

World-Wide Airline Mileage Chart

43 18 3 18 90 11 78 71 46 50 44 57 59 55 72 16 15 10 70 10 34 21 46 59 39 66 22 (3 403 10 51 25 22 (5 63 62 52 46 60 38 MOSCOWULSSR.
29 113 38 37 49 39 108 37 42 14 83 63 10 63 31 32 41 40 51 33 5 41 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
22 61 53 74 02 40 03 22 11 63 05 23 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
23 53 118 99 42 40 48 4 25 73 25 (3 8 9 42 40 48 4 25 73 25 (3 8 8 29 34 36 40 50 43 79 42 67 10) 74 22 36 36 89 37 85 33 56 99 71 22 9 NEW YORK, U.S.A.
29 55 108 90 49 41 52 7 17 72 26 13 45 28 42 44 47 41 51 82 51 63 99 83 14 45 44 80 43 82 42 44 47 86 25 ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.
54 31 (108 95 54 19 28 25 42 95 6 14 52 11 46 47 52 60 55 96 52 88 121 71 23 41 49 81 52 (106 40 43 49 63 CARACAS, VENEZUELA
104 42 54 68 56 53 38 81 101 79 65 77 61 66 59 57 59 115 56 59 52 91 59 25 85 49 60 70 65 74 53 53 51 CAPETOWN.SQUTH AFRICA
49 66 87 105 5 63 56 39 51 57 55 50 7 60 4 3 5 77 6 47 4 61 72 38 60 11 4 118 9 66 9 6 GENEVA, SWITZERLAND
51 62 94 110 11 57 50 37 52 62 49 46 13 54 8 6 11 78 12 53 8 67 77 39 56 5 9 124 15 73 3 MADRID, SPAIN
51 59 94 113 14 54 47 35 51 66 46 43 15 51 9 9 14 78 15 56 12 70 81 40 54 4 42 120 17 15 LISBON PORTUGAL
53 410 32 39 61 417 411 81 65 12 107 94 60 107 67 67 62 53 61 22 61 48 17 58 88 76 64 52 60 MANILA, P.I. WINNIPEG, MAN.
40 76 87 99 8 68 64 36 45 50 57 49 3 62 7 8 5 78 9 45 12 53 69 44 57 20 5 110 OSLO.NORWAY WASHINGTON, D.C. [26]
73 64 32 44 443 67 72 87 72 62 75 78 412 69 418 418 113 47 412 71 415 58 46 84 68 118 116 WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND VANCOUVER, B.C. 238 118
44 71 88 403 5 65 59 37 48 54 55 49 3 60 3 3 4 72 7 47 8 58 72 41 58 14 HUIZEN, NETHERLANDS TULSA, OKLA, 165 106 96
55 58 92 412 15 52 46 38 54 67 47 45 17 52 12 11 16 81 16 56 12 72 79 38 56 RABAT, MOROCCO ST. LOUIS, MO. 36 179 174 86
38 46 100 80 63 33 58 21 25 70 20 11 59 19 56 57 61 38 64 96 62 70 103 92 MEXICO CITY SAN FRANCISCO, CAL 174 146 81 244 152
82 64 55 75 37 74 55 75 89 58 76 81 42 79 42 40 39 50 36 38 38 70 49 NAIROBI, KENYA
75 93 48 33 67 407 95 98 82 35 421 410 69 118 74 73 68 66 66 25 69 36 BANDOENG, JAVA RALEIGH, N.C. 183 240 64 97 243 23 436
35 444 50 48 57 403 417 64 47 12 88 74 55 89 60 60 56 38 56 32 61 TOKIO, JAPAN PORTLAND, ORE 239 64 54 473 154 26 236 23
52 69 83 101 5 65 57 44 55 56 58 54 9 63 9 7 7 80 5 45 ROME, ITALY PITTSBURGH PA. 218 33 161 221 56 92 220 19 107
58 402 42 57 43 408 92 77 70 20 102 92 43 406 49 49 44 70 41 CALCUTTA, INDIA PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEX. 144 170 438 107 142 91 59 188 154 150
40 73 81 99 2 69 61 44 52 51 61 55 6 66 9 7 4 76 BUDAPEST, HUNGARY PHOENIX, ARIZ. 86 183 102 190 51 66 126 93 124 198 138
28 75 68 51 76 66 82 46 27 50 57 48 71 55 72 74 72 MONOLULU, HAWAII NEW YORK, N.Y. 215 173 32 246 44 197 258 188 223 246 21 126
45 73 85 101 3 68 61 40 49 51 58 52 2 63 6 5 BERLIN, GERMANY NEW ORLEANS, LA 119 132 65 93 207 77 144 193 60 55 220 98 144
47 68 89 405 6 62 56 37 49 56 54 48 6 58 2 PARIS, FRANCE MONTREAL, QUE. 141 38 220 189 48 236 73 195 255 98 134 232 39 115
45 69 91 (66 9 61 58 35 47 55 53 46 6 57 LONDON, ENGLAND MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. 96 (106 (102 (130 (12) 74 (144 (100 99 (159 (46 63 (145 93 39 (145 (145 (145 (145 (145 (145 (145 (145
56 22 99 83 63 14 29 31 43 99 5 16 63 QUITO, ECUADOR MIAMI, FLA. 152 143 68 112 200 128 103 272 70 210 261 108 119 283 94 192
43 74 85 99 5 68 62 39 47 50 58 51 COPENHAGEN, DENMARK MEMPHIS, TENN. 88 70 113 36 197 126 76 67 186 64 125 180 25 34 195 77 110
40 43 140 90 54 29 42 15 28 83 14 HAVANA CUBA LOS ANGELES, CAL 161 237 153 247 169 247 37 113 214 83 224 57 34 159 127 108 230 154
55 29 98 88 59 15 28 28 42 98 BOGOTA, COLOMBIA HELENA, MONT. 93 140 227 91 184 166 194 92 140 166 52 188 41 81 124 110 55 185 73
43 (22 44 50 51 112 112 70 56 NANKING CHINA FORT WORTH, TEX 124 122 45 115 88 155 47 141 86 35 111 162 109 99 146 57 26 177 122 121
13 70 92 78 52 70 69 21 VANCOUVER, CANADA DETROIT, MICH. 103 145 198 46 118 54 53 96 49 169 137 21 197 52 149 209 46 81 198 40 86
29 56 113 96 43 52 52 TORONTO, CANADA DES MOINES, IA. 54 66 98 144 49 135 24 104 84 103 115 99 72 148 91 95 155 79 48 153 90 61
84 42 83 72 64 16 RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL DENVER, COL. 61 116 66 124 83 88 174 70 163 109 163 59 82 132 99 147 37 95 79 55 112 149 81
69 13 90 80 65 LA PAZ, BOLIVIA CLEVELAND, O. 123 51 10 106 159 206 64 111 64 49 94 40 176 140 11 208 43 157 218 50 86 208 30 86
48 73 83 99 VIENNA, AUSTRIA CINCINNATI, O. 23 409 51 24 84 151 190 42 87 60 71 72 58 158 118 26 199 40 145 204 32 66 203 40 98
73 72 20 SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA CHICAGO, ILL 25 32 92 31 24 83 128 175 49 120 35 75 84 12 140 111 41 177 64 126 185 21 60 179 60 73
83 76 PERTH AUSTRALIA BOSTON, MASS, 84 74 54 177 115 61 158 205 260 164 125 153 144 137 18 229 191 49 255 61 210 270 104 140 226 55 130
83 BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA ATLANTA, GA. 94 59 38 56 121 75 60 75 173 195 33 61 92 100 43 76 160 103 53 218 35 159 214 47 67 226 55 131
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA ALBUQUERQUE, N.M. (27) 196 112 124 142 33 83 136 56 86 67 161 170 98 187 103 181 33 57 149 112 157 50 90 93 59 130 165 114

To determine mileage between any two of the listed cities in the world, first find these two cities on the world chart (top triangle). Follow the horizontal column across the chart from the upper city, and the vertical column up from the lower city. The box at which these two columns intersect shows the required mileage in hundreds of miles. The same method applies to the U. S. chart (lower triangle) except that mileages are shown in tens. All mileages show the shortest (great circle) paths between points.

Courtesy of Radio News

This RADIO ATLAS is presented to

by

Megacycle-Meter Conversion Guide

Due to the fact that both megacycles and meters are used in reference to radio stations, it is often desirable to convert one into terms of the other.

To find the number of megacycles if meters are given, divide 300 by the number of meters. To find the number of meters if megacycles are given, divide 300 by the number of megacycles.

Foreword to Foreign Broadcast Reception

With a new 1936 American and Foreign Broadcast Philco, you are on the threshold of thrilling adventure and glorious entertainment. You'll be a Marco Polo, a Magellan or a Da Gama, faring forth at a touch of the dial into distant places and strange, exotic lands.

You'll hear voices and music from the farflung corners of the earth that will reveal to you Philco's marvelous engineering perfection. For, properly installed with a Philco All-wave Aerial, a new Philco will bring you programs from across the seas with surprising clarity, regularity and volume! Used with this aerial, the Automatic Aerial Selector—which is built into every short-wave Philco—automatically switches-in the exact electrical values needed to maintain maximum power on each wave band.

Then too, if you are to enjoy short-wave reception to the utmost, you must know when and where to tune. It was to help you in this regard that this new Philco Radio Atlas was written. All the information contained herein

is authentic and accurate to the date of going to press. Follow it carefully and you will experience tremendously more exciting reception than those who tune blindly.

Philco dials are calibrated in megacycles. Thus, the station frequencies listed in this Atlas correspond closely to the actual dial settings at which these stations are received. After making sure the station you want to hear is on the air, set the wave band switch of your Philco to the section of the dial in which its frequency is located. Turn the dial to the frequency shown in the station list.

Then with the volume turned up so that you hear a rushing sound, move the dial slowly back and forth until the station comes in. Do not expect to hear a station every time it is on the air for there are many factors which govern short-wave reception such as skip distances, storms, your particular location, etc. But tune slowly and carefully. If the station can be heard at all, your Philco will bring it in.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

World-Wide Airline Mileage Chart Megacycle - Meter Conversion Table Cover
Foreword to Foreign Broadcast Reception 1
Radio Map of the WORLD2-3
Short-Wave Stations of the World 4-5
Photos and Stories of European
Broadcasts
Radio Map of EUROPE10-11
Photos and Stories of South American
Broadcasts
Radio Map of SOUTH AMERICA 14-15
Photos and Stories of Asiatic Broadcasts. 17

PAGE
Radio Map of ASIA18-19
Photos and Stories of African Broadcasts 21
Radio Map of AFRICA 22-23
Photos and Stories of Australian and
South Seas Broadcasts 24-25
Radio Map of OCEANIA (Australia
and South Pacific)
Photos and Stories of North American
Broadcasts28-29
Radio Map of NORTH AMERICA .30-31
North American Long-Wave Stations 32
PHILCO Radio
Advertisement Inside Back Cover

