme shown above eliminates these reliability and accuracy problems.

Channel 1 is wired as a conventional integrator, Channel 2 as a voltage follower. When Channel 2 is switched on, the output will follow \(V_{IN}\), and C will discharge to maintain zero volts across it. When Channel 1 is then switched on, the output will initially be at the instantaneous value of \(V_{IN}\), and then will commence integrating towards the opposite polarity. This circuit is particularly suitable for timing ramp generation using a fixed DC input. Many variations are possible, such as programmable time-constant integrators.

APPLICATION NO. 8

TRACK AND HOLD/SAMPLE AND HOLD

PROGRESSIVE FREQUENCY SINEXEVE OSCILLATOR
Channel 1 is wired as a voltage follower and is turned on during the track/sample time. If the product of \( R \times C \) is sufficiently short compared with the period of maximum output frequency, or sample time, \( C \) will charge to the output level. Channel 2 is an integrator with zero input signal. When Channel 2 is then turned on, the output will remain at the voltage across \( C \).

An even simpler circuit can be made by wiring one channel as an amplifier, choosing the compensation capacitor to yield the minimum required bandwidth or slew rate. When the enable input is pulled low, the output will tend to remain at its last level because of the charge remaining on the compensating capacitor.

**APPLICATION NO. 9**

![PHASE SELECTOR/PHASE DETECTOR/SYNCHRONOUS RECTIFIER/BALANCED MODULATOR](image)

This circuit passes the input signal at unity gain, either unchanged or inverted depending on the digital control input. A buffered input is shown, since low source impedance is essential. Gain can be added by modifications to the feedback networks. Signals up to 100 kHz can be handled with a 20.0-volt peak-to-peak output. The circuit becomes a phase detector by driving the digital control input with a reference phase at the same frequency as the input signal, the average DC output being proportional to the phase difference, with zero volts at \( \pm 90\degree \). By connecting the output to a comparator, which in turn drives the digital control, a synchronous full-wave rectifier is formed.

With a low-frequency input signal and a high-frequency digital control signal, a balanced (suppressed carrier) modulator is formed.

**APPLICATION NO. 10.**

![FREE-RUNNING MULTIVIBRATOR WITH PROGRAMMABLE FREQUENCY](image)

This is the simplest of any programmable oscillator circuit, since only one stable timing capacitor is required. The output square wave is about 25-volts peak-to-peak and has rise and fall times of about 0.5 \( \mu \)s. If a programmable attenuator circuit (Application No. 4) is placed between the output and the divider network, 16 frequencies can be produced with two HA-2400's and still only one timing capacitor.

A precision, programmable square-triangle generator can also be constructed by adapting the circuit described in Application Note 507 to the HA-2400.

**APPLICATION NO. 11**

**PROGRAMMABLE ACTIVE FILTER**

Shown is a second-order low-pass filter with programmable cutoff frequency. This circuit should be driven from a low-source impedance, since there are paths from the output to the input through the unselected networks.

Virtually any filter function that can be constructed with a conventional op-amp can be made programmable with the HA-2400.

A useful variation would be to wire one channel as a unity-gain amplifier, so that one could select the unfiltered signal or the same signal filtered in various manners. These could be cascaded to provide a wide variety of programmable filter functions.

**APPLICATION NO. 12**

**PROGRAMMABLE POWER SUPPLY**

Many systems require one or more relatively low-current voltage sources that can be programmed to a few predetermined levels. It is no longer necessary to purchase a programmable power supply with far more capability than needed. The circuit shown produces positive output levels, but could be modified for negative or bipolar outputs. Transistor Q1 is the series regulator transistor, selected for the required current and power capability; Circuit R1, Q2 and Q3 form an optional short-circuit protection circuit, with R1 chosen to drop about 0.7 volt at the maximum output current. The compensation capacitor, \( C \), should be chosen to keep the overshoot, when switching, to an acceptable level.

**Challenge:** Design a supply using only two HA-2400's that can be programmed to 16 binary-weighted (or 10 BCD-weighted) output levels.
MULTIPLYING D-TO-A CONVERTER

This circuit performs the function, $V_{OUT} = V_{IN} \times N/16$, where $N$ is the binary number from 0 to 15 formed by the digital input. If the analog input is a fixed DC reference voltage, the circuit is a conventional 4-bit D-to-A converter. The input could also be a variable or AC signal, in which case the output is the product of the analog signal and the digital signal.

The HA-2400 on the left is a programmable attenuator with weights of $0$, $1/4$, $1/2$ or $1$. The HA-2400 on the right is a noninverting adder that adds weights to the first output of $0$, $1/4$, $1/2$ or $1/16$.

If four-quadrant multiplication is required, place a phase selector circuit Application No. 9 in series with either the analog input or output. The $D_0$ input of that stage becomes the + or – bit of the digital input.

APPLICATION NO. 14

FOUR-CHANNEL COMPARATOR

When operated open-loop without compensation, the HA-2400 becomes a comparator with four selectable input channels. The clamping network at the compensation pin limits the output voltage to allow DTL or TTL digital circuits to be driven with a fanout of up to ten loads.

Output rise and fall times will be about 100 ns for differential input signals of several hundred millivolts, but will be in the microsecond region for small differential signals.

The circuit can be used to compare several signals against each other or against fixed reference voltages, or a single signal can be compared against several reference voltages. A window comparator, which assures that a signal is within a voltage range, can be formed by monitoring the output polarity while rapidly switching between two channels with different reference inputs and the same signal input.

MORE CHALLENGES

One of our favorite college textbooks paused at each climactic point with a statement to the effect that, "Proof of the following theorem is omitted, and is suggested as an exercise for the student."

The following is a list of some additional applications in which we believe the HA-2400 will prove very valuable. The "proofs," at present, remain as exercises for our ingenious readers.

- A-to-D Converter, Dual-Slope Integrating
- Active Filter, State-Variable Type with Programmable Frequency and/or Programmable "Q"
- Amplifier with Programmable DC Level Shift
- Chopper Amplifiers
- Crossbar Switches
- Current Source, Programmable
- FM Stereo Modulator
- FSK Modem
- Function Generators, Programmable
- Gyror, Programmable
- Monostable Multivibrator, Programmable
- Multiplier, Pulse Averaging
- Peak Detector with Reset
- Resistance Bridge Amplifier/Comparator with Programmable Range
- Sense Amp/Line Receiver with Programmable Threshold
- Spectrum Analyzer, Scanning Type
- Sweep Generator, Programmable
- Switching Regulator
- Touch-Tone Generator/Detector (Use Harris HD-0165 Keyboard Encoder IC)

FEEDBACK

We believe we have only scratched the surface of possible applications for a multiple-channel operational amplifier.

If you have a solution for any of the above "challenges" or any new application, please let us know. Anything from a one-word description to a tested design will be welcome.

R-E

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MACHINES THAT CAN TALK

There are several ways we can use electronics to generate the sounds of human speech. Here’s a look at some of the schemes available today.

MARTIN BRADLEY WEINSTEIN

ASK ANY YOUNGSTER HOW THE NEW talking toys like Speak & Spell (from Texas Instruments) can talk, and chances are you’ll hear about the “little man inside.” And, in fact, they won’t be far wrong. Every speech-synthesis scheme ever devised is based, at some point, on a model of the human vocal tract.

Let’s take a look at the various approaches to speech simulation, beginning with the simplest, while keeping an eye on the various tradeoffs. The key requirements and parameters to observe include circuit complexity, memory requirements, system cost, vocabulary size, fidelity of the resultant speech, flexibility of the synthetic voice, inflection, and software requirements. Those things will sort themselves out as we go along.

Recording and transmission media.

In the broadest sense, telephones and tape recorders might be considered speech synthesizers; after all, they are not human, yet they speak with human voices. Indeed, the telephone company has used electronic-interrupt operators for years—in fact, decades. They prove an excellent starting point.

You may have experienced, while dialing the number of a friend who had just moved, a recorded message something like: “The number you have reached, 555-1234, has been changed; the new number is 555-0987.” Those interrupts (in all but the newest equipment) are recorded messages, but not in the usual sense (see Fig. 1).

Only the minimum number of words or phrases ever used are recorded, and only once each. When an interrupt is required, the telephone switching system alerts the interrupt subsystem to start its sequence; the particular sequence that is required for any one circumstance is programmed when the need for an interrupt is entered into the system.

Figure 1 shows how multiple-track tape recorders would be applied to the task. But for quite some time now, there have been no moving parts required; instead, the limited vocabulary is converted to data and stored in memory.

Crude digital speech

Figure 2 shows a very crude method of recording and playing back speech with digital memory.

The audio (speech) input is digitized through a zero-crossing detector and entered into RAM as the counter is clocked through the cycle of addresses. The playback operation exchanges this “write” operation for a “read” operation, and every data change is heard as a click from the speaker. The pitch of that raspy, buzzy voice can be altered by varying the clock frequency.

