The FCC just promulgated Subpart B of Part 3 of its Rules and Regulations containing rules concerning FM broadcasting. Subpart B now includes not only the rules and regulations which were set forth in the Commission's Report of August 21, 1943, but also those applicable to FM which are contained in Parts 1, 2, and 3 of the previous rules and regulations. The result of this action is to gather in one place all of the rules and regulations governing the construction, licensing, and operation of FM stations. However, it should be stated that this information about the Commission's rules concerning FM need secure only Subpart B of Part 3 and Part I which contains the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

It is the Commission's plan that eventually all the rules governing television, standard broadcast, and all other radio services will be revised in the same manner as FM with the result that all of the applicable rules and regulations concerning a particular radio service will be found in one part. In this way viewers interested in a particular service need look only in Part I (Rules of Practice and Procedure) to find out which part contains the rules and regulations concerning the specific service in question.

Subpart C of Part 3 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations is amended to include rules for the Division of Broadcast Services. The classification of FM stations is shown in the table below:

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The areas of the United States are divided into two areas. The first area—Area I—includes southern New Hampshire; all of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut; southwestern New York; New Jersey, Delaware, and the District of Columbia; Maryland as far west as Hagerstown; and eastern Pennsylvania as far west as Harrisburg. The second area—Area II—comprehends the remainder of the United States not included in Area I.

Areas of the United States—For the purpose of allocation the United States is divided into two areas. The first area—Area I—includes southern New Hampshire; all of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut; southwestern New York; New Jersey, Delaware, and the District of Columbia; Maryland as far west as Hagerstown; and eastern Pennsylvania as far west as Harrisburg. The second area—Area II—comprehends the remainder of the United States not included in Area I.

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least 60 days prior to the contemplated removal and/or installation.

§ 3.214 Period of construction.—Each construction permit will specify a maximum of 60 days from the date of granting thereof as the time within which construction shall be completed and the station ready for operation, unless otherwise determined by the Commission upon proper showing in a good faith effort to be made to complete construction in the time specified in the construction permit. If, at the end of the time specified therein, or within such further time as the Commission may have allowed for completion, and a notation of the forfeiture of the construction permit shall be placed in the records of the Commission as of the expiration date.

(b) Any application for extension of time within which to construct a station shall be filed at least thirty days prior to the expiration date of such construction permit and supporting such application for extension as shown by the station to be under construction. The application for extension shall be granted within a reasonable time by the Commission upon showing satisfactory to the Commission of sufficient reasons for the delay in the completion of the construction. Each such application for extension shall be granted upon a specific and detailed showing that the failure to complete within the time specified therein or within such further time as the Commission may have allowed for completion, and a notation of the forfeiture of the construction permit shall be placed in the records of the Commission as of the expiration date.

§ 3.216 Equipment tests.—(a) Upon completion of construction of an FM station the owner shall demonstrate in the presence of the Commission the technical provisions of the application therefor and the rules and regulations and Standards of Good Engineering Practice governing FM stations and prior to filing of application for license, the permittee is authorized to test the equipment of the station by operating it in such a manner as to be heard by the public.

(c) Within the 90 day period prescribed by this section for equipment tests, field intensity measurements in accordance with the methods prescribed in the Standards of Good Engineering Practice shall be submitted to the Commission. The equipment tests shall be conducted by the applicant in charge of the district in which the station is located and the Commission are notified 2 days in advance of the beginning of tests.

(b) The Commission may notify the permittee to conduct such tests or may suspend such suspension. When the applicant fails or suspends such tests or any such action appears to be in the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

1 Form FCC No. 791.

§ 3.217 Program tests.—(a) When construction and equipment tests are completed in accordance with the 3.216, such tests shall constitute the completion of the construction permit, the technical provisions of the application therefor and the rules and regulations and Standards of Good Engineering Practice governing FM stations and prior to filing of application for license, the permittee is authorized to test the equipment of the station by operating it in such a manner as to be heard by the public.

(b) The Commission reserves the right to cancel such tests or suspend or change the date for the program of such tests and when such action may appear to be in the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

(c) Any application for tests embodied in this section shall be limited to one year after the license has been issued or within such extension of time as the Commission may provide.