Principal Short-Wave

Mega- cycles	Station	Location	Time (Eastern Standard)
		D	·
21.54	W8XK	Pittsburgh, Pa	./ to y A.M. Schodule Indefinite
4 7 70	CCC 6	Davantay England	h A.M. to Noon
17 70	WINAI	Round Brook N I	Daily 8 to 9 A.M., Iue. Ihur., Fri. 2 to 3 P.M.
17 77	PHI	Huizen, Netherlands (Holland)	,/:30 to 10:30 A.M. ex. Tue. and wed.
17 76	DIF	Nauen Germany	.8 to 11:30 A.M.
17 75	LICD	Rangkok Siam	4:30 to b:30 A.M. Irregular.
15.37	HAS3	Budapest, Hungary	Sundays 9 to 10 A.M.
15.34	., W2XAD	Schenectady, N. Y	Sun. 10:30 A.M. to 4 P.M., Daily 2 to 3 P.M.
15.28	DJQ	Zeesen, Germany	10 A M to 5 P.M.
15 76	GSI	Daventry, England	12.30 to 2.13 1 .141. HT egulat.
15.25	FYA	Pontoise, France	Daily 6 to 10 A.M.
15 77	PC I	Findhoven Netherlands (Holland)	/ to II A.M. Irregular.
15 21	WRYK	Pittshurgh Pa	. 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
15 70	DIR	7.eesen Germany	.3:45 to /:15, 8 to 11:30 A.M.
15.13	GSF	Daventry, England	10.30 to 10.45 A M
15.11	HVJ	Vatican City, Italy	5 to 7 A M. and 7 to 8 P.M.
14.98	IVH	Nazaki, (Tokyo) Japan	4 to 8 A.M. and 8:30 to 9:30 P.M.
13 04	VOL	Rucharest Roumania	Schedule Indefinite.
17 07	SIIZ	Cairo Egypt	Schedule Indefinite
13.07	VP1A	Suva, Fiji Islands	.12:30 to 1:30 A.M., ex. Sat. and Sun.
12,40,	CTIGO	Parede, Portugal	Tue., Thur., Fri. 1 to 2:15 P.M., Sun. 10 to 11:30 A.M.
12.00	RNE	Moscow, U. S. S. K	Daily 1 to 6 P.M., Sun. 6 to 7 and 10 to 11 A.M., Wed. 6 to 7 A.M.
41.00	E79	Saigon, French Indo-China	Phones Paris mornings
11 90	FYA	Pontoise France	.3 to 4 A.M., 10 A.M. to 1:15 P.M. and 2 to 3 P.M.
11 27	WRXK	Pittsburgh Pa.	5 to 9 P.M.
11 04	CCE	Davanter England	11 A.M. to Noon.
11 91	2P()	Rome Italy	.8:15 to 10:15 A.M. and 2:30 to 5 P.M.
11.80	CO9WR	Sancti Spiritus, Cuba	4 to b and 9 to 11 P.M.
11.79	WIXAL	Boston, Mass	Near to 4/30 P.M. and 5 to 10/30 P.M.
11.77	DJD	Zeesen, Germany	Noon to 4:30 P.M. and 5 to 10:30 P.M. .12:15 to 2:15 A.M., 12:15 to 5:45 P.M.
11 71	HIAARA	Medellin Colombia	11:30 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 6:30 to 10:30 P.M.
11 71	EVA	Pontoice France	3 to 4 A M., 6 to 9 P.M. and 10 P.M. to Midnight.
11 70	CIPY	Winnings Canada	7 to 10 and 10:30 to 11 P.M.
11.57	HH2'I'	Port-au-Prince, Haiti	. , Schedule Indelinite.
05	71 T	Wallington N 7	1 to 7 A.M.
10.74	JVM	Nazaki, (Tokyo) Japan	. 1:30 to / A.M. and / to II P.W.
10.66	JVN	Nazaki, (Tokyo) Japan	Tests near 6 A M
10.42	ISY	Buenos Aires, Argentina	6:15 to 7:15 P.M. Irregular.
10 33	ORK	Brussels Relgium	1 : 30 to 3 P.M.
10 14	OPM	Leopoldville, Belgian Congo	9 to 11 A.M., 3 to 6 P.M.
10 05	CITU	Cairo Egypt	Schedule Indefinite.
A 0 87	FAO	Madrid Spain	Daily 5:15 to 7:30 P.M., Sat. 1 to 3 P.M.
▶ 9.64	2RO	Rome, Italy	Tue Thur Set 3:30 to 6 P M
9.59	LIDI	Lisbon, Portugal	5:30 to 6:15 P.M. Sat.
0.50	WINAII	Philadelphia Pa	Noon to 6:45 P.M.
0 9 59	VK2ME	Sydney, Australia	Sun. Midnight to 2 A.M., 5 to 9 A.M.
0.50	HPSI	Panama City Panama	11:45 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 7:30 to 10 P.M.
9.58	GSC	. Daventry, England	6 to 8 and 10 to 11 P.M.
• 9.58	VK3LR	. Melbourne, Australia	Daily 3:15 to 7:30 A.M.
9.57	LKJI	Jeloy, Norway	6 A M to Midnight.
9.5/	VIIV.VIIR	Bombay, India	Wed, and Sat. 11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M.
a 9 57	DIA	Zeesen, Germany	12:30 to 2:15 A.M., 5 to 9:15 P.M.
0.57	CDI	Donnan Boland	Schedule Indefinite
0 54	DIN	Zeesen, Germany	12:30 to 2:15 A.M., 3:45 to 7:15 A.M., 5 to 10:30 P.M.
A Q 53	WZXAF	Schenectady, N. Y.	. Daily 5:30 to 11 P.M.
• 9.51	GSB	Daventry, England	12:15 to 2:15 A.M., 12:15 to 5:45 P.M.
9.51	VK3ME	Melbourne, Australia	Deily 5:30 to 6:15 P M
9.50	COH	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	10 A.M. to Noon, 4 to 6:30 P.M. and 8 to 10 P.M.
9.43	CT3AO	Funchal, Madeira	. Schedule Indefinite.
0.12	LIATA	Budanest Hungary	Sundays 6 to 7 P.M.
8 75	ZCK	Hongkong, China	Daily 11:30 P.M. to 1:15 A.M., Mon. and Thur. 3 to 7 A.M.
8 45	HC2AT	Guayaguil Ecuador	8 to 10 P.M. Irregular.
Ω 21	HCIR	Quito Ecuador	Daily ex. Mon. /:30 to 11:30 P.M.
8.05	CNR	Rabat, Morocco.	8:15 to 11:15 P M
7.86	HC2JSB	Guayaquil, Ecuador Geneva, Switzerland	Saturdays 5:30 to 6:15 P.M.
7.60	KKH	Kauhuku, Hawaii	Evenings, Irregular.
7 40	HIJARD	Bogota, Colombia	/:30 to 11 P.M.
7 38	XFCR	Mexico City	Sundays 6 to 7 P.M.
7 79	HIIARD	Cartagena Colombia	7:30 to 9 P.M.
7 7 7 7	HKE	Bogota, Colombia	Mon. 6 to 7 P.M., Tue. and Fri. 8 to 9 P.M.
7 17	CR6AA	Lobito, Angola, Africa	Wed. and Sat. 2:30 to 4:30 A.M.
7.08	PIIJ	Dordrecht, Netherlands (Holland)	

Stations of the World

Mega- cycles	Station	Location	Time (Eastern Standard)
7.03	HJ5ABC	Cali, Colombia	. Mon., Tue., Wed., Fri. 7 to 9:30 P.M.
6.97	HCETC	Quito, Ecuador	. Mon., Wed., Sat. 8 to 11:30 P.M.
6.81	HIH		Daily 12:10 to 1:40 P.M. and 6:40 to 7 40 P.M., Sun. 3 to
6.71	TIEP	San Jose, Costa Rica	. 5 to 10 P.M. Irregular
6.67	HC2RL	Guayaquil, Ecuador	Sun. 5:45 to 7:45 P.M., Tue. 9:15 to 11:15 P.M.
		Riobamba, Ecuador Moscow, U. S. S. R.	
6.61		Santo Domingo, D. R	11:15 A.M. to 1:40 P.M. and 4:40 to 7:40 P.M.
6.55	. , TIPG	San Jose, Costa Rica	8:30 to 11 P.M. Irregular
		San Jose, Costa Rica	
6.52	YV6RV	Valencia, Venezuela	Noon to 2 P.M. and 6 to 10 P.M.
6.48	HJ5ABD	Cali, Colombia	7 to 10 P.M.
		Barranquilla, Colombia	
6.45	YV4PC	Managua, Nicaragua Caracas, Venezuela	7 to 10:30 P.M. Irregular.
6.31	HIZ	Santo Domingo, D. R.	. 7 to 10 P.M. Irregular
6.25	HJ4ABC	Periera, Colombia	. Daily 9:30 to 11 A.M. and 7 to 8 P.M.
6.25	OAX4B	Lima, Peru	. Wednesdays 7 to 10:30 P.M.
6.19	HIIA	Santiago de Caballeros D. Q.	Daily ex. Sat. and Mon. 7:20 to 8:30 P.M. 11:40 A.M. to 1:40 P.M. and 7:40 to 8:40 P.M.
6.17	HIZABA	Tunia, Colombia	1 to 7 and 7 to 10 P M
6.17	HJ3ABF	Bogota, Colombia	Daily 6 to 11 P M
6.15	YV3RC.	.Caracas, Venezuela	. 10:30 A.M. to 1:30 P.M. and 4:30 to 9:30 P.M.
			11 P.M.
6.15	.CJRO	.Winnipeg, Canada	7 to 10 and 10:30 to 11 P.M.
6.14	CSL	Lisbon, Portugal	. 1:30 to 7 P.M. Irregular.
6.13	ZGE	Pittsburgh, Pa. Kuala Lumpur, Malay States	Sup Tue Fri 6:40 to 8:40 D.M
6.13	COCD	Habana, Cuba	10 P.M. to 12:30 A.M. Igrazulas
6.13	HJIABE	Cartagena, Colombia	Daily 7:30 to 9 P.M. Mon. 10:30 P.M.
6.12	VQ7LO	Nairobi, Kenya Colony Bandoeng, Java	5:45 to 6:15 A.M. and 11 A.M. to 2 P.M.
6.12	W2XE	Wayne, N. J.	5 to 10 P M
6.11	YV2RC	Caracas Venezuela	10:30 to 1 P M and 5:15 to 10 P M
6.11	VE9HX	Halifax, N. S.	8:30 to 11:30 A M and 5 to 10 P M
6.11	HIAARR	Manizales, Colombia	Daily 9:30 A.M. to Noon, Sat. 11:45 P.M. to 3 A.M.
6.10	W9XF	Chicago, III	8 to 9 P M and Midnight to 1 A M
6.10	W3XAL	Bound Brook, N. I.	Mon Wed Set 4 to 5 P.M
6.09	41 J	Johannesburg, S. Africa	.3:30 A.M. to 7 A.M. and 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
6.08	WYXAA	(hicago III	Thur., Fri., Sat. 7 A.M. to 4 P.M., Sun. Noon to 8 P.M.
6.08	ZHJ	Penang, S. S.	Daily 6:40 to 8:40 A.M.
6.08	CP5	La Paz, Bolivia	Daily 8 to 9 P.M.
6.07	HJN.	Bogota, Colombia	Daily 6 to 7 P.M., Sun. 1:45 P.M. to 1 A M.
6.07	HH2S	Port-au-Prince, Haiti	Schedule Indefinite.
6.06	HJ4ABL	Manizales, Colombia	Daily 11 A M. to Noon and 5 30 to 7.30 P.M.
6.06	OXY	Skamlebaek, Denmark	Daily 1 to 6 P.M.
6.06	WSXAU	Philadelphia, Pa.	Daily 6:40 to 8:40 A.M. Daily 6 to 7 P.M., Sun. 1:45 P.M. to 1 A.M. 6 to 11 P.M. Irregular. Schedule Indefinite. 1 to 6 and 7 to 10 P.M. Daily 1 to 6 P.M. Daily 1 to 6 P.M. 5:30 A.M. to 7 P.M. and 10 P.M. to 1 A.M. 7 to 10 P.M. 6 to 10 P.M. 11:30 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 8 P.M. to Midnight. 12:30 to 8:30 P.M. Noon to 1 P.M. and 8 to 10:30 P.M. Noon to 4:30 P.M. and 9:30 to 10:30 P.M. Mon. and Fri. 3 to 5 A.M. Daily 10:30 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 6 to 11 P.M., Sun. 4 to 9 P.M. 9:30 A.M. to 12:30 P.M. A.M. to 10 P.M. Noon to 4:00 P.M. and 8 to 10:30 P.M.
6.04	HJIABG	Barranquilla, Colombia	6 to 10 P.M.
6.04	PRA8	Pernambuco, Brazil	.11:30 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 8 P.M. to Midnight,
6.03	HP5B	Panama City, Panama	Noon to 1 P.M. and 8 to 10.30 P.M.
6.02	CON	Acau. China	Noon to 4:30 P.M. and 9:30 to 10:30 P.M.
6.01	ПЈЗАВН	Bogota, Colombia	Daily 10:30 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 6 to 11 P.M., Sun. 4 to 9 P.M.
6.01	7HI	Habana, Cuba	.9:30 A.M to 12:30 P.M., 4 to 7, 8 to 10 P.M., Sat. 11:30 P.M.
6.00		Singapore, iviatay (states	Mon., W.d., Thur. 5:40 to 8:10 A.M., Sat. 10:40 P.M. to 1:10 A.M.
5.00	XEBT	Mexico City	.6 P.M. to 3 A.M. Irregular.
5.00		oanto Bonningo, B. R.	1:10 A.M6 P.M. to 3 A.M. IrregularTue. and Fri. 8:10 to 10:10 P.M., Sun. 8:40 to 10:40 A.M. and 2:40 to 4:40 P.M4 to 4:30 P.M. and 10:30 P.M. to Midnight.
5.98	XECW	Mexico City	4 to 4:30 P.M. and 10:30 P.M. to Midnight.
5.96	YNLF	Managua, Nicaragua	2:30 to 4:30 P.M. and 10:30 P.M. to Midni;ht. Daily 2 to 2:15 P.M., Sun. 5 to 5:30 A.M. 6 P.M. to 1 A.M. Irregular11 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 7 to 9 P.M
5.94 5.93	HJ1ABJ	Santa Marta, Colombia	.11 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 7 to 9 P.M
5.89	H I2ABC	Cucuta, Colombia	. 10 to 11 A.M. and 5 to 9:30 P.M. . 11 A.M. to Noon and 6 to 9:30 P.M.
5.89	TGX YV5RMO	Guatemala City	.11 A.M. to 2:30 P.M. and 6 to 10 P.M.
5.82	TIGPH	San Jose, Costa Rica	.11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M. and 5 to 9 P.M. .6:15 to 11 P.M. Irregular.
5.78 5.78	HIIJ	San Pedro de Macoris, D. R	.11 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 7 to 9 P.M. 10 to 11 A.M. and 5 to 9:30 P.M11 A.M. to Noon and 6 to 9:30 P.M11 A.M. to 2:30 P.M. and 6 to 10 P.M11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M. and 5 to 9 P.M11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M. and 5 to 9 P.M5:15 to 11 P.M. Irregular7 to 9:30 P.M. IrregularWed. and Sat. 8 to 11:30 P.M.
5.15	PMY	Bandoeng, Java	wed, and Sat. 8 to 11:30 P.M. .6 A.M. to Noon.
4.60	HC2ET RV15	Bandoeng, Java Guayaquil, Ecuador Khabarovsk, U. S. S. R.	Wed. and Sat. 9 to 11 P.M.
7.20			.1 to 9 A.M.

