

RADIO — ELECTRONICS

APRIL 1953

LATEST IN TELEVISION • SERVICING • AUDIO

HUGO GERNSBACH, Editor

SOLVING U.H.F.
ANTENNA PROBLEMS

See page 4



30¢

U. S. and
CANADA

**In this issue: Long-Distance FM Receiver •
TV Signal Tracing • Rewiring Radios for A.C.-D.C.**

You'll reap a harvest of sales...

with these RCA Radio Battery Sales Aids

RCA Radio Battery Tester and Tester Display Unit

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The specially designed Battery Tester WV-37A comes straight from the famous line of RCA Test Equipment.

Ask your local RCA Radio Battery Distributor how you can obtain the Radio Battery Tester and Counter Display Unit at an amazingly low cost, with your RCA Battery purchases.



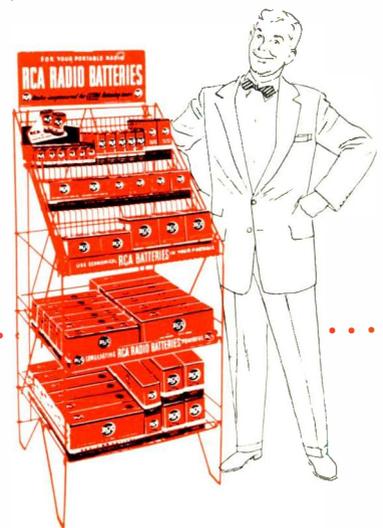
Counter Merchandiser (3F439)

You'll see plenty of sales action with this RCA Radio Battery point-of-purchase merchandiser on your counter. Three-tier, step-back shelves for battery stock and forceful sales messages remind portable-radio owners to buy batteries—now. Sturdily constructed of steel wire reinforced to support more than 50 pounds of batteries.



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This modern window display unit with hanging sign will tell sidewalk traffic your store is the headquarters for RCA Radio Batteries. Display it in your window and watch radio battery and portable radio sales grow. Size 15 inches wide x 10 inches deep.



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Stamp your name and address on all radio batteries you sell. It will remind customers to come to your store again for radio battery replacements and service. Three-line stamp.



See your local RCA Battery Distributor for the battery line and the battery sales aids that are geared to radio trade distribution

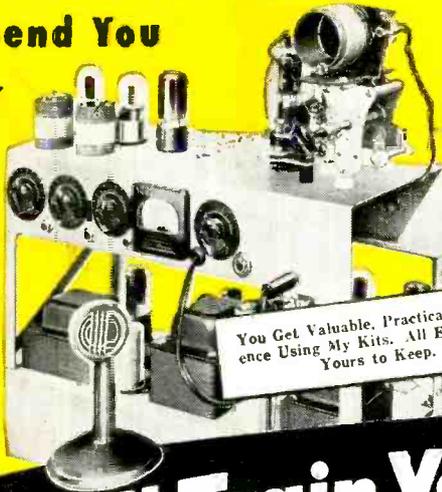


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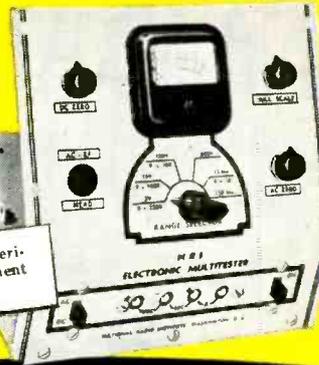


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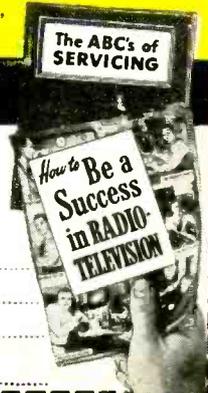
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ON THE COVER (See page 30)

Du Mont engineers checking the performance of a dual-stacked bow-tie array in advance tests of antennas for u.h.f. television reception.

Color original courtesy of Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc.

CONTENTS

APRIL, 1953

Editorial (Page 29)		
Transoceanic Television	by Hugo Gernsback	29
Television (Pages 30-43)		
UHF Antennas and Transmission Lines (Cover Feature).....	by Joe Roche	30
TV DX in April		33
What About the Ion Trap?	by Alvin B. Kaufman	34
Design Data on Video Amplifiers, Part II.....	by Alan G. Sorensen	36
Television? ... it's a cinch (Third conversation, first half).....	by E. Aisberg	38
DX Prospects for UHF.....		41
TV Service Clinic	Conducted by Matthew Mandl	42
Servicing—Test Instruments (Pages 44-56)		
TV Signal Tracing, Part I.....	by Engineering Staff, Scala Radio Company	44
Peak-to-Peak Calibrator	by George E. Row	46
Rewiring Battery Sets for AC-DC Operation.....	by Richard Laurence	47
"What is Electronics?" Contest Awards.....		48
New Kit Solves Tube Problems.....	by Prof. Adolph Glockenspiel	49
The Versatile Neon Tube.....	by R. P. Haviland	50
High Speed Servicing	by Fairbanks Tryon	53
Narrow Gauge Motion Pictures (First of two installments)		
	by Ronald A. Lane	54
R-E's Associate Editor Reports on Penna. U.H.F. Areas.....		56
Theory and Engineering (Page 57)		
Voltage Amplifiers in Control Circuits.....	by Ronald L. Ives	57
FM (Pages 58-61)		
Long Distance FM Receiver	by William H. Kumm	58
Audio (Pages 62-68)		
Amplifying the Reed Organ	by B. Franklyn Shinn	62
More About Filters (First of two installments).....	by Norman H. Crowhurst	64
Electrostatic Speaker	by Werner W. Diefenbach	66
Reliable Wide-Range Audio Oscillator.....		68
Amateur (Pages 80-82)		
The Low Down on the BC-442-A	by John T. Frye	80
Construction (Pages 84-98)		
Electronic Interval Timer	by John L. Harned	84
Two-Tube Pocket Set Use Famous Circuit.....	by Nicholas A. Tax	94
New Design (Pages 100-104)		
Bridged-T Network Makes Ideal Phase Shifter.....		100
New Tubes		103
Departments		
Radio Month ..	16	Radio-Electronic
Radio Business..	20	Circuits
New Devices ...	110	Try This One..
With The		Question Box... 127
Technician ..	114	Technotes
New Patents... 118		People
		Miscellany 136
		Communications 138
		Electronic
		Literature ... 140
		Book Reviews ... 141



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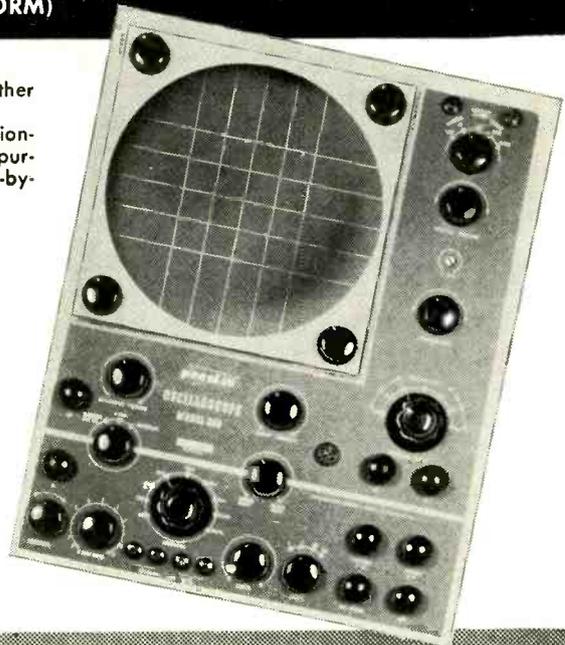
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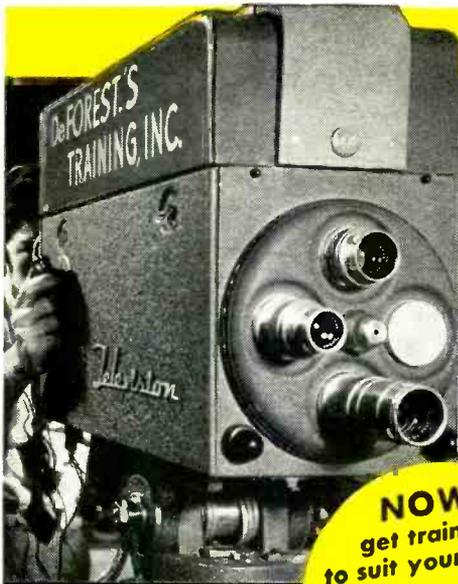
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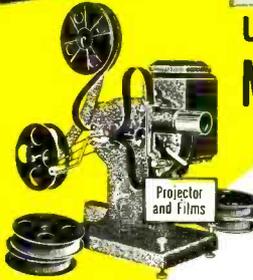
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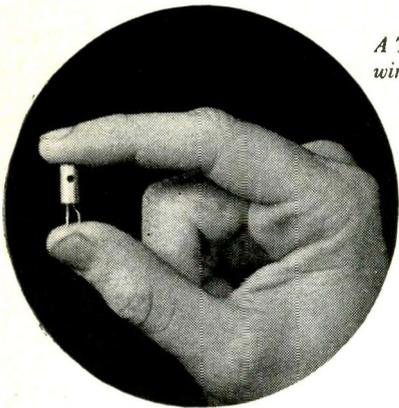
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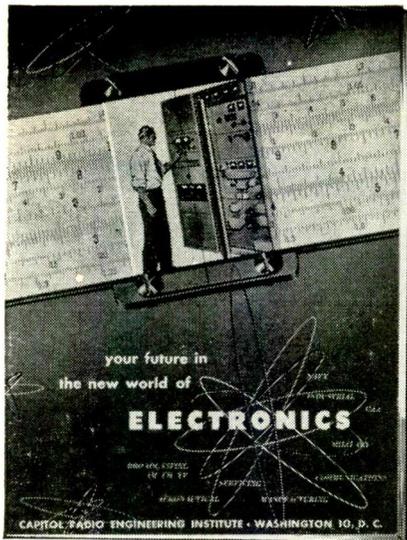
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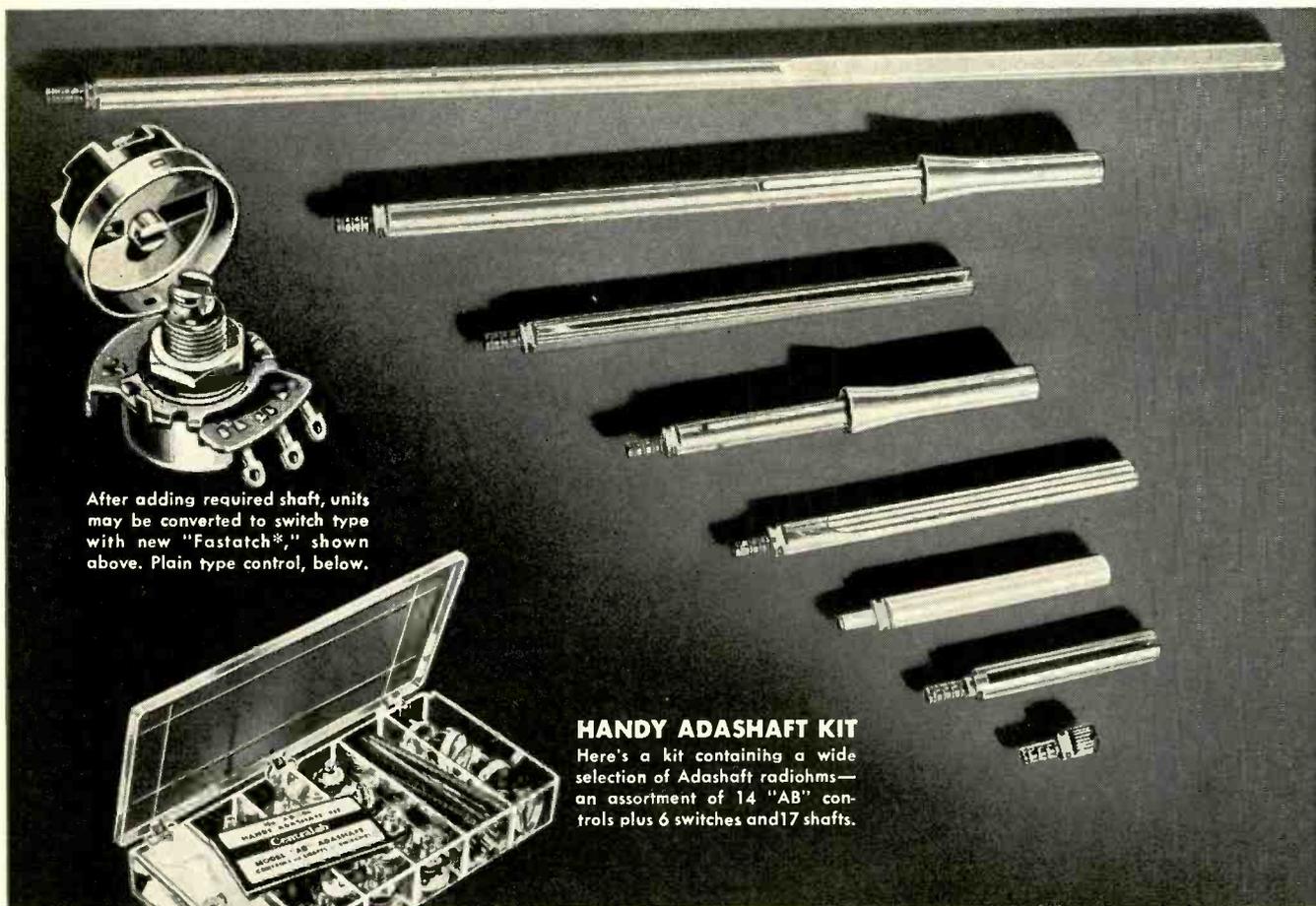
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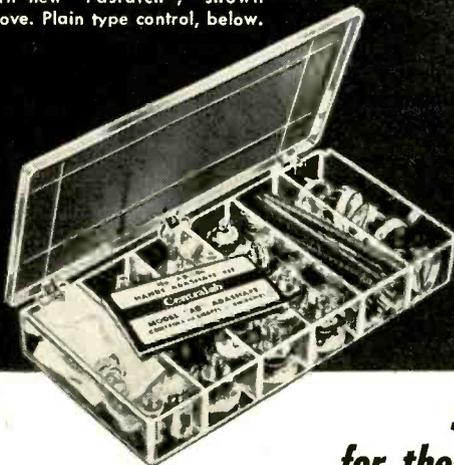
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After adding required shaft, units may be converted to switch type with new "Fastatch*" shown above. Plain type control, below.



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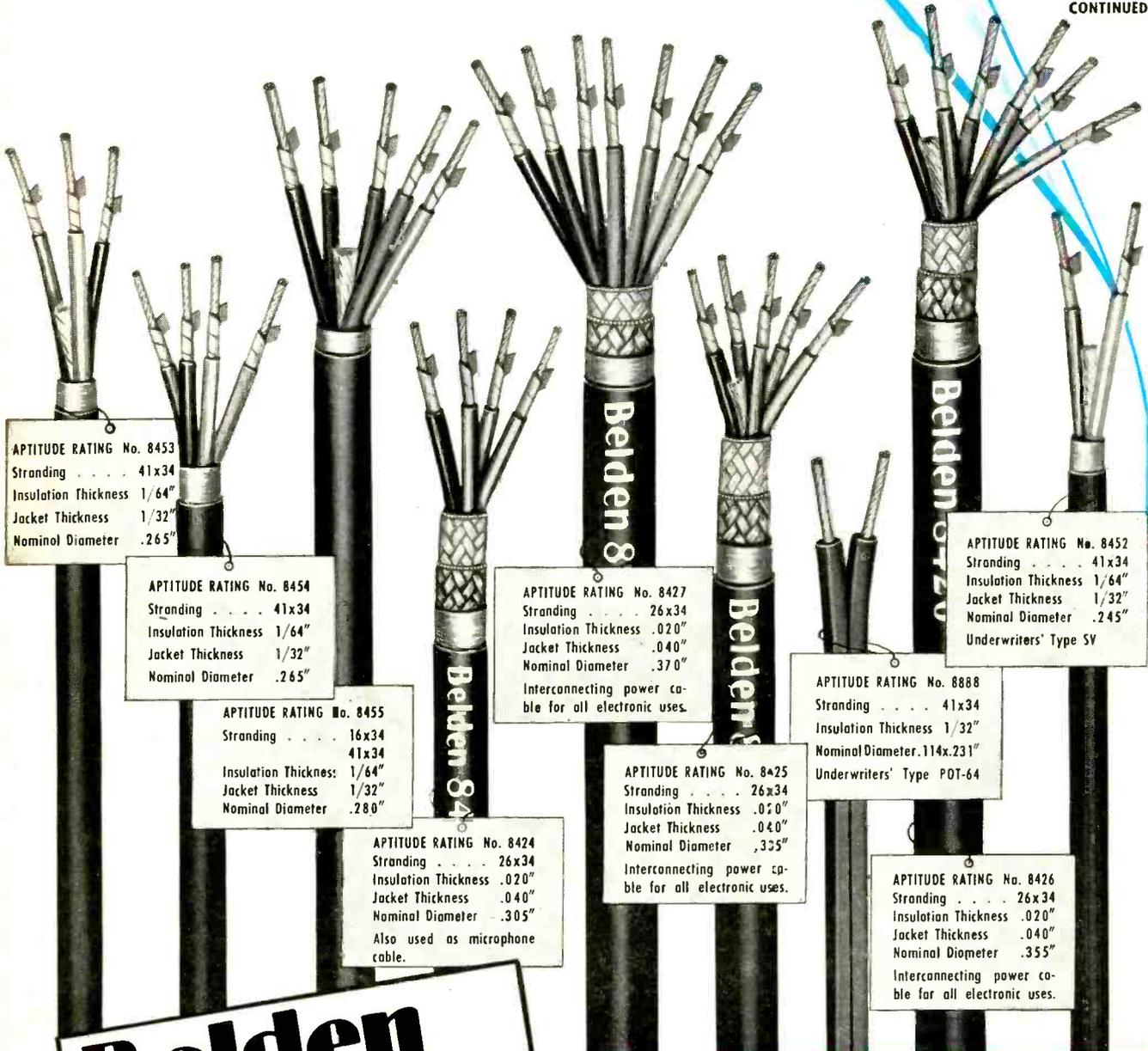
—product performance that can come only from a "know-how" that has grown through actual service since the inception of Radio.

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Stranding 41x34
Insulation Thickness 1/64"
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Nominal Diameter .265"

APTITUDE RATING No. 8455
Stranding 16x34
 41x34
Insulation Thickness: 1/64"
Jacket Thickness 1/32"
Nominal Diameter .280"

APTITUDE RATING No. 8424
Stranding 26x34
Insulation Thickness .020"
Jacket Thickness .040"
Nominal Diameter .305"
Also used as microphone cable.

APTITUDE RATING No. 8427
Stranding 26x34
Insulation Thickness .020"
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Nominal Diameter .370"
Interconnecting power cable for all electronic uses.

APTITUDE RATING No. 8425
Stranding 26x34
Insulation Thickness .020"
Jacket Thickness .040"
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Interconnecting power cable for all electronic uses.

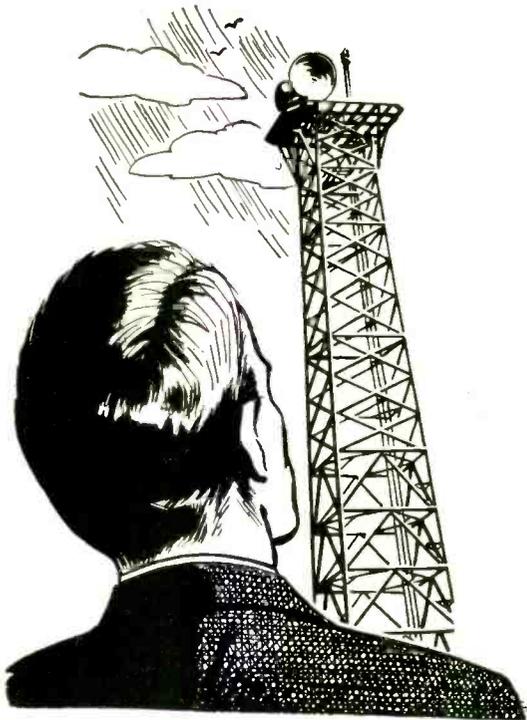
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Insulation Thickness 1/32"
Nominal Diameter .114x.231"
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Stranding 26x34
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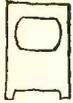
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NEW *improved* VHF BOOSTERS

New Multi-Power *Tune-o-Matic*

Now provides *extra* gain on all VHF channels, through *Multi-Power* 3-tube low-noise broadband circuit. Automatic—*no separate manual booster tuning*. Turns "on" or "off" with TV receiver switch. No signal drift—no limiting peaks. *Properly balances picture and sound*. Hi-Lo Gain Switch permits reducing gain, if desired. Designed for all-band or separate high and low band antennas. Quality-built by the *originators* of broadband automatic boosters.

Model 3002-A 3-tube VHF Booster. List, \$39.50

Set-mounted automatic booster for extreme fringe areas where absolute maximum gain is required.

Model 3000 4-tube VHF Booster. List, \$57.50

New Multi-Power *Tenna-Top*

Mounts at the antenna ahead of the lead-in—boosts TV signals, not local lead-in noise. New *Multi-Power* 3-tube low-noise broadband circuit gives *more all-channel gain*. This provides even higher signal-to-overall-noise ratio. Gets amazing results in tough fringe areas or any noisy location. Fully automatic on all VHF channels—*no separate booster tuning*. Turned "on" or "off" by TV receiver switch. Built-in tapped transformer *permits operation up to 3000 feet* with high quality lead-in. Junction Control Box placed at TV set has Hi-Lo Gain Switch. Can be used with all-band or separate high and low band antennas—also with antenna rotator. Installation is *simple and economical*. Single Twin-Lead line carries power up and signal down. Extra-rugged—insures trouble-free service.

Model 3012-A 3-tube VHF Booster. List, \$59.50

Antenna-mounted automatic booster where absolute maximum gain is required.

Model 3010 4-tube VHF Booster. List, \$88.00



MODEL 3012-A

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MODEL 3300 UHF CONVERTER
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ADDS ALL UHF CHANNELS TO VHF SETS E-V Magic-Touch Tuning Assures Picture Precision

You're all set for UHF with the new electronic E-V Converter. Research-engineered by *Electro-Voice*, and field-proved. Installation is quick and easy—connects to antenna input of VHF TV set and just plugs in. *Non-slip micrometer type tuning mechanism* provides smooth, continuous tuning of all UHF channels 14-83. No band switches, strips or coils. Operates with either separate UHF and VHF antennas or on all-channel (2-83) antenna. *One control* turns Converter "on" or "off," and switches to correct antenna. Utilizes channels 5 or 6 of VHF TV set as IF. Does not affect VHF reception. Housed in smart dark brown cabinet. Size 7¾" wide, 5¼" high, 6¼" deep.

Model 3300 UHF Converter. Complete, ready for installation.
List Price, \$49.50

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New 1952 edition tells all about modern electronic testing equipment and how to use it most effectively. Packed with money-making short-cuts on troubleshooting, servicing, construction and other subjects involving use of test instruments. Covers Multipliers, Resistors, Ohmmeters, Oscilloscopes, etc. All data shop-tested for practical application. Profusely illustrated, 350 pages.
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"TV Servicing Cyclopaedia"—A Best Seller

The fact-packed TV reference book by H. P. Manly. Covers every phase of TV, including latest data on color and UHF. Shows you how TV works, how to service sets. Special sections on picture pattern servicing; testing and measuring; alignment; full treatment of amplifiers, antennas, controls, ion traps, sync. circuits, power supplies, video IF amplifiers, sweep oscillators, adapters, converters—covers everything. 750 pages.
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"Television and Radio Handbook"

1952 edition of the famous TV and radio "answer" book. Over 3000 facts packed into a single volume to speed trouble-shooting. Covers solutions to most frequent TV-radio service troubles; offers short-cut time-saving tips; data on TV boosters, latest UHF conversion methods, etc. 375 pages, hundreds of illustrations.
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"Video Handbook"

Covers entire subject of TV; gives expert data on design, construction, production, installation, operation and servicing. Fourteen complete sections cover the field of TV exhaustively. All subjects treated practically and simply for easy understanding. A remarkable handbook widely used by schools, engineers, experimenters, and industrial technicians. 892 pages.
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RADIO MONTH

AN ARKANSAS HAM has received General Electric's *Edison Radio Amateur Award* for outstanding public service. Don L. Mullican, W5PHP, of Searcy, Ark., was awarded the trophy for sticking to his amateur rig for more than five days without rest, han-



Don C. Mullican with Dr. W. R. G. Baker and J. Milton Lang of General Electric.

dling relief communications when a tornado struck Searcy and devastated the nearby towns of Judsonia and Bald Knob on March 21, 1952. The photo shows Mr. Mullican being congratulated by Dr. W. R. G. Baker, vice president of G-E, after receiving the Edison Trophy from J. Milton Lang, general manager of the G-E Tube Department, at a special ceremony in Washington.

U. S. NETWORK PROGRAMS carried by the American Telephone & Telegraph Company transcontinental microwave-relay system now reach Toronto, Canada, from Buffalo, New York, via an intermediate relay tower at Fonthill, Ontario. The 340-mile radio-relay link that will extend the network to Ottawa and Montreal is still under construction.

THE GREAT GERMAN RADIO-TV exhibition—originally scheduled for the end of 1952—will be held in Düsseldorf August 29th through September 6th. Details of the exhibit, which will feature products of West-Zone manufacturers, will be released later.

RTMA MAY EXPAND ITS SCOPE to take in not only radio and TV manufacturers, but all branches of the electronics industry. Plans to admit makers of industrial, military, and other electronic equipment to membership have been tentatively approved by the Board of Directors, and may be submitted to the members at the annual meeting in June. The proposed move will call for a change in the Association's name as well as a vastly expanded administrative setup.

JAPAN'S FIRST TV STATION is now carrying regularly scheduled programs. The Government-sponsored, non-commercial station in Tokyo is on the air four hours a day, with classical dramas, news, sports, and educational programs. The 17-inch sets now selling for 200,000 yen (\$560) are expected to

come down to 70,000 yen (a little under \$200) as production rises and stations open in other large centers of population. Even this lower price represents half a year's pay for the average Japanese factory or office worker.

THE MOON AND BACK on less than a kilowatt! Using home-built equipment and *only 650 watts of power*, two American hams have beamed short-wave signals at the moon and recorded the returning echoes. While signals have been bounced off the moon before—at high power and with government financing—this is the first time the feat has been accomplished with the amateur's limits of power and finances.

Ross Bateman, W4AO, and William Smith, W3GKP, put three years of spare-time experiment into the project. They plan to continue their work until they establish dependable two-way dx communication via the moon's surface.

TRANSISTORS CUT COST of hearing-aid operation by 92.5%. Four tiny A cells keep a new transistor-type hearing aid running for a full year at a cost of only \$3, compared with the 102 A cells and 18 B batteries—\$40 worth—needed for tube-type aids.



Photo courtesy Raytheon Manufacturing Co.

A WELLESLEY STUDENT is the first woman to receive one of the 18 awards established by RCA to encourage the training of outstanding scientific personnel for careers in electronics. Miss Marijane Curran, a science major at Wellesley College, is one of seven new students who received grants of \$800 each for the current academic year.

TV TAPE RECORDING is possibly within a year of commercial realization, according to a recent report in *Broadcasting* magazine, which states that a video tape recorder has been developed to the point where it can record 260 times as much information as a sound tape system.

The equipment has been developed by the Bing Crosby Enterprises, working with Ampex Electric Corporation. It uses a 1-inch-wide tape, with 11 video tracks and one sound track. The tape runs at 100 feet per second, in contrast to 15 feet per second for most high-quality sound equipment.

The advantages of erasure and reuse, ease of editing, and immediate "viewback" will be even more important in TV than in sound recording, and will make magnetic tape much cheaper than motion-picture film for programs.



Corner Reflector No. UHF200



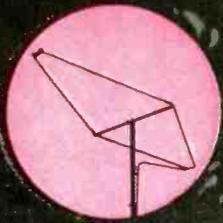
"Bowtie-Flector" No. UHF600



Ultra V-Beam No. UHF565



YAGI No. UHF300 Series for Channels 14 to 83



Rhombic No. UHF 200



"Double-Vee" No. UHF100

When there are new worlds to conquer, JFD will do it!

Now our engineers have combined the famous JFD VHF Jetenna and UHF bowtie antennas into a miracle performer that pulls in all channels—from 2 to 83. Use it with the especially developed filter network* for perfect reception, completely free of inter-spectrum interference. Pre-assembled construction, all aluminum, even to solid aluminum dowels.

Write for the new 1953 JFD dealer almanac on your letterhead—26 pages of the widest TV antenna and accessory line in the industry.

*optional



it's out of this world!

new, VHF-UHF All-Channel Antenna —the Jet 283

one antenna—one transmission
line for all channels from 2 to 83

JFD MFG. CO., Brooklyn 4, N. Y., Bensonhurst 6-9200

world's largest manufacturer of tv antennas and accessories





my Radio
and **T.V.**

REPAIR SECRET?

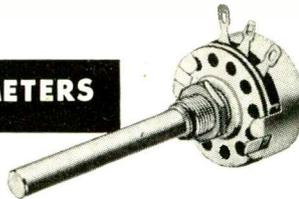
OHMITE®
DEPENDABLE REPLACEMENTS

Little Devil® COMPOSITION RESISTORS



Tiny, yes . . . but what dependability, ruggedness, and stability! And they provide an *extra* margin of safety—being rated at 70C rather than 40C. Completely sealed and insulated by molded plastic, they meet all JAN-R-11 requirements . . . are available in ½, 1, and 2-watt sizes in all RTMA values.

TYPE AB NOISE-FREE POTENTIOMETERS

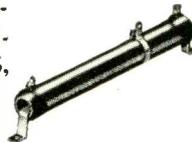


Because the resistance material in these units is solid-molded—not sprayed or painted on—continued use has practically no effect on the resistance. Often, the noise-level *decreases* with use . . . and they provide exceptionally long, trouble-free service. Rated at 2 watts, with a good safety factor.

BROWN DEVIL® AND DIVIDOHM® RESISTORS



BROWN DEVIL fixed resistors and DIVIDOHM adjustable resistors are favorite vitreous-enameled units! DIVIDOHM resistors are available in 10 to 200-watt sizes; BROWN DEVILS in 5, 10, and 20-watt sizes.



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CATALOG**
OHMITE MFG. CO.
4894 Flournoy St.
Chicago 44, Ill.

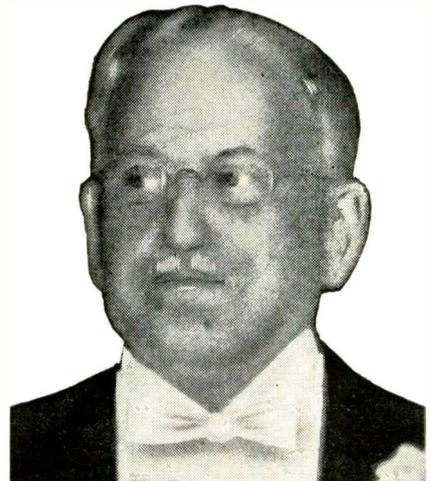


Be Right With . . .
OHMITE

RHEOSTATS • RESISTORS • TAP SWITCHES

SIDNEY GERNSBACK, former vice-president of Gernsback Publications, Inc., died in Chicago February 19, at the age of 77. He was the elder brother of Hugo Gernsback, publisher of RADIO-ELECTRONICS, and from 1933 to the time of his death was the magazine's Chicago representative.

Born in Luxembourg in 1876, he was educated in the College of Luxembourg and the Lycée de Nancy (France), majoring in chemistry and electricity. He came to the United States in 1912, joining his brother in radio publishing and in management of the Electro Importing Company, at that time the country's leading manufacturer and mail order firm in radio apparatus for the experimenter and amateur.



Shortly afterward—with the collaboration of H. W. Secor and Austin Le-carboursa—he prepared his famous *Wireless Course in Twenty Lessons*, which became tremendously popular, selling more than 100,000 copies. Later he prepared a similar work (*The Experimental Electricity Course*) which was first published serially, beginning in the Gernsback magazine *The Electrical Experimenter* in late 1913, and later in book form. He also contributed a monthly chemistry page (Wrinkles, Recipes and Formulas) to the magazine, and authored the book *1,000 and One Formulas*.

About 1926 he conceived the idea of an authoritative cyclopedia of radio, and some time later realized it in his largest book, *S. Gernsback's Radio Encyclopedia*. Many thousand copies were published, the last edition appearing as late as 1931. In 1927 he initiated the magazine *Radio Listener's Guide and Call Book*, of which he was the editor and W. G. Many the managing editor. He was also active in the management and operation of the Gernsback radio station WRNY which operated in New York City in the late '20's. The broad educational features of that station's programs were an extension of his many ideas for making radio and electricity more easily understood by the layman.

He is survived by two adopted children, George Gernsback and Mrs. Marguerite Flegenheimer, both of New York City.

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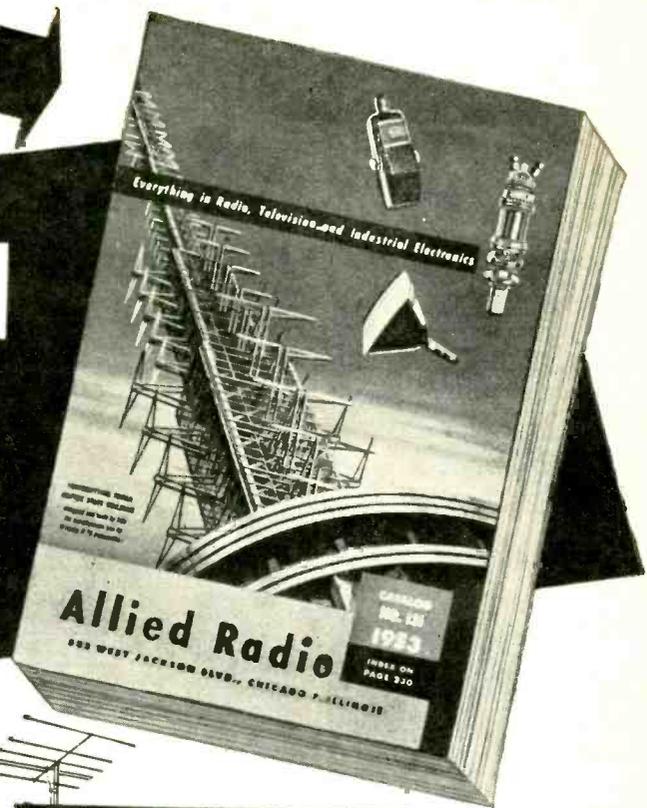
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Take advantage of ALLIED's liberal Easy Payment Plan—Radio's best terms—only 10% down, 12 months to pay—no interest if you pay in 60 days. Available on Hi-Fi and P. A. units, recorders, TV chassis, test instruments, Amateur gear, etc.

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To keep up with developments in TV and High-Fidelity, look to ALLIED! Count on us for *all* the latest releases and largest stocks of equipment in these important fields. If it's *anything* in Television or High-Fidelity equipment—we have it in stock!

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833 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago 7, Illinois

Send **FREE** 236-Page 1953 ALLIED Catalog.

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kick
out of
TV



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FLYBACK TRANSFORMER**

Merit's famous HV07 is now treated to a miracle-tough, new non-hygroscopic insulation. Liquid-molded, this latest development in insulating materials encloses the high voltage winding, is impervious to moisture and high humidity and forms a watertight seal for the high voltage lead. Unaffected physically or electrically by cycles of heat and cold, it will withstand operating temperatures 50% above normal without change. Its high dielectric constant affords maximum protection with minimum distributive capacity.

MERIT COIL AND TRANSFORMER CORP.
4425 NORTH CLARK ST., CHICAGO 40

MERIT



BAROMETER of the PARTS INDUSTRY

During February, 56 of the leading 400 manufacturers of Radio-Television-Electronic parts and equipment made changes in their lines. Actually there was an increase in "change activity" as compared to January. In price revisions by the number of manufacturers and products affected, the following summary illustrates the comparative trend for the months of January and February.

	No. of Manufacturers			No. of Products	
	January	February		January	February
Increased prices	19	19	Increased prices	207	291
Decreased prices	14	11	Decreased prices	123	39

For a summary of the most active product categories, see the following table:

Product Group	Increased Prices		Decreased Prices		New Products		Discontinued Products	
	No. of Mfrs.	No. of Products	No. of Mfrs.	No. of Products	No. of Mfrs.	No. of Products	No. of Mfrs.	No. of Products
Antennas & Access.	7	39*	3	12**	17	172*	6	36**
Capacitors	0	0	0	0	0	0**	0	0
Controls & Resistors	0	0	0	0**	3	281*	0	0**
Sound & Audio Prod.	4	9*	4	5**	12	53*	8	44*
Test Equipment	0	0**	1	1*	4	22**	3	17
Transformers	0	0**	1	12*	4	27*	1	1*
Tubes	7	243*	2	9**	10	41*	5	23**
Wire & Cable	0	0	0	0	0	0**	1	4

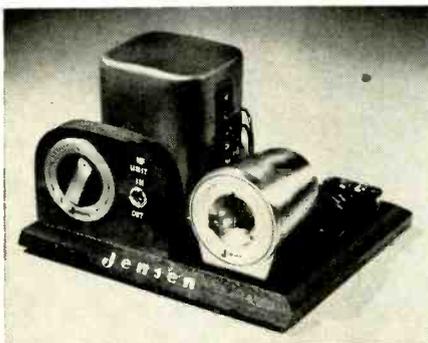
* Increase over January
** Decrease from January

Comment: Tube, antenna and sound and audio manufacturers again dominate the "change activity" scene, with special emphasis being placed on the introduction of new products. As noted for the past 3 months, tube manufacturers are continuing their tendency of increasing prices, while the remaining product groups show no apparent trend.

This data is prepared by the staff of United Catalog Publishers, Inc., 110 Lafayette Street, New York, publishers of RADIO'S MASTER, the Official Buying Guide of the Parts Industry.

Merchandising & Promotion

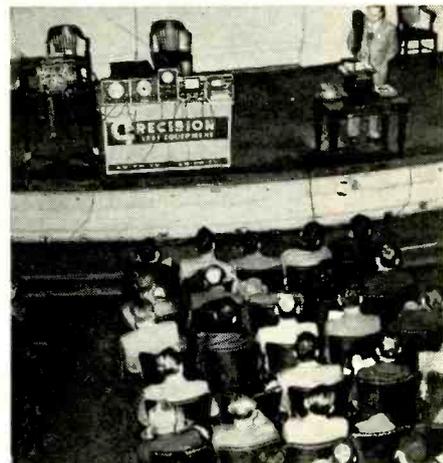
Jensen Manufacturing Co., Chicago, is offering high-fidelity distributors a supertweeter demonstrator panel (illustrated below) on a special deal which includes a shelf stock of merchandise.



M. A. Miller Manufacturing Co., Libertyville, Ill., has designed two new cabinets. One is for distributors and the other for service technicians. The cabinets are designed to permit easier stocking of replacement phonograph needles and to promote sales through easier identification.

Transvision, Inc., New Rochelle, N. Y., is using a pocket-size three-dimensional color viewer during sales demonstrations to give customers an opportunity to select the particular cabinet they want.

The stereoscopic viewer, which has its own battery supply, lets customers see exactly how each of the 21 models in the current Transvision line will look in a typical living-room setting.



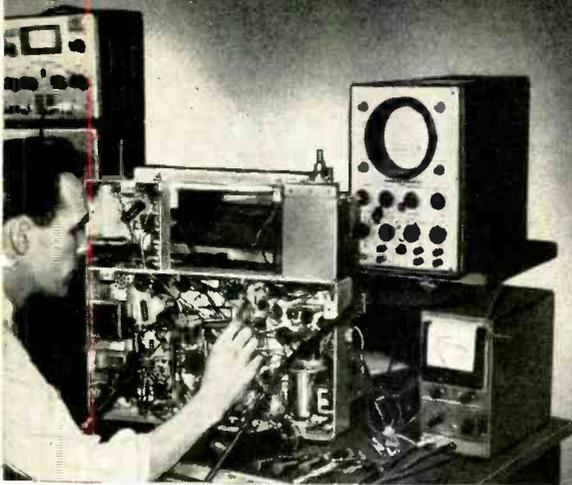
R. G. (Bob) Middleton, senior field engineer of Precision Apparatus Co., at a service meeting in New York City.

Precision Apparatus Co., Inc., Elmhurst, N. Y., is conducting its series of lectures on television circuitry and servicing for the fourth consecutive year. The 1953 series began with a lecture in New York City, conducted by R. G. (Bob) Middleton, senior field engineer of the company. The lectures and demonstrations will be presented in 110 cities throughout the United States and Canada during 1953, concentrating on those areas which have or are about to receive their first TV station.

Davis Electronics, Burbank, Calif., has adopted a new, distinctively colored, corrugated shipping container to provide quick identification for its v.h.f. Super-Vision all-channel TV antenna.

For opportunities within your reach

See what the RCA TV Servicing Course offers you



Good-pay jobs. A business of your own.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR GOOD-PAY JOBS in Television are within your reach when you study TV Servicing by the RCA Institutes Home Study Method. Or perhaps you would like to start a TV Service business of your own.

If you are not satisfied with the way your future now stacks up, see how easily

you can change the course of your career. RCA Institutes Home Study Course in TV Servicing is helping thousands of other people to better jobs. It can help you. Right now thousands of opportunities are going begging. There is a critical shortage of trained TV servicemen. This is *your* big opportunity.

Easy-to-understand, illustrated lessons



The entire course is divided into ten units of several individual lessons. You study them at home in your spare time.

Lesson-by-lesson you learn the theory and step-by-step procedures of installing TV antennas, of servicing and trouble-shooting TV receivers. Hundreds of pictures and diagrams help you understand the how-it-works information and the how-to-do-it techniques. You will be amazed how easily you absorb the knowledge of each lesson, how quickly you train yourself to become an experienced technician.