Experience with analog-to-digital conversion methods shows the best clock rate to be twice the highest desired frequency response, or about 10 kHz for 500-5000-Hz speech. This means that a 16K RAM is only good for about 1.6 seconds of speech.

This leads us to believe that in the mathematics of electronics, at least, the human voice may not be the best model for providing a synthesis of the human voice—a great deal of additional number crunching will be required.

Our crude digitizer, by the way, can be made quite acceptable if we expand it to 8-bit-wide data words and include an analog-to-digital converter at the input (replacing the zero-crossing detector) and a digital-to-analog converter at the output. Lowpass or bandpass filters at both input and output can further enhance fidelity.

Down the tubes

The approaches described so far can reproduce not only any voice (with varying degrees of success, depending on the approach), but any other sound within the same frequency range, including everything from music to cacophony. Mightn’t we trade some of that versatility (which, by the way, the human voice does not share) for data economy?

A closer look at the human vocal tract shows that it can be modeled as a
Rice’s circuit, based on controlled filters, is similar to one integrated onto a single, high-density chip recently by Texas Instruments—and used as the heart of their Speak & Spell.

**Input vs storage vs output**

The advantage of switched-filter-characteristic encoding versus the digital-to-analog converter technique is that, since the analog electronic hardware pre-defines limits on a number of crucial parameters, less data is needed to define any given length of speech message.

In the Speak & Spell synthesizer, for example, a total of 48 bits in each data “frame” defines amplitude, pitch, and filter coefficients for a ten-stage digital filter. For continuous speech, those frames are updated at 50 Hz. This means 2400 bits-per-second of speech versus 80,000 bits for the digital-to-analog scheme, a 97% improvement.

By comparison, there’s a series of synthesizers available from Telesensory Systems, Inc., that requires only seven bits to define whole words. And TSI synthesizers are priced between $95 and $179 standard models. The reason for all this economy is that the TSI boards have fixed and very limited vocabularies.

Their $95 model S2A, for example, offers only 24 words. But since the available words (in your choice of English, German, or Arabic) are tailored for calculators (TSI builds those boards for talking calculators for the blind and people with impaired vision, among other applications), the arrangement works out eminently well.

**Phonemes**

So why not, you may ask, break language down into its basic sounds—the various vowel sounds (long and short E, with a few in between, for example), consonants, combined sounds like th, sh, ch, and so on—and put it all into a limited “vocabulary” synthesizer?

You can. Those basic speech sounds are called phonemes. But there’s something about the way we speak that...
makes those simple phoneme-rostering synthesizers only marginally intelligible. The specific pronunciation of a phoneme, it seems, is altered not only by inflection, as we might expect, but also by the “flavor” of the phonemes surrounding it. Because of that, the software that drives Computalker Consultants phoneme-based CT-I/T Speech Synthesizer, for example, first sets target values for the centers of each string of phonemes, then plots a smooth curve through them (or near them) to produce a more natural sound.

In addition to their phonetic (phoneme-based) software system, Computalker offers a direct parameter control mode requiring nine 8-bit bytes at a 100 Hz frame rate.

It isn’t easy—yet

Electronically, all the hardware sophistication we’ll ever need for completely natural synthetic speech is available today—and at reasonable prices. But we’re still not close enough to having the software and firmware we need to drive it. Work on that front is progressing rapidly, with some good news to report.

First, National Semiconductor is rumored to be preparing a single-chip speech synthesizer capable of accepting phoneme data (address code) and needing little else to output natural-sounding synthesized speech. The good news is that it should be under $30 or so; the bad news is that it will only be available in mask-programmed custom-vocabulary versions to large industrial customers for the next year or more. The news leaking out of Santa Clara is hazy at this writing, but we will advise you of coming developments.

Second, we may soon see an under-$200, single-board microprocessor-compatible phonetic synthesizer based on a custom LSI IC in about two years—very available at the hobby level.

So the era of smooth synthetic talkers should soon be upon us.

R-E

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**JOHN STONE**

**Radio-Pioneer**

**FRED SHUNAMAN**

A FEW PIONEERS REMEMBER HIM WITH respect, but the name of John Stone rings no bell with the majority of today’s engineers. Yet he was the person who introduced exact science into the communications art. The first to work out his problems theoretically, then verify his results by experiment, he “could well, therefore, be considered the progenitor and exemplar of the communications research engineer of today,” according to the History of Engineering & Science in the Bell System. He was early in the field—when Marconi’s tuning patent was declared invalid in 1943 (indicating that he had never had any right to the near-monopoly he enjoyed many years), it was on the basis of “earlier work by Tesla and John Stone Stone.”

Stone joined Bell Labs as a graduate student in 1890, and was assigned in 1892 to attempt “to transmit speech to vessels at sea.” He worked with a tiny arc as “discharger” and a Tesla coil resonating in the order of 50 kHz (receiver unknown). He was not successful—the trouble was that he was just too far ahead of his time.

The same year, he suggested that radio could be used for multiplex telephony by sending several messages over the wires at different frequencies, then sorting them out at the receiver end with tuned circuits. Again, the idea could not be carried out with the equipment of 1892, and, in fact, carrier telephony did not come into general use until about 1915.

Stone left Bell in 1899 (still retained as consultant and patent affairs expert) to develop a wireless system that would conquer interference problems with “selectivity,” a term he invented. After early difficulties, the Stone Telegraph and Telephone Co. made several successful installations for the Navy. He also installed Stone equipment on a half dozen ships and looked forward to successful business when the Navy let a large contract in 1908. But the award went to a competitor, and lack of income forced Stone to sell his company, to the de Forest Company.

Some of his trouble may have been due to the very excellence of his equipment. Radio inspectors found his apparatus puzzling, and were suspicious. All other systems showed a double hump on their wavemeters—what now would be called overcoupling. Stone’s had a single hump, obtained by using a four-coil circuit. The usual coils were used in the spark and antenna circuits, but they were not coupled—between them were two other coils, connected together conductively. One of these was coupled inductively to the spark coil: the other was coupled to the “aerial” coil.

After several years as a successful consultant, Stone moved to California. There, in 1920, he was engaged by AT&T as engineer-at-large. Living in San Diego, with AT&T paying transportation whenever he had to come East. Between 1920 and his retirement in 1934 he developed about 30 patents for AT&T; the most notable of them was probably the 3-dimensional antenna array, with antennas stacked above one another for vertical selectivity.

R-E
THUNDERSTORM ALARM

Don’t be caught unawares by the sudden arrival of a thunderstorm with its accompanying wind and rain. This simple radio accessory gives an early warning.

CALVIN R. GRAF

THUNDERSTORMS, AND THEIR ACCOMPANYING strong winds, rain, and possible hail, can make their appearance rather suddenly sometimes. This is especially so in spring and summer months, but they can actually sneak up on you at almost any time in some parts of the country. When camping out, fishing, picnicking, or just relaxing at home, it is important to know of any severe weather that might be approaching the local area. This is of special interest to those who have to conduct outdoor operations such as construction workers, farmers, and ranchers. Campers, away from their vehicles, can be warned to seek higher ground in case of flash floods.

The thunderstorm activity indicator described in this article will alert you to an approaching electrical storm through the flashing of two light emitting diodes (LED’s) and the sounding of an audio alarm. The activity indicator is connected to the earphone audio output jack of a pocket transistor radio or connected across the speaker terminals of any radio receiver. The radio is then tuned to a clear spot near the upper end of the broadcast band (1600 kHz) where there are no stations being received. An AC power supply with 9-volt DC output can be used to operate the radio at home. With this supply, the receiver can be left on continuously and the receiver will consume little power but will provide an alert no matter the time of day or night a storm may appear. The AC-operated supply is inexpensive and can be purchased at any local radio store. A volume control is provided so that the audio alert level may be adjusted or turned down completely. A visual alert is still provided, however, by the continuous flashing of the LED’s as a storm appears.

The circuit diagram shows how the alarm is connected to the receiver. Transformer T1 is a small transistor radio output transformer connected in reverse. It is used to raise the audio voltage across the loudspeaker (3.2 ohms) to a level that will cause the LED’s to operate properly (500 ohms). Resistor R1 serves as a current limiting resistor for the LED’s so that the voltage drop across them never exceeds a nominal 1.6 to 1.7 volts. The LED’s are connected in reverse polarity parallel so that one will conduct in the forward (positive) direction of the audio signal and other LED will conduct in the reverse (negative) direction of the audio.