The above information was furnished through the courtesy of the International Short-Wave Radio Club, East Liverpoot, Ohio — an organization with members throughout the world. For the PHILCO owner who wishes additional information regarding short-wave reception, including changes in stations and time as they occur, a subscription to the "International Short-Wave Radio" magazine, published monthly by this club, will prove very interesting and helpful.

COMEDY! DRAMA! SYMPHONIES!

You may hear all this and more from the

GREAT BRITAIN

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Daventry	GSG	17.79	6 A.M. to Noon
Daventry	GSI	15.26	12:30 to 2:15 P.M. Irregular
Daventry	GSF	15.13	6 A.M. to Noon, 4:15 to 5:45 P.M.
Daventry	GSE	11.86	11 A.M. to Noon
Daventry	GSD	11.75	12:15 to 2:15 A.M., 12:15 to 5:45 P.M.
Daventry	GSC	9.58	6 to 8 & 10 to 11 P.M.
Daventry	GSB	9.51	12:15 to 2:15 Λ.Μ., 12:15 to 5:45 P.M.

Nowhere in all Europe is wholly delightful radio entertainment more abundant than in England. The British Broadcasting Corporation sends out a vast wealth of varied programs for the benefit of listeners all over the world. Some are directed toward Africa, others toward India and Australia, but a great many are sent out expressly for listeners in Canada and the United States.



The Wireless Military Band with B. Walton O'Donnell conducting. This famous musical organization is heard frequently by listeners to the big short-wave stations at Daventry, England. They are shown broadcasting from one of the beautiful studios at Broadcasting House London.

When conditions are favorable, you can hear programs frequently, for England broadcasts all day long from early morning until mid-evening. And what programs! Variety shows, brilliant dance music from the smart Hotel Mayfair, the Metropole, and other centers of London night life, splendid symphony concerts from St. George's

Hall, news dispatches several times a day, enlightening talks by internationally-known personages on economic and political topics, c o m e d y sketches and recitals direct from Broadcasting House.



A dramatic sketch being broadcast from the studios of the British Broadcasting Corporation in Broadcasting House, London. Notice the unusual microphone equipment and the modernistic arrangement of clock and signal lights on the

NETHERLANDS (Holland)

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Huizen	PHI	17.77	7:30 to 10:30 A.M. ex. Tue. & Wed.
Eindhoven	PCJ		7 to 11 A.M. Irregular
Dordrecht	PI1J	7.08	Sat. 11:10 A.M. to 12.10 P.M.

The station at Huizen, PHI, is the one you'll hear most often from this little country. It is known throughout the world as "The Happy Station"— and with good reason. If you have never heard a program from this delightful broadcaster, you have a treat in store. Its programs are made

up of rollicking Dutch folk tunes, modern dance music, light opera selections and the like—music of a care free, lighthearted nature. No wonder PHI is called "The Happy Station."

And no small part of its reputation is due to its famous announcer, Eduard Startz, who acts as



Photo Courtesy Radio News Many American listeners hear Station PHI at Huizen, Netherlands, frequently. And here's the studio from which some of its broadcasts come.

IMPORTANT! To span oceans you need a scientifically designed aerial. Install a Philco All-wave Aerial to get everything your set is capable of giving.

DANCE MUSIC! NEWS! TALKS!

powerful short-wave stations in Europe!

master of ceremonies rather than announcer, on its delightful programs. Mr. Startz speaks seven languages and his happy-go-lucky, informal manner seems to take his audience right into the studio with him. Among regular listeners to his station, he is a distinct personality, a friend.

GERMANY

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Nauen	DJE	17.76	8 to 11:30 A.M. Irregular
Zeesen	DJQ	15.28	8 to 11:30 A.M.
Zeesen	DJB	15.20	3:45 to 7:15, 8 to 11:30 A.M.
Zeesen	DJD	11.77	Noon to 4:30 P.M. & 5 to 10:30 P.M.
Zeesen	DJA	9.57	12:30 to 2:15 A.M. & 5 to 9:15 P.M.
Zeesen	DJN	9.54	12:30 to 2:15 A. M.; 3:45 to 7:15 A.M.; 5 to 10:30 P.M.
Zeesen	DJC	6.02	Noon to 4:30 P.M. & 9:30 to 10:30 P.M.

The big German short-wave stations at Zeesen, just outside Berlin, provide a really tremendous amount of fine entertainment for the radio listener. Germany takes its short-wave radio broadcasting most seriously. As a consequence, no effort is spared to make its programs interesting, educa-

tional and entirely

hear stirring military

band music, gay Ba-

varian folk music

and dances, swinging

German waltzes, fine

symphonic concerts,

recitals by Germany's

most talented in-

strumentalists, news dispatches in Eng-

lish, and plays. In

fact, there's hardly

any type of program

that is not broad-

You'll

enjoyable.



Rudolph Kayssler, eminent German actor, addressing an at Zeesen.

American audience by way of the German short-wave stations

Germany utilizes a complicated system of directional antennæ which project several transmissions toward America daily. These programs are sure to be among your favorites.

cast from one or another of these stations.

LISTEN TO BOAKE CARTER OVER KEY COLUMBIA STATIONS



This is an unusually striking photograph of the transmitting antennae of the powerful German short-wave stations at Zeesen. A complicated system of directional antennae enable the German programs to be received in America almost daily.

BELGIUM

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Brussels	ORK	10.33	1:30 to 3 P.M.

This little country provides some really fine short-wave entertainment through its principal station at Ruysselede. Like so many of the European nations, Belgium foresaw the advantages of keeping in constant, daily touch with her colonial possessions. Thus, ORK is used extensively to communicate with the Belgian Congo. Tune to this station and you're quite likely to hear news and government reports, in Flemish, as well as delightful Flemish music.



A studio rehearsal at Brussels. Many of the programs you hear from ORK at Ruysselede, Belgium, come from this studio.

FRANCE

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Pontoise	FYA	15.25	Daily 6 to 10 A.M.
Pontoise	FYA	11.90	3 to 4 A.M., 10 A.M. to 1:15 P.M. & 2 to 5 P.M.
Pontoise	FYA	11.71	3 to 4 A.M., 6 to 9 P.M. & 10 P.M. to Midnight

The gay, sprightly broadcasts from France have a sparkling quality. You'll truly delight in the songs of the boulevards, the toe-tickling dance music from the cafes in Montmartre and the happy folk songs that fairly breathe the atmosphere of the French countryside.

Recently the French government improved the transmitters and antenna systems of these three stations with the result that the French broadcasts come in surprisingly well. Whenever your spirits are low and you feel the need of gay music and happy song, by all means tune to France. You'll be more than repaid for your choice.

ITALY

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Vatican City	HVJ	15.11	10:30 to 10:45 A.M.
Rome	2RO	11.81	8:15 to 10:15 A.M. & 2:30 to 5 P.M.
Rome	2RO	9.64	Mon., Wed., Fri. 6 to 9:15 P.M.
Vatican City	HVJ	5.97	Daily 2 to 2:15 P.M., Sun. 5 to 5:30 A.M.

Ever since Station 2RO at Rome came on the air it has been a favorite among American shortwave listeners. However, with the inception of the American Hour, the popularity of this station has greatly increased. No longer does the listener have to unravel yards and yards of rapid-fire Italian to identify this station, for the American Hour is broadcast in English.



Photo Courtesy Radio News

Thousands of American short-wave listeners enjoy the American Hour from Rome three times a week. Above is shown Senator Guglielmo Marconi at the initial broadcast of this program from ²RO, during which he addressed his American audience.

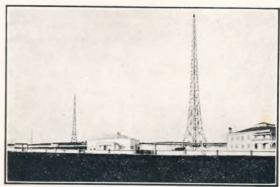
With the first broadcast of this program, Italy put into operation her new transmitting equipment which brought 2RO into many American homes at regular intervals. The programs are of

extremely high caliber—opera, as it's sung nowhere else in the world—news—dance music symphonic concerts—recitals and even lessons in Italian.

PORTUGAL

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Parede	CT1GO	12.40	Tue., Thur., Fri. 1 to 2:15 P.M. Sun. 10 to 11:30 A.M.
Lisbon	CT1AA	9.59	Tue., Thur., Sat. 3:30 to 6 P.M.
Parede	CTIGO	6.20	Daily ex. Sat. & Mon. 7:20 to 8:30 P.M. Sun. 11:40 A.M. to 1 P.M.
Lisbon	CSL _	6.14	1:30 to 7 P.M. Irregular

No longer is this little country the mighty colonial empire it once was. But the spirit of Portugal still lives, as any listener knows who has tuned to the stirring broadcasts from Lisbon. All the color and care free gaiety which for centuries has characterized the Portuguese is still retained in their music. That is why the radio listener loves to turn his dial to one of these stations.



The Radio Club of Portugal is a thriving organization. The group of buildings shown above belong to the club and house the club's own station, CTIGO, which you'll hear often.

Like many other countries, Portugal has realized the value of favorable publicity and has improved and enlarged the transmitter of the government-owned station, CT1AA. Portuguese broadcasts now reach America with surprising regularity and volume. The Portuguese Radio Club's station, CT1GO at Parede, is also heard here in the United States.

SWITZERLAND

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Geneva	HBL	9.59	5:30 to 6:15 P.M. Sat.
Geneva	HBP	7.80	Saturdays 5:30 to 6:15 P.M.

Those of you who are interested in events of international importance will appreciate broadcasts you are able to tune in from the League of Nations' stations at Geneva. From them you'll get a clearer insight into the significance of world

happenings. You'll hear the opinions and ideas of world figures. And thus you will be better able to formulate your own thoughts and theories.

The League of Nations' broadcasts go on the air once a week on Saturday afternoon. The program lasts 45 minutes, and consists of a 15-minute talk given in each of three languages, English first, then French, and lastly, Spanish.

SOVIET UNION (Russia)

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Moscow	RNE	12.00	Daily 1 to 6 P.M., Sun. 6 to 7 & 10 to 11 A.M., Wed. 6 to 7 A.M.
Moscow	REN	6.61	1 to 6 P.M.

There's a certain excitement and adventure about tuning in the stations at Moscow. Perhaps it is because of the element of mystery that surrounds the land of the Soviets. Or perhaps it is because of the excellent symphonic and choral music one hears by short-wave from this city. At any rate, Moscow is one of the most sought after stations in all Europe. To hear a broadcast from RNE or REN is a real radio thrill. Also those interested in Soviet activity will find the Moscow stations a prolific source of information and education.



