# Wireless Worla 




As the smallness of the ingeniously designed BICC Multicore Camera Trailing Cable is made possible by the use of solid conductors, this moulded-on coupler was developed mainly to overcome end breakage, which otherwise would be a serious problem with this type of cable. But the unique design of this coupler presents other advantages-. it ensures reliable contact, adequate screening and great mechanical strength, leading to a long and trouble-free life.

BICC T/V Camera Cables with moulded-on couplers have satisfactorily withstood arduous service on BBC T/V Cameras.


## Wiradess World

4lst YEAR OF PUBLICATION
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Managing Editor: } & \text { HUGH S. POCOCK, M.I.E.E. } \\ \text { Editor: } & \text { H. F. SMITH }\end{array}$
SEPTEMBER 1951

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## VALVES ...and their Applications

## MINIATURE BATTERY RANGE

## OUTPUT PENTODES

Two output pentodes, DL92 and DL94, are available in the Mullard range of miniature battery valves. Both have centre-tapped filaments and can be operated with the two sections of the filament either in series when the L.T. drain is 0.05 A at 2.8 V , or in parallel when the drain is 0.1 A at 1.4 V . The filaments are, of course, suitable only for D.C. operation.
Type DL94 is designed for operation with equal voltages on screen and anode, and is the type recommended for normal domestic battery or A.B.C. receivers. Operated with the filament sections in parallel and with anode and screen potentials of 90 V , this valve will give an output of 270 mW with $7 \%$ total distortion for a drive voltage of 3.2 V .
Type DL92 may be operated with either equal or unequal voltages on screen and anode, and is primarily intended for use in miniature all-dry battery receivers, particular attention having been paid in its design to performance at anode and screen potentials of 67.5 V . Under these conditions an output of 160 mW is obtainable with the series filament arrangement or 180 mW with parallel filament arrangement, the drive voltage in either case being 5.5 V .
Greater output can be obtained if the anode voltage is increased to 90 V , the screen voltage remaining at 67.5 V . In this case the output with series filament connection is 235 mW and with parallel filament connection 270 mW , again with a signal input of 5.5 V .

Other valves in this range include :
DF91 Variable-mu pentode
DAF91 Short grid-base pentode with diode
DK92 Heptode frequency changer

OUTPUT PENTODES DL92 \& DL94


Operating Conditions
Series filament

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 90 | 90 | V |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 67.5 | 90 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{g} 1}$ | -7 | -4.5 V |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 6.1 | 7.7 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 1.1 | 1.7 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~g}_{\mathrm{m}}$ | 1.4 | 2.0 | $\mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 8 | 10 | $\mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {in }}$ (r.m. s . | 5.5 | 3.2 | V |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 235 | 240 | mW |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tot }}$ | 13 | 7 | $\%$ |

Parallel filament

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 90 | 90 | V |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 67.5 | 90 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{g} 1}$ | -7 | -4.5 V |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 7.4 | 9.5 mA |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 1.4 | 2.1 mA |  |
| $\mathrm{gm}_{\mathrm{m}}$ | 1.57 | $2.15 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{V}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 8 | 10 | $\mathrm{KI2}$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {in }}(r . m, s)$, |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 5.5 | 3.2 V |  |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tot }}$ | 12 | 270 | mW |
|  | 12 | 7 | $\%$ |

Limiting Values ì

| $V_{\mathrm{a}} \max$. | 90 | 90 | V |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{g} 2} \max$. | 90 | 90 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{k}} \max$. | 12 | $* 12$ | mA |

* 6 mA for each l .4 -volt section of the filament.

Reprints of this article together with additional data may be obtained free of charge from the cddress below.

MULLARD LTD., Technical Publications Department, Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.\%.


## Narional Radio Ev.hibidion

IN this issue we publish, in semi-graphical form, a guide to the 18th National Radio Exhibition, which, it is hoped, will help not only readers who are actually visiting the show, but those who wish to keep informed of the current activities of those branches of the industry represented there. As will be seen, manufacturers of domestic broadcast and television receivers are very much to the fore; indeed, in this section the exhibition may be regarded as fully representative. The same cannot, unfortunately, be said of other branches of our art, though, as at the Castle Bromwich show last year, few are entirely without representation. Although the manufacturers' exhibits lean so heavily towards broadcasting, displays staged by Government departments and other non-commercial organizations are planned to show the visitor what is going forward in communications, electronics and many other applications of radio.

Television promises to be the greatest attraction, if only for the reason that the planned opening of two more B.B.C. stations during the next few months will go a long way towards providing complete coverage of the country.

## Nen Broadeasifing System?

WE suggested last month that there was little in the White Paper on the Beveridge Report to stimulate discussion on matters within our province. That opinion seems to have been justified, but, in the Parliamentary debate on the White Paper, the Postmaster General made a rather cryptic statement that, several weeks after the event, is still the subject of speculation in radio circles. Referring to v.h.f. "roadcasting, the P.M.G. said, in effect, that an "entirely new" system of modulation had come to light, which might well supplant both f.m. and a.m.; this new system must be examined before any decision is made on a national system of v.h.f.
The natural reaction to this statement is "What is it? " and the P.M.G.'s reasons for failing to answer that simple question are singularly unconvincing.

There seems to be no good reason why we should nct be given the facts, nor why the origin of the recommendation made to the Post Office should not be disclosed. As things are, there is a general feeling of uncertainty, mixed with a good deal of scepticism as to the real novelty of the mysterious system. The majority opinion inclines, naturally enough towards some form of pulse modulation, and this is the basis on which a contributor speculates elsewhere in this issue.

Wireless World has long urged that most carcful thought should be given to the planning of our v.h.f. service and, above all, that we should not be stampeded into making a wrong choice of system. Every possible system should be examined, but the P.M.G.'s present smoke-screen tactics can only increase still farther the delay in coming to a decision.

## IIlegal Incerferentee

CONTRARY to popular opinion, man-made interference with radio reception did not automatically become illegal on the passing of the Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1949. The anti-interference clauses of the Act remain ineffective until such time as the Postmaster General, acting on the advice of a duly appointed body, makes specific regulations.

The first real step towards outlawing avoidable interference has now been taken, and it may justly be regarded as a milestone. An advisory committee has been dealing with the question of radiation from the ignition systems of internal combustion engines and its effect on television reception. Specific recommendations have been made concerning the limitation of the radiated field of interference. The zext step is for the P.M.G. to issue a statement on the action he proposes to take on the making of regulations. It is not until these regulations are actually made that interference will be, for the first time, legally preventable in Great Britain. At the present rate of progress, how long will it be before all forms of serious interference are outlawed?
Many other sources have yet to be dealt with.

Photograph of the underside of the chassis showing the position of all the parts. Terminals for aerial and earth leads are at one end and those for the headphones ot the other. Nothing is mounted on top of the chassis.

## A Modern Crystal Set



Pre-Selection of Three Stations to Suit Local Conditions

By B. R. BETTRIDGE*

THE advent of power cuts has forced many people to consider the crystal receiver as an alternative for programmes they particularly wish to hear, and the development of sensitive and robust permanent detectors has eliminated the nuisance of crystal adjustment. The crystal receiver is also gaining popularity as an alternative source of programmes for invalids and for children in bed.
The design of even so elementary a device as a crystal set is not so obvious as might be expected and there is room for wide divergencies of opinion as to what constitutes the best arrangement. The author was astonished at the amount of interest shown by colleagues and other friends with whom the matter was discussed and is grateful for their numerous suggestions.

A few basic requirements were taken as a starting point. They were: good performance on three programmes, moderate size, employment of standard components and simplicity of construction and operation. This meant that the possibly ideal arrangement for sheer performance, employing large diameter tapped coils wound with stranded wire could not be considered. It was also decided that the set should be primarily a fixed affair. The ability to take it from place to place and attach it to any aerial without adjustment was regarded as not worth the complication or sacrifice of performance which it would entail.

Most designs have a large element of compromise and this was no exception. As a general rule, however, when compromise had to be made the most important factor was deemed to be signal strength. This may seem strange considering the enormous increase in power of stations since the early days, but there are two other points to consider. The first is that people no longer look upon minute signals as acceptable and now demand what at one time would
have been regarded as very loud signals in the "phones on the table" category. The other, the inescapable fact that the only power available is that derived from the aerial and big aerials are out of fashion.
The question of good signal strength has particularly to be watched when meeting the need for reasonable selectivity since to some extent the two requirements are conflicting. The degree of selectivity needed varies according to area, but to suit the majority of users a two-circuit tuner is essential. This, without critical design or adjustment, gives considerably better station separation without undue sacrifice of strength than the most carefully designed single-circuit set. Incidentally, in assessing selectivity requirements account must be taken of various powerful stations situated about the country giving special services to Europe. No details of these transmissions appear to be

TABLE OF VALUES

| Station | Aerial Circuit |  |  | Crystal Ciruit |  | Coup ling pF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coil | Series C in pF | Parallel C in $\mathbf{p F} \dagger$ | Coil | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par- } \\ & \text { allel } \\ & \text { Cin } \\ & \text { pF } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| L.W. Light (1,500m) | HH1 | 1,000 | 200 | HH2 | 1,500 | 20-25 |
| Third (464m) | HH2 | + 300 | 150 | HH3 | 350 | 10-15 |
| Northern ( 434 m ) | HH2 | 300 | 100 | HH3 | 300 | 10-15 |
| Scottish (371m) | ${ }^{\mathrm{HH}} 3$ | 400 | 200 | ${ }_{\text {HH3 }}$ | 1,000 | 10-15 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Wales } & (341 \mathrm{~m}) \\ \text { London H. } & (330 \mathrm{~m})\end{array}$ | HH3 HH 3 | 200 | 150 150 | HH4A | 1,900 | 10-15 |
| West ${ }^{\text {London }}$ F. $(285 \mathrm{~m})$ | $\mathrm{HH}^{2}$ | 200 | 100 | HH4A | 700 | 10-15 |
| Midland ( 276 m ) | $\mathrm{HH}^{3}$ | 150 | 100 | ${ }_{\text {HH4A }}$ | 650 | 10-15 |
| N. Ireland ( 261 m ) | HH3 | 150 | 80 | ${ }_{\text {HH4A }}$ | 600 | 10-15 |
| London L. ${ }^{(247 \mathrm{~m})}$ | HH3 HH3 | 100 70 | 70 50 | HH4A | 500 330 | 10-15 |
| West Local (206m) | HH3 HH3 | 70 | 40 | HH4A | 330 300 | $10-15$ $10-15$ |

$\dagger$ For modified circuit only.

[^0]Wireless World, September 1951
generally available but they make their presence known in a very definite fashion in some areas. It is not anticipated that higher selectivity than that given by the standard arrangement will often be needed, but modifications will be mentioned for the benefit of those unfortunately placed.

The circuit finally adopted after numerous trials is shown in Fig. 1. It will be seen that station selection is by switching and that each station has its own pair of coils individually tuned and coupled. This arrangement has two distinct advantages besides extreme simplicity of operation. In the first place there is no ganged tuning to impose limitations on the circuit and in the second place optimum values may be chosen for each station instead of compromising between the requirements of different parts of the waveband. Thus instead of performance being sacrificed for the sake of simple operation it has in fact been improved.

Even if the design had not been started with commercial coils in mind this circuit would have made them almost essential, since six home-made coils of reasonable efficiency are apt to take up a lot of space. The coils used are wound with stranded wire and have adjustable dust iron cores. In spite of their small size they have " $Q$ " values of over 100 .

The aerial circuit is series tuned, an arrangement which is now uncommon in any but transmitting circuits but which gives greatest signal strength in the simplest way with the majority of aerials likely to be used for crystal reception. The modern method of aerial coupling widely used in valve receivers consisting of a high impedance aerial coil is quite unsuitable for crystal working because of its poor power-transfer efficiency. The other common form of coupling consisting of a low impedance coil or tap on the tuned circuit is better, but big deviations from optimum occur with different aerials unless several taps are provided. It wilt be noted that the coils used are actually h.f. transformers and the primary windings can be used for this form of coupling in special cases. Typical values of series capacitance are quoted but these may have to be modified for aerials differing greatly from that for which the set was designed. This slight disadvantage in setting-up procedure is amply compensated by the greater signal strength resulting from a correct matching.

Coupling between the circuits is by top capacitance. The value to be aimed at is the critical coupling which

gives maximum strength without double humping. It cannot be exactly specified since some of the factors affecting it vary from one set to another, in particular the acrial damping and the crystal load. A pre-set 0 to 30 pF trimmer could be used by the meticulous but the typical values listed are unlikely to cause audible loss.

To feed the crystal a straightforward parallel tuned circuit is used. A tapped circuit might have been expected here, and indeed first experiments showed that with ordinary values, placing the crystal circuit across the whole of the coil produced so much damping as to cancel out most of the advantage of the double circuit tuner. To avoid having non-standard tapped coils made up, alternative means were explored such as a capacitance tap and a second crystal to complete the rectifier d.c. path. However, as often, the simplest means proved most effective and the equivalent of a matching tap was provided by lowering the impedance of the circuit by an unusually low L./C ratio. Thus a $390-\mu \mathrm{H}$ coil is used for 1,500 metres instead of the more csual one of $2,650 \mu \mathrm{H}$, whilst the coil for the lower end of the broadcast band is $35 \mu \mathrm{H}$ instead of $178 \mu \mathrm{H}$. A stranded wire version of the Weyrad HH4 coil, called the HH4A, is used here, this single minor departure from standard being preferable to the introduction of severai tapped coils.

## Germanium Crystal

The crystal used is one of the new germanium diodes which are already finding wide application in electronic gear generally. Many of the specialized types now available are selected for characteristics which are not important in a crystal receiver, and several of the standard types will give good performance in this set. For general purposes the G.E.C. type GEX35 will be found satisfactory, but where maximum sensitivity is desired a low level rectifier such as the GEX 64 or GEX 66 should be used. Where maximum selectivity is desired, a high impedance rectifier such as the GEX44/1 or GEX45/1 will give optimum performance.
Headphones of 4,000 ohms resistance can be fed direct or low-resistance ones can be operated via a suitable transformer, the impedance for matching purposes being taken as about 15,000 ohms. The precise value varies with signal so cannot be specified, but it is by no means critical. While the quality of reproduction which may be obtained from a crystal receiver is extremely good, the cheaper patterns of diaphragm headphones have a restricted frequency response and marked resonances which colour the reproduction. This is particularly noticeable when signal strength is high. Where better quality

Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of the crystal set. Values of the series and parallel fixed copacitors depend on the three stations required and they are given in the table. The aerial circuit parallel capacitors (shown dotted) are required only under the conditions explained in the text.
is desired the moving coil type of headphone is advantageous. *

It is suggested that wherever possible an outdoor aerial should be used. This need not, however, be the elaborate affair of the old days, consisting of thick stranded wire and strings of heavy insulators. The main point is that it should be strong enough to withstand the weather. Within ten to twenty miles of a powerful station a loft aerial will give reasonable results, but it should be as long and as high as the house permits. Except in districts very near to a station the picture-rail type of aerial is quite certain to be disappointing. A 1 -megohm resistor is shown connected between aerial and earth to avoid accumulation of static since the circuit provides no other direct path. Measurements show that a low resistance earth connection is really important, and a clip on a cold water pipe is one of the most satisfactory solutions.

The photograph shows how the set is made up. This construction was adopted so that it could be fixed permanently in an inconspicuous position such as under a window ledge with the phones hanging on a nearby hook. The chassis used is a readily obtainable standard size, but clearly a much smaller one could accommodate the components and could be used to suit individual tastes. The actual wiring is sufficiently obvious from the photograph of the underside of the chassis to need no detailed description. Type numbers of coils and values of capacitors for various stations are given in the table. The adjustable dust cores should give sufficient range to cope with the normal $\pm 20$ per cent capacitor tolerance. As far as possible values have been chosen which are readily available, but in case of difficulty a value can, of course, be made up by connecting two or more in parallel.

The lining-up of the set is not difficult, but since tuning is fairly sharp some guidance may be helpful. The capacitance values given in the table are calculated to tune to the station required with the core near the mid position. Clipping the aerial temporarily on to the primary winding (green tag) of the crystal circuit and turning the set into a single circuit tuner is probably the quickest way of getting a tuning point on this coil. The aerial can then be transferred to its proper terminal and the acrial coil brought to resonance. After this the crystal coil should be re-trimmed. Should the aerial coil not peak a different value of series capacitance should be tried. The values listed are for an aerial about 80 ft long and 20 ft high; a larger one may require a smaller value and vice versa. In the case of very small aerials some parallel capacitance may have to be added across the coil to produce resonance, as shown in dotted lines in the circuit diagram Fig. 1. The process is repeated for each pair of coils, after which tuning from one station to another consists merely of rotating the switch.

The basic arrangement described above allows of certain variations which may be worth trying in some circumstances. The first is using the primary coil for aerial coupling. In this case parallel tuning of the acrial coil is necessary and appropriate values of capacitance are given in the table. An alternative is to couple these parallel-tuned coils to the aerial via a small capacitance, the actual value depending on circumstances. This constitutes a very flexible arrangement, especially useful for highly damped erials, but in general severe loss of signal strength is
entailed. Yet another variation is to use the primary coil of the crystal circuit as a secondary to feed the crystal. This gives very low damping at considerable expense of signal strength. It is perhaps worth mentioning that those who require two programmes only need fit only the appropriate two pairs of coils, whilst those in London who wish to have the Light Programme available on both wavebands will easily find room for an additional pair of coils. This was in fact done in the prototype to facilitate checking its performance.

Tests were made at a number of places in the London and Midland areas, results being compared by taking readings on a micro-ammeter in series with the phones. Variations due to local conditions were greater than had been anticipated, and it was surprising to find that in some parts of London the $1,500-$ metre Light Programme provided a greater signal than the Brookmans Park transmission of the same programme. It is a matter of opinion as to what constitutes acceptable strength, but even $5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ gives a signal that enables programmes to be followed perfectly in a quiet room. Probably the minimum comfortable level is about $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Where readings above $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ are obtained programmes can be followed on a sensitive loudspeaker in quiet surroundings. One of the highest readings obtained was over $400 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ from an aerial on top of the Wiveless World building, this figure being given by the Home Service.

A precise list of parts is not specified since, in general, constructors will wish to use components available locally. It is sufficient to mention the following points:-

The chassis measures $7 \mathrm{in} \times 4 \mathrm{in} \times 2 \mathrm{in}$; the switch is a 2-pole 3-way "Yaxley" type; the coils are Weyrad " H" type and the crystal is a G.E.C. germanium diode.

## ACCESSIIBILITY



This view of the Ediswon 8-channel electro-encepholograph is on example of the growing tendency to design equipment with on eye to easy maintenance.

# Mystery Broadcasting 

THOMAS RODDAM Speculates on What the P.M.G. Meant

THE latest pronouncement on v.h.f. broadcasting appears to have been drafted by a student of the works of Franz Kafka and of Lewis Carroll. It lays down the future plans with all the precision of a charabanc poster advertising a mystery tour. Let us consider what the Postmaster-General said.
"Research has discovered an entirely new consequence, which completely sets aside all the reasons for giving favour to one or the other " $\star$ [a.m. or f.m.]. Can this possibly be true, in the engineering sense, not the political? If it is true, what can this "entirely new" thing be? I am, fortunately, in a position to reveal to readers of Wireless World a sensational possibility. In an article (July, 1945), "Radiophare" discussed telepathy and suggested that radio engineers would do well to conduct more experiments on the transfer of ideas. Shortly after this article appeared a lady, whose name I have unfortunately forgotten, got into communication with me and revealed that a certain Foreign Power was, in fact, well advanced in this field, and was engaged in putting ideas into people's heads, all unbeknownst. My own studies, carried out on a number of bathing beaches, showed that some individuals certainly possess a capacity to introduce a common idea into a number of independent heads.

I am afraid that this possibility, although no odder than some engineering proposals which have been studied at a high level, does not rank as Roddam's nap for to-day. If for one reason only, it must be eliminated: the Chancellor of the Exchequer would not be able to get his 15 per cent from telepathy. We must think again.
"Research has discovered . . ", and in a fortnight, too. That fortnight, like the thirteenth stroke of a crazy clock, casts doubt on all that has gone before. Not even a new system of colour television can be developed in a fortnight. My interpretation of this is that a gentleman from the Ministry has been reading departmental files and back numbers of Wireless World. He has worked back to February, 1947, when an obstinate scribe was advocating the use of pulse modulation, although Mr. Herbert Morrison had promised, in 1946, $\uparrow$ "detailed plans for the establishment of f.m. stations . . . within a year or so." Yes, in 1946.

The case for frequency modulation was really that they have it in America, but that is in another country, and besides . . . The case against f.m. must now lay great stress on the financial side. We need completely new receivers for f.m. reception, and if we are to reap any real benefit from v.h.f. they must be good receivers. My guess is you will be lucky to get out

[^1]under $£ 40$ for a commercial f.m. receiver which gives that high-fidelity performance we are promised. A lot of money, a lot of design effort, a lot of components to be taken from the limited national supply for slightly improved entertainment. For the moment, amplitude modulation would let us have good reception with cheap convertors and our present receivers, and we could buy high-fidelity sets later.
This case against f.m. is a case against pulse modulation, too. I still believe that pulse modulation is the final answer to the v.h.f. broadcasting question, and I am afraid that I have converted the P.M.G. just at the moment when expediency makes me hesitate. And Mr. Ness Edwards is no Duke of Wellington, to say "expediency be damned."

Pulse modulation, for broadcasting purposes, will probably be pulse position modulation. A typical scheme would be one using 30,000 pulses per second, each pulse lasting 1 microsecond. A transmitter having a mean power of 1 kW would then radiate 33 kW during pulses and would be received as a 33 kW transmitter. The modulation is applied to the pulse epoch: that is, the pulses are advanced or retarded slightly from the exact $33.3 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ spacing, according to the modulation. They might, for example, be moved $1-2 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ at 100 per cent. modulation. This would be an extravagant scheme in band-width, for it would need a $2-\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ band: band-width could be saved by using longer pulses, with a smaller duty ratio. When a second programme is provided, a new train of pulses is interlaced with the first, and a gate circuit in the video section of the receiver (they call it video in the pulse world) is used to select the wanted programme. A common r.f. and i.f. head can supply two video systems, so that you can have both programmes from one lot of v.h.f. receiver equipment. The advantage of the pulse system is that there is no tuning: the r.f. circuits can be pre-set and drift-proof. Pulse modulation offers a considerable gain in signal-to-noise ratio, and is better in this respect than f.m. Furthermore, an approximate calculation suggests that it will be much better under multi-path propagation conditions: you will not get unbearable distortion when the local gas-holder is full. But we must still buy a complete new receiver.

Perhaps I can at least dispel the mystery within the mystery of the P.M.G.'s statement. He cannot indicate the nature of the new development, because it has not been tested and proved. How on earth does he imagine a new broadcasting system can be tested in secret? And why? Security is becoming such an obsession in some quarters that we shall soon have our programmes scrambled. This blanket is debasing the idea of secrecy: everything, classified and unclassified, is becoming "fairly secret."


Preliminary trials on a 5-ft diesel-powered model (Electronic Developments) with which it is hoped to cross the Channel. This and many other radio-controlled models are at present on show at "The Model Engineer" Exhibition at the New Royal Horticultural Hall. Westminster, where radio telearchics is a prominent feature this year.

# Radio <br> Telearchics 

Outlining Some of the Principal Systems
so that with each impulse the wiper moves on to a new contact and completes an associated control circuit. If the selector has a ring of, say, four fixed contacts, orders can only be given in the sequence $1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,1$, $2 \ldots$ etc., so to get from, say, order 3 to order 2 it is necessary first to pass through orders 4 and 1.
Such a system has the great virtue of simplicity and, because the weight of apparatus at the receiving end can often be reduced to a matter of ounces, it is used very widely in radio-controlled models. The fundamental disadvantage of having to pass through a whole sequence of orders before getting to the right one does not always matter, as this can usually be done so quickly as to make little difference. A worse drawback is that the operator must always remember the last order given if he is to calculate the right number of impulses to the next one he wishes to give. This can become very confusing, so the system is really only suitable for handling a short sequence of orders which can be memorized easily.

With a slightly more complex version of the same system these inherent disadvantages can be avoided. For instance, the selector can be fitted with a homing device that will automatically return the wiper to the same initial position after the completion of each order. Then, each order is represented by a definite number of impulses and a code is formed. With this arrangement it is possible to use some device such as a telephone dial for generating impulses at the transmitter, as this can be made to send the right number automatically when the order is dialled. Another refinement can be added to prevent the wiper from actuating all the intermediate control circuits as it travels to its final position. This can be a slugged relay, which operates to break the circuit of the wiper so long as impulses are being received and the wiper is travelling, then, when the impulses cease and the wiper comes to rest, falls back and so completes the required circuit.

Whatever form the sequential system may take, however, it is inherently rather slow in operation, and this makes it unsuitable for such uses as
Fig. I. Selecting system using modulating tones to provide the various control channels. At (a) the transmitter and (b) the receiver.
aircraft. For an almost instantaneous response probably the best system is the multi-channel type in which the orders are conveyed as different frequencies. In one form, the orders are transmitted as different radio frequencies and these are sorted out at the receiving end by means of r.f. tuned eircuits and detectors, the outputs of which actuate relays. This, of course, amounts to a separate receiver for each order, but a modified scheme has been proposed requiring only one r.f. tuned circuit and detector. The tuned circuit has a variable tuning capacitor which is rotated continuously so that the incoming frequencies-whenever they are transmitted -are tuned in sequentially, or sampled, before passing to the detector. The resultant detector output voltages are then distributed to the correct relays by a rotary switch driven in synchronism with the capacitor.

Even with such modifications, selecting systems using different carrier frequencies tend to be unwieldy in design-and, of course, they occupy a great deal of space in the frequency spectrum. It is more convenient to use a single carrier frequency with a number of modulating tones to represent the orders, and this system is, in fact, very widely used for control purposes. Little explanation is necessary, for the mode of operation can be seen almost at a glance from Fig. 1. At the transmitting end (a) the modulating tones are generated by the oscillators $f_{1}, f_{2}$, etc., and are selected for modulating the transmitter by a suitable switching arrangement. After being received and demodulated at (b) the tones are identified by a bank of filters; the output of each filter is then passed to a rectifier so that when the correct tone arrives it produces a d.c. voltage, which actuates a relay. A common practice is to include the relay in the anode circuit of a cut-off valve and apply the d.c. voltage to the grid in a positive sense to overcome the negative bias.

Besides being almost instantaneous in operation, the multi-channel system has the further advantage that several orders can be given at the same time. This feature is useful in another way. It means that the number of orders possible is not limited to the number of single tones available, since additional orders can be formed by combinations of tones. At the receiving end the contacts of the relays can then be interconnected in such a way that the transmission of tone combinations will bring into operation new circuits which are quite independent of the individual tones.

For installation in models, however, the receiving system in Fig. 1 usually proves too heavy and expensive, mainly because of the filters and the electronic apparatus necessary to work the relays. As an alternative, it is possible to use electromechanical frequencyresponsive devices, which can be made much lighter than the equivalent electrical systems. A set of vibrating reeds, for instance, can be made to resonate with the various incoming frequencies by means of an energizing coil fed straight from the receiver. As each reed resonates it vibrates against a fixed contact and interrupts an external circuit, thereby generating impulses which can be made to charge a storage capacitor and so produce a steady voltage for operating a relay. Although it is the physical properties of the reeds which actually do the responding, improved selectivity can sometimes be obtained by electrically tuning the inductance of the energizing coil to the frequency band occupied by them. A device working on a very similar principle is the resonant relay.


Interior of the 5-ft E.D. model. The 4-stoge receiver (left) uses deaf-aid valves and drives a tuned-reed selecting system with three reeds working bewween 300 and $350 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. These switch the steering motor to port or starboard and sound a horn. The tronsmitter uses $100 \%$ square-wave modulation.
Here the armature is a permanent magnet held in position by a hair spring, and this oscillates backwards and forwards like the balance-wheel of a clock whenever the input to the energizing coil corresponds to the natural frequency of the mechanism.

Now to positioning systems. As mentioned before, these are for conveying different degrees of an order and enabling progressive adjustments to be made to a distant control mechanism. One of the simplest is that sometimes used for controlling the rudder movement of light craft, where very little mechanical power is needed. The actual driving mechanism is an electromagnetically-operated pawl and ratchet or an escapement, and this is stepped round by means of impulses from the transmitter.

With heavier craft, where considerable power is needed to apply helm, it becomes necessary to drive the rudder through reduction gearing from a rever-




Fig. 2. Positioning system working on variations of pulsewidth ratio, suitable for rucder control. The transmitted pulses (a) after being received are fed into the control mechanism (b)
sible electric motor-so that one crder is needed for port h:lm and another for starboard helm. In its simplest form, however, this is not a very precise method of positioning, since the angle finally taken up by the rudder depends on the time the steering motor is running and so cannot be determined very accurately. There are, however, a number of improved versions of the basic idea and these provide the operator with a much better measure of control. One is a development of the time-switch principle in so far as the duration of the signal controlling the steering motor is adjusted automatically for the required rudder posi-tion-that is, not the duration of the signal in absolute time, but the ratio between the mark period and the space period in a train of square pulses. Fig. 2(a) shows how the pulse-width ratio is varied.

At the receiving end (b) this train of pulses is made to operate the relay $R$, which, as can be seen, determines the direction of the steering motor. During a mark the armature is pulled over to the contact $S$ and the rudder moves to starboard; during a space the armature falls back on to the contact $P$ and the rudder moves to port. Thus, if the mark/space ratio is $1: 1$ as in (ii), the rudder will move equal amounts in both directions and, if the reduction gearing between motor and rudder is sufficient and the pulse repetition frequency is great enough, it will remain stationary for all practical purposes. If broad pulses are transmitted as at (i) the rudder will progressively move to starboard, and if narrow pulses are transmitted as at (iii) it will move to port. And the greater the mark/space ratio the faster the rudder will move. To maintain the rudder in any particular position it is only necessary to revert to the $1: 1$ condition as at (ii). At the transmitting end the pulse generator can take the form of a vibrating relay, and there must, of course, be some means of continuously varying the pulse width.

The main disadvantage of the system is that the signal cannot be removed without sending the rudder to one extreme or the other. Moreover, the steering motor is necessarily consuming current all the time.
Another method of controlling the steering motor enables the operator to determine not merely the position of the rudder but the actual compass course that he wishes the craft to take. It involves a form of automatic pilot, controlled by a gyroscope, that maintains the craft on whatever course has been set. Referring to Fig. 3 (a), a constant-course heading is provided in the craft by a gyro-magnetic compass which maintains an electrical reference in the form of a pivoted contact arm, R. When the craft deviates from this heading, the gyro drives $R$ into contact with one of the segments and thereby switches the steering


Left: Fig. 3. Part of a device for rudder positioning making use of the automaticpilot principle.

Below : Fig. 4. Servo positioning system working on variations of frequency: (a) the transmitter and (b) the receiver.

(b)
motor in the right direction to correct the deviation. When the craft has swung back on course again the reference arm $R$ returns to the neutral position between the segments and so switches off the motor.

Steering is achieved by transmitting an order which deliberately rotates the segments the required number of degrees with respect to the arm $\mathrm{R}\left(30^{\circ}\right.$ to port in Fig. 3(b)). As the craft commences to turn the gyro swings with respect to it and so causes $R$ to follow-up the rotation of the segments. When the craft has almost completed the order the gyro has swung through an equivalent angle but the gearing between it and $R$ is arranged so that $R$ has actually overtaken the neutral gap (Fig. 3(b)) and is now on the starboard segment. As a result the rudder begins to return to amidships, and the craft finally settles down on to its new course with $R$ back in the neutral gap.

The initial rotation of the segments is achieved by a stepping mechanism which is operated by impulses from the transmitter-so many degrees being represented by each impulse.

From the description of the above system readers will no doubt recognize that a servo or follower principle is involved by the fact that "error-signals" are produced by deviations from course or by steering. These error-signals are of a mechanical nature and consist of deviations from a mechanical norm R that exists at the receiving end of the system. There are, however, other kinds of servo systems used in telearchics, and one of the most common and easily recognized is that where the error-signals are electrical deviations from an electric norm established at the transmitting end. In other words, a change deliberately introduced in the transmitted signal produces an error-signal at the receiver, and the servo or follow-up mechanism works by continuously and automatically adjusting itself so that this error-signal is balanced out. There are several ways of producing the continuously variable change required in the transmitted signal-by varying the frequency, amplitude or phase-but the final effect is the same whatever method is used.

Fig. 4 shows, for example, the essentials of a servo position control working on variations of frequency. The transmitter (a) includes a variable-frequency oscillator, the frequency of which is varied in accordance with the degree of the order by means of the variable capacitor $C_{T}$. At the receiving end (b) a similar variable capacitor is used for tuning, and the objece of the servo or follow-up mechanism is to keep the sustem constantly in tune with the varying incoming frequency by rotating the variable capacitor $C_{R}$ so that any movements of the rotating vane of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$ ace followed faithfully by corresponding movements of the rotating vane of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{r}_{1}}$.