Experienced engineers and faculty prepared the course, grade your lessons



The RCA Institutes course was written and planned by instructors with years of specialized experience in training men by home-study and resident-school methods. The course embodies RCA's background of television experience plus knowledge gained in training several thousand technicians. A study of the course parallels an apprentice's training. Your lessons are carefully examined and accurately graded by friendly teachers who are interested in helping you to succeed.

One of the leading and oldest Radio-Television training schools



Founded in 1909, RCA Institutes, Inc. has been in continuous operation for the past 44 years. Its

wide experience and extensive educational facilities give students, just like you, unsurpassed technical training in the highly specialized field of radio-television-electronics.

RCA Institutes is licensed by the University of the State of New York . . . an affiliate member of the American Society for Engineering Education . . . approved by the Veterans Administration . . . approved by leading Radio-Television Service Organizations.

It costs so little to gain so much

RCA Institutes makes it easy for you to take advantage of the big opportunities in TV Servicing. The cost of the TV Servicing Home Study Course has been cut to a minimum. You pay for the course on a pay-as-you-learn unit lesson basis. No other home study course in TV Servicing offers so much for so little cost to you.

RCA Institutes conducts a resident school in New York City offering day and evening courses in Radio and TV Servicing, Radio Code and Radio Operating, Radio Broadcasting, Advanced Technology. Write for free catalog on resident courses.



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SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET—Mail the coupon—today. Get complete information on the RCA INSTITUTES Home Study Course in Television Servicing. Booklet gives you a general outline of the course by units. See how this practical home study course trains you quickly, easily. Mail coupon in envelope or paste on postal card.



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Without obligation on my part, please send me copy of booklet "RCA INSTITUTES Home Study Course in TELEVISION SERVICING." (No salesman will call.)

Name _____ (please print)

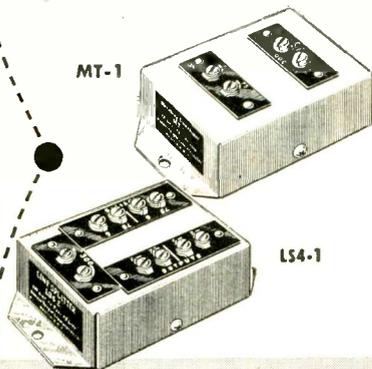
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FOR Better
TV PERFORMANCE

B-T Antenna Accessories

Every Service-Technician knows that you can't just hook up a TV set to an antenna and expect that it will always work the way you would want it to. There are too many 'ifs', 'ands', and 'buts' that enter into the picture. That's why Blonder-Tongue Laboratories has devoted its facilities to the creation of accessories designed to assist the Serviceman in meeting these problems.



The B-T MATCHING TRANSFORMER permits precise impedance match between 75-ohm unbalanced (co-axial) transmission lines and 300-ohm balanced lines. It eliminates reflections, standing waves, and power loss due to improper impedance matching.

MT-1 List Price \$6.50

The B-T LINE SPLITTERS provide the lowest cost means for dividing a transmission line to feed branch lines, or to distribute signals to several TV sets or distribution units in multiple dwellings or community installations. Each Line Splitter supplies up to four impedance-coupled branch lines from one input, with flat response over all channels.

LS4-1 Feeds 4 75-ohm lines from 1 75-ohm line.
LS4-2 Feeds 4 75-ohm lines from 1 300-ohm line.
LS4-3 Feeds 4 300-ohm lines from 1 75-ohm line.
LS4-4 Feeds 4 300-ohm lines from 1 300-ohm line.
List Price, each..... \$7.50

Other B-T ANTENNA ACCESSORIES include: Line Loss Equalizer, Attenuator, Remote Control, and Weather-Proof Housing for B-T Units.

Sold at Leading Distributors

Complete literature available describing the B-T Unit System for Easy-to-install Master Systems and Community Installations, B-T Boosters, and B-T Antenna Accessories.

Write for Catalog FD-3



**BLONDER-TONGUE
LABORATORIES, INC.**
WESTFIELD, NEW JERSEY

Duotone Company, Inc., Keyport, N. J., is featuring a new point-of-sale counter display which utilizes a microscope through which customers can inspect the damage to their old phonograph needles.



Shows and Conferences

The next IRE Show has tentatively been scheduled for March, 1954, in New York City. Actual dates will be announced when a definite site for the show has been determined.

The Audio Fair—Chicago will be combined with the 1953 International Sight and Sound Exposition to be held at the Palmer House, Chicago, September 1 to 3.

The Electronic Components Symposium, the fourth in a series of national annual meetings of this type, will be held April 29 through May 1 at the Shakespeare Club in Pasadena, Calif. The meeting will be sponsored by the AIEE, IRE, RTMA, and the West Coast Electronic Manufacturers' Association.

The IRE will hold a National Conference on Airborne Electronics at the Dayton Biltmore Hotel, Dayton, Ohio, May 11 to 13.

New Plants and Expansions

P. R. Mallory & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, has begun an extensive expansion program in its TV Tuner Division. A new work area with modern manufacturing equipment is already in use, and a second area is expected to be completed some time in April, at which time an estimated 1,000 new employees will have been hired by the division.

Aerovox Corp., New Bedford, Mass., has begun construction on a modern new plant in Monrovia, Calif., which is expected to begin operations early this summer.

Technical Appliance Corp., Sherburne, N. Y., has begun construction on a addition to its existing plant.

Raytheon Manufacturing Co., Waltham, Mass., is planning to erect a new plant in South Quincy, Mass., adjacent to its present Receiving Tube plant there. The new plant's 100,000 square feet of space will be used for the manufacture of television picture tubes, especially the 24-inch and 27-inch rectangular types.

Hickok Electrical Instrument Co., Cleveland, completed a new assembly plant in that city.

PCA Electronics, Inc., manufacturer of miniature pulse transformers and delay lines used in computers, guided missiles, and radar equipment, moved to a new building in Santa Monica, Calif.

Mattison Television & Radio Corp. is now located in its own manufacturing and showroom building at 10 West 181st Street, New York City.

General Electric launched a \$400,000 modernization program at its Bleeker Street plant in Utica, N. Y., which will be used for the manufacture of polystyrene cabinets for clock and table model radios.

Sterling Transformer Corp., Brooklyn, N. Y., added two new high-speed production machines to its present facilities for the manufacture of transformers.

Raytheon Television & Radio Corp., Chicago, announced the formation of a Special Products Division. Raul H. Frye, former director of research and engineering, was named general manager of the new division.

Tetrad Co., Inc., maker of miniaturized electronic components, consolidated its operations with the operations of Triad Transformer Mfg. Co. The companies occupy adjoining properties in Venice, Calif.

Business Briefs

... La Pointe Electronics, Inc., is the new corporate name of La Pointe-Plascomold Corp., Rockville, Conn. The new name more aptly describes the major products made by the company today. There was no change of corporate structure and Vee D-X will continue to be the trademark for its TV antennas and accessory equipment.

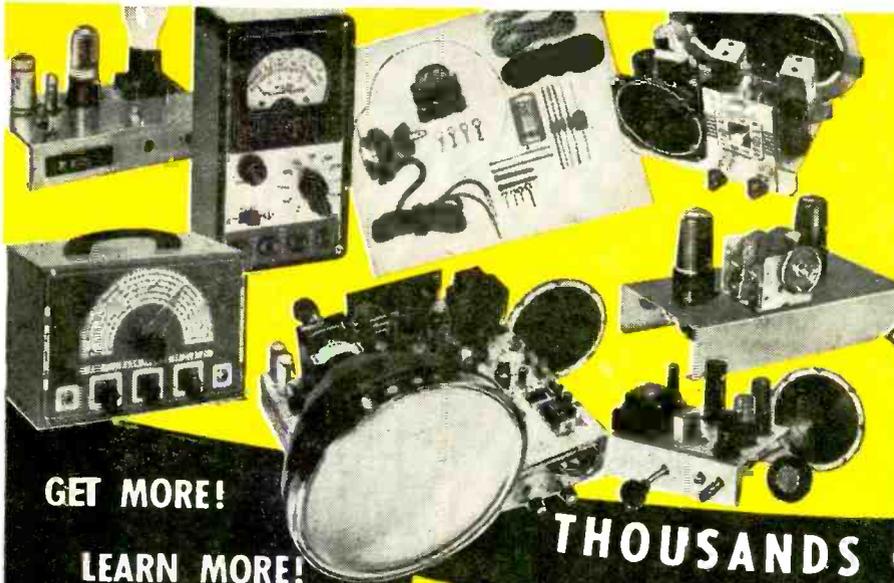
... Raytheon Manufacturing Co., Waltham, Mass., states it is shipping tens of thousands of germanium junction transistors per month to more than 15 hearing-aid manufacturers.

... Summit Engineering Co., Hartford, Conn., was established as a manufacturer of TV antennas, particularly for u.h.f., and of other electronic equipment. Douglas H. Carpenter, well known in the electronics field, and formerly with La Pointe-Plascomold, heads the new company.

... Rohn Manufacturing Co., Peoria, Ill., announced that its towers, widely used in the home TV installation field, are now also being used in radio communications.

... Western Television Institute, Los Angeles, is offering free radio and television repair service to hospitals, charitable institutions, and other nonprofit organizations in Southern California. Servicing is done by senior students under the supervision of state-approved instructors, and parts are supplied at cost.

... International Correspondence Schools, Scranton, Pa., announced two new courses in radio and television servicing—one for the beginner, and the other for persons with some knowledge of radio. The school also announced that it has instituted a course in industrial electronics. END



Leonard C. Lane, B.S., M.A.
President of Radio-Television
Training Association, Exec. Dir.
of Pierce School of Radio and
Television.



**I GIVE YOU
MORE EQUIPMENT
TO TRAIN YOU BETTER**

Set up your own home laboratory with the 15 BIG TV-Radio kits we send you. You build AND KEEP your own complete BIG SCREEN TV RECEIVER, Super-Het Radio Receiver, R.F. Signal Generator, Combination Voltmeter-Ammeter-Ohmmeter, C-W Telephone Receiver, AC-DC Power Supply. Everything is furnished complete, including all tubes, plus big TV picture tube.

**GET MORE!
LEARN MORE!
EARN MORE!**

THOUSANDS OF NEW JOBS IN

TELEVISION

I PREPARE YOU AT HOME IN YOUR SPARE TIME

**TRAINING TO FIT YOU
FOR THE BETTER PAY JOBS**

Thousands of new jobs will open up right in your own state, now that the government has lifted restrictions on new TV stations. My simple, successful methods have helped hundreds of men — most of them with NO PREVIOUS TRAINING — find places in America's booming TELEVISION and Electronics industries. You too can get the success and happiness you always wanted out of life within months... studying at home... as I train you to become a full-fledged TV TECHNICIAN. Many of my students make as much as \$25.00 a week repairing Radio-TV sets in their spare time while learning... pay their entire training almost from the very beginning from spare time earnings... start their own profitable service business.

But I don't stop after I qualify you as a TV Technician... although right there you can choose from among dozens of fascinating careers! I continue to train you — AT NO EXTRA COST — to qualify for even better pay in the BETTER JOBS that demand FCC licenses, with my...

FREE FCC COACHING COURSE
PREPARES YOU AT HOME FOR YOUR FCC LICENSE.
THE BEST JOBS IN TV AND RADIO REQUIRE AN FCC LICENSE.
Given at NO EXTRA COST after TV Theory and Practice is completed.

NOW! ADVANCED FM-TV TRAINING
If you have previous Armed Forces or civilian radio experience—my ADVANCED COURSE can save you months of training. Full theory and practical training... complete with kits, including BIG SCREEN TV RECEIVER and FREE FCC License Coaching Course.

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My vocational adviser will help you obtain a good-paying job in the locality of your choice.

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1629 Broadway, Radio City Station, New York City 19, N. Y.
LICENSED BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK

**MORE VALUE!
YOU GET A ROUND TRIP TO
NEW YORK CITY
AT NO EXTRA COST**

FROM ANYWHERE IN THE U.S. OR CANADA — I pay your way to New York and return, PLUS 2 FREE weeks, 50 hours of advanced instruction and shop training at the PIERCE SCHOOL OF RADIO & TELEVISION. You use modern electronics equipment, including student-operated TV and Radio stations. You go behind the scenes of New York's big Radio-TV centers, to study first hand. And I give you all this AT NO EXTRA COST! (Applies to complete Radio-TV course only.)

Only RTTA makes this amazing offer.

**I GET MY
GRADUATES GOOD PAYING JOBS**

"Thanks to your training, I qualified for a good job as a Receiver Tester at Federal Telephone and Radio."
— Paul Frank Seier



"I'm making good money in my own business, repairing and installing radio and TV sets — thanks to your training."
— Irwin Polansky



"Your excellent instruction helped me get my present job as an airport radio mechanic for American Airlines."
— Eugene E. Basko



"I'll always be grateful to your training which helped me get my present fine position as Assistant Parts Manager."
— Norman Weston



Many others working at NBC, RCA, CBS, DuMont, Philco, Emerson, Admiral and other leading firms.

VETERANS!



MY SCHOOLS FULLY APPROVED TO TRAIN VETERANS UNDER NEW G.I. BILL! If discharged after June 27, 1950 — CHECK COUPON BELOW!

Also approved for RESIDENT TRAINING in New York City... qualifies you for full subsistence allowance up to \$160 per month.

MAIL COUPON TODAY!

BOTH FREE! New Illustrated Book and Sample Lesson. Learn How My Simple Methods Make Success Easy!



NO SALESMAN WILL CALL!

Mr. Leonard C. Lane, President of RADIO-TELEVISION TRAINING ASSOCIATION
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Dear Mr. Lane: Mail me your NEW FREE BOOK and SAMPLE LESSON that will show me how I can make BIG MONEY in TELEVISION. I understand I am under no obligation and no salesman will call.

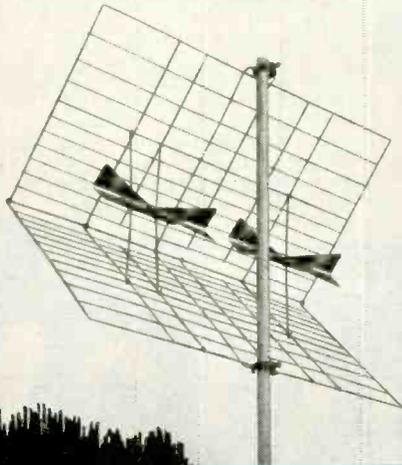
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Name _____ Age _____
Address _____
City _____ Zone _____ State _____

I am interested in: Radio-TV Advanced FM-TV.
VETERANS: If qualified under new G.I. Bill, check your choice: Home Study Resident Study.

New! another Channel Master development!

beats 'em all on **UHF!**



CHANNEL MASTER'S

TWIN CORNER REFLECTOR

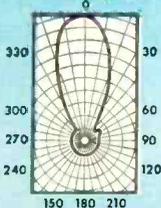
Model No. 406

Gives the brilliant performance of **2** antennas!

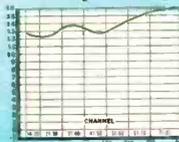
up to **16** db gain

THE MOST SENSITIVE UHF ANTENNA EVER DEVELOPED!

Extremely narrow forward lobe, with no side lobes and negligible rear lobe



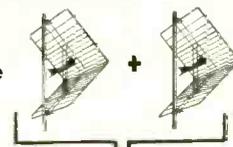
Twice the gain of the BEST standard UHF Corner Reflector



Excellent 300 ohm impedance match over the entire UHF range, provided by built-in, pre-cut matching harness

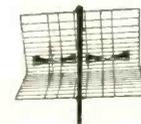
because Channel Master's Twin Corner Reflector really is **2** antennas . . .

stacked side by side into one simple structure



exclusive **DUBL-DIPOLE** design

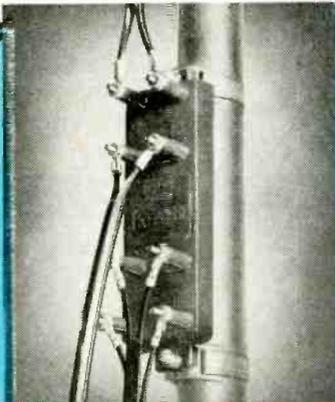
- 2 antennas, electrically
- 1 antenna, mechanically
- One simple structure . . .
- one simple installation . . .
- highest gain, all-channel UHF coverage!



In any area you pick, the Twin Corner Reflector will out-perform any other antenna available today!

Ties together all 3 TV reception bands!

"Free space" terminals. Impossible for dirt or rainwater to accumulate between the terminals, which can short out the picture. Assures you of brilliant, steady reception in ANY KIND OF WEATHER!



SINGLE LEAD • NO SWITCHING
ELIMINATES INTER-ACTION • NO SIGNAL LOSS ON VHF OR UHF

CHANNEL MASTER'S **New!**

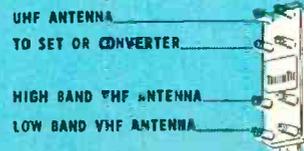
TRIPLE-TIE model no. 9035

electronic inter-action filter

Combines up to 3 antennas with only 1 lead to the set.

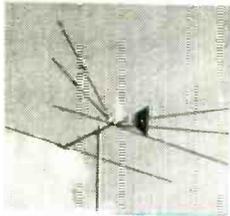
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2. High Band VHF
3. All UHF (Broad Band or Yagi)

Eliminates inter-action between all 3 antennas.



Designed to adapt all HI-LO VHF installations to UHF — quickly and economically

ULTRA FAN series — Complete VHF-UHF coverage



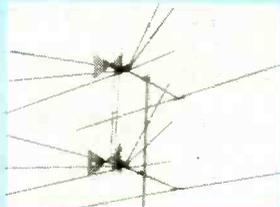
single bay — model no. 413



Today's most sensitive All-VU* antennas! The Ultra Fans actually operate on three separate electronic principles — automatically:

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3. UHF (Channels 14-83) ... Triangular dipole with sheet reflector

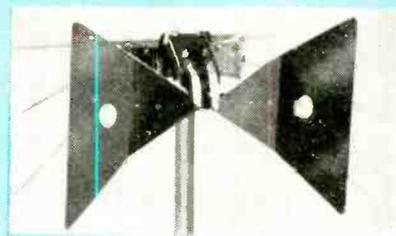
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UHF gain. Each Ultra Fan has its own 2-stage interaction filter, so that only one transmission line to the set is required.

*All VHF, all UHF



ULTRA DAPTER

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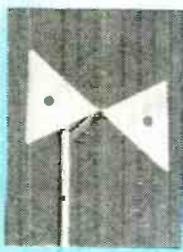
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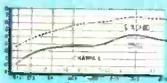
Channel Master's advanced engineering pays off again! While rain caused hundreds of UHF antennas to FAIL recently in Portland, not one Channel Master antenna dimmed or showed out a picture! The facts speak for themselves: Rain or shine, Channel Master antennas outperform all others.



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Eliminated by Channel Master's Ultra-Rigid construction and advanced mechanical design.

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Eliminated by Channel Master's sensational "free-space" terminals which prevent the accumulation of foreign deposits at the feed points.

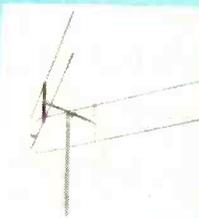


ULTRA BOW

with SCREEN REFLECTOR

model no. 403

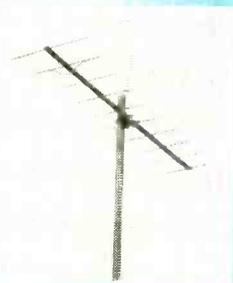
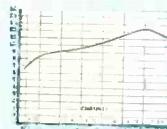
Can be stacked in 1, 2, and 4 bays. High, all-channel UHF gain, excellent front-to-back ratio.



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- The most rigid UHF antenna of its type and size.

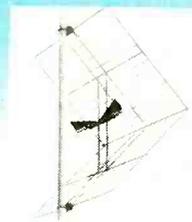


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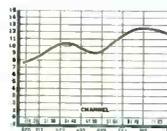
Gain: 11 DB, single
14 DB, stacked



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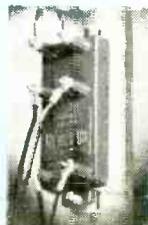
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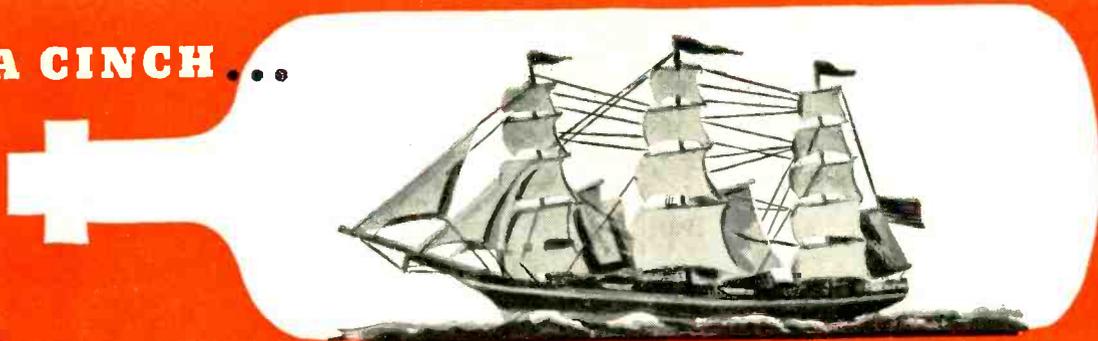
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JOINS separate antennas into a single VHF-UHF antenna system, for use with a single transmission line.

SEPARATES VHF and UHF signals at the set or converter where separate inputs are provided.

The only filter with "free-space" terminals

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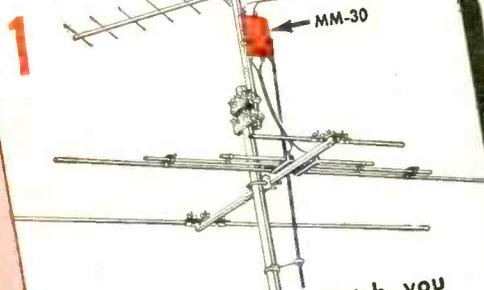
why install 2 when 1 will do?



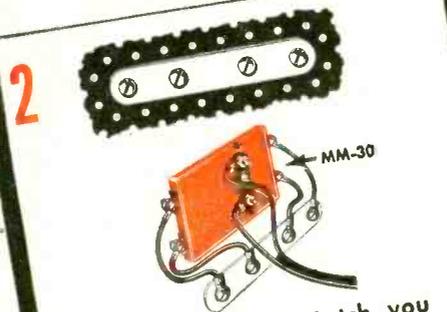
THE VEE-D-X Mighty Match*

IS MIGHTY IMPORTANT
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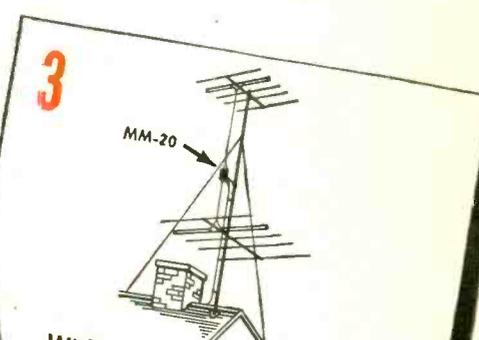
* Lic. A. A. K. Pats.
2,422,458; 2,282,292;
2,611,086; others pending.



1 With the Mighty Match you can connect separate UHF and VHF antennas to a single transmission line.



2 With the Mighty Match you can quickly and easily terminate a single transmission line at the converter or TV set equipped with two sets of terminals — one for VHF and one for UHF.



3 With the Mighty Match you can use a single transmission line between separate high and low channel VHF antennas.

Available 6 ways



Plain MM-30 (red) for UHF-VHF



Plain MM-20 (green) for VHF only



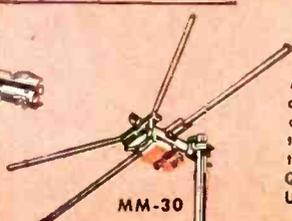
SO-MM-30 (red) for VHF-UHF with standoff for mounting on mast



SO-MM-20 (green) for VHF only with standoff for mounting on mast



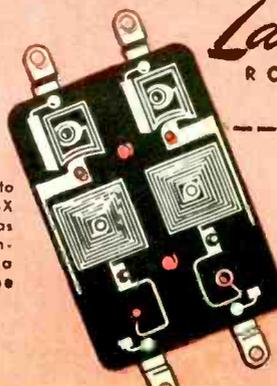
AB-MM-30 supplied with Universal Mounting Bracket for attaching UHF antenna to present VHF mast



MM-30

MM-30 built into certain VEE-D-X antennas, such as the UHF "V" antenna, the Ultra Q-Tea and the Ultra Q-Tea S.

No television set owner wants two transmission lines when one will do. No installation man wants to waste time installing two when one will do. Mighty Match takes care of both situations the fastest, easiest, most profitable way for you. The patented* VEE-D-X Mighty Match is the only practical device yet perfected to make single transmission line VHF-UHF possible. Mighty Match has a double-barreled application — at the antenna — at the terminals on TV set or converter. The Mighty Match is extremely compact (only 3¼" x 2¼" x ¼"), thanks to its newly developed printed circuits that separate all channels (2-83) automatically. Is it any wonder that Mighty Match is the magic name for all UHF-VHF installations? **WARNING** — Accept no substitute for Mighty Match. It is completely protected under A.A.K. Pats. 2,422,458; 2,282,292; 2,611,086.



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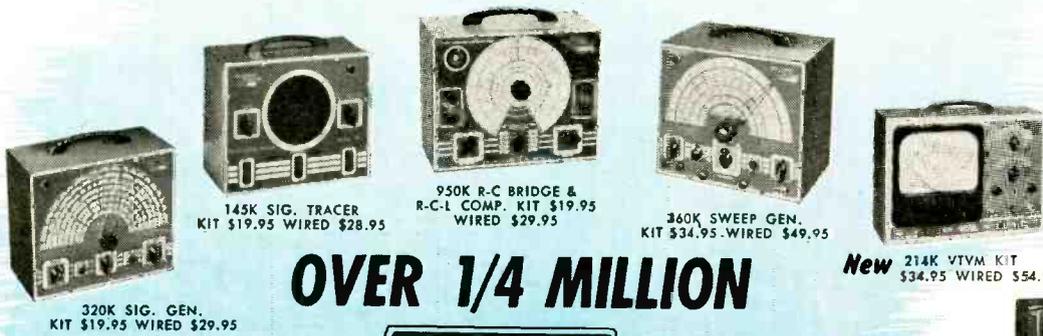
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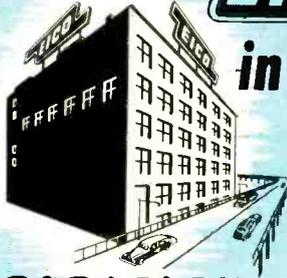
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R-C-L COMP. KIT \$19.95
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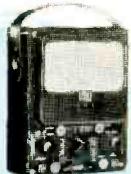
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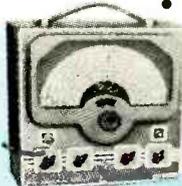
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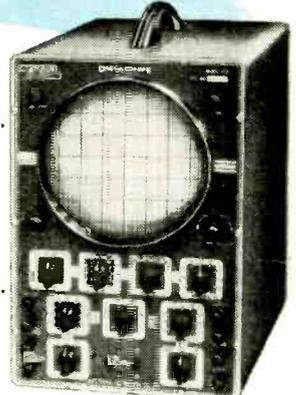
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TRANSOCEANIC TELEVISION

... *Intercontinental TV programs are feasible* ...

By HUGO GERNSBACK

DURING the past year we have heard from time to time about various intercontinental television projects. The idea is not new; indeed when television was in its infancy, Baird, as early as 1928, succeeded a number of times in bridging the ocean between England and the U. S.

It is true that Baird used low radio frequencies to achieve this; nevertheless, he proved that television *could* span distances over 3,000 miles. Of course in those days we had no cathode-ray TV—all transmitters and receivers used the rotating Nipkow disc as a scanner. Nor were the transatlantic transmissions accompanied by simultaneous sound.

Present-day TV transmissions require much higher frequencies, which limit the transmission range. To use these for transoceanic purposes, it is necessary to build many relay stations and skip from island to island—if possible—to reach our distant destination. Technically, this is feasible today. To cross the Atlantic, relay points can be established along the east coast of the North American continent; then jump to Greenland, thence via a chain of other islands to the Northernmost point of Scotland. This completes the chain. A similar arrangement could be worked out in the Pacific via Alaska and the Aleutian Islands, thence to Japan and the Asiatic mainland.

Other more expensive means of spanning the oceans would be via man-made floating, but moored, steel caissons, or "iron islands," carrying the relay towers. We also could use coaxial cables under the ocean. Both of these methods today seem impractical, mainly on account of the very high cost.

There remains another method. Recent researches indicate that long-distance reception of v.h.f. signals is possible without anything more spectacular than high power and directional antenna equipment. Reception at the Washington National Bureau of Standards from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, a distance of 775 miles, was consistent though very weak. It seems that here we have to do with a little-understood upper atmospheric, ionic layer effect. It would seem possible that using new and special antennas and other equipment, reliable long distance TV transmissions could be achieved in the future.

Let us now consider transoceanic television from an entirely different viewpoint. Let us assume in advance that all technical difficulties have been overcome. Let us also suppose that the economics of the physical transmission have been solved satisfactorily.

Now comes the crux of the problem: *Who will pay for the personnel in charge, cost of the programs, day after day, year after year?* Will these expenses be met by sponsors? That seems hardly likely if you but consider the language obstacle. Admittedly, U. S. programs in English, received in Great Britain would work out satisfactorily. Likewise British programs received in U. S. would no doubt be more than welcome. But again who would bear the program cost?

Evidently the only sensible arrangement would be that most of such programs would of necessity have to be paid

for by the various participating governments. These would then be goodwill programs in the main, aimed primarily to promote better understanding between nations. In this respect, International Television is certainly more than worthwhile.

For a number of obvious reasons, such international programs must remain a long-term project—it may be a great many years before even a modest exchange of such programs can become a reality. To begin with, only the U. S. at present has a population-wide television system—over 20 million receivers. By 1960 there will be over 50 million sets, enough to blanket the country effectively. Great Britain at present has a mere 1½ million TV receivers—while the rest of the world together has probably less than 2 million receivers.

It is almost certain that by 1960 the entire world—outside the U. S.—will still have considerably less than 10 million television receivers. Consequently, however much television is talked about in other countries, the fact remains that the U. S. could not hope to bring our programs to several hundred million people of the world for a long time to come.

Yet, it is possible to bring such programs to a vast foreign audience by using theater-type television screens, enabling thousands of persons to witness a single program simultaneously. But again we must consider the high cost of such an undertaking. Who would pay for it? Most governments probably might not. Should the U. S. finance such a world-wide project? Would it help in the long run to secure World peace? We do not profess to know the answer—maybe it might be an excellent investment.

International television programs of the future must also cope with the language problems. It is unthinkable to broadcast TV programs *in English* to such countries as France, Germany, Italy, and Spain. Nor would it be realistic to export such programs in foreign languages from a single center in the U. S.

The ideal method naturally would be an electronic language translator. But we must doubt if such a machine can ever be perfected. The voices of no two people are alike. There are vast differences in pitch, overtones, timbre, etc. Then, few people pronounce the same words alike. All this would help to confuse any machine that we could think up today.

The best workable method probably is simultaneous translation by special linguists, expert in such an endeavor. This system has worked exceedingly well at the United Nations, where all talks in any given language are translated with such rapidity that the translator is rarely more than 3 seconds behind the speaker.

In practice, the English sound part of a TV program arriving from the U. S. in France would *not* be broadcast. Instead, the expert French linguist will listen to the sound over his headphones. As fast as the U. S. sound comes in, he translates it and speaks into the microphone before him; his voice—in French—is now combined with the video part of the program and broadcast to the French audience.

Performance data
and characteristics
on several
popular commercial
forms of

UHF

ANTENNAS and TRANSMISSION LINES

By JOE ROCHE*

UHF antenna installation may be new to most of us, but it's an old story to a picked group of Du Mont engineers and technicians. Long before the end of the freeze they were assigned the job of finding the answers to u.h.f. installation problems. This article describes the antennas and transmission lines that gave the best results in their tests.

U.h.f. antennas fall into two categories: dual-band v.h.f.-u.h.f. types, and those designed to cover only the u.h.f. channels. The ideal antenna for home receivers would be an all-channel unit providing high gain and good directivity in both the v.h.f. and u.h.f. bands. As might be expected, no such antenna has yet been found; however, several types have been developed which have sufficient gain on both bands to meet most requirements.

These antennas are called the "double V," the "stacked V," and the "trombone." They are all based on the familiar V-antenna design shown in Fig. 1. A single-wire antenna more than one-half wavelength long has the directional pattern shown at *a*. When two such long wires are arranged in a V which encloses an angle equal to twice angle θ , the directivity pattern shown in Fig. 1-b is obtained. The V antenna is bidirectional, with maximum gain along the line bisecting the angle formed by the legs of the V. The angle which gives maximum gain and directivity is determined by the lengths of the legs and the operating frequency. When the V is used as a broad-band antenna, a compromise between the

*Technical Editor, Teleset Service Dept., Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc.

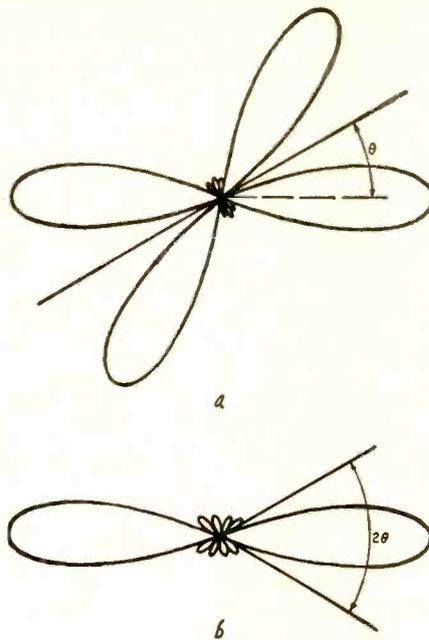


Fig. 1—(a) Directivity pattern of long-wire antenna. (b) The bidirectional directivity pattern when two long-wire antennas are combined to form a V.

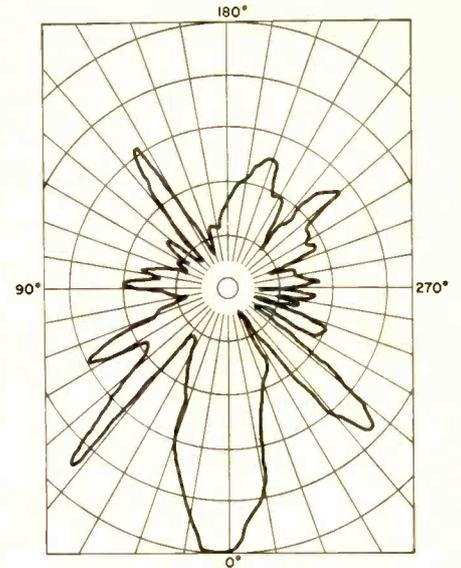


Fig. 3—Directivity pattern of double-V antenna. Note the strong forward lobe, and the relatively narrow minor lobes at intervals of approximately 45° .

angles giving maximum gain at either end of the range over which the antenna is used is selected.

The double-V antenna

Increased gain and directivity can be obtained by combining two V antennas to form an array, as shown in Fig. 2. Placing one V an *odd number of quarter-waves* behind the other, and exciting them 90 degrees out of phase, gives a unidirectional pattern with maximum sensitivity in the direction of the open ends of the V's. See Fig. 3. This configuration is known as the double V.

The double V is sturdy, light, and easy to assemble and mount. It has sufficient gain on both the u.h.f. and v.h.f.

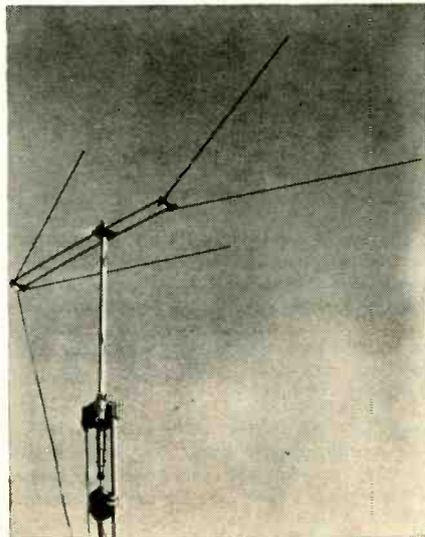


Fig. 2—A commercial double-V antenna.

bands to give good results in strong- and medium-signal television areas.

As mentioned previously, the gain and directivity of V antennas are determined to some extent by the angle between the legs. The antenna shown in Fig. 2 has provisions for varying the enclosed angle. Experiment showed that an angle of approximately 60 degrees gives the best results on both the v.h.f. and u.h.f. bands. Increasing the angle to 90 degrees gives better results on v.h.f., but the gain and directivity on u.h.f. channels suffers. Reducing the angle to 45 degrees has the opposite effect. It increases the u.h.f. gain at the expense of v.h.f. performance. The angle actually used is not too critical;

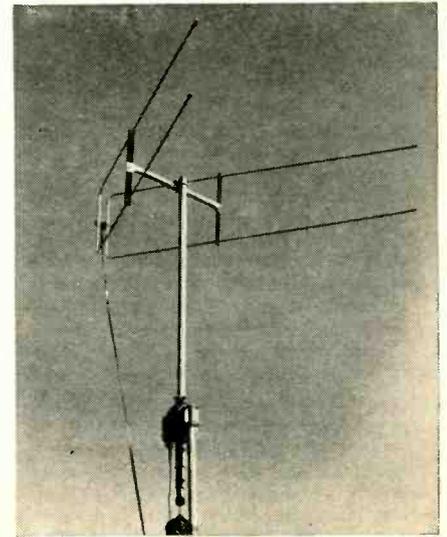


Fig. 4—A vertically-stacked V antenna.

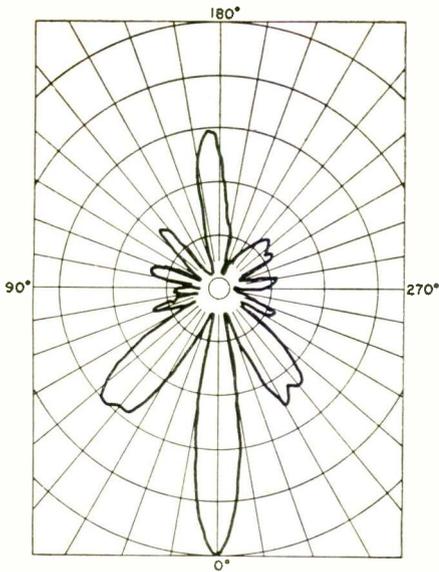


Fig. 5—Higher forward directivity obtained with vertically-stacked V antenna.

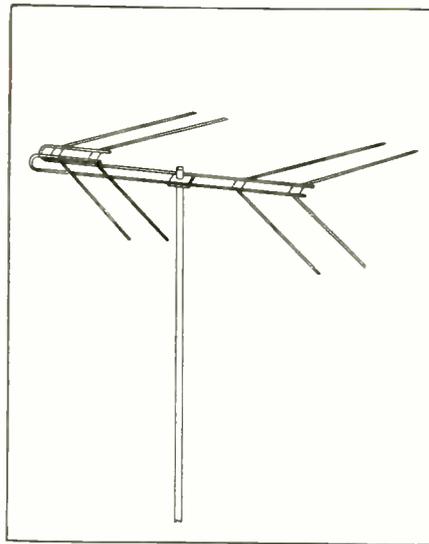


Fig. 6—Four-element "trombone" antenna. Both sets of elements may be adjusted to vary the terminating impedance, and the directivity of the antenna.

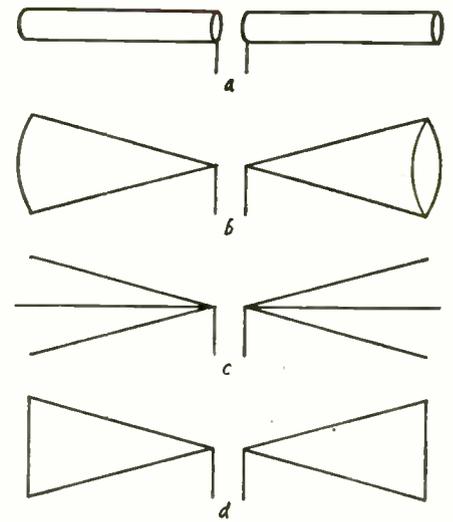


Fig. 7—(a) Increasing diameter of elements increases bandwidth. (b) Biconical dipole covers wide frequency range. (c) Fan-dipole form of conical antenna. (d) "Bow-tie" solid-sheet dipole for u.h.f.

but, wherever possible, it should be determined experimentally for conditions in the area in which the antenna is used. If the u.h.f. channels to be received are at the upper end of the band, an angle of less than 60 degrees will give best results. If only the lower end of the u.h.f. band is in use, the angle may be increased a few degrees.

By this time, you have undoubtedly recognized the double V as an antenna which has been used for v.h.f. reception with considerable success. The v.h.f.-u.h.f. version differs only with respect to the angle between the elements. If you have a double V and can change the angle, you can make yourself a good all-channel antenna.

The comparative voltage gains of the double V and the other antennas to be described are given in Table I. Note that the front-to-back ratio of the an-

tenna is approximately 1.5 to 1. This low front-to-back ratio can be a source of difficulty if ghosts are encountered. As indicated by the directivity pattern shown in Fig. 3, the double V has a number of secondary lobes. If a reflected signal is received on the axis of one of these secondary lobes, there is nothing to prevent it from reaching the receiver and producing a ghost.

There may be occasions when you can use these high-amplitude secondary lobes to advantage. When stations must be received from different directions, it is often possible to orient the antenna so that the weakest signal is picked up by the major lobe, and one or more strong signals by the minor lobes. The major lobe is wide enough to overcome slight differences in the angles between the antenna lobes and the received signals.