You've heard about collective farmers in the Soviet Union. Here's a group of them listening in the fields to a broadcast from Moscow during a rest interval.

SPAIN

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Madrid	EAQ	9.87	Daily 5:15 to 7:30 P.M., Sat. 1 to 3 P.M.

Do you feel in the mood for a graceful tango? An exciting fandango or bolero? Or perhaps you'd like a dash of the bizarre as found in the weird melodies of the Spanish mountain folk. Then tune to EAQ at Madrid. The music from this station is thrilling and invigorating—different from



Photo Courtesy Radio News Here is one of the most famous short-wave stations in the world—EAQ. Although its studios are located in Madrid, the transmitter, shown above, is at Aranjuez. You'll get almost daily reception from this station.

anything broadcast elsewhere in Europe. It is redolent of bright sunshine, gleaming tile roofs, gay, laughing senoritas and the spirit of the fiesta.

Then, of course, you may hear other types of programs, too—classical works, dance music and news dispatches in English. Madrid is another of the European stations that are received with unusual regularity here in America.

DENMARK and NORWAY

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Skamlebaek Jeloy	OXY LKJ1		Daily 1 to 6 P.M. 5 to 8 A.M. & 11 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Because of its lively rhythm and happy character, Scandinavian music is most appealing. And, of course, the logical places to hear such music are Denmark and Norway. Both have short-wave

stations that are occasionally heard here in America. Many a listener has experienced the thrill of hearing the clock in the century-old town hall of Copenhagen strike out the close of Denmark's broadcasting activities for the day, or delighted in programs of gay music

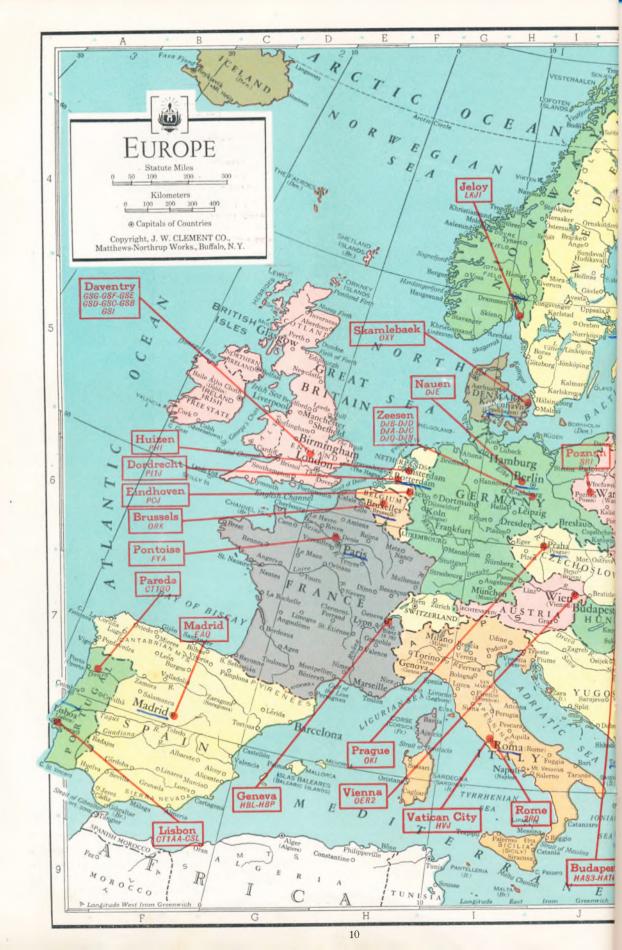


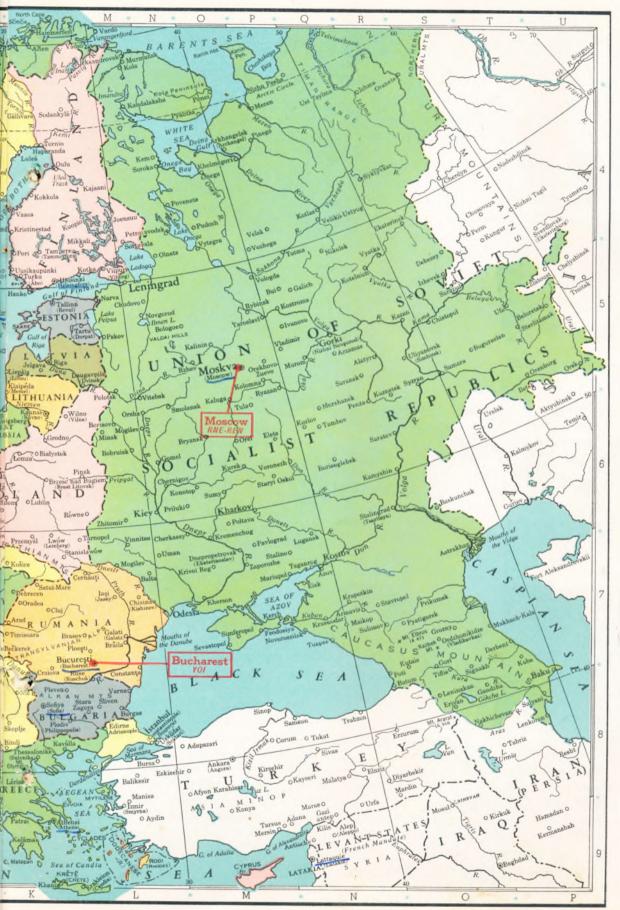
Grethe Otto, pleasant-voiced announcer at Copenhagen—one of the reasons why masculine listeners tune for this station.

from Jeloy, Norway. Once you hear these stations, you'll try for them often.

(Continued on page 20)

IMPORTANT! To span oceans you need a scientifically designed aerial. Install a Philco All-wave Aerial to get everything your set is capable of giving.





FOR PULSE-STIRRING RHYTHMS

There's a vast wealth of fine entertainment

COLOMBIA

	-	_	
Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Medellin	HJ4ABA	11.71	Noon to 2 P.M. & 6 to 11 P.M.
Bogota	HJ3ABD	7.40 7.28	7:30 to 11 P.M. 7:30 to 9 P.M.
Cartagena	HJ1ABD HKE	7.22	Mon. 6 to 7 P.M. Tue., Fri.
Bogota	TIKE	1.22	8 to 9 P.M.
Cali	HJ5ABC	7.03	Mon., Tue., Wed., Fri. 7 to 9:30 P.M.
Cali	H I SABD	6.48	7 to 10 P.M.
Barranquilla	HJIABB	6.45	Daily 4:30 to 10 P.M.
Periera	HJ4ABC	6.25	Daily 9:30 to 11 A.M. & 7 to
			8 P.M.
Tunja	HJ2ABA	6.17	1 to 2 & 7 to 10 P.M.
Bogota	HJ3ABF	6.17	Daily 6 to 11 P.M.
Cartagena	HJ1ABE	6.13	Daily 7:30 to 9 P.M. Mon. 10:30 P.M.
Manizales	HJ4ABB	6.10	Daily 11 A.M. to Noon & 5:30 to 7:30 P.M.
Bogota	HIN	6.07	6 to 11 P.M. Irregular
Manizales	HJ4ABL	6.06	Daily 11 A.M. to Noon &
			5:30 to 7:30 P.M.
Barranquilla	HJIABG	6.04	6 to 10 P.M. Irregular
Rogota	HJ3ABH	6.01	Daily 10:30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
			& 6 to 11 P.M., Sun. 4 to 9 P.M.
Santa Marta	HJIABJ	5.94	11 A.M. to 1 P.M. & 7 to 9 P.M.
Medellin	HJ4ABE	5.93	5 to 11 P.M.
Cucuta	HJ2ABC	5.89	11 A.M. to Noon & 6 to 9:30 P.M.

As you can see from the size of the station listings above, Colombia has gone in for short-wave broadcasting in a big way. Practically every city of any size in this country has one or more short-wave stations that can be heard in America. Many give station announcements in both Spanish and English for easy identification.

And what programs! Melodic tangos! Rhythmic rhumbas! Pulse-stirring paso dobles! Fascinating native folk songs played and sung by native musicians!



Photo Courtesy Radio News

One of the many fine stations you may hear from Colombia, South America. It is HJ4ABB at Manizales. Its operator, Albert Hoyn, stands beside the control panel.

You'll find Colombia a most prolific source of enjoyable entertainment. The stations at Barran-quilla, Medellin, and Cali, especially, are sure to be among your favorites for evening entertainment because they are received almost nightly with splendid volume and clarity. For sparkling, rhythmic music tune to Colombia.

VENEZUELA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Valencia	YV6RV	6.52	Noon to 2 P.M. & 6 to 10 P.M.
Caracas	YV4RC	6.37	4:30 to 10:30 P.M.
Caracas	YV3RC	6.15	10:30 A.M. to 1:30 P.M. & 4:30 to 9:30 P.M.
Caracas	YV2RC	6.11	10:30 A.M. to 1 P.M. & 5:15 to 10 P.M.
Maracaibo	YV5RMO	5.85	11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M. & 5 to 9 P.M.

There's romance in the very sound of such names as Caracas, Valencia and Maracaibo! And there's plenty of romantic entertainment broadcast by the short-wave stations in these Venezuelan cities!

The South Americans are a music-loving people. Music is their principal means of recreation and relaxation. So, when you tune to Venezuela, you can be sure you'll hear programs that are full of color and rhythm.

South American music has enjoyed an even-increasing wave of popularity among Americans during the past few years. Listen to any dance



The little dark-eyed lady who is cuddling the microphone so affectionately is Josefina Carcano, actress and singer, who has helped so greatly in making YV2RC, Caracas, one of the most popular of all South American stations.

program right here at home and notice how many tangos, rhumbas and paso dobles are included.

Venezuela is a mountainous country. Thus, the transmitting towers of its principal short-wave stations are located at very high altitudes. Perhaps this explains why the Venezuelan stations are heard consistently by listeners here in America. Venezuelan time is almost the same as that of the eastern part of the United States and therefore these stations are excellent sources of delightful evening entertainment.

Many short-wave fans make it a practice to send the stations reports of reception in order to receive verification cards which they can display to their friends. The Caracas stations oblige such writers with handsome cards bearing a picture of the transmitter.

-TUNE TO SOUTH AMERICA!

broadcast from below the blue Caribbean!



Rosario Lozada, one of the reasons why thousands of short-wave receivers are tuned to YV2RC, Caracas, each evening.

ECUADOR

Location	Station	Frea.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Guayaquil	HC2AT	8.45	8 to 10 P.M. Irregular
Quito	нсјв	8.21	Daily ex. Mon. 7:30 to 11:30 P.M.
Guayaquil	HC2JSB	7.86	8:15 to 11:15 P.M.
Quito	HCETC	6.97	Mon., Wed., Sat. 8 to 11:30 P.M.
Guayaquil	HC2RL	6.67	Sun. 5:45 to 8 P.M., Tue,
Canyaqua			9:15 to 11:45 P.M.
Riobamba	PRADO	6.62	Thur. 9 to 11:30 P.M.
Guayaquil	HC2ET	4.60	Wed. & Sat. 9 to 11 P.M.

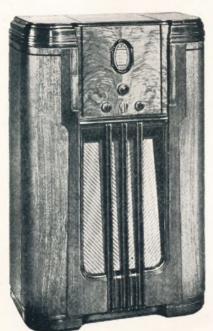
Of all the South American countries which broadcast by short-wave, none provides finer entertainment than this little nation lying right on the equator. Through HC2RL at Guayaquil, for instance, almost every type of program is provided, from splendid operas to modern dance music and folk tunes. Many a Philco owner makes it a point to tune to the stations at Guayaquil, Riobamba and Quito regularly. These stations have adequate power and surprising volume.

PERII

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Lima Lima	OAX4B OAX4D	6.25 5.78	Wed. 7 to 10:30 P.M. Wed. & Sat. 8 to 11:30 P.M.