The variable capacitor at the receiving end is actually part of a frequency discriminator of the wellknown type which gives zero voltage output when it is tuned exactly to the incoming frequency and positive and negative voltages when the incoming frequency is toc low arid too high. Now assume that an operator at the transmitting end has decreased the capacitance of $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ and thereby increased the transmitted frequency. The discriminator then becomes off tune and produces a negative voltage error-signal which, after rectification, closes the relay $\mathrm{R}_{(-) \text {. }}$ As a result, power is applied to the reversible motor $M$, which drives the rotating vane of $C_{R}$ in such a direction as to decrease the capacitance. By doing this, it progressively brings the discriminator into tune with the increased frequency; and when the circuit is exactly in tune the output of the discriminator falls to zero, relay $R_{( }$, opens, the motor stops and the moving vane remains stationary. The whole system is now restered to a balance condition. In the same way, if the operator increases the capacitance of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$, relay $\mathrm{R}_{8}$, will cause the motor to increase the capacitance of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R}}$ correspondingly until once again the system is


Sixteen-position selector operated by a clockwork-driven escopement which is tripped by on electromagnet. After each order, the selector is homed by a solenoid and slow-acting plunger ; this operates fully when there is a pause after a series of actuating impulses. (Maker: N. A. Ough.)
restored to balance. It can be seen, then, that since the motor $M$ is causing the rotating vane of $C_{R}$ to follow closely every movement of the rotating vane of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$, any mechanism driven by M will also follow the rotating vane of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$-and any movements applied to $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{T}}$ by an operator. The tuning control at the transmitting end can thus be calibrated in terms of mechanical displacement at the receiving end.

There are, of course, alternative methods of driving $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R}}$. For instance, the incoming frequency can be keyed so that the discriminator will produce positive or negative pulses instead of d.c. voltages, these pulses being arranged at the correct frequency to drive a two-phase synchronous induction motor. Another ingenious system employs a simple series resonant circuit as the discriminator. Then, as the incoming frequency is varied above and below the resonant point, the phase of the current in the circuit either leads or lags with respect to the applied voltage, and these changes of phase constitute positive or negative error-signals which drive a two-phase motor in either direction. As in Fig. 4, the motor rotates a tuning, element in the resonant circuit in such a direction as to bring the circuit back into tune with the incoming frequency and restore the system to balance.

The system working on variations of amplitude is similar in form. At the transmitting end the variable element is an attenuator, and a corresponding variable attenuator at the receiving end is kept in step with it by means of an amplitude-comparing circuit.

Positioning by means of phase variations is a rather

Used by civil engineers (Sir Bruce White, Wolf, Barry and Partners) for testing scaled-dowil harbour installations (above). this model boat is only 11.8 in long. Pulses of r.f. on 27 Mic's are transmitted to oferate the receiver (right), a selfquenching super-regenerative type using an XFGI subminiature gas triode. A sequential selecting system gives four rudder positions with the aid of a rubberdriven escapement and enables the motor to be started. stopped and reversed.
more complex matter, but an example of how it can be done is provided by a telearchic system developed by the General Electric Company for controlling high-speed $\Rightarrow$ aircraft in flight. Here, (Fig. 5), the conversion from mechanical movement into variations of phase is done by a phase shifter, $\mathrm{PS}_{\mathrm{T}}$, in the transmitter, and at the receiving end a servo system is arranged to drive a corresponding phase shifter $P S_{n}$ such that the phase change initiated by $\mathrm{P} S_{\mathrm{T}}$ is always reproduced by $\mathrm{PS}_{\mathrm{F}}$. Referring to (a), the frequency generator produces $f_{1}$, one output of which provides the reference phase whilst the other output, after passing th ough $\mathrm{PS}_{\mathrm{T}}$, provides the controlling phase. These outputs - of the same frequency but different in $\Rightarrow$ phase - are then phase - modulated on to two separate sub-carrier frequencies, $f_{2}$ and $f_{3}$, which, in turn, are amplitude modulated on to the carrier of the transmitter. At the receiving end (b) the subcarriers $f_{2}$ and $f_{3}$ are filtered out and from them the two $f_{1}$ channels, differing in phase, are produced by demodulation in the phase discriminators. The $f_{1}$ control phase is now compared with the $f_{1}$ reference phase in a discriminator, after the latter has passed through $P S_{R}$. Any difference between them produces an error-signal in the form of a d.c. output which energizes the motor and so drives $P S_{\mathrm{R}}$ in such a direction as to eliminate the error signal. Looked at in another way, the balance condition of the servo is with $f_{1}$ (reference) in the same phase as $f_{1}$ (control); therefore $\mathrm{PS}_{\mathrm{R}}$ works to neutralize exactly the phase difference introduced between the two at the transmitter and so moves through a corresponding angle to $P S_{T}$. The mechanical drive in (b) is then taken from the servo motor in the normal way.


Fig. 5. Phase-shift servo positioning system in which a control phase is varied with respect to $a$ reference phase : (a) the transmitter and (b) the receiver.

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# Eficiciency Line-Scan Circuits 

## Part 2—Diode Conditions

By W. T. COCKING, M.I.E.E.

As$S$ an example of conditions with a directly-fed deflector coil the following figures were derived in Part I for a valve having a peak-anode current of 200 mA with a minimum anode-cathode potential of $95 \mathrm{~V}: \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}=22.3 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{C}=1160 \mathrm{pF}, r_{\mathrm{L}}=44.6 \Omega$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=360 \mathrm{~mA}$ and overshoot $x=0.8$. This results in $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}{ }^{2}=2.9 \mathrm{mH}-\mathrm{A}^{2}$ and this is typical for a moderately efficient deflector coil with a $50^{\circ}$ tube at 9 kV . The ideal mean valve currents were $i_{a}=46.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $i_{a}=$ 30 mA but under practical conditions they are both likely to be $5-15 \mathrm{~mA}$ greater. This data all refers to the circuit of Fig. 1 which is repeated here for ease of reference.

The voltage and current waveforms are shown in Fig. 4. For the scan period $\tau_{1}$ they have been calculated from the foregoing data, but for the fly-back period they have been estimated only. The voltage is shown with respect to the "cold "end of the deffector coil, point 1 in Fig. 1. Under the ideal operating conditions, which we are at first considering because they are the simplest, $V_{2}$ must be cut off except during the initial part of the scan, when the current is changing from -160 mA to zero. When it is cut off its anode potential must be negative with respect to its cathode, which means that the diode anode potential with respect to point 1 must be more negative than the voltages shown in Fig. 4.

Over the initial part of the scan, however, the anode voltage must vary in a particular way. The required voltage is easily computed if the voltagecurrent characteristic of the diode is available. From the curves of Fig. 4 take, say, four equal increments of time during the conductive period of the valve and read off the corresponding currents and voltages. From the valve characteristic determine the anodecathode voltage for each current and add these voltages to those of the circuit, from Fig. 4. Plot the result.

With times of $16,25.5,35,44.2$ and $53.2 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, we get currents of $-160,-120,-80,-40$, and 0 mA and voltages of $-89,-91,-93,-95$ and -97 V . At these currents the voltage drops across a typical diode are $14,10.9,8.2,5$ and 0 V and hence the anode voltage of the diode with respect to point 1 must be $-75,-80.1,-84.8,-90$ and -97 V .

This curve is plotted as a dotted line in Fig. 4 over the conductive period of $\mathrm{V}_{2}$. Outside this region the shape of the curve is unimportant as long as it lies below the voltage curve of the circuit.
This voltage is provided by the device $A$ in conjunction with the $R_{1} C_{1}$ circuit. Generally speaking, $\mathrm{R}_{1} \mathrm{C}_{1}$ is an auto-bias circuit which under the influence of the mean diode current $i_{d}$ builds up a constant voltage equal to the back e.m.f. across $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}$. Thus

$$
i_{d} \mathrm{R}_{1}=\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} / \tau_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}}
$$

The current of $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ [Fig. 3(c), Part 1] flows through A


Fig. 1. The basic economy circuit with a directly-fed deflector coil. This diagram is repeated from Part 1 for easy reference.

Fig. 4. Calculated current and voltage curves for a peak current in $V_{1}$ of 200 mA and an overshoot, $x$, of 0.8 . The dotted curve indicates the required anode voltage for the diode during its conductive period. At other times it must be nore negative thon the coil voltage.

by terminals 1,3 ; the current of $V_{2}$ [Fig. 3(b)] also flows through it by terminals 1,2 . Under the influence of these currents it must build up the required voltage waveform as just described between terminals $1,2$. It should do this with a minimum voltage drop between terminals 1,3 , since this voltage drop must be taken into account in assessing the h.t. voltage needed.

With the device $A$ in the position shown in Fig. 1 the diode current flows through the whole impedance between 1,2 and this is usually higher than the impedance between 1, 3 or 2,3. It is usual to avoid this by a slight re-arrangement of the circuit which becomes as shown in Fig. 5. The current of $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ still flows through A by terminals 1,2 , but the diode current by terminals 2, 3 while the diode control voltage is developed between 2, 3 instead of 1,2 .

Either circuit will work, but the network forming device A is not quite the same in the two cases. Usually, the position for A shown in Fig. 5 is the better and from now on we shall consider this.

The diode current flowing through the impedance between 2,3 will set up a voltage drop in opposition to that needed. The voltage developed by the current of $V_{1}$ must therefore be sufficient to overcome this. Therefore, in general, the circuit must be of lower impedance between 2, 3 than between 1,3 and there must be a phase reversal between the two. As a first approximation, therefore, the device $A$ must be a transformer with a step-down turns ratio between 1,3 and $2,3$.

It must be more than a simple transformer, however, for it has to produce a control voltage for the diode at a time when $V_{1}$ is non-conductive. It must, therefore, be of such a nature that it gives a response after the exciting current has ceased.

The device A usually consists of a resonant circuit arranged to act as a tuned transformer and one form is shown in Fig. 6, which is numbered to correspond with Fig. 5. The anode current of $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ [Fig. 3(c)] flows in at terminal 1 and the diode current of $V_{2}$ [Fig. 3(b)] enters at terminal 2. The result is the ${ }^{2}$ same as if the wave of Fig. $7(b)$ flowed in the simple
 Fig. I is here re-drown with the diode control device A in a different position. This is the more usual practical arrangement.

tuned circuit of Fig. $7(\mathrm{a})$, this circuit being connected in series with the diode. Two cycles of the wave are shown. The first part of the cycle is the diode current itself and comprises the negative-going step followed by the positive-going linear section. The second part of the cycle-the negative-going linear part ending with the positive-going step-is a copy of the anode current of $V_{1}$ reversed in phase by the transformer action and increased in amplitude by the transformer ratio.

The effect of this current wave on the tuned circuit depends on the constants of the tuned circuit. If the damping is critical or greater the circuit is nonoscillatory. The main effect is produced by the steps in the wave at the beginning and end of fly-back and the linear intervening parts have relatively little effect and can be ignored in a first approximation.

The major current step at the end of the scan (A) Fig. 7(b) will produce a voltage wave across the circuit of the general form shown in Fig. 8, curve A. It is a form of saw-tooth and is roughly of the shape required. The second step (B) will produce the same waveform, but inverted and of smaller amplitude, and it will start after the first. The waveform produced by the two steps in succession will be the sum of the two individual waves.

Curve B shows the resultant waveform when the second step occurs at $t / 2 \mathrm{CR}=0.6$ and curve C when it occurs at $t / 2 \mathrm{CR}=1$ for the case when the second step has one-quarter of the amplitude of the first. The first, curve $B$, is more of the form required and leads to such practical values as $0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and 13.7 mH with a shunt damping resistor of $262 \Omega$.

## Diode Control Waveform

These curves are given only as an indication of the form of the results. Exact calculation is extremely difficult and the writer knows of no way of performing the inverse calculation for determining the required component values. The curves, too, are affected by the position of the damping resistor; it can be in shunt with $L$ and $C$ or in series with either, or it may be split and be partly in series with each.

In practice, it is necessary to determine the proper values by experiment, and it is normal to have the inductance continuously variable as a linearity control. In most final designs the proper damping is obtained by designing the coil to have the proper losses, but sometimes a fixed resistor is used. Instead of the transformer it is quite common to employ a single inductor with two capacitors as in Fig. 9, the stepdown ratio being obtained by making the "secondary " capacitor larger than the "primary." This particular arrangement is unsuited to the circuit of Fig. 5 because it interrupts the h.t. supply.

When the conductive periods of the two valves overlap, as they do in practice, the diode current is different from the idealized case just discussed and the anode-voltage waveform required by it is also different. The diode current is greater and the control waveform must be modified to suit.

Simple calculation becomes impracticable because there is no obvious optimum amount of overlap. It becomes necessary to take the curvature of the valve characteristics into account and a graphical method must be adopted. In practice, the simplest course is usually to employ the simple idealized approach to determine suitable values of components for an initial experimental set-up. The precise conditions are then


Fig. 7. The control element of Fig. 5 has the same effect as the single tuned circuit (a) fed with the current waveform (b).
found experimentally and consist mainly in finding the proper grid drive and bias for $V_{1}$ and the optimum values for the components in $A$.

This is a case where it is good engineering practice to design by a combination of approximate theory and experiment because it is much less laborious than a full theoretical solution.

The performance obtainable with all circuits of this nature and the values of components required are both very dependent upon the amount of over-shoot obtained in the oscillatory fly-back. If the valve $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ is cut-off very quickly for the fly-back, as it should be, the overshoot is governed by the circuit losses and these occur mainly in the deflector coil. The magnitude of the overshoot is related to the $Q$ of the circuit and, in fact,

$$
x=e^{-\pi / 2 Q}
$$

This relation is not of the highest importance at the moment for it is often as easy to measure $x$ as $Q$, but when the transformer is introduced it becomes necessary.

In order to show the effect of the overshoot the
TABLE 1

| $x$ | Q | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \\ (\mathbf{m} \mathbf{A}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{L}_{1} \\ (\mathbf{m} \mathbf{H}) \end{array}\right.$ | $\underset{(\mathrm{pF})}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{i}_{/ \prime} \\ \left(\mathbf{m}^{\prime} \mathbf{A}\right) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{i}_{d} \\ (\mathbf{m} \mathbf{A}) \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\mathbf{i}_{a}-\mathbf{i}_{d}}{\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{l}}}$ | $\underset{(\mathbf{V})}{\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{L}_{1}}}$ | $\underset{(\mathbf{W})}{\mathbf{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | - | 200 | 72.5 | 359 | 84 | 0 | 0.42 | 176 | 14.8 |
| 0.4 | 1.71 | 280 | 37.1 | 700 | 60 | 9.6 | 0.18 | 125 | 7.5 |
| 0.6 | 3.1 | 320 | 28.4 | 915 | 52.5 | 18.9 | 0.1 | 110 | 5.8 |
| 0.8 | 7.05 | 360 | 22.3 | 1165 | 46.6 | 30 | 0.0467 | 96 | 4.56 |
| 1.0 | $\infty$ | 400 | 18.1 | 1140 | 42 | 42 |  | 87 | 3.65 |

circuit constants have been calculated for several values of $x$ and are listed in Table 1. To those accustomed to work at radio-frequency the $Q$ values will seem remarkably low. In fact, however, a $Q$ of around unity is all that can be expected of a coil wound on a closed core of transformer stampings at some $32 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$-the natural frequency of the fly-back. The provision of an air-gap helps considerably and a deflector coil necessarily has a very large air-gap, but even then a $Q$ much in excess of 10 is unlikely. With low-loss materials for the iron circuit much higher $Q$ values are possible.

The figures in Table 1 are all for a valve delivering a peak current of 200 mA and a deflector coil of 2.9 $\mathrm{mH}-\mathrm{A}^{2}$. They are all for ideal conditions and in practice the mean anode current $i_{a}$ of the driving valve $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ is likely to be from 20 per cent to 50 per cent higher. The column headed P shows the product of $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}}$ and $i_{a}$; it is a part only of the total input power because it does not include the anode dissipation of the valves. The point of importance is the way in which it falls as the overshoot is increased. When h.t. boost can be used a part of this energy can be fed back and utilized; the power needed then decreases much more rapidly with increasing overshoot.

The case of $x=0.8$ is a practical one. If the real anode current is 60 mA instead of the ideal 46.6 mA and the mean anode potential of $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ is 95 V , the anode dissipation is 5.7 W . The circu t power is $0.06 \times 96=$ 5.76 and so the h.t. input power is about 11.5 W . Although much better than this can be done, it is an arrangement which demands no special materials and is free from many of the spurious oscillation troubles which are liable to occur when a transformer is introduced. With a deflector coil which is far from the most efficient the output is sufficient to scan a normal tube at 9 kV .

## Uncontrolled Diode

Before we go on to consider the effect of the transformer it may be as well to say something about a circuit which is quite commonly used and which in its basic form is that of Fig. 1 but with the terminals 1 , 2 and 3 of A connected together. In other words, it is the circuit of Fig. 1 without the control device A.

It is cuite easy to show that in this arrangement both $V_{1}$ and $V_{2}$ must be conductive throughout the scan if the current in the deflector coil is to be linear. $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ has to provide a peak-to-peak current of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}\left(1+r_{\mathrm{L}} / \mathrm{R}\right)$ where R is the diode resistance; $\mathrm{V}_{2}$ has to carry the current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} r_{\mathrm{L}} / \mathrm{R}$ in addition to the current resulting from the overshoot and the voltage developed across $\mathrm{R}_{1} \mathrm{C}_{1}$ must equal the inductive back e.m.f. across $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}$ less the initial voltage drop at the start of the scan in $r_{1}$ and E .

If $i_{p}$ is the peak current in the deflector coil, the peak current in $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ is $1+r_{\mathrm{L}} / \mathrm{R}$ times as great and the mean current is $\frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{\tau_{1}}{\tau}\left(1+\frac{r_{L}}{\mathrm{R}}\right) i_{p}$. The basic efficiency of the circuit is much lower than with a controlled diode and, unless $r_{L} / \mathrm{R}$ can be made quite small, it may well be poorer than that of the heavily damped circuit.

However, all the surplus current provided by $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ flows through $V_{2}$ into the auto-bias circuit $\mathrm{R}_{1} \mathrm{C}_{1}$ of this valve. This current is much greater than with the controlled diode and so a greater power is developed in $\mathrm{R}_{1}$. When a transformer is used, therefore, there is a


Fig. 8. Response of a critically damped circuit to a sudden change of current is shown by curve $A$. A second change of current in the opposite direction and of one-quarter the amplitude produces the total result shown by curves B \& C for two different intervals between the two changes.


Fig. 9. A common proctical form of control network for the diode is shown here. It is inapplicable to the particular circuit of Fig. I since it would interrupt the h.t. supply.
greater power available to be fed back as h.t. boost than with the controlled diode and this undoubtedly removes the basic disadvantage of the circuit.

Comparing the two, the controlled diode circuit is very efficient on a current basis and permits a moderate h.t. boost to be obtained. The uncontrolled diode circuit is very inefficient on a current basis, but permits a large h.t. boost. Although basically the less efficient, it may be practically the better circuit in a case where h.t. voltage is the main limitation and plenty of current is available.

In practice, too, it is not necessary to maintain a precisely linear current in the deflector coil. When nonlinearity is permitted it is possible to obtain some " cur-rent-saving " in the driving valve and the efficiency can be increased appreciably.

So far, we have only considered in detail the directlyfed deflector coil and, as already mentioned, this is very rarely used. A transformer or auto-transformer feed is generally adopted. The next step, therefore, is to consider the effect of this component. Before doing so, however, it is necessary to point out one
practical difficulty that arises with both directlyand auto-transformer-fed coils. With both, the cathode of $\mathrm{V}_{2}$ is at high potential to earth-up to about 1 kV with direct feed and possibly several kilovolts with an auto-transformer. The heater-cathode insulation of most valves is hardly adequate to withstand this and so the heater must be fed from a wellinsulated winding on the mains transformer or, often more conveniently, from a small transformer between the normal heater supply and $V_{2}$.

This is not only a nuisance but it rules out the possibility of d.c. operation of a receiver. It is, therefore, one reason why the use of a double-wound transformer for feeding the deflector coil is so popular. Because there can be a phase reversal between primary and secondary and the diode can be connected to the secondary, the diode cathode can be made earthy. However, diodes rated for heater-cathode peak voltages of as much as 3 kV are making their appearance, and the writer has used metal rectifiers with success. The difficulties of heater supply are thus not at all serious.
(To be contimued.)

# The Modulation Battle 

More Advocacy of A.M. for British Broadcasting

THE long-standing arguments as to the relative merits of amplitude and frequency modulation for British broadcasting were continued at the 4th session of the Brit. I.R.E. Convention, held at Southampton, where J. R. Brinkley (Pye) read a paper entitled "V.H.F. Broadcasting: the case for Amplitude Modulation."

On the question of metre-wave broadcasting in general, the author contended the outstanding merit was its ability to provide multiple programmes, and this advantage should be exploited to the full. Many low-power stations were better than a few of high power, which were inherently inefficient, as attenuation increased rapidly beyond the limits of the optical path.

Mr. Brinkley based his case for a.m. on the twin factors of economics and availability of channels. He
contended that f.m. was inherently more costly; also that for the service he envisaged channels were available on a.m. but not on f.m. To equip the listeners of this country for reception of f.m. would cost about $£ 60$ million.

Cheap and satisfactory convertors for f.m. were a virtual impossibility, and the author was highly critical of such units as had already been produced. For amplitude modulation, on the other hand, he claimed the problem could be solved at a cost of about $£ 5$, and showed a small 3 -valve experimental convertor with crystal control comprising an earth-grid triode as r.f. amplifier, an oscillator-multipler and a triode mixer. The power requirements of this unit were so small that it could be fed from the supply system of the average receiver. With convertors of this type a.m. broadcasting on metre waves would be compatible with the existing B.B.C. transmissions, and rapid growth of the metre-wave service might be expected. If the public had to buy completely new receivers, as for f.m., development would be too slow to be effective.

In the discussion that followed, the President of the Brit. I.R.E., Paul Adorian, seemed to express the general feeling by admitting that amplitude modulation had distinct attractions on a short-term basis, especially in view of the present economic situation of the country, but, as a matter of longterm policy and from the engineering aspect, he preferred frequency modulation. Earlier in the session Mr. Adorian had, in his opening address, expressed his belief that the B.B.C. f.m. plan could be justified. It would allow the majority of listeners to use cheap receivers; only those in fringe areas would need expensive sets.

# Fingers and Thumbs Don't Count in Electronics 

By "CATHODE RAY"

READERS who try to keep up with modern developments, such as electronic calculating machines (or computors) and the newer systems of communication, must surely have come across such terms as a "scale of two" (or some other number) or a "binary scale," and may have wondered what they meant. They may have noticed, too, that some of the best-known radio manufacturers now offer for sale not only such obvious products as receivers and amplifiers, but also mysterious things called "scalers." There are few words even in the English language that have so many meanings as "scale." In this particular context, however, one can hardly suppose that the devices in question are for the processing of fish or crocodiles or even for boiler reconditioning or dentistry. They might conceivably be used in the drawing office, or in the manufacture of measuring instruments, or perhaps be something to do with "scale distortion." But no; this kind of scale is a piece of valve circuitry used in electronic computors and atomic research-among other things. I don't propose to say anything about the circuitry, but will try to explain the rather important basic idea of "scale" itself.
Some time ago I referred to the debt we owe to our system of numerals which we take so much for granted, and how anybody who doubted it should try doing a little simple multiplication in Roman figures. We get so completely used to our system at such an early age that we tend to regard counting in tens almost as a law of nature, and are quite horrified when someone proposes that it would be better to count in twelves and make the sign " 100 " mean the number we now call 144 . Yet there is no reason more binding than widespread custom for making ten the number at which to change from single to double figures, unless it be that most people's fingers and thumbs add up to ten. As the pioneer who invented the dozen probably realized, twelve is a better number than ten on which to base a system, because it is divisible by two, three, four, and six, instead of only two and five.

But that is by the way. The point is that although our familiar decimal (or scale-of-ten) system is used so universally that it has never occurred to most people that there could be any other, we are free to base a system on any number we like. If we adopted the duodecimal or scale-of-twelve system it would be necessary to have two new single figures to stand for ten and eleven, so that the first double figure (10) could mean twelve. On the other hand, a scale of fewer than ten puts some of our present figures out of a job. For the number of the scale is really the number of different values or levels that can be written in single figures. In the scale of ten there are ten: $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$. The smallest scale that can be used is two, and it requires only two figures, 0 and 1. All the rest are superfluous.

Although it may be very proper and systematic to expound the nature of a system fully before going on to say how or why it is used, in practice it is very irritating to have to absorb a lot of new information before being able to find out whether it is going to be worth the effort; and in case my rather abstract talk about scales and numerals is engendering a "So what?" attitude among any readers who have not already given up, I had better provide some clue to where all this is leading.

Imagine you are starting to invent an electronic calculating machine. You are using valves so as to get quicker action than is possible with mechanical contrivarices. For convenience in reading the answers you connect a milliammeter scaled in whole numbers from 0 to 9 in the anode circuit of the valve dealing with the "units," and similarly for tens, hundreds, etc. The valve is initially biased beyond cut-off, so that the milliammeter reads 0 . By means of cunningly devised circuitry you arrange that when the pulses or other signals representing units arrive each one steps up the anode current by 1 mA , and directly 9 mA is exceeded the "units" valve flops back to the start and at the same time sends a signal to the "tens" valve to make it read 1. This is what mileage indicators and other counters do mechanically:

Before long you would probably decide that it might be a waste of time going any further in working out the details of such a system, because it would need a lot of setting up to make all the milliammeters read the whole numbers correctly all over their scales, and it would also be necessary to have all their supply voltages very effectively stabilized, otherwise the readings would go all haywire whenever the electricity people decided to start shedding voltage. And even then one could never be sure that the slope of at least one of the valves had not drifted half a milliamp or more--enough to raise a doubt as to which number was meant.

## Twos are Better for Valves

For the really terrific calculations that justify the expense of electronic computing machines it just wouldn't do to have any risk of slipping a whole number here and there, perhaps in the billions column. A valve is all very well, but one is unwise to rely or it to click with mathematical precision and mechanical rigidity into ten different levels on its characteristic curve. The fact that it actually is curved and not straight is another difficulty. And it is taking a risk to expect the triggering action to distinguish infallibly between 9 mA and 10 .

It is not, however, asking too much of a valve to expect it to distinguish between "off" and "on." The bias for "no current" can be made as negative as is necessary to ensure such a condition no matter how much the valve characteristics or the voltages are
off-centre; and so long as the current is large enough in the other condition to be recognizable as a current, it doesn't matter (within reason) how much more than the minimum it is. So non-linearity is of no account whatever, nor are drifting voltages or valve characteristics, so long as the valves can still pass any current at all. On this basis the whole thing is as reliable as it possibly can be.

And that is where the scale of two, or binary scale, comes in. Since it has only two varieties of figure, 0 and 1 , its whole scale is fully represented by the two conditions " off" and "on." And yet the system can count up to any number, the only inconvenience (apart from its unfamiliarity) being the larger number of figures or digits, and hence valves.
Let us see how it works out. Nought is, of course, denoted by 0 everywhere. And one is denoted by 1. There is no such thing as " 2 ," so adding another one means carrying to the next-the "twos"-column, where a 1 appears, and the 1 in the units column is cancelled. This procedure is exactly what we do in the decimal system when adding one to nine.

Adding another one brings 1 back into the units column, so we have "11." (In the decimal system that symbol denotes one ten plus one one =eleven; in the binary system it denotes one two plus one one.) Adding the fourth one clears the units column again, as the two there is carried to the twos column; and as that makes two twos it also is cleared and carried to the next-the "fours" column. Result: 100 (to be read as "one-O-O"). And so on, like this :-

Ordinary or decimal

| number | number |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 10 |
| 3 | 11 |
| 4 | 100 |
| 5 | 101 |
| 6 | 110 |
| 7 | 111 |
| 8 | 1000 |
| 9 | 1001 |
| 10 | 1010 |

By now you will probably have caught on to the thing enough to realize that the next column after the "fours" shows the absence or presence of an eight in the total; the next, a sixteen, and so on. For example : " 1001101 " in the binary notation would mean ( $1 \times 2^{6}$ ) $+\left(0 \times 2^{5}\right)+\left(0 \times 2^{4}\right)+\left(1 \times 2^{3}\right)+\left(1 \times 2^{2}\right)+\left(0 \times 2^{1}\right)+$ $\left(1 \times 2^{\circ}\right)=(1 \times 64)+(0 \times 32)+(0 \times 16)+(1 \times 8)+(1 \times 4)$ $+(0 \times 2)+(1 \times 1)=64+8+4+1=77$. (Remember that any number to the power 0 is 1 .)

Now, you may say, nobody except perhaps a musichall "lightning calculator" could tell straight off that " 1001101 " was the number that in the decimal system is called seventy-seven. How can anybody be expected to know without working it out that the seventh figure from the right is a sixty-four, and so on for the others, and that the total comes to seventy-seven? On the decimal system one can see it straight off! Well, admittedly arithmetic in the binary system is less concise, owing to the larger number (though smaller variety) of figures needed; but the duodecimal system certainly wouldn't be open to this criticism, yet people would still complain that it would mean calculation with the twelve-times table to find that " 77 " meant the number that we call "ninety-one." They would say that with tens it is, of course, quite easy, because they are-well, tens !

Yet really it is just a matter of habit, and if we had
been brought up from infancy to count in twelves or thirteens or threes, with the symbols and names appropriate to the system, it would seem very odd to count in tens. It is really no easier (except as a result of practice) to tell that the number 534 is equal to five hundreds plus three tens plus four than to interpret it as five gross plus three dozens plus four. The difference we make is that we immediately start converting the latter into the decimal number, 760, because we have been accustomed to knowing how many " 760 " means, and would have difficulty in associating it with the figures " 534 ."

## Using Twos for Communication

Though it would be very muddling to introduce the duodecimal or binary or any other non-decimal scale of counting into everyday life, we have seen that the binary system (for example) has distinct advantages for special purposes such as electronic computing. The solution, if the advantages are worth it, is to translate or code the decimal notation into binary for the purposes required, and then back again into decimal when those purposes have been accomplished. After all, this is no more novel than translating the letters of the alphabet into dots and dashes for the purpose of longdistance communication, and then back again.

Originally the morse code was invented because at that time nobody had discovered how to send spoken words by wire in the form of the original sounds, so there was nothing for it but to translate them into signals. But seeing the obvious inconvenience of this indirect method, with its extra process at each end, one might suppose that now line and radio telephony have reached such an advanced state of development code telegraphs would be as obsolete as sending messages by lighting fires on the tops of hills. Nevertheless, the greater part of telecommunication other than domestic radio and telephone is done by telegraphy. Why?

You can appreciate one of the main reasons by considering the output stage in your broadcast receiver. Suppose it is capable of an output of 1 watt without serious distortion from overloading. And suppose you adjust the volume control until the announcer's voice is just reaching this limit at its peaks. Even if he is reading the news in his usual level tones, you might be surprised to know how little the average power is. I tried measuring it during sentences of speech (so as not to bring the average down by including the zero power between sentences) and found it to be about one-twelfth of what it would have been if the peak amplitude had been kept up all the time. And, of course, some sounds are reproduced at far less than the average-about one-seventieth in my experiment. I don't claim that these figures are highly accuratein any case they depend a good deal on the speakerbut they probably represent typical conditions in the transmitter.

That may be all very well for broadcasting, where dozens or even hundreds of kilowatts are used to cover quite moderate distances, and millions of people are contributing all the time to pay for them. But for communication pure and simple the aim is certainty of reception under all conditions, at the minimum cost. The ultimate limiting factor is signal/noise ratio. In telegraphy the sender is either radiating at full power or not at all, and all the receiver has to do is tell which is which. But in telephony one has to provide for handling many times as much power
during the peaks in order to bring the quietest bits well above noise level. 'They have to be well above, because it is not just a matter of distinguishing between signal and no-signal but between, say, " $m$ " and " $n$ " sounds. Otherwise one is reduced to " $m$ for monkey, $n$ for nuts," etc., and progress is so slow that one might as well use morse and be done with it.