§ 3.218 Normal license period.—All FM broadcast station licenses will be issued so as to expire at the hour of 3 a.m. E.S.T. and will be issued for a normal license period of 6 years.

§ 3.219 License, simultaneous modification and renewal.—When an application is granted by the Commission necessitating the issuance of a modified license, the期限 shall be extended to allow the expiration date of the license or date by which the transmitter to be in satisfactory operating condition, the permittee is authorized to conduct a test of the construction permit for a period not to exceed 30 days: Provided, That the equipment in charge of the district in which the station is located and the Commission are notified 2 days in advance of the beginning of the tests.

(b) The Commission reserves the right to cancel such tests or suspend, or change the date for conducting for the period of such tests and when such action may appear to be in the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

(a) The application for construction embodied in this section shall be limited to one year after the license has been issued or within such extension of time as the Commission may provide.

§ 3.221 Temporary broadcast station licenses.—Where there is pending before the Commission any application, investigation, or proceeding which, in the opinion of the Commission, is essential for the hearing, investigation, and specifically directs that it be filed by a date certain, such application shall be filed on the date specified by the Commission, or if no date is specified, on date appearing within the Commission.

(b) Where an application has been afforded an opportunity to be heard with respect to a particular application for a new FM broadcast station having any contract, arrangement, or understanding, express or implied, with a network organization under the control of a network organization, and may not prevent or hinder the operation of the network organization under the control of a network organization, and may not prevent or hinder the station from offering or selling any or all of the time covered by the option, or other time, to other network organizations.

(c) In the event of the death or legal disability of a permittee or licensee, or a member of a partnership, or a person directly or indirectly in control of a corporation, which is a permittee or licensee, the Commission shall have the power to grant such extensions of time as it shall deem just and necessary to prevent or hinder the station from offering or selling any or all of the time covered by the option, or other time, to other network organizations.

§ 3.222 Assignment or transfer of control.—(a) Voluntary: Application for consent to voluntary assignment of an FM broadcast station or the surrender of a construction permit of such a station shall be filed with the Commission on Form FCC No. 314 (assignment of license) and Form FCC No. 315 (transfer of control) of a station shall be filed with the Commission on Form FCC No. 314 (assignment of license) and Form FCC No. 315 (transfer of control) and the record of the occurrence of such an event.

(b) Where an appeal has been taken from the action of the Commission in denying a particular application, another application for the same class of broadcast station and for the same area, in whole or in part, filed by the same applicant, within the time specified therein, or within such further time as the Commission may have allowed for completion, and a notation of the forfeiture of the original application shall be placed in the records of the Commission as of the expiration date.

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You don't need Heavy Glasses to see Oklahoma Network's concentrated 7 Major Market Audience...

You are not reaching a BIG segment of Oklahoma's buying power unless you use the stations represented in the OKLAHOMA NETWORK. This fact is based on reliable Listening Surveys, which prove these stations have DOMINANCE in their markets--most of them ALL OF THE TIME! Startling also is the fact that you can use all 7 stations for approximately HALF THE COST of any two of Oklahoma's highest-powered stations--and you can use as few as 3, if you can't use all the stations--and still get the network rate. Just give us the opportunity and we'll prove how you get more audience at a lower cost by using the OKLAHOMA NETWORK!

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OKLAHOMA NETWORK

ROBERT P. Enoch, MANAGING DIRECTOR, APICO TOWER, OKLAHOMA CITY 2, OKLAHOMA

KADA—Ada
KBIX—Muskogee
KCRC—Enid
KGFF—Shawnee
KOME—Tulsa
KTOK—Oklahoma City
KVSO—Ardmore

September 17, 1945 • Page 27
Now, as before, expect quality leadership in Collins broadcast equipment

The new Collins AM transmitters and remote amplifiers, now ready, reflect characteristically advanced Collins engineering.

Notable transmitter refinements include extremely high fidelity, and increased safety factors through the use of oversize components throughout.

The Collins 21A is a superb 5,000 watt transmitter, with reduced power operation at 1,000 watts also available. Its response curve is flat, within $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ db, from 30 to 10,000 cycles.