The stacked V

Another way to obtain additional gain from the V antenna is to stack one

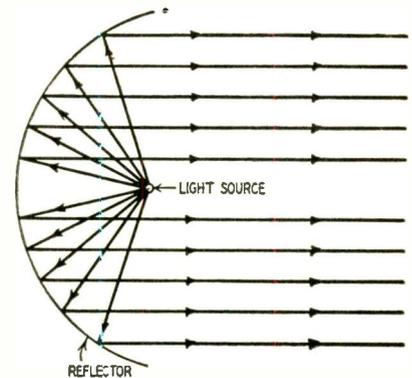


Fig. 10—Parabolic reflector collects light rays emitted by source and radiates them in unidirectional parallel rays.

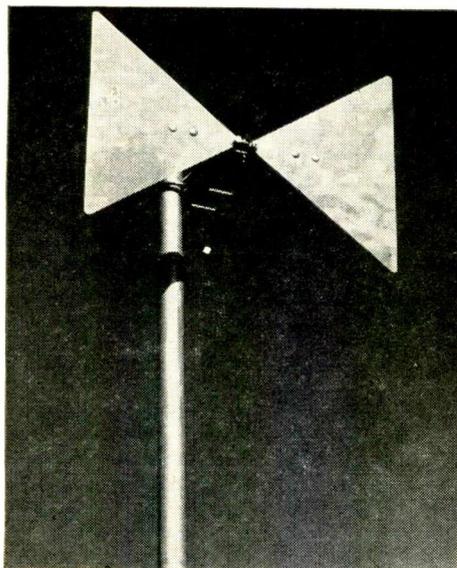


Fig. 8—A "bow-tie" in commercial form.

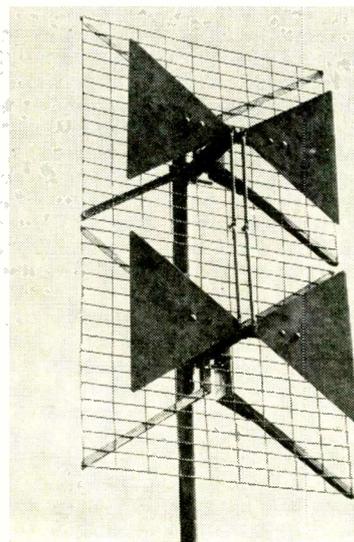


Fig. 9—Stacked "bow-ties" with reflector.

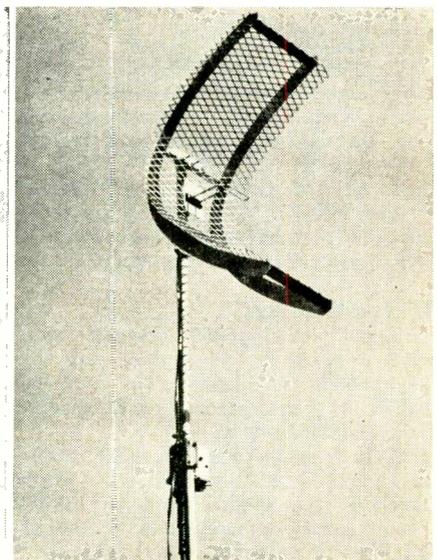


Fig. 11—Folded-dipole u.h.f. antenna with paraboloidal wire-screen reflector.

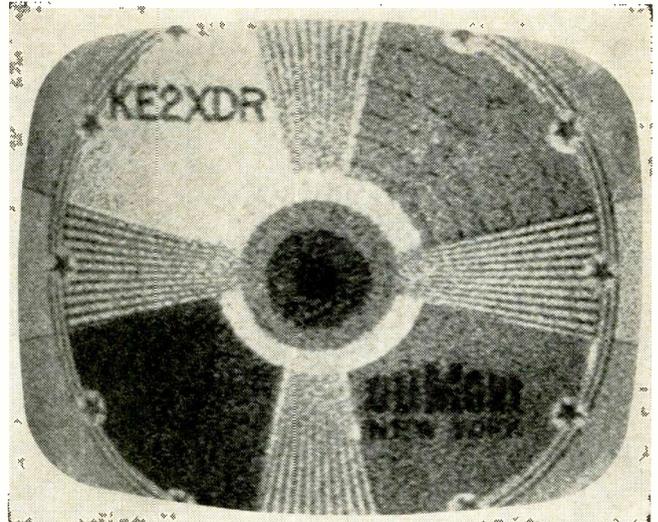
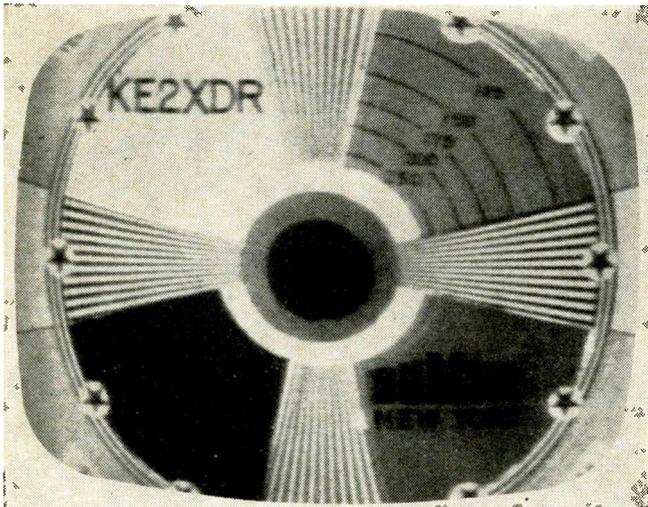


Fig. 12—(Left) U.h.f. signal received with a short length of low-loss u.h.f.

transmission line connected between antenna and receiver. (Right) Effect of

substituting a 200-foot lead-in of type RG-59/U coaxial cable on the picture.

V above another to form the antenna shown in Fig. 4. The stacked-V antenna provided the highest gain and front-to-back ratio of all the dual-band types tested. It is economical, light in weight, and easy to handle. Several commercial models will undoubtedly be available by the time this article is in print.

As indicated by the directivity pattern shown in Fig. 5, the stacked V has a narrower forward lobe than the double V, but also has the multiple minor lobes exhibited by all V antennas, a possible source of difficulty when ghosts are encountered.

A third type of V antenna, called the "trombone," is shown in Fig. 6. It consists of four driven-V antennas. The results obtained with this antenna are

Table I

Type	Gain	
	Front	Back
Double V	15	9.5
Stacked V	20	11.5
Trombone	12.5	8
Single bow-tie	6.5	5.5
Single bow-tie with reflector	8	2
Stacked bow-tie	11	10
Stacked bow-tie with reflector	21	3
Parabolic	12.5	4.5

roughly equivalent to those obtained with the double V, and there is little preference for one over the other. In fact, any of the V-type arrays described will do an excellent job wherever fairly strong signals are available and ghosts are not a problem.

U.h.f. antennas

Where the customer already has a v.h.f. antenna or where receiving conditions call for higher gain or better directivity, a separate u.h.f. antenna provides the answer.

Many types of straight u.h.f. antennas were tested, and two were found that met the requirements of all but very weak-signal locations. These are the bow-tie antenna and the parabolic antenna. Commercial versions of both types are now on the market.

An ordinary dipole made of thin wire

or tubing behaves like a high-Q resonant circuit. At frequencies slightly above and below its resonant frequency it becomes reactive, its efficiency and gain fall off sharply, and it performs rather poorly as an antenna. The resonant peak can be reduced by increasing the thickness of the conductors, as shown in Fig. 7-a. This lowers the Q of the dipole, providing more uniform response over a wide band of frequencies. Carrying this idea further the conductors can be constructed in cone form (Fig. 7-b), to cover a still greater frequency range. This is the true biconical antenna from which several of the types now in use are derived. The biconical suffers from the major disadvantage of being difficult to construct and mount.

The physical disadvantages of the biconical are overcome in the familiar fan dipole of Fig. 7-c, which is widely used in v.h.f. antennas. The fan antenna, however, does not possess the full bandwidth capabilities of the true biconical. Replacing the multiple conductors with flat metal triangles to form a bow-tie (Fig. 7-d), brings the performance closer to the true biconical.

Several versions of the bow-tie are available. A single version is shown in Fig. 8. Table I shows the comparative voltage gains of the single bow-tie, the stacked bow-tie, and the single and stacked bow-ties with reflectors. The stacked bow-tie with reflector, shown in Fig. 9, gave the best gain and front-to-back ratio of all the u.h.f. antennas tested.

The reflector used with the bow-tie is a flat screen referred to as a "bedspring" or "sheet." This reflector performs very much like a tuned parasitic reflector; however, it overcomes the critical spacing and length requirements of the tuned reflector and is much more efficient. For maximum efficiency the reflector must be somewhat wider than the bow-tie. The size and shape of the openings in the reflector are not critical, but their longest dimension must be kept shorter than 0.2 wavelength.

The parabolic antenna

At ultra-high frequencies radio waves exhibit many of the qualities of light rays. In a searchlight the light source is located at the focal point of a parabolic mirror, as shown in Fig. 10. The mirror reflects the light which strikes it from the source, forming a beam of parallel rays. The same principle is used in the u.h.f. antenna shown in Fig. 11, in which a folded dipole is mounted at the focal point of a parabolic-shaped metal reflector.

Radio waves striking the reflector are concentrated at the dipole. The reflector is actually a compromise between the flat bedspring type and a true parabola. It produces a very narrow vertical lobe, while the horizontal directivity is approximately equivalent to that obtained with a flat-surface reflector.

Although the parabolic antenna did not give quite as good results as the stacked bow-tie with reflector, it is an excellent antenna and will give satisfactory results in many areas.

Transmission lines

In the u.h.f. television band special attention must be given to the selection and installation of the transmission line. At ultra-high frequencies transmission-line losses are several times those which we have become accustomed to in the v.h.f. band.

Fig. 12 shows the effect the transmission line can have on u.h.f. reception. The same receiver and antenna were used to obtain both pictures. The pattern on the left was obtained with a short length of low-loss line between the antenna and receiver. The pattern on the right was obtained with 200 feet of RG-59/U connected between the antenna and receiver.

A comparison of the losses of several popular types of transmission line in the v.h.f. and u.h.f. bands is shown in Table II. The losses of each type of line are several times as great in the u.h.f. band (700 mc), as compared to the v.h.f. band.

The figures in the table indicate that

moisture has a drastic effect on 300-ohm ribbon. Its losses when wet are so great that the use of 300-ohm ribbon is not advisable if more than 25 feet of line is required.

The effects of moisture are overcome to a great extent in tubular 300-ohm line. In this line the conductors are attached to the outside of a polythene tube. The construction provides a longer leakage path and keeps moisture out of the space between the conductors. Because of its economy, this type of trans-

Table II

Type	Loss in Db per 100 feet			
	100 mc		700 mc	
	Dry	Wet	Dry	Wet
300-ohm ribbon...	1.2	7.3	3.6	26.5
300-ohm tubular...	1.2	2.5	3.6	8.2
450-ohm air-spaced	0.35	0.35	0.9	0.9
RG-59/U coaxial...	3.7	3.7	11.7	11.7
RG-11/U coaxial...	1.9	1.9	6.2	6.2

mission line will undoubtedly be highly popular for u.h.f. installations.

Coaxial lines such as RG-59/U and RG-11/U do not suffer from the effects of moisture; but the losses of RG-59/U prohibit its use in weak-signal areas if more than 50 feet of line are required.

Absorption effects

Losses due to absorption from the transmission line can be severe when open-wire lines of either the ribbon or tubular types are used. With a 500-microvolt signal at the antenna, an installation using 100 feet of 300-ohm ribbon produced an excellent picture when the transmission line was entirely clear of surrounding objects. When the line was laid on the roof of the building the picture practically disappeared. 300-ohm tubular suffers from absorption to the same extent as 300-ohm ribbon. Both types must be kept away from all other objects, especially those containing metal. Space the line at least 6 inches from all walls, roofs, and other surfaces; and wherever possible avoid running the line parallel to pipes, drains, wires, or other metal parts of a structure.

Where a transmission line must be run a considerable distance inside a building, and it is not possible to keep the line in the clear, use coaxial line.

Another possibility for use in u.h.f. installations is 450-ohm air-spaced, open-wire line. This line has the lowest losses of the various types available. It is not affected appreciably by moisture, but it suffers from absorption effects and must be supported away from other objects. It is ideal for weak-signal locations where long lines must be run, but it is rather difficult to handle. It is not generally needed for installations requiring less than 200 feet of line.

Other types of u.h.f. transmission line are now available, but were not checked in these tests.

The transmission-line requirements of u.h.f. installations can be summed up as follows:

1. If very strong signals are available and less than 25 or 30 feet of line are required, almost any type of line will prove satisfactory.

2. When the line is 50 feet or longer, either 300-ohm tubular or coaxial line will usually give best results.

3. If the line is more than 50 feet long and cannot be kept clear of other objects, use coaxial line. If the signals are strong, or if the line is less than 100 feet long, RG-59/U is suitable. With weak signals or longer lines, RG-11/U will give better results.

4. In a weak signal area when a very long line is required, 450-ohm air-spaced line should be considered.

When separate v.h.f. and u.h.f. antennas are used, it is often desirable to use a single transmission line. Several commercial crossover filters are available which permit this to be done. The filter is mounted near the antennas and connected to them by short lines. A single transmission line carries the output of the filter to the receiver.

Many of the u.h.f. converters on the market are intended for use with separate v.h.f. and u.h.f. transmission lines. If the transmission line is connected directly to the v.h.f. and u.h.f. terminals of the converter, a proper match will not be obtained. To provide a correct match, a network is required. Commercial networks are available for this purpose. Some of these networks may be used at either the antenna end of the line to permit the use of a single line as described above, or at the receiver end to match a single line to separate v.h.f. and u.h.f. input terminals.

Installation problems

You may have noticed when installing v.h.f. antennas that raising an antenna a few feet does not always produce a stronger signal. This effect, called "height cancellation," is much more pronounced in the u.h.f. band. Due to phasing differences between the direct signal and the ground-reflected signal, cancellation and addition occur at various heights above ground. As a result, layers of minimum and maximum signal level are created. When installing u.h.f. antennas, always raise and lower the antenna a few feet to probe for the height which gives maximum signal.

At ultra-high frequencies, the shielding effects of hills, buildings, and other obstructions produces shadow areas in which very little signal is available. Several such areas have been found around Portland, Oregon. In many cases, it was possible to get fair reception with high-gain antennas; in others, nothing could be done.

Most new u.h.f. stations will probably go on the air with effective radiated powers of approximately 20 kw. In most cases, this will give dependable reception within 20 to 30 miles from the transmitter. Future power increases will raise this distance.

Since u.h.f. signals are reflected more efficiently, ghosts are much more common than on v.h.f. This is partially compensated for by the availability of highly directional antennas. Multipath pickup also results in signal cancellation. Moving the antenna a few feet will often greatly increase or decrease the signal pickup. END



APRIL marks a seasonal turning point for the TV dx enthusiast. After a period of several months when TV dx has been seen seldom, if at all, he can now look forward to better times for at least the next three months.

There will not be many dx openings in April, and the observer in the northern states may find little evidence of it at all. Because the dx cycle is associated in a general way with climate, the viewer in the deep south is likely to get the first break in both tropospheric and ionospheric dx.

The last major auroral disturbances of the spring cycle occur in April, and though the magnitude of auroral activity has been generally low in recent months there is always a chance of a marked change in this respect. Auroral effects on TV reception are probably the least understood of any of the principal factors that may account for TV dx. Observers interested in learning more of this will find useful information in the January, 1953, issue of IRE Proceedings, wherein some Cornell University photographs of TV pictures made during an aurora are reproduced.

Ever since the appearance of the summary of 1952 TV dx observations in the January RADIO-ELECTRONICS, reports have been coming in from readers who recorded TV dx reception during the past year, but did not send it in at once. While such reports are valuable for long-term study, they do not get proper acknowledgment in the pages of this magazine, and of course they do not figure in the compilation of the published report for the year.

To be of greatest value, TV dx observations should be sent in soon after the incidents reported. A monthly log is a convenient way to handle it, and useful to us. The time, date, and channel are important, and information on the equipment used is helpful. END

DEDICATED TO ALL TV KIBITZERS AND DIAL-TWISTERS

By Caroline J. Beckner

I think that I shall never see
More cause for strong profanity
Than when I twist the TV dial
And others scream: "Your taste is vile!"

They raise a loud, insistent clamor
For quiz shows or for melodramer.
Or movies old—half-hid in snow—
That give me chills and vertigo.
They take turns at the little knobs
Nor hearken to my tears and sobs.
Radio's rade for wrecks like me,
Red's all that I see on TV.

WHAT ABOUT THE ION TRAP?



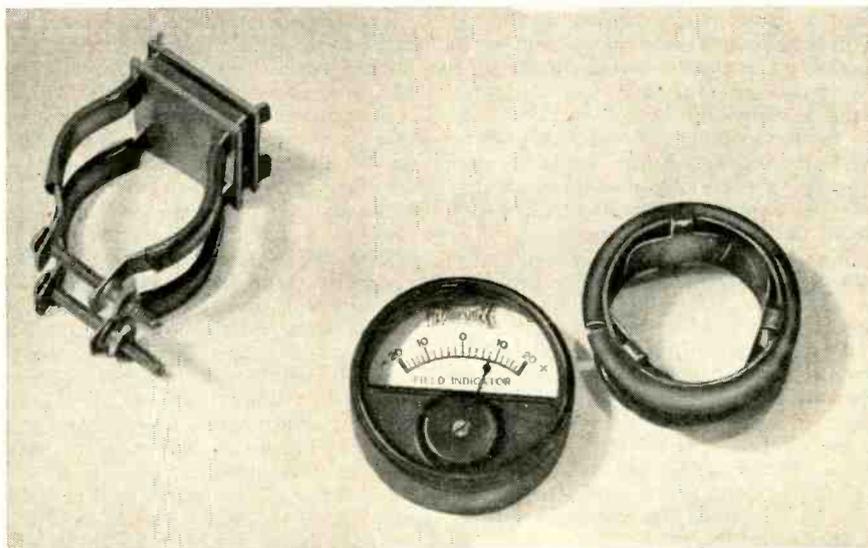
(Above)—The author checks an ion-trap magnet. (Below)—This inexpensive field-strength meter can be used to check relative strength of magnets. Deflection is due to field of the near-by ion trap.

By ALVIN B. KAUFMAN

THE service technician takes the ion-trap magnet and the new PM centering assemblies casually, as a rule. However, measurement of their field strength is an important factor that should not be overlooked when certain types of service trouble are encountered.

Either of these units may be single- or dual-magnet assemblies. The better manufacturers of ion-trap and centering magnets use Alnico V. These magnets have a silvery color, while other materials do not. This choice of material and the importance to the service technician is indicated because both ion-trap and centering magnets operate pretty much under open-circuit conditions and thus are subject to demagnetization due to heat, handling, or vibration. In addition, the centering magnet is close to the deflection yoke with its heavy demagnetizing effect, which may seriously affect its strength.

Appreciable reduction in the field strength of the centering magnet assembly may reduce its ability to center the beam or raster to the point where it has to be discarded. A simple check of its field strength will indicate whether the trouble is in this component or if a breakdown has occurred in the deflection-yoke circuits. Replacement by another unit, off the shelf, may not remedy the trouble if this new unit should be of a type employing magnetic com-



ponents which also might have a weak field (from one of the causes previously indicated). The centering magnet produces a field which moves the electron beam before it reaches the yoke.

The ion-trap magnet presents a different problem. Normally where field strength is correct it is possible to bend the electron beam through the proper course until it again hits the gun structure. Cases of ion trap magnets being overly strong are just about an impossibility, as the trap can be positioned

far back if necessary. The usual trouble is a weak magnet, in which case there is lack of brilliance, difficult centering, neck shadow, and danger of the screen developing ion burns.

(According to "Design and Adjustment of Kinescope Centering Magnets and Ion-Trap Magnets" [RCA *Electron Tubes Application Note No. AN-152*] "For a kinescope utilizing electrostatic focus, it is important that the field strength be close to the given value. A field strength appreciably higher than

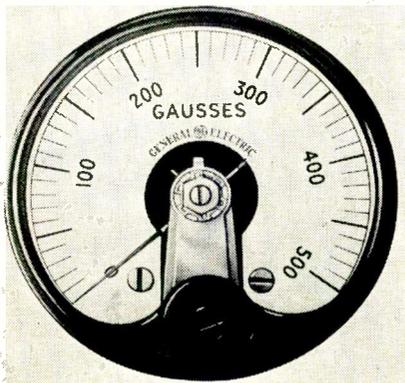
that specified distorts the focused spot, changes the focusing voltage of the tube, and also requires a shift in the position of the magnet on the neck of the tube."—Editor)

In the electrostatically deflected cathode-ray tube the ions and electrons produced by the cathode of the tube are both deflected equally and the screen is thus bombarded evenly and not burnt. In the electromagnetically deflected tube, due to difference in mass, only the electrons are deflected appreciably, and the ions—hitting the screen at one point in a steady stream—would produce a burnt spot. This was remedied in modern C-R tubes by directing the ions and electrons against some portion of the electron gun, as in the bent gun design. The ion-trap magnet straightens out the electron stream and allows it to go down the tube to the screen. This magnet does *not* affect the ions, which continue in a straight line into the tube structure where they do no harm. As Fig. 1 shows, the magnet is adjusted until the electron beam is just straightened out. Improper adjustment or weak field strength will allow the beam to hit the gun structure (aperture), limiting screen brilliance and producing secondary ion burns due to disintegration of the structure. A discussion of these ion burns was presented very thoroughly in the February, 1952, issue¹.

At this time it is too early to evaluate whether much trouble will be encountered with centering units, for electrostatic and electromagnetic focusing cathode-ray tubes. In checking with a large service organization and numerous dealers not many bad ion-trap magnets have been turned up. But as they were normally unexpected these cases led to many hours of needless trouble shooting before the ion-trap magnets were finally identified as the elements responsible for the difficulties.

A magnet checker

A simple tester to check the field strength of these magnets may pay for itself even if it just clears the atmosphere by showing that the magnet is not the cause of raster misalignment, loss of brilliance, or ion burns on the picture-tube screen.



High-grade General Electric Gaussmeter. This instrument is portable and indicates field strength with 5% accuracy.

APRIL, 1953

The magnetic field strengths employed in these assemblies run between 5 and 40 gauss. Therefore the gauss meter should preferably cover this range as closely as possible. Numerous commercial meters are available, among which General Electric's field meter is particularly adaptable and inexpensive. These field type portable indicators have an accuracy of $\pm 5\%$ and are supplied with standard reference magnets. GE bulletin GEC-777 describes all available models including one of 0-100 gauss range (Cat. No. 416X29) which sells for \$72.00. Besides commercial units, home-built designs have been featured in several publications^{2,3}. However, for the experimenter or technician who does not wish to either build such a gauss meter, or wants to limit his expenditure to a more modest sum, another meter is available.

Magnaflux Corporation sells a pocket field indicator model No. 2480 for the small sum of \$2.60. It is intended for use with the Magnaflux inspection system to allow a check of tested structures or parts to insure that no residual magnetic field has been left after test. As such it was not intended to be a highly accurate instrument, and is not calibrated in gauss. It simply has a scale of plus or minus 20 which corresponds somewhat to the field strength

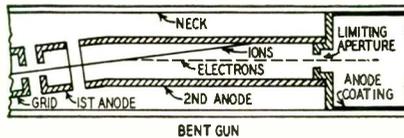


Fig. 1—Electron and ion paths through gun at correct ion-trap-magnet setting.

in gauss $\pm 50\%$. Individual units vary by as much as 25% among themselves.

However, this is of little consequence in TV work, as will be indicated shortly.

The types and forms of ion-trap and centering magnet assemblies vary widely, as does the field strength of the magnets. There are ion-trap units with single bar magnets (mounted either across or parallel to the tube neck), double ring types, bar and ring, and double bar, to mention some of the most common kinds.

The field strengths of these magnets vary widely among the different types. The two-magnet assembly delivers a strong and a weak magnetic field, whether of bar or ring construction. The apparent value of the field strength will also vary with the point at which it is measured. This means that regardless of the type of field strength indicator used, some measurement configuration must be used for each type of assembly if comparative strengths of assemblies are to be measured.

Therefore some position and distance between the magnet assembly and indicator must be selected and noted on a chart along with the value of the flux meter reading for each type of assembly. Use a *known good unit* for the check. From then on it will only take a moment to check an unknown unit of the same type. Absolute values cannot be given in the article, because of the variation in flux meters, and the subject components. A variation of 50% from the selected standard, should allow good units to pass; all other units being eyed with suspicion. END

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RADIO-ELECTRONICS Feb. 1952
2. *Magnetic Phenomenon*
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Radio and Television News Engr. Edition Mar. 50

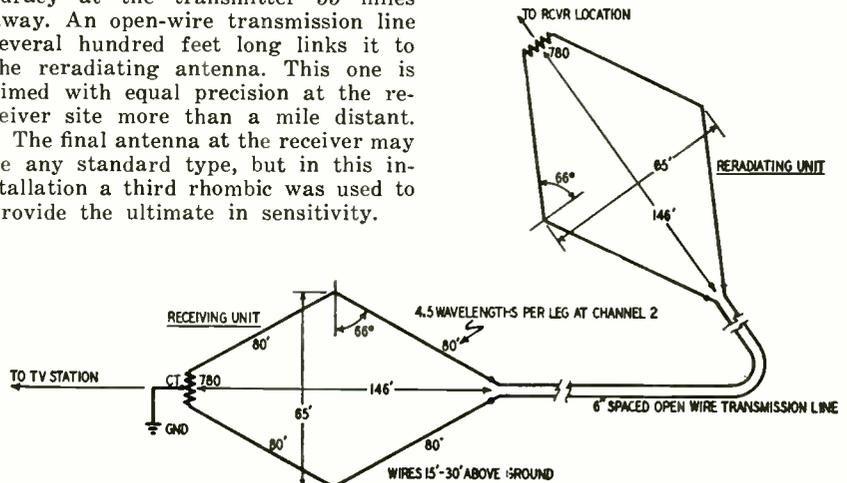
RELAY RHOMBIC BRINGS TV TO SHADOW AREA

A SIMPLE but sizable twin-rhombic antenna system developed at the University of Denver picks up high-strength TV signals on a mountain top and reradiates them to receivers in a signalless canyon far below.

The pickup rhombic on top of the mountain is beamed with scientific accuracy at the transmitter 55 miles away. An open-wire transmission line several hundred feet long links it to the reradiating antenna. This one is aimed with equal precision at the receiver site more than a mile distant.

The final antenna at the receiver may be any standard type, but in this installation a third rhombic was used to provide the ultimate in sensitivity.

The diagram shows the dimensions of the all-channel rhombics used in the Colorado installation. Increasing the included angle from 66° to 70° improved the response on channels 7-13. END



APRIL, 1953

DX

PROSPECTS FOR UHF TV

Hams work u.h.f. dx with negligible power—Why not TV?

ABOUT twenty-five years ago one of the leading technical journals published a learned article on wave propagation. Based on all that was known of the subject, it tried to predict what we would find when we started to use that portion of the radio-frequency spectrum now known as v.h.f. and u.h.f. It was a masterful job, and it set the pattern of wave propagation reasoning for years to come. There was only one thing wrong: the authors of the article had no way of knowing that there were many factors that would soon rise to complicate their neat picture of a "line-of-sight" world above 30 mc or so.

As soon as amateurs—then invariably the first mass users of new radio frequencies—started to make general use of their 5-meter band, they began to run across things that caused much head-scratching in scientific circles. In one of the finest pieces of original research ever done by an amateur in any field, a 5-meter enthusiast established the basic correlation between weather and v.h.f. propagation, and in the middle '30s first stated the now-accepted theory of air-mass boundary bending of v.h.f. waves.

The amateur discovery of sporadic-E dx on 56 mc followed soon after. Then 5-meter hams found that they could bounce their signals off the aurora to points several hundred miles away. Showing how far off were the early estimates of the potentialities of the v.h.f. region were: reflections from ionized meteor trails; 50-mc dx of world-wide proportions with the passing of a sunspot cycle peak in the years immediately following World War II; several as yet incomplete studies of tropospheric and ionospheric scattering and other forms of v.h.f. dx. *Line-of-sight* indeed!

It was the great error in properly assessing the dx possibilities of the frequencies assigned to v.h.f. television that led to the allocations freeze just recently lifted. V.h.f. assignments have been reshuffled in the light of present-day propagation knowledge, and com-

mercial use of the new u.h.f. band is now getting under way. Will we run into the same confusion with u.h.f., too? Will there be u.h.f. dx, and if so, what will it be like?

Right now it's anybody's guess, though scientific research and amateur operation have combined to give us some clues. The field has been extensively investigated by competent propagation scientists, and much more is known of u.h.f. today than was known of v.h.f. when the first modern TV stations went on the air. Then, too, we have the benefit of several years of use by amateurs of their 420-450-mc band, not far below the low end of the u.h.f. TV band. As they have done many times in the past, hams have been making good use of their u.h.f. assignment, and some of their experiences may be of interest.

Just as with v.h.f. in the early '30s, hams started in on 420 mc with the line-of-sight concept thoroughly accepted. At first everyone thought that the only way to work any distance was to make for the highest mountain-top in the area. We know now that altitude helps, of course, but some of the best distances yet covered in the 420-mc band have been between ordinary home locations at or near sea level. There have been several contacts of more than 250 miles between stations in southern New England and the Washington, D. C., area. In September, a southern New Jersey ham on 435 mc was heard not far from Cleveland, Ohio, nearly 400 miles. Over in Algiers, a North African amateur worked across the Mediterranean to Toulon, France, 500 miles, on 435 mc. Did someone say "line-of-sight"?

It takes something rather special in the way of weather to bring about this sort of thing, but the signs are much the same as with tropospheric dx in the v.h.f. channels. Followers of RADIO-ELECTRONICS' monthly TV dx predictions have come to know these signs well. We know that under normal conditions the u.h.f. signal doesn't get through quite as well as the v.h.f. one,

and here we have many amateur comparisons between the 144- and 420-mc bands for evidence; but when there is pronounced tropospheric bending on v.h.f. it is really hot on u.h.f. When we get some good receivers and antennas going, there are some surprises due in u.h.f. TV, especially at distances out to 200 miles or so!

All the evidence points to considerably more variation in signal level at u.h.f. Weather variations, atmospheric turbulence, the summertime coastal inversions, dense fog—all these will affect u.h.f. signal levels to a marked degree. There will be more fading on u.h.f., and it will show up at closer range than on the v.h.f. channels.

On one 210-mile path where two amateurs have run frequent tests on 50, 144, and 435 mc, the strongest signal ever heard over the distance was on 435. Normally the u.h.f. signal doesn't get through at all, although v.h.f. signals are usually reliable. When the 144-mc signal begins to build up markedly, the 435-mc signal gets through too. When things are hot, the 435-mc signal is stronger than the lower frequencies.

There are many things we don't yet know. A commercially conducted experiment has demonstrated that u.h.f. signals can be reflected off the moon, raising the possibility of world-wide u.h.f. dx if the technique can be sufficiently improved. Propagation peculiarities as yet not well evaluated may turn up many interesting results.

Amateurs, too, have succeeded in bouncing signals off the moon and recording the results. (See "The Radio Month" in this issue.—*Editor*)

Yes, there will be u.h.f. TV dx, too, and once again the TV dx enthusiast has a chance to contribute to our store of propagation knowledge. Dx observations by thousands of viewers have turned up much useful and interesting information. It goes without saying that history will repeat itself soon in the u.h.f. field. What say, dx-ers—who will send in the first u.h.f. dx report?

END

TV SERVICE CLINIC

Conducted by
MATTHEW MANDL*

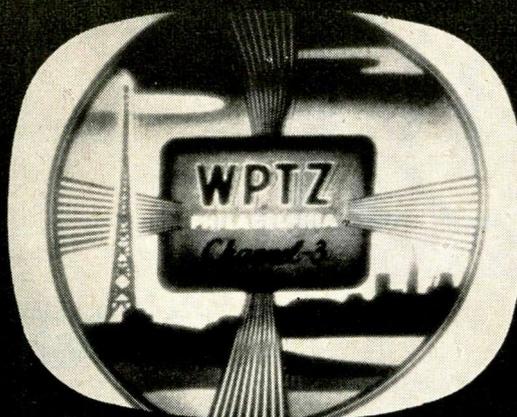


Fig. 1—Bending of vertical picture lines may have several causes. See text.

THE television technician must always be prepared for dual troubles when the apparently obvious solution does not solve the problem. Thus, loss of picture and sound with a raster present would normally mean trouble ahead of the sound take-off point. Sometimes, however, this is caused by trouble in *both* the sound and video-amplifier circuits.

Another reason for failure of normal corrective procedures could be manufacturing changes. For instance, Arthur Moreton of Morrisville, Pa., wrote about an Admiral 20B1 combination he took in for servicing. The complaint was a loud hum which was present only when a station was tuned in. Suspecting a cathode-filament short in the local oscillator, Mr. Moreton tried tube substitutions, which did not help. Upon pulling the chassis he found the fine-tuning unit saturated with oil which apparently had leaked to it from too much lubrication between the fine-tuning shaft and the channel-selector shaft.

The excess oil was removed and the receiver now had considerably less hum than before. The fine tuning was able to eliminate most of the hum, where before it had little effect. The hum was still audible, however, and much higher than on similar models.

A check of the supplemental information for this receiver disclosed that tunable hum in some of these models (early runs) could be corrected by connecting a 2,200-ohm, ½-watt resistor and a 0.1-μf, 400-volt capacitor from the a.g.c.-tube anode (pin 5) to ground. Another recommendation was to connect 25 inches of ½-inch bonding braid under the bracket holding the webbing for the picture tube (side nearest the audio lead). The other side of the braid connected under the power supply chassis, at the mounting screw nearest the audio lead.

Another problem which technicians often encounter is an adequate check of coils and transformers. A simple continuity check with an ohmmeter

often will not disclose any fault, yet the inductor may act up when the receiver is on and upset normal circuit functions.

Paul Barks of Winfield, Iowa, reports such a condition in a number of Motorola receivers using chassis TS-401, and in earlier production models using similar horizontal sweep circuits. Usual symptoms are picture tearing without complete loss of sync, plus sectional picture tearing which breaks up portions of an actor's face or body.

The first time Mr. Barks encountered this symptom he checked the phase detector and the cathode-coupled multivibrator horizontal-sweep generator. Tubes, voltages, resistors, and capacitors all checked satisfactorily. He disconnected the ringing coil, checked it for continuity, and found nothing wrong. He finally resorted to changing parts in the horizontal oscillator circuit, and when the ringing coil was replaced the trouble disappeared. Subsequently he corrected a number of other similar receivers by replacing the coil. He recommends doing this when such symptoms appear because considerable time can be saved in checking tubes and components needlessly.

Picture pulling

In a Hoffman model 637 receiver there is severe picture pull and the vertical lines tend to weave. Intermittently on severe pulling the screen goes black and picture is lost for a while. I have replaced all tubes in the horizontal and vertical sweep circuits and have checked parts. What could cause this trouble?—F. K., Norfolk, Va.

When the picture bends or weaves as shown in Fig. 1, the trouble could be caused by any one of the following conditions:

- Improper adjustment of horizontal lock system.
- Defective tubes or parts in the horizontal sweep system.
- Defective tubes or parts in the sync-separator stages.
- Improper sync amplitude caused by poor tuner tracking or video-i.f. alignment.
- Signal overload or defective a.g.c.

Video-amplifier tubes sometimes contribute to pulling by clipping a portion of the sync tip. This can happen even in a tube which checks all right in an emission tube checker. Tube cutoff occurs sooner than it should and clips the highest level of the signal (the sync tips).

The intermittent blanking out, however, seems to indicate a.g.c. trouble, and you should try a new 6AU6 a.g.c. rectifier. Insufficient a.g.c. voltage can cause overload by allowing excessive gain, and sufficient overload can blank out the picture.

Delta-match Yagi

I am constructing a channel-4 Yagi antenna and want to use a delta match as shown in the sketch (Fig. 2). Are these dimensions all right? What is the gain of this antenna, both single and stacked?—P. T., Ontario, Canada.

Your specifications are substantially correct for channel 4. The antenna length of 81.2 inches is satisfactory and favors the audio carrier slightly. Some manufacturers use 80 inches, which hits the center of the band more accurately. The extra 1.2 inches will make little difference at the relatively low frequencies of channel 4 as compared with the higher channels.

A single Yagi of this type has a gain of approximately 10 db compared with a matched reference dipole. Stacking

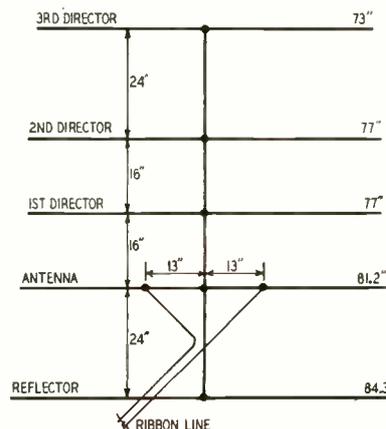


Fig. 2—Details of a channel-4 Yagi.
RADIO-ELECTRONICS

* Author: Mandl's Television Servicing

increases the gain an additional 3 db.

The delta match permits an impedance match to the transmission line and eliminates the need for an insulator. The impedance is zero where the antenna connects to the mast and rises as the lead-in connection moves away from the center of the antenna. Thus a variety of transmission-line impedances can be matched. The points to which the lead-in connects to the dipole (in the diagram) are approximate for 300-ohm line. Experiment for best results.

Trailing smears

In an Emerson 711 receiver there are trailing smears to the right of large objects. Please detail the various causes for this.—R. G., Uniontown, Pa.

This is usually caused by poor low-frequency response in one or more of the circuits carrying the video signal to the picture tube. Initially, all tubes should be checked from the tuner through the video i.f. stages, detector, and video amplifier. If this doesn't help, check for defective components in the video amplifier and detector circuits. In particular look for leaky coupling capacitors as well as for open capacitors in the R-C networks feeding voltages to the various tubes (the decoupling networks).

Finally, the tuner-tracking and video-i.f. alignment will have to be checked. If the video carrier is too far down on the response curve, the low-frequency video-signal components are not amplified sufficiently, with resulting poor low-frequency response and trailing smears.

Contrast in RCA 17T160

In an RCA 17T160 receiver I can't get sufficient contrast. I've tried adjusting the a.g.c. control and also have replaced the a.g.c. tube. The a.g.c. voltage changes with a change of received signal strength. What could cause the poor contrast?—H. P., Olney, Ill.

In this receiver the 6AV6 first-audio amplifier acts as a bias clamp for the a.g.c. This tube and the a.g.c. amplifier should be checked when trouble symptoms are present. From your description, however, it appears that the a.g.c. system is working all right. First, try new tubes in the tuner, video i.f. stages, and video amplifier. Also check the crystal video detector. Make sure the closed-circuit jack in the cathode of the video amplifier (6AG7) actually connects the .0033- μ f capacitor to the cathode, otherwise degeneration will result and the contrast level will decrease. The antenna system should also be checked for possible defects which could reduce signal input to the receiver.

If these measures fail to disclose the trouble, check all supply voltages and alignment.

TVI in radios

What can be done to minimize the squeals and whistles which are set up in radios from nearby television receivers?

Which television circuits are the cause for such interference?—E. G., St. Albans, N. Y.

Any television-receiver wires carrying the 30-cycle to 4-megacycle video signal can radiate and cause radio interference. The span of video frequencies falls not only in the broadcast band, but also includes the i.f. of the radio receiver. Another—and much more common—interference source is the high-voltage compartment. This produces 15,750-cycle pulses which are rich in higher-frequency harmonics. (Considerable radiation of these frequencies may take place from the picture tube itself. This is especially true of metal-shell types, in which almost the entire body of the tube is insulated from ground and forms an effective radiator for high-frequency harmonics of 15,750 cycles. In some cases this interference can be reduced by connecting a 500- μ f, 20,000-volt capacitor between the tube-rim contact and the TV-receiver chassis.—*Editor*) In addition, the 75-kilocycle signal established by yoke resonance and the transients developed by the collapsing horizontal-deflection field contribute to radio interference. The latter can be reduced (but not eliminated) by more adequate shielding of the television receiver. Unshielded high-voltage compartments should be covered, and the inside of the cabinet can be lined with aluminum foil grounded to the chassis. The cable from the television receiver chassis to the picture tube can be shielded, but if the shielding is too close to the wires some of the higher-frequency video signals will be shunted. This will decrease fine detail.

Interference can be reduced also by increasing the radio's efficiency. This can be done by peaking up the tuner tracking, i.f. alignment, and replacing old tubes to restore maximum gain. In some cases an outside antenna will increase the signal pickup and reduce the effect of TVI. All these procedures help, but if the radio is moved too close to the television set, interference will still be heard. Owners of table radios should keep them in rooms remote from the television receiver, and change their positions so the loop antennas are oriented for minimum interference pickup. Careful tuning of the radio and adjusting the drive control in the TV receiver for the proper level also help.

Blooming and focus

In servicing a Du Mont RA-113 receiver, I am unable to get good focus. An advance of the brilliancy control causes blooming and an additional advance causes picture loss. The focus control starts to clear the picture only at full clockwise rotation. I have checked the focus coil and the focus control with its resistive network. I've also replaced the 6BG6, 6W4, and the two 1X2 tubes but no change. Sound is normal. What other defects could cause this? I've tried a new picture tube, but symptoms were the same.—W. R., Detroit, Mich.

Blooming indicates insufficient high voltage. This reduces the velocity of the electron beam within the picture tube to the point where it cannot dislodge the space-charge electrons on the phosphor screen. As the brightness control is advanced, more electrons accumulate on the tube face, until eventually the beam cannot penetrate the space charge.

This will result in loss of picture and raster. Focus is usually affected and the range of the focus control is changed. You could, of course, alter the resistance of the focus-control circuit until the control gives best focus at center setting. First, however, correct the blooming.