So telegraphy is much more economical and reliable than telephony. But the convenience of being able to speak into a sender and hear the voice come out of the receiver is so obvious that inventors have tried to combine it with the advantages of an on/off signalling system by devising automatic speech coding. The morse code, or any other based on letters and words rather than sounds, makes things very difficult because it necessitates a sort of robot shorthand-typist to translate the sounds of a voice into words; and even a human listener may find that difficult if the speaker comes from another part of the country! So the problem remains unsolved. A more practicable scheme is to make the signalling code mean sounds instead of letters, and this has actually and successfully been done in the Vocoder, which I described briefly some while ago.* The idea behind the Vocoder was not so much the improving of signal/ noise ratio as the reduction of the frequency band required by the voice communication channel.
And that is rather a different story. Just now let us stick to the one idea of getting the best possible signal/noise ratio-and hence the longest range for the lowest power-by using simple on/off signals. How can the infinitely graduated amplitudes of speech waveforms, for example, be translated into such simple signals?
If you transmit the waveform of any sound, you can reproduce the sound. For example, if Fig. 1 represented a specimen of a sound waveform you could transmit it by causing the current in a telephone line to have the same waveform. Alternatively (though it would hardly be a practical proposition) you could plot a graph of the waveform on a long strip of paper, make a list of the ordinates (the heights of points on the graph above or below the baseline) at close enough intervals to enable the graph to be replotted at the receiving end, and send them there by telegraph. Taking the first half-cycle of Fig. 1, for example, you would wire the numbers $0,19,38,60,76,83,69,52$, $14,10,0$, from which the recipient could replot that half cycle; and so on for the rest of the job. The sound could be reproduced from this graph in the same way as the sound track on a film.
This is where we join on to last month's story, which had got to showing how waveforms can be communicated by a series of pulses, sampling the waveform at intervals close enough to include at least two within the shortest wavelength present. In other words, the sampling frequency has to be more than twice the highest frequency to be transmitted. What this sampling amounts to is a particular method of signalling the graph ordinates: they are represented directly by the amplitude of the pulses. To signal the waveform with reasonable accuracy it would probably be necessary to detect amplitude variations down to 1 per cent of the highest peak. So for the smallest pulses to be distinguishable above the noise level it would be necessary for the largest to be 100 times greater in amplitude, or 10,000 times greater in

[^3]power, than would be necessary to override noise. So this method of sampling shares the powerwasting characteristics of the original waveform. Theoretically the numbers could be signalled in morse, but seeing that for tolerable speech quality it would be necessary to send at least 10,000 doublefigure numbers per second it might be rather difficult to decode them back again into waveforms! The decoding problem could be simplified if the wave amplitudes were represented by variation in pulse duration. With the 100 -unit scale we are assuming that would be equivalent to having anything up to 100 of the shortest pulses side by side (Fig. 2(b)). If the sampling frequency were 10,000 per second, each sample would have to take place within $1 / 10,000$ th sec , or $100 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, so the shortest pulse could not at the outside be more than $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. That would necessitate a bandwidth of over $1 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ right away, for rather poor quality sound, and for only one channel!

But we have already seen that in the binary scale a 7 -digit group permits counting in units up to $1+2+4+8+16+32+64=127$, or rather better than the 100 -unit scale we have been assuming as a necessity. So any one of 128 different amplitudes (including 0 ) can be signalled by a group of seven pulses or


Fig. 1. If sound is transmitted electrically in its own waveform, its peak power must be many times greater than noise and interference, to ensure that the low-amplitude details are not lost.
(a)

(b)

(c)

Fig. 2. When the waveform "plots" are signalled by the varying amplitude of pulses (a) it is still necessary to use a comparatively very high power to ensure that the smallest pulses are distinguishable from noise. If, to avoid.this, pulse duration is varied (b) the large variations needed demand a very wide frequency band, to transmit the narrowest pulses. But in p.c.m (c) a 128 -level range is compressed into a group of only seven equal-sized pulses or spaces.


Fig. 3. A close-up of the Fig. 2. (c) type of binary-scale signals, being those necessary to communicate the first five point: in the Fig. I waveform.
no-pulses, as in Fig. 3, which represents the first five amplitudes in Fig. 1. Some signals of this type are also shown in Fig. 2(c) for comparison with (a) and (b). A method of decoding has been worked out, and a 12-channel telephone installation demonstrated successfully. The system, which is called pulse code modulation (p.c.m.) was described in Wireless World by Thomas Roddam (March, 1949, p. 82).
What p.c.m. does is to obtain an enormous economy in power for a very moderate price in bandwidth. On the basis of our calculation (which admittedly is oversimplified, but gives the general idea) a sevenfold increase in pulse frequency and therefore of bandwidth allows a $127^{\prime \prime}$ or sixteen-thousand-fold saving in power. So long as the difference between signal and no-signal can be detected at all through noise and interference, there is no point in using any more power. And whereas frequent relaying of speech, etc., in the usual form causes noise to accumulate at each stage, the p.c.m. signals can be re-formed and cleared of noise and distortion at every stage in a long transmission. But, of course, a system of this kind would not be popular for broadcasting, because the automatic decoding gear would put up the cost of receivers. In a point-to-point system, with only one or two receivers, that is negligible compared with the saving in cost of the sender. Incidentally, there would seem to be nothing to prevent this p.c.m. system being applied to the special low-frequency signals of the Vocodert.

As a matter of interest, let us find the general rela-
†fournal I.E.E., Part III, Sept., 1948, P. 404 (8.2).
tionship between number of digits and number of numbers in a binary group. We have already found that a seven-digit group gives; a choice of 128 numbers. That is because the first digit gives a choice of two numbers; for each of them the second digit gives a choice of two, making $2^{2}$ in all; for each of them the third digit gives another choice of two, making $2^{3}$. And so on; $D$ digits can count $2^{\text {D }}$ numbers, say N :
$\mathrm{N}=2^{\mathrm{D}}$
Another way of writing this is $\mathrm{D}=\log _{2} \mathrm{~N}$.
Incteasing $D$ from 7 to 8 , only about 14 per cent, increases N 100 per cent. And, as we have seen, N is bound up with the signal/noise ratio and minimum transmitter power. So it is very interesting that the Hartley Law ( $M=\mathrm{kBT}$ ) in its modern form makes $\mathrm{k}=\log _{2}(\mathrm{R}+1)$, where R is the signal/noise power ratio. It follows that the way in which information is organized for transmission by p.c.m. agrees in principle with the ideal. For example, you can theoretically divide the bandwidth (B) needed to transmit a given amount of information ( $M$ ) in the seven-pulse groups shown in Fig. 3 by seven, by transmitting it in single pulses (Fig. 2(a)), but the single pulses have to be recognizable at 128 distinct amplitudes, so the signal/noise ratio must be vastly greater. In this way the maximum amount of information that can be communicated by an ideal system depends not only on bandwidth and time but also on signal/noise ratio. But as it is proportional to the logarithm of this ratio, a very large change in signal power is needed to make much difference in the rate of information.

## 略igh-Powem 瞆lystron

## 5 kW Output at $500 \mathrm{Mc} s$

THE centre-piece in the accompanying illustration is an experimental high-power klystron amplifying valve developed by Varian Associates in collaboration with General Electric of America for use as the output stage in a high-power $500-\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ television transmitter. This valve is at present known as the Type $\mathrm{Z}-1891$.

The theory of operation of the klystron is fairly well known, but a brief explanation of this particular valve may be of interest. It has three resonant cavities in cascade through which the electrons pass on their way from cathode to the catcher, or anode. Divergence of the beam is prevented by an external magnetic field.

When an r.f. input signal excites the resonant input cavity the electrons are "bunched," or velocity modulated, so that they travel in concentrations or groups. In passing through the following resonant cavities some power is extracted from these bunches, the operation being such that the power transferred to the output cavity is very much greater than that required to velocity-modulate the beam at the input cavity. Thus the valve behaves as an amplifier capable of very high gain at extremely high frequencies.

As a final broad-band amplifier in a vision transmitter, where the output response is required to be flat to within 1 db over a range of $5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$, a gain of 50 times is claimed, while in an accompanying sound transmitter, where a relatively narrow band suffices, gains of the order of 5,000 are said to be attainable. Under either condition of operation the output power is said to be 5 kW .

Modulation in the aforegoing description means the "bunching" of the electrons; not modulation in the more generally accepted sense by sound or vision signals. This takes place in an earlier stage of the transmitter and the high-power klystron behaves as a lincar amplifier.

Pure electron coupling exists in this valve with complete isolation of input and output circuits. The valve is water cooled.


# Recordinǵ Studio Desig̣n 

General Principles and Their Application to Small Rooms

By P. A. SHEARS

IN sound recording the studio provides the link between the matter to be recorded and the microphone. It is no less a part of the apparatus than the recording equipment, and equally can make or mar the overall performance; its contribution is therefore worth investigating.
Reproduction of sound over a microphone-loudspeaker system, whether or not recording is interposed, differs from direct listening in several respects. The most apparent of these is that a monaural-single-channel-system combines in the microphone the direct and reflected sound, so the listener cannot exercise his normal faculty of directivity and thus cannot distinguish between sound proceeding directly from the source and that reflected from the walls and $\mathrm{ot}^{-i} \mathrm{cts}$ in the studio. Once the direct and refiected sounu-are combined they cannot be separated again; the final quality of the studio output thus depends greatly on the quality of the reflected sound, which appears as reverberation and as an apparent modification of frequency response.

## Typical Defects

In practice, moreover, the reflected sound may be emphasized owing to a limited frequency range in the reproducing equipment. Suppose that a studio is bass-heavy due to excessive reverberation at low frequencies; while this defect might not be serious when observed on the relatively wide-range monitor loudspeaker of the recording equipment, when reproduced on an instrument limited to, say, $4 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ range, the excessive bass is no longer balanced by high frequencies and a recording may become unrecognisable. Some recording equipments have a bass-cut control which can alleviate this trouble. Frequently, the response of a device is peaked near the limits of its range to give an illusion of greater frequency range ; this is done in the case of the ordinary radio loudspeaker and cheapens the whole set. However, if this method is adopted in recording to cover up studio defects, the result may sound quite different on different reproducers; a studio low-frequency resonance may coincide with a loudspeaker resonance on one reproducer and yet be cut off on another. The same applies to variations in high-frequency response. A hish-quality loudspeaker in the recording, room is of no help, since a response "cooked" to sound balanced over a wide range still is not necessarily balanced over the smaller range of a home reproducer on which a recording might be played.
However, even if the frequency response could be corrected, a bad studio will still introduce a distortion in time. In addition to reverberation prolonging sounds in general, standing waves may be set up in the air or in the structure of the studio which decay relatively slowly. If these or their harmonics coincide or beat with frequencies from the source of sound, a confusion
arises which, for example, makes certain pianos unusable in certain studios. Transients produced at the commencement of a note by the impact of the hammer on the strings may excite modes of oscillation in the room which are reproduced as dull thuds; also, harmonics may become changed in relative amplitude, thus changing the character of the sound.

These defects originate within the studio and can only be remedied in the studio itself. The studio characteristic is three dimensional-amplitude, frequency and time. If the studio is not to upset the balance of high and low frequencies it must clearly


Fig. 1. Idealized reverberation characteristic of a studio.


Fig. 2. Reverberation curve illustrating two typicai defects in studios.
have a reverberation curve which remains flat throughout the period of decay of a sound. Fig. 1 shows a flat characteristic while Fig. 2 shows a typical pair of defects - an excessive reverberation time at a low frequency and a "flutter echo" due to high-frequency reflections.

The effect of these defects may be reduced somewhat by directional microphones. The ribbon microphone picks up some 6 db less reflected sound at low and middle frequencies than the moving-coil type; but the latter also becomes directional to the extent of some 6 db , above a few thousand $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ (Fig. 3). However, the fact that the ribbon microphone may


Fig. 3. Illustrating the directivity of ribbon and movingcoil microphones.

Fig. 4. Optimum reverberotion time in terms of volume (based on figures given by Kirke and Howe, J.I.E.E. Vol. 78, p. 404 1936).

be positioned to avoid picking up from a certain direction, and its better frequency response, have resulted in its more general use.

## Reverberation Time

A range of $50-8000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, at any rate on the axis of the loudspeaker, is generally regarded as the minimum for good quality reproduction. The studio should therefore perform satisfactorily over this range, which means in practice (apart from echoes and other anomalies which must in any case be removed) that the reverberation time at any frequency within these limits should not exceed a certain value.

The optimum absolute value of the reverberation time, defined as the time taken for the sound to decay by 60 db , depends on the size of the studio and the use to which it is to be put. Fig. 4 has been plotted as the average time for a number of successful concert halls, and extrapolated downwards gives a guide to studio times. Speech generally requires a shorter reverberation time than music; also studios require a shorter time than halls for live performances due to an apparent increase in reverberation time on account of monaural transmission-the ear cannot discriminate against reflected sound; and because the listener's room itself contributes some reverberation. Singers and violinists often prefer a room with a longer reverberation time than the optimum for recording since they can then judge their own tone by listening to the reflected sound. In a large hall this refiection, though too weak to interfere with recording, occurs long enough after the original sound to be audible to the performer. If the reverberation time of a small studio is increased to give a similar effect however, the loudness of the first reflections of sound at the microphone retains the characteristic quality of the sound as that from a small studio. A small studio cannot successfully be made to sound like a large one.

The reverberation time at any given frequency may be adjusted by the amount of sound absorbing material in the room, and may be calculated from Sabine's formula :

Reverberation time $\mathrm{T}=\frac{0.05 \mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~S}_{1} x_{1}+\mathrm{S}_{2} x_{2} \text { \& etc. }}$ seconds where V is volume of studio in $\mathrm{ft}^{3}$
$S_{1} S_{2}$, etc., are areas of absorption material in $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$x_{1} x_{2}$, etc., are coefficients of absorption of materials
For coefficients of absorption greater than 0.5 Eyring's version is to be preferred :-

$$
\mathrm{T}=\frac{0.05 \mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~S}_{1} \log _{e}\left(1-x_{1}\right)+\mathrm{S}_{2} \log _{e}\left(1-x_{2}\right) \text { etc }}
$$

This formula is independent of frequency and suggests that a uniform absorption is required over the frequency range to produce a level reverberation characteristic. However, although the absorption of high frequencies by the air can usually be neglected, at low frequencies standing waves may be set up in the studio, generally referred to as "eigentones." In large studios $\left(10^{5} \mathrm{ft}^{3}\right)$ the fundamentals of these are of very low frequency but in small studios ( $3000 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$ ) obiectionable modes may lie in the range $50-150 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Their frequencies may be calculated precisely, but a rough guide can be found by regarding one half wave length as occupying the distance between opposite walls, or floor and ceiling. There are thus three fundamental modes corresponding to the length, breadth and height of the studio. These, together with any unpredictable structural resonances which may
occur make it desirable that, rather than have a level reverberation characteristic at low frequencies, these frequencies should be absorbed as much as possible.

The frequency of an eigentone may be calculated from :-

$$
f=\frac{c}{2}\left(\frac{p^{2}}{l_{1}^{2}}+\frac{q^{2}}{l_{2}^{2}}+\frac{r^{2}}{l_{3}{ }^{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}
$$

where $c=$ velocity of sound $=1130$ feet $/ \mathrm{sec}, p, q$ and $r$ are integers from 0 upwards, and the fundamental mode in any one direction is given when the corresponding integer ( $p, q$ or $r$ ) is made unity. For example, the fundamental mode in say the $l_{1}$ direction is given then $p=1$ and $q$ and $r=0$.

The formula then reduces to :-

$$
f=\frac{c}{2 l_{1}} ; \text { or } \frac{1130}{2 l_{1}}\left(l_{1} \text { being in feet }\right)
$$

This mode corresponds to a half-wave lying in the $l_{1}$ direction in the studio, with pressure antinodes at the end walls. To find other modes the appropriate values of $p, q$ and $r$ are inserted and a hundred or so alternatives may well arise below $500 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$.

The crux of the problem of small studios is that these low-order eigentones are within the audible range; for it is these that, because of their large dimensions in relation to the dimensions of the room, are most difficult to absorb or break up.

## Provision of Absorption

The curves in Fig. 5 show that the textiles encountered in most living rooms absorb principally high frequencies. These can be used therefore for this purpose in studios, but they are liable to collect and produce dust which may be a nuisance, and professionally, specially made absorbent tiles which can be distempered are often preferred. However, some grades of ordinary insulating board absorb high frequencies to about one-third of the extent of these special absorbers and may suffice where a large enough area can be provided. Also this may be cheaper, if, as is frequently the case, panels of insulating board can be arranged simultaneously to absorb low frequencies by resonance. Resonant absorbers, though practically the only means of absorbing low frequencies, are cheap and simple to construct and may be painted without impairing performance. Basically these consist of a flexible panel mounted several inches from the wall, usually upon battens, thus enclosing an air space in which some absorbent material is provided. If absorption of low frequencies only is required the panel must be sufficiently heavy, and hard enough mechanically to reflect high frequencies; in electrical terms the impedance at the surface of the material must be high enough to reflect high-frequency sounds. At low


Fig. 6. Absorbent panels and their electrical equivalent circuits.
Fig. 5. Absorption coefficients of some typical materia/s (based on data from reference 5).



B


B3


Fig. 7. Characteristics of some resonant absorbers (based on data from reference 5).

Below : Fig. 8. Ceiling absorption unit.

soft material this latter may be unnecessary owing to high internal damping in the panel.
Curves for typical absorbers are shown in Fig. 7. A is a curve obtainable with a $\frac{1}{2}$ in thick soft insulating board; $\mathbf{B}_{1}$ a curve for an $\frac{1}{8}$ in thick hard board; and $B_{3}$ a 3-layer absorber of the same board as $B_{1}$ analagous to a 3 -section filter incorrectly terminated. The difference in high-frequency absorption of the two materials is clear. The choice of panel material usually depends on the amount of high-frequency absorption required, the mounting and spacing from the wall controlling the low-frequency absorption.

The spacing from the wall is given by :-

$$
d=\frac{29,900}{f^{2} z v}
$$

when
$d=$ distance of panel from wall in inches
$w=$ weight of panel in $\mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
$f=$ frequency of maximum absorption
Fixing centres of the battens must not be too close, otherwise the vibration of the panel will be interfered with, reducing the absorption coefficient at the resonant frequency. The centres should be varied


Fig. 9. Window treatment to admit light and air combined with low-frequency absorber. Sound insulation is about 40 db closed and 25 db open.
somewhat throughout the studio- 3 to 8 feet is a suitable range.

In medium-sized studios such as that in the example in Fig. 10 the eigentone fundamental frequencies may be below $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, for which inconveniently large absorbers would be required. However, provided that the response of the recording equipment falls off fairly sharply outside the working frequency range these very low frequencies may be ignored. In magnetic recording the problem seems less important, but the author experienced one case in disc recording where a guitar band so strongly excited an eigentone of about $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ that the resultant patterning of the disc prevented satisfactory playback.

Normally, the resonant panelling may be tuned to the lowest eigentone frequencies in the working range. The spacing from the wall will depend on the grade of board used and may be calculated from the formula given above, and will usually be between 1 and 6 inches depending on the frequencies to be absorbed.

## Distribution of Absorption Material

In most cases of small studios it will be found necessary to cover the greater part of the interior surface of the studio with treatment. This is especially so when converting ordinary rooms to studios, since studios constructed as such generally have thin floors specifically for absorbing low frequencies. If the floor is concrete or heavy board some treatment must be applied to the ceiling.
This follows the general rule that absorbents are not effective for directions of propagation parallel to their surface. A floor-ceiling mode of resonance is scarcely affected by material on the walls. This
means that at any rate three surfaces, one in each plane, must be treated; and as absorption is only about 30 per cent it is desirable that all surfaces should carry some treatment.

It will usually be found that some of the low-frequency absorbers must reflect high frequencies if the highfrequency reverberation time is not to be reduced excessively. If this panelling is located on the lower half of the walls, furniture will help to disperse direct reflections between opposite sides. At a higher level-say about 4 ft from the floor, hard reflecting surfaces should not face one another.

If these hard surfaces are grouped principally near one end of the studiothe " live" end-while curtains are provided at the other "dead" end, a useful variation in effects can be produced. Usually, however, the performers will occupy the live end and the microphone a position towards the dead end. If the floor is carpeted this should be arranged to roll back from the live end, but the ceiling above must carry some absorbent (Fig. 8).

Various sound insulating schemes will be found in textbooks to permit windows to be opened without admitting noise. Fig. 9 shows the type of arrangement. For the purpose of calculation the noise in the studio should not exceed 20 phons. The recording equipment must be in a separate room for monitoring and to avoid distracting performers, and a double window between may be found necessary to avoid acoustic feedback. A threshold condition of " singing" must be avoided at all costs as this modifies the frequency response. It is worth remembering that the least crack around a door or window transmits a considerable amount of sound and any insulating door or window must be made literally air-tight, with rubber or felt.

## An Example

A room $20 \mathrm{ft} \times 15 \mathrm{ft} \times$ 12 ft high with hard plastered walls and coconut matting over floorboards is to be converted to a studio.

1. Volume $=3600 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$

From Fig. 4 reverberation time not to exceed 0.7 sec .

Above: Fig. 10. Absorption and reverberation calculations for the studio (Fig. 12) considered in the example.
Right: Fig. II. Calculated reverberation frequency curve (1) from data of Fig. 10, (2) with alternative treatment of $660 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of insulation board on 2 -in battens.

Fig. 12. Suggested layout of room $20 \mathrm{ft} \times 15 \mathrm{ft} \times 12 \mathrm{ft}$ treated according to calculations in the text.

2. From $\mathrm{T}=\frac{0.05 \mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~S} x}, \quad \mathrm{~S} x=260$ Sabine units
3. Calculate first cigentones:

$$
f=\frac{1130 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}, \text { where } l=}{2 l}=\begin{aligned}
& \text { length, width, height in } \\
& \text { feet respectively }
\end{aligned}
$$

fitted into the room structure as convenient, and their area is thus predetermined, e.g., $80 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$, coefficient of absorption as Fig. 7.
(3) Panelling to absorb low frequencies onlyType $B_{1}$. The amount of this is chosen so that total absorptions at low and high frequencies are as nearly as possible equal. $132 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ was found to be a convenient area in the example.
(4) The remainder of the ab sorption is provided by insulation board which to some extent absorbs all frequencies, the low-frequency resonance being adjusted to absorb the respective eigentone of the wall concerned. This resonance is fairly broad and a uniform spacing from the various walls will often suffice and save cost (see Fig. 7).
(5) Plot total absorption and check final reverberation time.
Figs. 10 and 12 show the absorption provided in a fully treated studio. Fig. 11 shows (curve 2) the
4. Calculate absorption: (see Table above)
(1) Existing absorption.

Floor: $15 \times 20=300 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Absorption coefficient-below $200 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ as for $\frac{3}{4}$-in panelling ( 0.1 ), above $500 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ estimated absorption of coconut matting half that of $\frac{1}{1}$-in carpet (see Fig. 5).
Doors: 100ft ${ }^{2}$. Absorption coefficient 0.1.
(2) 3-section absorbers for a band of low frequencies. As these are bulky they must be
rise in bass reverberation time resulting from the use of a cheaper arrangement of panelling-which does not fully absorb the low frequencies. Curve 1 corresponds to Fig. 10.

## References.

1. Meyer, " Electroacoustics" (Bell).
2. Wood, "Acoustics" (Blackic).
3. Hope-Bagenal, "Practical Acoustics" (Methuen).
4. Cullum, "The Practical Application of Acoustic Principles" Spon).
5. Constable and Constables "Principles and Practice of Sound Insulation" (Pitman).
6. Moir, "Acoustics of Small Rooms," Wireless World, Dec. 1944.

## NEW IBDDK

The Testing of Hearing Aids (Booklet No. 490), by D. B. Fry and P. Denes. Pp. 39 with 11 illustrations. The National Institute for the Deaf, 105, Gower Strcet, London, W.C.1. Price ls.

THE task of evaluating the performance of a hearing aid in general terms and on the basis of objective measurements is a formidable one. In view of the wide diversity of hearing defects and the range of age and aptitude in patients, one might be justified in thinking the difficulties insuperable. However, by limiting the problem to the transmission of intelligible speech and by carrying out large numbers of tests under carefully controlled conditions, workers both in this country and America have arrived at an optimum performance specification which appears to be independent of the particular type of deafness involved and which serves as a satisfactory basis for correlating subjective judgment with objective measurement.

In this book the authors give a well-reasoned argument, supported by references to the work of the Mcdical Research Council, the Harvard University report on hearing aids and others, for the validity of objective testing and describe in detail the apparatus used for the measurements upon which the National Institute for the Deaf will issue test reports on commercial hearing aids.
One assumes that the object of issuing this booklet is to inspire confidence in the reliability of these reports. By placing all their cards on the table and by showing
that those responsible for devising the tests have a rational and practical appreciation of the problem, they have not only succeeded well, but have also provided students of electro-acoustics with a well-written resume of recent advances in the theory of hearing aids. F. L. D.

## I.F. After Copenhagen

WHEN the B.B.C. moved on to its new Copenhagen Plan frequencies last year, unexpected whistles came into the homes of millions of listeners who were using superhet receivers. The reason was, of course, that the most commonly used i.f., $465 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, was no longer suitable for the new frequencies and all kinds of heterodyne notes were being generated. This eventuality, predicted some time before the change ${ }^{\star}$, has now been confirmed by the Broadcast Receiver I.F. Sub-Committee of B.R.E.M.A. in a report on a series of tests carried out by various B.R.E.M.A. member firms. Three i.f.s were under consideration, $422 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}, 465 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $470 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, and the tests covered a total of 31 different sites. The main conclusions of the report are that $465 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ is, in fact, no longer satisfactory as a standard i.f. and that set manufacturers should confine their choice to either $422 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ or $470 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. There is absolutely no hope of finding a single i.f. that will give freedom from whistles on all B.B.C. stations in all parts of the country.

[^4]
## 18ru National Radio Exhibition

Place: Earls Court, London, S.W. 5<br>Date : 29th August to 8th September<br>Times: 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.<br>Admission : Adults 2s. 6d., Children Is.

THE Eighteenth National Radio Exhibition, organized by the Radio Industry Council and supported by 88 manufacturers and a number of non-commercial users of radio-such as the Armed Forces-will be opened by Earl Mountbatten at Earls Court, at 11.0 , on August 29th. On the preceding day a pre-view of the exhibition has been arranged for overseas visitors and specially invited guests.
We have again prepared our guide to the exhibition in a classified and tabulated form as we believe this
method of presentation gives a comprehensive view of the activities of the various exhibitors, and also enables the makers of any particular class of equipment, and their stand numbers, to be located quickly and easily. Those who are unable to visit the exhibition and depend on the pages of Wireless World will, it is believed, find this form of presentation a useful reference.

Lists of exhibitors are given both numerically by stand number and alphabetically under trade names or abridged company names.

Perhaps it need hardly be said that this year television will again be the centre of attraction. This is partly due to the imminent opening of the northern station, Holme Moss, which will bring a further 12 million people within the range of a station, and of the Scottish station at Kirk O'Shotts, and in part to a number of technical developments. In the 250 -foot television viewing avenue, some 40 makes of receiver will be working.


Larger and brighter pictures are the dominant feature of the new season's models and few sets have a c.r. tube smaller than 12 in , while several makers are showing sets fitted with 15 - or 16 -in tubes. The introduction into television sets of the "flat-face" type of tube will, it is claimed, provide a wider viewing angle and produce the effect of a larger tube.
The present indications are that few changes, apart from cabinet designs, will be found in sound broadcast receivers. Portables and personal portables are becoming more popular and incidentally smaller.
In the field of sound reproduction the principal highlight is a more general use of two- and three-speed turntables in radio-grams and record players.
The tendency towards specialization in radio exhibitions is more than ever noticeable this year. It will be very apparent to the visitor that the national show is largely one of domestic radio equipment. A few component makers whose products are available on the retail market are showing, but the specialized firms catering for set makers only are far less prominent.
Rather surprisingly, fewer firms than had been expected are showing test apparatus and anything in the nature of fixed and mobile communications equipment is virtually non-existent, the special exhibits of the three Services excepted.
Our classified lists do not include the non-commer-
cial exhibits of the Government Departments, Forces, B.B.C., D.S.I.R., etc., and we must therefore deal with them briefly in this introduction. The B.B.C.'s participation is largely centred in the television studio in which programmes are to be rehearsed and broadcast. On their stand they invite visitors to "come and be televised"; for this they are using two 12 -inch monitors. A 1:7 working model of one of the feeder switching towers at the B.B.C.'s short-wave station is demonstrated on the stand.
Each of the three Services has a stand. To deal with the senior service first; the Royal Navy's exhibit represents the bridge of a modern cruiser and the operations centre in which is simulated the action taken during an aerial attack on the ship. In addition to this live display the stand also exhibits the type of equipment issued by the Admiralty to members of the Royal Naval Volunteer Wireless Reserve for training in their own homes.
Both the Royal Corps of Signals and the Corps of Royal Electrical and Mechanical Engineers-the main users and the repairers of Army communication equipment-iointly man the War Office stand which depicts signalling systems through the ages and the equipment necessary for the maintenance of modern radio and radar gear.
The Royal Air Force exhibit consists mainly of (Continued on page 364)

## ALPHABETICAL LIST OF EXHIBITORS AND GUIDE TO TIIE STANDS



five piezes of radio and radar equipment, including a trainer (Type 102) which simulates the responses received in aircraft fitted with H2S blind bombing apparatus. Air interception gear, Rebecca, Gee and the transmitter-receiver TR1936 which is now standard communication equipment for bombers in the R.A.F.

The activities of the Post Office in the fields of radio and telecommunications generally, and the contributions made by its research engineers to improve the public services are illustrated on the two large stands occupied by the G.P.O.

The main feature of the Ministry of Civil Aviation exhibit is a scale model of London Airport as it will ultimately be, showing the radio and radar aids at present in use.

All the non-commercial users of radio so far mentioned make use of the ionospheric recordings of the Radio Research Directorate of the D.S.I.R. On the Department's stand a recorder, which continuously sounds the ionosphere with pulses in the frequency band 0.6 to $25 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ is demonstrated. Variations in the service area of a television station due to meteorological variations is also illustrated. By using two television receivers on the stand, one tuned to Alexandra Palace and the other to Sutton Coldfield, it is hoped to demonstrate the varying signal strength from the latter (but not A.P.) during weather changes.

In conclusion, we will touch upon the technical services provided at the show for the distribution of sound and vision. Television will be distributed to the stands on the Sutton Coldficld carrier frequencies to avoid interference with the reception of the

Alexandra Palace transmissions. Three sources of programme will be available: (a) B.B.C. transmissions, for the reception of which a radio link working on $6,800 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ will be used between Alexandra Palace and the exhibition; (b) films from a film scamer in the control room in the exhibition; and (c) programmes from the B.B.C. studio in the Hall. A small transmitter, installed in the exhibition control room, feeds the distribution amplifiers. The distributed signal, which has an average level of $1 \mathrm{ml} \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ measured on Test Card " C ," conforms in every way to standard B.B.C. practice.

A radio-frequency distribution system working on $1030 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s} \pm 150 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ is fed by co-axial cable to $\nexists$ number of demonstration rooms on the first floor of the exhibition for the operation of broadcast receivers. This signal will be modulated by magnetic-tape recordings. The signal level at each outlet is 300 mV and the frequency response is within $\pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ from $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $14 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$.

A second service, for the demonstration of audio equipment, is superimposed on the cables carrying the medium-wave r.f. signal. The overall frequency response from the Post Office line input to the a.f. outlet on the stands is within $\pm 3 \mathrm{db}$ from $20 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $16 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. There is, of course, the usual sound reproducing system for music and announcements throughout the show and a subsidiary amplification system for relaying the sound from the B.B.C. studio to the visitors looking through the glass-panelled walls.
The focal point of the technical services at the show is the R.I.C. glass-panelled control room situated on the first floor.



RECEIVERS: Broadcast, Television, Communications and Special Purpose


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| Amplion | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$（114） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | 二 |  |  |  | 二 |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Belling－Lee | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$（64） | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － |  |
| Brown Bros． | $\ldots$ | ．．．（107\％） |  | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | －－ | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |  |  | － | － |  |
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| Cossor ${ }^{\text {dubilier }}$ | $\ldots$ | ．．．（86） $\cdots$ ．． | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | 二 | － | － | 二 | － | 二 |  | － | 二 |  | 二 |  |  |
| E．M．I． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$（185） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |  |  |
| Eddystone | ．．． | ．．．（7） | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |  | － | － |  | － | － |  |
| Ediswan | $\ldots$ | ．．．（63） | － | － | 一 | － | － | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 二 | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| Ekco | $\ldots$ | ． $\begin{array}{r}(57) \\ (44 A)\end{array}$ | － |  | － | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | 二 |  | 二 | － |  |  |  | 二 |  |  |  |  |
| Electron Elpico | $\ldots$ | ．．．）（44A） $\cdots$（16） | － |  | 二 | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | 二 | － | 二 | 二 | － | － | － | 二 |  |  | 二 |  |
| English Electric | $\ldots$ | ．．．（58） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Etronic |  | ．．．（92） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | $\bullet$ | － |  |
| Ever Ready | ．．． | ．．．．（49） | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | 二 | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |  |
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| Goldring |  | （28， 35 ） | － |  | － | － |  |  | － | － |  | － |  |  |  |  | － |  |  | － |  |  | － | － |
| H．M．V． | ．．． | ．．．（84） | － | － | － |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  | － |  | － | － |  |  |  |  |
| Haynes | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$（6） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |  | 二 |  | $\bullet$ | － |
| Magnavista Marconiphone |  | ．．．（31） $\cdots$（79） $\cdots$ | 二 |  | － | 二 | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | 二 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| McMichael | ．．． | ．．．（59） | － | － | － | － | － | － | $\square$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |  |
| Mullard | ．．． | ．．．（75） | － | － | － | － | ＊ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  | － | － | － | － | － |
| Multicore | $\ldots$ | ．．．（48） | － | － | － | － | $\square$ | $\cdots$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 二 | － | － | － | － |
| S．T．C． Scott | ．．． | ．．．（87） $\cdots$ | － |  | － | - | － | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ | － | － |  |  |  |  | 二 | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T．C．C． | ．．． | …（97） | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |
| Telerection | $\ldots$ | ．．．（27） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  | － |  |  |  | － |
| Valradio | ．．． | ．．．（21） | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － |  |  | － |
| Vidor | ... | ． $\cdots$ $\cdots$ $\cdots$$(60)$ | － |  | 二 | － | 二 | 二 |  | 二 | － | $\bullet$ |  |  | － | 二 |  | － | 二 | 二 | － |  |  | － |
| Wearite | $\ldots$ | ．．．．（112） | 二 |  |  | － | － |  |  | － |  |  | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Westinghouse | $\ldots$ | ．．．（43） | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  | － | － |
| Wolsey | $\ldots$ | ．．．（5） | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



TEST AND MEASURING GEAR ：Including Signal Generators and Test Sets

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W． \& $\cdots$ \& （38） \& $\bullet$ \& － \& $\bullet$ \& － \& － \& － \& － \& － \& － <br>
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SCIENTIFIC，INDUSTRIAL AND MEDICAL APPARATUS



SOUND REPRODUCING EQUIPMENT : Audio-Amplifiers and Electro-Acoustic Apparatus


D, domestic loudspeakers; $R$, sound reinforcement loudspeakers; $T$, tape recorders ; $W$, wire recorders.