The Collins 20T is a 1,000 watt transmitter, of similar characteristics, equipped for reduced power operation at 500 watts if desired.

The Collins 300G is a 250 watt transmitter of equal fidelity, with reduced power operation at 100 watts available.

The Collins 12Y one channel remote amplifier is light, handy, simple and efficient. It is for unattended operation from a 115 volt a.c. power source.

The Collins 12Z four channel remote amplifier is a.c.-d.c. powered, the d.c. source being self-contained batteries which take the load automatically in case of a.c. line failure.

A complete line of Collins high-quality studio equipment is available for either AM or FM application.

An outstanding broadcasting station begins with outstanding equipment. We will be glad to know about your plans and submit complete recommendations. For additional detailed information, write the Collins Radio Company, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; 11 West 42nd Street, New York 18, N. Y. Collins equipment is sold in Canada by Collins-Fisher, Ltd., Montreal.
**RULES RELATING TO EQUIPMENT**

§ 3.251 Transmitter power.—The rated power and operating power range of transmitters shall be in accordance with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice concerning FM Broadcast Stations.

§ 3.202 Frequency monitor.—The license of each FM broadcast station shall have an equipment or control panel to monitor the frequency of the main transmitter as an approved frequency monitor independent of the frequency control of the transmitter. For detailed requirements thereof see Standards of Good Engineering Practice concerning FM Broadcast Stations.

§ 3.203 Modulation monitor.—The license of each FM broadcast station shall have an equipment or control panel to monitor the modulation of the main transmitter. For detailed requirements thereof see Standards of Good Engineering Practice concerning FM Broadcast Stations.

§ 3.254 Required transmitter performance.—The construction, installation, operation, and performance of the FM broadcast transmitter system shall be in accordance with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice concerning FM Broadcast Stations.

§ 3.255 Auxiliary Transmitter.—Upon showing that a need exists for the use of an auxiliary transmitter other than on a primary frequency, the Commission may authorize the use of an auxiliary transmitter on such small auxiliary frequency as to be absolutely necessary in the public interest or the convenience of the public. Provided, however, that the Commission may require that the auxiliary transmitter be connected to the main transmitter by means of a direct radio link.

§ 3.256 Alternate main transmitters.—The license of a FM broadcast station may be issued for alternate main transmitters provided that a technical need for such alternate transmitters is shown and that the following conditions are met:

1. Both transmitters shall have the same power rating.
2. Both transmitters shall be located at the same place.
3. Both transmitters shall be controlled by the same transmitter or antenna system.

§ 3.261 Time of Operation.—All FM broadcast stations will be licensed for a period not to exceed 24 hours. Provided, that if the Commission finds that a station is necessary to the public convenience, then it may renew the license of such station, for additional periods of 24 hours, for unlimited time operation. Until the station is renewed or its license is revoked by the Commission, no period not to exceed 24 hours will be required by the Commission for the operation of such station. Provided, however, that such operation may be suspended by the Commission, in whole or in part, for any good cause, to the end that the public interest, convenience, and necessity may be served.

**RULES RELATING TO OPERATION**

§ 3.263 Transmitter output—The output of an FM broadcast transmitter shall be that power output which will be transmitted to the antenna supporting structure at the main location of the station for the following reasons:

1. In the program log:
   a. An entry showing the time the station identification announcement (call letters and location) is made.
   b. An entry briefly describing each program broadcast, such as “music,” “drama,” etc.
   c. An entry showing the time the beginning and ending of each program, such as “12:00 noon” or “11:00 p.m.”
   d. An entry showing the time such program broadcast begins and ends.
   e. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   f. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   g. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
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   v. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   w. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   x. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   y. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.
   z. An entry showing the time the program begins and ends.

§ 3.261 Logs.—The licensee of each FM broadcast station shall make and maintain such logs of the operation of the station as the Commission may require. Provided, however, that the Commission may make additional requirements concerning the operation of such station as it may deem necessary in the public interest, convenience and necessity.

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   a. An entry showing the time the station identification announcement (call letters and location) is made.
   b. An entry briefly describing each program broadcast, such as “music,” “drama,” etc.
   c. An entry showing the time the beginning and ending of each program, such as “12:00 noon” or “11:00 p.m.”
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(5) Log of experimental operation during experimental period. (If regular operation is maintained during this period, the above logs shall be kept.)