Diode D1 is used to rectify the alternating audio voltage so that only pulsating DC is applied to the Sonalert as its polarity markings must be observed. The Sonalert emits a pleasant 2900 Hz signal when the applied voltage is a nominal 1 volt DC. The capacitor charges up on the sharp noise impulses that occur each time there is a lightning flash. When the voltage across the capacitor rises to a value close to one volt, the Sonalert will emit a long “ping”. The capacitor thus serves as an integrator and stores up lightning flashes before it causes the Sonalert to sound forth. In this manner, short noise transients on the power line that are radiated from light switches, air conditioners and the like, do not cause the Sonalert to sound. Output from the alarm is also dependent on the setting of the receiver volume control and it will sound out with a normal room level setting.

When a thunderstorm is 10 to 20 miles away, the audio output from the radio due to atmospheric disturbances will cause the LED’s to flash and the Sonalert to sound. As the thunderstorm approaches the local area, thunder may be heard following the “ping” of the Sonalert. Knowing that sound travels one fifth of a mile per second in air, the exact distance to the storm area can be calculated by counting seconds from the time the ping is heard until the thunder is heard. If you count to five, the storm is one mile away, and so forth. When the Sonalert sounds continuously, the electrical storm and accompanying rain are very nearby.

The approximate direction to the storm can be determined by “aiming” the receiver’s antenna toward the storm area that produces maximum audio output from the Sonalert. The storm passage through the local area can be followed by plotting the relative bearing against time. Keep the volume level constant.

Remember, as the storm approaches, light intensity of the LED’s and the sound duration from the Sonalert will increase. As the storm recedes, the relative levels of both light and sound will drop. The storm passage may last from 30 minutes to several hours. With a little experience, you will soon learn to recognize whether it is going to rain or not, in spite of what the weather man may say! (If you live in the cyclone or tornado belt consider using the Stormwarn alarm along with a tornado alert device based on light flashes on a blank TV raster.—Editor)
THE CHOICE OF WHICH "CLASS" OF AMPLIFIER TO USE IN HIGH-FIDELITY APPLICATIONS
HAS ALWAYS INVOLVED A SERIES OF TRADE-OFFS.
Most high-powered audio amplifiers use Class-B circuitry, or Class-AB circuitry,
in which a slight amount of idling current flows in the output-stage transistors at all
times. Class-AB power amplifiers provide relatively high efficiency (around 60% when
they are delivering rated output, lower efficiency at other output levels). Their chief
drawback, however, is that they often produce crossover distortion (also known as switching distortion)
when one transistor of the output pair turns off and the other one turns on.

Figure 1 illustrates the problem. The sinusoidal trace is the output waveform of
a Class-AB amplifier that uses high-speed bipolar transistors having fairly good
switching characteristics. The distortion (mid-screen trace), measured on an average-reading distortion analyzer, is very
low: 0.0036%, which would certainly be regarded as insignificant. Nevertheless,
the clearly visible spikes in the distortion-waveform output that occur every time
the audio signal crosses the zero axis are much higher in amplitude than is indicated
in the average reading of the distortion meter.

What makes matters worse is the fact that at the low listening levels more typically
used, the crossover or switching distortion remains as great, and therefore constitutes a higher percentage of the
total signal heard. Furthermore, because of the nature of this type of distortion, it consists of higher-order harmonics that
are subjectively more annoying to a listener than second- or third-order harmonic distortion components.

One way to eliminate crossover distortion completely is to operate the output
stages of an amplifier in Class A. In Class-A amplifier circuits, the output
transistors conduct fully during the entire cycle of the input signal. A few high-
powered Class-A amplifiers have appeared in the audio market but, as might be
suspected, they are extremely inefficient; they generate a great deal of heat and are
generally extremely large and heavy, because of their tremendous heat-sink requirements and, often, their requirement
for self-contained fans.

Nonlinear amplifier stages

Distortion in an audio amplifier can also result from nonlinear operation of
FET's Q1 and Q2, \( \beta \) is the DC current-amplification factor of transistor Q3, and
load impedance \( R_L \) is the combined impedance of the power-stage input impedance
and the constant-current source \( I_s \) in parallel with it.

In the above equation, it is \( \beta \) that contributes the greatest nonlinearity in actual
amplifiers. That can be understood by examining the transfer curves shown in
Fig. 3 for a common-emitter transistor amplifier stage. As the collector-to-emit-
ter voltage varies from 13 volts to 28 volts, collector current varies from 100
mA to around 120 mA for a constant input current of 1 mA. On the other
hand, if a common-base amplifier stage could be used, the gain would be constant regardless of the collector-to-base voltage
(see Fig. 4.)

As for the term \( \beta \) in the gain equation relating to Fig. 2, the maximum variation
of collector-to-emitter voltage \( V_{CE} \) of transistor Q3 will be \( 2V_{CC} \), which is nearly
identical with the power-supply voltage. So the nonlinear variation of \( \beta \) due to variations of \( V_{CE} \) will be more than 10%.

Distortion can also be caused by nonlinear variations of the junction capacitance
of semiconductor devices. In the equation cited earlier, the gain was ex-
pressed for DC amplification only. Under actual signal conditions, the collector-to-
base junction capacitance of transistor Q3 functions as a feedback capacitance. As
frequency increases, the gain \( A_v \) decreases at a rate of 6 dB-per-octave. Since
the collector-to-base junction capacitance varies depending on the base-to-collector
voltage in a nonlinear manner, it follows that the gain also has a non-linear charac-
teristic, thereby causing distortion in the

FIG. 1—CROSSOVER DISTORTION is chief drawback of Class-AB amplifier. Center trace shows crossover distortion in relation to output signal.

电压-amplifying stages that precede the output stage, including the driver stage. Figure 2 shows a typical power-
amplifier circuit. The voltage gain \( A_v \) of the voltage-amplifier stage is given by:

\[ A_v = g_m \times \beta \times R_L \]

where \( g_m \) is the transconductance of the

LEN FELDMAN
CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

New breed of Class A audio amplifiers for hi-fi reproduction deliver high power and eliminates nonlinearity in the driver stages
that caused crossover. One circuit JVC's common-base FIG. 6-CASCODE CONNECTION. Upper transistor acts as a regulator and maintains the collector-to-emitter voltage and thus the gain of the lower transistor constant.

FIG. 7-LINEAR AMPLIFICATION and high gain are obtained with JVC's cascode configuration. Output stage operation

Ordinary class-AB output stages actually operate as Class-A stages over a limited range of low-output levels. When that range is exceeded, one of the complementary transistors is cut off, with the possible result of crossover distortion. The cut-off occurs because bias voltage in conventional Class-AB (or, for that matter, Class B) circuits is fixed. If bias voltage could be varied by means of some additional circuitry, crossover and switching distortion could be lowered or eliminated and the circuit could operate entirely in Class A but with improved

of an input signal.

Figure 5 is JVC's new circuit that is used in both the input and second stages of some of their latest amplifiers. It uses cascode amplification; in addition, "bootstrapping" is applied to the base of their respective common-base circuits. In effect, this circuit combines the high gain of a common-emitter configuration with the high-linearity of common-base operation.

FIG. 5—JVC'S NEW AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT combines cascoded amplifier stages and bootstrapping to provide both the high gain of a common-emitter configuration and the linearity of a common-base configuration.

A simplified diagram of the cascode connection is shown in Fig. 6. When the circuit is connected in this cascode fashion, the voltage of the transistor providing the gain (lower transistor) is frozen at a constant value, resulting in constant gain. The cascode connection thus combines the characteristics of both the common-base and common-emitter configuration, as shown by the transfer curves of Fig. 7. JVC claims that this driver circuit results in reduced driver-stage harmonic distortion amounting to approximately 20 dB of improvement at high driver-output voltages. As proof, they measured distortion for a Class-A driver stage and for their new Super-A driver stage. The results are shown in Fig. 8.

FIG. 9-LOGARITHMIC COMPRESSION-BIAS circuit varies the bias voltage of the output stage in accordance with the output current.
efficiency. JVC’s solution to this problem is called a logarithmic compression-bias circuit. The actual output stage uses a pair of complementary output transistors. The bias voltage is made to vary with output current in accordance with the curve shown in Fig. 9. Using this varying characteristic of the bias voltage, the minimum bias voltage required to maintain Class-A operation is obtained even when the power transistors approach cut-off. As a result, both high efficiency and excellent linearity are claimed for the new circuit.

Figs. 10-a and 10-b show the output-current waveforms of the NPN and PNP power transistors of a power amplifier using the new bias circuit and having a rated output of 100 watts-per-channel.

**SOLID STATE NEWS**

**Speech synthesizer**

The time when the computer will be "humanized" seems to be drawing closer. Texas Instruments has developed a speech-synthesis IC using low-cost metal-gate PMOS technology. The circuit is called *Speak & Spell* when it is teamed up with two 128K dynamic ROM’s and a version of the TMS1000 microprocessor. Each of the two ROM’s stores the equivalent of over 100 seconds of speech.