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COMPONENTS : Excluding Accessories and Sub-Assemblies

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(1) Eddystone 740. (2) Etronic EMU4214 Model. (3) Pilot "Little Maestro."

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(4) Roberts portoble Model RP4 (and RMB). (5) Alba Model 692lAC.

## NUMERICAL LIST OF STANDHOLDERS

Board of Trade, Lacoll House. Theobshlis Rid A. F. Bulgin \& Co., Bye-Pass Ril. Barking. Essex. "Wireless \& Electrical Trader." Hormet Honse. - N. Fitton, I'rincess Works, Pohlari wh.. Brig. R. N. Fitton, Wolsey Television, 75, Greghatal Ku., Lumion. 8.W.9.

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43 Westinghouse Brake \& Signal Co., 82, York Way

44 Roberts ${ }^{\text {B }}$ Radio Co., Creek R.l.. East Molesey Surrey. 44A New London Electron Works, Boleyn Rd.. Londun Jo.f.
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4 46 Columbia Graphophone Co., Hayea. Mieddx
48 Aeriaite, Caste Works, Melic. Housc. Albemarle Br London. W. 1.
9 Ever Ready Co., Herculeq F'lace. Halloway, London N. 7 .

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82 Deeca Record Co., 1-3. Brixton Md., London, S.W.9. 83 Philips Dlectrical, Century House, Shaftesbury Ave. London. W.C.2.

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237 British Broadessting Corporation, Broadcanting

# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR 

The Editor does not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by his correspondents

## B.B.C./G.P.O. Standards

CR. WHITE'S letter in your July issue reveals a situation, if the facts are as stated, which is shocking. It is very regrettable that the B.B.C., which is obliged to publish an annual report to show what is does with our money, is not also obliged to declare annually its standard of technical achievement. All the hush-hushery which surrounds the quality of B.B.C. equipment and G.P.O. lines should be done away with before the possibility of spending $£ 200,000$ on even one v.h.f. station is given a moment's consideration
B.B.C. quality as heard here in Edinburgh does seem to have improved in the last few months, but even so I can hear little difference in fidelity between live and recorded material, and what difference there is is often in favour of the disc. Programmes originating in Scotland and broadcast in this region only do not seem to be of better technical quality than those which are piped from London, or, worse still, are piped down to London for control purposes and then piped back up again to the local transmitter. This suggests that the transmitter causes the main loss of quality.

A merely moderately good tape recording covering a frequency range of 100 to 7,000 cycles sounds to most people greatly superior to the average B.B.C. transmission, while speech over a good closed circuit often shakes them visibly. Film recording, involving electrical, chemical and physical processes can also be highly successful, to say nothing of the humble disc, slowly edging its way up to the 20,000 -cycle mark. What prevents broadcasting from being at least as good?
W. J. MACLEAN.

Edinburgh, 9

$\mathrm{O}^{5}$N the evening of July 7 Droitwich was radiating a programme of dance music relayed from the Continent and between 11.00 and 11.15 p.m. this cmanated from the German N.W.D.R. system in Hamburg

From the moment the German transmission commenced the whole balance of the frequency characteristic was improved and there was no audible intermodulation buzz. Although I do not suggest that this was a perfect transmission I was so impressed that I waited to compare with it the ensuing programme from London. The instant the English announcer spoke, back came that intolerable harshness and transient buzzing effects that we have for so long had to tolerate on the majority, though not all, of our programmes.
Does this not demonstrate the important fact that the above-mentioned distortion does not originate in the B.B.C.'s main modulators, or even in the much maligned land lines, but in the microphones or early audio amplifiers at the studios? I feel somehow that it is bound up with the B.B.C. rising top characteristic (as we know, top lifting increases the harmonic content).

> Wednesbury, Staffs.

## A. A. COTTERELL

YOUR correspondent C. R. White poses the question whether the B.B.C. has a different standard for the provinces than for London. As a Northern listener anxious to obtain the best quality I can afford and who has long suffered the vagaries of the Moorside Edge transmitters (Home 434 m and Light 247 m ) I do not think there can be any doubt that the reply is in the affirmative. Indeed, it is not too much to say that the whole B.B.C. set-up for provincial broadcasting is such as to make a lower standard inevitable.

I had for some time been puzzled by the fact that the quality of broadcasts known to originate in local studios was noticeably poorer than that of programmes coming by landline from London. In February of this year I wrote to the B.B.C. on the matter. They stated that normally
all broadcasts of provincial origin, whether in Home or Light programmes are routed via London, which in the case of the Manchester studios must involve nearly 200 miles of landline instead of the 20 -odd miles from Manchester to Moorside Edge. Poor quality is thus inevitable under present G.P.O. landline standards. The only apparent reason for this curious system is to give London direct control of provincial studio's output. It is significant of this that my original letter to the B.B.C. in Manchester, though concerned solely with Northern transmission quality, was acknowledged with the intimation that the complaint was a matter for London, and the ultimate reply came from the Engineering Information Department there.

It would seem that provincial listeners contemplating the purchase of high-fidelity equipment should ask themselves whether the substantial expenditure involved is worth while under current conditions, unless they are fortunate enough to be in the service area of the new Third Programme transmitter at Daventry, which, though about 100 miles distant, gives much better quality in the Manchester area than either of the local Home and Light medium-wave stations.
J. BRAMALL.

Manchester.

## The Innocent Pentode

"DALLIST," in your July issue, repeats an ancient libel on the innocent pentode. He charges it with producing high harmonics, amplifying high frequencies more than low, and even amplifying its own harmonics. Can these things be true?

Manifestly, the pentode does not amplify high frequencies more than low: the mutual conductance is constant. But if the load impedance rises, the gain will rise, and this effect is not offset in the pentode, as it is in the triode, by a high input capacitance.

When used at the same efficiency, the pentode produces less distortion than the triode. But it can be operated over almost the full anode voltage, and then it runs more sharply against end-stops, and the high harmonics rise. "There is another source of distortion, and this may be in "Diallist's" mind when he states that the pentode amplifies its own harmonics. When the cathode is not decoupled, and the screen is at a.c. earth, and not at a.c. cathode, the screen current is in the feedback loop. The screen current, being a triode current, is severely distorted, and this feedback increases the distortion.

The bad reputation of the pentode is the result of careless circuit design: it is not the car which kills, but the driver. Feedback is used to make up for deficiencies in output transformer design and then, with such large phase shifts that the feedback is positive at high audio frequencies, the valve is blamed for the increased distortion. Instead of improving the design, the designer cries loudly that triodes were good enough for his father, and they are good enough for him: 10 per cent distortion was good enough for his father, too.
No, Sir: "Diallist" must suppress these reactionary thoughts and must be screened from the triodomaniacs. This is no time to lay down the slide-rule.

THOMAS RODDAM.

## Bass Without Big Baffles

I MUST thank your correspondents G. A. Briggs and O. G. Kerslake (your August issue) for their generous remarks concerning the performance of my amplifier.
In case readers should be discouraged by Mr. Briggs' revelation that I use a "doctored" loudspeaker, perhaps I had better say a few words about this. The "operation" merely consisted of removing a pair of diametrically oppo-
site limbs of a four-limbed central spider with scissors.
The loudspeaker (with a cloth surround to the cone) had a specified fundamental resonance at $45 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, and, by thus increasing the compliance of the central spider, this figure was reduced to the region of $30 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. I believe that a really smooth bass response (in terms of the fundamental or of artificially produced harmonics) can only be obtained if a loudspeaker with a low natural resonance is used. However, my circuit was originally evolved round a cheap 10 -inch speaker and a cabinet with a trontage of $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ by $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$, and gave excellent results. Dimensions such as those (or less) come into my category of "small baffles."

It may be that Mr. Briggs is under the impression that spurious harmonics at higher frequencies are removed in my amplifier by filtering. This is not so, since the filter precedes the distorting valve $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ and limits frequencies admitted to $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ to those lying below about $100 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. It is on the presence of a full range of harmonics appearing at the anode of $V_{3}$ that the effectiveness of the circuit is dependent.

There would seem, from personal correspondence which I have received, some demand among readers for information regarding suitable valve substitutes, etc. The following list of Osram equivalents (or near equivalents) should prove useful:-

For 6SF5 substitute Osram H63.
For 655 substitute Osram L63.
For EL33 substitute Osram KT61.
If the last-mentioned output valve is employed the value of the cathode bias resistor $\mathrm{R}_{16}$ should be altered to 90 ohms. Otherwise no circuit modifications need be made.

Regarding a suitable output transformer, I can recommend a Wharfedale W 12 , using tappings giving a ratio of 22:1 for the 15 -ohm speech coil.

Snags in the form of instability are common with highslope output valves such as those specified. Leads to and from the output transformer should be kept as short as possible, and leads at the input end of the amplifier should be screened. The small capacitor $\mathrm{C}_{11}$ was included in order to improve stability and its value may be varied accordingly. In some layouts this item may best be omitted altogether.
K. A. EXLEY

Leeds, 6.

WHY all this talk about synthetic "bass"? Recently after hearing a concert in the Royal Festival Hall, seated where the volume level seemed comparable with that of a 10 -W amplifier at close quarters, I certainly had no desire to go home and introduce abnormal bass emphasis. On the assumption that the experts who dealt with the acoustics of the Festival Hall were right, I found it necessary to return my bass lift circuit to "flat" on my Voigt equipment to approximate to what I was hearing at that concert.
E. R. VEATER.

Hayle, Cornwall.

## Valve Priorities

$\mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{N}}$N page 166 of your April, 1951, issue, "Free Grid" asks whether de Forest devised a valve with grid in 1912 only, since a German named von Bronck had discovered high-frequency amplification already in 1911. "Free Grid" therefore assumes that the invention was made by de Forest before 1911.

It is correct that von Bronk discovered high-frequency amplification in 1911. (See German Patent 271,059.)

De Forest devised in 1907 the gas-containing Audion valve which had a grid, see U.S.A. Patent 879,532. This valve was, however, not intended to be an amplifier valve but a receiving detector valve and, at the time, could not hold its own against the crystal detector, since it had rather low sensitivity.

Knowledge of amplifier valves came to us in Europe through another inventor, $R$. von Lieben, who invented
the amplifier valve in 1910, see German Patent specification 249,142 (corresponding Austrian Patent 54,011).

Stuttgart, Germany. TELEFUNKEN G.m.b.H.

## Diathermy Interference

T would appear that a great many of the hospital diathermy equipments in use throughout the country are tuned to the same frequency as the Holme Moss television station.

In York and many W'est Riding towns, to my personal knowledge, radiation from these equipments is causing such serious interference that reception of the Holme Moss station will be impossible while they are operating. What action do the authorities concerned propose to take to eliminate this interference?
R. CUSSINS.

Cussins and Light, Ltd., York.

## Intermodulation Tests

I READ with interest the article in the July issue on
1 "Intermodulation Distortion in Gramophone Pickups." Recently I have been making a series of intermodulation distortion measurements on various pickups (using a test set which I am confident avoids the pitfalls mentioned by Mr. Berth Jones in the June issue) and I am surprised at the emphasis placed by Mr. Kelly on the application of this particular form of measurement to checking the tracking capabilities of a pickup.

The minimum needle pressure required for a given pickup to track a given frequency recorded at a given level can be determined correct to at least $\frac{1}{2}$ gram by the observation of waveform on an oscilloscope. The waveform produced by failure to track has a characteristic "spiked" appearance and a very small trace of this form of distortion is easily detectable.

The intermodulation distortion method can certainly be used to check the tracking capabilities of a pickup at the modulation frequency (although in my view it is an overelaborate method). With the record discussed (JH138) this can be done at $60 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ and $400 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ for the maximum recording level at those frequencies; but this does not necessarily indicate the tracking capabilities of a pickup with a bass mechanical impedance resonance at $40 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, or worse still at $80 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Further, in the case of a cantilever crystal pickup with a bass resonance at, say, $35 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ and a treble resonance at, say, $10,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$, the minimum needle pressure required may be determined by the impedance at the high-frequency resonance, i.e., although the pickup may track perfectly at $60 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}(+8.6 \mathrm{db}$ recorded level relative to $1 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) with a given needle pressure, a higher needle pressure will be required for perfect tracking at $10,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ and the same recorded level (well below the maximum recording level at this frequency). The only answer would be a large number of intermodulation test records with a corresponding number of interchangeable filters in the test set! A relatively small number of highlevel, single-frequency records (whose frequency can be varied by a variable speed turntabe) and a reasonably good oscilloscope provide a far simpler method.

I suggest that the importance of intermodulation distortion measurement for pickups lies in that it is a sensitive and convenient way of measuring non-linearity when the pickup is actually tracing the record groove modulations satisfactorily. In this respect a small difference in intermodulation distortion between two pickups (as measured on the $400 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}-4,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ side of the record) is definitely detectable by ear when playing orchestral music records. In fact, within reasonable limits, intermodulation distortion measurements would appear to be as important as frequency range or response curve in judging the performance of a pickup. I have found so far that the critical unbiased listener will invariably express preference for lower intermodulation distortion rather than better frequency response.

London, N.W. 3 .
L. J. ELLIOTT.

# Stereophony on Television Channels 

Proposals for Binaural Broadcasting

WHEN the P.M.G. made his famous statement on a new system of broadcasting, was he, by any chance, referring to stereophony? Probably not, considering how many times the official wet blanket has been cast on the idea. Yet the fact remains many technical people still regard stereophonic broadcasting as the thing of the future. And, unlike the Chief Engineer of the B.B.C.,* they do not see overwhelming objections in the fact that two sound channels are necessary-especially in these days of multichannel radio links. The stercophonic broadcast staged in France last year did, certainly, require two complete chains of equipment from microphone to loudspeaker, and it was rather cumbersome-but then, after all, the B.B.C. used fundamentally impractical methods to show the world that a public television service was a practical possibility.
One of these devotees of stereophonic broadcasting, H. H. Olofsen, of Hilversum, Holland, has written to us expressing his faith in the idea and suggesting how an experimental system might be put into effect without too much trouble. He demolishes the main argument against the scheme-that we can't afford to set up duplicate systems because of the cost and the lack of space in the ether-by pointing out that we in Britain already have a system of duplicate transmitters and receivers standing idle for large parts of the day and just asking to be used. He has in mind the television system, with its vision and sound transmitters and corresponding dual arrangements in the receivers. Mr. Olofsen proposes, in fact, that the vision transmitter should be used for the second sound channel, so that in the television recciver it would only be a matter of switching the video output from the cathode ray tube to a second loudspeaker.

The scheme is simple and certainly worth a trial. Plenty of enthusiasts would be willing to convert their television receivers, but what about the B.B.C.? Unfortunately, its attitude can be predicted only too clearly from the fact that last year it rejected a proposal for radiating binaural programmes from the twin transmitters at Wrotham. Perhaps, too, its sense of economy would recoil at the suggestion of using a vision channel of $3-\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ bandwidth for a mere $15-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ sound spectrum. Certainly this would be wasteful. But here Mr. Olofsen comes forward again, with a proposal for utilizing this wide bandwidth to the full. He points out, in fact, that it would accommodate quite a large number of sound channels. So far from one stereophonic programme monopolizing two transmitters and receivers, he says, four stereophonic programmes could be radiated from a single transmitte: and received on a single televisor.

A multiplexing system would, of course, be necessary to achieve this, and one which would utilize the existing vision transmitting and receiving circuitry to

[^5]the best advantage, with a minimum of alteration and change-over switching. Our correspondent suggests a time-division multiplexing system using pulse modulation. Each of the four programmes modulates a separate train of pulses and the trains are staggered so that they interlace to form a single, more closely packed pulse train. This is transmitted irs place of the usual vision waveform. In the television receiver the individual pulse trains are selected by gate circuits -Mr. Olofsen thinks the time-base circuits could be adapted for this purpose-and so the four programmes are reconstituted. The operation of the gate-pulse generators is controlled by the original television sync. pulses, which are retained in the signal and separated in the usual way in the receiver. So far so good, but what about the two sound channels necessary for each programme? To accommodate these, Mr. Olofsen proposes to make the pulses in each train alternate in width and modulate one channel on to the narrow pulses and the other on to the wide ones. Then, in the receiver, a pulse-width discriminator separates them and so obtains the two channels. He adds that the system would be suitable for carrying "hyper-high-note" monaural programmes as a possible alternative experiment to the stereophony.

Incidentally, our correspondent makes the füther suggestion that an extra channel could be provided by modulating the sync. pulses themselves. In fact, as "Cathode Ray" mentioned in "Sampling" last month, Pye have already tried a similar sort of scheme for carrying the sound of a television programme, the idea being, of course, to obviate the separate sound transmitter. "Cathode Ray" also posed the question: "Is it (sampling) the Answer to the Wavelength Problem ?". Mr. Olofsen thinks that his multichannel scheme might well be. He suggests that all national and regional programmes could be distributed in this way, so that the medium waves would then be left free for such things as programme exchanges between countries. Thus our present sound broadcast receivers would become redundant and we should get all our programmes, television and sound, from the same box

Undoubtedly this would be a wclcome innovation to the average listener-viewer who at present must have either two separate sets or an equally expensive combined model. For the B.B.C., however, it would raise the new problem of how to share the available hours of the day between television and sound-and, until such time as the mounting pace of life forces us all to develop multichannel minds, it would need to be time division without multiplex. But at the moment, unless the B.B.C. has immediate plans for making television a 24 -hour service, there would be no organizational difficulties in sharing the channels with stereophony, and, as Mr. Olofsen points out, it would give "full employment" to the transmitters.

# WORLD 0f WIRELESS 

# Modulation Muddie - I.T.U. Geneva Conference - Record Radio Exports , Audio Enginecring Convention 

## A.M.-F.M. Controversy

AFURTHER complication in the a.m.-f.m. controversy has been caused by the United States' request that we in this country should, "in the interests of world standardization," reconsider the decision to use a.m. for our single-channel v.h.f. maritime radio services.
When asked in the House of Commons if he would give an assurance that he intended to maintain his declared policy on this question the P.M.G. stated that discussions with U.S. representatives had not yet taken place but, as matters stood, he proposed to support the case for amplitude modulation in any international discussions.
Reference was made to this question recently by C. O. Stanley, chairman of Pye, Ltd. He stated that during the three years since the decision was made to use a.m. for v.h.f. maritime telephone services the G.P.O. had "failed to equip a single British port with the necessary shore facilities" despite the fact that manufacturers had the equipment available. He added that the countries now pressing for a change in our policy "can point to substantial progress in this field, whereas Britain can point to none."

## International Conference

$S$ INCE the Atlantic City Conference in 1947 a number of meetings have been held in order to prepare plans for the allocation of frequeacies to specific scrvices or, as in the case of the Copenhagen Conference, to a service in a given area. Whilst some of these have had plenipotentiary powers, others have been ourely investigatory. Now a conference is in progress in Geneva-it opened on August 16th-to confirm and, where necessary, modify the plans drawn up at these meetings for the allocation of frequencies between $14 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $27.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ to the four main services. Where, as in the case of the Rapallo conference, a complete plan was not produced the present conference will be called upon to work out methods for drawing up new plans.
The conference has also to determine the role of the International Frequency Registration Board in the implementation of the new allocation tables.
The U.K. delegation, which will be led by Sir Robert Craigic, includes representatives of the Post Office, B.B.C., Armed Services, Foreign Office and Ministry of Civil Aviation.

Among the Post Office delegates are Col. A. H. Read (Director of Overseas Telecommunications), S . Horrocks (Telephone and Radio Branch), C. F. Booth (Radio Development Branch), E. Potts (U.K. representative on the Provisional Frequency Board) and R. M. Billington, whose main interest is in maritime mobile services in the U.K. The B.B.C. representative is W. J. Chalk.

## Radio Exports

EXPORTS of radio equipment in E the first six months of this year reached a record value of $\{10,195,333$, which was 39.4 per cent more than the figure for the same period in 1950.

The biggest increase was in the export of receivers which rose by 74 per cent to $£ 2,110,824$. Loose components exported were valued at $£ 3,387,892$, of which approximately 10 per cent went to the U.S.A. and Canada. Exports of valves rose by 54 per cent to $£ 1,817,171$. Capital equipment (broadcast transmitters, communications equipment, navigational aids, etc., not including installations in ships and aircraft) increased by 12.6 per cent to £2,646,618.

According to the Radio Industry Council radio exports now form the highest single group among exports of the electrical indusiry.

## Business Radio

WHEN questioned in the House of Commons on the Government's policy regarding the use and expansion of mobile radio services, the P.M.G. gave details of the number of licences in force at the end of July.

Taxis, hire cars, delivery vans, etc., head the list with 243 licences covering 222 fixed stations and 1,054 mobile stations. Police and fire services had 182 licences ( 428 fixed and 2,403 mobile stations); harbour and tug services, 65 ( 74 and 258); public utility services, 53 ( 61 and 221); ambulances, 19 (20 and 266); contractors, works, etc., 12 (8 and 62); and railways, 8 ( 7 and 41). This gives a total of 582 licences, 820 fixed stations and 4,305 mobile transmitters.

## Audio Convention

$T$ HE sixth and last session of the Brit. I.R.E. Convention, which will be devoted to the subject of audio-frequency engineering and acoustics, will be held from September 4th to 6th in the Richmond Hall, Earls Court, during the period of the National Radio Exhibition.
Admission to the convention, which will be under the chairmanship of H. J. Leak, is by ticket obtainable from the secretary of the Institution, 9, Bedford Square,


HOLME MOSS. Medium-power stand-by transmitters ( 5 kW vision, 2 kW sound) installed by Marconi's at the B.B.C.'s northern television station which is to be opened by the P.M.G. on October 12th. The transmitters are similar to those originally ordered for the five secondary stations.

London, W.C.1. The registration fee for the session is 10 s 6 d .

Most of the fourteen papers to be read will include demonstrations, and the session will conclude with a discussion on high-fidelity reproduction in which both technicians and musicians will be invited to take part.

The papers are:-
"The Royal Fesstival Hall: Acoustic Design and Testing," by P. H. Parkin, B.SC. " (D.S.I.R. Building Research Station).
"Some Aspects of Magnetic Recording and Reproduction," by O. K. Kolb, Ph.D. (British Acoustic Films).
" Problems in Magnetic Recording, with particular reference to Film Production," by N. Leevers, B.Sc., A.C.G.I. (Leevers Rich).
"Microgroove Recording," by N. C. Mordaunt and E. D. Parchment (Decca).
" Loudspeaker Baffles and Cabinets,"
J. A. Youngmark, M.A. (Goodmans).
"Stereophonic Reproduction using a 3 channel System,' by J. Moir, M.I.E.E. (B.T.H.)
"Intermodulation Distortion: Its Significance and Measurement," by E. Berthficance and Measurement," by E. Berth
Jones, B.Sc.(Eng.) (E.M.I. Studios).
Jones, B.Sc.(Eng.) (E.M.I. Studios).
Loudspeakers: Relations between Subjective and Objective Tests," by F. H. Brittain (Acoustics Division, G.E.C.). The Mechanics of Hearing," by T. S. Littler, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Wernher Research Unit on Deafness).
The Loudspeaker in the Home,' by P. J. Walker (Acoustical Manufacturing Co.).
"Electrophonic Organs," by L. E. A. Bourne (Compton Organ Co.).
"Speech Input Systems for Broadcast Transmitters," by S. Hill, M.Sc. (Standard Telephones Cables).
"Piezo-Electric Crystal Transducers," by S. Kelly (Cosmocord).
"Obiective Testing of Pickups and Loudspeakers," by K. R. McLachlan and R. Yorke, B.Eng., B.Sc. (University College, Southampton).

## Broadcasting Station Guide

A LTHOUGH the Copenhagen Plan has now been in use for some eighteen months the situation in the l.w. and m.w. bands is still far from satisfactory. There is continuous jockeying among certain stations to get better positions. According to the latest available details there are nearly 200 stations operating on unauthorized frequencies; many of them sandwiched between the agreed channels.

The situation can best be visualized by perusing a copy of the latest edition (6th) of our 96-page book, "Guide to Broadcasting Stations," which includes operating details of some 360 authorized and 190 unauthorized long- and medium-wave transmitters in Europe Details of some 1,400 short-wave broadcasting stations throughout the world are also given in the book, which is available from booksellers price 2s., or by post from our Publisher, price 2s 2 d .

The substantial growth in the use of metre-wave broadcasting in Europe is shown by the increased number of stations listed; 46 as compared with 11 in the last edition. The contents also includes: European television stations, Consol and standard frequency , transmitters, international call signs, standard time throughout the world and wave-length-frequency conversion tables.

## Price Cutting and Service

WE reported in last month's issue the plea that the provision of "after-sales" service in such "technical" industries as radio and television called for some special dispensation in regard to the Government's proposed abolition of retail price maintenance.

The Board of Trade has now announced that special consideration is being given to "certain technical goods, such as motor cars, radio and television."


DR. D. C. ESPLEY, O.B.E. (See "Personalities")

## Valve Making

IN his opening remarks as chairman of the valve session of the Brit. I.R.E. Convention, J. R. Hughes, who at short notice took the place of J. W. Ridgeway, spoke of the empiricism of valve making and of the difficulties of standardization in view of this. But, he asserted, "the main obstacle to standardization is the valve user."
There are, he pointed out, no second chances in valve making; it is a case of "one-shot" productiona valve is either usable or unusable. He also touched upon the presentday demands for miniaturization, smaller heater and filament current, operation at higher frequencies and reliability.

## I.E.E. Awards

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PREMIUMS have been awarded by the I.E.E. for twelve papers read before the Radio Section, or accepted for publication, during the 1950/51 session. In addition, the John Hopkinson Premium, which is not confined to a Section, is awarded to R. J. Clayton, Dr. D. C. Espley, G. W. S. Griffith and J. M. C. Pinkham for their paper "LondonBirmingham Television Radio Relay Link," and the Heaviside Premium to Dr. G. G. Macfarlane and Mrs. A. M. Woodward for their paper "Small-signal Theory of Wave Propagation in a Uniform Electron Beam."
The Radio Section Duddell Premium is awarded to P. A. T.

Bevan and H. Page for their paper "Sutton Coldfield Television Broadcasting Station" and the Ambrose Fleming Premium to Dr. J. A. Saxton, G. W. Luscombe and G. H. Bazzard for their two papers on "Propagation of Meter Radio Waves between the Normal Horizon."
Extra premiums are awarded for the following papers:-
"The Vision Transmitter for the, Sutton Coldfield Television Station" (E. A. Nind and E McP. Leyton); "Low-Frequency Radio-Wave Propagation by the Ionosphere, with particular reference to Long-Distance Navigation' (Caradoc Williams); "Frequency Stundardization" (Dr. L. Essen): "The Use of Saturable Reactors as Discharge Devices for Pulse Generators" (W. S. Melville); "Crystal Diodes" (R. W. Douglas and Dr. E. G. James); "An Automatic Monitoring of Broadcast Programmes" (H. B. Rantzen, F. A. Peachey and C. GunnRussell); "Factors Governing the Radiation Characteristics of Dielectric Tube Aerials" (D. G. Kiely); "Checse Aerials for Marine Navigational Radar"" (D. G Kiely, Instr. Lieut. A. E. Collins, R.N., and G. S. Evans); and "Some Properties of Wave Guides with Periodic Structure" (Dr. A. W. Lines, G. R. Nicoll and Mrs. A. M. Woodward).

## PERSONALITIES

D. C. Espley, O.B.E., D.Eng., the chairman of the I.E.E. Radio Section for the next session, has been in the Research Laboratories of the G.E.C., Wembley, since 1930. He is in charge of telecommunications research activities at the laboratory and was responsible for the design, development and installation of the London-Birmingham television radio-relay link.
J. A. Smale, B.Sc., who has been elected vice-chairman of the I.E.E. Radio Section, is chief engineer of Cable \& Wireless, Lid. He joined the Engineer-in-Chief's Dept. of C. \& W. in 1932 and was responsible before the war for the development of long-

J. A. SMALE, B.Sc.
distance s.w. relay stations as a means of overcoming unfavourable propagation conditions. He also originated important development work on frequency-shift keying.

Dr. H. G. Booker, who went to the U.S.A. in 1949 as Professor of Electrical Engineering at Cornell University, was recently appointed chairman of the U.S.

Navy advisory board on aerials. He was at one time in charge of the Mathematics Section of the Telecommunications Research Establishment of the Ministry of Supply.
R. B. Dome, the engineer in the American General Electric Company's laboratories responsible for the development of the frequency-interlace system of colour television described in our December, 1950, issue, has been awarded the Morris Liebmann Memorial Prize by the American I.R.E. for ". . . his contributions to the intercarrier sound ", system of television reception. .

## IN BRIEF

Broadcast Licences.- The increase in the number of "sound" receiving licences in the U.K. is counter-balanced by the withdrawals of "sound" for "vision" licences so that there is now a gradual decrease in the former. At the end of June the number of "sound" licences totalled $11,562,800$ a decrease of 7,900 during the month. Vision licences increased by 27,800 to 897,000 . The overall totals were May, The overall totals wer
$12,439,900 ;$ June, $12,459,800$.
D.G. Radio Production. - The Government has decided to set up a Radio Advisory Council through which liaison between the Ministry of Supply and the radio industry can be maintained on matters affecting defence. When announcing this in the House the Minister of Supply stated that a Direc-tor-General of Radio Production would be appointed to act for the Ministry.

Unadvised !-The P.M.G., in reply to a question in the House, stated that the Television Advisory Committee, which was reconstituted on the appointment of the Beveridge Broadcasting Committee, had not met since November 4th, 1949.

Educational Opportunities.-Prospectuses covering both day and evening courses in telecommunications, television and radio theory, servicing and the amateur transmitter's examination, for the 1951-1952 session have been received from The Polytechnic, Regent Street, London, W.1; South East London Technical College, Lewisham, S.E.4; and Brentford Evening Institute, Brentford, Middlesex.
B.S.R.A. Officers.-C. E. Watts has been elected president of the British Sound Recording Association for the second year and M. J. L. Pulling and B. C. Sewell re-elected vice-presidents. H. Davies and H. J. Leak were also elected vice-presidents.
I.E.E. Council.-Among those elected to office on the Council of the Institution of Electrical Engincers for the ensuing year are the following members of the Radio Section:-Dr. W. G. Radley (G.P.O.) a vice-president; and Dr. J. L. Miller (B.I. Callender's Cables) and Prof. F. C. Williams (University, Manchester) ordinary members.
I.E.E. Radio Section.-The following have been elected to fill the vacancies occurring on the Radio Section Committee on September 30th:-Chairman, Dr. D. C. Espley (G.E.C.); vice-chairman, J. A. Smale (Cable and Wireless); ordinary members, G. Millington (Marconi's), Dr. E. L. C. White (E.M.I.) and W. E. Willshaw (G.E.C.).
R.S.G.B. Call Book.-The first edition of the R.S.G.B. Amateur Radio Call Book, which contains the names and addresses of some 6,000 amateur transmitters in the British Isles and the Irish Republic, is available by post from the Society at New Ruskin House, Little Russell Street, London, W.C.1, price 3s 9d, including postage.

Advice to potential viewers on such matters as size of screen, type of aerial and operation of a television set, is given in the illustrated 28-page booklet "What you need to know about TV" which is being issued free by Pye, Ltd., Cambridge.
B.I.F.--Next year's British Industries Fair will be held from May 5th to 16 th in both London and Birmingham.