Make sure the ion-trap magnet is at the setting which gives maximum brilliancy, regardless of corner shadows or its effect on beam position. Corner shadows can be eliminated by adjusting the focus unit (picture positioning).

Check for defective components in the horizontal-output circuit, as well as for low B voltages. Try a new low-voltage rectifier and check the filter capacitors for leakage which might be loading down the low-voltage supply. Also check the horizontal drive. This should be set just below the point where left-hand stretch or center compression occurs.

Resistor failures

In a Regal 630-type chassis I am getting repeated burnout of the 1,800- and 270-ohm resistors in the focus-control circuit. Occasionally the focus control also becomes defective.—J. M., Greenwich, Conn.

These resistors, plus the focus control and focus coil, are part of the network feeding the ion-trap coil and the minus 2- and minus 18-volt circuits. (Fig. 3) An overload in any section of the receiver fed by this network would

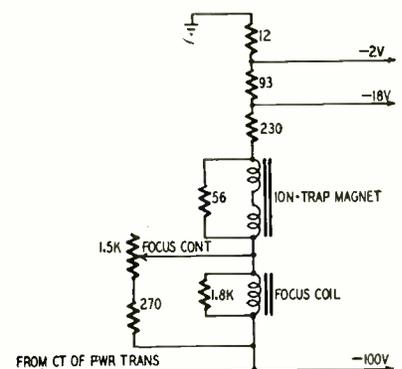


Fig. 3—Focus-control and negative-d.c. supply circuits in 630-type TV receivers.

cause excessive current through the focus-control network and the associated resistors. Overloads could be caused by defective filter and bypass capacitors, gassy tubes, or partial shorts. You may have to check a great many parts, for the trouble may be remote from the focus-control circuit. Take resistance readings of the various circuits involved to find where resistance is below normal. END

TV SIGNAL TRACING

TV presents other problems and requires different equipment than radio service

By **ENGINEERING STAFF**
SCALA RADIO CO.*

SIGNAL tracing in TV receivers differs in several respects from signal tracing in radios. First, the range of frequencies found in TV circuits is very much broader than in radio. Second, the supply and signal voltages in TV chassis cover a much wider range than in radio work. Third, the circuit impedances in TV receivers range from less than one ohm to as high as 10 megohms or more. Fourth, signal tracing in radios is usually concerned with sine-wave signals, while these are the exception rather than the rule in TV. TV circuits often operate with two signals present at the same time, such as the FM sound signal and AM picture signal, or 60-cycle vertical sync signal and 15.75-kc horizontal sync signal.

Other important differences will be developed later in this article.

The operating frequencies in the r.f., i.f., and—under some conditions—in the video amplifier of a TV receiver are too high for the usual service scope to display directly. For this reason, signal tracing in the r.f. and i.f. amplifiers requires *demodulator*, or *detector*, probes,

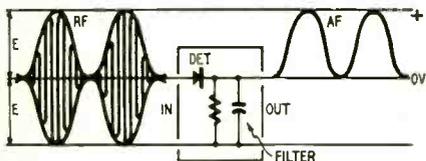
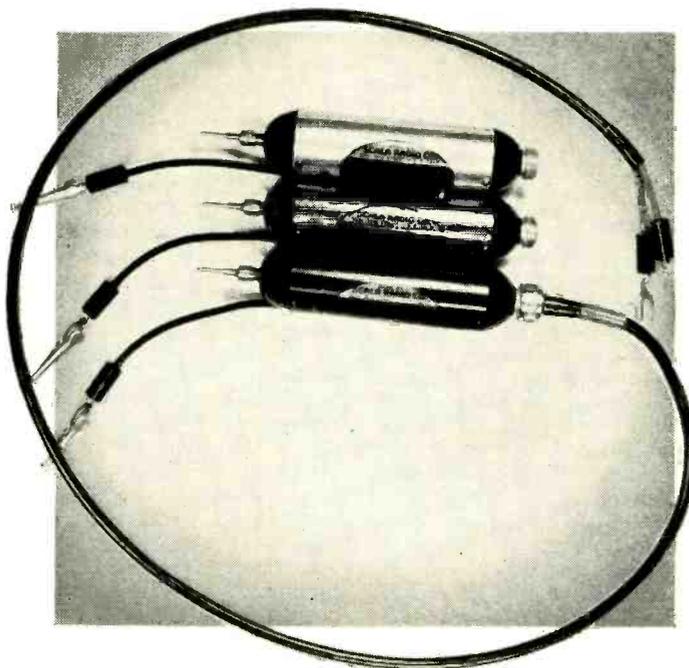


Fig. 1—Most service-type scopes cannot reproduce a h.f. carrier. If the wave is modulated and rectified by a crystal-detector probe, the low-frequency envelope can be seen on almost any scope.

which rectify the modulated waveform and recover the modulation envelope. For example, the carrier frequency of a modulated wave may be 30 mc, while the modulation envelope may represent a frequency of perhaps 1,000 cycles. The scope can display the 1,000-cycle output from the demodulator probe, although it cannot reproduce the modulated 30-mc carrier. The average value of a symmetrical sine-wave-modulated carrier is zero, as shown in Fig. 1.

Demodulator probes are usually built around crystal-diode detectors, because these devices are compact, have good frequency response, and do not require a source of heater voltage.

Both series- and shunt-type detectors



Three types of oscilloscope probes used in TV test work. (Top) Crystal-demodulator signal-tracing probe; (center) low-capacitance high-impedance 10-1 voltage-divider probe; (bottom) 100-1 capacitance-divider high-voltage probe.

(see Fig. 2) are used in commercial probes, and it will be found that the series type is the more sensitive for signal-tracing purposes. However, it will also be found that the series probe is the least suitable for video-amplifier testing, and will seriously distort the sweep output waveform.

For this reason, practical crystal demodulator probes usually have moderate sensitivity, an input capacitance approximately equal to that of a picture tube, and a time-constant suitable for demodulating carrier frequencies which have been modulated by frequencies as low as 60 cycles.

Shunt-type probes are generally found most suitable for signal tracing as well as for video-amplifier checking.

Testing video amplifiers

There are two general methods of



Fig. 2—Series (left) and shunt detectors. The series resistors prevent the scope input capacitance from shunting the detector and reducing the output.

testing a video amplifier. One technique is to apply a sweep signal to the input of the amplifier, and to display the amplifier output on the scope screen. Most service scopes will not respond to frequencies of 4.5 or 5 mc, and a demodulator probe must be used to develop the visual-response curve. The video

sweep signal used in such tests varies from a low frequency of about 100 kc to 5 or 6 mc, 60 times a second.

A demodulator probe which is satisfactory for i.f. signal tracing may be quite useless for video-amplifier testing. The reason is that the response of the video amplifier depends in great part on the *shunt capacitance* across the output. If this shunt capacitance is greater than the input capacitance of the picture tube, the high-frequency response will appear to be very poor. On the other hand, if the shunt capacitance of the test circuit is less than the input capacitance of the picture tube, the frequency response will appear to be better than it really is.

Obviously, the input impedance of the demodulator probe must equal the picture-tube input impedance. The probe must also have good response to 60-cycle square waves, because the demodulated sweep output is of the same general form as a 60-cycle square wave, and if the time-constant of the probe is too long, the scope will indicate a true rise but a false fall of the response curve.

Square-wave testing

The square-wave test is more informative than the sweep-frequency test, because it shows up phase distortion as well as frequency distortion in the video amplifier. Phase distortion is just another way of expressing abnormal time delay, which means that small picture elements may arrive slightly later or slightly earlier than large picture

*San Francisco, California

elements regardless of their positions in the original picture. Accordingly, phase distortion causes the small picture elements to be displaced horizontally with respect to the larger picture elements, and the observer describes the picture as "smeary."

For accurate square-wave tests on video amplifiers, the vertical-deflection

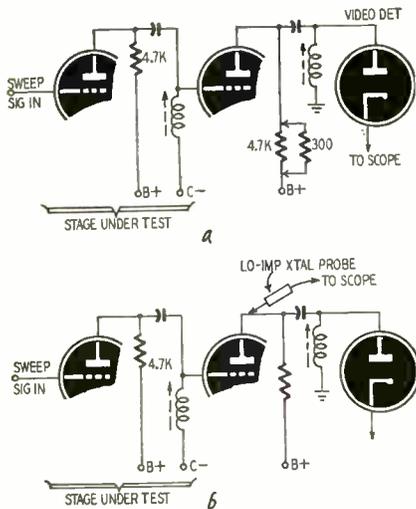


Fig. 3—(a) In stage-by-stage alignment using the video-detector output to feed the scope, intermediate stages must be shunted as shown to prevent their resonant peaks from affecting the scope trace. (b) A low-impedance demodulator probe automatically shunts the following stage and feeds the scope.

amplifier in the scope must have better frequency and phase characteristics than the TV receiver. Otherwise, the output from the video amplifier must be applied directly to the vertical-deflection plates of the scope. (This gives the best possible frequency and phase re-

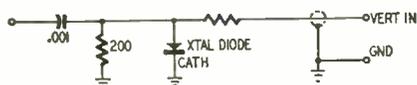


Fig. 4—Low-impedance probe circuit.

sponse from the scope, but has the disadvantage of providing only $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch to $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch deflection on the scope screen.)

Never feed the output of the video amplifier directly through a cable to the input of the scope. Any usable length of cable will have very much greater capacitance than the grid-cathode circuit of the picture tube, and the square-wave response on the scope screen will be grossly misleading.

To avoid such distortion, a low-capacitance probe must be used, and this probe should have the same input capacitance as the picture tube.

If the output of the video amplifier is applied directly to the deflection plates of the scope, the connection must be made with a short, unshielded test lead.

Of course, the socket is removed from the base of the picture tube in all such tests, because the input capacitance of the scope setup is substituting for the input capacitance of the picture tube.

Stage-by-stage response

The reader no doubt will point out that he requires another important application from his crystal probe—namely, the ability to reproduce stage-by-stage i.f. response curves. Some TV receiver manufacturers suggest this method of i.f. alignment.

There are two general methods of making such a stage-by-stage alignment, one of which requires a crystal probe. These two methods are indicated in Fig. 3. In the first method (a), the picture detector serves as a demodulator for the alignment of any one stage. In b the demodulator probe serves this purpose, and the use of a number of shunting resistors is avoided.

A low-impedance probe is usually considered necessary for this sort of work, as illustrated in Fig. 4. However, if a 300-ohm resistor is shunted temporarily across the plate load of the circuit to which the crystal probe is applied, the usual crystal probe will serve quite well. The shunt resistor swamps out the unwanted resonance of the plate load, and the crystal probe demodulates the sweep output from the stage under test.

Accordingly, a low-impedance crystal probe is not necessarily required, and a probe that is satisfactory for video-amplifier work also serves satisfactorily for stage-by-stage i.f. work.

Sweep-circuit testing

Unlike radio testing, TV testing is concerned with shapes of waves in very many cases, and with various types of voltages. For example, a normally operating TV receiver may produce the typical waveforms indicated in Fig. 5, while a "sick" receiver may produce the variants shown in Fig. 6. And every little variant has a meaning all its own; the problem of the technician is to learn to read this new language, and to be able to spot the receiver component responsible for the waveform distortion.

These waveforms also represent different kinds of voltages. The TV technician hardly ever speaks of r.m.s. voltages used so widely in radio work. Instead, he speaks of peak-to-peak voltages, positive-peak voltages, and negative-peak voltages. These relations are shown in Fig. 7.

The probes used to apply these waveforms to the input of the scope must also attenuate their voltages by known factors, so that their peak-to-peak (or other) values can be read from the scope screen. It is customary in probe design to make the attenuation factor either 10-to-1, or 100-to-1. That is, if we apply a 100-volt wave to the input of a 10-to-1 probe, 10 volts will be applied to the input of the scope. Then, if the scope screen has been calibrated for a sensitivity of 1 volt per square, the 100-volt wave will produce 10 squares of deflection of the screen.

The technician does not want to recalibrate his scope every time he plugs in a probe, and he does not have to—provided he uses such a decimal probe—that is, a 10-to-1, or 100-to-1 probe;

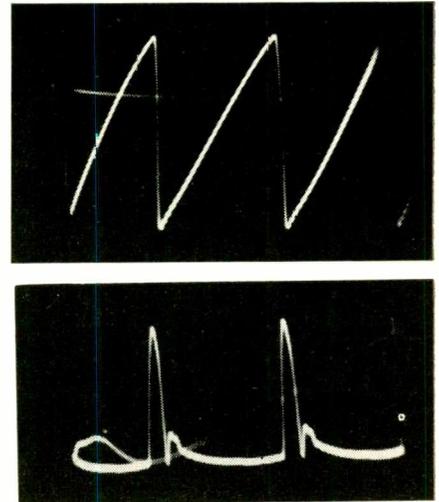


Fig. 5—(Top) Normal current trace in horizontal yoke windings. There is only slight non-linearity, and a trace of ringing at the start of each sawtooth. (Bottom) The 15,750-cycle ripple component in the high-voltage d.c. output. (Both waveforms were fed to the scope vertical-input circuit through capacitive voltage-divider probes.)

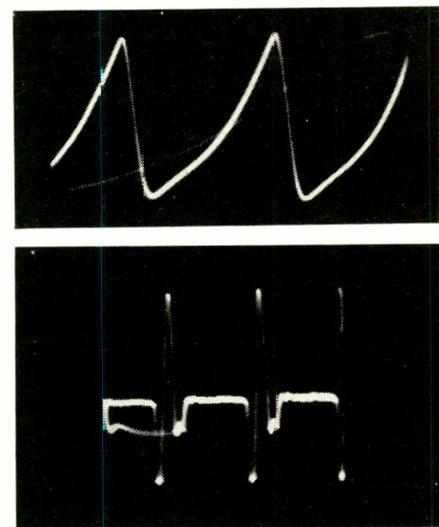


Fig. 6—(Top) Distortion in horizontal yoke current. Nonlinearity shown would compress left side of picture. (Bottom) Negative undershoot in high-voltage waveform drives the plate of the horizontal-output amplifier negative. This may generate Barkhausen oscillations, causing vertical bars on screen.

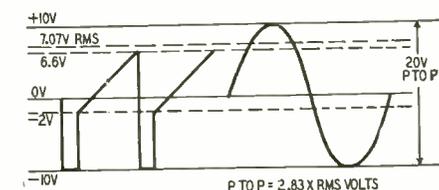


Fig. 7—Effective (r.m.s.) voltages can be applied accurately only to the measurement of symmetrical sine waves. The amplitudes of trapezoids, pulses, and other irregular waveforms are generally expressed in terms of peak-to-peak, positive-peak, or negative-peak voltages, which can be read on a scope.

he merely adds *one zero* to his original calibrating factor.

When checking the waveform across the horizontal-deflection coils, the low-capacitance probe, which is also an attenuating probe (usually 10-to-1), can be utilized to advantage, not to provide increased input impedance, but to attenuate the source voltage to a point at which the scope amplifier is not overloaded.

Another important consideration concerns checking the waveform at the grid of the vertical blocking oscillator. In this circuit the oscillator grid leak is sometimes as high as 10 megohms.

The technician who attempts to test such a circuit will find that the input impedance of a direct cable to the scope is *far too low* for this application. Its capacitance will shunt the oscillator tank circuit, will cause a loss of signal voltage, and may seriously disturb circuit operation.

To avoid this difficulty, the technician may try a low-capacitance probe. Although the probe will eliminate the first difficulty, it usually will introduce another: The *input resistance* of the probe, being less than 10 megohms, will drain away too much of the d.c. bias voltage, again seriously disturbing circuit operation. When this difficulty is encountered, the technician must use a blocking capacitor in series with the low-capacitance probe.

Special low-capacitance probes are available which do not offer a d.c. path to ground, and thus eliminate grid-bias disturbances.

Checking high-voltage circuits

High voltage can do harm in these ways: It may *overload* the scope amplifier and distort the displayed waveform, without doing actual physical damage to the scope. It may puncture blocking capacitors, and char or burn out attenuator resistors. It may arc through insulating washers and carbonize terminal strips.

The plate of the horizontal output tube represents a typical circuit point that is potentially dangerous to the scope input system.

The voltage at the plate of the horizontal output tube, or at the plate of the high-voltage rectifier tube is always "high" as far as conventional scopes are concerned. To protect the scope against physical damage in such tests, a high-voltage a.c. probe is required. Such probes are constructed as capacitance dividers.

Looking ahead

The reader has now been introduced to some of the fundamental properties of special scope probes which are useful in TV service applications. In the next article he will be taken on a tour through a practical servicing situation. He will learn what various distortions mean in TV waveforms, how to calibrate a scope, and how to obtain true waveforms.

We'll be seeing you.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

PEAK-TO-PEAK CALIBRATOR

By GEORGE E. ROW

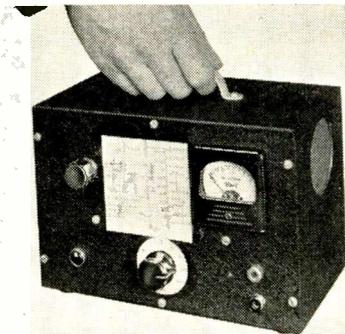
THE ability to measure *peak-to-peak* voltages of sweep and video-signal waveforms can help the service technician save considerable time in trouble-shooting TV receivers. Some late-model v.t.v.m.'s read peak-to-peak voltages directly, but generally the most convenient method is to use a calibrated oscilloscope, as this allows you to check waveform and voltage in one operation. Expensive laboratory-type scopes have built-in voltage calibrators, but the average service instrument requires an external calibrating unit.

The circuit selected (Fig. 1) combines simplicity with adequate accuracy for service applications. Sine-wave voltage from the power line (adjustable over a range of about 20 to 100 volts) is stepped up in the transformer and applied to a tapped voltage-divider network. At full input (with the 100-ohm resistor shorted out), the *effective* secondary voltage is 400. With a perfect sine wave this is equivalent to 1,120 volts *peak-to-peak* (2.8×400). The powerline waveform is so nearly sinusoidal that there is no appreciable error. By reducing the input with the 100-ohm resistor we can make the maximum peak-to-peak output exactly 1,000 volts. (This is equivalent to an *effective* voltage of 350, which will push 10 ma through the meter circuit.) Thus 10 on the meter corresponds exactly to 1,000 volts peak-to-peak, and lower readings represent proportional voltages.

The voltage divider allows you to tap off fixed fractions of the output, so that any peak-to-peak voltage from 1 to 1,000 can be obtained by adjusting the divider switch and the 500-ohm potentiometer.

The a.c. milliammeter is a *moving-iron* type, *not* a rectifier-type d.c. instrument. This simplifies the circuit, and gives maximum accuracy, since the circuit operates only on the 60-cycle frequency for which the meter is designed. The values of the resistors in the meter multiplier and bleeder are such that the maximum error introduced by the shunting effect of a 1-megohm oscilloscope input is limited to 2%. The total resistance of the meter and multiplier is 35,200 ohms.

The entire assembly fits conveniently into a standard 4 x 6 x 9-inch steel cabinet. An old booster chassis was used for mounting the transformer and bleeder network. The transformer



The completed oscilloscope calibrator.

was mounted in the center of the chassis to concentrate the weight in the middle of the completed instrument. The potentiometer and high-wattage section of the bleeder were mounted in the upper left-hand corner of the cabinet to avoid overheating the meter.

Materials for Calibrator

Resistors: 1—23,333 ohms, 1—100 ohms, 5 watts; 1—6,666 ohms, 1—2,333 ohms, 1—666.6 ohms, 1—233.3 ohms, 1—66.6 ohms, 1—23.33 ohms, 1—6.66 ohms, 1—2.33 ohms, 1—1 ohm, 1 watt, 1—35,000 ohms approx., 10 watts (see text); 1—500-ohm, 25-watt potentiometer; 1—100 ohms, 5 watts, adjustable.

Miscellaneous: 1 power transformer, 400 volts c.t. at 20 ma; 1—single-pole, 10-position selector switch; 1—0-10 a.c. milliammeter (Triplett type 3375 or equivalent); 1 s.p.s.t. toggle switch; 1—117-volt pilot light and socket; 1—chassis; 1—4 x 6 x 9-inch steel cabinet; 1 TV-type interlock line cord and receptacle; terminals; knobs; wire; solder; hardware.

Ventilating holes 1½ inches in diameter were made in each end of the cabinet and in the bottom and covered by copper mesh. The output terminals are two banana jacks on the panel. A TV "cheater" receptacle was installed on the rear panel in preference to an ordinary line cord which would dangle and drag when the instrument would be moved from place to place.

The calibrator is easy to use. Feed the voltage to be measured into your oscilloscope and adjust the vertical gain to give a trace about one inch high. Note the exact spread and without disturbing the oscilloscope gain control move the probe to the output of the calibrator. Adjust the range switch and potentiometer to give a sine wave of exactly the same height on the scope. The meter reading multiplied by the range factor is the peak-to-peak value of the wave. **END**

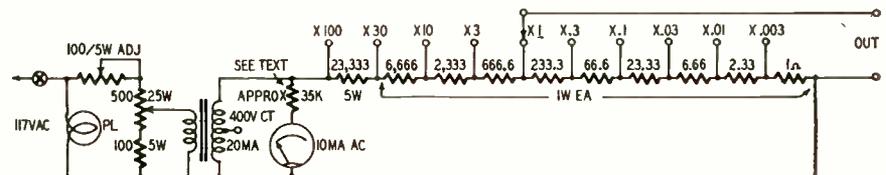


Fig. 1—Schematic diagram of the peak-to-peak voltage oscilloscope calibrator.



NEW KIT SOLVES TUBE PROBLEMS

By PROF. ADOLPH
GLOCKENSPIEL*

THIS tube kit is capable of producing fifty tubes for \$1.00! Miniature, octal or Loktal types can be produced in your own shop at a cost of little more than two cents each, including the heavier television tubes that cause so much customer ill-will and unhappiness when they have to be replaced. Because of the cost of the meter, pump and other equipment, the first few dozen tubes will be a little more expensive, but after that, it will be necessary only to order replacements of tube envelopes, small elements, and the occasional bottle of gas or cement, bringing the cost down to a laughable figure.

Any intelligent service technician with a minimum amount of experience can make his own tubes after reading the simple instructions that come with the kit. The vacuum pump, hitherto the almost insuperable obstacle to tube-making on a small scale, has been made unnecessary by the newly discovered *Celosine* gas. This wonderful substance comes in a solid form. When placed inside a tube, it explodes as soon as the filament is heated and consumes all the gases in the tube, creating a very high vacuum.

Everyone knows how tubes are constructed. All the service technician needs to know is what tube he desires to make. Then, with the help of the latest tube manual, which contains all the graphs and characteristics of the tubes, he can assemble and employ any variable characteristics and mutual

transconductance. Tubes not exactly like any now in commercial production can easily be made.

The filaments are all supplied with the kit. Some of these are already fabricated, as they are too delicate to handle. A spool of filament wire is also furnished. This wire and other components of the kit can be used to repair tubes with burnt-out filaments. By doubling the wire for greater carrying power, the larger and more expensive television tubes can easily be restored to use. The marvelous *Celosine* gas—invented by Woufhausen—makes this possible.

The author has long been impressed with the need for a good vacuum-tube kit. There are radio and television receiver kits, amplifier kits, and test equipment kits on the market, but no tube kits. The complexity and expense of the equipment made such kits seem unfeasible. Fortunately, skilled design—and *Celosine*—have changed all that.

The various tube manufacturers have tried to keep this kit off the market, but the inventor—seeing the great need for such equipment—wouldn't let the radio technicians down. In spite of favorable offers, pressure, and even threats, he went ahead with production and sale of the kits.

The equipment contains bases, envelopes, filaments, grids, cathodes and plates. Extra parts can be ordered at a low cost when the items supplied with the kits are exhausted. The base cement is a new discovery almost as important to the new equipment as the *Celosine* gas. Heat has no effect on it, and it

dries immediately. Soldering the pins is of course no problem to the service technician.

After assembly and insertion of the *Celosine* gas the tube is inserted in the tester supplied with the kit. It is first set at "flash" and the filament heated. This fires the gas and evacuates the tube. The meter is set at "test" and the tube checked. If the needle (normally in neutral position) does not move, the tube can be assumed to be good. If it is poorly constructed or shorted the needle will drop back to indicate "Bad." If it swings up to "Good" the tube is better than average and can be used in critical circuit positions.

The tube evacuation pump is used only for rectifier tubes. It is self-contained with air which when squeezed, has a vacuum pulling power of 30.6; therefore no getter is used.

Fusing the glass envelopes to bases is very simple. The base cement furnished with the kit softens the glass like putty and adheres very well. Metal tubes are sweated together by using both cathode coating and base cement, which combined create a heat of 1,800 thermal units, making the materials very pliable.

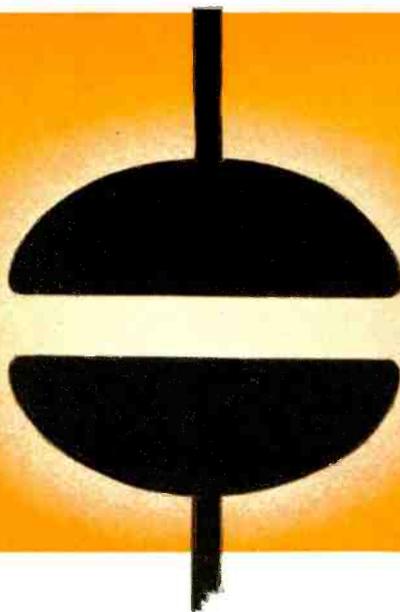
Tube Kits, Inc., is at present overloaded, but is expanding its factory, and hopes to reduce its long waiting list in the near future. It will take considerable time for this product to reach the general market, so you will be well advised to order and wait. If estimated production is reached, you will probably receive your kit by next **APRIL FIRST** END

*Professor of Elektroniker and Noisivelet Engineering, Krausekopf-on-Rhine (Germany).

THE VERSATILE Neon Tube

By R. P. HAVILAND

*Voltage regulator—generator—
protector—and circuit tester*



ONE of the most useful components in electronics is the glow tube, also known as the glow lamp or neon lamp. One reason for this usefulness is the fact that it provides a link between electrical and visual phenomena; another lies in the electrical characteristics of the discharge.

Basically a glow tube contains two electrodes separated by a small gap and surrounded by a gas under reduced pressure. The gas is usually neon, although in some cases it may be argon or a mixture of these plus other rare gases. When a voltage of sufficient magnitude is impressed across the electrodes, the gas ionizes and current flows through the tube. This is accompanied by a visible discharge, which occurs as a glow covering part or all of the negative electrode or cathode.

The voltage-current relation in the tube does not follow Ohm's law. Instead, within limits, the voltage across the tube is almost independent of the current. A typical voltage-current relation is shown in Fig. 1. No discharge occurs until the voltage reaches a certain value, known as the *striking voltage*. Once the discharge has started, the voltage across the tube drops to the operating value. As current through the tube increases, the voltage rises very slightly until a point is reached at which the discharge changes from a glow to an arc. At this point the voltage rises rapidly. However, since the arc discharge damages the electrodes, tubes are normally not operated above the arc point. If the current through the tube is reduced, the voltage between the electrodes will drop below the operating value, and at a certain critical value the glow will disappear. This value is known as the *extinction voltage* of the tube.

Because of this nonlinear voltage-current characteristic, the glow tube must be supplied from a current-limited source if excessive currents are to be avoided. In the simplest case this is

obtained by a series resistor. The tube must always be operated from a source having higher voltage than the striking potential.

The color of the glow depends on the nature of the gas and the current. For neon the normal glow is a reddish orange, which becomes more yellow at high current. The color of the glow is also affected to some extent by the frequency of the currents, being more reddish for high-frequency currents. For argon the glow is a weak blue-violet, with an appreciable amount of ultraviolet radiation present. However, all but the lowest u-v frequencies (near violet) are filtered out by the glass of the bulb.

Available designs

Two general types of glow tubes are available at present. One of these is designed primarily for illumination and the other primarily for electrical applications (especially voltage regulation). These two types are electrically similar, although generally the illumination type shows considerably greater variation in characteristics. In general, the illumination type uses the same bulbs and bases as conventional lamps, while the electrical types use bulbs and bases similar to those used in radio tubes.

The illumination types are available in ratings from $\frac{1}{25}$ watt to 3 watts, and are supplied unbased and with four types of bases, which vary with the size of the bulb and the type of application. The electrical types are rated by *current*, which ranges from 2 to 40 milliamperes, and are available in three types of bases.

Important characteristics of commercial bulbs are given in Table I, and regulator tubes are shown in Table II. These show the type of base, the wattage rating, operating current, and voltage, the approximate striking voltage, value of built-in resistor if used, and the regulation where important. Note that only those tubes with screw-type bases have built-in resistors.

Circuit applications

One of the major applications of the glow tube arises out of its relatively constant voltage drop. The tubes are therefore useful for holding a voltage relatively constant regardless of load-current variations—within limits. This type of regulation is normally used for d.c., but may be used on a.c. voltages with some wave-form distortion.

Typical regulator circuits are shown in Fig. 2, together with design information for selecting the series-dropping resistor. In applying these circuits note that there must not be too great a variation in output current, since if the load current becomes too great, the drop in the series resistor will reduce the load voltage below the striking potential, and the discharge will stop. If the load current becomes too low there may be danger of tube damage due to an arc discharge.

In regulator service there is appreciable variation in output voltage from tube to tube. The output voltage is also affected by the past history of operation, external illumination, operating current, temperature, and age. For these reasons, gaseous regulator tubes should not be depended on to hold the voltage closer than within about 5% of the rated operating value. The only exception to this is the special high-stability 5651, which is rated at a stability of ± 0.1 volt. This stability is maintained only with constant current through the tube, and special circuits have been developed to meet this requirement.

The glow-tube a.c. regulator is not widely used, primarily because of low power-handling ability, and the poor waveform that it yields. It is useful wherever constant voltage is more important than these other factors. This regulator must use two tubes connected back-to-back if the tubes have different-size anode and cathode electrodes. Certain glow tubes have symmetrical electrodes, as shown in Table I, and there-

fore any single tube of this type may be used for a.c. regulation.

Since the glow tube has some of the characteristics of a resistor, it may be used in many places to replace a resistor. Some of these applications are shown in Fig. 3.

The voltage divider at *a* is constructed by operating glow tubes in series. With available types, voltage steps from about 50 up to 2,000 volts can be obtained. Care must be taken in design to keep the current through the top tube within the allowable operating limits. The requirements for this section are the same as for the simple voltage regulator shown in Fig. 2.

The characteristics of the glow tube also make it useful as a cathode-bias device (Fig. 3-b). The major limit on such use is the relatively large minimum-bias voltage of at least 60 volts which results.

A very useful circuit element may be constructed from a pair of glow tubes and a pair of resistors, connected in a bridge. See Fig. 3-c. This circuit will function as a discriminator, giving zero output for a certain voltage, *negative output* for input voltages less than this, and *positive output* for inputs greater than this. The input voltage for zero output is equal to the sum of the voltage drops across the two tubes, and can thus vary from 100 volts minimum up to several hundred volts or more if several tubes are connected in series in each leg. This circuit is useful for control applications.

The glow tube can also be used to couple the plate and grid circuits of an amplifier (Fig. 4), replacing the usual coupling capacitor or coupling resistor. In this application the gain of the amplifier may be made to approach the gain achieved with capacitor coupling. This method is often used in d.c. amplifiers.

Glow tubes are used widely as indicators, because of their high visibility, low power requirements, and low heat output. The types with internal resistors may be used directly on normal 110- and 220-volt power circuits exactly as conventional light bulbs are used. The other types require an external limiting resistance when used on power-line voltages, but may not require this on other circuits. For example, the tiny 1/25-watt tubes are widely used in binary and decade counters to indicate the count at the end of a counting cycle. Numerous applications of this type will be found in the literature.

Under some conditions it may be desirable to have an intermittent or flashing indication rather than a continuous glow. This can be obtained by connecting a small capacitor across the tube. The design of flashing circuits is discussed below under "Glow-tube Test Equipment."

A special application of glow-tube indicators is to show component failure. Small glow lamps are sometimes bridged across fuses to show when these are open. This is a considerable

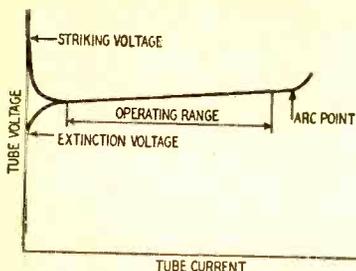


Fig. 1—Neon-lamp operating characteristic. Striking and extinction voltages vary widely for lamps of the same type.

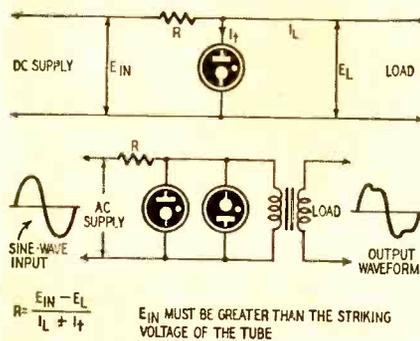


Fig. 2—Basic circuits for regulating d.c. and a.c. voltages with glow tubes.

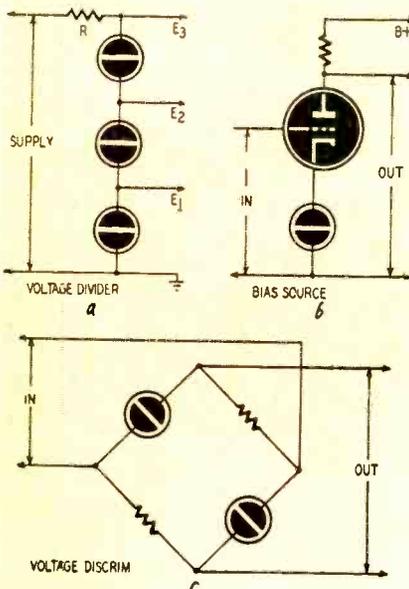


Fig. 3—(a) Neon-lamp voltage divider. (b) A neon lamp as a cathode-bias resistor. (c) Voltage-discriminator circuit.

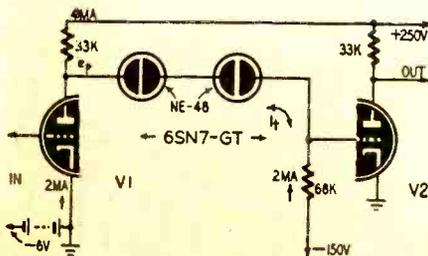


Fig. 4—Neon-lamp interstage coupling circuit for audio and d.c. amplifiers.

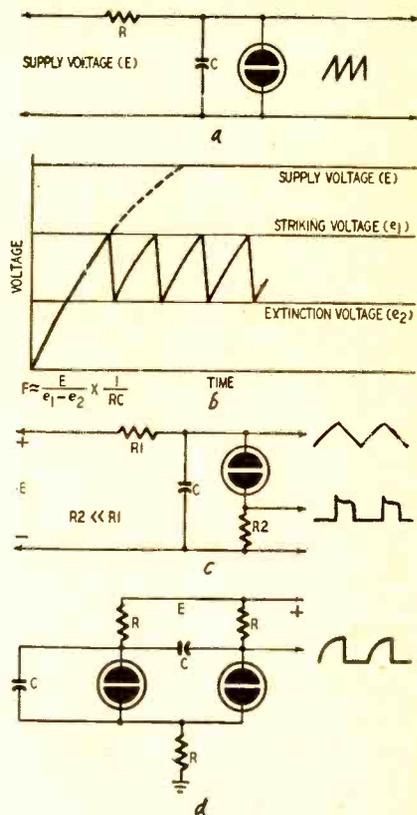


Fig. 5—(a) Neon-lamp relaxation oscillator. (b) Derivation of sawtooth waveform. (c) Dual-output oscillator yields pyramidal waves and trigger pulses. (d) Circuit for producing quasi-square waves.

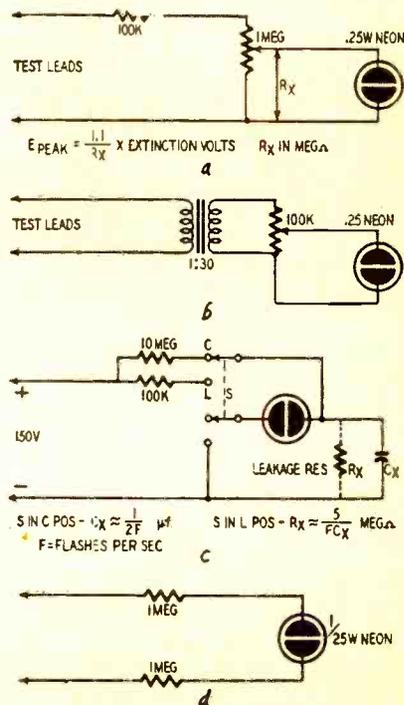


Fig. 6—(a) Simple slideback voltmeter. (b) Neon-tube output indicator. The transformer steps up low voice-coil voltages to the striking potential of the tube. (c) Combination capacitance-leakage-resistance checker. (d) Circuit tester.

Table I—Glow lamps for lighting and indicator service.

Type	Base	Wattage	Max. Current (ma)	Approx. Striking Voltage	Internal Resistor	Electrodes	Remarks
NE-2	Leads	1/25	0.5	90	None	RR	
NE-51	SC	1/25	0.5	90	None	RR	
NE-15	SC	1/25	0.5	90	None	RR	
NE-20	SC	1/25	0.5	80	None	RR	
NE-21	SC	¼	5	70	None		
NE-48	DC	¼	5	90	None	PP	
NE-45	Cand.	¼	5	90	30,000	PP	110 volts
NE-16	DC	¼	5	87	None	PP	d.c. only
NE-17	DC	¼	5	70	None	PP	
NE-57	Cand.	¼	5	70	30,000	CW	110 volts
NE-58	Cand.	½	10	90	100,000	PP	220 volts
NE-29	DC	½	10	105	None	CW	a.c. only
NE-32	DC	1	20	85	None	CW	
NE-30	Edison	1	20	85	7,500	CW	110 volts
NE-31	Cand.	1	20	85	7,500		110 volts
NE-56	Edison	1	20	85	33,000	CW	220 volts
NE-36	DC	2	40	85	None	PP	
NE-34	Edison	2	40	85	3,500	PP	110 volts
NE-40	Edison	3	60	85	2,200	PP	110 volts
NE-42	DC	3	60	85	None	PP	
AR-1	Edison	2	40	90	3,500	PP	Argon
AR-2	DC	2	40	90	None	PP	Argon
AR-3	Cand.	¼	10	115	15,000	PP	Argon
AR-4	DC	¼	10	115	None	PP	Argon

SC—Single-contact miniature bayonet base.
 DC—Double-contact candelabra bayonet base.
 Cand.—Candelabra screw-base.
 Edison—Edison screw-base.

RR—Both electrodes are rods.
 PP—Both electrodes are plates.
 CW—One electrode is cylinder and the other is wire.

Table II—Voltage-regulator and protective glow-lamps

Type	Base	Current (ma)	Operating Voltage	Supply Voltage	Regulation Volts	Remarks
0A2	7 pin button	5-30	150	185	2	6073 similar
0B2	7 pin button	5-30	108	133	2	6074 similar
1B17	7 pin button	1-2	82	225		
874	4 pin medium	10-50	90	125	7	
991	DC bayonet	1-3	48-67	87	11	
1265	Octal	5-30	90	130		
1266	Octal	5-40	70			
5651	7 pin button	1.5-3.5	82-92	115		Stability 0.1 volt
6073	7 pin button	5-30	150	185	2	Premium type
6074	7 pin button	5-30	108	133	2	Premium type
0A3/VR-75	Octal	5-40	75	105	5	
0B3/VR-90	Octal	5-30	90	125	6	
0C3/VR-105	Octal	5-40	105	135	4	
0D3/VR-150	Octal	5-40	150	185	5	
VXR-130	Leads	1-2.5	130	160	5	Subminiature
5841	Leads	2-50	900	930		Corona type
5950	Leads	2-50	700	730		Corona type
5962	7 pin button	5-55	700	730		Corona type
6143	Leads	2-100	1,200	1,230		Corona type
6119	Leads	2-50	2,000	2,100		Corona type

Note: While these data have been checked for accuracy, it is recommended that manufacturers' literature be consulted for data in critical applications.

time saver in trouble-shooting. Other applications are possible: For example, it would be possible, by judicious design, to have a single glow tube associated with each vacuum tube in a circuit.

These could be arranged to show no glow if the tube fails to draw current, a normal glow if the tube draws normal current, and a more intense (or even a flashing) glow if the tube draws excessive current. A very great and almost untouched field in the design of electronic equipment exists in this type of application.

Special glow tubes

A number of glow tubes of special design have been made in the past, although most of these have gone off the market due to improvements in other techniques. An example is a voltage regulator-potential divider combination which has been used in Europe for quite a number of years. This multielectrode tube was designed to have a drop of approximately 60 volts between each adjacent pair of electrodes. Thus a single tube replaced the conventional resistance voltage divider, with improved regulation characteristics.

Another type, since discontinued, was used as a tuning indicator in a number of early radio-receiver designs. In this tube one electrode was considerably longer than normal. Increasing current caused the glow to extend further along this electrode, furnishing a visual indication of the amount of current flowing, and thus indicating relative signal strength. This same tube was also used as a simple oscilloscope, with the time base furnished by a rotating mirror. This design became obsolete as the cathode-ray oscilloscope was improved.

Other special designs are widely used for photoflash units. These tubes are designed to carry very large peak currents and to give a high light output. Photographically these are quite useful because of the short flash duration possible.

The argon tube, which yields a small amount of near ultraviolet light, also has special applications. One of these is in photo printing, where a number of argon tubes are mounted in a grid under a contact printer. These are generally arranged so they can be switched on and off individually for "dodging". The ultraviolet radiation from argon tubes is also used to excite fluorescence in mineral specimens.

Glow-tube test equipment

The factors that make the glow tube useful as a circuit component also make it useful as a test element. A number of designs based on these factors are shown in Figs. 5 and 6.