Pitch-excited linear predictive coding (LPC) is used to reduce the redundant information in the human voice so that it can be efficiently stored in semiconductor memory. The method is based on a time-varying digital filter that is modeled on the vocal tract. An 8-bit digital-to-analog (D/A) converter transforms the stored digital information, processed through the filter, into synthetic speech.

The digital filter has 12 input parameters, including 10 filter coefficients and pitch and energy variables, that are stored in the ROM’s. Periodic filter input signals produce definite pitch sounds such as vowels, and random input signals produce noise-like sounds such as "s," "f," "t" and "sh."

The 10-stage lattice filter uses an array multiplier, an adder coupler and various delay circuits. The multiplier circuit accepts two inputs every 5 µs. Twenty multiply and accumulate operations generate each speech sample up to 10,000 of which are produced per second.

That such an advanced technique can be used in a relatively low-cost product such as the *Speak & Tell* learning aid clearly indicates that the speech-synthesis circuit will become a commonplace output device.

**High-voltage SCR’s**

Raytheon has announced a breakthrough in semiconductor technology with its silicon-controlled rectifiers (SCR’s). The CR303 planar technology series has forward- and reverse-breakdown voltages up to 800. The devices exhibit a room-temperature leakage of only 100 nA and have a minimum gate sensitivity of 10 kΩ. They are used for such applications as appliances, timers, solid-state relays, ignition systems and motor controllers. Large-quantity prices are between $.42 and $1.03, depending on voltage ratings. Complete specifications are available from Raytheon TAG Semiconductors, 43 Third Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803.
A digital temperature sensor, a mosquito-repelling circuit, plus other tid-bits.  EARL "DOC" SAVAGE, K4SDS, HOBBY EDITOR

A while back I relayed a reader inquiry for a mosquito repeller circuit. Another reader, Steven Thomas of Sawyer AFB, MI, has come up with some very interesting information.

Steve’s research indicates that a frequency just above the range of human hearing will repel both male (non-biting) and female (biting) mosquitoes. It seems that they simply don’t like frequencies around 20 kHz.

Do any of you have a circuit you would share with Bill and others? If not, what can you come up with? Here are a few ideas:

- **Start with a timer—555 or crystal and a divider for greater accuracy.** The timer can drive four separate and independent counter circuits controlled by four signals. The signals are derived from cadmium sulfide photocells, phototransistors or light activated SCR’s (LASCR). The photo devices are buried beneath the finish line and activated by the shadows of cars passing between them and an overhead light.

- **Now what do you say?**

**VHF converter**

Larry Tornow of Hewitt, NJ, has joined a volunteer fire company and needs an inexpensive monitor. He and the other guys don’t want to lay out big money for a scanner when they are interested in only one channel.

Larry wants a “quick and dirty” way to convert a transistor FM broadcast receiver to the low VHF band. How about it you volunteer firemen, rescue squaders, and others—send along a conversion. Larry and your other fellow volunteers will appreciate your help. Oh yes, while you are at it, how about the high band?

**Digital thermometer**

Ken Pavlicek of LaGrange, IL, has come up with a great idea for a temperature sensor and thermometer circuit. Being digital rather than the usual analog variety, it has several advantages.

Ken makes use of the fact that a diode’s resistance changes with temperature. His sensor consists of two series-connected 1N914’s and these are part of the circuit of a 555 multivibrator. Wired as shown in Fig. 2, the output pulse rate is proportional to the temperature of the diodes. This output is fed to a simple frequency-counting circuit.

Adjustment of the 1K pot is fairly critical and Ken suggests using a multi-turn unit there. The use of a standard frequency counter may require a conversion formula to go from the reading to the temperature but you should be able to juggle the resistor values to make the relationship a simple one.

Ken uses a counter based on the adjustable frequency of a 555 rather than a crystal and, thus, can get a readout directly in degrees (F or C). In addition, through the use of some presettable comparators, he controls both his furnace and air conditioner with his thermometer readout. I regret that space will not permit going into the entire circuit but you have the heart of it. Thanks for sharing, Ken.

**Tide timing**

Have you noticed just how popular the subject of clocks is these days? A good portion of Hobby Corner mail is related in one way or another to clock circuits. Here are a couple that you may find especially useful.

Reader Art Williams of Wilmington, NC, is an amateur fisherman and keeping track of the tides is important if he wants to have the best chance for a big catch. The “slow clock” circuit that appeared here in Hobby Corner a few months ago caught Art’s eye.

He went in the other direction and made a fast clock so that low tide occurs at 00:00 and high tide at 12:00. Now he can set the alarm in order to get down to the beach to meet the fish—he hopes! There is no need to reset the alarm each day as would have to be done on a normal clock and referring to a tide chart is unnecessary.

I won’t give Art’s circuit because it is just like the one shown in the July 1979 issue. All he did was adjust the rate of the oscillator until the readout matched the tides.

If you don’t need the alarm feature of the clock IC, you can keep track of the tides (or whatever) in a less expensive way, too. A standard 555 timer circuit or the fast-slow clock oscillator can drive a

---

**Fig. 1**

The 555 oscillator circuit in Fig. 1 is Steve’s answer to the mosquito problem. Adjusting R2 will provide output frequencies from below 200 Hz to above 62 kHz. Neither parts nor construction should pose any problem. The only possible difficulty is the miniature speaker or earphone. Use a good quality one so that it will produce frequencies on the order of 20 kHz.

With all the harmonics contained in the output of this squarewave generator, it should be effective if set anywhere near the right frequency. I suggest that you turn higher and higher until you can no longer hear it and then experiment with finer tuning while you are out in mosquito country!

Thanks, Steve.

**Fig. 2**

**Racetrack timer**

Bill Wisel of Fallston, MD has sent in a neat question. It seems that his Cub Scout Troop enjoys the annual Pine Wood Derby but the close heats sometime create “heat” between the contestants. What Bill needs is a simple circuit to time each of the four lanes or, at least, to show which car comes in first, second, and so on.
counter and a couple of LED digits.
Thanks for the idea, Art.

Readout wanted
Pat Craddock of Navasota, TX is looking for a clock readout circuit that will drive lamps or LED's with minute and hour values. He would like to have four 1-minute, one 5-minute and five 10-minute lamps indicating the time with a like number to indicate hours.

Sounds like an interesting display scheme with different color LED's and so on. Can any of you help Pat with this circuit?

One final (for this time) word on clocks. Hold on to your hat as you read about this next one. Don't try to tell me that you and your fellow readers don't have imagination!

Unusual clock readout
Reader Hankinson of Downingtown, PA wrote about a really different clock he has constructed. Bob's readout consists of a single vertical row of LED's—yep, that's no misprint—one vertical row of LED's. Bob didn't send his circuit but he did send pictures of the readout including a 32-shot multiple exposure.

Let me see if I can explain how it works. Imagine one of those "moving message" signboards made of many light bulbs on which letters and numbers move from left to right. Now imagine that all the bulbs are covered from view except for one vertical line. Next, substitute fast-acting LED's for the bulbs and speed up the display. There you have Bob's readout!

There is a little trick to reading the display. If you look straight at it, all you see is a line of LED's. However, if you scan across it at the right speed, it's right there: 4 digits of the correct time complete with colon. It has to do with persistence of vision—the same characteristic of your eyes that keeps TV, movies, and fluorescent lights from seeming to flicker.

Now that's what I call an unusual display.

R-E

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LED PEAKMETER

I WOULD LIKE TO SUBMIT MY LATEST project to your New Ideas column. I call it the LED Peakmeter. It is a basic dot/bar readout built around the new National LM3914 display driver. The circuit also includes a peak detector that immediately drives the readout to any new higher signal level and slowly lowers it after the signal drops to zero. The readout is a moving dot or expanding bar display.

The diagram shows one channel of the stereo LED Peakmeter shown in the photograph. All parts are easily obtained and layout is not at all critical. Although not absolutely necessary, I suggest trying the circuit on a solderless breadboard before hand-wiring to check delay time and to match components in a stereo unit.

I used a spare piece of perforated board as a template to drill holes for the LED's in the project box's plastic front. A battery holder with four "C" cells is mounted on the back of the box.

The circuit has other possibilities. It can be expanded for a longer bar readout if desired. Tapping five or more LED Peakmeters into a frequency equalizer or series of audio filters should give a unique result. Physical layout of the LED's can also be changed to simulate the action of regular VU meters.

The bottom LED of each peakmeter remains on with no signal at the input, thus providing a pilot light for the unit.—
Wm. J. Cikas

NEW IDEAS

This column is devoted to new ideas, circuits, device applications, construction techniques, helpful hints, etc. All published entries, upon publication, will earn $25 plus a Circuit Board Holder, Standard Base and Tray Base Mount from Panavise Products, Inc. (See photo below.) Selections will be made at the sole discretion of the editorial staff of Radio-Electronics.