## INDUSTRIAL NEWS

British transmitting and receiving gear has been chosen by the authorities in Bogota, Colombia, for their television service. Marconi's are supplying the 525 -line transmitter and associated studio equipment whilst Ekco receivers will be available from the Muncipality under a hire-purchase scheme.

Ekco.- To mark the silver jubilee of the formation of E.K. Cole, Ltd., the annual report and statement of account is issued as an illustrated brochure. It recalls that the company was formed in 1926 to marker the Ekco battery eliminator.

Television Afloat.-Pye, Ltd., are operating through their subsidiary company Rees Mace Marine, Ltd., a service whereby ships lying in the Thames can be equipped with television receivers for the duration of their stay. The installation charge is $35 /-$ and the rental $3 / 4$ per day

Wired Television. - A long-term agreement has been made between Broadcast Relay Service, Ltd., and Electric \& Musical Industries, Ltd., to pool their wired television research and techniques. The arrangement envisages the participation of radio retailers in existing or new television relay services operated by B.R.S.

Pye (Canada), Ltd., of Ajax, Ontario, announce that their director, $W$. Jones, has been appointed Controller of Radar Production in the Electronics Division of the Department of Defence Production in Ottawa. He will retain his directorship of Pye (Canada), Ltd.
We are advised that J. H. Head, commercial manager of Sydney S. Bird \& Sons, makers of Cyldon components, has joined Advance Components as general manager.

Burndept, Ltd., have opened a new factory at Erith, Kent, which is to house the company's Electronics Division.

Telerection, Ltd.-A new factoryAntenna Works, St. Pauls, Cheltenham, Glos.-has been acquired by Telerection, Ltd., whose offices will for the present remain at 12, Suffolk Parade, Cheltenham.
Valradio, Ltd., inform us that their projection television receiver has been accepted for inclusion in the South Bank Exhibition.

## MEETINGS

British Sound Recording Association
Presidential address by C. E. Watts, at 7.0 , on September 21 st , at the I.E.E., Savoy Place, London, W.C.2.

## Institution of Electronics

Southern Branch.-"Design Considerations for a Modern High-Fidelity Radiogram Receiver" by Lewis Williams (Electro Acoustic Developments) at 7.0 on September 5 th in the Lecture Hall, Central Library, Portsmouth.

## Television Society

Engineering Group.-.-"Slot Aerials" by H. Page (B.B.C. Research Dept.) at 7.0 on September 21 st at the Cinema Exhibitors' Association, 164, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.
Society of Relay Engineers
"Television Relay by Wire" at 2.30 on October 2nd at the E.M.I. Institute, 10, Pembridge Square, London, W.2.
British Institution of Radio Engineers
Annual general meeting at 6.30 on September 26th at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine Keppel Street, London, W.C.I.

RECORDING ROOM, housing twelve disc and eight tape recorders, in the new headquarters of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation. The control panel for each recorder is fitted with an automatic programme selector switch by means of which any one of 50 outlets from the Master Control Room can be recorded.


July in Retrospect ：Forecast for September

By＇T．W．BENNINGTON＊

DURING July the average maximum usable frequencies for these latitudes decreased somewhat，both by day and night，as compared with those for June．Daytime working frequencies remained about the same as during the previous month，being higher than had been expected． $17 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ was usually the best received daytime frequency for east／west paths，though those up to $22 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ were frequently usable，and U．S．A．amateurs on $28 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ were audible on at least one occasion．For north／south paths $22 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ was about the highest regularly usable frequency， though here again higher frequencies were sometimes receivable．At night $11 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ was usually workable till after midnight，and $9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ the night through．

Sporadic E was very prevalent，and a considerable amount of amateur communication on $28 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ with certain European countries was noted as occurring by way of this medium．

The month was notable for the amount of v．h．f．recep－ tion which occurred by means of（presumably）tropo－ spheric refraction．Dutch and German stations on $89-94 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ were very frequently received，as also were French stations on $42 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ．

Sunspot activity was，on the average，considerably lower than during the previous month．

Though several ionospheric storms occurred only one of these had really serious effects upon communications， namely，that which occurred during the period lst－4th． The other disturbances occurred during l6th－18th，22nd－ 23 rd ，and $16 \mathrm{th}-31$ st．Only one Dellinger fadeout has so far been reported，i．e．，on 4 th at $1255-1440$ g．m．t．

Forecast：During September the daytime m．u．f．for these latitudes should increase considerably，and that for night－time decrease somewhat，as compared with con－

ditions during August．Daytime working frequencies for long－distance communication should increase generally， though $17 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ will probably be about the highest regularly usable frequency for east／west circuits，with $21 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ ，or slightly higher frequencies，sometimes usable． Over north／south circuits frequencies up to $23 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ should be regularly，and those up to $30 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ sometimes， usable．At night $9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ should be regularly usable up to midnight，and $7 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ thereafter over east／west circuits， whilst over north／south circuits $11 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ should be regu－ larly usable till midnight，and $9 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ thereafter．

Sporadic $E$ is likely to decrease somewhat in the frequency of its occurrence，though some medium－distance transmission on exceptionally high frequencies will probably be possible by way of this medium．Working frequencies for medium－distance communication by way of the regular layers will be somewhat lower than during August，both by day and by night，and such communi－ cation will take place by way of the E or $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ layers for only a short period daily．

The curves indicate the highest frequencies likely to be usable over four long－distance circuits from this country during the month．
＊Engineering Division，B．B．C．

## Educational Filmsirips

THE $35-\mathrm{mm}$ filmstrips on technical subjects produced by Mullard with the co－operation of the National Committec for Visual Aids in Education，have already been mentioned in Wireless World．There are now three additions to this series．＂The Story of Radio，＂ 35 frames in black and white，traces the history and development of radio and explains in simple terms how a broadcast programme（sound only）is trans－ mitted and reproduced．It is suitable for pupils in the 11－16 age group and costs 10s．＂The Cathode Ray Tube，＂however，occupies two filmstrips and is designed for older and perhaps more specialized audi－ ences in technical schools and colleges．The first part， 29 frames in colour（price £1），is concerned with history，development and general principles，while the second part， 30 frames in black and white（price 10s）， deals with construction and manufacture．

These three are distributed by Unicorn Head Visual Aids，Ltd．，of Broadway Chambers，40，Broadway， Westminster，London，S．W．l．

Typical frame from the filmstrip describing the history， development and general principles of the cathode ray tube．


# Modifying "Surplus" Meters 

Two Useful Instruments from an Ex-Government Indicator



Visual Indicator Type 3 (10Q/4)


Fig. 1. Of the two movements in the indicator, this one has a linear characteristic and can be converted into a lowcurrent meter.


Fig. 2. Suggested form of construction for the modified meter.

By W. H. CAZALY

CERTAIN instruments obtainable quite cheaply from Government "surplus" sources contain moving-coil movements which can be modified to provide linear-scale and centre-zero indicators of general utility. These movements are often very well made, and it seems a pity to regard them as "scrap."

As an example, the Visual Indicator Type 3 ( $10 \mathrm{Q} / 4$ ), obtainable for a few shillings at the time of writing, contains two moving-coil movements. Originally this was an aircraft instrument used in blind approacio systems. One movement, the $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{R}$, is a sensitive centre-zero indicator with flat pole faces, which can be used as a null indicator in bridge and other measuring circuits. Since the pole faces are flat, the characteristic is not linear, so that it is not very suitable as a "meter," but it makes a useful galvanometer with a deflection (when a new long pointer is added) of about $1 \frac{1}{4}$ in on either side of the central zero for about $30 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Currents of the order of $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ are quite detectable. It is heavily damped, and the working forces are so small that slight vibration (gentle tapping) is advisable to make the pointer return exactly to zero over the last $\frac{1}{32}$ in adjacent to the zero mark. Its modification into a bench galvo is quite easy, on the lines which will be described in respect of the other movement.
The other movement (Fig. I shows how it appears when taken out of the instrument) has curved pole faces, with a linear characteristic over about $80^{\circ}$, so that it can be converted into a low-current meter such as a $0-750 \leadsto \mathrm{~A}$ or a $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ indicator.

It is proposed to outline, as a typical example, the conversion of this linear movement into a single-range $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ meter with a gratifyingly long scale (about 5 inches). If the principles of construction in this simple example are grasped, it should not be difficult for the experimenter to utilize these and similar movements in test instruments of various kinds.

First, a warning. Robust as moving-coil movements appear to be, it must always be borne in mind that the fine steel pivot points have considerable deforming pressure per unit area exerted on them if the pointer is not handled very gently indeed. Wood blocks should be at hand to rest the movement when it is taken out of the instrument and keep its weight off the pivot assembly; the pointer may be moved or steadied by means of a fine camel-hair artists' brush. All work done on the movement must be carried out on a clean surface scrupulously clear of dust, and the worker's hands must be clean; a good idea is to work on a large sheet of white paper pinned on a wooden table, with direct daylight as the illuminant. The equipment required other than the kind normally found in a small workshop comprises fine pointed tweezers, a sharp razor blade, sharp nail scissors, a camel-hair brush, a tube of Durofix (celluloid cement), and a scrap of Chatterton's compound, with a small solder-
ing iron for the melting of the compound. A jewellers' eyeglass is also a convenience, for close inspection of fine operations.

The first step consists of the construction of all the parts other than the actual movement, and assembling them ready to have the movement fitted. Ideas will vary about the form of the final instrument, but, assuming that a plain $0-1 \mathrm{~mA}$ meter is to be the final outcome, the author's suggestions illustrated in Fig. 2 may be useful. To outward appearances the meter will look like a shallow box made of non-magnetic material, as shown in Fig. 3. The top and sides form a removable cover, which can be taken off the base of the box, with a window over the scale, a zero adjuster, and the terminals. The base of the box constitutes the main base plate on which are mounted the scale plate, the movement, and the shunt. The cover, scale plate and base plate are carpentering jobs and should be constructed first, accurately and neatly. Plywood $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick is quite suitable, but other materials, such as Paxolin, Bakelite, aluminium, etc., can be used, as long as they are non-magnetic. The movement mounting bracket is of stout brass or aluminium.

Next, a new pointer, which is to be added to the existing pointer of the movement, should be prepared. It consists of a thin, straight piece of hollow grass stalk, about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in long, gathered at the end of the autumn when Nature has turned it into a thin-walled, very light but remarkably strong, tube of cellulose fibre. Referring to Fig. 4, a short sleeve, about $\frac{1}{3}$ in long, made out of wider grass stalk, is slipped for about $\frac{1}{6}$ in over the butt end of the longer stalk, being secured with a tiny touch of Durofix. The open end of this sleeve will go in due course over the prepared end of the existing movement pointer, so the choice of stalks of suitable thickness should be carefully made after inspection of the movement pointer. When made, the new pointer is brushed with india ink and set aside to dry thoroughly for an hour in a warm place.

While it is drying, the scale card can be prepared. The total length of the modified pointer, from tip to pivot, can be fixed at $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$, which will give a scale length of about 5 in . With this $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in as radius, an arc is drawn to subtend an angle of $80^{\circ}$ on a piece of Bristol board. The arc is then divided into ten parts (each $8^{\circ}$ ), and these divisions can each be further divided by eye into five sub-divisions. The ten divisions are then marked 0 to 10 , from right to left, and the drawing is inked in. A light pencil line is drawn from the centre of the scale (the 5 mark) to the centre on which the arc was drawn, to assist later in placing the card in the correct position on the scale plate. The scale card is then cut to fit the scale plate with a small amount of play and stuck to the plate so that the central pencil line lies over the medial line of the base plate. Touches of glue at the four corners of the card will be sufficient to hold it without the buckling that might ensue if a lot of glue were used. The card must, of course, be dead flat.

## Mounting the Movement

Now the movement can be dealt with. It is mounted on a non-magnetic metal bracket of fairly rigid construction (duralumin or hardened brass or aluminium ${ }_{3}^{3}$ in thick are suitable), in such a way that (a) the top assembly plate of the movement is level with or very slightly above the surface of the scale card and parallel with it; and (b) the pivot of the pointer is over the spot where the scale arc centre would be. Allow-


Fig. 3. The modified mater in its housing. The top and sides are made as a removable cover which fits on the base plate (Fig. 2).

Fig. 4. Detail of the movement, with the extended pointer and extra counterweight.

ing a slight amount of play in the bolt holes of the bracket will enable it and the movement to be positioned by eye with adequate accuracy.

The bent-over luminous tip of the existing pointer is snipped off with a really sharp pair of nail scissors, proceeding very cautiously in order to avoid strain on the pointer and steadying it with the camel-hair brush against jerking or violent swinging as it is cut. Next, the prepared grass pointer is added to the now tipless movement pointer by slipping the hollow butt sleeve over the existing pointer (with a trifle of Durofix inside the sleeve). If the choice of grass stalks has been intelligent, the sleeve should slip on quite easily but not too loosely. Grass is cheap and several experiments in making these grass pointers are worth while. Until the cement inside the butt sleeve has dried, the now long pointer should be supported about ${ }^{1}$ ․ in above the scale card by suitable packing. When the Durofix is really dry (after about an hour), the packing can be removed and the new long pointer should then swing freely over the scale card, equidistant from its surface at all points. Slight final adjustment of the movement with the play in the bolt holes of the bracket will facilitate obtaining a nice parallel swing. The pointer should be moved by blowing it gently or pushing it with the brush. The pointer can be brought to the zero end of the scale (to the right, notice, not the left) by setting the top zero adjuster central and moving the bottom adjuster to bring the tip over the zero mark on the scale.

As soon as the assembly is tilted, the pointer, at this stage, will swing away from the zero mark, because it is not yet balanced by a counterweight on the balancing stub on the other side of the pivot. First the pointer is cut so that its tip just overlaps the scale arc (not projecting above the sub-division marks). This is done by steadying the pointer with the brush against the scale card and cutting off the required amount from the tip with a clean, chisel-like


Fig. 5. Circuit for determining the shunt necessary to give full-scale deflection with $\mid$ milliamp.


Fig. 6. Device made from a 2 B.A. bolt for external operation of the zero adjuster.
action of the razor blade. Unless the grass stalk is exceptionally thin and light, the pointer will be still unbalanced and will require added counterweight. The counterweight consists, in these instruments, of a fine helix of copper wire slipped over the balance stub. It is not advisable to try shifting the existing couriterweight since this is fixed with cement, and there will be risk of damaging the movement while loosening it. A small helix of 36 or $34 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{g}$. copper wire is prepared by winding $\frac{1}{16}$ in along a darning needle. This additional counterweight is slipped over the free end of the balancing stub. A tiny touch of Chatterton's compound will fix it. Cement or glue
which dries is not very suitable, since the drying-out of moisture will upset the balarce a little; the compound hardens by cooling. The small soldering iron is used to melt the compound. The added helix is shifted on the stub until its position is such that the pointer tip does not swing away from the zero mark by more than about $\frac{1}{16}$ in when the assembly is tilted sideways through a right angle.

The meter, as it can now be called, will show fullscale deflection of $80^{\circ}$ with current betwcen 600 and $700 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ passing through the coil. To make it show full-scale deflection with $\operatorname{ImA}$ passing, a shunt is added. The circuit shown in Fig. 5 is employed for the purpose. A variable wire-wound resistor of $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ maximum is used temporarily as the shunt and its value is adjusted until the meter under construction shows full-scale deflection when 1 mA is indicated on the instrument used as the standard. Then the shunt is accurately measured, and a fixed wire-wound resistor of small size is constructed to have exactly the same value and is wired permanently across the coil leads of the new meter.

Save for the conncction of the movement leads to the terminals in the cover, and the fitting of some externally operable zero-adjusting device, the instrument is now complete. The simplest kind of zeroadjusting device would consist of a $\frac{1}{2}$-in diameter hole in the cover, with a sliding lid, over the top zero adjuster of the movement, and something could be inserted through this hole to push the adjuster about. Details of a more elegant device, somewhat resembling the kind used in commercial moulded cases, is shown in Fig. 6. The position of this arrangement is such that the bent end of the stiff wire soldered to the end of the 2 B.A. bolt just engages in the slot of the zero adjuster without fouling the balance stub beneath it.

# Standard Frequency Transmissions 

Guaranteed Accuracy of B.B.C. Stations

THE B.B.C. radiates four broadcast transmissions that are guaranteed to have a frequency stability of $\pm 1$ part in $10^{\circ}$. These standard frequency transmissions are the Light Programme transmission from Droitwich on $200 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, which is broadcast daily from 0800-2300 G.M.T., GRO on $6.180 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in the 49 -metre band, GSB on $9.510 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in the 31 -metre band, and GSV on 17.810 $\mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ in the 16 -metre band. Of these four, the $200-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ transmission is particularly useful for those in Europe requiring a guaranteed standard, for, owing to the wavelength used and the high power output of the transmitter, it can be received in most places. Although the frequency is guaranteed to be within 1 part in $10^{6}$ of its nominal value, it is usually maintained to within $\pm 1$ part in $10^{7}$, and can therefore be used with confidence for measurement or comparison to this high order of accuracy. For example, the B.B.C., in conjunction with the British Forces Network in Germany, uses this $200-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ transmission for maintaining the German transmitters precisely on their nominal frequency of $1214 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$, which they share with the B.B.C.'s Light Programme transmitters in the United Kingdom.

The $200-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ transmission is also used by the B.B.C. to control the carrier frequency of a number of low-power, unattended transmitters operating in the United Kingdom on the Third Programme channels of 647 and $1546 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. Briefly, the method used is to pick up the signal from Droitwich on a t.r.f. receiver which is followed by a limiter and a chain of frequency dividers having an overall division ratio of $200: 1$. The $1-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ output from the dividers is compared with the transmitter frequency in a control
unit, which automatically adjusts the master oscillator frequency by an appropriate amount and in the right sense so as to correct any frequency error.

The frequencies of the standard transmissions on short waves (GRO, GSB, GSV) are maintained to well within $\pm 1$ part in $10^{6}$ of their nominal values. In view, however, of the Doppler effect, interference, and vagaries of the propagation path, it is not expected that these transmissions will be suitable for measurements requiring an accuracy better than $\pm 1$ part in $10^{6}$. Unlike the $200-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ standard, these transmissions are not radiated according to a fixed schedule but at times which vary seasonally according to the requirements of the Overseas Service.

Apart from these standard transmissions, the frequencies of all the B.B.C.'s medium-wave stations are usually maintained to within $\pm 1$ part in 10 of their nominal value. The short-term stability is generally better than $\pm 5$ parts in $10^{\circ}$. Though no guarantee is given that this higherorder stability will be maintained, it is very unusual for the frequency to be outside these tolerances. Similarly, the frequencies of B.B.C. short-wave transmissions are accurate to $\pm 30$ parts in $10^{\circ}$, as agreed at the Atlantic City Conference in 1947. In practice, however, it is rare for the frequency to exceed the limits of $\pm 10$ parts in $10^{\circ}$, although such an accuracy is not guaranteed.

It may be noted that the $440-\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ tuning note radiated immediately before the opening of the B.B.C. Third Programme, and the $1,000-\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ note preceding the start of the Home Service and of the Light Programme are maintained to the same accuracy as that of the Droitwich $200-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ transmission.

## Manufacturers' Products

## New Equipment and Accessories for Radio and Electronics

## Radio Tuner Unit

CONSTRUCTORS of highquality amplitiers will be interested in the radio unit produced by C. T. Chapman (Reproducers), Ltd., of Riley Works, Riley Street, Chelsea, S.W.10. It has a four-stage superhet circuit (ECH42, EF41, EBF80) with two-position variable selectivity ( $7 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ and $10 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ ) and amplified a.v.c. The makers claim very low noise and distortion and tell us that differential distortion is nonexistent. The three controls are for tuning, wave range and selectivityin addition to the normal mediumand long-wave bands there is a short-wave range of $16-50$ metres. An output of approximately 250 mV is available into $50-500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. External power supplies are nceded for the heaters, which consume 1 A at 6.3 V , and h.t., which takes 20 mA at 250 V . Finished in sove enamelled silver lacquer and complete with an illuminated glass scale and bronze escutcheon, the tuner costs $£ 12$ plus $£ 56 \mathrm{~s} 8 \mathrm{~d}$ Purchase Tax.

## Electric Drill Suppressors

FOR eliminating the interference, set up by their "Wolf Cub" drill, Wolf Electric Tools, Ltd., of Pioncer Works, Hanger Lane, London, W.5, have produced two suppressors, one for sound broadcast wavelengths and the other for television. The first, which costs 23 s 6 d ,
is housed in an earthed metal case and is firted at one end with a length of cable for connection to a three-pin mains plug, the other end being free to take the drill cable. The television suppressor, however, has to be fitted inside the drill body and drill owners are asked to send their machines to the nearest Wolf service depot where the job will be done for 8s 6 d including return postage.

## Ultrasonic Soldering Bath

 TO permit the tinning of small and awkwardly shaped aluminium parts which cannot be handled by their ultrasonic soldering iron, Mullard, Ltd., of Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2, have introduced an ultrasonic soldering bath. It works on the same principle as the iron in so far as the oxide is removed by ultrasonic vibration coming from a magnetostriction transducer, but here the parts to be tinned are immersed in molten solder and the ultrasonic energy is applied through this. The bath consists of a container, $\frac{7}{8}$ in across and $\frac{3}{8}$ in deep, which is heated by a conventional resistance winding and agitated ultrasonically by a magnetostriction element composed of iron alloy laminations. It has been designed to operate from the same power unit as supplied with the iron-an amplifier which maintains a $20-\mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ oscillation by means of two coils on the magnetostriction element.


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# random radiations 

By "DIALLIST"

## E.H.F. Mystery

After the long and thorough comparative trials of a.m. and f.m. from Wrotham, the Postmaster General's announcement in the House of Commons came as something of an anticlimax. The betting was on f.m., for the B.B.C. had made no secret of its own views and any who had had the chance of comparing the twin transmissions must have been in full agreement with them that for high-fidelity broadcasting on metre waves f.m. is the better of the two systems in fringe areas. The P.M.G. left us all rather gasping by his statement that he was advised that, in view of a certain recent development, it would be unwise to decide right away in favour of either system; he would say nothing of the new development, save that it had not yet been fully tried out. And there, at the moment of writing, we still are. The B.B.C. people professed no knowledge of it, so it must be something worked out by the Post Office engineers. One cannot believe that they would have given the P.M.G. the advice they did if they had not felt fairly sure that they had something rather good. What that something is is anybody's guess.

## Acoughistics

The acoustics of the Royal Festival Hall, one reads, are so excellent that every sound is heard at its full value in any part of it. So far as broadcasts from the hall are concerned, I would say that one of its most striking acoustic features is the way in which it does justice-and more than justice-to the "'ackin' corf." Clear through (or even over) loud musical passages come these bronchial barks; when the conductor stills the orchestra to a pianissimo passage, the coughs do not follow suit but continue their loud obbligato. Clearly, somebody ought to do something about it; but what ? Tactful and charming attendants might move silently on rubber soles to administer lozenges. Alternatively, human gorillas, with bulging muscles, and also rubber-soled, might be employed to warn the persistent cougher: "One more cough out of you . . ." and then, if need be, to chuck him out. The experts of
the B.B.C. might invent a coughfilter for the microphone. Those who design our receivers would make sure of a terrific selling point could they devise a cough-climinator which might be switched in when required. What an opportunity, if ever we come (which Heaven forbid) to the commercial programme, for the sponsors-"You have just been listening to barkless Bach: a cantata without a cough. Every member of the audience was supplied with Chisclers' Comforting Coughdrops for Chesty Chappies."

## Sponsored Telecision

Speaking of sponsored programmes reminds me that I have had several letters recently from both Americans and Britons in the U.S.A. in which reference has been made to the programmes provided for viewers in the States. I gather that there is no little dissatisfaction with the matter provided by the advertisers responsible for the programmes. Some recent items have been, to say the least of it, not in the best of taste and I hear that one gave such widespread offence that a good many parents with children in their homes got rid of their receivers forthwith. Parenthetically, I would doubt whether that drastic step
achieved its object, for, if I know anything of "Junior" and his sister, they would make prompt arrangements to continue their viewing in the homes of young friends where television receivers were still in situ! Those who support the idea that we should go in for sponsored television might give a little thought to its not very pleasant possibilities.

## That 15 Per Cent

$\mathrm{W}_{\text {hen }}$ the Govt. lightly gave as the reason for proposing to appropriate 15 per cent of the net licence fees that it was only just that the listener and the viewer should make some contribution to the general revenue in return for their entertainment, it must have been forgotten that both have made and continue to make substantial payments into the Government's kitty. When you buy your broadcast or television set you pay a considerable sum to the Treasury in the form of Purchase Tax. And whenever a new valve or c.r.t. is acquired, you pay your by no means small whack to the general revenue in the same way. Let's see how it works out in the form of annual contributions. Putting it on the low side, we might take the average P.T. on a wireless set at $£ 710 \mathrm{~s}$. Give the set a life of five years and that represents $£ 110$ s per annum. Tax on the renewals needed during that period won't be less than 5 s a year-and may come to a great deal more. John Listener, then, is already putting at least $£ 115$ s a year into the pool, in addition to the cost of his receiving licence. John Viewer starts

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with a much larger amount of P.T. when he buys a television set: about $£ 20$ would probably be a fair average -say $£ 4$ a year spread over the five years of his set's life. With his 15 to 20 valves and his c.r.t., I'd put the P.T. on his necessary replacements at not less than 12 s 6 d p.a.-and that gives an annual total per viewer of $£ 412 \mathrm{~s} 6 \mathrm{~d}$, again in addition to his licence fee. On the whole, I feel that our $11 \frac{1}{2}$ million listeners and our round about a million viewers are already contributing pretty well to the country's general revenue.

## Problem Corner

If one may judge from the number of replies that each of them brings in, readers seem to like the little headaches that I offer them from time to time. Every one of them is founded on an actual experience. Here's a recent adventure. I was in the drawing room of a completely non-technical friend. The set, an up-to-date mains superhet of firstrate make, was switched on for the nine o'clock news. From moment to moment the announcer's words were blotted out by shattering volleys of staccato interference, sounding rather like the exhaust noises of an unsilenced motor bike travelling at great speed. The source of this interference was obviously something electrical in the room, for the house itself was completely detached from others and everything in other rooms was switched off. In this drawing room there were working at the time: diffused lighting from three concealed 80 -watt fluorescent tubes of the kind-to-complexion type, an ordinary $2-\mathrm{kW}$ electric fire (it was a chilly evening), a $600-\mathrm{W}$ bowl fire, an electrically heated coffee pot and three $60-\mathrm{W}$ lamp bulbs. Given that you had no measuring or other instruments available: (1) How would you have set about tracking down the interference? (2) Given that the bowl fire was guilty, what do you think was the cause of it? I warn you that it was something that I hadn't come across before.

GENERALLY speaking, the individual can do little in response to the majority of appeals made in the interest of national economy. But the salvage of wate paper is an exception; everyone can help. Of course, paper is Wireless World's raw material; equally, of course, we have an axe to grind, but we will not apologize for re-echoing the appeal being made by the Waste Paper Recovering Association for renewed salvage efforts.

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# UNBIASED 

## Plea for Push Buttons

$\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{a}}$ADIO has had its fashions in receiver design just like women's clothes and some of them have been almost as silly, but on the whole there has been a sound reason for even the most ephemeral of wireless fashions. As an instance of this I would point 10 the popular reflex design of the carly days of broadcasting. The high price of valves forced this compromise on us and great ingenuity was exercised in getting round some of its more glaring snags; how glaring they were was pointed out at the time by this journal under the apt title of "Rocks That Wreck Reflexing."

Other fashions, after a brief innings, have virtually disappeared only to return later in vastly improved form to become a permanent feature of design, the most outstanding instance of this being the superheterodyne. Push-button tuning threatens to become another instance of it. P.B.T first made its appearance in pre-war years and, despite a lot of teething


A leaning towards the bar
troubles, it bade fair to become a permanency in all sets, but the war changed all that. It is, however, now starting to stage a comeback but a very cautious one so far. Nevertheless, I venture to prophesy that in its greatly improved and more stable form it will eventually sweep all other forms of tuning off the market. The sooner it does so the better, for it is, in my opinion, the only tuning system which is technically sound and at the same time completely womanproof.

If you pause for a moment to think instead of sitting down to write an indignant letter to the Editor, you will see why this is so. In the case of the ordinary system of variable tuning everything must of necessity be a compromise. If, for instance, the degree of aerial coupling and the LC ratio of the tuning circuits be just right for receiving a station at one end of the tuning scale, they certainly won't be just right at the other end;
the aerial coupling is, of course, set at a compromise value for all stations and the LC ratio varies from station to station with the tuning. Much the same thing applies to all the other possible "variables" in the receiver. But with pre-set P.B.T. a woman or other completely untechnical user can adjust a large number of "variables" simultaneously by simply pushing a buiton having the requisite large number of cams on the rod attached to it. Everything can, in fact, be made "optimum" for receiving a particular station.

My thoughts in this matter are, of course, far from original; they are just self-evident. But I do not doubt that those with a leaning towards the Bar can quickly work up a convincing set of counter-arguments to put before you who form the jury; in fact, I could do it myself.

## National Radio Centre

$\mathrm{T}_{\text {Exh porion of the South Bank }}^{\text {HAT }}$ Exhibition which lies between the County Hall and Hungerford Bridge is, I believe, already earmarked for the erection of some sort of Government building, otherwise I would have suggested that a new and up-to-date Broadcasting House be erected there. Already, however, there is talk of clearing the unsightly mess on that portion of the south bank of the Thames which lies between Waterloo and Blackfriars bridges so that it may be made into a fitting counterpart of the Victoria embankment on the other side of the river.

So far only vague and tentative suggestions have been made as to the nature of the buildings to be erected there. But now that the National Concert Hall has been built and the Queen has laid the foundation stone of the National Theatre on the adjacent section of the river bank, it would surely be fitting for the whole of the south side of the Thames between Hungerford and Blackfriars bridges to be turned into a national entertainment centre. What more fitting than that the National Concert Hall and National Theatre should be flanked by a super radio and television centre which would make New York's Radio City look like a penny gaff. Next year, which sees the B.B.C.'s 30 th birthday and also the 30 th anniversary of the first radio exhibition at the Horticultural Hall, would be a fitting time to lay the foundation stone.

The site is ideal in every way cven as to size, being not too big or too small. There would be ample room for spacious studios as well as public
listening and viewing halls. There would even be room for the administrative offices, although it would be preferable that they be left in the human rabbit warren at Portland Place and allowed to overflow into the present studios. The opportunity of acquiring such a magnificent position for broadcasting H.Q. is not likely to occur again for a thousand years.

## Telerision Recording

IT is astonishing, what a large I number of "tape" recording and reproducing outfits--to say nothing of parts for making them-is available nowadays. The makers of some of them stress the fact that among their many uses is the bottling of broadcasting programmes for future consumption, but, so far as I know, none of them incorporates a timeswitch so that you can pre-set the whole apparatus to can a programme which is due to go on the air at a time when you can't be at home to listen. Eventually, of course, as I've always demanded, every receiver will incorporate a recorder and timeswitch as an integral part of it. At present, however, the expense of doing this would be too great, and the resultant set, complete with P.T., would be far beyond the means of all save dentists and others who earn their daily crust by the cold sweat on other people's brows.

Although, as I have already mentioned, recording units are now available in considerable numbers, I think I am correct in saying that nobody has yet made any attempt to produce one for the vision part of television programmes. I am not, of course, thinking of apparatus for recording television as actual pictures on cine film, but as modulated electrical impulses on disc or tape. Baird recorded vision on discs long years ago and there is no fundamental reason why the same broad principles should not be used for recording it on tape. It is no business of mine to take the bread out of the mouths of inventors and manufacturers by giving full technical details here and, therefore, much against my will, I refrain from doing so.


Cold sweot

## The PERFECT TEST TEAM



The illustration depicts a set of modern "AVO" testgear being used to measure the " $Q$ " of the secondary winding of the second I.F. transformer on a chassis of unknown characteristics-just one of nany tests which can be performed by this combination of instruments.
A signal of predetermined frequency from the "AVO" Wide Range Signal Generator is being led into the Electronic Test Unit, where it is amplified and fed to the secondary winding of the transformer. The Electronic Testmeter is connected across the tuned circuit under test and, from the readings obtained and the controls of the Electronic Test Unit, the " $Q$ " of the circuit, can be determined.
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# GOODSELL 

## RECEIVERS AND HIGH-FIDELITY AMPLIFIERS NOTE THESE FEATURES

* Impregnated grid coupling condensers.
$\star$. Paper Condensers on the H.T. supply line.
$\star$ Matched or close tolerance resistors, where balance is important.
* Steel chassis.
* Partridge Mains and Output Transformers.
$\star$ Model D.P.S. with separate H.T. supply incorporated on the same chassis for use with multi-stage pre-ampifiers.