It has been only during the past few months that stations in Peru have been heard consistently in America. The Peruvians evidently have been envious of the manner in which the short-wave broadcasts of their neighbors have been enthusiastically welcomed by listeners throughout the Western World, and as a result have improved their broadcasting equipment and adopted more regular schedules. For now the Peruvian stations are providing fine entertainment regularly. You'll find them another delightful source of rhythmic music. (Continued on page 16)

SPAN THE OCEANS



with this New 1936

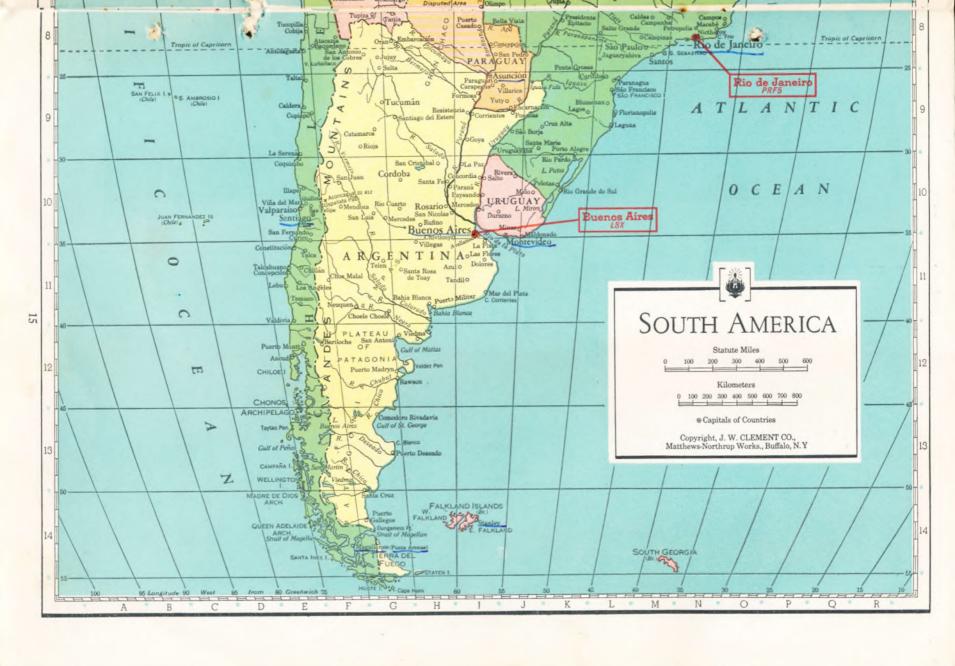
PHILCO

Enjoy the most exciting reception in all radio history! From Rome to Rio — from Melbourne to Madrid — a new 1936 Philco, properly installed with a Philco Allwave Aexial, brings you foreign programs more perfectly than ever before! Unequaled tone — exquisite beauty! Every worth while feature in radio!

PHILCO 660X An Inclined Sounding Board model that includes such outstanding features as Program Control. Shadow Tuning, Automatic Aerial Selector, Precision Radio Dial, Automatic Bass Compensation. Super Class A Audio System, etc. Beautiful hand-rubbed cabinet of selected Butt Walnut.

EASY TERMS - Liberal Trade-in Allowance

Disputed Area Olimpo



BRAZIL

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Rio de Janeiro	PRF5	9.50	Daily 5:30 to 6:15 P.M. 2:30 to 8:30 P.M.
Pernambuco	PRA8	6.04	

While Brazil is not the prolific short-wave broad-caster that many of its South American neighbors are, its powerful station at Rio de Janeiro, PRF5, broadcasts some highly interesting entertainment every day. When this station first went on the air, its identity was unknown for several weeks because of its varying announcements entirely in Portuguese. However, the Radio Club of Brazil began to broadcast programs over it and announcements were then made in English and the mystery solved.



Photo Courtesy Radio News

Entrance to Station PRF5 at Rio de Janeiro—for some time a mystery station to the world's short-wave listeners. Thick jungle was cleared to build this popular broadcaster.

BOLIVIA

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1		p	۵.	,	

Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard
CP5	6.08	Daily 8 to 9 P.M.

Located high up in the Andes Mountains, station CP5 at La Paz is said to be the highest broadcasting station in the world. It puts out daily transmissions and its splendid situation has made its programs heard throughout the North American continent. Like programs from other South American countries, those from Bolivia are filled with the sparkle and gaiety inherent in the Latin race.

Today's LOW Prices

make it advantageous to

RE-TUBE NOW

Improve the performance of your radio with

PHILCO Efficiency TUBES

ARGENTINA

 Location
 Station
 Freq.
 Time (Eastern Standard)

 Buenos Aires
 LSX
 10.35
 6:15 to 7:15 P.M. Irregular

When Commander Byrd and his expedition were in the Antarctic, station LSX at Buenos Aires,

Argentina, provided some of the most fascinating short-wave entertainment the listener could possibly wish for. Now, however, the Argentine stations are heard only during special test programs and when special events are being broadcast.



broadcast.

Chile also possesses short-wave stations, one of which,

Bibita Bravo, charming young pianist, whose playing of both American and Latin-American selections has endeared herself to listeners to Station YV2RC at Caracas.

at Santiago, has been heard occasionally by listeners in the United States. However, it does not have a definite broadcasting schedule and is used primarily for commercial phone communication.

SPANISH IN ONE LESSON

A knowledge of Spanish is invaluable to those who listen to South American short-wave stations. However, to those who do not have this knowledge, the following table showing how the letters and numerals sound when pronounced in Spanish, should be helpful.

A—ah	S—essay
B—bay	T—tay
C—say	U—00
D—day	V—vay
E-ay	W—dooblevay
F-effay	X—ekis
G—hay	Y-egrey
H—ah-hay	Z—zed
I—ee	1—uno
J—hotah	2—doce
K—kah	3—trace
L—ellay	4—kuahtro
M—emmay	5—sinko
N—ennay	6—sase
O—o	7—sate
P—pay	8—acho
Q—coo	9—nuayvay
R—erray	10—deeze

J. F. Autchison. ETHIOPIA

HISTORY

The true origin of the Ethiopian people is shrouded in the mists of antiquity. It is generally accepted, however, that Ethiopia was the Biblical Land of Kush, mentioned so many times in the Old Testament. The first ruler of which we have any record is the half legendary, half real Queen of Sheba, who in approximately 1000 B. C. journeyed to Jerusalem where she fell in love with King Solomon and bore him a son, Menelik. The child was educated by the King in Jerusalem and when of age returned to Ethiopia to rule as Menelik I. So universally consistent are the records concerning the Queen of Sheba and Menelik that many students of Ethiopia are inclined to believe it historically accurate. Added authenticity is supplied by the fact that Ethiopia's central province, Shoa, is also known as Shoba and Sheba.

It is from Menelik I that the reigning families of Ethiopia have descended in an unbroken line. The present ruler, Emperor Haile Selassie, is one of this line.



Wide World Photo

Aksum, Ethiopia--Scene as the High Priests gather for the annual religious fete at the Zion Church here. This edifice is but one of many located in this Ethiopian holy city. Aksum is one of the cities which have been captured by the Italians.

In the early history of this empire, Egypt was the controlling power and Ethiopia had to pay heavy tribute to the pharaohs. In about 800 B. C., however, Ethiopia conquered the Egyptians and became a free and independent nation. As such, it has remained ever since.

For several centuries Ethiopia controlled Egypt and the entire northeastern part of Africa. The Assyrian, Esarhaddon, finally overran Egypt in 672 B. C. and Ethiopian rule was thenceforth confined to their own country. In approximately 300 A. D., Christianity was introduced in Ethiopia by two Phoenician missionaries, Aedesius and St. Frumentius, who were shipwrecked and made pris-



Wide World Photo

Addis Ababa-Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia reviews his troops at the parade grounds just outside the city. Many of the Emperor's troops are completely equipped with uniforms but few wear shoes, the great majority going barefoot.

oners by the Ethiopians. While in slavery, St. Frumentius taught the Christian religion and was finally consecrated a bishop.

During the next few centuries little is known of Ethiopia except that it was engrossed in repelling the invasions of the Moslems and in trying to bring back under Ethiopian rule various provinces which seceded and declared themselves independent.

Under Theodore II, however, the empire was moulded once more into a cohesive unit. Theodore was followed by Menelik II who continued to hold the empire together. After an extremely weak ruler, Lij Yasu, was overthrown, the present emperor, Haile Selassie, took the reins of government.

Haile Selassie has done more for Ethiopia than any of his predecessors. He has modernized his domain tremendously, building roads, installing

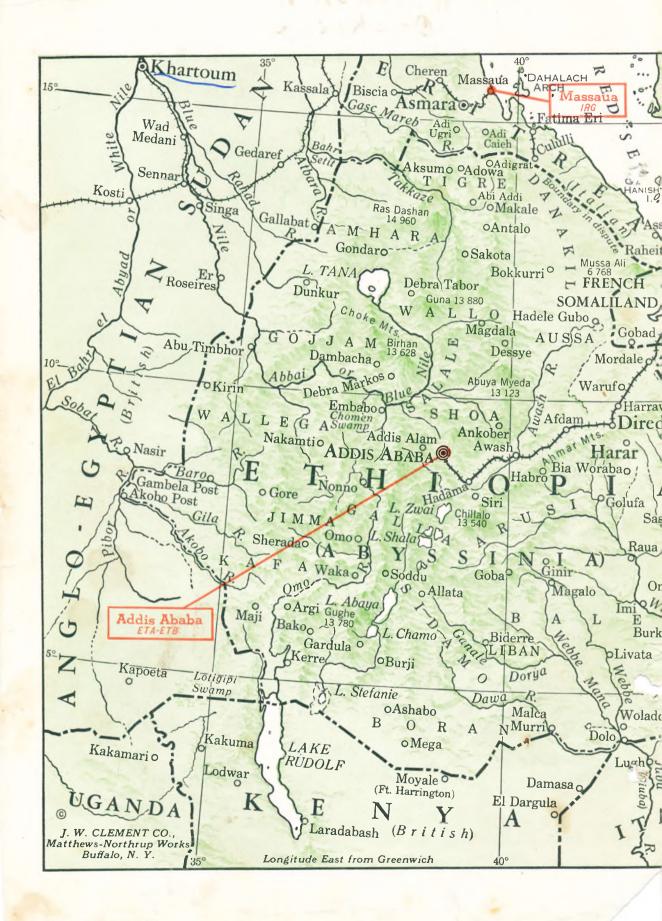
modern plumbing and electric lights, and constructing modern buildings. One of his children has attended school in Europe, absorbing the knowledge and culture of today and it is the emperor's intention that all of his children shall enjoy the same opportunity. Thus, the future progress of his country is assured.



A soldier of the old school-Ras Fiturari of Abbie, a fear-less and loyal warrior who holds a position in the Ethiopian army equal to that of a colonel. Note his lion mane headdress, one of his many trophies of the "kill".

The present war is not the only time Italy has invaded Ethiopia. The first attempt was in 1887 when the Italians were mercilessly defeated

(Continued on back page)





FOLLOW DAILY DEVELOPMENTS ON THIS MAP OF ETHIOPIA

You can add greatly to your knowledge of the Italo-Ethiopian situation by using this map in connection with newspaper and radio reports. When battles take place you can see just where they are fought. When gains are made you can follow them and better understand their significance. And because this map shows the topography of the country as well as the towns and cities, you can appreciate at all times the natural hazards with which the armies are contending. Use this map daily. It will make the happenings in Ethiopia tremendously more interesting and understandable.

Listen To Foreign Broadcast Stations on a New 1936

PHILCO

You can hear history in the making with a powerful new Philco. For there are several stations in Europe from which you can get almost daily reports on the situation in Africa and the efforts of the League of Nations to secure peace. Here is a list of the most important stations together with their frequencies and the times of their news broadcasts:

```
GSB London 9.51 megacycles 7:45 P.M. (Eastern Time)
                               7:45 P.M. (Eastern Time)
GSA London 6.05 megacycles
GSC London 9.58 megacycles 10:45 P.M. (Eastern Time)
GSL London 6.11 megacycles 10:45 P.M. (Eastern Time)
DJA Berlin 9.56 megacycles 8:15 P. M.
DJN Berlin 9.54 megacycles 8:15 P. M.
                                         (Eastern Time)
             9.54 megacycles
                                         (Eastern Time)
             6.02 megacycles
DJC Berlin
                               8:15 P.M. (Eastern Time)
                              5:15 P.M. (Eastern Time)
EAQ Madrid 9.87 megacycles
             9.64 megacycles M, W, F, 6 to 7:30 P.M.
                                         (Eastern Time)
HBP Geneva 7.80 megacycles
                               Sat. 5:30 to 6:15 P.M.
                                         (Eastern Time)
HBL Geneva 9.59 megacycles
                               Sat. 5:30 to 6:15 P.M.
                                         (Eastern Time)
```

In addition to these, there is Station IRG at Massaua, Eritrea, on 14.74 megacycles and Station ETA at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, on 11.98 megacycles which may be picked up occasionally sending news bulletins to Europe. A Station ETB also at Addis Ababa on 7.62 megacycles is likewise reported to be on the air.