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MINIATURE JOYSTICK CATALOG, No. CAT M/78, contains 16 illustrated pages of miniature joysticks designed for laboratory, industrial or military applications. Includes full descriptions and a list of environmental specifications for different models plus detailed schematics.—Measurement Systems, Inc., 121 Water St., Norwalk, CT 06854.

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DMM SELECTION GUIDE is a full-color, 6-page brochure describing the maker’s complete line of 3½-digit DMM’s. The brochure details features, specifications and applications for all models; specifications are written in standardized format on one page. Also included is a description of a solid-state temperature probe for use with analog and digital multimeters, together with applications.—BAK-Precision, Dynascan Corp., 6460 W. Cortland St., Chicago, IL 60635.

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SEMIICONDUCTOR REPLACEMENT GUIDE, No. X78-2, provides 239 pages of carefully selected and matched semiconductor replacement devices and IC’s. Cross-referencing has been compiled on an equal-to or better-than basis. The first part of the catalog contains an introduction and description of device usage, as well as sections on symbols and nomenclature, device descriptions and index, specifications, case styles, etc. The second half of the catalog contains the actual listing of semiconductors with manufacturers’ numbers and replacement numbers side by side. The price of the guide is $1.50.—Workman Electronic Products, Inc., P.O. Box 3828, Sarasota, FL 33578.

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CIRCLE 51 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD
More on troubleshooting automatic brightness limiters.

JACK DARR, SERVICE EDITOR

LAST MONTH’S SERVICE CLINIC WAS DEVOTED TO TROUBLESHOOTING AN ABL (AUTOMATIC BRIGHTNESS LIMITER) CIRCUIT IN A MAGNAVOX T-995-03 CHASSIS. THE SYMPTOM WAS RASTER CUTOFF. COINCIDENCES ABOUND IN OUR BUSINESS; NOT MORE THAN TEN DAYS LATER, I CAME ACROSS A SYLVANIA E-21-3 CHASSIS THAT DISPLAYED EXACTLY THE OPPOSITE SYMPTOMS.

The raster flared up to maximum brightness and the breaker tripped. The high-voltage shutdown circuit didn’t work. The high voltage was not increasing but was instead being pulled down by the current overload. The symptom was intermittent. On scene changes in the program, it happened; turn the channel selector from station to station and it also happened. Apparently, the trouble was being triggered by a small transient.

Checking voltages and a bit of judicious hammering on things got us nowhere. No bad solder joints, etc. I said idly “This looks just like the last one, but the symptoms are reversed!” At that point I looked to the ABL circuit. This is similar to the Magnavox in that the control voltage is developed by sensing the voltage drop across a small resistor in the high-voltage return circuit. Figure 1 shows the circuit; the sensing resistor is R996, at the top of the schematic.

The voltage is clamped by a connection to the +24 volt line. In normal operation, the sensor voltage goes more negative with rising beam-current. That bucks and drops the voltage at the junction of R996 and R919. The lower voltage causes diode SC918 to turn on and apply the lowered voltage to the base of Q900, the Black Clamp Amplifier. (This transistor controls black level of the video, and thus determines brightness.) The change in the collector voltage of Q900 varies the base voltage of Q902, the Video Amplifier, and the direct coupling from here on through the video amplifiers and outputs reduces the beam current of the picture tube. Now that’s a somewhat simplified explanation!

In this circuit as in Magnavox’s circuit, we have a voltage developed across a resistor in the high-voltage return path. As the beam current increases, this voltage should go more negative; it did not! That point is screened on the board as BL. The DC voltage on BL measured almost +50 volts. (This voltage is not given on any of the schematics we had. However, you’ll soon find out what it ought to be.) When we monitored this point and caused the fault to show up, the voltage jumped to almost +100 volts! The excessive beam current was causing a change in the voltage, but it was far too much and the wrong polarity. Now we analyze!

The first suspect was diode SC996. This checked OK. The 1.0 µF/50V capacitor C996 was the next suspect. Odd readings prompted us to replace it. Problem solved! Everything worked normally and the DC voltage at BL dropped to about +10 volts. If I were you, I’d write this in on my schematic; it is on mine. The +50-volt reading is a sure sign of serious problems. After some discussion,
we came to the conclusion that C996 had been leaking. That placed a shunt resistance across the remaining capacitance and the shunt diode. So, excessive current caused the development of more voltage. The shunt resistor across the diode developed a positive voltage. Any other interpretations will be welcomed and probably agreed with! At any rate, whatever the exact fault was, a replacement of C996 cured it.

Later, a curiosity check inspired a look at the Sylvania service literature, especially their always-welcome Service Notebook, from which Fig. 1 was taken. A couple of similar cases turned up. In one, the symptom was "raster cutoff." Again the culprit was C996, but this time it was open. (As with an open input filter capacitor in any DC power supply, the voltage goes down.)

Of course, there are quite a few things that can cause this type of problem. For example, leakage in the black clamp transistor, video transistor, or bad components in the low-level video circuitry. By the way, the circuit and part numbers in the E-21 chassis are the same in the E-20 chassis. So, if this type of problem shows up in a E-20 chassis, check C996 and family. As we said before, if the problem is loss of control of the brightness, scratch around in the circuitry that's supposed to be controlling it. For example, in this chassis, note that the brightness-control voltage is actually going through Q900. So, any defects in this area can cause problems. Keep your eyes open and look at what's going on.

**service questions**

**HIGH-VOLTAGE PROBLEM**

I checked everything you suggested on high-voltage problems I had with a Zenith model 25FC45, and it didn't help. A Zenith technician told me to try changing tuning capacitor C229, even if it checked out OK. The parts supplier said that this was correct and that there was a new improved type to replace the original. I tried the new capacitor and it worked! I just thought I'd pass this along, since it might help others in the same fix.—Paul Schlie, E. Northport, NY.

Thanks, Paul. It should help a lot.

**ALWAYS CHECK NEW PARTS**

I wrote in February 1979 asking about a Zenith model 16Z8C50 with very low screen-grid voltage on the 6LB8 horizontal output tube. You suggested I check to make sure that the plate of the tube wasn't open, since an open plate can cause this symptom.

Since you've advised technicians for some time to recheck any parts we put in, I did. And I found that the "new" screen bypass capacitor that I'd replaced had more leakage than the old one! A good capacitor cured the problem, and now everyone's happy.—M.C.B., Newport News, VA.

**SUBSTITUTE TRANSISTORS**

I needed vertical output transistors for a Sears 528.43600. Set went out late Friday evening. No parts available; so, I used a pair of Radio Shack transistors. Worked, but couldn't get linearity to set up at all. Checked all parts found nothing. Got two new SK-3054 RCA's and put these in and it worked. Question: Why?—D.Y., Lexington, NC.

Crystal-ball answer: Most likely thing, the sub transistors weren't quite able to handle the needed power output. Drive them off the linear part of curve and that's the reaction. Radio Shack transistors are pretty good from what I've found.

**PICTURE BENDING**

Here's some feedback for you: You mentioned checking the AFC diode unit on an RCA CTC-72. Eventually, I did this and found that both diodes were different in their forward resistance. What threw me was that the brightness control was affecting the bending. A new and balanced diode unit did the trick.—John Conti, Texas City, TX.

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continued from page 73

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tor and audio preamp. It provides a frequency response of 30 Hz–15 kHz, with an adjustable output level of from 0 to 3 volts, and operates from a 120-volt, 60-Hz power supply. The model TE-500 measures 21/2 H x 9 W x 6 inches D, and weighs 5 lbs. Suggested retail price: $129.95. — Rhoades National Corp., 126 Volunteer Dr., Hendersonville, TN 37075.

SPEAKER SYSTEM, the Ohm L, is a five-speaker, four-way system housed in a tapered floor enclosure. The system uses a phase-consistent crossover network with three separate level controls.

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CASSette Decks model SC-3300 and model SC-3330 are designed for use with metal tapes. They feature Direct-O-Matic front-loading and have full logic control for their two motors—an FG DC servo motor for the capstan and a DC motor for the reels. The record/playback head uses a special alloy designed to prevent the magnetic saturation that may occur using metal tapes. The ferrite erase head has a double gap and erasure factor of 70 db. 16-segment LED peak-level displays create bar-graph arrays for both channels, and a tension holdback device keeps FM modulation and wow-and-flutter to a minimum. Other features are memory rewind, auto play, and auto repeat.

The decks have a three-position bias and EQ selector switches for metal, chromium, and normal tapes. Frequency response is 20 to 17,000 Hz for metal tape and 20 to 16,000 Hz for chromium dioxide. Dolby noise reduction gives a signal-to-noise ratio of 69 dB. The SC3300 (shown) is finished in matte black with detachable handles suitable for rack mounting, while the SC3300 is finished in brushed aluminum in a simulated walnut case. Suggested retail price for both models is $420.—Sheldahl Corp., Inc., 2160 Valley Brook Ave., Lyndhurst, NJ 07071.