(b) Each time the tower lights are turned on and off if manually controlled.

(ii) Time and nature of adjustments, repairs or replacements made.

(iv) Airways Communication Station (OAA) notified of the failure of any tower light not corrected within 30 minutes and the time such notice was given.

(v) Time notice was given to the Airways Communication Station (OAA) of any tower light that has been fully repaired or replaced until the same has been barred by statute limiting the time for the filing of suits upon such claims.

3.283 Logs, by whom kept.—Each log shall be kept by the person or persons competent to do so, having actual knowledge of the facts required, who shall sign the log in such manner as to indicate that the information is true and correct.

3.284 Logs form.-No logs or portion thereof shall be erased, obliterated, or willfully destroyed within the period of retention provided by the laws. Any entry changed or the entry the entry which shall strike out the erroneous portion, initial the correction made, and indicate the time of correction.

3.285 Rough logs.—Rough logs may be transcribed into condensed form, but in such case the original log or memoranda and all portions thereof shall be preserved for a period of five years.

3.287 Station identification.—(a) A licensee of an FM broadcast station shall make station identification announcement (call letters and location) at the beginning of each quarter hour, and at the beginning of the half hour or within one minute of the half hour, and at the beginning of the hour or within one minute of the hour and (2) either on the half hour or at the quarter hour following the hour at which the station first started to broadcast the past hour, and of any other hour at which the station has made an identification announcement.

(b) Such identification announcement may be made on the hour when the announcement would interrupt a single consecutive speech, play, religious service, symphony concert or operatic production.

(c) Such identification announcement need not be made on the half hour or quarter hours when to make such announcement would interrupt a single consecutive speech, play, religious service, symphony concert or operatic production of more than 30 minutes. In such cases the identification announcement shall be made at the beginning of the program, at first interruption of the entertainment continuity, or at the conclusion of the entertainment continuity.

(d) Provided, that an announcement within 5 minutes of the times specified in subdivision (2) above, be made in a manner and by methods of reproduction which will not, in the judgment of the Commission, create the impression that the announcement is part of the program.

3.288 Mechanical records.—Each program broadcast which consists in whole or in part of mechanical reproductions shall be announced in the manner and to the extent set out below.

(a) Each such program of longer duration than 30 minutes, consisting in whole or in part of mechanical reproductions shall be announced by announcement at the beginning of the program, at each 30-minute interval thereafter, by station identification announcement (call letters and location) at the beginning of each quarter hour, and at the beginning of the half hour or within one minute of the half hour, and at the beginning of the hour or within one minute of the hour and (2) either on the half hour or at the quarter hour following the hour at which the station first started to broadcast the past hour, and of any other hour at which the station has made an identification announcement.

(b) Each such program of a longer duration than 5 minutes and in excess of 30 minutes, consisting in whole or in part of one or more mechanical reproductions, shall be announced by an appropriate announcement at the beginning and end of the program.

(c) Each such program of five minutes or less, consisting in whole or in part of mechanical reproductions, shall be identified by appropriate announcement immediately preceding the use thereof.

(d) In case a mechanical reproduction is used for background music, sound effects, or other material or services, the announcement of the identifying announcement at the beginning of the program, at each 30-minute interval thereafter, of that the identifying announcement at each 30-minute interval is required in case of a mechanical reproduction consisting of a continuous uninterrupted speech, play, religious service, symphony concert or operatic production of longer than 30 minutes.

(e) Each such program of a longer duration than 5 minutes and in excess of 30 minutes, consisting in whole or in part of one or more mechanical reproductions, shall be announced by an appropriate announcement at the beginning and end of the program.

(f) Each such program of five minutes or less, consisting in whole or in part of mechanical reproductions, shall be announced by appropriate announcement immediately preceding the use thereof.

(g) In case a mechanical reproduction is used for background music, sound effects, or other material or services, the announcement of the identifying announcement at the beginning of the program, at each 30-minute interval thereafter, of that the identifying announcement at each 30-minute interval is required in case of a mechanical reproduction consisting of a continuous uninterrupted speech, play, religious service, symphony concert or operatic production of longer than 30 minutes.