(Continued from front page)

at Aduwa. Following that defeat, Italy recognized the independence of Ethiopia. In 1906, Great Britain, Italy and France agreed to protect the independence of this country and in 1925, Great Britain and Italy stipulated more completely their intentions regarding Ethiopia. Italy was to give



Wide World Photo

The arrival in Addis Ababa of a minor chief with his retinue of rifemen. Under the feudal system in Ethiopia, each chief has to supply so many men to the army in case of national necessity, the number depending upon his importance.

Great Britain a free hand in its irrigation projects at Lake Tana, while Great Britain agreed not to oppose Italy's projected railroad between Eritrea and Italian Somaliland. In 1928, Italy and Ethiopia signed a twenty-year treaty in which Ethiopia was to have free use of the Italian port of Assab in Eritrea.

The country itself, approximately 350,000 miles in area, consists chiefly of an irregular, elevated table-land with a general elevation of 6,500 feet and rising in some parts to 10,000 feet. Its mountains rise to nearly 15,000 feet. One of the distinctive features of Ethiopia, and one that has been largely responsible for its independence for

centuries, is the high escarpment that surrounds practically the entire central portion of the country. This escarpment rises almost sheer in some places to a height of 8,000 to 10,000 feet, forming a vast retaining wall along the

Wide World Photo An Ethiopian soldier wearing his rifle beneath the peak of his cape where it is protected from wet and damp weather. Note the white tunic and trousers and the shoeless feet—all characteristic of the average Ethiopian.



top of which are located many of the important towns. This wall of rock is broken only in places by deep, rocky, almost impassable ravines and gorges. Thus, Ethiopia is naturally isolated on all sides and this is the reason why it has been unconquered for thousands of years.

There are two seasons, the rainy which lasts from June to September and the dry which comprises the rest of the year.

Its climate is determined by altitude. The low-lands are terrifically hot and unhealthy and are shunned by the natives. In Danakil province, a temperature of 160° has been recorded. The vegetation here is tropical, consisting of sugar cane, cotton, coffee, indigo, aloe, baobab, tamarind, banana, sycamore, fig and acacia. In the uplands, bamboo, palms, bananas, wheat, tobacco, pomegranates, oranges, lemons, olives and peaches are grown. In the highlands, where the elevation rises to nearly 10,000 feet, wheat, barley and oats are raised. Here also great numbers of cattle graze.



Wide World Photo Addis Ababa—Here at the capital of Ethiopia, natives are pounding war drums, the primitive means of communication still used throughout the country. These drums beat out the first warning that Ethiopia was being invaded by the Italians.

Animal life is represented in the lowlands by the elephant, rhinocerous, hippopotamus, zebra, giraffe, gazelle and many birds, reptiles and insects; and in the highlands by the buffalo, antelope, lynx, hyena and lion. Minerals found in Ethiopia are iron, gold, coal, saltpetre, sulphur, copper and silver.

Because the interior of this African kingdom is so inaccessible, little is known about it and its estimated 10,000,000 inhabitants. Consequently few travelers have visited it. It was only in 1917 that the French completed the present railroad from Djibouti to the capital, Addis Ababa, a city of 60,000-70,000. It is the only railroad in the country, running 487 miles across French Somaliland into the interior. The only other entrances to the country are faintly defined trails or caravan routes.

LIKE ADVENTURE? TRY ASIA!

Here's a fertile field for radio exploration!

JAPAN

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Nazaki(Tokyo)	JVH	14.60	4 to 8 A.M. & 8:30 to 9:30 P.M.
Nazaki(Tokyo)	JVM	10.74	1:30 to 7 A.M. & 7 to 11 P.M.
Nazaki(Tokyo)	JVN	10.66	3 to 8 A.M.

A good example of how short-wave broadcasting is slowly but surely improving, enabling the listener to hear programs from the other side of the world, is found in the broadcasts from Japan. A year ago short-wave broadcasts from Tokyo were intercepted but rarely by listeners here in America. But now, several of the Tokyo stations are heard more regularly. In fact, special broadcasts are being sent out for listeners in America.



Photo Courtesy Radio News Young Nippon listens-in. These little Japanese are children of Rear Admiral Yamamoto. They are listening to their father's voice as he broadcasts by short-wave from London.

And the programs from Tokyo are like nothing you ever heard before! Many a Philco owner, under favorable conditions, finds a particular delight in listening to quaint Japanese music.

INDIA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Bombay	VUY- VUB	9.57	Wed. & Sat. 11 A.M. to 12:30 P.M.
Calcutta	VUC	6.11	Daily 9:30 A.M. to Noon, Sat. 11:45 P.M. to 3 A.M.

India, unfortunately, is one of the sections of the world from which short-wave entertainment cannot be obtained with any degree of regularity. For some unknown reason, the English have not given their Indian broadcasting stations anywhere near the power of those in England or Australia. The result is that reception of either the Bombay or the Calcutta stations is a real event in the life of any short-wave fan.

SIAM and INDO-CHINA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
		SIA	M
Bangkok	HSP		4:30 to 6:30 A.M. Irregular
	FRE	NCH IN	DO-CHINA
Saigon	FZS	11.99	Phones Paris mornings
	STRAI	TS SET	TLEMENTS
Penang	ZHJ	6.08	Daily 6:40 to 8:40 A.M.
		ALAY S	STATES
Kuala Lumpur	ZGE	6.13	Sun., Tues., Fri. 6:40 to 8:40 P.M.
Singapore	ZHJ	6.01	Mon., Wed., Thurs. 5:40 to 8:10 A.M. Sat. 10:40 P.M. to 1:10 A.M.

Siam is another of the Asiatic countries from which reception is uncertain. However, the station at Bangkok has been logged by more than one persevering Philco owner. And the peculiar type of Oriental entertainment to which they have been treated, has more than amply repaid them for their early morning exploration of the dial. Saigon, in French Indo-China, has been heard a little more frequently, for the French use this station to communicate directly with Paris.

OTHER COUNTRIES

Location	Station	Freq. Time (Eastern Standard)
Shamahai	XGW	CHINA
Shanghai Hongkong	ZCK	10.42 Tests near 6:00 A.M
nongkong	ZCK	8.75 Daily 11:30 P.M. to 1:15 A.M. Mon. & Thurs. 3 to 7 A.M.
Macau	CQN	6.02 Mon. & Fri. 3 to 5 A.M.
Khabarovsk	RV15	SIBERIA 4.25 1 to 9 A.M.

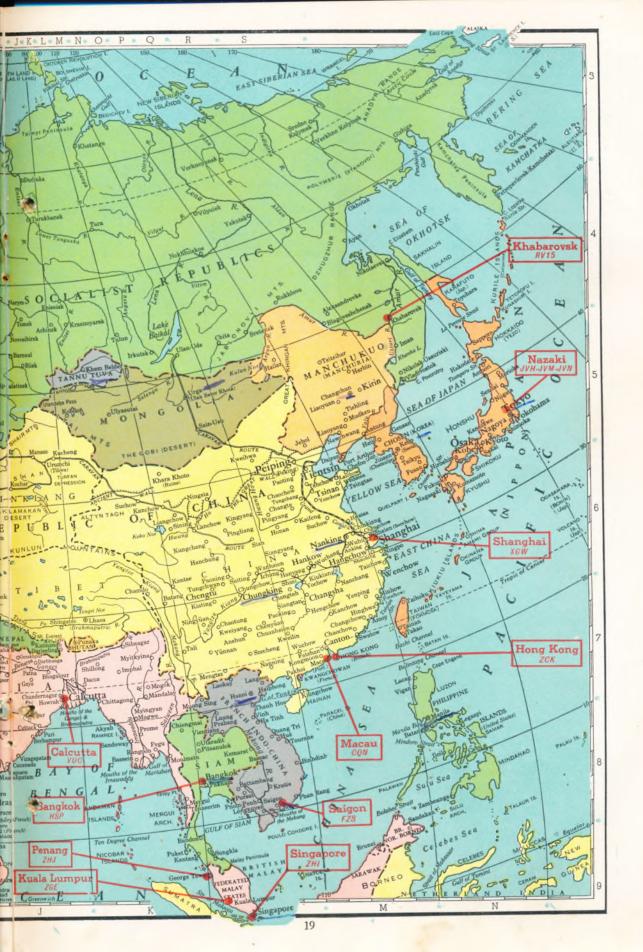
The Orient is full of exciting adventure for those who have the true spirit of exploration within them—for those who like to travel unbeaten



Comrade Ikramov, lute player, who is attached to the Tashkent Radio Centre, in Tadjikistan, Central Asia. Many unusual broadcasts come from stations in the U. S. S. R.

aerial highways that lead to Siberia, China, the Malay States and other far-off lands. The average listener, however, should not expect to hear these stations because of the many factors involved.





HUNGARY

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Budapest	HAS3	15.37	Sundays 9 to 10 A.M.
Budapest	HAT4	9.12	Sundays 6 to 7 P.M.

Until only recently, Hungary could not be heard on the short-waves. Now, however, it is on the air with a regular broadcasting schedule. While not received here in America as regularly or as strongly as other European stations, excellent music



Almost every conceivable type of music is sent out by the short-wave stations of the world. For instance, here is a group of Blaa Mountain pipers broadcasting through the Vienna station.

is occasionally heard from the two stations HAS-3 and HAT-4. Hungary has become musically famous through Liszt's Hungarian Rhapsodies and through countless Hungarian dances by other composers. And this is in large part the type of music one may hear from Budapest—ranging all the way from somber symphonies to joyous, lilting gypsy music.

OTHER COUNTRIES

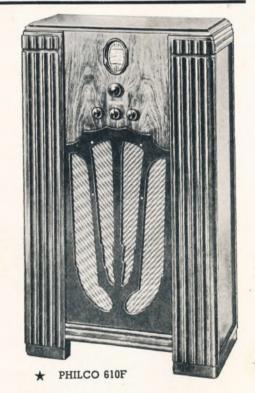
Station	Freq. Ti	me (Eastern Standard)
CZI	ECHOSLOV	AKIA
OKI	21.02	Schedule Indefinite
	AUSTRIA	1
OER2	6.07	1 to 6 & 7 to 10 P.M.
	ROUMAN:	IA
YOI	13.94	Schedule Indefinite
	POLAND	
SRI	9.57	Schedule Indefinite
	OKI OER2 YOI	CZECHOSLOV OKI 21.02 AUSTRIA OER2 6.07 ROUMAN YOI 13.94 POLANI

The stations listed above are those which, because of insufficient power or irregular broadcasting schedules, are not heard regularly here in America. Don't expect to hear these stations, therefore, every time they are supposed to be on the air. However, when atmospheric conditions are extremely favorable, you may suddenly find one or more of them coming in.

First Choice! New 1936 PHILCO

You must see and hear the brilliant new 1936 Philcos to fully appreciate their remarkable tone, performance, beauty and value! Then you will understand why Philco is the "World's Fastest Selling Radio" — "first choice" of the nation!

Come in — see this Philco 610F today! It's a full-sized floor type model that, properly installed with a Philco All-wave Aerial, gives thrilling American and Foreign reception — at an amazingly low price! Latest features — beautiful satin-finish Walnut cabinet.



EASY TERMS
LIBERAL TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE

EXPLORE AFRICA BY RADIO!

There's adventure in reception from the Dark Continent

MOROCCO

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Rabat	RABAT	12.83	Sundays 7:30 to 9 A.M.
Rabat		8.05	Sundays 2:30 to 5 P.M.

When you tune for African stations, you stand upon the threshold of the great unknown. For African stations have considerably lower power than most of the other stations you'll hear. Consequently, you'll need a plentiful supply of luck as well as a powerful receiver to log this elusive continent. Take Morocco for example. Some time ago this station was heard almost weekly but recently it has been received but rarely. The stations at Rabat are owned by the French government and send programs to France in return for programs from the stations at Paris. If you hear "Radio-Maroc," be prepared for anything from scintillating French dance music to exciting desert songs broadcast by native musicians.