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EQUIPMENT REPORTS
continued from page 32

centered on a printed-circuit board mounted to the temperature-controlling potentiometer. The entire circuit is fused, with the fuse cartridge readily accessible from the back panel of the console.

The console is both handsome and rugged. A wrap-around black wrinkle cabinet is accentuated by a white panel with a baked-enamel finish. Four rubber feet under the control console provides no-slip mounting as well as scratch and mar prevention. The console is heavy enough (approximately two pounds) to provide a reliable anchor for the soldering iron.

An assortment of tip styles is available, depending upon the application of the iron. All tips are made from pure iron and are pre-tinned. The heating element is at zero potential to avoid any possibility of current loops between the iron and control console (or circuitry, assuming proper grounding precautions have been taken).

The pure iron tip wets easily with solder, and can tolerate a wide variety of fluxes. Excessively high temperature and extremely viscous fluxes are not recommended, however. This combination will inevitably take its toll in soldering tips!

For those of us who have taken for granted that a soldering iron must be clumsy, requires a long time to heat up, and must be set down on an improvised holder, the T-7 offers a refreshing surprise. The T-7 is designed to be held like a pencil and fits snugly and comfortably. Because of the low mass of the element and tip (less than one ounce), the balance is not tiring. The power cord to the iron is extra flexible, lightweight, and thin. It is hardly noticeable while maneuvering the soldering iron. The handle of the T-7 iron is made of nylon, and seems impervious to the heat from the tip. Much of this cool comfort is afforded by the heat-sink baffle mounted just between the fingertips and the soldering iron tip. A side-mounted cradle securely anchors the soldering iron between soldering applications. A removable tip-cleaver houses a replaceable sponge to wipe the soldering tip when necessary. The cradle is well ventilated, accounting for the cool operation of the control console.

We found the T-7 to offer advantages of both battery-operated lightweights and cord-powered heavyweights. Like the battery-powered iron, the T-7 is extremely maneuverable even though it has an attached cord. Like the cord-operated units, it doesn’t have a limited operational life before recharge is necessary. Thus, the T-7 is capable of long-term, wireless operation at optimum performance.

Heat-up time is about one minute. In our turn-on test, we switched the control console on, advancing the temperature control to about mid-range. Within one minute the tip is easily melted thin-gauge rosin-core solder. Advancing the temperature control, we found the temperature to respond almost immediately.

The Micro-Soldering Station cools down quickly. It packs away very compactly, and the high-quality power cords should endure considerable folding.

The T-7 Micro-Soldering Station from American Beauty reflects the professionalism of thoughtful design. We liked the unit, and would recommend it for continuous production-line applications as well as serious bench applications. The model T-7 Micro-Soldering station lists for $86.

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### Special 2SC1308K Sanyo
#### Horizontal Output Transistor Equivalent to ECG 238

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### Audio Technica Cartridge

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<tr>
<td>AT13E</td>
<td>AT1113E</td>
<td>24.80</td>
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NEW PRODUCTS!

Super Color S-100 Video Kit $99.95

An expandable to 256 x 192 high resolution color graphics, 8847 with all display modes parameters pre-programmed, 1K RAM expandable to 6K, S-100 bus 1820, 8086, 8085, 280 etc.

Guemlin Color Video Kit $59.95

Guemlin Video Kit offers over 8 colors with 6847 chip, 1K RAM at $00.00. plugs into Super E2 44 pin bus. Not expandable to high resolution graphics.

Quest Super Basic

Quest, the leader in inexpensive 1902 systems announces another first. Quest is the first computer with a full size Basic for 1902 systems. A complete function Super Basic by Ron Center including full screen capability with advanced notation (length range - 176%).

Elif II Adapter Kit $24.50

Plugs into Elif II providing Super E44 and 50 pin plug plus S-100 bus expansion (With Bus expansion, High and low address displays, state and mode LED's optional $10.00)

1802 16K Dynamic RAM Kit $149.00

Contains 16K RAM expands to 32K. Hidden refresh, write-ups to 4 MHz with wait states Added. 16K RAM $79.00.

RCA Cosby Super Elf Computer $106.95

Compare features before you decide to buy any other computer. There is no other computer on the market today that has all the desirable benefits of the Super Elf for so little money. The Super Elf comes with single board computer.

Super Expansion Board with Cassette Interface $89.95

This is truly an astounding value! This board has been designed to make it easy to add options. The Super Expansion Board comes with 4K of low power RAM fully addressable by the memory processor and a cassette interface. Provisions have been made to add other options on the same board and fit neatly into the hardwired cabinet alongside the Super Elf. The board includes slots for expansion cards (Type A, Type B, or Type C) up to 2716 or 27161 and is fully socketed. EPROM can be used for the monitor and Basic or other purposes.

A 4K EPROM Board $49.95 is offered as an option. It is an option board in 2780 EPROM which has been programmed with a program that can cope with a wide variety of color graphics. It can read/write software, relocatable cassette file and expandable from cassette. It includes register save and restore, block move capability, and video graphics driving with bypass curve control. This board can be used as an EPROM save feature to isolate program bugs quickly, then follow with single step. The Super Monitor is written with

Lauf, arrays; String manipulation, Cassette I/O, and load, basic and machine language programs; and over 27 Statements. Functions and Operators.

Elif II Super Elf Basic $54.00

Tom Pittman's 1802 Tiny Basic Source listing now available. Find out how Tom Pittman uses Tiny Basic to get the most out of it. Never ordered before $19.00

S-100 4-Slot Expansion $9.95

Super Monitor II Source Listing

S-100 $5.00

As Soon: Assembler, Editor, Diskassembler, BASIC, Super Sound/Music, EPROM program.

Not a Cheap Clock Kit $14.95

Includes everything except case. 2-Pc boards. 6-50 LED. Display. 3216 clockchip, transformer all components needed. $25.00. Oranges displays also available. Same kit w/80 displays. Red only. $21.50. Case $17.75

NcAd Battery Fixer/Charger Kit

Opens shorted cells that won't hold a charge and then charges them up in all one kit for all S-100 parts and instructions. $7.25

S-100 Computer Boards

6K Static RAM Kit $135.00

16K Static RAM Kit $265.00

24K Static RAM Kit $425.00

32K Static RAM Kit $725.00

6K Dynamic RAM Kit $199.00

24K Dynamic RAM Kit $310.00

64K Dynamic RAM Kit $600.00

Video Interface Kit $179.00

Motherboard $39.00

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Video Modulator Kit $8.95

Converts TV signal into a high quality monitor with full color all the way. Complete kit with full instructions.

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S-100 16K Add-On Bare Board

S-1024 X 16 Static RAM

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**All Prime from Major Semiconductor Manufacturers. Specs and Pin Out Diagram Included with Each Device.**

**MC14553 3-Digit BCD Counter IC $2.99**

CMOS chip replaces over 8 separate ICs in one 8-line display. Ideal for alarm, timer, math functions, digital clock, etc. For use with 16-pin DIP. 276-2498 2.99

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**Continuously Variable—Many Audio Applications**

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**MARCH 1980**

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100 W CLASS A POWER AMP KIT
Dynamic Bias Class "A" circuit design makes this unit unique in its class. Crystal clear, 100 watts power output will satisfy the most picky taster. A perfect combination with the TA-1020 low T.I.M. stereo pre-amp.

Specifications:
- Output power: 100W RMS into 8-ohm non-inductive load
- Frequency response: 10Hz - 100KHz
- T.H.D.: less than 0.006%
- S/N ratio: better than 60dB
- Input sensitivity: 1V max.
- Power supply: ±45V @ 5 amp

TA-1000 KIT $51.95
Power transformer $15.00 each

PROFESSIONAL 10 OCTAVE STEREO GRAPHIC EQUALIZER!!

Graphical equalizers have been used for years in sound studios and concert arenas but were too expensive to be considered for home use. Now you offer the factory at an affordable price. This unit can extend your control of your Hi-Fi system by minimizing the non-linearities of the combined speaker/room system. Fantastic features as follows:
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- Cut outrumble, surface noise and hiss
- Minimizes speaker/room non-linearities
- Frequency response: from 30Hz to 16KHz
- 10 tone controls plus defect, monitor and tape selection
- Control range: ±2dB in 10 octaves (30Hz, 60Hz, 120Hz, 240Hz, 500Hz, 1KHz, 2KHz, 4KHz, 8KHz, 16KHz)
- Operating voltage 117V 60Hz

FACTORY ASSEMBLED UNIT, NOT A KIT

SUB MINI SIZE FET CONDENSER MICROPHONE

Specification:
- Sensitivity: -85dB + 1dB
- F.E.D. Response: 50Hz - 8KHz
- Output Impedance: 1K ohm max.
- Polar Pattern: Omni-directional
- Power Supply: 1.5V 10V D.C.
- Sound Pressure Level: 100dB

NEW MARK III

9 Steps 4 Colors

LED VU

Stereo level indicator kit with arc-shape display panels! This Mark III LED level indicator is a new design PC board with an arc-shape 4 colors/LED display (change color from red, yellow, green and the peak output indicated by blue). The power range is very large, from ±360 to ±50dB. The Mark III indicator is applicable to 1 watt - 200 watts amplifier operating voltage is 3V - 9V DC at maximum 400mA. The circuit uses 10 LEDs per channel. It is very easy to connect to the amplifier. Just hook up with the speaker output.