Williamson Amplifier Type K.T. 66 D.P.S. to specification. Illustrated is the dual power supply model with Partridge transformers, large paper condensers and B.V.A. valves.
Price £32/10/-


Four-Stage Tone-Control. Wide range four-stage tone-control and equalizer for L.P. and Standard records, with microphone and radio input.
Complete with engraved perspex panel $£ 8 / 5 /$-.
Four-Station pre-set superheterodyne receiver with variable selectivity, from £8/15/- plus Tax.

Type E.L. 37 D.P.S., illustrated, is a new model, using a special output transformer with sectionalized windings and having an e::tremely low leakage inductance, together with the latest Mullard B8a valves. 9 watts output. £22/-/-.


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..with a wide range of industrial applications

The Mullard range of electronic flash tubes is finding increasing use in industrial photography and in problems involving the analysis of motion in production processes.
On account of their high luminous efficiency, low-triggering voltage, daye light colour quality, and short-flash duration, the Mullard flash tubes at present available offer wide possibilities in equipments used for applications varying from the motion-study of workers to the examination of highspeed machinery in operation.
Brief technical details on these tubes are listed below. Fuller information will be supplied on request to the Communications and Industrial Valve Department.

| TYPE | DESCRIPTION | MAXIMUM SINGLE DISCHARGE RATING (JOULES) | MAXIMUM OPERATING VOLTAGE (KV) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LSD2 } \\ & \text { LSD3 } \\ & \text { LSD3A } \\ & \text { LSD5 } \end{aligned}$ | Microsecord flash tube .... | 35 | 10 |
|  | For operation in portable flash equiprnents ...- .... .... | 100 | 2.7 |
|  | For studio flash equipments. Provision is made for a modelling lamp. This tube supersedes the LSD4 | 1000 | 2.7 |
| LSD 7 | For higher power portable equipments | 200 | 2.7 |
| LSD8 | Stroboscopic flash tube -... | 30 watts dissipation | 2.7 |
| LSD9 | Quartz tube for high-power or U.V. flash .-- | 1000 | 2.7 |
|  | A full range of straight tubes is also available for those | require line source flash |  |

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LIGHTWEIGHT for use with Miniature Pick-up

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unit, gram unit, desk unit, and panels, chassis, chassis runners and brackets, telescopic runners, handles, etc. Semi-Standard variations are units to take $22 \frac{1}{\mathrm{~g}} \mathrm{in}$. panels and /or units 24 in . in depth and racks with inner panel mounting frames. Special quotations can begiven for non-standard variations. Write for illustrated leaflet onenclosed racks giving full details and prices.

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HIGH FIDELITY-12" P.M.
$\substack{\text { TWIN } \\ \text { CONE } \\ \text { AXIOM } 150}$
This $12^{\circ}$ high fidelity unt has a twin curvilinear diaphragm: (Patent No. 451754). A carefully designed magnet assembly using anisotropic material provides a total flux of 158,000 maxwells on a $17^{*}$ pole. The back centring device is a dustproof bakelised linen disc with concentric corrugations.
WINGS -DAYO
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Give for thase who Gavé The combination of these features gives this pre-cision-built instrument an outstandingly wide coverage from 40 to $15,000 \mathrm{c}$ c.p.s. free from base modulation effects.
An ideal high fidelity reproducer for the record enthusiast and the connoisseur of wide range musical reproduction, it gives exceptionally fine transient and frequency response.
Meet us at the Radio Show-STAND 96
For use with this
model we recommend
Goodmans High Fi-
delity Heavy Duty
Output Transformer
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Weight $5 \mathrm{ibs.-2.3} \mathrm{~kg}$.


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## The METROVICK audio amplifier

The type 243 amplifier is designed for use with high grade public
TYPE 243 address systems, for the connoisseur of quality and for industrial applications where faithful response over the audio range from $3^{\circ}$ to 15,000 cycles is required. This Metrovick instrument is outstanding in its class and provides an output of 20 watts.

## SPECIFICATION

Supply: $200 / 250 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ single-phase; consumption approximately 170 VA for full output.
Input: Gramophone not excecding 0.2V for full output. Microphone not exceeding 0.02 V for full output. The two circuits can be mixed as required.
Impedance : 7 ohms, 15 ohms and 45 ohms.
Output: 20 watts with negligible distortion.
Tone Control: Contintously variable.

Response : $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ from 30 to $35,000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ at zero position of tone control.
Controls: These are recessed to avoid damage and are illuminated when in operation.
Dimensions: $18 \mathbf{t}^{\circ} \times 8 \mathbf{1 0}^{\circ} \times 10 \mathrm{t}^{\prime \prime}$.
Weight: 6olb, net.
Finish : The instrument is housed in an attractive steel case, stove enamelled in cream or blue as desired. A leather carrying handle is fitted.

## MAINS TRANSFORMERS, FULLY INTERLEAVED. SCREENED AND IMPREGNATED. ALL GUARANTEED

 ALL PRIMARIES ARE 200/250 v . Half Shrouded.HSM63. (Midget). Output $250-0-250$ v. $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 6.3 \mathrm{v}$. at 3
 2 amps.
 Output
HS2. $250-0-250$ v. $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { HS30. } 300-0-300 & \text { v. } 80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} \\ \text { HS3. } & 350-0-350 \text { y }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { HS2x. } \quad 250-0-250 & \text { v. } 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}\end{array}$
H\$75. $275-0.275$ v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$
HS30x. $300-0-300$ v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$
HS3X. $350-0-350$ v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$.

> Fully Shrouded

FSM63. (Midget). Output $250-0-250$ v. $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}$. at 3 amps., 5 y.
FS2. $250.0-250$ v. $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$...
FS30. $300-0-300$ v. $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { FS3. } & 350-0-350 \text { v. } 80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} \ldots . . \\ \text { FS2X. } 250-0-250 \quad \text { v. } 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}\end{array}$
FS2x. $250-0-250$ v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$
FS75. $275-0-275 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} .$.
FS30X. $300-0-300$ v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$.
FS3X. 350-0-350 v. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$.
All the above have 6.3-4-0 $v$. at 4 amps., $5-4-0$ v. at 2 amps.
FS43. Output $425-0-425$ v. $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3$ v. 4 amps., C.T. 6.3 v
$4 \mathrm{amps}$. . C.T. 5 v. 3 amps . Fully shrouded
FS50. 'Outpur, $450-0.450$ v. $250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}, 2 \mathrm{amps} .$, C.T. 6.3 v . 4 amps., C.T. 5 v. 3 amps. Fully shrouded
F30X. Ourput. $300-0-300$ v. $80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3$ v. $7 \mathrm{amps} ., 5 \mathrm{v} .2 \mathrm{amps}$ Framed. Flying leads.
F35X. Output, $350-0-350$ v. $250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3$ v. 6 amps ., 4 v. 8 amps . 4 v. 3 amps., 0-2-6.3v. 2 amps . Fully shrouded
FSI60X. Ourput, $350-0-350$ v. $160 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3$ v. $6 \mathrm{amps} ., 6.3$ vo FS4mps., 5 v .3 amps. Fully shrouded
FS 43 X. Output, $425-0-425$ v. $250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v} .6 \mathrm{amps} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}$ 6 amps., 5 v. 3 a mps. Fully shrouded
HS6. Output, $250-0-250 v_{0} 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$, , 6.3 v . 6 amps., C.T. 5 v
3 amps. For receiver R1355. Half shrouded
3 amps. For receiver R1355. Half shrouded..
H\$150. Output, $350-0-350 \mathrm{v} .150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 6.3 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{amps} ., \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{T} . \mathrm{S}$
3 amps. Half shrouded.
F36. Oueput, $250-0-250 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 6.3 \mathrm{v} .6$ amps., C.T. 5 v
FS120. Output, $350-0-350$ v. $120 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3$ v. 2 amps., C.T. 6.3 v
2 amps., C.T. 5 v. 3 amps. Fully shrouded...............................
FS256. Output, $250-0-250 \mathrm{v}, 80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 6.3 \mathrm{v}$. at $6 \mathrm{amps} ., 5 \mathrm{v}$. at
3 amps. Fully shrouded..
PRI/I. Outpur 230 v. at $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$., 6.3 v . at $1.5 / 2 \mathrm{amps} .$.
FSIS0. $350-0-350$ v. $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}$. ${ }^{4}$ amds.. 5 v .3 amps .
FSI50X. Output, $350-0-350 \mathrm{v}$. at $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. 6.3 v . at 2 amps
The above have inputs of 200/250 $v$.

## FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS

F4. Output, 4 v. 2 amps...
F6X. Output, 6.3 v, 0.3 amps
F12X. Output, 12 v. at I amp.
F12. Output, 12.6 v. tapped 6.3 v. at 3 amps.
F24. Output, 24 v . tapped 12 v . at 3 amps .
F12 and F24 framed with Flying Leads.
FU6. Output, $0-2-4-4-6.3 \mathrm{v}$. at 2 amps.
F29. Outpur, 0-2-4-5-6.3 v. at 4 amps.
F5. Output, 6.3 v . at 10 amps . or 5 v . at 10 amps . or 12.6 v . at 5 amps. or 10 v . at 5 amps.
F6/4. Output, four at 6.3 v . tapped at 5 v . at 5 amps, per winding,
giving by $s$ uitable series and parallel connections 24 v . at 5 amps.,
20 v . at $5 \mathrm{amps} ., 18 \mathrm{v}$. at $5 \mathrm{amps}$. , 15 v . at $5 \mathrm{amps} ., 12.6 \mathrm{v}$. at
10 amps., 10 v . at $10 \mathrm{amps} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}$. at 20 amps., 5 v . at 20 amps .
FS and F6/4 framed with Flying Leads.
FU12. Output 0-4-6.3 v. 3 amps
FU24. Output 0.12 .24 v. 1 amp .
........................ $19 / 6$
The above have inputs of $200 / 250 \mathrm{v}$.

## OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

MOP1. Ratios $26,46,56,66,90,120.150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. max. current. C.T. for Q.P.P. Class B., ere. Secondary $2 / 4$ ohms. Top panel and clamped, each..
OPl. Midget Power Pentode, ratios $30,60,90-1,40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$., Secondary $2 / 3$ ohms, each.
OP2. Midget Pentode, ratios $45-1$. Secondary $2 / 3$ ohms, $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. per doz.
OPlo. $10 / 15$ wates output. 20 ratios on Full and Half primary
OP30. 30 watts output, 20 ratios on Full and Half primary...
Williamson's O.P. Transformer to Author's specification
Chokes for Williamson's Ampllfier. 30 H . at $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$
10 H . at $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$.
Choke C4, $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$., approx. 8 H .350 ohms
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Choke C. } & 60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}_{\text {., }} \text { approx. } 8 \mathrm{H.}, 350 \text { ohms. } \\ \text { Choke C5. } & 40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}_{\text {., }} \text { approx. } 5 \mathrm{H} \text {., } 360 \text { ohms. }\end{array}$
Choke C5. $40 \mathrm{~m} /$ a., approx. $5 \mathrm{H}_{\text {. }} 360$
Choke C6. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} ., 50 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{I}, 500$ ohms
c7. $90 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$., 180 ohms, clamped
C8. 360 Micro henries clamped
Belling Lee Co-Axial Plugs. Type $642 / F$., each.
Belling Lee Co-Axial Sockets. Troe 604/5, each Quotations etc.-stamped addressed envelope please.
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when plotted point by point is a tedious and lengthy operation. A bottleneck in production, it requires numerous instruments and operatives who could be used more profitably elsewhere.

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## Я.E.C.

## Germanium Diodes

The photograph shows a G.E.C. germanium diode soldered between adjacent tags of an octal socket in a noise-suppression circuit. Standard half-watt and quarter-watt resistors provide an interesting comparison in size.
It is important to note that this photograph is of a G.E.C. production television sub-chassis into which the crystal is soldered without heat shunts and with the leads clipped to the required lengths.

For further information apply to Osram Valve E Electronics Dept.
the general electric co. ltd., magnet house, kingsway, london, w.c. 2

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Complete with 3 -band glass scale 9 in. $\times 4 \frac{1}{i n}$. Printed short, medium and long wavebands with station names. Scale length 7 in. Supplied with florentine bronze escutcheon.

PRICE 27/6.
S.L.5, similar but fitted with reverse vernier drive, gives ratios of 18-1 search and 50-1 reverse vernier.

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Replacement Scales calibrated to Copenhagen Plan now available for:
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For optimum results in " fringe " and difficult reception areas.

MODEL 69
A high gain double four element folded dipole. $T / V$ aerial. Forward gain 14 db . Acceptance angle $50^{\circ}$. The ideal aerial for outer fringe reception or multiple recelver installations in local areas. Price 624 complete.

MODEL 74
A full flexible indoor loft.type $T / V$ aerial with excellent signal gain. Suitable for locations up to $15-20$ miles. Easy to instal and moderately priced at $13 / 6$.

## MODEL 17

A car aerial for header bar mounting. It has a streamilined appearance and is finished in chromium. The aerial extends to 35 in . and is single hole fixing. Price $32 / 6 d$.


Bayonet Cap Fitting. Makes the Aerialite insulator even better. Quicker fitting and a single operation. To be fitted shortly as standard on the single and " $H$ " aerial arrays.

Lightning Arrestorprovides effective protection for radio and television installations. Static charges are automatically discharged to earth. Size $1 \frac{3}{4} \times 1 \frac{3}{8} \times$ $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. deep. Completely waterproofed for outdoor windowsill mounting.

Coaxial Connector Box-(Part No. 153) for skirting board mounting. Finished in mottled brown. Easily fitted. Size 2 in . $\times 1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. $x$ lin. deep. Price 6/-. Matching 8ox-(Part
 No. 153 A ) same size. Designed for multipoint television receiver installations. Price 10/-.

Universal Coaxial Plug (Part No. 155). To R.E.C.M.F. standard and provides a 100 per cent. efficient connection. Simple clamping method for braid and sheath. Price $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.
Line Connector. (Part No. 154) for joining two coaxial feeders in an efficient and waterproof manner. Does not require soldering. Price I/.


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This is an extremely useful instrument which may be used for resonant frequency determination, tuning transmitrers withoue application of power and for the determination of coil, mutual and stray Inductances, fixed and stray capacitances. includes built-in mains power pack. The frequency range of 1.5 to $300 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$ is covered by means of a series of eight plug-in coils.
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## RECORDING EQUIPMENT

CLIFTON Tape Desk, $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$, and 12 in . p.s., $50-9,000$ c.p.s., three motors ............................. 62500
BERRY'S Recording Amplifier. Record/playback. Mic/Radio inputs. Built-in bias/erase oscillator. Circuit and kit of parts
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DUREX per 1,200ft, spool

SEND THREE PENNY STAMPS FOR SPECIAL LIST OF
RECORDING EQUIPMENT

REGULATED POWER SUPPLY


MODEL SRS. 15
D.C. OUTPUT : Continuously variable from $20-500$ volts at $0-300$ milliamperes. RIPPLE VOLTAGE: 8 millivolts maximum. INTERNAL RESISTANCE: 3 ohms. STABLISATION : $0.5 \%$ for a $\pm 10 \%$ change in mains voltage. TWO STABILISED NEGATIVE LINES : 0 to -170 v variable, -170 v fixed. Regulation $1 \%$ from no load to full load at maximum output voltage. TWO A.C. OUTPUTS: 6.3 volts at 5 amps. unregulated. Terminals identified for connection in series or parallel.

FREQUENCY RANGE: $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $250 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$ in four overlapping ranges. OUTPUT: 100 milliwatts into 600 ohms. INTERNAL IMPEDANCE: Less than 10 ohms. DISTORTION : Less than $1 \%$ from $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ to $200 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. HUM LEVEL : Less than $0.1 \%$ of maximum output voltage. STABLITY: Frequency drift $\pm 2 \%$ or $0.2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ including initial warming up period. With a mains voltage variation of $\pm 10 \%$ the frequency drift is less than $\pm 0.2 \%$ at $1 \mathrm{kc} / \mathrm{s}$. ACCURACY: $1 \%$ or $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. ATTENUATOR: 60 db in steps of 1 db .

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'ALSO LARGE STOCKS OF DOUBLE \& TRIPLE.WOUND AND SLUGGED COILS.

## CONTACTS

3,000 TYPES: up to 8 sets. 600 TYPES: up to 4 sets. 3,000 TYPES: Make (M), Break (B), in Twin-silver, Twin-platinum, Domesilver ( 2 amp .), Tungsten ( 5 amp .), and Flat-silver (8 amp.). ChangeOver (C), in all but Tungsten : Make-Before-Break (K), in Twin-silver and Twin-platinum.

600 TYPES: $(M),(B)$ and (C), in Twin-silver and Twin-platinum.

SPECIAL
3,000 type Relays with $80,000 \Omega$ coils operating on approx. $600 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, with up to four sets of contacts.

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FOR DEPENDABLE COMPONENTS CONTACT

## OLYMPIC RADIO COMPONENTS

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## RADIO DEALERS \& SERVICE ENGS. ONLY EXPORT AND IN THE U.K.

Invited to write for our 1951 Complete Price List. Full detalls of A.W.F. speaker cone assemblles give you fast, cheap, speaker repairs in your own workshops. A.W.F. Transformers and, chokes for almost all replacements. A.W.F. Repair Department for repairs to speakers, cransformers, Gram. motors, Vac. motors, etc., Current stocks of Tungsram Valves, T.C.C. and Dubilier capacitors. Erie Resistors and pots, Components and Cabinets for "View Master" and "E.E." Televisors, and hundreds of other lines.
ENCLOSE POSTAGE 3d. inland, $2 /$ Overseas Air Mail :

## Annoumecment!

We are pleased to announce the SIMPHONIC IA, an addition to our range of portable recorders. The new model has an impressive specification and offers long playing times coupled with ample output power and high quality. Features include :-
$3 \frac{3}{4}$ and $7 \frac{1}{2}$ ins/secs. with CONSTANT SPEED CAPSTAN

- TWIN TRACKS - Finger tip MONO-MASTER control

PUSH-PULL output- 8 watts RESPONSE $50-10000 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$

- Independent BASS and TREBLE controls

The well-known SIMPHONIC Model 2B, Is still available for all applications where simplicity, reliability and moderate cost are important considerations.

See the $2 B$ and our NEW MODEL $1 A$ at the RADIO SHOW Stand 13 or write for detalls.

2B

ESOUNO SERVICE
Recorder House, 48-50 George Street, Portman Square, London, W.I, England

# AN ULTRASONIC SOLDERING IRON 

## Can be used for soldering aluminium, and other metals that form refractory oxides

T He problem of soldering metals that form refractory oxides has now been overcome.
A new soldering iron, developed by Mullard Ltd., destroys oxide film by ultrasonic stimulation and provides a "clean" metallic surface.
This means that perfect soldering of aluminium, and other metals, can now be achieved without scraping or brushing molten metals. Standard soft solders can be used. And no flux is needed.
A small electronic amplifier supplies the ultrasonic power. Tiwo controls, a mains and a trigger switch, ensure simplicity of operation. Unskilled workers can use the apparatus without discomfort, since the ultrasonic


The Mullard Ultrasonic Soldering Iron and Amplifier. The unit operates from A.C. mains and is robustly made to suit workshop conditions.
frequency used is inaudible to the human ear. Full informationabout the Mullard Ultrasonic Soldering Ironthe only commercial model in the world - is available on request.


The soldering iron has a nickel silver bit driven by a magnetostriction transducer. The transducer is arranged to run at its natural resonant frequency by a feed-back system. A conventional low voltage winding heats the soldering bit.

## Mullard

 CONDUCTIVITY EQUIPMENT • POTENTIOMETRIC TITRATION APPARATUS - ELECTRONIC POLAROGRAPHS • TEMPERATURE CONTROLLERS • UNIVERSAL MEASURING BRIDGES - VALVE VOLTMETERS F.M. SIGNAL GENERATORS - OSCILLOSCOPESNORTHERN AGENT : F. C. Robinson \& Partners, Ltd., 287, Deansgate, Manchester, 3. Midland agent : Hadley Sound Equipments, 72, Cape Hill, Smethwick. sCOTTISH AGENT: Land, Speight \& Co. Ltd., 73, Robertson Street, Glasgow, C. 2. Mullard Ltd., Equipment Division, Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, Mullard London, W.C.2. Telephone: GERrard 1777
(M1.340)

# Mear Mese amplifiors 

 PORTABLE BATTERY MANS An attractive appearance and unique construc(ion combined with hall-mark of dissinct. Desige water this instrument wats, 30 watts 12 -volt battely electonic for both provision mot microphes and Special tone cond cuts,
tion. mixing of Hurilt-in vibendent bass make the BM 40 chancul, with indep and cut. features make the available.

## PAGN OUTFIT

30 WATT PORTABLE PA 301 B for public address men. A 30 watt moving coil or rontrol. Illumintputs: Out Inputs tor mone. and gramop output signd 100 volt line. 12 -vor er $I I 30$. $p_{7.5}^{2 n e l}, 15$ ohros ants A.C. mains, atap unit vans, genelied $7.5,1250$ volts with battery for P.A. Vents.
2001
when used with equipment
an out reor requir
An ideal eqs and outdable case. $£ 40$.
installanandsome porta Amplifier, $30 \mid B$ daptos,
List price: P 30 Battery
BIRMINGHAM SOUND REPRODUCERS LIMITED CLAREMONT WORKS, OLD HILL, STAFFS. TEL.: CRADLEY HEATH 6212/3

## Wiredess World

RADIO, TELEVISION
AND ELECTRONICS

41 st YEAR OF PUBLICATION

Managing Editor: HUGH S. POCOCK, M.I.e.e.
Editor: H. F. SMITH
SEPTEMBER 1951

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## VALVES ...and their Applications

## miniature battery range

## OUTPUS PENTODES

Two output pentodes, DL92 and DL94, are available in the Mullard range of miniature battery valves. Both have centre-tapped filaments and can be operated with the two sections of the filament either in series when the L.T. drain is 0.05 A at 2.8 V , or in parallel when the drain is 0.1 A at 1.4 V . The filaments are, of course, suitable only for D.C. operation.
Type DL94 is designed for operation with equal voltages on screen and anode, and is the type recommended for normal domestic battery or A.B.C. receivers. Operated with the filament sections in parallel and with anode and screen potentials of 90 V , this valve will give an output of 270 mW with $7 \%$ total distortion for a drive voltage of 3.2 V .
Type DL92 may be operated with either equal or unequal voltages on screen and anode, and is primarily intended for use in miniature all-dry battery receivers, particular attention having been paid in its design to performance at anode and screen potentials of 67.5 V . Under these conditions an output of 160 mW is obtainable with the series filament arrangement or 180 mW with parallel filament arrangement, the drive voltage in either case being 5.5 V .
Greater output can be obtained if the anode voltage is increased to 90 V , the screen voltage remaining at 67.5 V . In this case the output with series filament connection is 235 mW and with parallel filament connection 270 mW , again with a signal input of 5.5 V .

Other valves in this range include :
DF91 Variable-mu pentode
DAF91 Short grid-base pentode with diode
DK92 Heptode frequency changer

OUTPUT PENTODES DL92 \& DL94

RATINGS AND<br>CHARACTERISTICS

```
DL92 DL94
```


## Fílament

| Series connection |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{1}$ | 2.8 | 2.8 V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | 0.05 | 0.05 A |
| Parallel connection |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{l}}$ | 1.4 | 1.4 V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 A |

Operating Conditions
Series filament

| Va | 90 | 90 | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 67.5 | 90 | $V$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{gl}}$ | -7 | -4.5 | V |
| 1 | 6.1 | 7.7 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{82}$ | 1.1 | 1.7 | mA |
| $\mathrm{gm}_{m}$ | 1.4 | 2.0 | $\mathrm{mA} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| R | 8 | 10 | $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ |
| $V_{\text {in (r.m.s.) }}$ | 5.5 | 3.2 | $\checkmark$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }}$ | 235 | 240 | mW |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tot }}$ | 13 | 7 | \% |
| Parallel filament |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 90 | 90 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g} 2}$ | 67.5 | 90 | $V$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{I}$ | -7 | -4.5 | $V$ |
| $l_{1}$ | 7.4 | 9.5 | mA |
| $\mathrm{It}_{2}$ | 1.4 | 2.1 | mA |
| $\mathrm{gm}_{\text {m }}$ | 1.57 | 2.15 | $5 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| Ra | 8 | 10 | K! |
| $V_{\text {in (r.m.s.) }}$ | 5.5 | 3.2 | $\checkmark$ |
| $P_{\text {out }}$ | 270 | 270 | mW |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {tot }}$ | 12 | 7 | \% |

Limiting Values

| $V_{2} \max$. | 90 | 90 | $V$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $V_{k 2} \max$. | 90 | 90 | $V$ |
| $I_{k} \max$. | 12 | $* 12$ | mA |

* 6 mA for each 1.4 -volt section of the filament.

[^11]

# ВВIMAR VAIVES are proving that there's no substitute for EXPERIENCE 

Brimar experience and Brimar techniques have produced one of the world's finest ranges of replacement valves.
PERFORMANCE PROVED in actual circuits For Industry . . . the Services . . . for all whose work demands a guaranteed minimum life and complete reliability-

## NoW is the timeto BRIMARIZE!


high fidelity MICROPHONES
FOR PUBLIC ADDRESS : RECORDING: AMATEUR RADIO


## TYPE MIC 22

This model incorporates the famous Acos "Filtercel " insert giving extreme sensitivity and high fidelity. Response is substantially flat from $40-6,000 \mathrm{cps}$. The microphone is vibration and shock proof and is not affected by low frequency wind noises. Two alternative mountings are available for the MIC 22 head:
MIC 22-2 is supplied as a complete unit incorporating an attractive desk stand with cable side entry.
MIC 22.1 is for fitting to any British or American type standard floor stand and can also be used as a hane microphone.
PRICE 66-6. (Either Model)

TYPE MIC 16
Incorporates the Acos Floating Crystal Sound Cell giving a response substantially flat from $30-10,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Performance Is unaffected by vibration or shock and low frequency wind noises. As in the case of the MIC 22, two alternative mountings for the MIC 16 head are available:
MIC $16-2$ is a complete desk stand unit with side cable entry.
MIC 16-1 is ready for.fixing to either British or American type floor stands by means of a knurled ring.

$$
\text { PRICE } 112 \cdot 12 \text {. (Either Model) }
$$

## COSMOCORD LIMITED



[^12]
## Providing technical information, service and advice in relation to our products and the suppression of electrical interference

General Characteristics of Parasitic Element Arrays in Relation to Television Aerials.

"Belling-Lee" "Mullirod" moumied on a 14 mast.

Theoretical considerations of the action of parasitic elements in increasing the gain of a dipole may be summarised as follows :-
(I) There is no known aerial array or system (theoretical or practical), for a given compactness, which can give a gain or directional response comparable to the simple parasitic element array as typified by our "H" and "Multirod" models.
(2) The maximum gain can only be secured at one frequency, and the closer one designs for that maximum, the more critical is the response on either side of the design frequency.
(3) The maximum gain will be obtained with close spacing (around I/Io wavelength) and a parasitic element shorter than the fed dipole, and which acts as a director instead of a reflector.
(4) Under these conditions the performance will fall rapidly on either side of the design frequency. If the design
frequency is centred on a Television channel the response on the sound channel (which is always lower in frequency) will be much worse than if the channels were reversed.
(5) Under the conditions stated in (3) impedance matching problems are raised. The impedance at resonance is low ( 15 ohms and less) and the impedance becomes very reactive slightly off tune. Thus, what one gains by optimising the dimensions may readily be lost in the process of matching, particularly when the load impedance (any make of T.V. set) is not standardised and varies considerably from model to model.
(6) Under the conditions stated in (3) the aerial elements must be very rigid or considerable picture flutter will occur in gusty winds.
(7) Under the conditions stated in (3) manufacturing and assembly tolerances must be closer and may result in a higher proportion of material rejects.
The conclusion which must be drawn and which we must reiterate is that the general problems arising out of manufacture and subsequent use will be least when wide spacing ( 4 wave) is employed. As compared with close spaced parasitic elements they are
(a) Easier to match and fairly tolerant of fortuitous mismatch.
(b) Comparable in gain on both sound and vision channels.
(c) Less susceptible to gustflutter
(d) Less susceptible to proximate conductors.
(e) Easier to manufacture.

A strong case for closely spaced parasitic arrays might be made for single channel (CW) working where all the variables are under the designer's control, e.g., mast, material, type of feeder, proximity of other conductors, receiver input impedance, etc.

## "' Winrod "'Aerial.

This was designed to be fitted on a window-sill. We have heard of people fitting them on the gutter board to take advantage of extra height, but lately, again from a coastal town, we learn that a considerable number have been fitted to chimney stacks.

Our first query was " How does the bracket stand it ?" but appar-
ently it does, and the wind really blows on the coast. Let us hasten to add that we do not exactly recommend the practice, as the aerial is just not designed for it, and we certainly could not be held responsible for accidents.

## Rain Static ? <br> Precipitation Static?

## " Coronette" Static Discharger

Yes, this is a hardy annual. We had a visit from a member of a prominent Scarborough firm who volunteered the information that his company never installed a "Belling-Lee" " Skyrod" vertical aerial without fitting one of these dischargers. They really do work in that area. We have heard the same thing from one of the best known dealers in the Bristol area and, perhaps with less emphasis, from most parts of the country. In fact, to our knowledge, there are not many districts where they will not justify their use ; one of these is in the North-West, round Whitehaven.
We claim that the fitting of a " Coronette" will reduce noise by about 40 db . The residual noise may even then, in certain circumstances, be sufficient to spoil the programme.

"Cororette" Corona Discharge Limiter.
In controlled experiments carried out by our Research Department at Enfield, the programme from the Brookmans Park Transmitter has been completely blotted out by this form of interference, but on switching to an aerial fitted with a "Coronette" no interference was apparent. This does not mean that reception from a more distant station would necessarily be satisfactory in similar conditions.

We would welcome correspondence on this subject as we feel there is a lot to be learned.

See our announcement on Page 72.

## A question for designers



Circuits progress: new cases will evolve from new materials and techniques - but the one outstanding feature of tomorrow's battery radio is here today -

## V E N N E R Lightweight Accumulators

One third the weight and half the size of standard accumulators of comparable capacity, these revolutionary miniature storage batteries maintain a steady 1.5 volt output on load throughout their discharge period.

Thus they eliminate the need for constant replacement due to voltage drop, which is the failing of all other conventional L.T. batteries.

In addition, Venner Lightweight Accumulators are completely non-spillable, are unharmed by high charge and discharge rates and may be left in discharged condition without damage.

The services of our technical department are freely at your disposal in investigating the many operational advantages of these accumulators.

For full technical data please write for leaflet VAO11/WW

# 3-WAY MIXER \& peak programme meter for recording and large sound installations etc. 



One milliwatt output on 600 ohm line ( .775 V ) for an input of 30 microvolts on $7.5-30$ ohm balanced input. Output balanced or unbalanced by internal switch. The meter reading is obtained by a valve voltmeter with I second time constant, which reads programme level, and responds to transient peaks.
Calibration in 2 db steps, to plus 12 db and minus 20 db referred to zero level. Special low field internal power packs supplies 8 valves including stabilising and selenium rectifier, consumption 23 watts.


## PREVIEW OF

"BELLING-LEE"

## STAND No. 64 AT THE NATIONAL RADIO EXHIBITION

Readers of the "Belling-Lee" page who are visiting the National Radio Show will find us on Stand No. 64 in the centre of the hall. The "Multirod" surmounting the section of a "Skytower," which reaches up from the centre of the stand, offers an easy landmark.
A brief mention of some of the exhibits is made below:-


## VALVE HOLDERS

Both the B7G (Belling-Lee L.718) and the B9A (L.720) are made with fixing flanges or skirts to take the standard screening cans. They are intended to fill the gap between the cheaper types and the very expensive P.T.F.E. holders but are likely to prove too expensive for cheaper commercial receivers. The insulators are moulded from highquality nylon filled powder, and a new flat-type screen is incorporated giving the desired screening between contacts; this may be cut down if necessary for application where space is limited.
The contacts are made of silverplated beryllium copper differentially hardened to obtain the best possible contact pressure. The solder tags remain annealed and are tin dipped for ease of soldering. Other types exhibited will be the B8A (L.620), B9G (L.500), high voltage, duodecal, etc.


## PLUGS AND SOCKETS

A very comprehensive range will be exhibited including such items as single, coaxial, multi and sealed connectors, also a special range of screened 1, 2 and 3 pole connectors, together with aerial outlet boxes such as the one illustrated above. This is the "Belling-Lee" L.739, which was produced for use with plug L. $733 / \mathrm{P}$, also illustrated, a new inexpensive plug, specifically designed for unscreened balanced twin feeder as used for television or shortwave reception. The twin feeder (L. 336) is loaded simply by pinching the wires in the spills provided and the ingenious black polythene moulding folds into shape where it is held together by means of the two ball-headed studs.
We are also showing the newly developed coaxial plug L.734/P. This replaces 3 others, and accepts coaxial cables of outside diameters from $\frac{5}{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ to $\frac{5}{32} 2^{\prime \prime}$ including 50 ohm .