When connected as shown in Fig. 5-a, the glow tube makes a useful oscillator. As shown in Fig. 5-b, the output is a sawtooth wave, which will be almost perfectly linear if high supply voltages are used. The oscillation frequency may

HIGH-SPEED SERVICING

Checking Tubes and Capacitors First Saves Trouble-Shooting Time

By FAIRBANKS TRYON

be computed from the equation given in the figure. The exact frequency will vary considerably, due to the relatively poor regulation of the tube and normal differences in commercial glow-tube characteristics.

The sawtooth output may be modified by introducing additional elements. For example the circuit of Fig. 5-c will yield a pyramidal wave at the top terminal and a trigger pulse at the lower terminal. The circuit shown in Fig. 5-d will give an output approximating a square wave. Other connections are possible which will yield a variety of waveforms.

When connected as shown in Fig. 6-a the glow tube may be used as a voltmeter. The potentiometer is adjusted until the tube just ceases to glow. The potentiometer may be equipped with a calibrated scale showing the multiplication factor by which the extinction potential of the tube must be multiplied to give the unknown voltage. This circuit is reasonably accurate, being almost as good as a pocket voltmeter, and is usable and safe over the range of about 50 to 500 volts a.c. or d.c. This circuit is also a polarity indicator, since only the negative electrode will glow on d.c., while both electrodes will glow on a.c.

This same circuit may be used as an output meter for aligning radio receivers. For this application the potentiometer would be set to give a small glow which would then increase or decrease in intensity with the aligning adjustments. When used across speaker terminals, a step-up transformer will be necessary, as shown in Fig. 6-b, to raise the output voltage to a value greater than the striking potential of the tube.

The glow tube is also widely used as a test device to show the presence of r.f. current. If the r.f. field is strong enough, it is not necessary to have a continuous path through the tube. Thus it may be used to show the presence of power on an antenna; to check the standing wave pattern on a transmission line; or as an indication of proper neutralization by coupling the neon tube to the output circuit of the stage being neutralized *with the plate supply disconnected*, and adjusting the neutralizing controls for *minimum* output.

When connected as shown in Fig. 6-c—with the switch in c position—the glow tube becomes a useful capacitor checker. The value of the capacitor can be determined by counting the number of flashes per second. With the switch in position L the lamp indicates leakage resistance.

Finally, if provided with an internal resistor and a pair of test probes (Fig. 6-d), the glow tube becomes a very useful universal tester. With a little experience it is possible to estimate the voltage reasonably well, to determine polarity, and to determine whether the voltage is a.c. or d.c. (See "Quick Capacitor Checker," by George Kelly, in *RADIO-ELECTRONICS*, January, 1953.)

END

FOR the past 12 years I have used a system of radio servicing which has enabled me to repair 95 of every 100 sets in an average of one hour. The paramount rule is: **Do not plug the set in—fix it first.** The system is simple. Master it and you can work faster and more efficiently with a minimum of equipment. Follow these rules and see how simple most servicing jobs can be:

1. Do not plug the set in. Fix it first.

A.c.-d.c. sets having 150-ma tubes are the most common. If the set is new, the customer may be right when he says that the set has a loose wire or a burned-out tube.

a. Without removing the chassis, turn the switch on, set your ohmmeter to its lowest range, and measure the resistance between prongs of the line plug. No reading indicates an open line cord or a burned-out tube. If the set has a 117-volt pilot lamp, a reading of 250 to 300 ohms indicates an open heater.

b. Don't stop to check the tubes. Save 20 minutes. Pull the rectifier tube. Check continuity between pins 2, 3, and 7 on a 35Z5-GT; 3, 4, and 6 on a 35W4; 1 and 6 on a 25Z5, or 2 and 7 on a 25Z6. Replace the tube if there is an open circuit between any two points. If the rectifier is good, check heaters of the remaining tubes until you find the open one. Replace the bad tube.

c. Check the resistance across the line plug. Plug in the set if the meter shows approximately 150 ohms (70 to 100 ohms with a 117-volt pilot) or 250 to 300 ohms in sets having 6- and 25-volt tubes of the 300-ma variety.

d. If it works and sounds O.K., bounce it twice on the bench. If you don't hear microphonics or noise, return the set to the customer.

2. The procedure for a.c. sets is slightly different.

a. If the set is new, check all tubes on the checker. On an old set, check only the rectifier. Use the ohmmeter on the other tubes. If any tube is burned out in a new set, that may be the only trouble.

b. If the rectifier shows little or no emission, the chances are 10 to 1 that something else is wrong.

c. While the rectifier is out of its socket, set the ohmmeter to the 20,000-ohm range and measure resistance between the filament (cathode on heater-type tubes) and ground.

A low reading indicates leaky or

shorted bypass or filter capacitors.

d. If the resistance between rectifier filament and ground is reasonably high, you can check the set on the a.c. line. Hang onto the plug and be ready to yank it if the rectifier tube shows anything except the usual orange glow from the filament. This saves the rectifier tube if anything is wrong.

3. This step applies to any type of set in which the trouble was not located in steps 1 and 2.

a. Remove the chassis.

b. Check all tubes which were not checked previously. Check all filters.

c. Use the ohmmeter to measure resistance between each plate and ground.

d. Look for burned resistors, loose or shorted wires, solder shorts, etc. Use a flashlight to look at all connections.

It takes only a few minutes to perform these three steps on most sets. In this time you will have repaired about half of the sets coming in. If you are still stuck with the set, don't reach for the aspirin bottle.

4. Set the ohmmeter on the 20-megohm range (the 30-megohm is better).

a. Start taking capacitors loose at one end and applying the ohmmeter. If there is no deflection, look closely, reverse the prods, and try again. No deflection—except on very small capacitors—indicates the possibility of an open capacitor. If the meter reads below 20 megohms, the capacitor is leaky and must be replaced. You will find most of the leaky capacitors in the circuits of tubes which checked weak.

b. If the speaker has a field coil, check it for an open or short to ground.

c. Check the speaker socket for loose contacts.

By now you will have removed and replaced all shorted or leaky capacitors so you can check the set on the line without fear of damaging any tubes which you may have replaced. Any set which has not been repaired by following these four steps will probably be a hard nut to crack. Look for smoke, feel overheated resistors, smell, check voltages, and measure resistances. Drag out the signal generator, scope, signal tracer, or what have you. Keep up the fight with no holds barred.

END

NARROW-GAUGE Motion Pictures

present a new field for the versatile electronic technician and service dealer

By RONALD A. LANE

OPPORTUNITIES for the technical and business skills of radio technicians are expanding rapidly in the field of narrow-gauge motion pictures. This field has extended enormously in the past year, largely because of the introduction of magnetic soundtracks. These give the narrow-gauge film a versatility and flexibility not possible with the optical tracks previously used. This dramatic increase in the value of the medium was naturally accompanied by an increase in the demand for it. That demand is still growing.

The opportunities for radio technicians include servicing, especially electronic servicing. Every narrow-gauge sound-film projector contains an audio-frequency amplifier. This is excited by the soundtrack. Optical soundtracks are reproduced by a photoelectric cell, the output of which becomes the amplifier input signal; magnetic tracks are similarly reproduced by a magnetic "head". All magnetic sound projectors embody provisions for erasing an existing soundtrack and recording a new one. Because of this, microphones are now normally associated with narrow-gauge projectors. A loudspeaker (or speakers) completes the electronic equipment. All of them need more or less servicing and maintenance, and the electronic technician is qualified for this work.

Circuit schematics are always available in the manufacturer's instruction book. Tubes, resistors, and the like are standard; only the magnetic erase and playback heads are apt to be specific products of the projector manufacturer.

Aside from electronic circuits, narrow-gauge film projectors always incorporate simple electrical wiring for the projection lamp, the drive motor,

switching, and appliances. These also must be serviced occasionally.

Other opportunities include owning equipment and renting or leasing it out for use; and acting as agent both for the equipment and for the narrow-gauge film.

Fig. 1 shows a standard 16-mm projector. There are two general types of narrow-gauge motion picture film, 16-mm and 8-mm. The former is by far the more important at present. These film widths, 16 and 8 millimeters, were chosen originally to avoid arithmetical relationship with the 35-mm film, which is the standard commercial type used in motion picture theaters. This was done for a very important reason.

A safety measure

Commercial film was (and to some extent still is) a very dangerous and almost explosive product. Its base is cellulose nitrate, not nitrated far enough to be as unstable as guncotton, but far enough so that if it catches fire, water can't put it out. Neither can the fire be smothered by depriving it of air. The material supplies all the oxygen needed. Highly poisonous fumes are given off when the stuff burns—nitric acid fumes that rot the lungs. For these reasons, many legal precautions surround the use of commercial film in theaters.

Narrow-gauge film has always been made of "safety" stock. This base, cellulose acetate, is no more dangerous than paper. At first, a narrow-gauge width of 17½ millimeters was proposed, but this would have left an opportunity for unscrupulous characters to split 35-mm nitrate film in half and offer it as safety film. Therefore 16-mm was chosen as the first narrow-gauge stand-

ard. Later, when invention and improvement made still smaller and still less expensive film practicable, 8-mm film was chosen. This was conveniently obtained from 16-mm, and no harm could result since no dangerous 16-mm stock has—to the writer's knowledge—ever been manufactured.

At present, as said, by far the greater opportunities in the narrow-gauge field lie with 16-mm. Fig. 2 illustrates two of the general types of film now used. They differ as to soundtrack, not otherwise. Those shown here have either magnetic track alone, or both magnetic and optical track, either of which can be played at will. Other 16-mm types, not pictured here, have only optical soundtrack or no sound at all. These last, relics of the nearly forgotten days of silent pictures, can now be modernized by processors who "strip on" a blank magnetic ribbon. The owner then magnetically records any sound he wants.

Scope of usefulness

The field of 16-mm activity ranges from near-theatrical equipment and audiences down to living-room and amateur scale. Users include business firms, schools, churches, small theaters, private individuals, and television studios.

Most of these users benefit greatly by the fact that magnetic recording now permits them to add their own sound accompaniment. A business firm may need one soundtrack for an audience of potential customers and an entirely different track when showing the same film to a convention of its own salesmen. Teachers in school or Sunday school often want to use the identical film with a different narration suited to the age level of each class. A foreign-

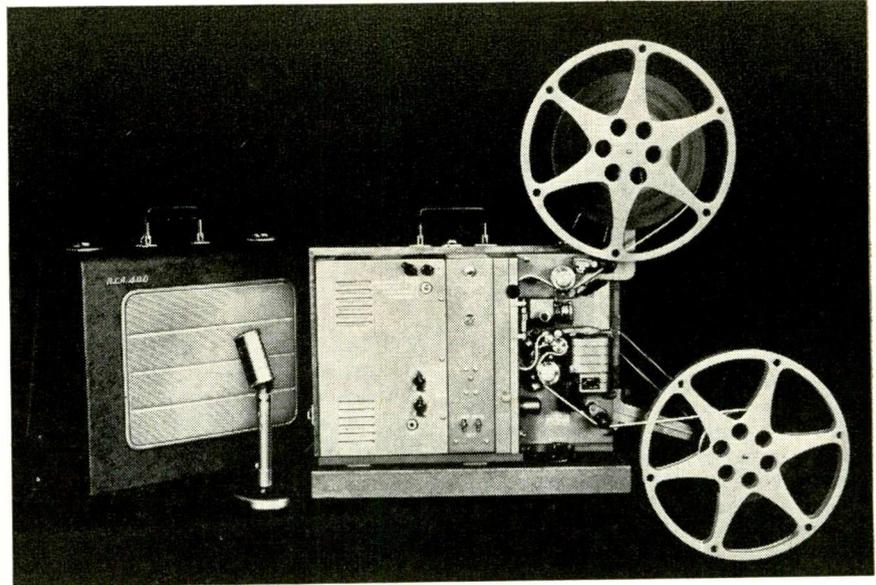


Fig. 1—RCA 400, a standard home-type moving-picture projector of the kind described in this article.

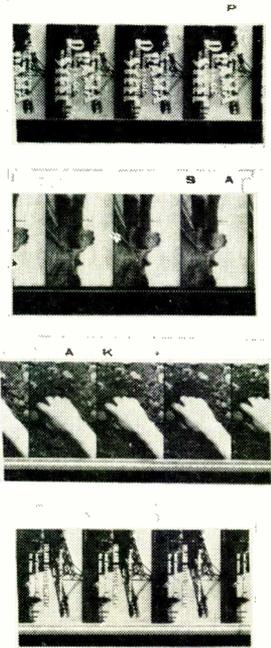


Fig. 2—Magnetic sound is a broad dark strip; optical, a jagged white line.

made film, with its own language optical track, may be given an additional (magnetic) recording in English, either of which can be played at will; both may be played alternately in a foreign-language class.

A radio technician who contemplates entering the 16-mm field may want first of all to inquire if there are enough users of such equipment in his vicinity to justify the step. Following is a somewhat detailed list of those who use this apparatus and for what purposes. These institutions and persons may be checked by questionnaire or direct approach:

Industrial and business firms use 16-mm for several purposes, such as training employes in manufacturing operations, training foremen and supervisors, and entertaining employes during lunch hours and other rest periods. Sales and advertising use of 16-mm motion pictures has already been mentioned. In addition to motion pictures, film strips—which are sequences of still pictures shown one after another and accompanied by explanatory sound from a record player or tape player—are also used for sales and advertising purposes.

Schools use 16-mm motion pictures extensively for instruction. The advantages of placing before the student a vivid, moving presentation of a foreign country or historical occurrence are obvious. Cartoon films teach abstract concepts: for example, the physics class may learn the action of a vacuum tube by seeing "electrons" move through space and rush ahead or slow down or turn back, in response to changing accumulations of electrons in a grid wire. Schools also use film strips in addition to motion pictures.

Churches use films for religious instruction and the same equipment with

a different film for entertainment at "socials," gatherings and festivals.

Stores and other places of business sometimes use 16-mm to entertain or attract customers, especially if they consider available TV programs not attractive enough to their particular clientele.

Individuals use 16-mm for home movies, for their own amusement, or to entertain guests. Perhaps the most attractive home use is at children's parties, for the youngsters seem delighted and thrilled to have movies at home instead of in a theater; most small fry feel that this is something ultra-special.

Operating the equipment

Operating 16-mm apparatus is basically simple. Detailed instructions are always given in the manufacturer's instruction book which accompanies every unit sold. There are three general processes: projecting the film, picture and sound; then rewinding the film back on the original reel so it can be projected again; and using the projector as a recorder to make a new magnetic recording.

Putting the film into the machine is called *threading*. Manufacturers simplify this as much as possible. In the equipment of Fig. 1, the path the film must follow is indicated by a curving rib on the main-frame casting. The user threads the film through the various parts in exact parallel to that rib. In other common equipment the film path is shown on a diagram inside the projector door. The details of engaging the film sprocket holes in the sprocket-wheel teeth, and of opening and re-locking the *gate, shoes*, and other items that restrain the film from leaving its proper path, differ with each make of machine, but are thoroughly explained in each manufacturer's instruction book, usually with the help of many pictures.

Functional details

How the electronic portions of the equipment operate will be obvious to every radio technician, but the optical and mechanical details may be less familiar. They are not very complex.

A motion picture film consists of a series of photographs of progressive stages of action. When these are exposed to the eye in rapid succession the illusion of motion is produced. In a projector, they are exposed by passing them, one at a time, through a strong beam of light. Each is thus presented as an appropriate pattern on a viewing screen.

The film unwinds from an upper reel, passes through the mechanism, and is taken up on a lower or *takeup* reel. A row of holes, called *sprocket holes*, runs along one side of the film—the side opposite to the soundtracks. In the mechanism are toothed wheels called *sprockets* which engage the sprocket holes and thus move the film along.

The film is pulled down from the upper reel by a *pull-down sprocket*.

Thence it proceeds to the *gate*. It slides downward through the gate, rigidly positioned by guides. But it must not move continuously through the gate, because this is the place where light shines through it to project the picture. It must remain motionless in the gate while one picture is projected, then move downward, and again remain motionless while the next is projected; its motion through the gate is therefore *intermittent*. This motion is created by one of two devices; either there is a shuttle-action "claw" with sprocket-teeth on it, or an intermittently moving sprocket wheel just below the gate. The claw is more common than the intermittent sprocket. A projector has either one or the other, never both.

After film has passed through the gate the intermittency must be filtered out of its motion, for if permitted to remain it would produce frequency modulation in the sound. Therefore the film is looped around one or more sprockets or other mechanical damping devices. A steady, unvarying motion is necessary where it passes the photoelectric cell or magnetic reproducer.

The takeup reel is driven by a slipping clutch of some kind, usually of felt or leather, for its speed of rotation must vary in accordance with the amount of film wound up on its hub at any given moment.

One additional part that every projector must have, not yet mentioned, is the shutter. The film must be pulled downward 24 times in each second, and the light must be cut off while this happens. A rotating shutter intercepts the light during the pull-down interval. However, a 24-cycle-per-second light frequency would be plainly visible as a highly annoying flicker. Therefore most shutters are provided with two blades, and intercept the light a second time halfway through each period of exposure. The resultant 48-cycle flicker is not annoying and is practically invisible. One make projector uses a single-blade shutter revolving at double speed to achieve the same optical effect by projecting 48 separate images every second.

Finally there is always a *framing* device. (A single picture is called a *frame*.) The film is always so threaded that one frame fits squarely opposite the aperture through which the projection light shines. Otherwise the screen would show the top part of one image and the bottom part of the next one. In spite of careful threading, the picture may "get out of frame" during the showing because of faults in either the mechanism or the film. Mechanical means for correcting the condition without stopping the show are built into every projector.

The service technician will find these machines—intended for the unskilled operator—easy to understand and work on. The second part of this article will deal with their servicing, both electronic and electro-mechanical.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

R-E'S ASSOCIATE EDITOR REPORTS ON PENNA. U.H.F.



F. D. Coslett (center) and Milan J. Krupa (right) interview editor.

MAINTAINING its policy of bringing its readers first-hand information on new developments, RADIO-ELECTRONICS sent its Associate Editor Mort Bernstein on a second visit in January to new u.h.f. TV areas in Pennsylvania. Besides studying u.h.f. problems, he was invited to speak at meetings of local service organizations in Wilkes-Barre and Scranton.

The success of the visit to Wilkes-Barre was largely due to the enthusiastic co-operation of Milan J. Krupa, Secretary of the Radio Servicemen's Association of Luzerne County, and Chief Engineer of WBAX. Mr. Krupa not only handled all the details of the meeting, but made it possible to study operating problems at Wilkes-Barre's new u.h.f.-TV station WBRE-TV, and arranged to have Bernstein interviewed on WBRE-TV's main evening news program. He even got us excellent hotel accommodations in spite of a shortage due to exceptional local business activity.

As a result of the interview—which was held at about 6:30 p.m., with 100% potential audience coverage—the meeting was attended by a much larger number of Association members than expected, as well as by several non-members whose interest had been aroused by the telecast.

After the meeting Messrs. Krupa and Bernstein prepared a press release to be published the following day (January 21) in final editions of the Times-Leader, Wilkes-Barre's evening paper with the largest circulation.

On the morning following the meeting R-E's Associate Editor visited WBRE-TV's transmitter and learned about the difficulties the station has been having with equipment (see technical report, column 3). Later that day the TV interview was restaged for still photographs. These were taken by Dick Paul, of the Wilkes-Barre Junior Chamber of Commerce.

In spite of hazardous weather conditions on January 21, which prevented

many members (including Secretary Leon Helk) from attending, and a last-minute change in location due to a "Scranton Home Industries" show which had taken over the original meeting hall, the Scranton meeting of the Lackawanna Radio Service Engineers was exceptionally well attended. As in Wilkes-Barre, Bernstein spoke on business methods and ethics, and u.h.f.-TV service problems. After the formal session, he explained the operation and characteristics of transistors and described some of the recent developments in transistor-operated equipment. (The audience was particularly enthusiastic about this.)

In both Wilkes-Barre and Scranton, technicians attending the meetings were eager to get the speaker's attitude toward licensing. Open discussions brought out the fact that they were unanimously for it.

In any event, both organizations did their best to indicate that they had got a good deal out of the talks.

U.h.f.-TV Problems

The impression gleaned from this trip and recent visits to York and Williamsport, Pa. (P. 102, RADIO-ELECTRONICS, March, 1953) is that u.h.f.-TV troubles are divided about equally between the transmitters and the receivers.

In York, just at the height of the critical period when harassed service technicians were struggling to install and check a tremendous number of u.h.f. converters and new u.h.f.-v.h.f. receivers on the one local station, the transmitter's sound carrier went haywire. A defective crystal oven sent the oscillator frequency down to the point where it was modulating the video carrier, and sound herringbones were all over the received picture. No sound could be heard at all in intercarrier sets. (The difference between the sound and picture carriers was no longer exactly 4.5 mc.) Of course, once this transmitter trouble was cleared up conditions returned to normal, but

there was a period of several days that had technicians frantic.

In Wilkes-Barre, transmitter troubles were far more numerous and serious. Many units of brand new studio equipment were defective when received from the factory. Weak and burned-out tubes, unsoldered and incorrect connections, shorted or leaky capacitors—were found in cameras, monoscope, sync generator, and other units. Even after returning these to the factory they came back with some of the original defects still in them. Instruction books and schematics for many of the units were missing.

One main terminal block forming a junction between several pieces of control equipment was wired painstakingly according to the diagram. Over 50 separate leads from multiconductor cables had to be cut to exact length, trimmed, laced, dressed, and soldered. When the job was completed, checked, and double-checked, the units failed to work. Finally, after the station engineers made a trip to the factory in desperation, it was discovered that the identifying numbers on the terminal block had been stenciled incorrectly—completely reversed, in fact.

Of course, all these problems were solved—had to be—before the station went on the air. Even bigger headaches showed up after transmissions started. WBRE-TV's u.h.f. transmitter uses lighthouse-type triodes in the final amplifier. These are tuned by cavity resonators which are pretuned and sealed at the factory and labeled "Do not adjust!" Tubes failed to load up properly, ran red hot, and cavities began popping. Even after more than three weeks' operation and testing by the manufacturer's own engineers, the solution had not been found. The only way to keep the station on the air was to operate at less than one-fourth normal power. They were down to one spare tube—the last one in the country.

Other troubles showed up in the transmitting antenna. The designer failed to include de-icing equipment,

VOLTAGE AMPLIFIERS in CONTROL CIRCUITS

By RONALD L. IVES

MORE than one owner of an all-wave or communications receiver has wanted to operate auxiliary equipment with the band-switch, but has been stymied by the lack of room for an additional switch wafer. Some have tried to operate a.c. relays in parallel with the band-indicator lights, only to find that the heater winding which supplies the lights had insufficient spare capacity, or that the leads from the lamp circuit to the relay introduced hum into the system.

Zero-drain a.c. relays are in about the same category as d.c. transformers, so some other method is needed if we are going to operate from the band-indicator light system. It should draw negligible current and introduce no hum. The method of Fig. 1 meets these specifications and (with voltage-multiplying circuits where necessary) will operate satisfactorily in a number of applications where it is necessary to actuate a relay from a low-voltage, low-current source. A triode with a suitable relay in its plate circuit controls the external auxiliary equipment. The plate relay can be any convenient standard type, such as a 10,000-ohm Potter and Brumfield LM-11 or equivalent.

Rectifier circuits shunted across the band-indicator lights are shown in Fig. 2. Commonly called voltage doublers, they are actually voltage multipliers, with a theoretical output of approximately 1.4 times the line voltage times the number of sections employed. Because of circuit losses the voltage obtainable is always less than the theoretical value; and voltage gain per section declines as the number of sections is increased, all other factors remaining the same. Voltages shown in Fig. 2 are those actually obtained in a 60-cycle circuit.

For circuit simplicity, these control circuits are designed to cut off the relay tube when the circuit is "live." This

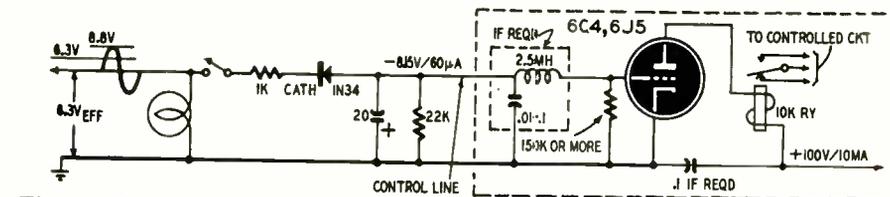


Fig. 1—Remote-control circuit uses low-voltage d.c. obtained from 6.3-volt band-indicator-lamp circuit.

also—in many instances—equalizes the power drain on the supply of the auxiliary device. Reverse operation, so that the relay pulls in when the control circuit is live, is entirely practicable, but usually requires more complicated relay-tube circuitry.

When the same device must be operated from more than one band-indicator light, the rectifier can be fed from the center tap of a high-resistance jumper between the hot terminals of the lights, as in Fig. 3. Output voltage will be approximately half that of the same rectifier fed from a single light. The same principle can be extended to any number of lights, with a corresponding reduction in output voltage.

Additional filtering is usually not necessary, but when needed must be isolated from the voltage multiplier by a high impedance. A large capacitor directly across the output of a tripler, for example, acts as an a.c. shunt, as shown in Fig. 4, and reduces the output voltage greatly. Because of low current drain, isolation with a high resistance is entirely satisfactory.

Circuit constants of rectifiers of this general type are not critical, and components have a long service life. Two triplers have been in service for more than 2,000 hours with no component failures. Rectifier bulk is small, a tripler with standard components occupying about as much space as a pack of cigarettes. All components need not be in the same place, provided they are kept away from low-level audio circuits. END

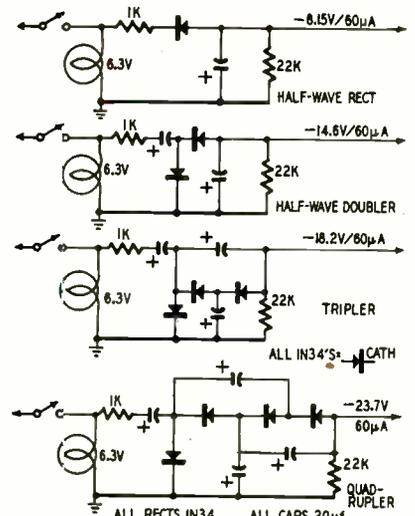


Fig. 2—Basic circuit and multipliers.

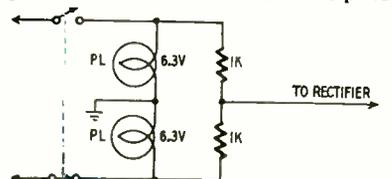


Fig. 3—Circuit for two-band control.

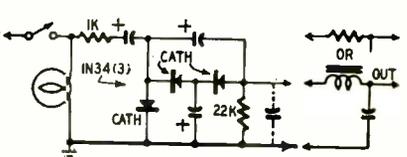


Fig. 4—Extra filter capacitance must be isolated as shown to reduce loading.

and the first sleet storm put the station off the air. (Apparently there is a considerable difference in winter weather conditions between Wilkes-Barre and York, although these two cities are only about 100 miles apart. The Wilkes-Barre antenna is about 2,000 feet above sea level, and much more subject to freezing.)

Still more troubles had developed in the microwave pickup units. WBRE-TV has been able to bypass these successfully when necessary with the aid of a v.h.f. standby receiver and a superduper rhombic antenna beamed at New York, and picking up signals directly from the Empire State Building.

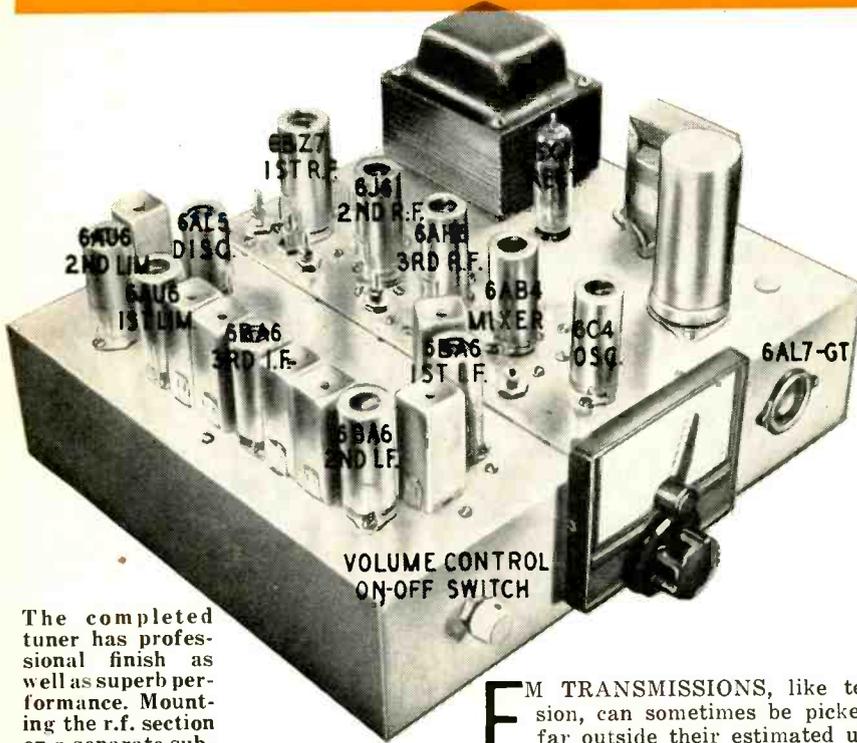
Receivers and their troubles

The chief problem has been oscillator radiation from u.h.f. converters. When one of the units goes on the air (literally) it can blank out v.h.f. reception over an entire neighborhood.

Since there are no tubes available commercially at the present time which can amplify effectively over the frequency range 470-890 mc, these converters have no r.f. stage between mixer and antenna. As a result, a large part of the oscillator output goes up the flue—and spreads a pall of interference over a wide area when the converter oscillator operates in the v.h.f. TV band.

As an illustration: The oscillator in a u.h.f. converter with output on channel 6 will tune from about 97 mc to about 200 mc in covering the entire u.h.f. band. (The fourth harmonic of the oscillator—roughly 388 to 800 mc—beats with the incoming signal to produce the channel-6 difference frequency.) At the low end of the u.h.f. band the second harmonic of the oscillator (194 mc and up) falls right on v.h.f. channels 10 to 13. At the high end of the u.h.f. band the oscillator's fundamental will do the same thing on v.h.f. channels 7 to 10. Some one-channel converters and turret-tuner u.h.f. strips cause similar troubles. END

LONG DISTANCE FM RECEIVER



The completed tuner has professional finish as well as superb performance. Mounting the r.f. section on a separate sub-chassis simplifies construction and makes future modifications easy.

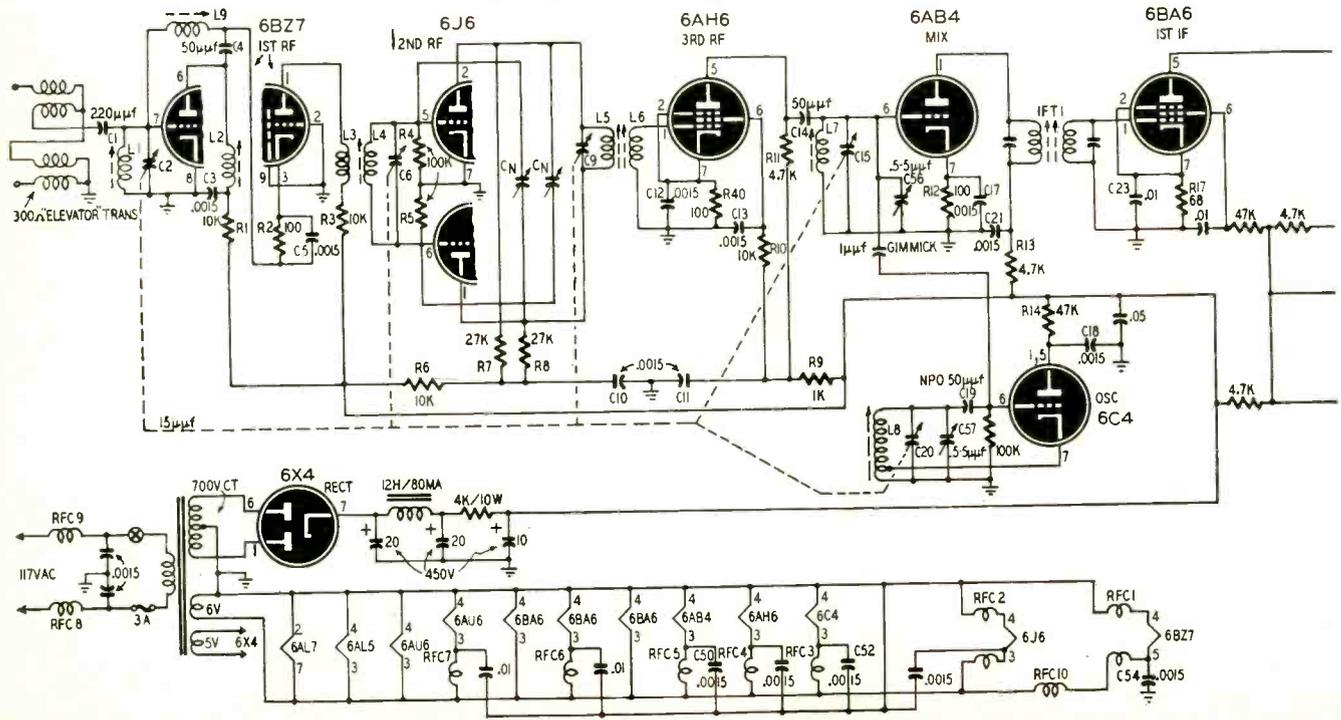
Three low-noise r.f. stages and bandpass-coupled i.f.'s solve a receiving problem

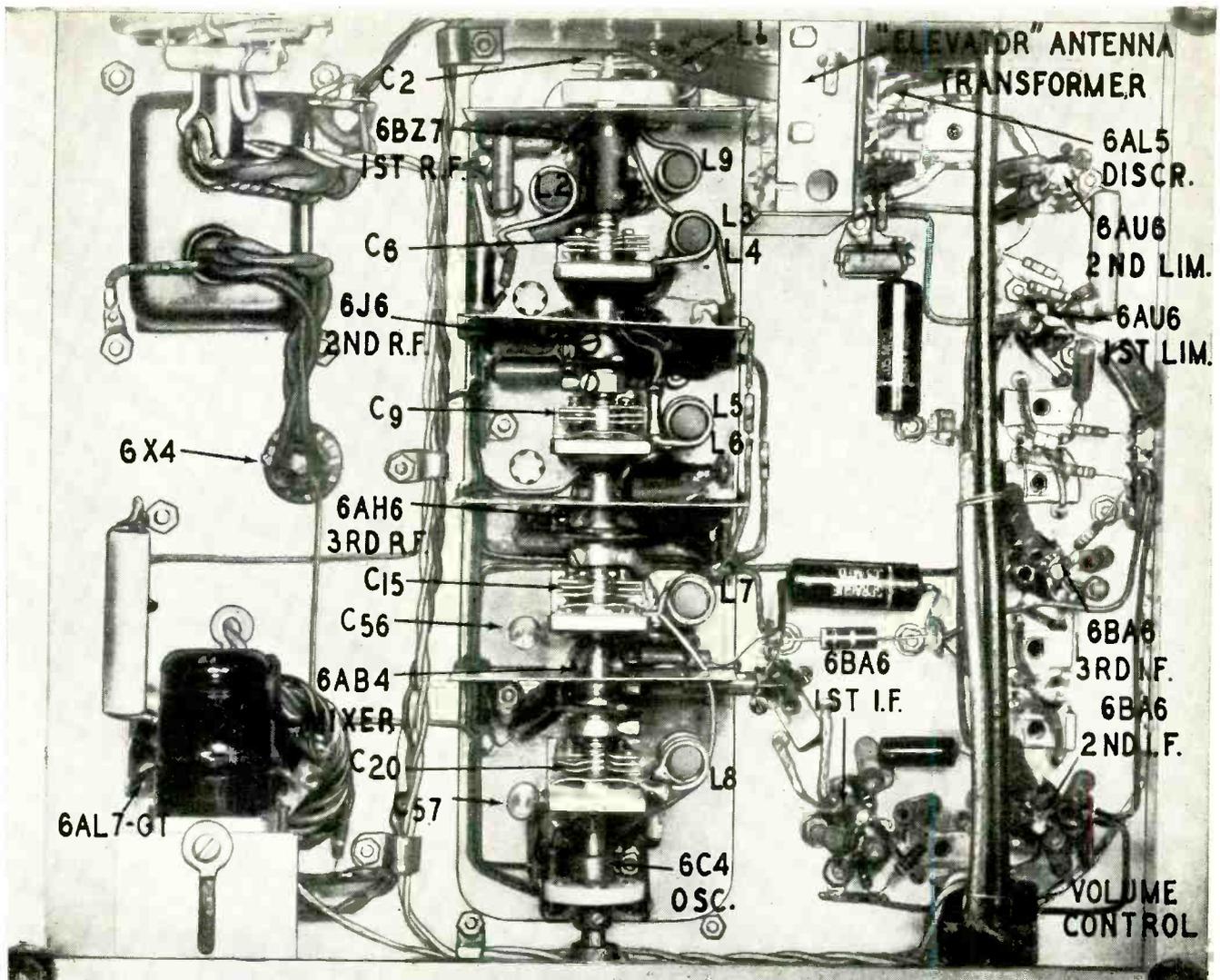
By WILLIAM H. KUMM

FM TRANSMISSIONS, like television, can sometimes be picked up far outside their estimated useful service areas. Today, thanks to recent developments widely used in television receivers, it is possible to build an FM receiver which has the high sensitivity and extremely low noise level necessary to give consistent, satisfactory reception over long distances.

These advances are the cascode circuit, the neutralized push-pull-triode r.f. amplifier, and the "elevator" transformer. By incorporating these in the front end—plus an unusual band-pass-coupled i.f. amplifier—the receiver gain and selectivity can be raised to such a high level that a station 85 miles away can be brought in day after day without the slightest interference from either of two "local" stations on adjacent channels.

Receiving conditions at Amherst, Mass., will illustrate the problem and show how—after much experiment—very satisfactory results were obtained. The desired transmission on 95.9 mc originates in Woburn, Mass. (just outside of Boston), almost due east of Amherst. The power output is 5,000





Tube and component layout under the tuner chassis. Note the copper interstage shields installed directly across the r.f. amplifier and mixer sockets. Placement and wiring in the front end should follow the original as closely as possible.

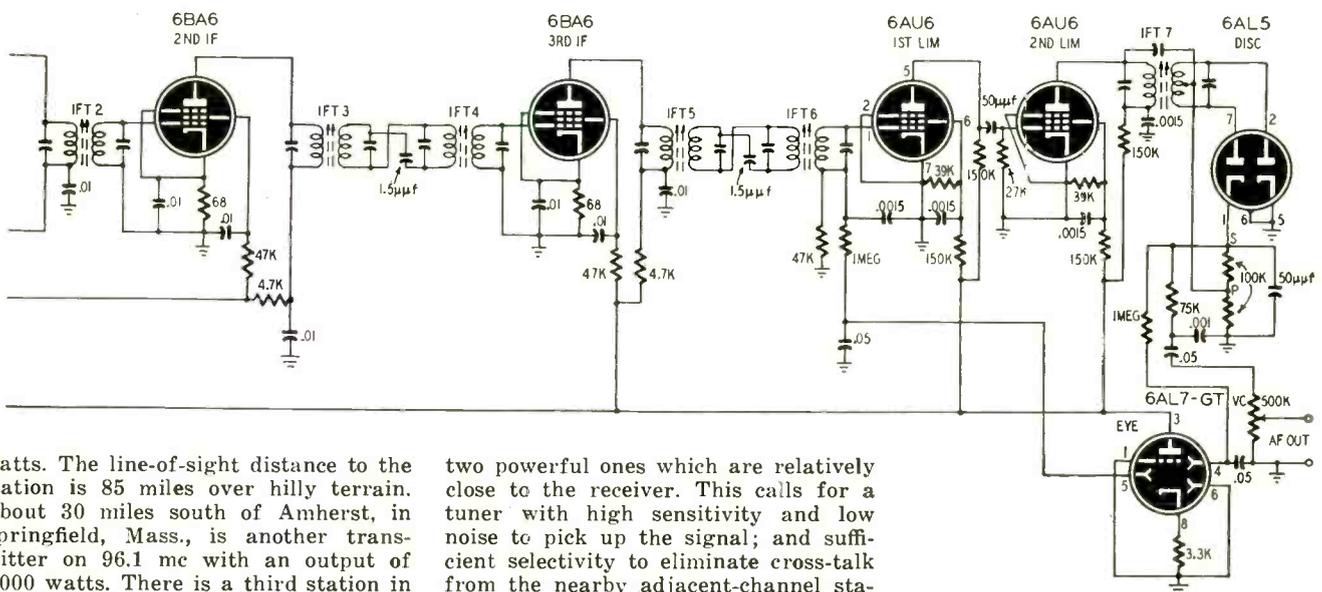


Fig. 1—Circuit diagram of the high-sensitivity, low-noise FM tuner. Exceptional selectivity without clipping off modulation peaks is provided by its two dual-transformer-coupled i.f. stages.

watts. The line-of-sight distance to the station is 85 miles over hilly terrain. About 30 miles south of Amherst, in Springfield, Mass., is another transmitter on 96.1 mc with an output of 1,000 watts. There is a third station in Hartford, Conn., about 60 miles south of Amherst. This one is on 95.7 mc, and has an output of 50 kw.

The problem is that the weak, distant, desired signal is directly between

two powerful ones which are relatively close to the receiver. This calls for a tuner with high sensitivity and low noise to pick up the signal; and sufficient selectivity to eliminate cross-talk from the nearby adjacent-channel stations.

The tuner described in this article is the third of a series of tuners built in an effort to solve the problem.