In Kit Form $18.50

MARK IV 15 STEPS LED POWER LEVEL INDICATOR KIT

This new stereo level indicator kit consists of 36-color LED (15 per channel) to indicate the sound level output of your amplifier from -36dB to +3dB. Comes with a well-designed silk screen printed plastic panel and has a selector switch to allow floating or gradual output indicating. Power supply is 6~12V D.C. with T.H.G on board input sensitivity control. This unit will work with any amplifier from 1W to 200W!

Kit includes 70 pcs transistors, 38 pcs matched 4-color LED, all other electronic components, PC board and front panel.

MARK IV KIT $31.50

30W+30W STEREO HYBRID AMPLIFIER KIT

It works in 12V DC as well! Kit includes 1 PC SAMYK STK-037 stereo power amp. IC LM 1458 as pre amp, all other electronic parts, PC Board, all control pots and special heat sink for hybrid. Power transformer not included. It produces ultra hi-fi output up to 60 watts (30 watts per channel) yet gives out less than 0.1% total harmonic distortion within 100Hz and 10KHz.

Power Supply: 120V 60Hz

$32.50 PER KIT

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MODEL IIIB R

- Circuitry: designed for operation by large efficient, high power silicon transistor which enable illumination maintain in a standard level even the battery supply drops a little bit voltage.
- 9" 6W cool/daylight miniature fluorescent tube
- 8 x 1-5V UM-1 (size D) cell battery
- Easy sliding door for charging batteries

$10.50 EA

STEREO AMPLIFIER

60W + 60W

COMPLETED UNIT - NOT A KIT!

OCL pre amp & power amp designed with bass, middle, treble 3-way tone control. Fully assembled and tested ready to work. Total harmonic distortion less than 0.3% at full power. Output maximum is 60 watts per channel at 8Ω. Power supply is 24 ~ 30V AC or DC Complete Unit: Assembled $48.50 ea.

Power transformer $2.50 ea.

5W AUDIO AMP KIT

2 LM 380 with Volume Control

Power Supply 6 V 18V DC

Just $5.99 EACH

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A. 0-60VA 0.5% 50 ea.
B. 0-300VC 0.5% 50 ea.
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True Vu-Meter

$5.95 PER KIT

ALARM CLOCK MODULE

FEATURES:
- 5 1/2" LED
- ASSEMBLED NOT A KIT!

Features: 4 digits 0.5" LED Displays + 12 hours Alarm clock + 24 hours digital stop watch + 59 min countdown timer. The snooze control is operated by sliding a switch control.

ONLY $7.00 EACH

SPECIAL TRANSMITTER FOR CLOCK

(FREE)

DIGITAL AUTO SECURITY SYSTEM

4 DIGITS PERSONAL CODE

SPECIAL $19.95

- proximity triggered
- voltage triggered
- mechanically triggered

This alarm protects you and itself! Entering protected area will set it off, sounding your car horn or siren you add. Any change in voltage will also trigger the alarm into action. It cables with pasenger compartment are cut, the unit protects itself by sounding the alarm.

3-WAY PROTECTION!!

All units factory assembled and tested - Not a kit!

A NEW LED ARRAY AND DRIVE FOR RC LEVEL METERS

This series covers a wide range of level indication uses, output and input voltage, time related change, temperature, light measurement and sound level. The problem of uneven brilliance often encountered with LED arrangements as well as design problems caused by using several units of varying size are substantially reduced. 12 LEDs in one bar

LED ARRAY

GL-11203 Red, Green, Yellow
GL-11202 Red, Green
GL-11201 Green, Yellow

$5.50 EA

$2.85 EA

LED DRIVERS

1R-20G6 is an IC specially designed to drive 12 LED. The number of LED is linearly illuminated according to the current joining. Operating voltage is 9 ~ 12V D.C. $5.35 EACH

$16.50 EA

FLASHER LED

Unique design combines a red/red LED with an IC flasher chip in one package. Operates directly from 9V-12V D.C. No dropping resistor needed. Pulse rate 3Hz @ 9V 20mA.

2 for $2.20

BIPOLAR LED RED/GREEN

2 colors in one LED, red and green, changes color when reverse voltage supply. Amazing! 2 for $1.90

LCD CLOCK MODULE!

- 0.5" LCD 4 digits display + 12 controlled circuits (D.C. powered) 18 V battery • 12 hr. or 24 hr. display • 24 hour alarm set • 60 min. countdown timer • Board dual back-up lights - Dual time zone display - Stop watch function

NEC1202 (12 hr) $24.50 EA.
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Size smaller than a box of matches! Receives all AM stations. Batteries and ear phones included.

Only $10.50

12 DC MINI RELAY

6V SPDT 2 AMP $1.30
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12V DC POWERED
Lights up to 15 Watt Fluorescent Light Tubes. Ideal for camper, outdoor, auto or boat. Kit includes high voltage coil, power transformer, heat sink, all other electronic parts and PC Board. Light tube not included!
$9.50 Per Kit

SUPER FM WIRELESS MIC KIT - MARK III
This new designed circuit uses high FET transistors with 2 stages pre amp. Transmits FM Range (88-120 MHz) up to 2 blocks away and with the ultra-sensitive uncondenser microphone that comes with the kit allows you to pick up any sound within 15 ft. away! Kit includes all electronic parts, OSC coils, and PC Board. Power supply 9V D.C. $9.50 Per Kit

PRESS-A-LIGHT SELF GENERATED FLASHLIGHT
EXCLUSIVE!! $3.95 ea
Model F-17 - never worry about battery, because it has none! Easy to carry in pocket and handy to use. Ideal for emergency light. It generates its own electricity by squeezing grip lever. Perfect for use on boats, camper or home. You might need it some time.
$11.50 Per Kit

ELECTRONIC DUAL SPEAKER PROTECTOR
Cut off all circuits when speaker is shorted or over load to protect your amplifier as well as your speakers. A must for all speakers. $8.75 EA.

SUPER 15 WATT AUDIO AMP KIT
Use STK-15W 2PC PCBs in 2 channels. Kit includes: STK-15W Hybrid IC, power supply with power transformer, front Amp with tone control, all electronic parts as well as PC Board Less than 0.5% harmonic distortion at full power 9v DC re- fereed from 200-volt 6000 Hz. This amplifier has QAUSS- WAT-15W. Compliments our output. Output max watt is 15 (10 watt RMS) at 4ohm. $23.50 each.

HICKOK LX303 DIGITAL LOC MULTIMETER
- 3 digit display - 200 hours 9v battery life - Auto zero; polarity; overrange indication - 1000V DC F.S. sensitivity - 19 ranges and functions - D.C. volt. 0.1mV to 1000V - A.C. volt. 500V to 1000V - Resistance; -10% to 0% - 20 Mili; -10% to 0% - Frequency: 1KHz to 100KHz - Temperature sensor - 20 ft. - Overload indicator - 200-4000 Res. - 5% - -10% to 0% - 20 Mili; -10% to 0% - 8% 95 EACH

PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH
N/0 Common; Color; Red, White, Blue, Green, Black $3.95 ea
N/0 Common; Also Available $5 ea

HEAVY DUTY CLIP LEADS
1 pair = 5 colors Alligator clips on a 22" long lead. Ideal for any testing. $2.00 each

CIRCLE 39 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

FLUORESCENT LIGHT DRIVER KIT
12V DC POWERED
Lights up to 15 Watt Fluorescent Light Tubes. Ideal for camper, outdoor, auto or boat. Kit includes high voltage coil, power transformer, heat sink, all other electronic parts and PC Board. Light tube not included!
With Case Only $6.50 Per Kit

SUPER FM WIRELESS MIC KIT - MARK III
This new designed circuit uses high FET transistors with 2 stages pre amp. Transmits FM Range (88-120 MHz) up to 2 blocks away and with the ultra-sensitive uncondenser microphone that comes with the kit allows you to pick up any sound within 15 ft. away! Kit includes all electronic parts, OSC coils, and PC Board. Power supply 9V D.C. $9.50 Per Kit

PRESS-A-LIGHT SELF GENERATED FLASHLIGHT
EXCLUSIVE!! $3.95 ea
Model F-17 - never worry about battery, because it has none! Easy to carry in pocket and handy to use. Ideal for emergency light. It generates its own electricity by squeezing grip lever. Perfect for use on boats, camper or home. You might need it some time.
$11.50 Per Kit

ELECTRONIC DUAL SPEAKER PROTECTOR
Cut off all circuits when speaker is shorted or over load to protect your amplifier as well as your speakers. A must for all speakers. $8.75 EA.