EGYPT

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Cairo	SUZ	13.83	Schedule Indefinite
Cairo	SUV	10.05	Schedule Indefinite

Egypt is one part of Africa which is heard from more often than other sections. Although the short-wave stations in this country are primarily phone stations used for radiophone communication between Cairo and the rest of the world, occasionally you may hear unusual broadcasts. Both SUV and SUZ will verify reception reports if you enclose an International Reply Coupon with your report. Thus these stations are tuned for regularly by the fan who would add Africa to his list of continents received.



"Camel bells from Cairo!" Many a short-wave listener has heard them from just such a camel train as this. For this unique broadcast was just one that has been heard from the stations at Cairo.

BELGIAN CONGO

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Leopoldville	OPM	10.14	9 to 11 A.M.; 3 to 6 P.M.

What thrilling stories the Belgian Congo has given the world! It was here, in the very heart of "darkest Africa," that one of the greatest adventures of all time was staged—Stanley's search for Livingstone. The world waited for years after Stanley's entrance into the jungle before it knew the results of that expedition. Now, however, the Belgian government has a fairly powerful short-wave station at Leopoldville which maintains a regular schedule with ORK, Brussels.



Photo Courtesy Radio News This little station, located at Lobito, Angola, in Portuguese West Africa, is the object of diligent tuning by avid shortwave fans all over the world. Call letters are CR6AA.

OTHER AFRICAN STATIONS

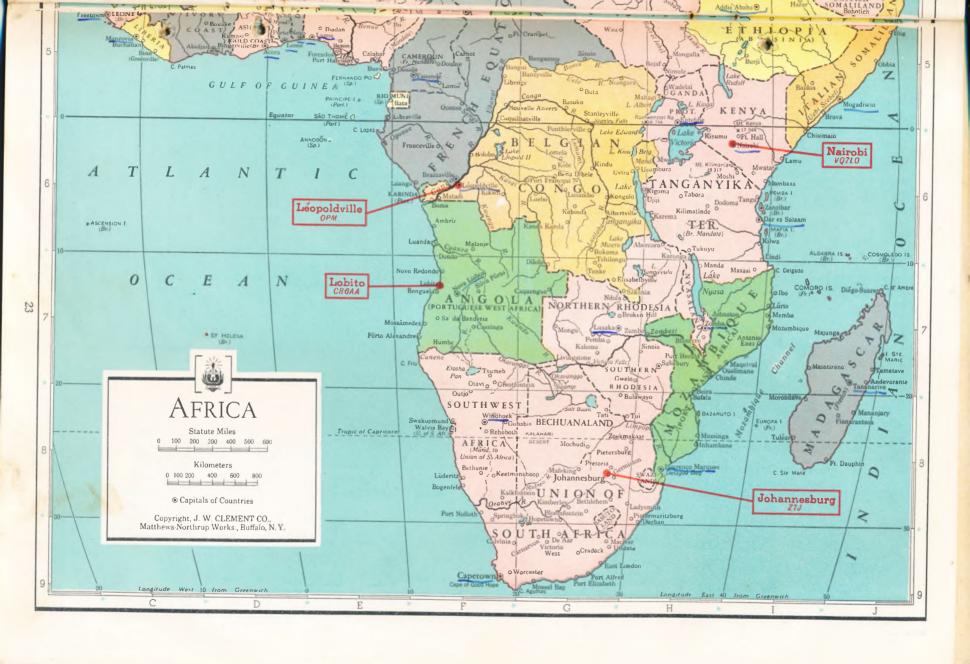
Location	Station Freq. Time (Eastern Standard)
Funchal	MADEIRA ISLANDS CT3AQ 9.37 Schedule Indefinite
	UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

Johannesburg ZTJ 6.99 3:30 A.M. to 7 A.M. & 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Lobito CR6AA 7.17 Wed. & Sat. 2:30 to 4:30 A.M.

KENYA COLONY Nairobi VQ7LO 6.12 5:45 to 6:15 A.M. & 11 A.M. to 2 P.M.

You'll have to wait until reception conditions are extremely favorable to "catch" these stations. Nairobi, Johannesburg and Lobito operate on regular schedules, but they are not large transmitters and, as a consequence, are heard only by the avid fan who is willing to tune for them regularly, usually in the small hours of the morning. If you are successful in picking them up, you'll experience a thrill few others have enjoyed.



LISTEN TO ENTERTAINMENT

Australia and the islands of the South Seas

AUSTRALIA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Sydney	VK2ME	9.59	Sun. Midnight to 2 A.M., 5 to 9 A.M.
Melbourne Melbourne	VK3LR VK3ME	9.58 9.51	Daily 3:15 to 7:30 A.M. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. 5

No matter how many times you might receive the delightful broadcasts from Australia, you'll always feel excited at hearing voices and music from the other side of the globe! And that means many a thrill, because the Australian stations have the happy faculty of reaching America with surprising regularity. In fact, many experienced shortwave fans look upon the two principal stations, VK2ME and VK3ME, as "locals" because of the frequency with which their programs are heard. Experience counts in getting these stations.

Stirring symphonies, light opera selections, news



Captain Atkins, whose band is broadcast from VK2ME, Sydney, Australia.

dispatches, dance music, and variety programs are broadcast. And, of course, announcements are in the broadest of British accents. For, thousands of miles from the mother country though it is, Australia is typically British in speech, music, and customs. Unfortunately, however, to hear the Australian stations at their best, you'll have to get up early, for their broadcasts are strongest between

5 and 8 A. M., Eastern Standard Time.

REPLACE with

PHILCO

High-Efficiency TUBES

and improve your radio's performance

New LOW Prices!



The Sydney Symphony Orchestra which plays occasional concerts over the Australian short-wave station, VK2ME.

JAVA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Bandoeng Bandoeng	YDA PMY	6.12 5.15	5 to 11 A.M. Irregular 6 A.M. to Noon

Next to Australia, Java is probably the most productive of short-wave entertainment from the other side of the world. Java is but a small island compared to neighbors like Sumatra and Borneo. Yet it is said to have more short-wave stations for its size than any other country. One or two of these stations provide fairly consistent broadcasting.

Java belongs to the Netherlands. Consequently the language is Dutch. But the entertainment which comes from Java may be anything from the latest dance tune to strange, ccremonial music played by Javanese natives. Tune your Philco to Java for some of the greatest thrills short-wave radio has to offer.

FIJI ISLANDS

Location Suva PlA 13.

Freq. Time (Eastern Standard)
13.07 12:30 to 1:30 A.M. ex. Sat.

Here is another fascinating part of the world! The Fiji Islands have only recently been "discovered" by the short-wave listener, for only recently have they had a short-wave broadcasting station with sufficient power to reach American listeners. Every night finds hundreds of short-wave fans turning their dials toward Suva in the South Seas in search of radio adventure and romance. Why not join them? You'll have lots of fun.

FROM "WAY DOWN UNDER"!

broadcast fascinating, thrilling programs!

OTHER SOUTH PACIFIC SHORT-WAVE STATIONS

Location Wellington NEW ZEALAND
ZLT 11.05 1 to 7 A.M.
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
KAY 14.98 5 to 7 A.M. & 7 to 8 P.M.

Manila KAY

HAWAII
KKII 7.52 Evenings Irregular

Although New Zealand possesses several shortwave broadcasting stations, this country is not one upon which you'll depend for everyday entertainment. It is one of those which you can hear only when conditions are extremely favorable.

The Philippines have several high-powered stations, the most frequently heard of which is KAY at Manila. Hawaii also is heard through any of several stations at Kauhuku. But they are phone stations used primarily for communication work between these points and the United States. Occasionally, however, they may be picked up relaying special broadcasts to or from America.

AERIAL DESIGN NOW HIGHLY IMPORTANT

For reception of stations on the other side of the world, the importance of having a Philco All-wave Aerial cannot be emphasized too strongly. Signals from stations like Melbourne, Bandoeng and Suva are extremely faint after traveling thousands of miles and it is absolutely essential that you have not only a powerful receiver but an aerial system that is especially designed to pull in these faint signals.

The Philco All-wave Aerial is specially engineered for this purpose. And in addition, it reduces to a minimum man-made static and local electrical interference. This aerial, then, does two things: it pulls in weak stations from really tremendous distances and it cuts down the noise so that you can identify these stations with greater ease and get more enjoyment from your armchair travels.

Travel Abroad

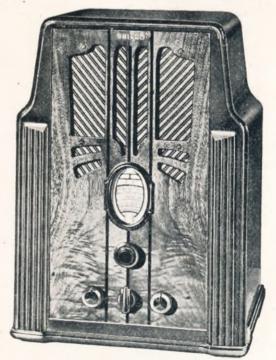
with this New 1936

PHILCO

You'll be delighted with the unusually clear tone, power and foreign reception of this latest Baby Grand Philco, properly installed with a Philco All-wave Aerial! You'll admire the beauty and grace of its newly designed cabinet — and you'll be amazed at its remarkably low price! Only Philco gives you every worth while feature in radio!

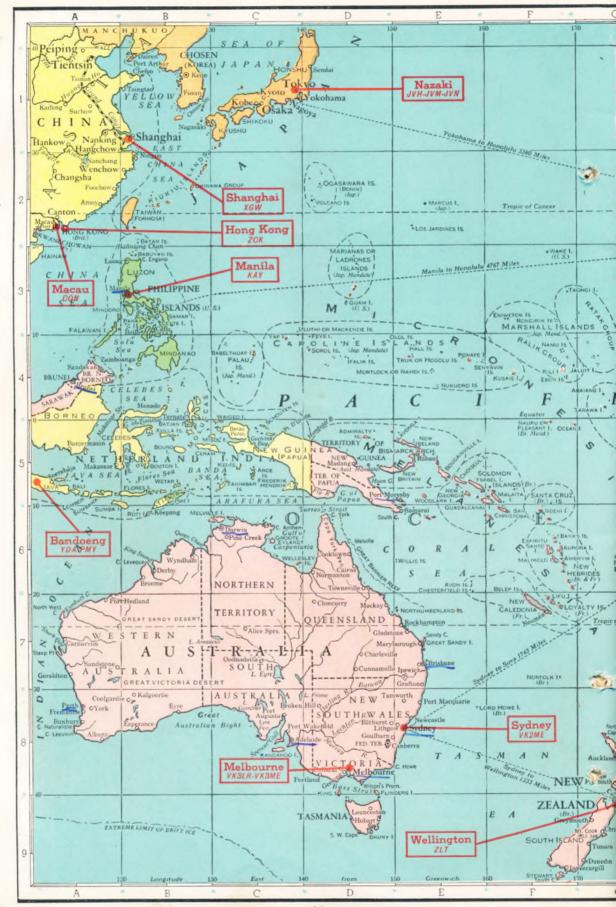
EASIEST TERMS

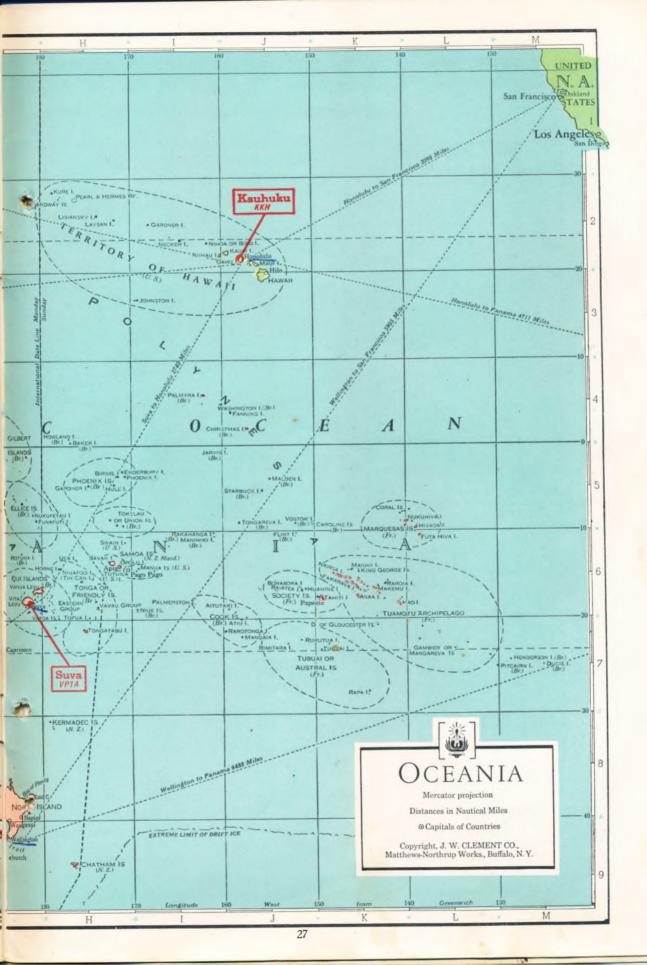
Liberal Trade-in Allowance



PHILCO 630 BABY GRAND

LISTEN TO BOAKE CARTER OVER KEY COLUMBIA STATIONS





IF YOU LIKE VARIETY,

North American Stations give you every

MEXICO

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City	XECR XEBT XECW		



Photo Courtesy Radio News Pedro el Gaucho—Peter the Tango Singer. He is featured on the short-wave programs from XEBT, Mexico City.