The first tuner had two pentode r.f.

stages—a 6AH6 followed by a 6AK5—and a 6AK5 pentode converter with a 6C4 oscillator. There were two 6BA6 i.f. stages, two 6AU6 limiters, and a 6AL5 discriminator. It had pretty good sensitivity, but the noise level with the pentode r.f. stages and the pentode converter was too high, so the entire front end was rebuilt. The second model had two 6AB4 grounded-grid-triode r.f. amplifiers followed by a 6AH6 pentode r.f. stage; a 6AB4 triode converter; and a 6C4 oscillator. The i.f. system was the same one used in the original model. This set had a low noise level, by virtue of the grounded-grid-triode r.f. stages and the triode converter; but it lacked the sensitivity of the first tuner, so it was scrapped too.

The present set is the result of an attempt to combine sensitivity with low noise level and a higher degree of selectivity than previously.

Circuit analysis

Fig. 1 is the schematic of the final model. The tuner has 13 tubes which perform the following functions: First radio frequency amplifier, a 6BZ7 double triode in a cascode circuit. Following this is a neutralized 6J6 push-pull triode r.f. stage. The third r.f. stage is a 6AH6 pentode. The converter is a 6AB4 triode, and the local oscillator is a 6C4 triode. Following the converter are three 6BA6 i.f. stages operating at 10.7 mc, with dual-transformer bandpass coupling. Two 6AU6 limiters in cascade are next, and the discriminator is a 6AL5 double diode. There is a 6AL7 tuning eye operating from the a.v.c. line, and the power-supply rectifier is a 6X4.

A convenient and efficient coupling method for matching 300-ohm lead-in to the input grid was borrowed from TV practice. One of the so-called "elevator coils" gives us relatively light input loading, which allows us to tune the input grid circuit with one section of the five-gang tuning capacitor. The plate circuit of the first triode (half of the 6BZ7) is not tuned because it is not critical at all. The grounded-grid half of the 6BZ7 has a slug-tuned neutralizing coil (L9) to the grid of the

first triode through which the cathode current of the second triode passes. Its plate circuit (L3) has untuned link coupling to the 6J6 push-pull grid circuit. Both the grid circuit (L4) and the plate circuit (L5) of this push-pull stage are tuned by sections of the gang. A link from the 6J6 output goes into the untuned grid of the 6AH6 third r.f. amplifier (L6), whose plate circuit is impedance-coupled to the grid of the 6AB4 mixer (L7). This is also tuned by one of the ganged capacitors. The oscillator is a 6C4 in a conventional Hartley circuit, tuned by the fifth gang of the tuning capacitor.

The plates of the converter and all r.f. tubes operate at about 150 volts, and the oscillator has about 100 volts on its plate.

Two of the 3 i.f. stages are bandpass-coupled by "back-to-back" i.f. transformers. This arrangement steepens the sides of the i.f. response curve, to give the desired selectivity. The i.f. stages are operated at relatively low voltages—approximately 90 on the plates and 60 on the screens—to reduce any tendency to regenerate. The cascaded 6AU6 limiters operate at even lower voltages than the i.f. stages. They have about 40 volts on the plates and 30 volts on the screens for good limiting even on extremely weak signals.

The 6AL5 discriminator circuit has a 75-microsecond de-emphasis filter in its output. This feeds the volume control, which also incorporates the power switch for the tuner.

Bifilar-wound r.f. chokes were inserted in the filaments of the first two r.f. stages, with single chokes in the hot sides of the remaining r.f. tube filaments, and in the filaments of alternate i.f. and limiter tubes. The slug-tuned interstage coils in the r.f., mixer, and oscillator stages are all self-supporting. They were tuned with iron cores taken from National XR50 coil forms, but any high-frequency iron cores available may be used. The five-gang tuning capacitor was made up of National UM-15 15- μ f miniature sections linked with insulated couplings.

Tubular trimmer capacitors were used in the converter grid circuit and

the oscillator grid circuit, but the other tuned circuits tracked satisfactorily with the slugs only. The number of turns given in the table for each coil is only approximate, and it is advisable to use a grid-dip meter to find the correct number of turns for each coil. The tuner covers 86 to 110 mc, which takes in TV-channel 6 sound at one end and aircraft signals at the other.

The 6J6 push-pull triodes are cross-neutralized by two $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch inside diameter copper tubes about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long (C_N). These are soldered to the terminals of the plate tuning capacitor and an insulated wire from the opposite grid terminal of the 6J6 is inserted in each tube. This is a very handy way of neutralizing, takes up little space, and fits the physical layout very well. One of these neutralizing tubes can be seen in the underchassis photo at the right of tuning capacitor C9.

Construction

Parts placement, orientation of tube sockets, and lead dress are highly critical, especially in the r.f.-mixer-oscillator section. To reduce the possibility of regeneration, and to insure satisfactory alignment, follow the layout given in Fig. 2 as closely as possible—especially the socket keying.

Copper shields were mounted across the converter socket and all r.f. tube sockets to isolate their grid circuits from their plate circuits as much as possible. These shields are drilled to pass the tuning shaft.

There is a bit of backlash in the last section of the tuning gang. For this reason, the antenna circuit, which is not critical at all, is placed at this end; the highly critical oscillator circuit is closest to the dial, where there is minimum backlash.

The bandpass coupling in the i.f. stages very definitely helps to narrow the bandwidth, but it does reduce the gain. Where the tuner is to be used for long-distance reception with no selectivity problems, single-transformer coupling is preferable.

The 6AL7-GT twin-beam tuning eye is an added refinement and operates off the discriminator output and the grid

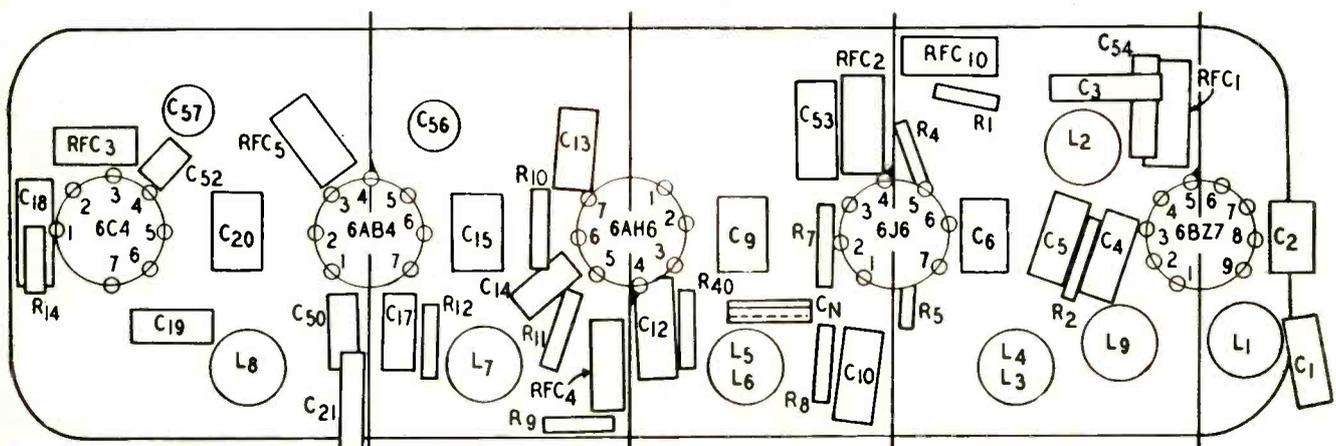


Fig. 2—Layout diagram of r.f., mixer, and oscillator stages. Component numbers refer to circuit elements shown in Fig. 1. Note the positions of the terminals on the tube sockets, and the connections between interstage shields and heater pins.

circuit of the first limiter. A microammeter in series with the first limiter grid return would give a more accurate indication of signal strength, but is a good deal more expensive.

Alignment and tracking

For i.f. alignment, connect a vacuum-tube voltmeter from pin 5 of the tuning-eye socket to ground. Remove the 6C4 oscillator tube from its socket so there will be no conversion of unwanted signals. With a 10.7-mc signal fed into the converter grid tune the i.f. transformers for maximum reading on the lowest voltage scale of the v.t.v.m. If the transformers are very far out of alignment it may be necessary to introduce a strong signal at the first-limiter grid and work back stage by stage to the converter grid, introducing the signal in the stage just ahead of the one being aligned.

In aligning the quadruple-tuned band-pass circuits for optimum bandwidth connect an oscilloscope to the plate of the first limiter and feed the output of a sweep-signal generator to the converter grid. Set the generator for a total sweep width of 450 kc with 10.7 as the center frequency. Adjust the various i.f.-transformer slugs to give a tall, flat-topped response curve with sides as steep as possible. With single-transformer i.f. coupling the oscilloscope and sweep-generator alignment is unnecessary; v.t.v.m. maximum readings on 10.7 mc are sufficient.

The discriminator primary is adjusted for a *maximum* reading with the v.t.v.m. connected between the load center-point (P) and ground. The secondary is then adjusted for *zero* voltage reading with the v.t.v.m. between point S and ground. Now plug the oscillator tube back in.

To align the front end, connect the v.t.v.m. between pin 5 of the 6AL7-GT socket and ground, as in the i.f. alignment procedure. The oscillator should be aligned first just above the high end of the FM band—at approximately 109 mc—by opening the main tuning gang all the way, running the oscillator-coil (L8) slug *halfway* in, and adjusting trimmer capacitor C57 for maximum output. To track the oscillator at the low end of the band, set the generator at 87 mc, close the main tuning capacitor completely, and adjust the oscillator-coil slug for maximum output.

Adjust the mixer grid circuit (C56 and L7) next in exactly the same way. The interstage r.f. coils are peaked at the high end of the band by stretching or compressing the windings with the slugs halfway in. Then the low end is peaked by adjusting the slugs for maximum output. If desired, the second r.f. stage can be peaked in the middle of the FM band instead of at the ends, for more uniform over-all response.

Neutralizing procedure

The r.f. stages are neutralized after they have been aligned. The v.t.v.m. is left in the position for r.f. alignment.

Disconnect one side of the 6J6 heater and feed a signal to the antenna terminals at the high end of the tuning range. Adjust the neutralizing capacitors (C_N) in equal steps for *minimum* reading on the v.t.v.m.

Reconnect the 6J6 heater and disconnect one of the heater leads on the 6BZ7. With the same high-end signal fed in at the antenna terminals, adjust

Materials for tuner

Resistors: 2—1 megohm, 4—150,000 ohms, 5—100,000 ohms, 1—75,000 ohms, 5—47,000 ohms, 2—39,000 ohms, 3—27,000 ohms, 4—10,000 ohms, 5—4,700 ohms, 1—3,300 ohms, 1—1,000 ohms, 3—100 ohms, 3—68 ohms, 1/2 watt; 1—4,700 ohms, 1 watt; 1—4,000 ohms, 10 watts; 1—500,000-ohm audio-taper potentiometer. **Capacitors:** (Electrolytic) 2—20, 1—10 μf, 450 v. (Paper) 4—.05 μf, 600 v. (Ceramic) 1—.01, 20—.0015 μf, 1—220, 4—50 μmf. (Zero temp. coeff. ceramic), 1—50 μmf 500 v. (Mica) 1—.001 μf, 500 v. (Silver mica) 2—1.5 μmf, 500 v. (Variable) 5—15 μmf (National type UM 15 or equiv.); 2—0.5—5-μmf ceramic tubular trimmers (Erie type 532 or equiv.); 2 neutralizing capacitors (see text); 1—1-μmf gimmick.

Transformers: 1 power transformer, 700 v./c.t., at 200 ma, 6.3 v. at 6 amp, 5 v. at 3 amp (Thorndarson type T22R07 or equiv.); 6—10.7-mc i.f. transformers, (Miller type 1463 or equiv.); 1—10.7-mc discriminator (Miller type 1464 or equiv.); 1—antenna matching transformer (Philco No. 324432-1, RCA No. 73591, or equiv.); 1—150-200-ma filter choke.

Miscellaneous: 1—6BZ7, 1—6J6, 1—6AH6, 1—6AB4, 1—6C4, 3—6BA6, 2—6AU6, 1—6AL5, 1—6X4, 1—6AL7-GT; 1—9-pin miniature, 11—7-pin miniature, 1 octal sockets; 5—insulated flexible couplings; 1 dial (Millen type 10039 or equiv.); 7 h.f. powdered-iron tuning slugs (see text); 1—s.p.s.t. on-off switch; chassis; socket shield; 3-amp fuse and holder; terminals; hardware; wire; solder.

the slug in the neutralizing coil (L9) for *minimum* output. L9 may have to be stretched or compressed to obtain this minimum.

With the antenna terminals open, an interesting way of indicating the benefit of low-noise neutralized triodes can be tried. When the 6J6 and 6BZ7 are properly neutralized, the noise level will *decrease* if they are plugged in after the rest of the set has warmed up. The noise level will *increase* when the 6AH6 is plugged in and warms up because it is a pentode and hence noisy.

The "elevator-transformer" antenna-input system is not absolutely necessary, but if one can be obtained or home-wound it will decrease the input grid loading and allow us to gang-tune this circuit.

When the tuner was completed it was compared with one of the better table-model commercial sets. The results were conclusive. With the commercial receiver, the desired signal could barely be made out in the cross-talk of the nearby stations. There was no entertainment value here. The tuner, by comparison, gave a strong, relatively hiss-free signal with no cross-talk. Over almost two years it has given fairly consistent daytime and evening reception of New York City and Philadelphia stations, from the Amherst receiver location. The distances to these two cities are about 170 and 225 air miles respectively. Troy, N. Y.; Binghamton, N. Y.; Providence, R. I.; Lawrence, Mass.—in fact nearly every FM broad-

COIL TABLE

L1, 2, 4, 5, 7	3 1/2 turns No. 16 bare tinned wire, 3/8 inch dia., 3/4 inch long.
L3	2 1/2 turns No. 20 insulated wire interwound with L4.
L6	2 1/2 turns No. 20 insulated wire interwound with L5.
L8	3 1/2 turns No. 16 bare tinned wire, 3/8 inch dia., 1 inch long; tapped 1 turn from ground.
L9	Approx. 12 turns No. 20 enameled copper wire, 3/8 inch dia., 3/4 inch long. Number of turns adjusted to neutralize 6BZ7 (see text).
RFC1, 2	Bifilar winding—15 turns No. 26 enameled wire close-wound on 1/4-inch diameter form.
RFC3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.	20 turns No. 26 enameled wire close-wound on 47,000-ohm or higher, 1-watt insulated resistor form.

cast station within 200 miles—has been heard at least once. The antenna is a folded dipole with reflector and director mounted about 10 feet above the roof of the house and rotated manually by a homemade mechanism.

Long-distance FM reception is fascinating, especially when freak conditions occur. In the summer of 1951 the receiver was taken to the White Mountains of New Hampshire. In one evening 18 stations were heard, ranging from Ohio to as far west as Minnesota, over distances of as much as 1,100 miles. END



"Howdy Doody heck! I'm the repair man. This set isn't fixed yet!"

Suggested by N. Radicone, Brooklyn, N. Y.

AMPLIFYING

the REED ORGAN

By B. FRANKLYN SHINN

Great improvement results with little labor and expense.

THE writer, who has been a church organist for many years, recently had occasion to play one of the reed-type organs that are still found in many churches. Finding that the instrument was not adequate for the size and acoustics of the building, I decided to experiment with electrical amplification. The results were so far above expectation that the solution may provide a new source of revenue for service technicians in designing and setting up similar installations.

In "reed" organs the tones are generated by brass reeds vibrated by air drawn past them by a foot-operated bellows or a motor-driven blower. The tones generated by the reeds are rich in harmonic content but rather weak. Efforts to reinforce the output by di-

rect microphone pickup and amplification were not very successful. At high output levels the sound was unpleasant and the problems of acoustic feedback were not easy to solve. The speakers must be placed so that the organist can hear the result, but the microphone can "hear" it too! In seeking a solution I reasoned that the top of the reed chest would in all probability vibrate as a sounding board, and would reproduce the tones of the reeds. I mounted a contact microphone at the center of the reed chest on the SWELL organ. The result was so good that I decided to carry the experiment further.

The instrument was a two-manual and pedal-clavier organ with 20 stops. As each manual had distinctive tone characteristics which I wanted to main-

tain, I decided to use a separate pickup for each manual. The pedal-clavier tones could not be picked up without excessive background noise, but in any case the bass response was more than adequate, since enough of the pedal tones reached the two pickups provided for the manuals without the complication of a separate input. Each pickup had to be provided with a foot-operated volume-control, and as the leads involved were very long, the problem of hum had to be kept in mind. It was decided to try to develop low impedance devices for the purpose.

Two contact mikes were made from a pair of war-surplus 50-ohm dynamic headphones. I carefully loosened the cap from one headphone and cut a circular hole about one-half inch in



Fig. 2—The completed contact microphone, with four rubber support blocks mounted on the face of the earpiece cover.

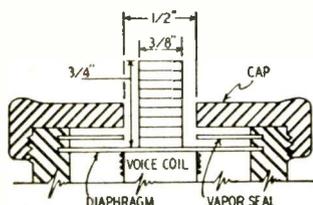


Fig. 1—Section through a modified dynamic headphone, showing the cork contact pile at the center of the diaphragm.

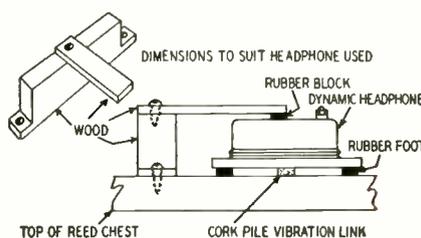


Fig. 3—Microphone clamping method.

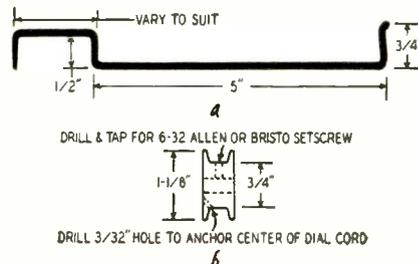


Fig. 4—(a) Steel-wire bow dimensions. (b) Driving pulley for volume control.

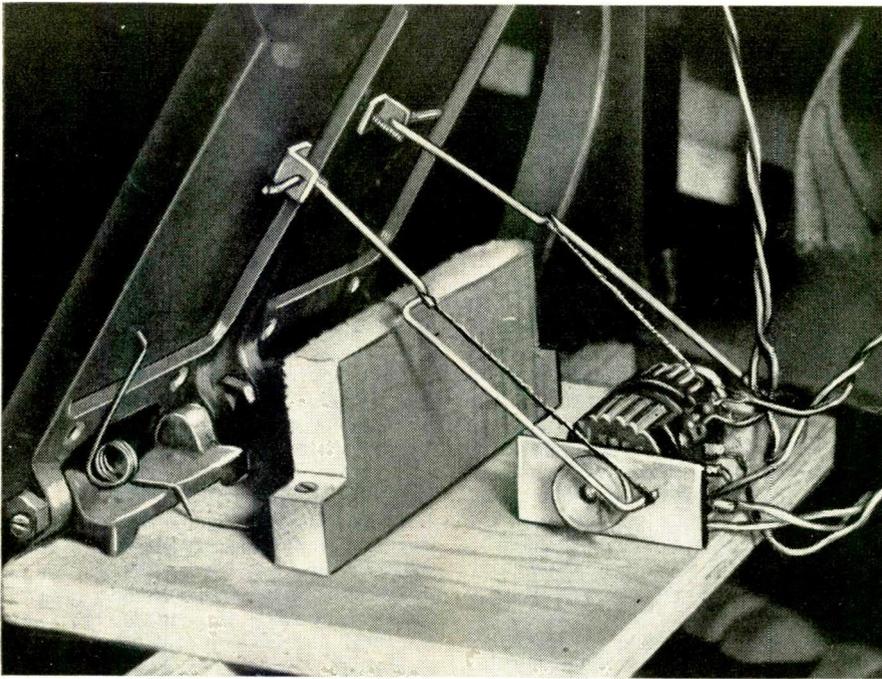


Fig. 5—Foot-operated gain-control assembly. Vertical block is pedal stop.

bow-bearing brackets on the backs of the pedals. The controls were wired so that the ground side of the one control is nearest the pedals, and the ground side of the other is away from the pedals, because one pedal will produce clockwise rotation and the other counterclockwise rotation. See Fig. 5.

With the pivots for the bows about 4½ inches above the pedal hinges, the bows will have a straight-line travel of approximately 2 inches. To convert this into an equivalent rotation, turn a couple of drums out of brass or other suitable material to a diameter of ¾ inch at the bottom of the groove. See Fig. 4-b. Drill the centers for the volume control shafts (¼ inch) and drill and tap the drums for No. 6-32 Allen or Bristo setscrews. Also drill a hole at an angle through the rim of the drum to provide an anchor for the bowstring.

Use only the best grade of dial cord. Anchor the center of the cord to the drum. Fasten the drum to the volume-control shaft and turn the control to the OFF position. Tie one end of the cord to the bow where the bend occurs next to the pedal as shown in Fig. 5, holding the pedal in the raised position. Wrap one complete turn of the cord around the drum and tie the other end to the tip of the bow. Any service technician who can thread up a dial can do this with his teeth while his helper holds his hands behind his back!

It may be desirable to provide stiffness in the hinges of the pedals so that they will remain in any desired position. We took over the pedals from an old player piano whose hinges were of the pin-ended shaft operating in a socket-ended screw. Tightening the screws was sufficient to provide the desired feel for the writer. The vertical block of wood between the pedals and the controls prevents the pedals from being depressed too far.

The mixer circuit is given in Fig. 6. An electronic engineer could no doubt improve it, but it worked. The main amplifier was a 6C5 feeding a 6SL7 phase-inverter driving push-pull 6V6's with negative feedback around the final stages.

Experiment to find the best speaker location. It goes without saying that the largest speaker obtainable should be used, and that adequate baffling must be provided. Tweeters were tried, but added nothing to the output. The use of at least two speakers is recommended, as the final tone frequently resembles a pipe organ to a surprising degree, and the essence of such tone is that it seems diverse and not located at a single source. Direct the speakers at a plaster wall, or better yet, at the corners of several plaster walls.

Experiment to find the best locations for the pickups too. The center of the back of the wind-chest is probably the best location, as far as possible from outside or internal supports so that it is free to vibrate. It may be desirable to try a location toward the treble end of the instrument to balance the result. Consult the organist. END

diameter through the center of the cap, and also through the oiled-silk moisture seal that covers the conical diaphragm. With a card punch I cut enough discs—¾-inch in diameter—from cork gasket material to make a stack about ¾ inch high. I cemented these together with Glyptal, and cemented the entire stack to the center of the diaphragm so that it projected through the hole in the oiled-silk vapor seal. Then I replaced the cap. See Fig. 1. As the next step I cut eight sections about ¾-inch square by ¼ inch thick from a rubber eraser, and cemented these to the face of the cap as shown in Fig. 2. The tip of the cork pillar protrudes just far enough that when the rubber feet are held firmly against a flat surface, the end of the cork pillar rests squarely on the same surface.

The microphone was then clamped to the soundboard of the organ at the desired point by screwing a block of wood to the soundboard, and providing a small clamping piece projecting over the body of the mike. Another block of rubber between the body of the microphone and the clamping piece assures that the vibrations of the soundboard will be transmitted to the diaphragm through the cork pillar, but flexible mounting of the heavier body of the microphone will damp out trans-

mission through the mounting blocks.

A pair of 175-ohm, heavy-duty wire-wound potentiometers—also war surplus—made effective gain controls for the microphones, and they stand vigorous and continuous operation much better than ordinary radio-type controls. A method of mounting and operating these by foot then had to be devised.

The instrument had a pair of pedals that had originally operated the bellows. With the installation of an electric blower, these pedals were no longer needed, and they were taken over for the job.

To convert the reciprocating motion of the pedals into rotary motion for the controls in the simplest way possible, we went back through ancient history to what was probably the earliest system known to man: winding the string of a bow around a shaft, and making the shaft revolve by sawing back and forth with the bow. Angle brackets were fastened to the backs of the pedals to serve as bearings for the bows. The bows were bent from steel wire to the dimensions given in Fig. 4. (This steel wire can be taken from an ordinary coat hanger.)

The controls were mounted back-to-back on a U-shaped chassis with the vertical sides of the U in line with the

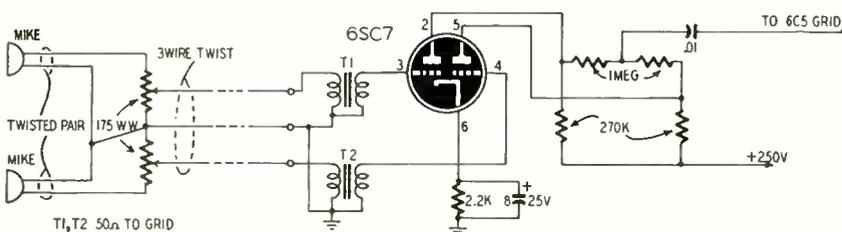


Fig. 6—Inputs are mixed through a simple and effective circuit using one 6SC7.

How practical filter sections differ from the mathematicians' loss-free ideal

By NORMAN H. CROWHURST

FROM correspondence I have received since the publication of "Loudspeaker Crossover Design" in the July, 1952, issue of RADIO-ELECTRONICS, it is evident that many—even engineers—have more vague ideas about filters than might have been expected. Articles have appeared from time to time, giving various details of filter design, complete with circuits and values, or with charts or formulas from which values can be calculated to suit individual applications. This information has included idealized response characteristics, and a general impression seems to exist that filters are special circuits possessed of some magical properties which can be achieved simply by applying the charts or formulas.

Mathematicians may be more fortunate than the rest of us in being able to understand the *derivation* of the wonderful circuits presented in textbooks, but whether or not they understand fully the practical implications of their handiwork, they generally fail to convey this information in terms the

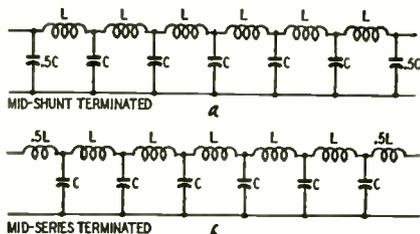


Fig. 1—Artificial lines built up from two types of low-pass filter sections.

technician who is not a mathematical genius can understand. The truth is that, even to the mathematician, complete analysis of circuits containing a number of reactance elements is highly involved. Even our mathematical friends look for short cuts. As anyone who has tried taking a short cut knows, it can be very useful *when it can be certain that the short cut really does lead to the same place as the regular route.*

Travelling up the line

Most filter designs are based on transmission-line theory. To understand this let us first look at the properties of transmission lines. They consist essentially of two conductors spaced apart by dielectric material. The conductors may be similar or different, concentric or parallel wire—in all cases the conductors possess resistance and inductance distributed uniformly along their length, and the dielectric between them will introduce capacitance and in-

sulation leakage (conductance) also distributed uniformly along the length of the line.

The theory of transmission lines deduces that attenuation along the line is due to conductor resistance and insulation conductance. Time delay and other effects are created by inductance and capacitance. When these four quantities are in a simple proportional relationship the line is "distortionless"; this means uniform attenuation and time delay for all frequencies. As all frequencies suffer the same *time* delay, this means the *phase* delay of individual frequencies will be proportional to frequency. Such a distortionless line does not occur naturally; insulation conductance is usually too low (or insulation resistance too high), to satisfy the proportional relationship required. Increasing insulation conductance by deliberately making the line more leaky is obviously undesirable because this will increase the attenuation along the line.

Long lines are usually loaded to make them distortionless. This consists of artificially increasing inductance so that correct proportional relationship is obtained. There are two kinds of loading: distributed and lumped. Distributed loading is introduced by inserting magnetic material along the conductors to increase the inductance uniformly all along the line. Lumped loading is achieved by inserting chokes—or *loading coils*—at regular intervals along the line, so the average inductance value satisfies the proportional relationship required.

Theoretical analysis of lines with distributed loading is quite simple, but the mathematics for lumped loading become formidable, and approximations have to be made to obtain workable formulas. These apply only over a limited range of frequencies; beyond this range the approximations are not good enough. It is obvious that a line with lumped loading cannot achieve the distortionless condition in the same way as one using distributed loading; but it does produce an approximation to the distortionless condition nearer than the unloaded line, within the range of frequencies for which it is designed.

... and back again

But we did not start out to discuss transmission lines—the real subject of this article is *filters*. The transmission line is merely a short cut to conventional filter design. Enough has been said to show that a distortionless transmission line is somewhat a "castle in

the air". Filter design is based on another approximation in transmission-line theory, called the "loss-free line." In this approach, conductor resistance and insulation conductance are both assumed to be zero, so the line possesses only inductance and capacitance.

Characteristic impedance

A loss-free line would be distortionless, and would possess what is called a *characteristic impedance*. If the line is terminated with a resistance equal to the characteristic impedance, the voltage and current in this terminating resistance will naturally follow the usual Ohm's law relationship; but the signal voltage and current at any point along the line will be identical in value with that in the terminating resistance. Progressive phase delay takes place along the line, but this will not affect either the values of voltage and current or the phase relationship between them at any one point.

Now suppose the line is terminated, not by a resistance equal to its characteristic impedance, but by some other value—either a different resistance, or a reactance. The usual explanation of what happens states that when the line is terminated by its characteristic resistance all the energy transmitted along the line is dissipated in this termination; but when some different value is used, some of the energy arriving at the termination is reflected back along the line. The varying phase relations between the reflected components of voltage and current and the original forward-going components, cause the effective impedance of the line measured at different points to vary. The net re-

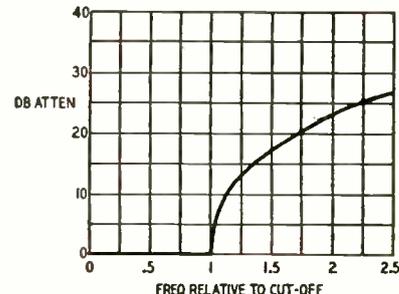


Fig. 2—Attenuation curve of a typical low-pass filter section that is terminated in its image impedance. See text.

sult: with wrong resistance termination, the impedance varies above and below the characteristic value, having maximum values at half-wave intervals, and minimum values also at half-wave intervals, but spaced mid-way between the maximum values; with re-

FILTERS

actance termination the impedance of the line varies so as to produce alternately positive and negative reactance components at similar half-wave intervals.

This brief consideration shows that even the comparatively simple loss-free line, wholly theoretical as it is, can produce some quite complicated results if the operating conditions are not exactly as planned, especially when it is remembered that the wavelengths of different signals along the same line will vary in inverse proportion to frequency; so the impedance at the sending end of a line mismatched at the receiving end will vary in a very complicated way over a wide frequency band. However, in our short cut to filter theory, lines are always assumed to be correctly terminated to avoid these complications.

The simplest form of filter derived directly from this imaginary loss-free line is the *low-pass* type. A number of sections of this type of filter are called an *artificial line*. Fig. 1 shows such an artificial line. (A high-pass filter merely has the positions of L and C reversed.) The basic difference from the theoretical loss-free line is that the inductance and capacitance of the line are uniformly distributed along its length, so each little bit of inductance is between two little bits of capacitance, so finely divided that a true equivalent would contain an infinite number of both inductances and capacitances. The artificial line has a restricted, or finite, number of elements.

Image impedance

The practical effect of this fact is that the artificial line has a definite cutoff frequency (it may be "high-pass" or "low-pass"). The loss-free line had no cutoff frequency, remember (provided we do not take into consideration the effect of transverse propagation between conductors. This enters the picture only when we get to waveguides). The term *image impedance* is used to

replace what was called *characteristic impedance* for the transmission line; it signifies that if this image impedance is applied as termination to the output end, the impedance measured at the input will be identical. What is often overlooked about the artificial line is that, besides having a cutoff frequency, its image impedance also has a frequency characteristic. *Image impedance* is thus quite different from the *characteristic impedance* of the loss-free transmission line.

If the artificial line is terminated at what are termed mid-shunt points, represented at Fig. 1-a, the theoretical image impedance rises to infinity (or open circuit) at the cutoff frequency. Below cutoff this image impedance is resistive and starts from a value identical with the characteristic impedance of the equivalent transmission line. Above the cutoff frequency the theoretical image impedance becomes reactive.

If the artificial line is terminated at a mid-series point, as represented at Fig. 1-b, the image impedance at cutoff falls to zero (short-circuit). Below cutoff the image impedance is always a resistance and likewise starts from the characteristic impedance of the equivalent transmission line. Above cutoff, the image impedance again becomes a reactance.

The usual way of showing the transmission (or attenuation) characteristic of such an artificial line is represented in Fig. 2. Note that the attenuation is zero right up to the cutoff frequency, and from there it suddenly starts to rise steeply. In curves of this kind the filter is assumed to be terminated by its image impedance, something which is not always clearly stated.

Before considering the implications of this fact on practical circuits, let us turn to the next stage in filter derivation—what are called *m*-derived filters.

The idea is that one of the elements, series or shunt, in a basic section of the artificial line, is modified by a factor *m* (modification) and then the other one is also modified and another element (of opposite kind of reactance) is introduced in such a way that the image impedance in the pass range, i.e. well away from cutoff frequency, retains its original value. In practice, the factor *m* is a fraction of 1.

Fig. 3 shows basic mid-series and mid-shunt sections of artificial line together with the *m*-derived filter obtained from each. Fig. 4 shows the attenuation characteristic for one of these *m*-derived filters. Comparing this with Fig. 2, the advantages gained are that

the cutoff slope is much steeper, and at one frequency beyond the pass range (indicated by the dotted line) the attenuation becomes theoretically infinite. (In practice this attenuation is limited by losses). This attenuation characteristic is also plotted on the assumption that the filter is terminated by its image impedance.

What an image!

Now to see what this assumption of image impedance termination really means. Fig. 5 shows how mid-series image impedance varies with frequency for a low-pass filter or artificial line of the simple type (given by $m = 1$), and for different values of *m* in series *m*-derived types. Books on filters recommend using, as termination for a com-

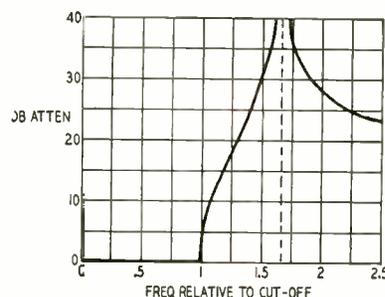


Fig. 4—Attenuation of *m*-derived low-pass filter. In this example $m = 0.8$.

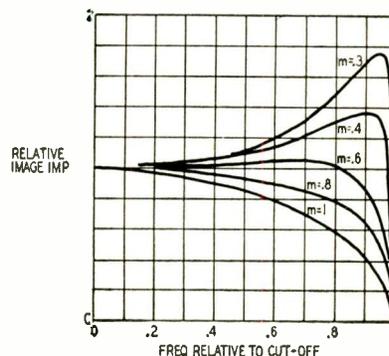


Fig. 5—How image impedance of low-pass filters varies with different *m* values.

posite filter, an *m*-derived section with a value of $m = 0.6$, because this value of *m* gives an image impedance that adheres most closely to characteristic impedance up to cutoff frequency. But, even then, to get the idealized performance characteristic given in Figs. 2 and 4, the output load (loudspeaker) impedance must look like one of the curves of Fig. 5. Even if, and when, the speaker manufacturer obliges, who wants to load the amplifier with such an impedance—since it will also "appear" at the input terminals? Every type of filter has an image impedance that either rises to open circuit or falls to short circuit at cutoff frequency: *but the practical terminating impedance never does this.*

However, it is possible to design "constant resistance" types which approach very closely to the idealized characteristic. The second and concluding installment of this article will describe such filters and their design.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

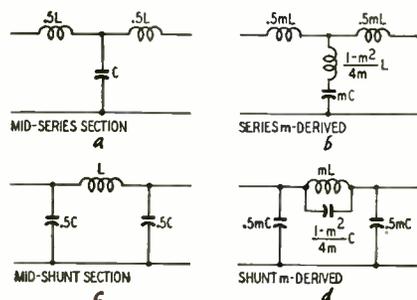


Fig. 3—Basic low-pass filter sections, with corresponding *m*-derived types.

ELECTROSTATIC SPEAKER

An old type of speaker starts out a new life under better auspices

By **WERNER W. DIEFENBACH**

PRACTICALLY every home radio now sold in Western Germany is equipped to receive FM broadcasting in the 87.5–100-mc band (RADIO-ELECTRONICS, March, 1953, P. 63). The majority of German listeners attach great importance to high-quality reproduction, and insist on good audio response from 40 to 12,000 cycles, and even higher. Their demands have compelled German radio manufacturers to develop low-cost wide-range speaker systems. One of the most interesting features of these new systems is the trend to electrostatic speakers for the high-frequency units.

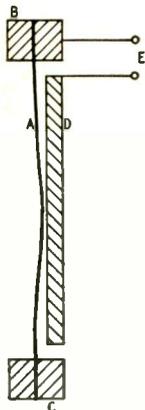


Fig. 1—Cross-section through an electrostatic speaker. The d.c. polarizing voltage E prevents "doubling" due to inertia of diaphragm. See text.

Electrostatic speakers in themselves are not new. A number of types have been designed and manufactured in the past for general use, but their large size and the high polarizing voltages required prevented them from being very successful. (Older readers will remember the *Kylectron*, sold in the United States in the late '20's.—*Editor*) However, the electrostatic speaker has distinct advantages as the h.f. element in a two- or three-way system, where its size and voltage requirements are both small. It costs much less to manufacture than the dynamic type, and has no pronounced resonant peaks between 7 kc and 20 kc.

In principle, the electrostatic speaker is nothing but a two-plate capacitor (see Fig. 1). The diaphragm A—usually made of thin metal or metallized plastic foil—forms one of the plates, and is clamped at the edges (B and C). The heavy back plate D, representing the other plate of the capacitor, is spaced a small distance from diaphragm A. A d.c. polarizing voltage applied between A and D creates an electrostatic attraction which tends to pull the plates together. Since only A is flexible enough to move, it bends in at the center, but is prevented from actually touching D by the mechanical design of the speaker.

Now, if an a.c. signal is superimposed on the d.c., diaphragm A will move in and out in accordance with the a.c. variations. (Without the d.c. bias pulling it toward D, the diaphragm would swing almost *twice as far* in the opposite direction on the second half-cycle—its inertia alone would carry it an equal distance back past the original position, and the driving force of the second half-cycle of the signal would be added to this movement. This is known as "doubling," and is the reason why the d.c. polarizing voltage is essential.) Good efficiency requires high d.c. bias voltage or very small normal clearance between A and D.

Fig. 2 shows a typical modern electrostatic tweeter (Isophon). The diaphragm is $3\frac{3}{16}$ inches in diameter, and the speaker is only $\frac{3}{4}$ inch deep overall. The coil at the right is part of the high-pass filter that prevents the tweeter from being damaged by low frequencies. The circuit for feeding the tweeter is given in Fig. 3.

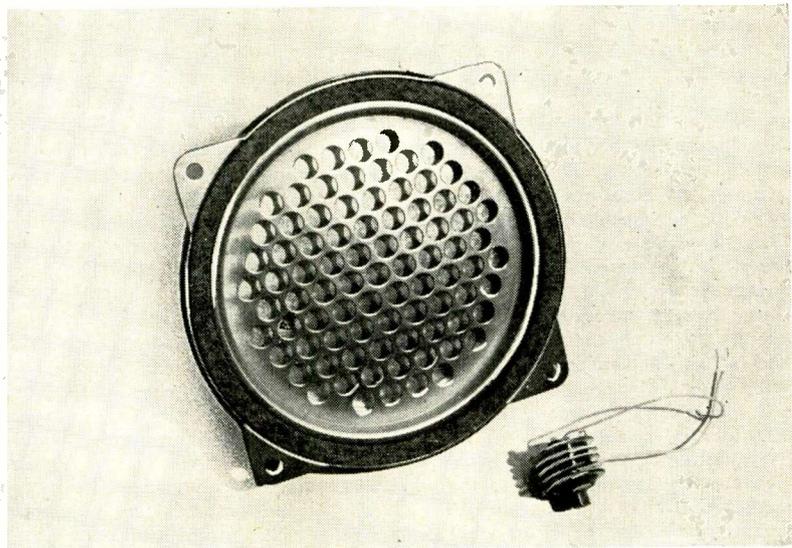


Fig. 2—Isophon electrostatic tweeter. Coil is part of the high-pass filter.

In this arrangement the speaker is fed with about 250 volts polarizing bias through R1. C1 and L1 form a high-pass filter between the impedance-matching tap on the output transformer and the speaker. The low-frequency cutoff (turnover) of the filter can be varied by adjusting the powdered-iron core of the coil. L1 has a maximum inductance of about 40 mh and a d.c. resistance of about 125 ohms. Higher values of inductance develop excessive voltage at the turnover frequency.

The filter is adjusted for a turnover

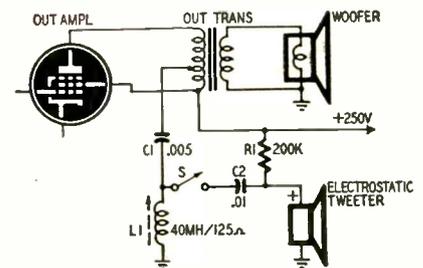


Fig. 3—Schematic of two-way speaker system with Isophon electrostatic unit.

between 7 and 8 kc. The remarkably flat acoustic-pressure curve between 7 kc and 20 kc is shown in Fig. 4.

The speaker is coupled to the filter network through C2, and can be disconnected from the circuit if desired by opening switch S.