## OTHER ITEMS OF INTEREST INCLUDING TELEVISION AERIALS

A particularly interesting section is devoted to radio interference suppressors, both industrial and domestic, together with motor vehicle ignition suppressors, a windscreen wiper suppressor designed for use on public transport vehicles using 24 -volt electrical systems.
One of our mobile research units will be available for inspection in the electronic attractions section. These vehicles enable us to carry out on-the-spot investigations into the behaviour of televiosin aerials,
,speedily and efficiently.
We will be showing an extensive range of television aerials, both outdoor and indoor types. These include the "Multirod" 4 -element array for " fringe" area reception, the well-known "Viewrod " 'H' and simple dipole types with a variety of mountings, " Doorod " and " Viewflex" indoor models, and the " Veerod " loft mounting aerial. Our Sales engineers, who are familiar with the possibilities and peculiarities of your location, will be available to assist you in your
problems and answer your queries. Amongst the broadcast aerials on view will be the "Skyrod," an 18 ft . vertical aerial with or without "Eliminoise " anti-interference matching transformers, the "Winrod " an easy-to-fix windowsill aerial, and the "Carod," a telescopic, rattle-free motor-car aerial for scuttle mounting.

## CHOOSE RADIO \& TELEVISION <br> WITH THE WORLD'S FINEST

## TEGHNIGAL BACKGROUND

- 



## MARCONIPHONE <br> THE GREATEST NAME IN RADIO -



## MARCOM』COMMUNICATIONSYSTEMS

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MARCONI'S WIRELESS TELEGRAPH COMPANY LTD. MARCONI HOUSE •CHELMSFORD •ESSEX




## 53 Ranges with Rotary Switch Selection

This uniquely comprehensive Test Set has 53 ranges for measuring A.C. and D.C. current and voltage, resistance and insulation. It is completely self-contained with internal batteries to provide power for the ohms ranges and self-contained power pack for insulation measurement at 500 v . Selection is carried out by two 20 -position switches. A fully-protective safety device is fitted and is operative for forward or reverse overload. The 150 -division 6 in. scale is uniformly divided and is fitted with an anti-parallax mirror. The set is enclosed in a handsome bakelite case and fully complies with B.S.S. No. 89, covering first-grade instruments. Full details of the ranges covered, and of the complete specification, will gladly be supplied on request.

## SANGAMO WESTON LIMITEI

## ENFIELD, MIDDLESEX

TELEPHONE: ENFIELD 3434 ( 6 LINES) AND 1242 ( 4 LINES) TELEGRAMS : SANWEST, ENFIELD


WHITELEY ELECTRICAL RADIO CO, LTD • MANSFIELD • NOTTS

## The Greatest Advance towards Perfect Reproduction The NEW "TONE COLOUR" UNIT Plus the <br> TYPE A-Z <br> AMP GFIEP <br> SOUND SALES LIMITED <br> DEMONSTRATIONS at our London Showroom: <br> LLOYDS BANK CHAMBERS, 125 OXFORD STREET, W.I (ENTRANCE IN WARDOUR ST.) <br> (Works: West Street, Farnham, Surrey Telephone: Farnham 646I) <br> £32.10.0 <br> Complete

## CRATSMANSHIP

'I can most certainly say at this stage that the workmanship and finish are of a quality which I have never before encountered in the radio indusiry, despite the fact that my association with the industry in one capacity or another extends bach over 27 years. I think you are to be congratulated all the more on this achievement in viewo of the increasing tendency nowadays towards inferior workmanship and design."


## NEW RC/PA/U <br> REMOTE CONTROL PRE-AMPLIFIER PRICE : 9 GUINEAS

"POINT ONE " TL/12 12 WATT TRIPLE LOOP FEEDBACK AMPLIFIER

PRICE: 27 GUINEAS

## APPLICATIONS

1. For laboratory use as a stabilised-gain audio-frequency power amplifier.
2. For the highest possible standard of disk recording.
3. For the highest possible quality of reproduction from Pickup, Radio, Microphone, Film and Magnetic Tape.
4. For use as a driver amplifier in the speech modulator chain of broadcast transmitters.
5. Used with the RC/PA/U pre-amplifier and the best available complementary equipment the TL/12 power amplifier gives to the music-lover a quality of reproduction unsurpassed by any equipment at any price. It is designed in a form so that the power amplifier can be housed in the base of a cabinet and the small pre-amplifier mounted in a position best suited to the user.
6. The pre-amplifier and the power amplifier are drilled for bolting together to make a single transportable unit. A cover with a carrying handle is available for this unit, and assembled in this form the equipment is particularly suitable for lecturers and for Public Address work where very high quality of reproduction is essential.
The New B.B.C. Monitor loudspeaker uses a Leak TL/12 amplifier. 731 TL/12 amplifiers were ordered by broadcasting authorities during 1950, including :-
The British Broadcasting Corporation.
The South African Broadcasting Corporation.
The Swiss Broadcasting Corporation.
The Italian Broadcasting Corporation.
The Swedish Broadcasting Corporation.
The "POINT ONE" TL/12 and RC/PA/U AMPLIFIERS are built to a tropical specification and they are distributed throughout the world. During 1951 to date (May, 1951) orders totalling over 2,000 have been received from the U.S.A. for $R C / P A / U$ and TL/12 amplifiers for high quality radiolgramophone reproducers for the home.

## ELPREQ



## EX-ROYAL NAVY SOUND

## POWERED TELEPHONE

These require no batteries, and will go for long periods without attention. Complete with generator and sounder which gives a high pitched note, easily heard above any other noise. Also fitted with an indicator lamp which in quiet situations can be used instead of the sounder, or where several 'phones are used together will indicate which one is rogether whal Size 7 3in $\times 9$ in $\times$ being called. size 7 in . $x 9 \mathrm{in}$. 7 tin., wall mounting, designed for ships' use, but equally suitable for home, office, warehouse, factory, garage, etc. Price $37 / 6$ each, plus 3/6 carriage.

## TRIP SWITCHES

In addition to the many industrial uses, thesetrip switches are useful additions to your labotatory and workshops. Fitted into the power circuit like a normal switch they can in the first place be used to control the power outlets and when as often happens a short and when as often happens a short blowing, the switch will simply trip blowing, the switch wila simply trip
and will not close again until the and will not close again until the
short is cleared. The actual current short is cleared. The actual current
at which the switch trips can be at which the switch
adjusted. Price 12/6.


12-CELL ACCUMULATOR This accumulator can be coupled up to give 24 v . with all cells connected in series or 12,6 or 2 volts by series parallel arrangements. They were originally made for the Admiralty by a leading manufacturer, have never been manufacturer, have never been dition. Each is contained in a wooden crate as illustrated. Price 27/6 each. Postage and insurance $5 / \%$.


## 2-GANG . 00035 TUNING

 CONDENSERComplete with perspex dust cover and built-in trimmers. Super job for tuning personal receivers, 8.6 each.

MAINS/BATTERY PORTABLE
Ultra modern cabinet, highly suitable for making up an all-mains and/or all-dry battery receiver. Cabinet dimensions, 7 in. deep and $10 . \mathrm{in}$. high $\times 12 \mathrm{in}$. wide. 7 tim. deep and 10 Imitation crocodile cabinet with back and wooden platiorm, battery dividers, inner
front drilled for three controls, and handle, front drilled for
$22 / 6$ complete.
Ivory Fret with Perspex Window, loud speaker louvres and turning scale, $5 / 6$. Frame Aerial wired for long and medium wave with plug board and tag strip, 5/6. Unwired, $2 / 6$.
Metal Chassis punched out and with loudspeaker cut out, 5/6.
Assembly for holding dial and lamps, $1 / 9$.
Matched Knobs, set of 3, 2/-.
Or all items unwired frame aerial, 38/6; wired frame aerial, 42/6, Wiring diagram and constructional details, 2/6. All components available (total cost of set should not exceed £ $7 / 10 / \mathrm{F}$. For details, see constructional data.


## REMOTE CONTROL



W th only one pair of wires and a simple push button you can select any one of four stations without leaving your armchair. This is just one of the many applications of our impulse relay, the price of which is impulse relay, the price of which is only 3/9. There are many other
purposes to which it can be put purposes to which it can be put
we will supply a booklet of circuits we will supply a booklet of circuits
for $1 / 9$ post free. The action of the impulse relay is as follows:current to the solenoid causes the ratchet wheel to rotate one notch per impulse, a built in automatic switch keeps the impulses coming in until they are switched off by secondary contacts which operate four times per complete revolution. Shorting the secondary contacts starts the impulses again. Attached to the ratchet wheel is a four way single pole switch. We are sure that there are many new applications for this relay and we offer prizes for new ideas.

## TIMED SWITCH MECHANISM

This comprises a beautifully made 8 day jewelled miniature clock or watch movement, which operates two 2 amp contact switches. These switches also are quite suitable for mains use. There are two calibrated dials, one contact adjusts in $t$ hour intervals up to 6 hours, the other one in one hour intervals up to 36 hours. The whole is really precision made to stringent M.O.S. specification. The size of the complete switch mechanism is 3 in . long and $2 \downarrow \mathrm{in}$. across. Or if you wish, the miniature elock movement can be removed completely and this then measures only $1 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{in}} \mathrm{in} . \times$ fin. The price of the complete timed switch is $27 / 6$. These are brand new still in the manufacturers original sealed boxes.


## SPECIAL

PERSONAL SET OFFER
Resulting from the changeover of a famous manufacturer to important work, we are able to offer practically all the parts for the really neat personal radio illustrated.
The most important thing of course, is the cabinet and for this we can offer a complete kit of parts, which includes cream plastic lid, base and includes cream plastic lid, base and
escutcheon, crackled metal body and all accessories such as knobs, hinges, all accessories such as lid arm and clips, etc.
Price $22 / 6$, but remember this brings
the complete cabinet size $7 \times 4 \times 3$ in the complete cabinet size $7 \times 4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. Other items available are :-
Metal Chassis. Five-part assembly comprises the main chassis and sections for holding the batteries and the loudspeaker. Price $4 / 6$. Ditto with four B7G valve holders already riveted in their correct positions. Pice 7/-.
Frame Aerial, 3/6.
Oscillator Coil, 3/6.
I.F. Transformers, Wearite Midget type 400B, 15/- pair.

Volume Control, 1 meg. Midget, $3 / 6$.
Speaker, Midget Plessey 3in., 14/6.
Speaker, Midget Plessey 3 in., $14 / 6$.
Output Transformer to match, $5 /$
Resistors, miscellaneous, total 8, 4/-.
Resistors, miscellaneous, totat 8, 4/--
Condensers, miscellaneous, total $9,4 / 6$.
B7G A mphenol Valve Holders, 8d. each.
Tuning Condenser, 8/6.
Assembly Instructions, including wiring diagram and alignment data 2/6.
Note. All these parts are offered separately. Valves required are IR5, IT4, IS5, 3S4 or 3 V 4 , all available at low prices, send for our current valve list.


## SERVICE DATA

100 service sheets, covering British receivels which have been sold in big quantities, and which every service engineer is ultimately bound to meet. The following makers are included: Acrodyne, Alba, Bush, Cossor, Ekco, Ever-Ready, FerguCossor, Ekco, Evet-Ready, Fe1guson, Ferranti, G.E.C., H.M. Lissen, Kolster Brandes, Lissen,
McMichael, Marconi, Mullard, McMichael, Marconi, Mullard, Murphy, Philco, Phillips, Pye,
Ultra. Undoubtedly a mine of Utra. Undoubtedly a mine of
information invaluable to all who earn their living from radio servicing. Price $£ 1$ for the complete folder.
Our folder No. 2 consists of 100 data sheets covering most of the popular American T.R.F. and superher receivers "all dry" etc., which have been imported inso this Country. Names include Sparton, Emmerson, Admiral, Sparton, Emmerson Admiral, Each sheet gives circuit diagrams Each sheet gives circuit diagrams and component values, alignment procedure, etc., 100 etc. Price for the folder
Post free.

## MISCELLANEOUS BOOKLETS

These give circuit diagrams and details of Ex-Government receivers and equipment. In practically all cases the information has been extracted from official publications. Separate booklets for each piece of equipment. Booklets available covering the following:-R1155, R208, R109, TR1196, TR18, BC348, BC312, R1116, R107, R103, BC221, BC342, Pre-Amp. from RF27, Pre-Amp. from Unit 208A, T.V. Receiver from $1 \frac{1}{1}$-metre superhet for London or Birmingham, T.V. receiver from 3170 etc T.V. receiver from from 3170 , etc. band TV recer from 194 strip. Dual band r. receiver. Price of any post free.


## " SNIPERSCOPE "

Famous wartime "cats eye" used in conjunction with a lens system and hot. for sceing in the dark. This is an infra-red image converter cell with a silver caesium screen which lights up (like a cathode ray tube) when the electrons released by the infra-red strike it. It follows that as light from an ordinary lamp is rich in infra-red these cells will work: burglar alarms, counting circuits, smoke detectors and the hundred and one other devices as will the simpler type of photo cell. Here then is a golden opportunity for some interesting experiments price $9 / 6$ each, or six for 52/6. Data wili be supplied with cells if requested.

## HIGH VOLTAGE <br> CONDENSERS

We have many types in stock, one special one at a low price is .01 mfd . 5 kV . in 5 in . Ali-can, $2 / 6$.

## TWO-VOLT

## ACCUMULATORS

Made for the Forces by one of the most famous firms in the world. 15 amp .-hour size approx. 6 in . $\times 13 \mathrm{in}$. square in ebonite case, pre-charged, only need filling with acid, 5/9 each, plus 9d. post and insurance. Six or more post free.

## LAMP HOLDERS

We carry a large assortment of dial lamp holders. Price 6d. each. Order by list numbers.


15 AMP DOUBLE POLE ROTARY SWITCH
Made by the famous Diamond H Company, it is complete with pointer knob. Price 5/6.


ALUMINIUM TUBE (CONDUIT)
in.-ideal for all lighting work and for making T.V. aerials, etc. Price $1 / 6$ per foot.

## AERIAL STRAINERS

Brass body, price 1/6 each.


EXTENSION SPEAKER IN METAL CABINET
This has a $6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. P.M. Goodman's Speaker, heavy magnet type, complete with an output transformer. It is fitted in grey steel case with perforated front and back, ideal for P.A. work in canteens, clubs, etc., 27/6 each.


10 kVA ALTERNATOR SETS
Complete electrically with all switch gear, voltage regulators, frequency meters. etc., etc. These have two circuits, one giving 10 kVA . at 230 v. 50 cycles, the other giving $1 \frac{1}{}$ kVA. 230 v. 500 cycles. Complete with : Vee belt puiley. Can be driven by lorry engine, oil engine, etc., the speed of which is not impoztant. Unused but somewhat storage soiled. Price £65, carriage extra.

"OCCASIONAL 4 CABINET"
Attractive bakelite cabinet, size $12 \mathrm{in} . \times$ 5in. $\times 6$ in., suitable for making a T.R.F. or superhet zeceiver. Price with bacl. 17/6, in walnut, green or jvory. Post and insurance $2 / 6$. PUNCHED METAL CHASSIS T.R.F. for three valves and rectifier, $5 / 6$. Superhet for our valves and rectifier, $5 / 6$ ENGRAVED GLASS DIALS $16-50$ and $180-550$ metres, 2/6. 180-550 and $800-2,200 \mathrm{~m} ., 2 / 6$. $16-50,180-550$ and $800-2,200 \mathrm{~m}$., $2 / 6$. Dial back plate, 2/6. COILLS T.R.F. $180-550,800-2,200,5 / 6$ per pair. Superhet $16-50,180-550,800-2,200$ metres, $10 / 6$ per set. CORD DRIVE ACCESSORIES Drum 2in. dia., 1/6. Driving head, 1/6. Double Pointer, 4d. Spring, 3d. Nylon Cord, 6d. per yard. A set can be built into this cabinet for less than $£ 6$, constructional data, $1 / 6$.

## 6-VOLT AMERICAN HEAVY-DUTY BATTERIES

Made by one or other of the most famous American battery companies. For reliability and long service between charges these are in a class of their own. Capacity rating is 140 amp-hour. We have a limited quantity of these batteries available, unused-in fact they have never been filled with acid, and the price is E5/10/-, carriage extra at cost depending upon your locality.



SPRAY GUN
Hand operated, ideal to put the finish on a good chassis, and for respraying valves, etc. (completes the perfect job). Price $15 / 6$, complete with instructions plus 9d. postage.


POWER PACK FOR ALL-DRY RECEIVERS
Output $90 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{T}$. and $7.5 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{L} . \mathrm{T}$ using metal rectifiers. Fitted into bakelite case, size only $3\{\times 2\} \times 1\}$ bakelite case, size only $3 \% \times 2\} \times 1 \%$,
complete with flex and mains input complete with flex and mains input
plug. Suitable for A.C. or D.C. plug.
mains.
Suitable for
Price
19/6

BREAK-DOWN UNIT At present-day prices the spares in
this unit would cost at least $£ 5$. this unit would cost at least $£ 5$.
Here is a list of the main contents: Here is a list of the main contents:
3 two metre coils; 3 two metre coils ;
3 tuning condensers, split-stator type;
4 two-watt ca:bon resistors useful values;
1 tapped 20 watt resistor, vitreous covered;
6 paper condensers, 05 mf . 1,000 v . working.
3 paper condensers, $1 \mathrm{mf} .1,000 \mathrm{v}$. working;
2 H.F. chokes
4 paper condensers, 1 mf .450 v . working;
2 paper condensers, 15 mf .
5 bakelite moulded mica condensers .001
1 paper condenset. . 01 mf. 3,000 ${ }^{\mathrm{v}}$. working ;
24 rubber grommets, assorted sizes;
6 resistors. 1 watt, al! useful values;
6 resistors, \& wath, al useful
40 values; resistors. \& watt, all useful values ;
40 silver mica condensers assorted values, including: $10,15,20$, $40,50,100,150,300$, and 500 pf . types;
4 English octal valve holders :
2 English 5-pin valve holders
1 E.F. 50 type valve holder;
3 diode valve holders;
1 louvred casing, size $12 \times 7 \times$ 4in. ;
1 heavy metal chassis size $12 \times$ $7 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$.,
8 condenser clips, assorted sizes. Also an assortment of nuts, bolts P.K., self-threading screws, tag boards, chassis mounting tag connectors, screened grid caps, plain grid caps, levers, rollers connecting rods, output sockets, etc. etc. PARTS FOR 6/6 only plus 1/9 postage and packing.
CLEAR PERSPEX PANELS
Size 5 in . long, 3 tin wide, and a little over a ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~m}$. thick. Price $1 / 6$ per panel.

Telephone: Ruislip 5780 .

## ELPREQ PAGES



## REPLACING THE U.U. 8

You can overcome the shortage of high current indirectly heated rectifiers by using a Thermal Delay Switch. You simply connect this across the heaters of directly across the heaters of a directly and the H.T. will not be switched on until the other valves have on until the other valves have delay switch is as illustrated, with the addition of a protective cover, Price $3 / 9$ each, the heater voltage is 4 , but of course this can be used on higher voltages with a limiting resistant.


Extra light weight extra sensitive for high speed or radio control work, weight only 1\% oz., closes on 2 mA . solld, platinum changeover contacts, adjustable pressure. Price 13/6.


Post Office types. Upright mounting, prllows: sensitive types with coil resistances of $2,000 \mathrm{ohms}$ and 1 and over with $\mathbf{7} / \mathrm{pr}$. of contacts $7 / 6$, with 2
of contacts,
$8 /$ of contacts, $8 /-$ then 6d. extra per pair of contacts.
Medium sensitivity type 1,000

ohms and over with 1 pr. of contacts, $4 / 6$, extra contact as above. Low voltage types coil resistances of 100 ohms and over with 1 pr . of contacts. $3 / 6$,extra contacts as above.


TOGGLE SWITCHES
Meta! body standard size, made by our leading maker. Available with round dolly or with special $V$ cut dolly. State which type when ordering. Price while stocks last only $1 / 6$ each.

## PLUGS \& SOCKETS

SOCKET STRIPS. Paxolin mounted.
Two socket engraved L.S. 6d. each. Bin C16B.
Two socket engraved A.E. 6d. each. Bin C18A.


Two socket engraved P.U. Gd. each. Bin C19A.
Two socket engraved Dipole 6d. each. Bin C19B.
Two socket plain. 5d. each. Bin C18B. Three socket engraved DIP and E. 9d. each. Bin C16D.
Three socket engraved A1, A2 and E 9d. each Bin C19D.
Four socket engraved A.E. Pickup, 9d. each. Bin C19 E.
Four socket engraved P.U. Ext. L.S. 9d. each. Bin C16E.
Five socket plain. 9d. each. Bin C16C.

## 3 PIN PLUG AND SOCKET

Very useful for connecting up gramophone pick-ups, extension loudspeakers, etc. We can offer this at a really knock-out price, namely 8d. per pair.


Jack Socket for D31A. 10d. ea. Bin D31B. Jack Plugs thin type fibre insulated. $1 / 3$ each. Bin D31D.
Jack socker for D31D, one hole fixing for mounting on metal panels, complete with insulating and spacing washers, $1 / 3$ each. Bin D31C.


With hard rubber body, fits into standard B7C valve holders, ideal for joining small chassis, valve holders,
etc., $1 / 4$ each.


Seven way brass cased plug ideal for portable apparatus. Price $2 / 3$ each half, Bin D33BR \& D33BL.

## WANDER PLUGS



Insulated split-pin type, blue 3d. each. Bin D31F.
Insulated split-pin type, red, 3d. each. Bin D32E.
Larger banana type, black, 6d. each. Bin.D32D. Lockable wander plug, can't fall out 9d. each. Bin D30A.
MINIATURE FLEX CONNECTORS.
Plug and socket complete, ebonite, nonreversible. Ideal for toys, razors, etc., 2 amp rating, 9d. pair. Bin D32B.


CO-AXIAL PLUGS AND SOCKETS.
Suitable for car radios as well as T.V. for mic. leads, etc. Plugs 6d. each. Bin D32AR. Sockets 7d. each. Bin D32AL.


TERMINALS. Screw and Spade.
Spades, red or black, for L.T. Batteries. 3d. each. Bin C18E.
Spades, heavy duty, fit ex-Government car batteries, 9d. each. Bin C20A.
Screw Earthing terminals, flat bottom plate for flush mounting, with soldering tag. 4d. each. Bin C19C.

Earthing screw terminals, $2 B A$, also used for connecting two spades (as C20A) together. 9d. each. Bin C20C.

Serew down terminal 4 B.A. with plai. insulated head. 5d. each. Bin C80F.
Screw down terminal all metal, 6 B.A. 4d. each. Bin C21C.



TAG STRIPS. Paxolin mounted. Two lugs, one earthed, 3d. each. Bin C17A.
Three lugs, centre earthed, 4 d . each. Bin C17 B.
Four lugs, one end earthed, 5 d . each. Bin Cl7C.
Six lugs, two ends earthed, id. each. Bin Ci7E.

## 

GROUP PANELS. Paxolin mounted.
5 components ( 10 lugs), 7d. each. Bin C18CL.
6 components ( 12 lugs), 8d. each. Bin C18CC.
11 components ( 22 lugs), 1/- each. Bin C18CR.

## THERMOSTAT

These are sealed in a glass tube and break contact at $31^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\left(88^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$.). Variations of this operational temperature can be achieved by re= moving
the thermostat, from its
glass case glass case ing the contact screw. "No precise figures can be quoted, but we estimate that the limits by adjusting the screw would be from about $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. to about $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Price 3/6 each.

## INDUCTANCE TYPE ATTENUATORS



High fidelity enthusiasts will confirm that an ordinary wire wound volume control in series with a speech coil introduces distortion. We have some inductance type attenuators wound in a very compact manner with heavy stud contacts giving reactance tappings as follows : off 42, $34,23,13,7.9,4.3,1.70$ ohms. You will see that these tappings have been chosen to enable the control to be calibrated in decibels. Price $4 / 6$ each.


## SHEET PAXOLIN

Invaluable for when you are experimenting. Size 6in. $\times$ 6in., $1 /$-. Size $12 \mathrm{in} \times 8 \mathrm{in} ., 2 /-$ Size $12 \mathrm{in} \times 12 \mathrm{in}$. 3/G. Size 24 in . $\times 12 \mathrm{in}$., 6/ -

## CABLE CLIPS

| These cable clips are care- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fully made for |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| are designed so |  |  |  |
| that the edge of |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| cut into the |  |  |  |
| insulation of thecable. In ad- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| dition to their use for holding cables, |  |  |  |
| these clips are also suitable for fixing back conduit, for fixing T.V. aerial |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| masts to poles or window frames, |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Dept | Across | Admiralty | Price |
| Sadd | e Saddle | No. | each |
| (inches) (inches) |  |  |  |
| 2 | 71 | 7,000 | $9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. |
|  | $7{ }^{7}$ | 7,087 | 8d. |
|  | 3. | 3,350 | 7 d . |
| 13 | 6 | 7,001 | 8 d . |
|  | 3. | 7,086 | 6 d . |
| $1 \ddagger$ | 8 | 7,005 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ d. |
|  | 8. | 7,003 | 10 d . |
|  | 69 | 7,002 | 8 d . |
|  | 6 | 7,091 | 8d. |
|  | 37 | 3,354 | 5d. |
|  | 3 | 7,090 | 5 d . |
| 11 | 51 | 7,004 | 6d. |
|  | 34 | 7,088 | 5 d . |
| 14 | 5 | 7,095 | 6 d . |
|  | $2{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 7,094 | 3d. |
|  | 1 ¢ | 7,083 | 2 d . |
| 11 | 6 | 7,008 | 8 d . |
|  | 5 | 7,099 | 4 d . |
|  | 28 | 7,006 | 3d. |
| 1 | 48 | 7,013 | 5 d . |
| ${ }^{\frac{8}{6}}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7,016 | 4 d. |
|  | 3 | 7,101 | $4 \frac{1}{\text { d }}$. |
|  | $1{ }^{1}$ | 1,100 | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ d. |
|  | 5 | 7,106 | 6d. |
| 8 | 4 | 7,102 | 5 d . |
|  | 37 | 6,105 | 5d. |
|  | 27 | 7,104 | 3d. |
|  | 12 | 7,103 | 2 d . |
| $\underline{1}$ | $1 \%$ | 7,107 | 2 d . |
|  | 4 | 7,111 | 5d. |
|  | 3 |  | 7,110 | 3d. |
|  |  |  | 3,488 | 2 d . |
|  |  |  | 7,112 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ d. |

Special quotations to quantity

## users. <br> A MILLIBAR BAROMETER

If you are interested in meteorology, or if you think a good
barometer would help you to explain some tricky radio problem, then you will be interested to know that an article appeared in one of the leading meteorological journals, showing how the Ex-R.A.F. Sensitive Altimeter can become a first-class highly sensitive yet robust aneroid barometer. We offer the sensitive altimeters in good condition with instructions at $17 / 6$ plus $1 /$ - postage.


JUMBO VALVE BASES Ceramic 4-pin for transmitting valves. Price $3 / 6$ each. We have all other types and sorts of valve holders in stock at competitive prices.

## LITTLE COMPANION CABINET

This modern design bakelite cabinet in ivory, blue or brown is ideal for an all mains receiver complete with back, $19 / 6$ postage and insurance $2 / 6$. Metal Chassis, punched out with speaker cut out, 5/6.
Metal Assembly for holding dial and pilot lights, complete with long and medium wave dial, $2 / 6$.
Moulded Perspex Window, $1 / 9$.
Marched knobs, set of three, $2 /-$.


A complete T.R.F. Receiver can be built into this cabinet for under £6. Constructional data $1 / 6$.

## GUESS WHAT FOR $£ 5$



We have done something to the valve as photographed, but what we have done has not altered its performance in our T.R.F. circuit. We invite you to state the type number of the valve, and to the first three correct solutions opened, we offer prizes to the value of $£ 5$ to the first, $£ 3$ to the second and $£ 2$ to the third. Final date for entries, first post September 29th. The actual valve can be seen in our window at Fleet Street.

CHARGING SWITCHBOARD


This 550 watt 18 volts charging board is fitted into a steel case with doors and it comprises, three reverse current relays (cut-outs) one voltmeter, one main ammeter, two secondary ammeters, and three variable resistances for controlling load circuit-brand new in original cases $£ 6 / 10 /$ - carriage $10 /$ - extra.
Note: Illustration is of 1250 watt model which is very similar. All our stocks of these have been cleared.

## EQUIP YOUR LABORATORY

You many times have felt the need of a device which would enable you to put resistance or capacity or a combination of these two quickly into a circuit. We have a small quantity of resistance capacity boxes which, by the simple manipulation of plugs, will enable you to do this. With these boxes you can put in 1 ohm, 2 ohms, 3 ohms, 4 ohms, and so on, in steps of 1 ohm, right up to 6,000 ohms. In a similar way 6,000 ohms. in a similar way by small amounts, thus making by small amounts, thus making it simple for you to find
optimum working conditions. optimum working conditions. These boxes made for Gover while they last at $19 / 6$ each, plus $1 / 6$ post and packing. Don't delay-order by return


## ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

 MATERIALS.In addition to our large range of radio accessories, we also carry a radio accessories, we also carry a good stock of electrical wiring accessories, details of a few of these and of cables can be found below :-
T.R.S. CABLES, 250 v . CLASS $3 / .029 \mathrm{twin}$ flat, $1 / 4 \mathrm{yd}$.
3/.029 3-core flat, $2 /-\mathrm{yd}$.
31.029 twin , with, earth, $1 / 8 \mathrm{yd}$.
$7 / .036$ twin flat, $2 / 9 \mathrm{yd}$.
71.029 twin llat, $2 /-\mathrm{yd}$.
3.036 3-core flat, $2 / 8 \mathrm{yd}$.
$7 / .029 \mathrm{twin}$, with earth, $2 / 4 \mathrm{yd}$. $7 / .064 \mathrm{twin}$ flat, $4 / 9 \mathrm{yd}$.

LEAD COVERED CABLES,
250 v. CLASS
3/.029 3-core, $2 / 3 \mathrm{yd}$.
3/.036 3-core, $3,8 \mathrm{yd}$.
7.044 twin, $3 / 3$ yd.

3/.036 twin, 2/- yd.
7/.099 twin, $2 / 9$ yd.
7.099 twin, $2 / 9$ yd.
$7 / .064$ twin, $5 /-\mathrm{yd}$.

## WAR EMERGENCY TYPE

CABLES 250 v. CLASS
These are P.V.C. or rubber insulated, laid flat then braided with cotton and compounded :
$7 / .029$ 3-core flat, $2 /$ - yd.
$7 / .044$ twin flat, $2 /-y \mathrm{~d}$.
$7 / .064$ twin flat, $3 / 3 \mathrm{yd}$.

## FLEXIBLES

Maroon gauge cotton covered: $23 / 36$ twin twisted, at $6 /-$ doz. yds. P.V.C. $14 / 36$ twin twisted, at 4/- doz. yds.
Twin tlat P.V.C. for clocks, etc., 4/6 doz. yds.

## MULTICORED FLEXIBLES

All are suitable for mains work as the separate conductors are very
well insulated, then they are well insulated, then they are
covered overall either with hard covered overall either with hard
rubber, plastic or waterproofed braiding :-
10 core, at $2 / 6$ per $y d$.
7 core, at $2 /$-per yd
5 core, at 1/-per yd.


CLIX 15 AMP FOOT SWITCH
Made to B.S.S. specification, shuttered in moulded bakemoule case, $8 / 6$ each.