There's a happy, carefree quality about the Mexican short-wave broadcasts that intrigues all who hear them. If you love fascinating rhythm and beautiful melody, don't fail to make the Mexican stations a frequent visit. The Mexicans have given the world some of the loveliest songs ever written. How wonderful to be able to tune your Philco direct to the very

heart of old Mexico and listen almost at will.

Panama broadcast regularly, with Guatemala and Nicaragua coming in less often.

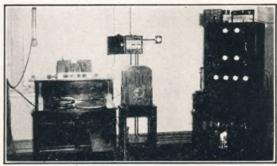


Photo Courtesy Radio News

"La Voz del Tropico"—the Voice of the Tropics. In other words, Station TIEP at San Jose, Costa Rica.

CARIBBEAN ISLANDS

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
		CUB	Α .
Sancti Spiritus	CO9WR	11.80	4 to 6 & 9 to 11 P.M.
Habana	СОН	9.43	10 A.M. to Noon, 4 to 6:30 P.M. & 8 to 10 P.M.
Santiago	CO9GC	6.15	8:30 to 10 A.M., Noon to 1:30 P.M., 3:30 to 4:30 & 10 to 11 P.M.
Habana	COCD	6.13	10 P.M. to 12:30 A.M.
Habana	COC	6.01	9:30 A.M. to 12:30 P.M., 4 to
			7 & 8 to 10 P.M. Sat., 11:30 P.M.
	DOM	INICAN	REPUBLIC
La Romana	HI3C	6.90	12:30 to 2 & 7:30 to 9:30 P.M.
San Pedro de Macoris	нін	6.81	Daily 17:10 to 1:40 P.M. & 6:40 to 7:40 P. M., Sun 3 to 4 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.
Santo Domingo	H14D	6.61	11:55 A.M. to 1:40 P.M. & 4:40 to 7:40 P.M.
Santo Domingo	HIL	6.53	Saturdays 8 to 10 P.M.
Santo Domingo	HIZ	6.31	7 to 10 P.M. Irregular
Santiago de Caballeros	HIIA	6.19	11:40 A.M. to 1:40 P.M. & 7:40 to 8:40 P.M.
Santo Domingo	HIX	5.98	Tues. & Fri. 8:10 to 10:10 P.M. Sun. 8:40 to 10:40 A.M. & 2:40 to 4:40 P.M.
San Pedro de Macoris	HIIJ	5.78	7 to 9:30 P.M. Irregular
		HAI	11
Port-au-			
Prince	HH2T	11.57	Schedule Indefinite
Port-au- Prince	HH2S	6.07	-Schedule Indefinite
	_		

Here's a fascinating part of the world for the short-wave listener. As you tune to the multitude of stations you'll find here, you can easily imagine yourself as one of the early explorers upon a voyage of discovery. What exciting adventure you'll have! For these islands are full of tales of the old days when swashbuckling pirates and buccaneers

CENTRAL AMERICA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
		COSTA	RICA
San Jose	TIEP	6.71	5 to 10 P.M. Irregular
San Jose	TIPG	6.55	8:30 to 11 P.M. Irregular
San Jose	TIRCC	6.55	6 to 11:30 P.M. Irregular
San Jose	TIGPH	5.82	6:15 to 11 P.M. Irregular
		GUATE	MALA
Guatemala City	TGX	5.89	11 A.M. to 2:30 P.M. & 6 to 10 P.M.
		NICAR	AGUA
Managua	YNIGG	6.45	7 to 10:30 P.M. Irregular
Managua	YNLF	5.96	6 P.M. to 1 A.M. Irregular
		PANA	MA
Panama City	HP5J	9.59	11:45 A.M. to 1 P.M. & 7:30 to 10 P.M.
Panama City	HP5B	6.03	Noon to 1 P.M. & 8 to 10:30 P.M.

Starting from Mexico, you can make a radio tour right down through Central America, for there are short-wave stations in almost every one of these little countries. The music you'll hear will be Span sh in character, of course, with tangos and folk songs predominating. Costa Rica and

YOU'LL FIND IT HERE

thing from rhumbas to network programs

plundered Spanish galleons filled with gold and silver from the mines in Mexico. But the old order has changed, and now a dozen or more shortwave stations nightly offer delightful entertainment to the Western Hemisphere.



Photo Courtesy Radio New Station VP6YP at Bridgetown, Barbados, British West Indies. Tune for this station on the 14 megacycle band.

UNITED STATES and CANADA

Location	Station	Freq.	Time (Eastern Standard)
	UN	ITED S	STATES
Pittsburgh	W8XK	21.54	7 to 9 A.M.
Bound Brook	W3XAL	17.78	Daily 8 to 9 A.M., Tues.,
200110 -10111			Thurs., Fri., 2 to 3 P.M.
Schenectady	W2XAD	15.34	Sun. 10:30 A.M. to 4 P.M.,
berreiteetaej			Daily 2 to 3 P.M.
Wayne	W2XE	15.27	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Pittsburgh	W8XK	15.21	10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Pittsburgh	W8XK	11.87	5 to 9 P.M.
Boston	WIXAL	11.79	Schedule Indefinite
Philadelphia	W3XAU	9.59	Noon to 6:45 P.M.
Boston	WIXK	9.57	6 A.M. to Midnight
Schenectady	W2XAF	9.53	Daily 5:30 to 11 P.M.
Pittsburgh	W8XK	6.14	9 P.M. to 1 A.M.
Wayne	W2XE	6.12	5 to 10 P.M.
Chicago	W9XF	6.10	8 to 9 P.M. & Midnight to
· ·			1 A.M.
Bound Brook	W3XAL	6.10	Mon., Wed., Sat., 4 to 5
			P.M.
Chicago	W9XAA	6.08	Schedule Indefinite
Cincinnati	W8XAL	6.06	5:30 A.M. to 7 P.M. & 10
			P.M. to 1 A.M.
Philadelphia	W3XAU	6.06	7 to 10 P.M.
Miami	W4XB	6.04	11:30 A.M. to 2 P.M. & 8
			P.M. to Midnight
		CANA	ADA .
Winnipeg	CIRX	11.70	7 to 10 and 10:30 to 11 P.M.
Winnipeg	CJRO	6.15	7 to 10 and 10:30 to 11 P.M.
Halifax	VE9HX	6.11	8:30 to 11:30 A.M. & 5 to
***************************************			10 P.M.
Bowmanville	VE9GW	6.09	Thurs., Fri., Sat. 7 A.M. to
			4 P.M. Sun. Noon to 8 P.M.
Vancouver	VE9CS	6.07	Daily 6 to 7 P.M. Sun. 1:45
			P.M. to 1 A.M.

The great majority of the stations listed above are short-wave relay stations operated in conjunction with network stations on the regular broadcast band. Their programs are for the most part identical with those of the long-wave stations.

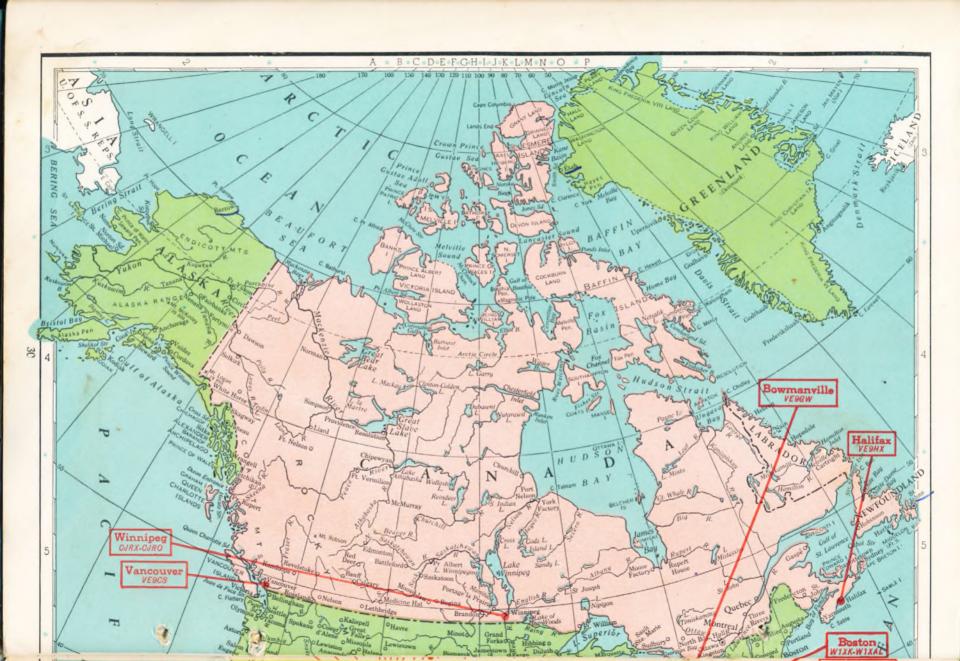
However, this broadcasting of network programs by short-wave stations has one great advantage to the owner of an American and Foreign Broadcast Philco. Very often when conditions on the standard broadcast band are so unfavorable as to prevent satisfactory reception of a favorite network program, you can drop down to one of the Canadian or United States short-wave stations and hear the same program perfectly. For reception conditions are often much better on the short-waves than on the broadcast band. Remember this the next time static prevents enjoyable reception of network programs.

RADIO INSTITUTE AIDS PROGRAM LISTENERS

The Radio Institute of the Audible Arts was founded by Philco Radio & Television Corporation as a public service to the American people, to act as a clearing house of information on the broad phases of radio as an instrument of entertainment and culture and to stimulate public recognition and appreciation of the best in radio. Accordingly, the Institute has prepared various publications which it is distributing to members of organizations and individuals who are interested in the development of the audible arts through radio.

These publications include announcements of forthcoming important programs with comments on their contents, manuals that will aid in the appreciation of the types of programs that engage your special interest, special articles and talks on radio subjects, and a brochure on how to utilize radio in the teaching of music. If you would be interested in receiving such material, you may obtain it either from your Philos dealer or by writing The Radio Institute of the Audible Arts, 80 Broadway, New York City.

Periodically, Philco publishes in advertisements in the Saturday Evening Post and Collier's, a partial list of the programs recommended by the Institute. Many listeners use these advertisements as guides in their search for the more outstanding programs on the air.



conda

North American Long-Wave Stations

The numbers in large type in the table below correspond to the dial settings on your Philco radio. Thus, this list is an accurate guide to you in your broadcast journeys. The small zeros after these figures convert these dial settings into kilocycles, the form in which stations are most often listed by newspapers.

With this log, you can identify any station almost instantly by its dial setting, its	power and the network with which it is affiliated. It also facilitates your tuning to any	city you desire inasmuch as stations are grouped geographically, according to the part	of the country in which they are located.	
settings on your	st journeys. The	es, the form in		

MARIE Datias, Faz 1040			CODE	P Q R S	w v v
NAME Color	M * M	T T		CENTRAL	WTIC
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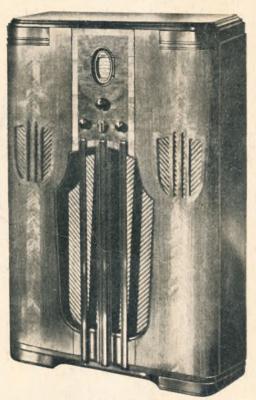
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