Directivity

High-frequency speakers are notoriously directive, so that listeners sitting off the main axis of a tweeter without



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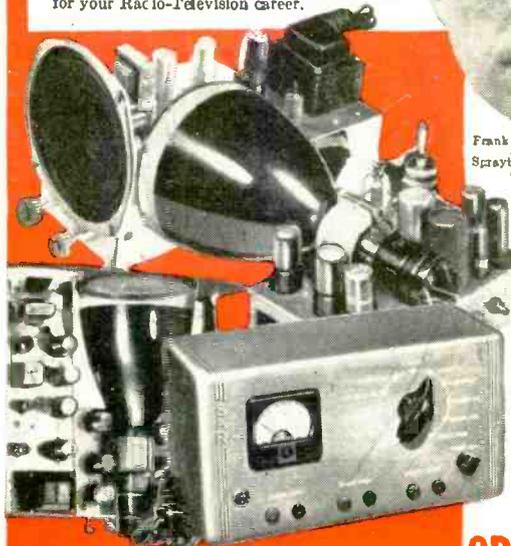


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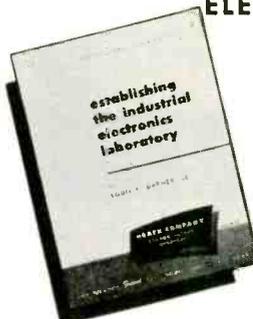
BY JOHN T. FRYE



Here is complete first-hand information written in a refreshing authoritative style by a man with over a quarter century of experience in radio and TV work. In this booklet John T. Frye discusses all factors involved in establishing a service business. Consideration is given to the type of business, location, selection of tools and instruments, bookkeeping procedures, job records, business promotion, and other similar subjects. Full explanation of the method used in computing service charges and how to establish a rate which will insure a fair and profitable return on your investment will prove very helpful. This booklet is available to Heathkit customers at no charge. Write for your free copy.

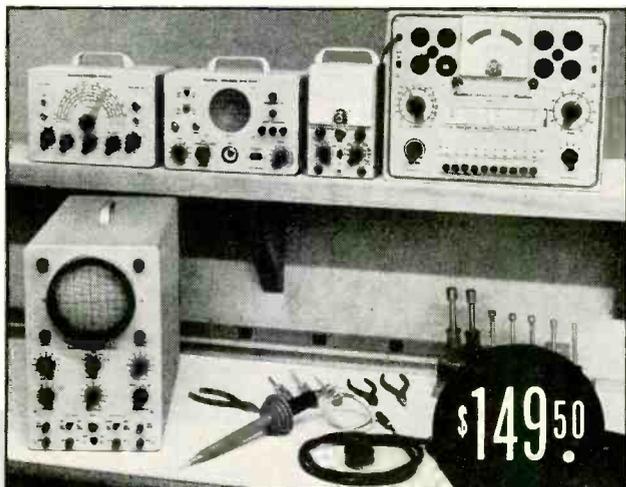
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BY LOUIS B. GARNER, JR.



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BASIC SERVICE SHOP



\$149.50

This group of instruments represents a typical combination of basic test equipment required for Radio and TV service work. Here is emphatic proof of the tremendous economy offered only by Heathkits. Seven basic equipment items for less money than the price quoted for a single commercially available instrument such as a general purpose oscilloscope. A serviceman can easily assemble this entire group of instruments in 45 actual working hours.

7 Complete KITS

Oscilloscope
VTVM
Signal Generator
Signal Tracer
Tube Checker
TV Picture Adapter
High Voltage Probe

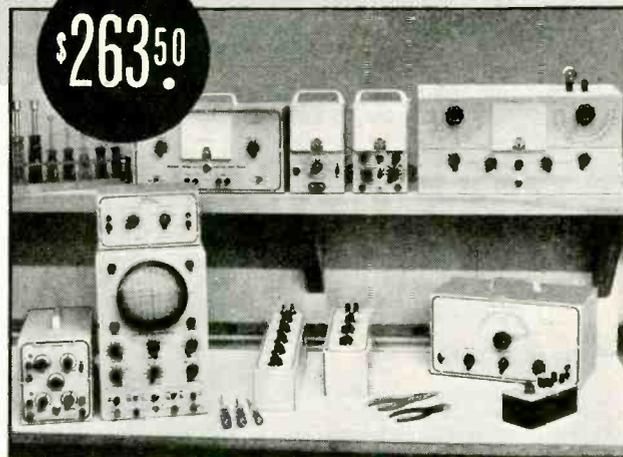
TYPICAL LABORATORY

11 Complete KITS

Oscilloscope
Voltage Calibrator
Electronic Switch
VTVM
AC VTVM
Power Supply
Q Meter
Decade Resistance
Resistance
Substitution Box
Audio Oscillator

This combination of eleven typical instruments, required for any Electronics Laboratory, clearly illustrates the economy offered by the purchase of Heathkit equipment. Practically an entire basic laboratory for the price of one piece of factory built equipment. These instruments can be assembled by a laboratory technician in approximately 55 actual working hours.

\$263.50



Additional information regarding these instruments will be found on the following pages. Write to the Heath Company for a free

catalogue listing all Heathkits—schematics—specifications and applications.

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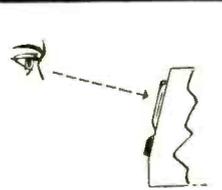
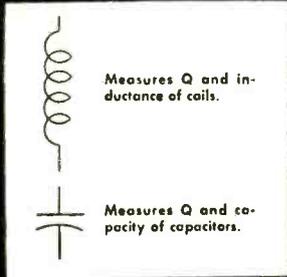
NEW Heathkit "Q" METER KIT

• A HIGH QUALITY Q METER AT LOW COST.

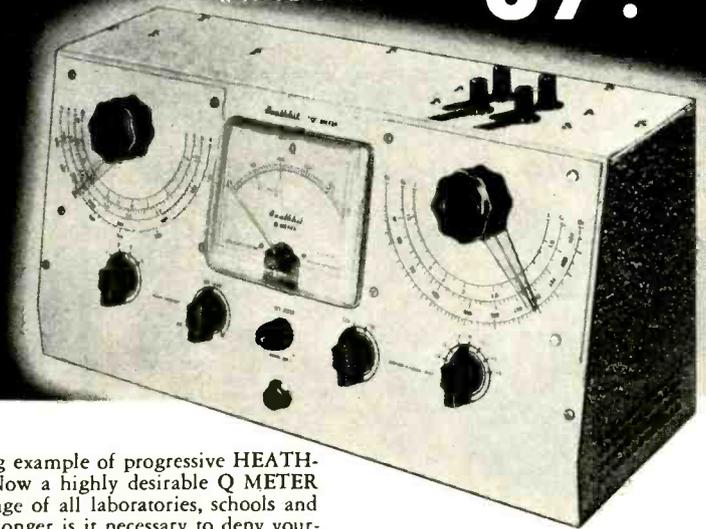
MODEL QM-1

SHIPPING
WT. 12 LBS.

\$39⁵⁰



Slant face cabinet for ease in reading the meter.



• First Q METER within the price range of all.

• Read Q's of 0-500 directly on calibrated scale.

• Stable oscillator supplies R.F. frequencies of 150 kc to 18 megacycles.

• Calibrated capacitor with range of 40 mmf to 450 mmf with vernier of ± 3 mmf.

• Simple, easy operation.

• Can be used to measure small inductances or capacitors.

• Measures Q of condensers, RF resistance and distributed capacity of coils.

• Measures capacity by substitution, capacity by resonance, inductance by resonance.

• Slanted panel for convenient operation.

Another outstanding example of progressive HEATHKIT engineering. Now a highly desirable Q METER within the price range of all laboratories, schools and experimenters. No longer is it necessary to deny yourself the many measurement advantages offered by this instrument.

Use the new HEATHKIT Q METER for the following simple basic measurements: capacity by substitution, capacity by resonance, inductance by resonance and Q at the OPERATING frequency all can be read on the calibrated scales. The method used to obtain information regarding the Q of condensers, RF resistance, distributed capacity in coils, etc., is only slightly more involved. In the HEATHKIT Q METER, the generated RF signal is coupled through a cathode follower and injected across a low impedance condenser which is included in the resonant circuit under test. Large $4\frac{1}{2}$ " 50 microampere Simpson meter reads Q directly. The resonating condenser and vernier condenser are calibrated in mmf for substitution method capacity tests. The resonating condenser is also calibrated in effective capacity for resonance tests. The inductance calibration serves for rapid determination of the approximate inductance of a coil. The HEATHKIT Q METER has a generator frequency range of 150 kc to 18 megacycles. Vernier capacity covers ± 3 mmf and the resonating condenser is calibrated from 40 mmf to 450 mmf actual capacity or 40 mmf to 350 mmf effective capacity. Meter reads Q directly up to 250. Higher and lower full scale readings can be obtained by varying the injection voltage levels.

The entire kit consists of 12AT7, 6AL5, 6C4, OD3 and 6X5 tubes, 50 microampere Simpson meter, power transformer, cabinet and all other parts necessary for construction as well as instructions for assembling, testing and operation of the completed instrument.

Heathkit DECADE RESISTANCE KIT

The HEATHKIT DECADE RESISTANCE KIT is widely used by schools, experimenters and laboratories because of the extremely wide resistance range offered and the useful, dependable service provided. The DECADE consists of 5 rotary 2 deck ceramic wafer switches with silver plated contacts and twenty 1% precision resistors in a circuit which provides the resistance range of 1 ohm to 99,999 ohms in 1 ohm steps. The HEATHKIT DECADE RESISTANCE KIT is simple to construct and is housed in a beautiful polished birch cabinet with an attractive panel. The DECADE will furnish years of accurate trouble-free service.

Individual decade sections of above can be purchased separately for special applications.



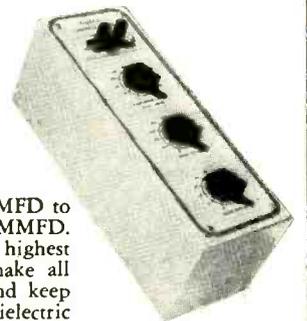
MODEL DR-1
SHIPPING
WT. 4 LBS.

\$19.50

NEW Heathkit DECADE CONDENSER KIT

Extremely useful in all experimental and design work such as determination of condenser values for: compensating networks, filters, bridge impedances, tuned circuits, etc. Uses all precision silver mica condensers within $\pm 1\%$ accuracy. Values run in three decades from 100 MMFD to 0.111 MFD in steps of 100 MMFD. Smooth acting, positive detent, highest quality ceramic wafer switches make all capacitor values easy to set up and keep losses to a minimum. Low loss dielectric terminal board mounts on outside of panel for easy cleaning. Heathkit binding posts accommodate a wide variety of test leads. Comes complete with all parts, including polished birch cabinet.

Individual decade sections of above can be purchased separately.



MODEL DC-1
SHIPPING
WT. 4 LBS.

\$16⁵⁰

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NEW *Heathkit* OSCILLOSCOPE KIT

• NEW WIDE BAND VERTICAL AMPLIFIER ± 2 DB 10 CYCLES TO 1 MC.



Direct plate connections for modulation tests.



Displays TV sync pulses correctly.



Useful to 5 mc.



Good square wave response at 100 kc.

MODEL O-8
SHIPPING
WT. 29 LBS.

\$43.50



- New wider band vertical amplifier ± 2 db from 10 cycles to 1 megacycle useful to over 5 megacycles.
- High sensitivity in vertical amplifier. .025 volts RMS per inch deflection.
- New 3 step input attenuator input ranges X1, X10, X100.
- Terminal board and rear cabinet opening provisions for direct connections to deflecting plates.
- Newly styled formed and ventilated aluminum cabinet.
- Wide band sweep generator, 15 cycles to over 100 kc. Will synchronize with 5 megacycle signal.
- 10 tube circuit featuring push pull operation of vertical and horizontal amplifiers.
- Internal synchronization on either positive or negative peaks.
- Reproduces faithfully the front and back porches of TV sync pulses. Excellent square wave reproduction to over 100 kc.
- Optional Intensifier kit available for 2200 volt operation.

Proudly announcing the new 1953 HEATHKIT Model O-8 OSCILLOSCOPE featuring the finest performance ever offered in this extremely popular kit instrument. Improved wider band vertical amplifier featuring a new 3-step input attenuator affording smooth control of the excellent .025 volts per inch vertical sensitivity. Possibility of overloading the vertical input circuit is minimized. Greater band width in the vertical channel is a decided advantage to TV service men. Permits clear observation of all TV sync pulse detail and excellent square wave reproduction over 100 kc. A handsome, ventilated cabinet with smooth rounded corners and a snug fitting drawn panel adds to the smartly styled professional appearance. Longer life is assured through cooler instrument operation. Push pull output stages in both vertical and horizontal amplifiers for balanced deflection of the spot. All of the many fine features of the previous model have been retained. Rear cabinet access to terminal board for direct connection to CR plates. The entire kit of all 10 tubes, parts, cabinet and panel as well as detailed construction manual for assembly and operation of the instrument included.

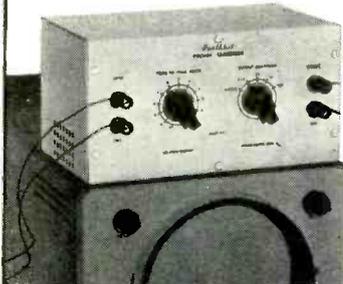


Heathkit SCOPE DEMODULATOR PROBE KIT

Trouble shooting or aligning TV, RF, IF and video stages requires demodulation of high frequency signals before Oscilloscope observation. The HEATHKIT SCOPE DEMODULATOR PROBE KIT was specifically developed for this application. Kit consists of a probe housing, crystal diode detector circuit, shielded cable and spade lugs. Assembly is simple and the probe will quickly prove its usefulness as an Oscilloscope accessory.

No. 337
SHIP. WT. 1 LB.
\$4.50

NEW *Heathkit* VOLTAGE CALIBRATOR KIT



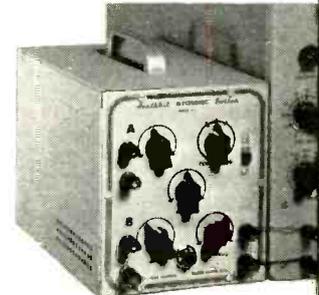
MODEL VC-1
SHIPPING
WT. 5 LBS. **\$9.50**

Use the Heathkit Voltage Calibrator with your oscilloscope to measure peak-to-peak TV complex waveshapes. TV manufacturer's specifications indicate correct peak-to-peak voltages and this kit will permit making these important measurements.

A big help to engineers in circuit work. Makes peak-to-peak voltage measurements of complex waveshapes of all kinds. Flat topped semi-square wave output of calibrator assures fast and easy measurement of any voltage between .01 and 100V peak-to-peak.

The Voltage Calibrator can remain connected to your oscilloscope at all times for instant use. "Signal" position connects signal under study directly through calibrator and into scope input circuit for direct observation. Eliminates transferring leads from calibrator. *A wonderful scope accessory.*

Heathkit ELECTRONIC SWITCH KIT



MODEL S-2
SHIPPING
WT. 11 LBS.

\$19.50

A few dollars spent for this accessory will increase the usefulness of a scope immeasurably. An electronic switch will open up a whole new field of scope applications for you. The S-2 allows TWO SIGNALS to be observed at the SAME TIME — this important feature allows you to immediately spot phase shift, clipping, distortion, etc. The two signals under observation can be superimposed or separated for individual study. Each signal input has an individual gain control for properly adjusting scope trace patterns. Has both coarse and fine frequency controls for adjusting switching time. Multivibrator switching frequency is from less than 10 cps to over 2000 cps in three overlapping ranges. Kit comes complete including 5 tubes, power transformer, all controls, instruction manual, etc. *Every scope owner should have one!*

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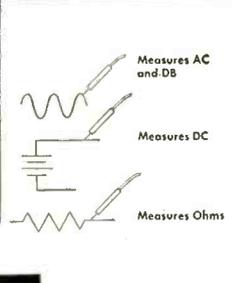
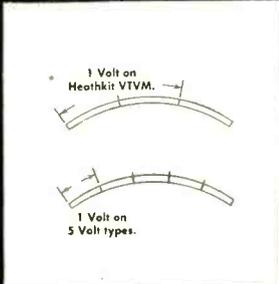
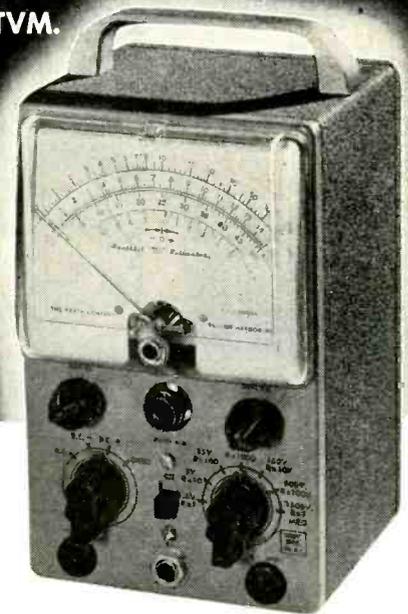
Heathkit VACUUM TUBE **VOLTMETER KIT**

• NEW 1½ VOLT RANGE ON 1953 VTVM.

MODEL V-6

SHIPPING
WT., 7 LBS.

\$24.50



- New 1½ volt low range gives over 2" of scale per volt instead of less than ¾" found on 5 volt range type.
- Increased accuracy due to expanded scales.
- New 1500 volt DC high range gives 50% greater coverage.
- Seven ranges in all. 1½, 5, 15, 50, 150, 500 and 1500 volts DC (1000 volts maximum AC only).
- Provides proper service ranges 150 volts for AC DC work and 500 volts for AC type service.
- High input impedance, 11 megohms minimizes circuit loading.
- Variety of accessory probe kits available.
- 1% precision resistors in multiplier circuits.
- 200 microampere Simpson meter.
- Center scale zero adjust.
- Transformer operated.
- Test leads included.
- New cabinet styling.
- Large, clearly marked meter scales indicate ohms, AC volts, DC volts and DB.

The 1953 Heathkit V-6 VTVM has improved ranges! The lowest range has been moved way down to 1.5V full scale. This gives 3½" of actual scale length for the 1.5V covered — that's 2⅓ inches per volt!! Now you can make your low level measurements faster and with greater accuracy.

And the upper range has been moved up. Readings up to 1500V DC can be readily made with new, improved VTVM—plus readings up to 1000V on AC. Higher ranges for extended use.

New vertical chassis mounting gives added chassis space for really easy wiring — no tight corners to worry about. Uses only highest quality components throughout. Simpson 200 microampere meter movement combined with 1% precision resistors in multiplier circuit insure highly accurate and dependable readings.

AC and DC voltage ranges are 0-1.5V-5V-15V-50V-150V-500V-1500V. (1000V max. reading on AC) — a total of seven ranges for convenient, accurate readings. Instrument also measures resistance from .1 ohm to over 1 billion ohms in seven handy ranges of RX1, X10, X100, X1000, X10K, X1 Meg., — all convenient multiples of 10 with no skips. Has Db scale in red for easy identification.

New panel has been baked on enamel finish for freedom from scratches and maximum durability. Modern styled, formed, compact cabinet with rounded edges and crackle finish is truly handsome.

Comprehensive, detailed instruction manual with step-by-step instructions, figures, pictorials, etc. makes assembly a cinch.

Be sure and look over the special accessory VTVM probes below — for added usefulness.

Heathkit R. F. PROBE KIT
 SHIP. WT. 1 LBS. **\$5.50**
 No. 309
 Extends RF range of HEATHKIT 11 megohm VTVM to 250 megacycles ± 10%.

Heathkit 30,000 V. D.C. PROBE KIT
 SHIP. WT. 2 LBS. **\$5.50**
 No. 336
 Provides DC multiplication factor of 100 for any 11 megohm VTVM.

Heathkit PEAK TO PEAK VOLTAGE PROBE KIT
 SHIP. WT. 2 LBS. **\$6.50**
 No. 338
 Reads on DC scale of any 11 megohm VTVM 5 kc to 5 megacycle range.

NEW Heathkit BATTERY TESTER KIT

The new Heathkit Battery Tester measures all types of dry batteries between 1½ volts and 150 volts under actual load conditions. Readings are made directly on a three-color GOOD-WEAK-REPLACE scale that your customers can readily understand. Operation is extremely simple and merely requires that the leads be connected to the battery under test. Only one control to adjust in addition to a panel switch for A or B battery types.

The Heathkit Battery Tester features compact assembly. An accurate meter movement and wire wound control mount in the portable, rugged plastic case.

Use the BT-1 to check portable radio batteries, hearing aid batteries, lantern batteries and photo flash gun batteries.

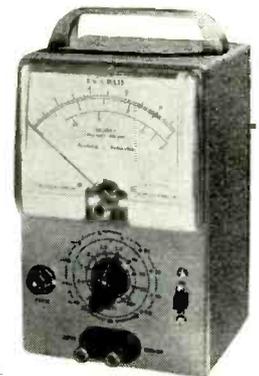


MODEL BT-1
SHIPPING
WT. 3 LBS.

\$7.50

Heathkit AC VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER KIT

A new AC VTVM that makes possible those sensitive AC measurements required by laboratories, audio enthusiasts and experimenters. Ten full scale ranges of .01, .03, .1, .3, 1, 3, 10, 30, 100 and 300 volts RMS. 10 DB ranges from -52 to +52 DB. Frequency response within 1 DB from 20 cycles to 50 kc. Simpson 200 microampere meter with large plainly marked meter scales. Precision multiplier resistors. Two amplifier stages using miniature tubes. A unique bridge rectifier meter circuit and a clean layout of parts. Order the AV-2 today and become acquainted with the interesting possibilities offered by this instrument.



MODEL AV-2
SHIPPING
WT. 5 LBS.

\$29.50

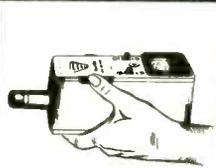
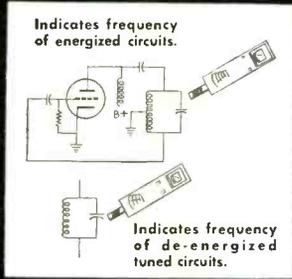
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The HEATH COMPANY

... BENTON HARBOR 20, MICHIGAN

NEW *Heathkit* GRID DIP METER KIT

• CONVENIENT ONE HAND OPERATION.



Complete unit easily held and operated with one hand.

MODEL GD-1

SHIPPING
WT. 4 LBS.

\$19⁵⁰



- New GRID DIP METER with assembled calibrated coils.
- Uses quality Simpson 500 microampere meter.
- One hand operation, extremely compact. Only 2½" wide by 3" high by 7" long.
- Variable meter sensitivity control.
- Uses newest type 6AF4 high frequency triode in a Colpitts oscillator circuit.
- Continuous coverage from 2 megacycles to over 250 megacycles in 6 ranges.
- Head phone monitoring jack.
- AC power transformer operated for maximum safety.

Here is the GRID DIP METER KIT you have been asking for. This new HEATHKIT instrument is compact, highly sensitive and easy to use. Housed in a handsome formed aluminum cabinet—rounded corners—durable oven baked finish on panel and cabinet. The entire instrument can be easily held and operated in one hand, tuning accomplished with the thumb wheel drive. This excellent design feature leaves the other hand entirely free for making circuit adjustments. The instrument with many applications — with oscillator energized, use it for finding the resonant frequency of tuned circuits, locating parasitics, determining characteristics of filter circuits, roughly tuning transmitter stages with power off, and neutralizing transmitters. Useful in TV and radio repair work for alignment of traps, filters, IF stages, peaking and compensation networks within the 2 to 250 megacycle range. With the oscillator not energized the instrument acts as an absorption wave meter and indicates the frequency of radiating power sources. Locates spurious oscillations, as a relative indication of power in various transmitter stages, etc. Phone jack permits monitoring of AM transmitter for determination of radiated hum, audio quality, etc. (Head phones not included). Complete kit includes plug-in coils, tube, all necessary parts and detailed assembly and instruction manual.

Heathkit IMPEDANCE BRIDGE KIT



MODEL IB-1B
SHIPPING
WT. 15 LBS.

\$69⁵⁰

The HEATHKIT IMPEDANCE BRIDGE is especially useful in educational training programs, industrial laboratories and for experimental work. Use it for measuring AC and DC resistance value of resistors,

determination of condenser capacitance and dissipation factor, finding coil inductance and storage factor, electrical measurements work, etc. Quality components: GR 1000 cycle hummer, GR main control, Mallory ceramic wafer silver plated contact switches, ½% precision resistors, etc. The basic circuit is a self powered, 4 arm bridge. Choice of Wheatstone, Capacitance comparison, Maxwell or Hay bridge circuits. Resistance from 10 milliohm to 10 megohm. Capacitance 10 mmf to 100 mfd. Inductance 10 microhenry to 100 henries. Dissipation factor .002 to 1. Storage factor (Q) 1 to 1000. The IMPEDANCE BRIDGE has provisions for external generator use for measurement at other than the 1000 cycle level. Take the guess work out of electrical measurements. The HEATHKIT IMPEDANCE BRIDGE mounted in a beautiful polished birch cabinet with large easy reading panel calibrations will furnish years of accurate, trouble free measurement service.

Heathkit HANDITESTER KIT



MODEL M-1
SHIPPING
WT. 3 LBS.

\$13⁵⁰

The HEATHKIT Model M-1 HANDITESTER fulfills requirements for a portable volt ohm milliammeter. This kit features precision 1% resistors, 3 deck switch for trouble free mounting of parts, specially designed battery bracket, smooth acting ohms adjust control, beautiful molded bakelite case and a 400 microampere meter movement. 5 convenient AC and DC voltage ranges as follows: 10 - 30 - 300 - 1000 - 5000 volts. Ohms ranges 0 - 3000 and 0 - 300,000. DC milliamperes ranges 0 - 10 milliamperes and 0 - 100 milliamperes. The instrument is easily assembled from complete instructions and pictorial diagrams. Test leads are included. Carry the HEATHKIT M-1 HANDITESTER in your tool box at all times for those simple jobs and eliminate that extra trip for additional testing equipment.

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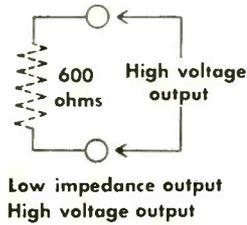
NEW Heathkit

AUDIO GENERATOR KIT

• RANGE EXTENDED TO 1 MEGACYCLE

MODEL AG-8

SHIPPING WT. 16 LBS.



Sine wave output from 20 cycles to 1 megacycle.

\$29.50

- Improved design — new low price.
- Frequency coverage in five ranges from 20 cycles per second to 1 megacycle.
- Response flat 1 DB from 20 cycles to 400 kilocycles. Down 3 DB at 600 kilocycles. Down only 8 DB at 1 megacycle.
- Five calibrated output voltage ranges, continuously variable 1 mv, 10 mv, 100 mv, 1 v, 10 v.
- Low impedance output circuit. 600 ohms.
- Distortion less than .4 of 1% from 100 cycles per second through the audible range.
- New HEATHKIT universal type binding posts.
- Durable infra-red baked enamel panel.
- Transformer operated for safe operation.
- Sturdy, ventilated steel cabinet.

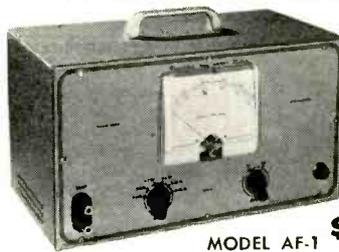
A new Audio Generator with features heretofore found in only the most expensive generators. Such features as complete coverage from 20 cycles to 1 Mc— response flat ± 1 db from 20 cycles to 400 Kc, down 3 db at 600 Kc and down only 8 db at 1 Mc.

And it has calibrated output . . . Calibrated continuously variable and step attenuator output controls allow you to easily set calibrated output voltage. Moreover, distortion is less than .4 of 1% from 100 cps through the audible range.

Oscillator section consists of a two stage resistance coupled amplifier (6SJ7 and 6AK6) utilizing both positive and negative feedback for oscillator operation and reduction of distortion. Oscillator section drives a cathode follower output power amplifier (6AK6) which isolates the oscillator from variations in load and presents a low impedance output (600 Ohms). Power supply is transformer operated and utilizes 6X5 rectifier with 2 sections of RC filtering.

An unbeatable dollar value — for here is an audio generator with wide frequency coverage, excellent frequency response, stepped and continuously variable calibrated output, high signal level, low impedance output, and low inherent distortion.

Heathkit AUDIO FREQUENCY METER KIT



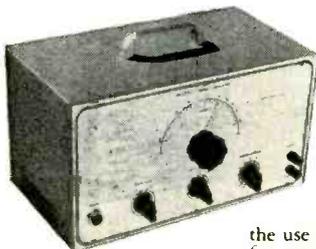
MODEL AF-1

SHIPPING WT. 15 LBS.

\$34.50

The HEATHKIT AUDIO FREQUENCY METER provides a simple and easy way to check unknown audio frequencies from 10 cycles to 100 kc between 3 and 300 volts RMS. The instrument features 7 ranges for accuracy and wide coverage. The meter itself has a quality 200 microampere Simpson movement and large clearly marked scales. The AUDIO FREQUENCY METER is transformer operated and features a voltage regulator tube to maintain constant plate voltage on the second stage. Kit supplied complete with all necessary construction material and a detailed construction manual.

NEW Heathkit AUDIO OSCILLATOR KIT



MODEL AO-1
SHIPPING WT. 14 LBS.

\$24.50

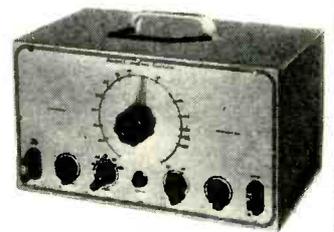
A new Audio Oscillator with both sine and square wave coverage from 20 to 20,000 cycles . . . An instrument designed to completely fulfill the needs of the audio engineer and enthusiast — Has numerous advantages such as high level output (up to 10V obtainable across the entire range), distortion less than .6%, and low impedance output.

Special design features include the use of a thermistor in the second amplifier stage for keeping the output essentially flat across the entire range.

A cathode coupled clipper circuit produces good, clean, square waves with rise time of only 2 microseconds. Oscillator section uses 1% precision resistors in range multiplier circuit for greatest accuracy.

You'll like the operation of this fine new kit.

Heathkit SQUARE WAVE GENERATOR KIT



MODEL SQ-1
SHIPPING WT. 14 LBS.

\$29.50

The HEATHKIT SQUARE WAVE GENERATOR is an excellent square wave frequency source with wide range coverage from 10 cycles to 100 kc continuously variable. This feature makes it useful for TV and wide band experimentation. The output voltage is continuously variable between 0 and 20 volts. The circuitry consists of a multivibrator stage, a clipping and squaring stage and a cathode follower low impedance output stage. The power supply is transformer operated and utilizes a full wave rectifier circuit with two sections of filtering. Another excellent HEATHKIT value at this remarkable low price. Kit includes all necessary construction material as well as complete instruction manual for assembly and operation.

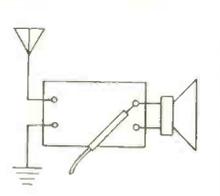
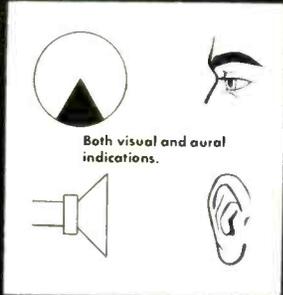
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The HEATH COMPANY

... BENTON HARBOR 20, MICHIGAN

NEW *Heathkit* VISUAL-AURAL SIGNAL TRACER KIT

• NEW NOISE LOCATOR AND WATTMETER CIRCUITS.



MODEL T-3

SHIPPING WT. 8 LBS.

\$22.50

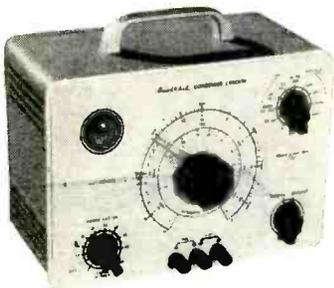


- Permits visual signal observation as well as aural operation.
- Two separate input channels.
- Tremendous RF channel sensitivity. Adequate for actual signal detection at receiver input.
- Separate high gain RF and low gain audio channels.
- A unique and useful noise locator circuit.
- Built-in calibrated wattmeter.
- Two separate shielded probes for RF and audio application.
- Additional test leads supplied.
- Substitution test speaker and output transformer eliminates necessity for speaker removal in service work.
- Utility amplifier. Check record changers, tuners, microphones, instrument pickups, etc.
- VTVM and Scope panel terminals.
- 5 tube transformer operated circuit.

The new HEATHKIT VISUAL AURAL SIGNAL TRACER represents one of the most convenient and useful instruments the service man can use in AM, FM and TV service work.

The electron ray beam indicator constantly monitors both input channels for visual observation of the signal. Now, see and hear the signal level for easier estimation of signal strength and gain per stage in a receiver circuit. Separate high gain channel and special shielded demodulator probe for RF circuit work. Low gain channel for audio circuit investigation and for use as a noise locator. In this feature, approximately 200 volts DC is applied to a suspected circuit component and the action of the voltage in the component can be seen and heard to determine satisfactory operation. This feature alone will prove tremendously helpful in locating the source of objectionable noises in coils, transformers, resistors, condensers, cold solder joints, controls, etc. A convenient wattmeter permits rapid preliminary check for voltage distribution circuit breakdown as well as transformer failures. Use the T-3 as a universal test speaker and substitution transformer and save service time by eliminating the necessity for speaker removal on every service call. Additional service uses are: as a utility amplifier for checking the output of record changers, tuners, microphones, instrument pickups, etc. Separate panel terminals permit utilization of other shop equipment such as your Oscilloscope or VTVM. Entire kit supplied complete with 5 tubes, all necessary construction material along with a detailed step by step instruction manual for the assembly and operation of the instrument.

NEW *Heathkit* CONDENSER CHECKER KIT



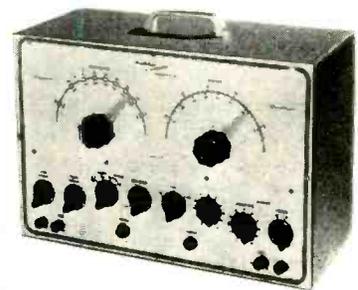
MODEL C-3
SHIPPING
WT. 7 LBS.

\$19.50

Announcing the new improved Model C-3 HEATHKIT CONDENSER housed in a new smartly styled professional appearing cabinet featuring rounded corners and snug fitting drawn panel. Adequate provisions for ventilation insures longer instrument life through cooler operation. Use the C-3 to accurately measure those unknown condenser and resistor values. All readings of condensers and resistors are read directly on the calibrated scales. Range of condenser measurements is from .00001 mfd to 1000 mfd. Calibrated resistance measurements can be made from 100 ohms to 5 megohms. A leakage test with a choice of 5 DC polarizing voltages will quickly indicate condenser operating quality under actual voltage load conditions. The spring return leakage test switch automatically discharges the condenser under test and eliminates shock hazard. An electron ray beam indicator tube is used in a new leakage test circuit for added sensitivity. The instrument is transformer operated for safety and will prove an extremely welcome addition to your shop equipment. The kit is furnished complete with all necessary parts, test leads and includes a step by step detailed construction manual for assembly and operation.

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Heathkit TV ALIGNMENT GENERATOR KIT



MODEL TS-2
SHIPPING
WT. 20 LBS.

\$39.50

Here is an excellent TV ALIGNMENT GENERATOR designed to do TV service work quickly, easily and properly. The Model TS-2 when used in conjunction with an Oscilloscope provides a means of correctly aligning TV receivers. The instrument furnishes a frequency modulated signal covering in 2 bands the range of 10 to 90 megacycles and 150 to 230 megacycles. An absorption type frequency marker covers from 20 to 75 megacycles in 2 ranges; therefore you have a simple, convenient means of checking IF's independent of oscillator calibration. Sweep width is variable from 0 to 12 megacycles. Other excellent features are horizontal sweep voltage controlled with a phasing control — both step and continuously variable attenuation for setting the output signal to the desired level — a convenient stand by switch — and blanking for establishing a single trace with a base reference level. Make your work easier, save time and repair with confidence. Order your HEATHKIT TV ALIGNMENT GENERATOR now.

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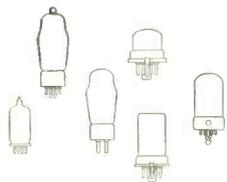
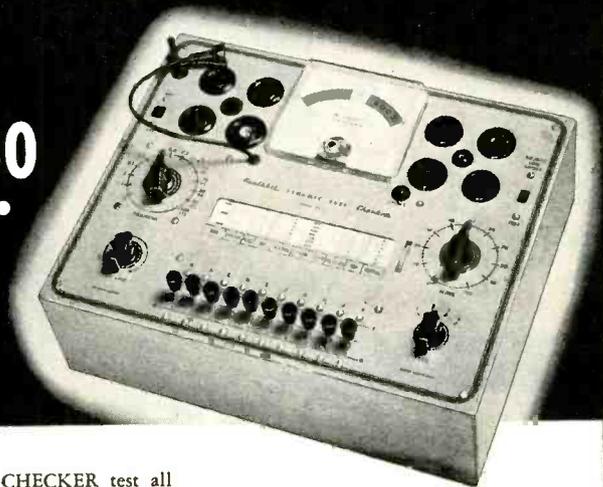
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Heathkit TUBE CHECKER KIT

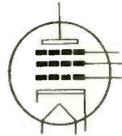
MODEL TC-1

SHIPPING
WT. 12 LBS.

\$29.50



Checks 7, 8, 9 prong tubes, octals, loctals, 7 and 9 prong miniatures, 5 prong Hytrons, pilot lights.



Checks for opens, shorts, emission, filament and filament tap continuity.

- Beautiful counter type birch cabinet.
- 4½" Simpson 3 color meter.
- Simplified setup procedure.
- Built-in gear driven roll chart.
- Checks emission, shorted elements, open elements and continuity.
- Complete protection against obsolescence.
- Sockets for every modern tube.
- Blank for new types.
- Individual element switches.
- Contact type pilot light test socket.
- Line adjust control.

PORTABLE TUBE CHECKER KIT MODEL TC-1P

Same as TC-1 except supplied with polished birch cabinet (with removable lid) instead of counter-type cabinet. Shipping weight 14 lbs. **\$34.50**

No. 365 Polished Birch Tube Checker Cabinet only. Shipping Weight 7 lbs. **\$7.50**

With the HEATHKIT TC-1 TUBE CHECKER test all types of tubes commonly encountered in AM-FM and TV receiver circuits. Test setup procedure is simplified, rapid and flexible. Tube quality is read directly on a beautiful 4½" Simpson three color BAD - ? - GOOD scale that your customers can readily understand. Panel sockets accommodate 4, 5, 6 and 7 prong tubes, octals, loctals, 7 and 9 prong miniatures, 5 prong Hytrons, a blank socket for new tubes and a contact type socket for quick checking of pilot lights. Built-in gear driven roll chart for instant reference. Neon short indicator, individual three position lever switch for each tube element, spring return test switch, line set control to compensate for supply voltage variations. At this low price, no service man need be without the advantages offered by the HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER.

Heathkit TV PICTURE TUBE TEST ADAPTER

Use your HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER with this new TV TEST ADAPTER to determine picture tube quality. Check for emission and shorts, independent of TV power supply. Consists of standard 12 pin TV tube socket, 4 feet of cable, octal socket connector and data sheet. Quickly prove TV picture tube condition to yourself and your customer.



No. 355
Ship. Wt. **\$4.50**
1 lb.

Heathkit RESISTANCE SUBSTITUTION BOX KIT

MODEL RS-1
SHIPPING
WT. 3 LBS.

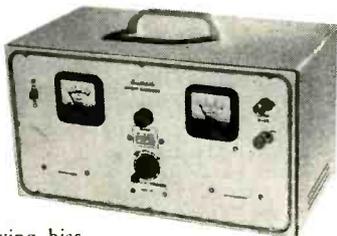
\$5.50

NEW HEATHKIT RESISTANCE SUBSTITUTION BOX KIT provides switch selection of any single one of 36 RTMA 1 watt 10% standard value resistors, ranging from 15 ohms to 10 megohms. This coverage available in 2 ranges in decades of 15, 22, 33, 47, 68 and 100. Housed in rugged plastic cabinet featuring new HEATHKIT universal type binding posts. The entire kit priced less than the retail value of the resistors alone.

Heathkit BATTERY ELIMINATOR KIT

A clean 6 volt d-c supply source is definitely required for successful automobile radio servicing. Has a continuously variable d-c output from 0 to 8 volts. It can be safely operated at a steady 10 ampere level and will deliver up to 15 amperes for intermittent periods. The voltage output terminals are completely isolated from the chassis to accommodate additional service applications such as supplying bias voltages or d-c substitution voltages for battery operated tube filament circuits.

The output of the Battery Eliminator is constantly monitored by a d-c voltmeter and a d-c ammeter. The circuit features an automatic overload relay of self resetting type. For additional protection, a panel mounting fuse is provided. Build this kit in a few hours and pocket a substantial savings.

MODEL BE-3
SHIPPING
WT. 20 LBS.

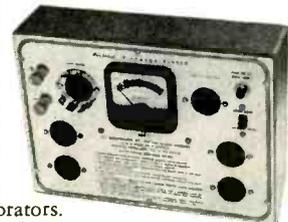
\$24.50

Heathkit VIBRATOR TESTER KIT

Repair time is valuable, and the Heathkit Vibrator Tester will save you hours of work. Instantly tells the condition of the vibrator under test—and the check is thorough and complete. Checks vibrator for proper starting, and the easy-to-read meter indicates the quality of output on large BAD-GOOD scales. Tests both interrupter and selfrectifier types of vibrators. Five different sockets for checking hundreds of vibrators.

Operates from any battery eliminator capable of delivering continuously variable voltage from 4 - 6V at 4 amps. The Heathkit BE-3 Battery Eliminator is ideal for operating this kit.

Faulty vibrators can be spotted within seconds and you're free to go on to other service jobs.

MODEL VT-1
SHIPPING
WT. 7 LBS.

\$14.50

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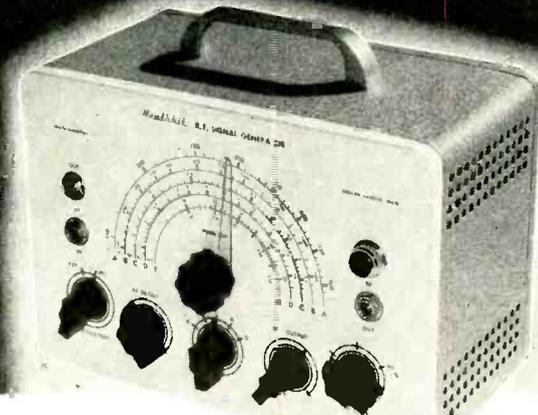
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Heathkit SIGNAL GENERATOR KIT

MODEL SG-7

SHIPPING
WT. 7 LBS.