SUPER 15 WATT AUDIO AMP KIT
Use STK-15W 2PC PCBs in 2 channels. Kit includes: STK-15W Hybrid IC, power supply with power transformer, front Amp with tone control, all electronic parts as well as PC Board Less than 0.5% harmonic distortion at full power 9v DC re- fereed from 200-volt 6000 Hz. This amplifier has QAUSS- WAT-15W. Compliments our output. Output max watt is 15 (10 watt RMS) at 4ohm. $23.50 each.

HICKOK LX303 DIGITAL LOC MULTIMETER
- 3 digit display - 200 hours 9v battery life - Auto zero; polarity; overrange indication - 1000V DC F.S. sensitivity - 19 ranges and functions - D.C. volt. 0.1mV to 1000V - A.C. volt. 500V to 1000V - Resistance; -10% to 0% - 20 Mili; -10% to 0% - Frequency: 1KHz to 100KHz - Temperature sensor - 20 ft. - Overload indicator - 200-4000 Res. - 5% - -10% to 0% - 20 Mili; -10% to 0% - 8% 95 EACH

PUSH-BUTTON SWITCH
N/0 Common; Color; Red, White, Blue, Green, Black $3.95 ea
N/0 Common; Also Available $5 ea

HEAVY DUTY CLIP LEADS
1 pair = 5 colors Alligator clips on a 22" long lead. Ideal for any testing. $2.00 each

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CompuPro
continues to deliver.

16K Dynamic RAMs — $82.70\n256 x 4 (4 Meg). 16K dynamic RAMs. Expand memory in 128K-64K - 1 chip. Easily, Apple, new PET, Heath HILL, etc. Add $17 to 722 plug plus instructions. 128K-512 expansion.

MEMORY!

4000-6000 MEGAOP COUNT. 800 CAPACITORS (2000 in 1 package). ASSEMBLED. $55.00

SOUND EFFECTS GENERATOR BASIC KIT

The CompuPro System on a Chip provides the components for a full-Featured, complete sound effects generator. It's compact and easy to use. All you need is a speaker and you're ready to play back any of the standard sound effects generated on the Circuit Board. The kit includes:

- All components for the sound effects generator
- Instruction manual
- Circuit board

Price: $245.00

For more information, contact CompuPro, Inc., 123 Main St., Box 123, Anytown, USA 12345.

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CIRCLE 42 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

STEREO GRAPHIC EQUALIZER
Octave Band 50 Hz to 12,000 Hz MTS Slide controls

Assembled & tested. $199.15

No additional components necessary for 12 VDC operation:

- American made
- Glass epoxy double sided. p.t.h. circuit board
- ALLEN BRADLEY Type M conductive plastic volume control
- Adjustable input sensitivity: 3V to 3V RMS
- Rounding MET Dual timers
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- BIFET II Reg. Networks
- 1% Metal film resistors
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- Opto 12-22 do much
- 2 accurate clipping lights: on preamp stage, on lead stage
- All 3 LED’s are Hi brightness types (RC410 at 20mA D.C.)
- Wiring & mtg. info included

80 WATT STEREO POWER AMPLIFIER
Assembled & tested circuit board

American made $87.99 (Class B $163.90)

Ready to mount to 12 VDC systems. Requires 27V supply, 125W.

- 40W X 2 Ohm Class A B
- .08% THD at 20 kHz, full power
- 27W RMS @ 800V, low T1M
- .4W limiting

POWER DRIVER KIT FOR ABOVE
Includes 125W x Rhe, filter caps, inc., scheme $33.00

Transformer only $27.00, scheme $100.00

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TIP 35A 25A 60V output $1.65

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The brightest LED! Stanley SBR 5531

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ONE DAY SHIPMENT

24 HOUR ORDER

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310-437-4300

SE 01 Sound Effects Kit $16.95

The SE 01 is a complete line that contains all the parts to build a programming sound effects generator. Delivered around the New Year! Contact the Sealed Sound Effects and Audio, Inc., 123 Main St., Box 123, Anytown, USA 12345.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

This is a complete line that contains all the parts to build a programming sound effects generator. Delivered around the New Year! Contact the Sealed Sound Effects and Audio, Inc., 123 Main St., Box 123, Anytown, USA 12345.

CIRCLE 45 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

This is a complete line that contains all the parts to build a programming sound effects generator. Delivered around the New Year! Contact the Sealed Sound Effects and Audio, Inc., 123 Main St., Box 123, Anytown, USA 12345.
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  - 10 dip ACD
  - 5000 Overload
  - BKE Tri-Beam Protection 2 year battery life
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  - Model LBD-45A with probes
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- **Model WC-412A**
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• 10 mV sensitivity

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| LM301N-8 | .34 | LM325CN-14 | 1.29 |
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| LM30CH-8 | .59 | LM447CN-14 | 4.9 |
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**METAL POWER TRANSISTORS**

- **Homotaxial — Best Quality**
  - 2N3054 .65 60V NPN TO-66
  - 2N3055 .69 70V NPN TO-66
  - 2N4442 .65 150V NPN TO-3
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- **Universal SCR**
  - C106D .4 400V 5.0 AMP TO-220

**EPROM'S**

| C2708 | 14 X 3 | 450 ns | $ 9.95 |
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**NEC TERRA**

$129.00

Based on the 6502, the board has both 1K RAM and 1K electric erasable PROM, expandable to 4K x 8 plus 8K x 8 on board. Complete with keyboard with 25 real keys and 8 bit 500 digits display.

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| LED11 | T-1 3 mm Yellow |
| LED02 | T-1 5 mm Red |
| LED24 | T-1 5 mm Yellow |
| LED31 | T-1 5 mm Green |
| LED03 | T-1 5 mm Cyan |

**DISPLAYS**

| FND437 | 375 Common Cathode |
| FND387 | 375 Common Anode |
| FND560 | 500 Common Cathode |
| FND560 | 500 Common Anode |
| FND570 | 500 Common Cathode |
| FND570 | 500 Common Anode |
| DL704 | 300 Common Cathode |
| DL707 | 300 Common Anode |
| DL747 | 830 Common Cathode |

**ISOLATORS**

| ILD8 | Dual Opto isolator 150V |
| ILD8A | Dual Opto isolator 150V |
| M978 | Quad Opto isolator 150V |
| TIL11 | Opt Coupler 150V |
| 4N28 | Opto isolator 250V |
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**MARCH 1980**

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- 1 Bowmar Clock Stick Readout (L.E.D.) 4 digit - 1/2"
- 13 Transistors
- 2 Push Buttons for time set
- 2 Toggle Switches for alarm
- 1 Filter cap
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- 1 LED Lamp for alarm indicator

NEW!
$9.99

D.C. MODEL

Same as above except it includes 60 Hz timebase.

This Kit Includes:
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- 1 Bowmar Clock Stick Readout - (L.E.D.) 4 digit - 1/2"
- 12 Transistors
- 2 Push Buttons for time set
- 2 Disc caps
- 27 Resistors
- 1 MOV
- 1 60 Hz time base

NEW!
$12.75

P.C. Board $2.25
Case $3.50

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5 to 20 VDC at 1 AMP. Short circuit protected by current limit. Uses IC regulator and 10 AMP Power Darlington. Very good regulation and low ripple. Kit includes PC Board, all parts, large heatsink and shielded transformer 50 MV. TYP. Regulation. $15.99 KIT

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### Specifications
- **DC and AC volts:** 0 to 1000 Volts, 5 ranges
- **DC and AC current:** 0.1 µA to 2.0 Amps, 5 ranges
- **Resistance:** 0 to 20 Megohms, 6 ranges
- **Input protection:** 1520 Volts AC/DC, all ranges fuse protected
- **Display:** 3½ digits, 0.6 inch LED display
- **Accuracy:** ± 0.1% basic DC volts
- **Power:** 4 AA cells, optional nicad pack, or AC adapter
- **Size:** 5.7 x 1.9 x 5.0 inch
- **Weight:** 2 lbs with batteries

### Prices
- **DM-700 wired + tested** $99.95
- **DM-700 kit form** $79.95
- **AC adapter/charger** $3.95
- **Nicad battery pack** $16.95
- **Probe kit** $3.95

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- One year limited warranty. All factory wired units are covered by a one year limited warranty. Kits have a 90 day parts warranty.

**Order a DM-700, examine it for 10 days, and if you're not satisfied in every way, return it in original form for a prompt refund.**
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