## SLIDELOCK FUSES

15 amp., very latest pattern for mounting on the front of instrument panels, etc. Price $1 / 6$ each.
"CRABTREE" SURFACE
SWITCHES
Lincoln all brown
No. 3000 one way.
Price $1 / 11$ each.
Standard 1 way, brown on white No. 3010, 2/6. Standard 1 way double pole, brown on white, No. double po

Orders under $£ 2$ add $1 / 6$, under $£ 1$ add $1 /-$. Postable items can be sent C.O.D., additional charge approx. 1/-. List 6 d . All pose
(2)

152-153 FLEET STREET, E.C.4.
42-46 WINDMILL HILL, RUISLIP MANOR, MDX,

## MAINS TRANSFORMERS

These transformers are all famous radio manufacturers' surplus and are fully inter: leaved, impregnated and guaranteed.
Primary $200-250$ v. P. \& P. on each $1 / 6$ extra
$300-0-300,100 \mathrm{~mA} .6$ volt, 3 amp, 5 vole, $2 \mathrm{amp}, 17 / 6$.
320-0-320, $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6$ vole, 3 mp , 5 volt, $2 \mathrm{amp}, 17 / 6$.
320-0.320, $120 \mathrm{~mA}, 6$ volt, 4 amp, 5 volt $2 \mathrm{amp}, 25 /-$.
Heater Transformer. 4 vole $3 \mathrm{amp}, 4$ volt 3 amp , $3 \mathrm{amp}, 2$ volt $2 \mathrm{amp}, 7 / 6$.
$250-0-250,100 \mathrm{~mA}, 6 \mathrm{v}, 3 \mathrm{mp}$. $4 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{amp}, 4 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{amp}, 17 / 6$.
$\mathbf{2 5 0 - 0}-\mathbf{2 5 0}, 60 \mathrm{~mA}, 6 \mathrm{v} .4 \mathrm{amp}$ (to be used on common heater chain with $6 \times 5$ rectifier), $13 / 6$. 280-0-280, $80 \mathrm{~mA}, 6$ v. 3 amp , $4 \mathrm{v}$.2 amp , drop-through, $14 / \mathrm{F}$. Drop thro, $350-0-350$ v. 70 mA . 6 v. $2.5 \mathrm{amp}, 5 \mathrm{v} .2 \mathrm{amp}, 14 / 6$. Semi-shrouded, drop-thro' or upright mounting 280-0.280 80 $\mathrm{mA}, 4 \mathrm{v} .6 \mathrm{amp}, 4 \mathrm{v} 2 \mathrm{amp}$. 12/6.
Auto-wound H.T. 280 volts at $360 \mathrm{~mA}, 4 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{amp}, 2$ v. 3 amp , or 6 v .3 amp Separate 4 v .3 amp rectifier winding (upright or drop-thro'), 10/6.
$350-0-350 \mathrm{v}, 120 \mathrm{~mA}, 4 \mathrm{v} .6 \mathrm{amp}$. 4 v .3 amp , drop-through, $21 /$-. Auto-transformer, various combinations of voltages including 110 v . 70 watt, and $3 / 4$ volts windings at 1 amp, 2 volt 1 amp. drop-through or upright mount ing, 10/6.
Heater Transformer Pri 200 250 v., 6 v. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ amp. 6/-. P. \& P. each 9d.

## ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

$16+16 \mathrm{mfd} .450 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{wkg} ., 5 / 6$. $50 \mathrm{mfd} .50 \mathrm{wkg} ., \mathrm{I} / 9$
$100 \mathrm{mfd} .12 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{wkg} . \mathrm{I} / 3$.
50 mid .12 v wkg., $1 /$.
$25 \mathrm{mfd} .25 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{wkg} ., \mathrm{I} / 2$.
$16 \times 8 \mathrm{mfd} ., 450 \mathrm{wkg} ., 4 /$ -
$8 \mathrm{mfd} 450 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{wkg}^{\circ} ., 2 / 6$.
$250 \mathrm{mid} .12 \mathrm{v} . \mathrm{wkg} . \mathrm{t} / 3$.
$16 \mathrm{mfd} .500 \mathrm{v} ., 4 / \mathrm{m}$.
$8 \mathrm{mfd} .500 \mathrm{v} ., 3 /$ -
$8 \times 8 \mathrm{mfd} .450 \mathrm{wkg} ., 3 / 6$.
32 mid., 350 wkg., 2/6.
$32+32 \mathrm{mld}$. small tube tag ends 200 v . wkg., 2 /-
$16+8 \mathrm{mfd} .350 \mathrm{wkg}$. miniature tag end, $3 /=$

## P.M. SPEAKERS

with less trans. trans.
3tin. - 11/6
$5 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 15/. 12/6
$6 \frac{1}{2}$ in. ................. 14/6 11/6
8in. ..................... 17/- 14/6
5in. Energised 750 ohm field with O.P. trans., 13/6.
P. \& P. on each of the above
$1 /$-extra.

# D. COHEN <br> RADIO \& TELEVISION COMPONENTS 

## TELEVISION COMPONENTS

by famous manufacturer, name supplied on request


FOCUS COIL............9/6

E.H.T. TRANSFORMER 5 KV.
(removed from chassis).
Guaranteed


CHASSIS-could be adapted for use with the above components. Size $97^{\prime \prime} \times 9 t^{\prime \prime} \times 3 t^{\circ}$
 BRACKET
For use with the above coils $6 \frac{10}{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{1}{4}^{\prime \prime} \times 1 t^{\prime \prime}$
price.......21

## HEATER

 TRANSFORMER Primary$230-250 v$
Secondary
$2 v, 2.5 \mathrm{amp}$.
$.5 /=$


COIL PACK. 3 wave band, 16-50 metres, $180-550$ metres, $1,000-2,000$ metres. Iron cored coils, I.F. frequency 465 kc . Size $17^{\prime \prime}$ high $\times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ " wide $\times 2$ " deep, complete with circuit diagram, tax paid $24 /=$. Post paid. MINIATURE BUTTON NEON INDICATOR. Complete with brass batten holder 200/250 v., 2/..
MAINS or BATTERY PORTABLE COILS. Comprising medium wave frame aerial and long wave loading coil, used as aerial coils. Midget iron cored screened L/M osc. coils, complete with circuit I.F. frequency $465 \mathrm{Kc.,9/6}$
6 IRON CORED LONG, MEDIUM and SHORT WAYE COILS coupling winding on all bands, $13.5-50,180-550,1,000-2,000$ merres, complete with circuit, 8/6.
METAL RECTIFIERS, 250 v. 60 mA , latest midget Selenium type, $7 /$-.
WALNUT BAKELITE CABINET. Size 12 in . long $\times 7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. high $\times 6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. deep, scale aperture $3 \frac{1}{2} i n, X 4 i n$., louvred front, complete with 3 wave-band scale, back plate, 5 -valve superhet chassls and back, 19/6. Post and packing, 2/-.
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS. Standard type 5,000 ohms imp., 2 ohms speech coil, $4 / 9$; Push-Pull 6 v. 6 matching 10 watt 2 ohms speech coll, $6 / 9$. Miniature type to sult $155,5 /=$,

SET OF 3 BROWN KNOBS marked "wave change," "tunlng," and

TELEVISION MASKS
White Rubber. 9in. with glass, 10/6. White Rubber. 12 in . with glass, $15 / \mathrm{m}$. ISin. white rubber mask, soiled, 12/6, p'us 1/-P, \& P.

Midget Components. Twin gang $\frac{7 n}{3}$. diameter, lin. long. (The dimensions of this gang are slighty deeper chan a standard volume concrol.) Pair Medium and Long iron cored wide complete with a 4 -valve wide complete with a 4 -valve polnter knob. All che items $10 /$ post paid.
All Dry A.C. Mains Supply Unic, size $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. fong $\times 2 \frac{\text { in }}{}$ wide $\times 1 \frac{1}{4} i n$. deep. We can supply a complete all-dry cirsuit, using the above Midget Components to incorporate the above Power-Unit, 19/6, post paid with circuit.
Midget Bakelite Cabinet. 7in. $\times 5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . \times 5 \mathrm{in}$. $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{w} 5$-valve $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{H}$. chassis med./long wave scale and back (takes std, twin gang condenser and $3 \frac{1}{2}$-in. speaker). $15 / \mathrm{F}$ P. \& P $1 / 6$.
Line and Frame Coll Assembly. Frame coils wound but not fitted (full instructions supplied). High impedance frame ; low impedance line, matching 5-1, 8/6.
Wave Change Switches. 6pole 3-way, 2/0; 3-pole 2 -way, 1/2; 4-pole 3-way, $1 / 9 ; 5$-pole 2-way midget, I/9. P. \& P. 3d. each.
Pre-Aligned Midget 465 Kc. Q. $120,9 /=$ per pair, post 6 d . Minjature 465 Kc I.Fs. Q.120, per pair, 10/m.
465 Kc. Midget I.Fs. Q.I20, size $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. long, lin. wide, tin. deep, by very famous manufacturer. Pre-aligned adjustable iron dust cores, per pair, $12 / 6$. Iron Cored 465 Kc, Whistle Filter, screened, each 2/6.
Valve Holders. Paxolin international octal, 4d. each. Moulded international octal, 7 d . each. EF50 ceramic, 7d. each. Moulded B7G slightly soiled, 6d. each. Line Cord. 3-way 0.3 amp., 180 ohm per yard. 1/3 per yard. Ceramic P.F.S. 3 each of the following : $330,220,180$ and 82 , 2/6.
Trimmers. 5-40 pf., 5d. 10-110, 10-250, $10-450$ pf., 6 d . Twin Gang . 0005 Tuning Condenser, 5/0. With trim mers, 7/6. Post and packing 6d. Twin Gang Midget . 00037 with perspex dust cover and trimmers, $8 / 6$. Post and packing 6 d.
Mains Droppers. 0.3 amp. 460 ohms, tapped 280 and 410 , 1/6;0.2 amp. 717 ohms, tapped at 100 ohms, vitreous, 1/6: 0.3 amp. 950 ohms, sapped 700 and $825,2 / 6 ; 0.2 \mathrm{amp}$. 1,000 ohm, vitreous, tapped, $2 / 6$. P. \& P. on each, 3d.

Volume Controls by famous manufacturer. Long spindle and switch, $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1$ and 2 meg, 4/each ; 20,25 and $50 \mathrm{k}, 3 / 6$ each. Post and pasking 3d. each.
Volume Controls, by famous manufacturer. Long spindle less switch, 5 k., 50 k., 500 k., I meg. switch, $2 / 6$ each. P. \& P. 3d, each.

Terms of business :-Cash with order. Where past and packing charge is not stated please add $1 /-\mathrm{up}$ to $\mathrm{E} /$ and $\mathrm{I} / 6$ up to $\mathrm{E2}$. Write for LIST. All enquiries must be accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

PLEASE NOTE—Regret no orders accepted from outside United Kingdom.

## MAGNETIC RECORDING EQUIPMENT

We carry extensive stocks of parts used for recording, some of which are shown hero, and offer clients an advisory service on their problems with ihis equipment.

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TYPE FP 10
4-Pole, 1,400 r.p.m., weight 13 lb . Torque, 3 in . oz., minimum stray magnetic field

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 TRAINERA morse oscillator of high quality. A five-position switch selects the desired note and controls the output level. A jack is provided for put level. A jack is provided for
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18/6
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Set of TRF coils M.W./L.W. boxed with circuit diagram. 3in. Plessey lightweight P.M. speaker

Remote control magnetic switch complete with relay and rectifier, 1 pole 2 way lin. break. For use on $230 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. rectif
A.C.

2/6 per set (postage 3d.) 6,- per set (postage 7 d.$)$ 11/
(P. \& P. 1/-) 12/6
${ }_{(12 / 6} \& P^{1 /-)}$

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Low noise level, $1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. reel .......
EMITAPE, type $65,1,200 \mathrm{ft}$. reel

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Designed for use in a single valve circuit, using a 6V6 valve, this coil unit will produce sufficient output to erase high coercivity tapes. The output is of good wave form, leaving the tape perfectly silent. Complete output is of good wave form, leaving the tape perf

Please note that this coil is only suitable for use with TAMSA high impedance heads
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For A.C. 200-250 v. only. Kit, incl, valves, for gramophone amplifier giving high quality reproduction. Simple instructions with many illustrations enable even those without previous experience to construct this amplifier. Kit complete in every detail down to solder tags and solder. Pre-drilled chassis, group board with all resistors, condensers, etc.


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Or complete with DECCA pick-up collaro ac504Mb ${ }^{66}{ }^{3}{ }^{3}$ Dectu nuin ${ }_{55} 186$ DECCA MU14 3 -speed motors ( $331-45-78$ ) with turntable. A.C.


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 BEAM FOCUSING
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| :--- | :--- | :--- | GP19L.P. Head \&2 3 CONNOISSEUR Dua! Speed Gram. Motors ............. \&20 19 3 CONNOISSEUR Pick-ups for above with one head ... \&5 148 Extra heads ................ \&3 118

 All solid brass nickel-plated construction with adjustable ring focus head. Pullout carrying loop in base with spare bulb container. All torches are FULLY GUARANTEED. Supplied ready for use, complete with batteries. Illustration shows Type $B$, with range of 400 ft ., using 2 U 2 batteries. Other types available :
Type Beam Batteries Focusing Head Price
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { A } & \text { 700ft. Three U2 Ring } & 31^{\circ} \text { dia. } & \text { 18/6 } \\ \text { C } & \text { 300ft. Two U2 Ring } & 2^{\circ} \text { dia. } & 11 / 4\end{array}$
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$40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} \quad . . \quad . . \quad 3 / 6 \quad 80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} . \quad . \quad . . \quad 4 / 11$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a} . & . & . . & 6 / 11 & 120 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, . . & . & 7 / 6 \\ 150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, & . & . . & 10 / 6 & 250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, . & . . & 15 / 6\end{array}$ $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, ~ C h o \mathrm{ke}$ Type SCR1. $250 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}, 000$ ohms, 150 H . at $75 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{a}$. ........ Price 8/6 Postage 6d. per choke extra.
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LASKY'S PRICE $\mathcal{\&} 12.10 .0$
Carriage (in wood case) $7 / 6$ extra. Full modification data and circuir details supplied.

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CHASSIS BARGAINS, EX GOVERNCHASSIS BARGAINS, EX GOVERNMENT UNITS STRIPPED OF
SPECIAL PRICES TO CLEAR.

No. 1. American Air Corps unit. Size :| No. 1. American Air Corps unit. Size : |
| :--- |
| 12 in. |
| $7 \operatorname{tin}, ~$ | ceramic int. octal valve holders, 2 panel mounting fuse holders, on/off switch, relay, 6 pot/ meters, condensers, resistances, etc. In metal case, black ctackle finished.

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MATCHING TRANSFORMERS. Type T268A. Price now reduced to $12 / 6$ each.
TYPE J/RA/1. 30 watts. HEAVY DUTY AMPLIFIER. Rack mounting, grey crackle finished. Uses KTZ63 and L63 feeding 2 KT66s in push-pull. Rectifier type U52. Meter and switch for checking all current readings. Panel light, bass brilliance and gain controls. Size : 19in. $\times 12 \mathrm{in}$. $\times 12 \mathrm{in}$. on a chassis 4 tin. high.
Carriage LASKY'S PRICE
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Wo can supply ali the components to build this set, as poving Coll tho harch issue, macluding Viaves and oving Coll speaker $10 \mathrm{~F} ~ £ 3 / 10 /-$, including Designer's sepsarmely for 9d.)

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(d) For use with superhet circuits employing $465 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{C}$ selected statlons are
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(c) $0.035020 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{l}$ (c) $0.035020 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 6 ;(\mathrm{d}) 0.040710 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 6 ;(\mathrm{g}) 0.087460 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 6 ;$ (h) $0.108435 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 9$; (i) $0.123750 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 9$; (i) $0.147000 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 1 / 9$; (k) $0.205276 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 2 / \mathrm{F}$. No further stocks (a), (b), (bl) or (e). Many close tolerance standard values may be made up by parallel or other combinations of above, e.g., $41+2 \mathrm{~K}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F} ; \quad 2 \mathrm{k}+\mathrm{g}=0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F} ; \quad \mathrm{c}+\mathrm{f}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. (A table of over 150 series and parallel combinations of these condensers, invaluable on calculating filter networks, etc., is available on receipt of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ d. stamp.)

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Completye self contained vibrapack, Input 12 volts. Outputs $120 / 150 \mathrm{~F}$. D.O. $30 / 50 \mathrm{ma}$. Choke capacity emoothed and 2 द. T. taps. Unused but vibrator contacts stuck due to long cond. etc., In metal cake dlm. : $-7 \times 3 \times 4 \mathrm{~m}$. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { CLYDESDALE'S } & 19 / 6\end{array}$

CARRIAGE

12 VOLT MOBILE AMPLIFIER UNIT Made by Parmeko, uses EF36, EC31 and 2 EL3 in Olass Made by Parmeko. uses push pull. Dynamotor powered, controls, combined AB1 push phil. Dynsmotor powered, controls, combine mictal case finlshed grey. Dim. $11 \times 9 \frac{1}{6} \times 102 \mathrm{in}$.
CLYDESDALE'S
PRICE ONLY
2 9.9 .0 CARBIAGE
AMPLIFIER A1271 IOU/549


A one caive (VR56 = EG36) Amplifier Chassis, with 401 ohm, 4 M 2 B relay, 2 tranaformers, vol. coatrol, cond., and reastors, mounted on rubber in a black finished metal rase $\begin{array}{lll}\text { CLYDESDALE'S } & & \text { POST } \\ \text { PRICE ONLX } & \text { PAID }\end{array}$

## COMMAND TRANSMITTER CHASSIS

Partly stripped by the M.0.8., less valves, coll wonding. crystal and dymanotor, but otherwise fairly intact. A fine basis for ideas in V.F.O. or Tx.
Modele BC- 457 to BC- 459 components identlical, valve types
$2 / 1625,1626,1649$ 2/1525, 1626, 1629.
Conversion suggestlons and circuita supplied
In aluminium case dim . : $-7!\times 8 \times 81 \mathrm{~h}$. Wgt. $8 \frac{1}{5}$ lbs. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { CLTDESDALE'S } \\ \text { PRICE ONLY } & 15 /=\quad \text { POST } \\ \text { PAID }\end{array}$ Converaion suggertions and circuits avallable at $2 / 6$

## SPEECH MODULATOR BC-456

Command Modulator unit with valves, 1625, 12J5. VR150/30 lesm dynamotor, otherwise complete in metal case $10 \downarrow \times 7$ $x 41 \mathrm{in}$. chasars depth 24 in .

| CLYDESDALE'S |
| :--- | :--- |
| PRICE ONLY | $19 / 6 \quad$ CARRIAGE

Crreutt for the BC-456 available at 1/3.

## TEST EQUIPMENT IE-65-A

Command кerlen Test Clear "ith 3 Antennas, 3 Test Unite, Mod. BC. 456 -IB (or E) with dynamotor, Antenna Relay, 2 Radio Control Boxcs, 2 Racks, 6 Mountinge, $1 F$ Shunt Unit. Control Unit MC-237, and 17 Cibble Assembly. CLYDESDALE'S $822.10 .0 ~ C A R R I A G E ~$
PRICE ONLY
PAID

## MICROPHONET-17B

Made by Shore Bros. of Chicago, U.S.A. Carbon handset mic. with press-to-talk switch, stowing hook, cord and Jack plug as used with Command serjes, etc. $\begin{array}{lll}\substack{\text { CLYDESDALE'S } \\ \text { PRICE ONLY }} & \mathbf{3 0} /- & \begin{array}{l}\text { POST } \\ \text { PAID }\end{array}\end{array}$

CANADIAN No. 9 SET, MK.I. with Power Supply Unit.
An eleven valve (7/ARP3, 2/12gC7, 12Y4, 0/4). superhet Receive $r$, with bult -in calibrator, $1,000,100$ and $10 \mathrm{Kc} / \mathrm{s}$. frequency range, 2 to 5 mcs ., two slow motion pre-set chamels, switched HT sad "s " vieter, HF and LF galn B.F.O., etc., etc
Separate Power Unit operated from 12 v. D.C., 115 A.O. or 230 v. A.C., with apare kit, ail valves, Aerial. Insulators. Headphones, all packed in wood case, *


MORSE KEY U.S.A. PATT. TYPE C.J.B. Marle by J. H. Bunnell \& Co. enclosed contact type, as used In American aircrait. Fintsh black crackle, Complete with contact and tension adjustments and capable of sjeeds up to $25 \mathrm{w}, \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Dim, $5 \mathrm{~s} \times 11 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$.
CLYDESDALE'S
12/6
POST
PAD

## DINGHY TELESCOPIC MAST

 A tightwelght ( 4 oz.) mast for many uses, Car Aerial, Cimera,Tripod, Fishing Rod, etc. Made of aluminlum, 7 zections Closed 14 yln . Extended 7 ft . 6 in . Diam. bame 3 in ., top 7/16in.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { CLYDESDALE'S } & 6 /= & \text { POST } \\ \text { PRICE ONLY } & \text { PAID }\end{array}$

AERIAL INSULATORS LOA/1275
Biack plastic chain inaulators, 3 unks, each 34 in. longo 1 itin. wide. Total length 74 ln .
CLYDESDALE'\&
$1 / 6$ per polr POST

HAND GENERATOR 10 watt Mk. II Deslgred for W8.48 and Ws.18, driven by two handles, complete with operators reat. Speed should be $50 / 70$ r.p.m. Smoothed outputs 162 v. 60 ma, 3.1 v, 3 A. and 12 v Generator Dim. : $-84 \times 01 \times 6 \mathrm{j} / \mathrm{n}$, wgt, 13 lbs .

MLYDESDALE'S $45 /=$ CARRIAGE
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Dim. $: 124 \times 9 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$.
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entire ignition system to be observed on the screen of the Cathode Ray tube, while the engine is running Whe Cathode Ray tube, while the engine is running.
wrom 6,12 und 24 volta D.C. or 230 v. A.C. Buift Into a black crackle case, with hinged front and carrying handle, dim.: $131 \times 8 j \times 11$ in. CLYDESDALE'S
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Containing 100 microamp Isd. 2$\} \ln$. fush mitg. meter, dial callbrated In yards; vol. controls, loggle sw. etc., in metal clyDESDALES
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Dia. or chamber, 81 in ., depth 2 in . Overall dim.: $11 \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \frac{131 n}{}$. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { CLYDESDALE'S } & 49 / 6 & \text { CAREAAGE } \\ \text { PRICE ONLY }\end{array}$

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Driven by 24 v . D.C. motor type Czan, through 2.1 reduction gear, fluld moved by two I2 tooth wheels. Satety valve fitted, Overall dimenslons $12 t \times 6 \times 6 \mathrm{~lm}$. Pumping rate:
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Metal braided sleceing 3 men. 1 yard long. 3 for $1 /=$

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$260-0-260$ v. 90 ma., 6.3 v. 3 a., 5 v. 2 a.
$350-0350$ $350-0350$ v. 90 ma., 6.3 v. 3 a., 5 v. 2 a $250-0-250$ v. $100 \mathrm{ma} ., 6.3$ v. 4 a., 5 v. 3 a. $250-0-250$ v $100 \mathrm{ma} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v} .6 \mathrm{a}, 5 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{a}$., for R1355 conversion
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$350-0-350$ v. $150 \mathrm{ma}, 6.3$ v. 4 a., 5 v. 3 a. $27 / 1$
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$0-4-5$.
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for 1355 Conversion.
$300-0-300$ v. 100 ma . $6 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
$300.0-300 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{ma} ., 6.3 \mathrm{v}-4 . \mathrm{v} 4 \mathrm{a}$. C.T.,
$0-4-5$ v. 3 a.
$350-0-350$ v, $100 \mathrm{ma}, 6.3$ v. 4 v. 4 a, C.T.
0-4-5 v. 3 a .
$350-0-350$ v. $120 \mathrm{ma}, 6.3$ v. 4 a........ v. 3 a $350-0-350 \mathrm{v} .150 \mathrm{ma} ., 6.3$ v. 2 a., 6.3 v .2 a., 5 v .3 a .
$350-0-350$ v. 250 ma., 6.3 v. 6 a., 4 v. 8 a 0.2-6 v. 2 a., 4 v. 3 a., for Electronic Eng. Televisor
$425-0.425$ v. 200 ma., 6.3 v. -4 v. 4 a. C. 6.3 v.- 4 v. 4 a. C.T., 0-4-5 v. 3 a., suitable Williamson Amplifier $325-0-325$ v. 20 ma., 6.3 v. 0.6 a., 6.3 v 1.5 a. for Williamson Preamplifier
12/11$12 / 11$
$14 / 11$

## $18 / 9$

 19191919 21/9
23/11

25/9

## 2

## $16 / 9$

$23 / 9$
26/9

17/6

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All with $200-250 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. primaries : 6.3 v .2 a. , 7/6; 0-4-6.3 v. 2 a., $7 / 9 ; 12 \mathrm{v} .1$ a., $7 / 11$; 6.3 v. 3 a.., $10 / 11$; 6.3 v. 6 a., $16 / 9 ; 0-2-4-5-6.3$ v. CHARGER TRANSFORMERS
All with 200-230-250 v. $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$. Primaries
 $\begin{array}{llllll}0-9-15 & \text { v. } 1.5 & \text { a., } 12 / 9 ; 0-9-15 \text { v. } 3 \text { a., } 15 / 9 ; \\ 0-9-15 & \text { v. } 6 \text { a., } 21 / 9 ; 0-4-9-15-24 \text { v. } 3 \text { a., } 21 / 9 ;\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}0-9-15 & \text { v. } 6 \text { a., } 21 / 9 ; ~ 0-4-9-15-24 ~ v . ~ & 3 \text { a., } 21 / 9 ; \\ 0-9.15-30 & \text { v. } 3 \text { a. ................................ } 22 / 9\end{array}$ SMOOTHINGCHOKES
200 ma 5 h .100 ohms
100 ma .10 h .100 ohms
$100 \mathrm{ma}$.10 h .100 ohms
90 ma .10 h .100 ohms
$80 \mathrm{ma}$.10 h .350 ohms
80 ma . 10 h .350 ohms.
50 ma .50 h .1500 ohms. For William.... $5 / 6$
AUTO TRANSFORMERS
100 wates $110-200-230-250 \mathrm{v}$
FILAMENT AUTO TRANSFORMERS 6.3 v.co 4 v .3 a or 4 v . to 6.3 v 3 a . 711 ELIMINATOR TRANSFORMER
$200-250 \mathrm{v} .50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ input, 120 v .40 ma output
OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS
Midget Battery, Pentode 66:1 for 3S4,
etc.
Standard Pentode 8,000 ohms to 3 ohms
Multi ratio 40 ma 30 . Multi ratio 40 ma., $30: 1,45: 1,60: 1$. 90 : I Class B Push-Pull
Push-Pull 8 watr 6 V 6 to 3 ohms..
Push-Pull $10-12$ wates 6 V6 to 3 or Push-Pull 10-12 wate to mateh 6L6, PXs 15/II 6 V 6 , ete., to 3-5-8 or 15 ohm speaker Push-Pull $15-18$ watt to match 6L6, etc., to 3 or 15 ohm speaker.

15/11 Williamson type exact to author's spec. SPEAKERS P.M. 5in. 2-3ohms............. M.E. Bin. 2-3 ohms. (Field 600 ohms.)..

RECEIVER CHASSIS, 16 s.w.g., Aluminium 10-5t-2in., $3 / 3$; $11-6-2 \frac{\mathrm{in}}{}$., $3 / 9$; $12-8-2 \mathrm{tin}$. 4/6;16-8-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. $5 / 6$; 20-8-2 2 in................. $7 / 6$ AMPLIFIER CHASSIS, $16 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{w.g.0}$. Aluminium 12-8-2 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$., 6/6; 16-8-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in., 7/11; 20-82 tin.
MISC. ITEMS, T.V. Masks, I2in., White, 12/9. Ex Gove, Chokes, 100 ma ., $10 \mathrm{~h} ., 100$ ohms., tropicalised $4 / 3$ each, 45/- doz. Ex-Gove. Selenium Rects. (Ex-New Equip.), 120 v. 40 ma., H.W. $3 / 6$ each ; $250 / 500 \mathrm{v} .100 \mathrm{ma}$., $6 / 11$. ma., H.W. 3/6 each; $250 / 500$ V. Ies ma, $6 / 7 / 6$. Ex-Govt. Receiver Units, type 7, less valves, $/ 16$.
Vol. Controls 200 K less Sw. long spindle $1 / 6$. Sectional Aerial Rods, Copperised steel Ift . in length, din. diamecer, $1 / 11$ daz., $15 /-$ gross; 0.1 mfd. $1,000 \mathrm{v}$. Tubs, $5 / 6 \mathrm{daz}$. BAKELITE CABINETS.
Premier rype 12-61-5 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. (Supplied complete with back). Brown or ivory 18/6. Following parts sold only with eabinets: Fully punched T.R.F. chassis 4/6. Ditto Superhet 4/9. L and M, 3 colour glass dials $1 / 11, L, M$ and $S, 2 / 3$. Back Plates and Brackets $1 / 3$ set. S.M. Drum Drives 2/3.

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Mains Transformers. 230 v . inpur 320 v . 70 ma . auro ourpur and $6.3 \mathrm{v} .3 \mathrm{a} .8 / 6,200-250 \mathrm{v}$. primary Secs. $300-0-300 \mathrm{v} .80 \mathrm{ma} .4 \mathrm{v} .4 \mathrm{a}$., 4 v. 3 a. $11 / 11.230$ v primary 6.3 v. $1.5 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{sec}$. 5/9. Smoothing chokes 80 ma. 10 h .250 ohms. 4/6. Electrolytics $8 \mathrm{mfd} .350 \mathrm{v} .1 / 11$.
FULL RANGE OF STANDARD COMPONENTS AVAILABLE AT KEEN PRICES. ALL GOODS GUARANTEED AND NEW, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. WE CAN QUOTE FOR ANY TYPE OF CHOKE OR TRANSFORMER, (EXCEPT E.H.T.). S.A.E. PLEASE WITH ALL ENQUIRIES. FULL STOCK LIST, 4 d . SPECIAL LIST FOR TRADE, 4d.

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Max for full stated output average Mike .003 , Gram. .3 F . MODEL $\mathrm{ACBC}, 5$ valve $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{P}$ 8-10 watt unit for records, radio, etc. Fred back over 3 stages. Output to 3, 8 ,
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All are complete with cases and
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EX-RADAR MAINS TRANSFORMERS. 230 volts, input 50 cycles, EX-RADAR MAINS TRANSFORMERS, 230 volts, input 50 cycles, $!$ phase. Output $4,500-5,500$ volts approx., $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps} ., 6.3$ volts 2 amps., 4 volts $i \frac{3}{4}$ amps., 2 volts 2 amps.; these transformers are new, immersed in oll. Can be taken out of the oil and used as television transfermers, giving an output of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps}$, overall size of transformers, separately, $5 \frac{1}{2} \times$ $4 \frac{1}{3} \times 4$ in. and $3 \times 3 \times 2 \frac{\text { tin., price }}{} \pm 3 / 10 /$ each, carriage paid EX-
RADAR TYPE 101 R.F. UNITS (new). Containing 6 valves, including grounded grid triode F.H.P., 24 volt universal motor, numerous resistances and condensers, etc., $35 / \mathrm{F}$ each, carriage $3 / 6$. RECTIFIERS (new). D.C. output 36 volts at 50 amps., complete with mains transformer, 230 velits A.C. Input 50 cycles, I phase. Output to mateh the required volrage AMPLIFIERS (portable, new). Mains 200-250 volts A.C. or stand-by voltage of 12 volts D.C., suitably matched for either M.I. or Crystal pickup and microphone. Outputs matched for $7 \frac{1}{2}$ or 15 ohm speakers, $617 / 10 \%$ and microphone. OUtputs matched for ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ or spot welding, input $200-250$ voles, in steps of 10 volts. Output suitably spot welding, input $200-250$ voles, in steps of 10 volts. Output suitably
tapped for a combination of either $2-4-6-8-10$ or 12 volts at $50-70$ amps., tapped for a combination of either 2-4-6-8-10 or 12 volts at $50-70$ amps.,
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$0-2-6.3$ volts $2 \mathrm{amps} ., 0-4-5$ volts 4 amps . twice, $67 / 6$ each, carriage $3 / 6$.
 1 phase, set at 3d. per unit, 60/- each, earriage $5 /$ Ditto for D.C. Mains, 45/- each, earriage $5 /$ - (all 20 amp. load). SWITCHBOARD METERS. 4 in . seale Moving coil (D.C.) only, 0 to 14 amps., $17 / 6$ each, poss $/ / 6$. Ditto, A.C./D.C., $22 / 6$ each, post $1 / 6$. Another 0 to 30 amps.. A.C./D C., $25 / \%$, post $1 / 6$. MAINS TRANSFORMERS (new). Input $200-250$ voles in steps of 10 volts, output $350-0-350$ volts $180 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{amps} ., 4$ volts 4 amps., 5 volts 3 amps., 6.3 voles 4 amps., $39 / 6$ each, post $1 / 6$. Another $350-0-350$

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RECEIVER TYPE 25. The receiver portion of the T/R 1196. Covers 4.3-6.7 Mc/s, and makes an ideal basis for an all-wave receiver, as per Practical Wireless, August, 1949, issue. Complete with valves type EF36 (2), EF39 (2), EK32 and EBC33. Supplied complere with necessary EF36 (2), EF39 (2), EK 32 and EBC 33 . Supplied complere with necessary
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R. 3515 I.F. STRIP. A complete I.F. Unit comprising 6 SP6I I.F, Stages, tuned to $13.5 \mathrm{Mc} / \mathrm{s}$., 1 EASO diode detector and I EF36 or EF39 ourput or video stage. Afew modifications onlyare required to adapt this unit, which will give pictures of extremely good quality. Price, complete with valves and foolproof modificarion instructions is 45/\%, plus $5 /$-carriage and packing. Limited quantity only.
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MIDGET TWO-GANG . 0005 WITH 4 W. PUSH BUTTON, $8 / 6$. $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{A}$. METER RECT., 6/m. W. 6 and $W \times 6,1 / 6$.
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 postage.
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[^3]:    * "Channels of Communication," Wireless World, July, 1947.

[^4]:    * Wireless World, September, 1949, page 322.

[^5]:    * Wireless World, April, 1950, p. 158.

[^6]:    Makers of Transformers for the Electronic and Electrical Industries

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