3.289 Sponsored programs, announcement of.—(a) In the case of each program for which the broadcast station is to be paid, the announcement of the identifying announcement at the beginning of the program shall be made. The identification of the sponsor's product, shall be deemed sufficient for the purposes of this section and only such announcement need be made at any time during the course of the program.

3.290 Brodcasts candidate for public office.—(a) Definitions.—A "legally qualified candidate" means any person who has published or caused to be published in or printed in any newspaper or periodical of general circulation, any press release or other written statement or any other political party or political candidate, any personal statement or any advertisement for the purpose of stating the qualifications of such person for office, or any advertisement that is the expression of an opinion as to whether such person is qualified for office.

(b) General requirements.—No station licensees is permitted to use the facilities of such station to broadcast any political advocacy message on behalf of either a political party or for nominating or election in a primary, special, or general election, municipal, county, state or national and who meets the qualifications prescribed in paragraph (a) hereof, unless such broadcast shall be made by a local FM broadcast station entirely in behalf of candidates for public office, unless the corporation, association or other unincorporated group shall have been made available for public inspection at one of the radio stations carrying the program.

(c) In the case of programs advertising commercial products or services, an announcement shall not be required if the product or service advertised is the sponsor's product, and who the person or persons in whose behalf such payment is made or promised, or from whom or in whose behalf such services were furnished, or from whom or in whose behalf such services were to be furnished, or for whom or in whose behalf such services were performed, is not a constituent, or the person or persons or the corporation, association or other unincorporated group for which such broadcast shall be made shall disclose the identity of the person or persons in whose behalf such candidate is being represented.

(d) In the case of any program, other than a program advertising commercial products or services, which is sponsored, paid for or furnished, either in whole or in part, by or for whom or in whose behalf such services were furnished, or for whom or in whose behalf such services were performed, or for whom or in whose behalf such payment is made or promised, or from whom or in whose behalf such services were furnished, or from whom or in whose behalf such services were performed, (b) hereof are furnished, by a corporation, committee, association or other unincorporated group, then such broadcast shall be made by a local FM broadcast station entirely in behalf of candidates for public office, unless the corporation, association or other unincorporated group shall have been made available for public inspection at one of the radio stations carrying the program.

3.291 Rebroadcasts.—(a) The term "rebroadcast" means reception by radio of the program * of a radio station, and the simultaneous or subsequent retransmission of such program by such broadcast station.

* As used in this section, program includes any complete program or part thereof.

3.292 Rebroadcasts.—(a) In case a program is transmitted from its point of origin to a broadcast station extending the facilities of the Commission for the purposes of rebroadcasting is by radio, the broadcasting of this program is not considered a rebroadcast.

(b) The licensee of an FM broadcast station may, without further authority of the Commission, rebroadcast any program or any portion of such program, and such rebroadcasts of a commercial station shall be subject to the same limitations as are applicable to any station performing such rebroadcasts.

3.293 Use of public facilities, consent.—The consent of the Commission shall be obtained to the use of any public facilities, and such consent shall be obtained in writing and filed with the Commission, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the station originating the program.

3.320 Records, statement of.—In the entry of any program, the licensee, or the station and the simultaneous or subsequent retransmission of such program by such broadcast station.

3.391 Reconsideration.—(c) The Commission, upon application for reconsideration of any, that has been made, shall be notified of the call letters of each station whose program is affected by the order, and the Commission shall be notified of the call letters of each station whose program is affected by the order. If the application for reconsideration is granted, the Commission, shall be notified of the call letters of each station whose program is affected by the order.

3.392 Brokerage.—(d) Provided that, a local FM broadcast station, whether or not a radio station, may, without further authority of the Commission, rebroadcast any program of a noncommercial educational television or radio station, provided the Commission is notified of the call letters of such station, and the charges made, if any, if requested is granted.

3.393 Rebroadcasts.—(a) The term "rebroadcast" means reception by radio of the program * of a radio station, and the simultaneous or subsequent retransmission of such program by such broadcast station.

* As used in this section, program includes any complete program or part thereof.