\$19⁵⁰



Modulated or unmodulated RF output.



400 cycle sine wave output.

- Step attenuated RF output.
- 6 to 1 vernier dial ratio.
- Turret mounted coil sub-assembly.
- Pre-calibrated and adjusted coils.
- Hartley RF oscillator circuit.
- Colpitts oscillator 400 cycle sine wave output.
- Modulated or unmodulated RF output.
- Frequency coverage on fundamentals 160 kc to 50 megacycles in five ranges. 51 megacycles to 150 megacycles on calibrated harmonics.
- RF output in excess of 100,000 microvolts.
- Audio output 1½ to 2 volts.
- AC transformer operated.
- Professionally styled cabinet.
- Infra red baked enamel panel.

The new HEATHKIT Model SG-7 SIGNAL GENERATOR easily fulfills requirements for a controllable, modulated or unmodulated source of variable frequency. A convenient 400 cycle sine wave output is available for audio work. All RF oscillator coils are precision wound and adjusted to calibration before shipment thereby assuring maximum accuracy. The coils, band switch and tuning condenser all mount as a turret assembly so as to offer the advantage of short wiring leads and easy mounting of parts. The RF output circuit is of the low impedance type obtained by the use of cathode coupling to the output jacks. The level of RF output is varied by means of the RF step and RF output control. Use the HEATHKIT SG-7 as an RF signal source modulated or unmodulated for radio repair, laboratory work, experimental testing, 400 cycle sine wave audio testing, checking RF stages, alignment of both AM and FM IF stages, marker generator for TV alignment, etc. The kit is transformer operated and utilizes miniature tubes for ease in handling high frequency. Panel jacks and a convenient switching system permit either external or internal modulation. The entire kit is supplied complete with tubes and all necessary material as well as a detailed step by step instruction manual for the assembly and operation of the instrument.

Heathkit INTERMODULATION ANALYZER KIT



MODEL IM-1
SHIPPING WT.
18 LBS.

\$39⁵⁰

The HEATHKIT MODEL IM-1 is an extremely versatile instrument specifically designed for measuring the degree of interaction between two

signals caused by a specific piece of apparatus, or a chain of equipment. It is primarily intended for tests of audio equipment but may be used in other applications such as making tests of microphones, records, recording equipment, phonograph pickups and loud speakers. Use it for checking tape or disc recordings, as a sensitive AC voltmeter, as a high pass noise meter for adjusting tape bias, cutting needle pitch or other applications. High and low test frequency source, intermodulation section, power supply and AC voltmeter all in one complete unit. Percent intermodulation is directly read on three calibrated ranges, 30%, 10% and 3% full scale. Both 4 to 1 and 1 to 1 ratios of low to high frequencies easily set up. At this low kit price YOU can enjoy the benefits of Intermodulation analysis for accurate audio interpretations.

Heathkit LABORATORY REGULATED POWER SUPPLY KIT



MODEL PS-2
SHIPPING
WT. 20 LBS.

\$29⁵⁰

New HEATHKIT LABORATORY POWER SUPPLY provides continuously variable regulated DC voltage output

from 160 volts to 400 volts depending on load. Panel terminals supply separate 6.3 V. AC supply at 4 amperes for filament circuits. A 3½" plastic cased panel mounted meter provides accurate metered output for either voltage of current measurements. Exceptionally low ripple content of .012% admirably qualifies the HEATHKIT LABORATORY POWER SUPPLY for high gain audio applications. Ideal for laboratory work requiring a reference voltage for meter calibration or for plotting tube characteristics. In service work, it can be used as a separate variable voltage supply to determine the desirable operating voltage in a specific circuit. Use it as a DC substitution voltage in trouble shooting TV circuits exhibiting symptoms of extraneous undesirable components in plate supply circuits. Entire kit, including all 5 tubes now available at this low price.

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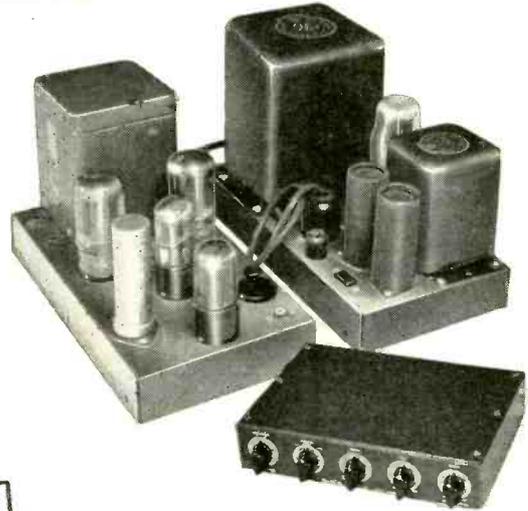
... BENTON HARBOR 20, MICHIGAN

Heathkit WILLIAMSON TYPE AMPLIFIER KIT

The new HEATHKIT WILLIAMSON TYPE AMPLIFIER incorporates the latest improvements described in Audio Engineering's "Gilding the Lily." 5881 output tubes and a new Peerless output transformer with additional primary taps afford peak power output of well over 20 watts. Frequency response ± 1 db from 10 cycles to 100 kc. allows reproduction of highs and lows with equal crispness and clarity. Harmonic and intermodulation distortion have been reduced to less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% at 5 watts. This eliminates the harsh unpleasant qualities which contribute to listening fatigue. Make this amplifier the heart of your radio system to achieve the fine reproduction that is the goal of all music lovers.

The HEATHKIT PREAMPLIFIER (available separately or in combination with the amplifier kit) features inputs for magnetic or low level cartridges, crystal pickups and tuners, turnover control for LP or 78 type records, individual bass and treble tone controls each providing up to 15 DB of boost or attenuation. Special notched shafts on preamplifier controls and switches adaptable to custom installation. The preamplifier can be mounted in any position and a liberal length of connecting cable is supplied. No radio experience is required to construct this amplifier. All punching, forming, or drilling has already been done. The complete kit includes all necessary parts as well as a detailed step by step construction manual with pictorial diagrams to greatly simplify the construction.

ACROSOUND TRANSFORMER OPTION. If desired, the output transformer with the kit will be the Acrosound output transformer, type TO-300. The use of this transformer permits ultra-linear operation as described in Audio Engineering's "Ultra-Linear Operation of the Williamson Amplifier."



Heathkit FM TUNER KIT



MODEL FM-2
SHIPPING
WT. 9 LBS.

\$22⁵⁰

The HEATHKIT MODEL FM-2 TUNER specifically designed for simplified kit construction features a preassembled and adjusted tuning unit. Three double tuned IF transformers and a discriminator transformer are used in an 8 tube circuit. Smooth tuning is obtained through a 9 to 1 ratio vernier drive using a calibrated six inch slide rule type dial. The usual frequency coverage of 88 to 108 megacycles is provided. Experience the thrill of building your own FM tuner. Operate it through your amplifier or radio and enjoy all the advantages of true FM reception. Transformer operated power supply to simplify connections to all types of audio systems. The kit is supplied complete with all 8 tubes and necessary material required for construction. A complete instruction manual simplifies assembly and operation.

PRICES OF VARIOUS COMBINATIONS

- W-2 Amplifier Kit** (Incl. Main Amplifier with Peerless Output Transformer, Power Supply and WA-P1 Preamplifier Kit) Shipping Weight 39 lbs. **\$69⁵⁰**
- W-2M Amplifier Kit** (Incl. Main Amplifier with Peerless Output Transformer and Power Supply) Shipping Weight 29 lbs. Shipped express only **\$49⁷⁵**
- W-3 Amplifier Kit** (Incl. Main Amplifier with Acrosound Output Transformer, Power Supply and WA-P1 Preamplifier Kit) Shipping Weight 39 lbs. Shipped express only **\$69⁵⁰**
- W-3M Amplifier Kit** (Incl. Main Amplifier with Acrosound Output Transformer and Power Supply) Shipping Weight 29 lbs. Shipped express only **\$49⁷⁵**
- WA-P1 Preamplifier Kit only.** Shipping Weight 7 lbs. Shipped express or parcel post. **\$19⁷⁵**

Heathkit ECONOMY 6 WATT AMPLIFIER KIT



MODEL A-7
SHIPPING
WT. 10 LBS.

\$14⁵⁰

The HEATHKIT Model A-7 amplifier features beam power, push pull output with frequency response flat $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ DB from 20 to 20,000 cycles. Separate volume, bass and treble controls. Two input circuits, output impedances of 4, 8, and 15 ohms. Peak power output rated at full 6 watts. High quality components, simplified layout, attractive gray finished chassis, break off type adjustable length control shafts and attractive lettered control panel.

THE MODEL A7A amplifier incorporates a preamplifier stage with special compensated network to provide the necessary voltage gain for operation with variable reluctance or low output level phono cartridges. Excellent gain for microphone operation in a moderate powered sound system..... **\$16.50**

Heathkit HIGH FIDELITY 20 WATT AMPLIFIER KIT

The HEATHKIT MODEL A-8 amplifier kit was designed to deliver high fidelity performance with adequate power output at moderate cost. The frequency response is within ± 1 DB from 20 to 20,000 cycles. Distortion at 3 DB below maximum power output at 1000 cycles is only .8%. The amplifier features a Chicago power transformer in a drawn steel case and a Peerless output transformer with output impedances of 4, 8, and 16 ohms available. Separate bass and treble tone controls permit wide range of tonal adjustment to meet the requirements of the most discerning listener. The amplifier uses a 6SJ7 voltage amplifier, a 6SN7 amplifier and phase splitter and two 6L6's in push pull output and a 5U4G rectifier. Two input jacks for either crystal or tuner operation. The kit includes all necessary material as well as a detailed step by step construction manual.



MODEL A-8
SHIPPING WT. 19 LBS.

\$33⁵⁰

MODEL A8-A features an added 6SJ7 stage (preamplifier) for operating from a variable reluctance cartridge or other low output level phono pickups. Can also be used with a microphone. A 3 position panel switch affords the desired input service. **\$35.50**

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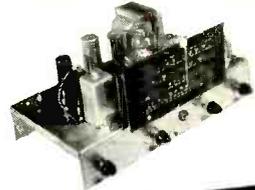
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Heathkit SUPERHETERODYNE RECEIVER KITS

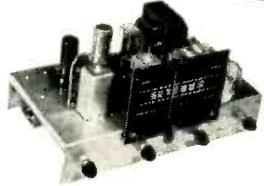
- High gain dual iron core tuned type IF transformers
- AC transformer operation for safety
- Continuously variable tone control
- Sturdy punched and plated steel chassis
- Ideal for custom installation
- Full AVC action
- Inverse feedback for improved frequency response
- Kit supplied with all necessary construction material except speaker and cabinet. (Available separately if desired).

6 tube all wave circuit.
3 ranges, continuous coverage 550 kc to over 20 megacycles, shipping wt. 11 lbs.



Model AR-1
\$23.50

5 tube broadcast band
550 to 1600 kc coverage,
shipping wt. 11 lbs.



Model BR-1
\$19.50

Two excellent radio receiver kits featuring clean design and open layout for simplified construction. Satisfy that urge to build your own radio receiver and select the model which meets your requirements. Both receivers feature continuously variable tone control, a radio phono switch and phono input and an AC receptacle for the phono motor. A six inch calibrated slide rule type dial with a 9 to 1 ratio vernier dial drive insures easy tuning.

SHIPPING INFORMATION

ON PARCEL POST ORDERS include postage for weight shown and insurance. (We insure all shipments.) Don't worry about sending more than the correct amount — if you send us too much, every extra cent will be promptly returned.

ON EXPRESS ORDERS do not include transportation charges. They will be collected by Express Agency on delivery.

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Orders processed on the same day received. Customers notified of unavoidable delay.

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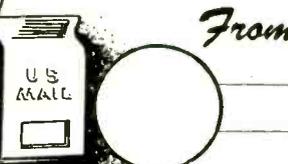
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... BENTON HARBOR 20, MICHIGAN

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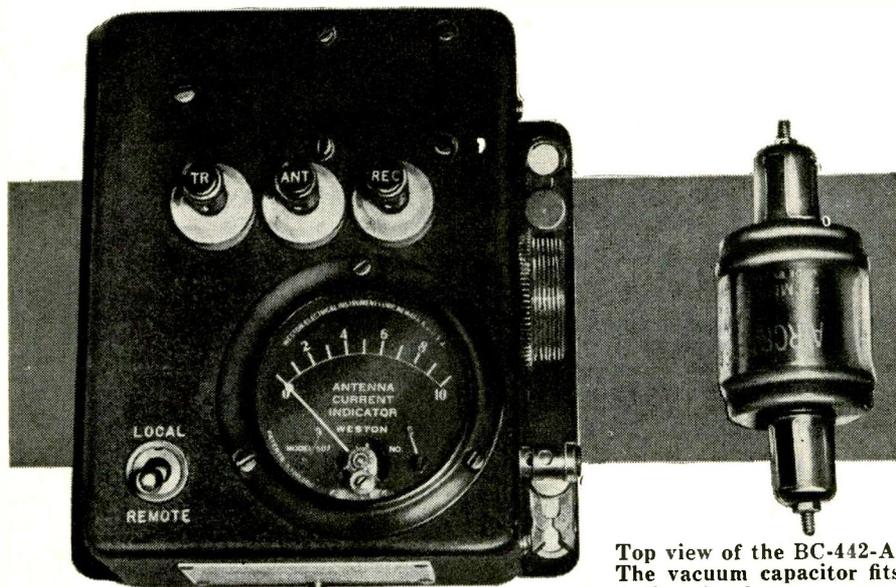
QUANTITY	ITEM	PRICE	QUANTITY	ITEM	PRICE
	Heathkit Oscilloscope Kit—Model O-8 (29 lbs.)	\$43.50		Heathkit Square Wave Gen. Kit—Model SQ-1 (14 lbs.)	\$29.50
	Heathkit Intensifier Kit (O-8 only) No. 339 (1 lb.)	7.50		Heathkit AC VTVM Kit—Model AV-2 (5 lbs.)	29.50
	Heathkit Voltage Calibrator Kit—Model VC-1 (5 lbs.)	9.50		Heathkit Intermodulation Analyzer Kit—Model IM-1 (18 lbs.)	39.50
	Heathkit Electronic Switch Kit—Model S-2 (11 lbs.)	19.50		Heathkit Regulated Power Supply Kit—Model PS-2 (20 lbs.)	29.50
	Heathkit Scope Demodulator Probe Kit No. 337 (1 lb.)	4.50		Heathkit Handitester Kit—Model M-1 (3 lbs.)	13.50
	Heathkit T.V. Alignment Generator Kit—Model TS-2 (20 lbs.)	39.50		Heathkit Decade Resistance Kit—Model DR-1 (4 lbs.)	19.50
	Heathkit Q Meter Kit—Model QM-1 (12 lbs.)	39.50		Heathkit Decade Condenser Kit—Model DC-1 (4 lbs.)	16.50
	Heathkit Grid Dip Meter Kit—Model GD-1 (4 lbs.)	19.50		Heathkit Impedance Bridge Kit—Model IB-1B (15 lbs.)	69.50
	Heathkit VTVM Kit—Model V-6 (7 lbs.)	24.50		Heathkit Battery Tester Kit—Model B-1 (3 lbs.)	7.50
	Heathkit RF Probe Kit No. 309 (1 lb.)	5.50		Heathkit Resistance Substitution Box Kit—Model RS-1 (3 lbs.)	5.50
	Heathkit HV Probe Kit No. 336 (2 lbs.)	5.50		Heathkit F.M. Tuner Kit—Model FM-2 (9 lbs.)	22.50
	Heathkit Peak-to-Peak Volt. Probe Kit No. 338 (2 lbs.)	6.50		Heathkit Broadcast Receiver Kit—Model BR-1 (11 lbs.)	19.50
	Heathkit Visual-Aural Signal Tracer Kit—Model T-3 (8 lbs.)	22.50		Heathkit Three Band Receiver Kit—Model AR-1 (11 lbs.)	23.50
	Heathkit Condenser Checker Kit—Model C-3 (7 lbs.)	19.50		Heathkit Amplifier Kit—Model A-7 (10 lbs.)	14.50
	Heathkit RF Signal Generator Kit—Model SG-7 (7 lbs.)	19.50		Heathkit Amplifier Kit—Model A-7A (10 lbs.)	16.50
	Heathkit Tube Checker Kit—Model TC-1 (12 lbs.)	29.50		Heathkit Amplifier Kit—Model A-8 (19 lbs.)	33.50
	Heathkit T.V. Tube Adapter No. 355 (1 lb.)	4.50		Heathkit Amplifier Kit—Model A-8A (19 lbs.)	35.50
	Heathkit Battery Eliminator Kit—Model BE-3 (20 lbs.)	24.50		Williamson Type Amplifier Kit (Type:)	
	Heathkit Vibrator Tester Kit—Model VT-1 (7 lbs.)	14.50		Shipped express only	
	Heathkit Audio Generator Kit—Model AG-8 (16 lbs.)	29.50		WA-P1 Preamplifier Kit (7 lbs.) (Shipped exp. or p.p.)	19.75
	Heathkit Audio Oscillator Kit—Model AO-1 (14 lbs.)	24.50			
	Heathkit Audio Frequency Meter Kit—Model AF-1 (15 lbs.)	34.50			

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Enclosed find Check Money Order for _____

THE LOW DOWN ON THE

BC-442-A



Top view of the BC-442-A. The vacuum capacitor fits cavity in bottom cover.

*Piece-by-piece or "as is"—
this antenna relay unit is a
real surplus goldmine for
transmitting amateurs*

By JOHN T. FRYE

THE supply of worth-while war surplus electronic equipment has virtually disappeared from the market. Faced with this hard fact, we should re-examine the equipment we have already bought and "stashed" away against some vague possible future need. The antenna relay unit for the 274-N and ARC-5 command transmitters, known variously as the BC-442-A or by the Navy model number CBY-29125, was purchased by thousands of amateurs and experimenters; but many who bought these compact little units still do not realize what a treasure they have. The aim of this article is to tell them. The diagram of the BC-442-A is shown in Fig. 1. The LOCAL-REMOTE switch and the connections shown in dashed lines were provided in earlier models of the BC-442-A. Lead A is omitted in units using the LOCAL-REMOTE switch.

The 2-inch G-E or Weston antenna current indicator has specially shaped pole pieces which produce a nonlinear d.c. characteristic which partially compensates for the nonlinearity of the r.f. thermocouple used with it. The dial scale is calibrated from 0 to 10 in purely arbitrary linear units. Table I shows the current *versus* scale readings of the meter.

The unusually low resistance of the movement (3 ohms \pm 20%) makes the instrument very voltage sensitive. To demonstrate this fact, I constructed a simple voltaic cell by placing a quarter and a copper penny on opposite sides of

a piece of note paper that had been moistened with the tongue. This cell deflected the meter pointer a full two divisions. You will note that while the full-scale current is around 5 ma, 1 ma drives the pointer to half-scale. This makes the meter very useful in any application where a substantial indication of very low current is desired and yet where considerable peaks of current—peaks that would damage a microammeter—must be anticipated. A typical use is contained in the article "S-Meter From Surplus" on page 47 of the June, 1952, issue of RADIO-ELECTRONICS.

The meter is designed, however, to be used with the thermocouple located inside the case of the BC-442-A. This thermocouple develops its rated 19.5 mv of d.c. across the meter terminals when approximately 0.75 amperes of r.f. current flows through the LINE terminals located at the ends of the unit. Table II shows the relationship between r.f. current through the thermocouple and the scale reading of the meter. The improved linearity shown by the indications listed in Table II is the result of using the special meter pole pieces mentioned previously.

You will note that a substantial meter indication is had with as low as 100 ma of r.f. current. The sensitivity cannot be further increased by substituting a microammeter for the meter in the unit. A thermocouple is a very low-impedance limited-voltage-generating device, and it cannot push any significant amount of current through the

high resistance—usually several hundred ohms—of a microammeter coil.

Applications

The amateur or experimenter can find dozens of important uses for this sensitive r.f. thermocouple and meter. For example, when very short leads were used to connect the LINE terminals of the thermocouple between the bottom of a center-loaded 75-meter whip antenna and the car body, shock excitation from a BC-696-A transmitter running 40 watts input and feeding an antenna several feet from the car was sufficient to produce a half-scale reading on the meter. You can easily tune a whip antenna by tuning the transmitter to the desired frequency and then trimming the loading coil for maximum shock-excited current.

The man who likes to experiment with antennas can place the thermocouple directly across the center of a receiving dipole cut to the frequency and placed several wavelengths away from the transmitting antenna. A twisted pair or shielded leads can be run from the thermocouple back to the meter at the operating position. Varying the spacing or length of elements in the transmitting antenna, will result in a change in current of the receiving dipole.

If it is desired to measure the antenna current produced by any except the smallest transmitters, the .75-ampere maximum reading of the thermocouple-and-meter combination will not

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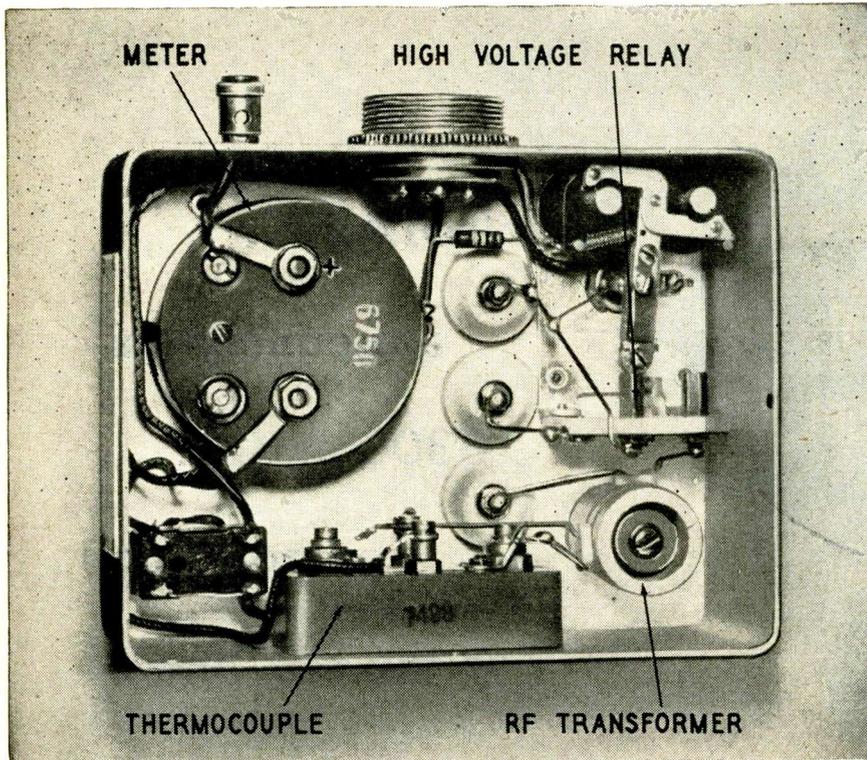
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Underside of the antenna relay unit, with cover removed to show components. The resistor between ground and the REC terminal is not used in all models.

be adequate. However, if the built-in r.f. transformer is used ahead of the thermocouple, the current-measuring capacity is roughly increased by a multiplier of 10 to a maximum capacity of 7.5 amperes of r.f. current. This special transformer can be seen in the picture and is shown in the wiring diagram of Fig. 1. If it is to be used, the parts should be left mounted in the case exactly as they are, for changing the lead lengths from the transformer to the thermocouple will change the readings.

The spring carrying the moving contact points of the high-voltage relay can be shifted so that instead of pressing against the inside of the fixed contact point farthest from the end of the case it presses against the outside of the fixed contact nearest the side of the case. Then, if the switch is thrown to the LOCAL position, the r.f. current can be read when applied to the TR and ANT terminals.

Table III shows the relation between measured r.f. current applied to these terminals and the meter reading. The last two figures on this chart were esti-

mated because the r.f. meter used for calibrating went only to 5 amp.

The relay is a nice little item. It consists of a set of s.p.d.t. contacts with excellent high-voltage insulation and exceptional spacing that provide very low capacitance and good arc-stopping characteristics. In addition, there is another pair of s.p.s.t. normally-open contacts. As can be seen from the bottom-view photo, the action of the relay armature is a torque affair instead of the usual straight up-and-down pull. Two coils connected in series produce this torque. Each has a resistance of 90 ohms, making a total of 180 ohms. The relay was designed to work on 28 volts d.c. with a current of 155 ma. A 30-volt stepdown transformer, a 200-ma selenium rectifier, and a 50- μ f filter capacitor can be used to make a power supply (see Fig. 2) for operating this and other 24-28-volt relays.

This particular relay can be used for send-receive switching of single-wire antennas. The extra set of contacts can be employed to ground the receiver antenna lead-in while transmitting, just

as was done in the original setup. The relay can also be used for switching r.f. inside the transmitter or for switching connections carrying very high voltages. You need not worry about the relay wearing out. It originally operated with each closing of the key on the 274-N transmitters!

The final valuable item of the unit is the 50- μ f, 5,000-volt vacuum capacitor originally mounted beneath the tuning unit but pictured beside it in the top-view photograph. It features a high voltage rating, excellent stability, and low inductance. The first and third features make it very useful in eliminating TVI. When connected between the plate and filament or grid and filament of a transmitter final amplifier, it provides a low-impedance bypass for high-frequency harmonics that otherwise would have to return through the tank circuit and so could reach the antenna and be radiated. Phil Rand, in his booklet on TVI prevention, gives excellent

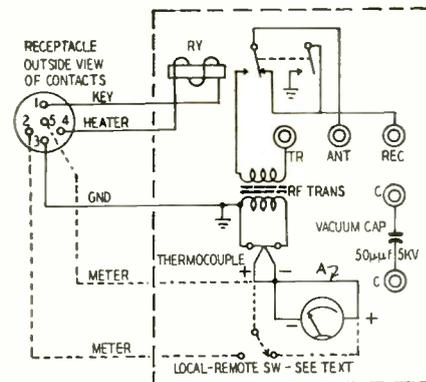


Fig. 1—Diagram of the BC-442-A unit.

suggestions on how this identical capacitor can be used to good advantage. It can also be used to pad a high-frequency final tank circuit for operating on a lower band.

The stability and low inductance of the capacitor also make it an excellent one to be used with a grid-dip meter for measuring the inductance of small coils. The coil is connected directly across the capacitor with very short, heavy leads, and then the resonant fre-



Fig. 2—Diagram of an inexpensive 28-volt d.c. supply for surplus relays.

quency is determined with the grid-dip meter. The inductance of the coil in microhenries equals

$$\frac{25,330}{C \times f^2}$$

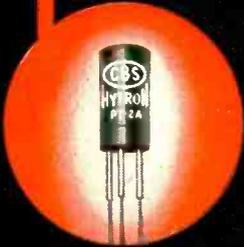
where C is the capacitance in μ f (50 in this case) and f is the resonant frequency in megacycles.

It is obviously impossible to point out all of the various uses of the BC-442-A and its components. It is hoped, though, that this discussion of the characteristics of these several items will enable you to use them more intelligently and confidently than you otherwise could have done. END

TABLE I (Meter alone)		TABLE II (Thermocouple and Meter)		TABLE III (Using r.f. transformer)	
D.C. ma.	Scale	R.F. amps.	Scale	R.F. amps	Scale
.1	.5	.1	1	1	.5
.2	1	.2	2	1.5	1.25
.3	1.75	.3	4	2	2.5
.4	2.5	.4	5.5	2.5	3
1	5.2	.6	8.25	3	4
2	7.5	.75	10	6 (Approx.)	8
3	9			7.5 (Approx.)	10
4	9.6				
5	10.2				

CBS-HYTRON TRANSISTORS

CBS-HYTRON PT-2A

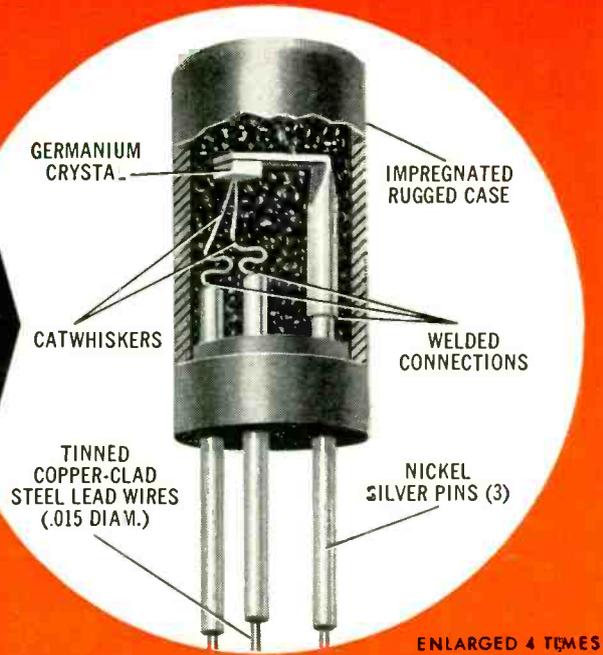


ACTUAL SIZE



CBS-HYTRON PT-2S

- Moisture-resistant
- Plug-in or solder-in
- Sturdy triangular basing
- Polarized base connections
- Auto-electronically formed
- Thoroughly stabilized
- Operate up to 55° C



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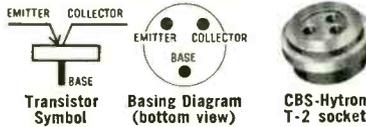
Already a major producer of germanium diodes, CBS-Hytron now offers you prompt delivery of transistors: Point-contact CBS-Hytron PT-2A (for amplifying) and PT-2S (for switching). Both have stable characteristics and are guaranteed moisture-resistant. Note flexible leads welded to base pins. You may solder flexible leads into circuit. Or snip them to use stiff base pins in CBS-Hytron type T-2 socket.

Triangular arrangement of base pins is stronger . . . avoids bent pins. Easy-to-remember basing layout simulates basing symbol (see diagram). Polarization makes socket connections foolproof. You are assured of uniformly optimum characteristics by electronic control of pulse forming. Thorough aging achieves maximum stability. You may operate these transistors up to 55° C. And you can order both CBS-Hytron PT-2A and PT-2S for immediate delivery.

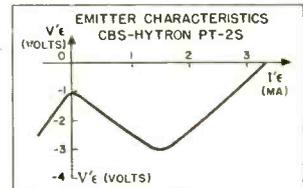
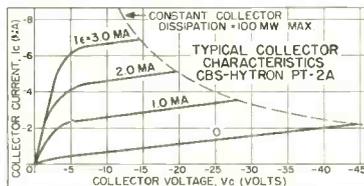
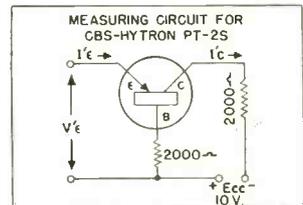
MECHANICAL FEATURES

1. Single-ended construction gives maximum mechanical stability.
2. Rugged triangular basing design resists shock and vibration.
3. Dual-purpose connections permit use of flexible leads or stiff plug-in base pins.
4. Direct soldering of germanium wafer to base support guarantees positive contact, avoids flaking.
5. Glass-filled plastic case and high-temperature impregnating wax assure moisture-resistant, trouble-free operation.

BASING AND SOCKET



Note similarity of pin layout to that of transistor symbol. CBS-Hytron type T-2 transistor socket features groove to guide pins into socket. Also anti-burn-out design to insure that base connection of transistor will always be made first.



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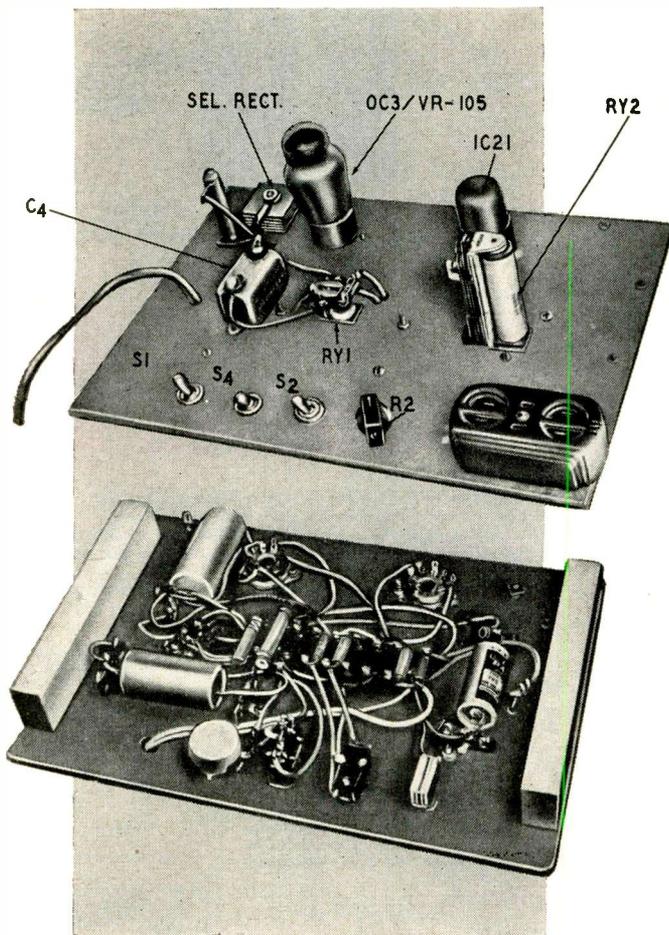
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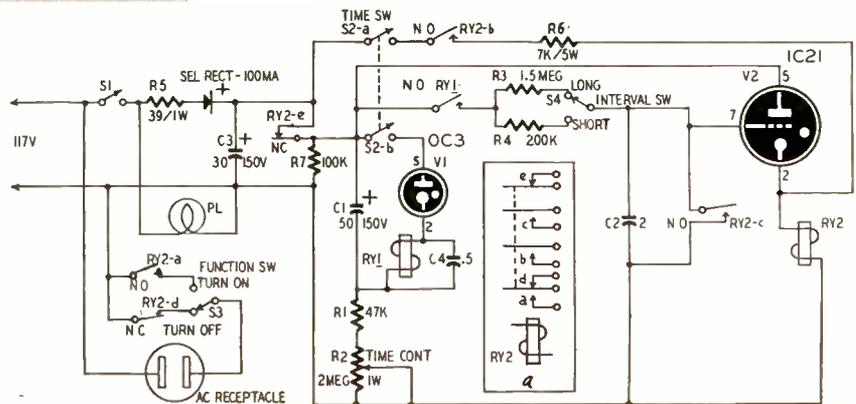
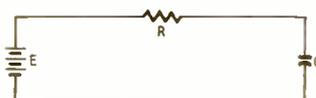
ELECTRONIC INTERVAL TIMER

Turns equipment on or off after any time period from 6 seconds to 15 hours or more

By JOHN L. HARNED



(Above) Timer layout and wiring. Fig. 1 (below)—Basic time-constant circuit. Fig. 2 (right)—Schematic of the timer. Type IC21 is a cold-cathode thyratron triode.



IT IS often convenient and sometimes necessary to have a means of turning various types of electrical equipment on or off automatically, after a predetermined time interval. This electronic interval timer does just that, and combines versatility, dependability, and ease of operation with low cost, simple construction, and minimum operating power.

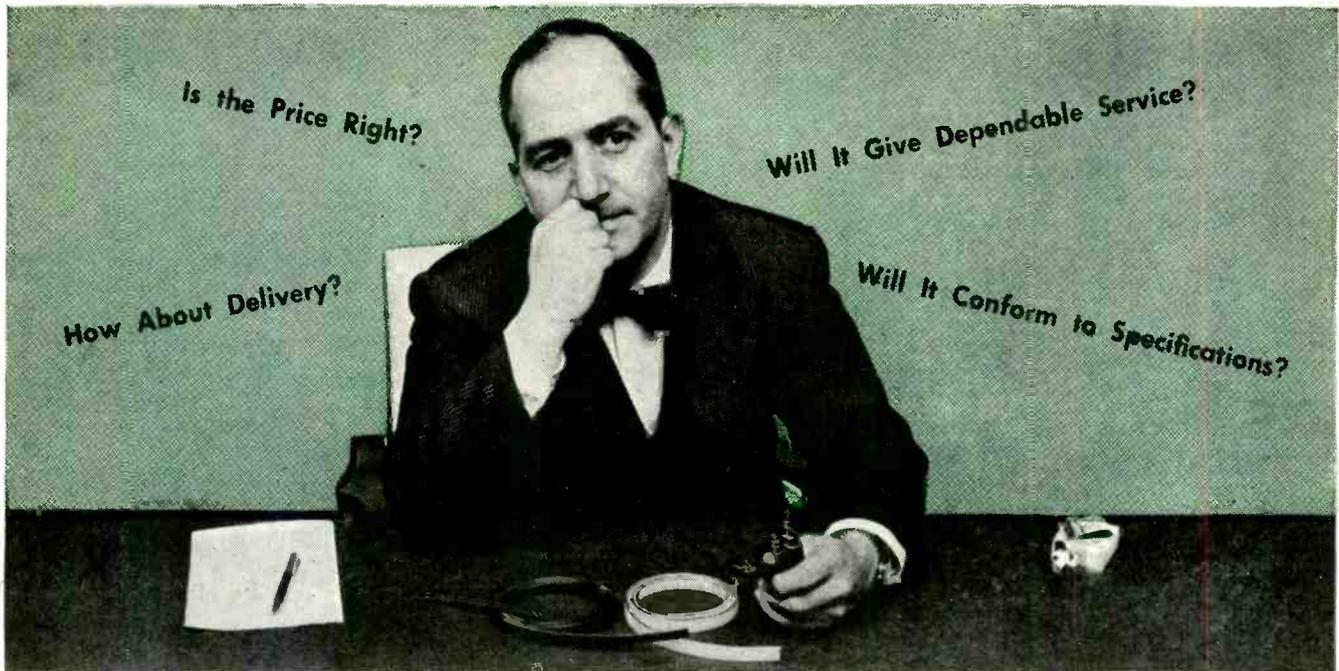
The design of the electronic interval timer is based on the characteristics of an R-C circuit when connected to a d.c. voltage supply. See Fig. 1. The time the capacitor will take to charge to the applied voltage E can be computed from the circuit constants. Such time *t* is represented by the formula

$$t = -RC \left(\log_e \frac{EC - q}{EC} \right)$$

where R is the resistance in ohms, C is the capacitance in farads, \log_e is the natural logarithm, E is the supply voltage, q is the required charge in coulombs, and t is the time required in seconds. The charge is equal to the product of the capacitance in farads and the voltage across the capacitor. Thus the time it takes for the voltage across a capacitor to build up to a predetermined value is directly proportional to the resistance in series with the capacitor. Any time desired to bring the capacitor up to a certain charge q can be obtained by changing R while maintaining C and E constant. The design of the electronic interval timer has been based on this relationship.

Circuit operation

The operation of the timer circuit (Fig. 2) is relatively simple. When the power switch S1 and the timer switch S2 are closed, C1 begins to charge through R1 and R2. When C1 has charged to the breakdown potential of V1, V1 conducts and energizes relay RY1. This closes RY1's relay contacts which in turn causes C2 to charge through R3 or R4, depending on the position of S4. When V1 conducts, C1 discharges rapidly through the low resistance of RY1 and V1 until the extinguishing potential of V1 is reached. When this happens relay RY1 is de-energized and RY1's contacts open again.



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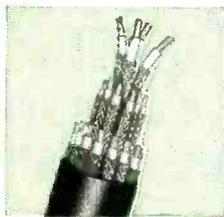
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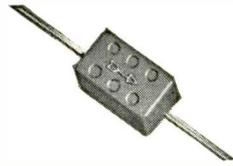
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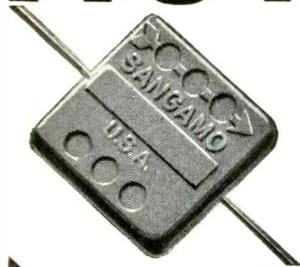
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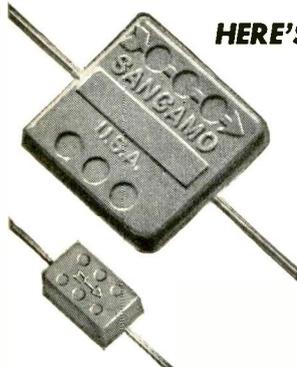
When you use Sangamo HUMIDITITE molded Mica Capacitors, you gain all the advantages of an amazing moisture seal that offers previously unheard-of moisture resistance characteristics for compression molded plastic-encased mica capacitor components.

*what is HUMIDITITE?

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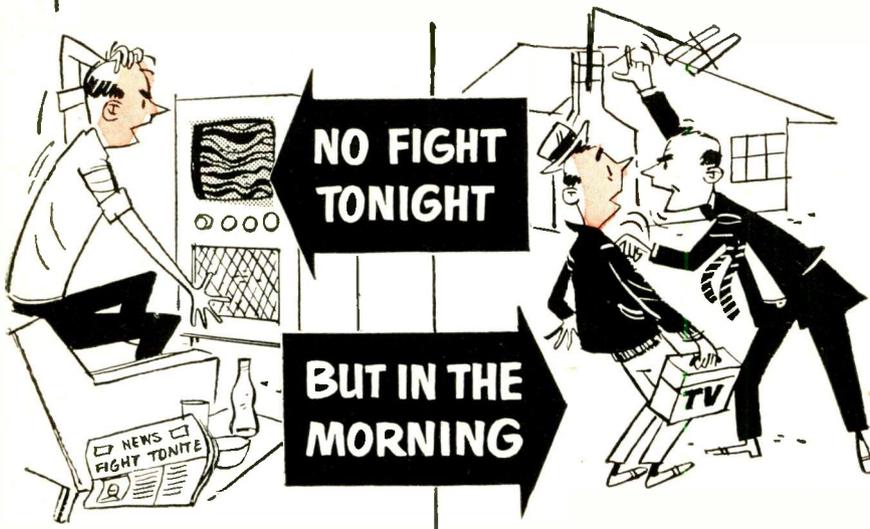
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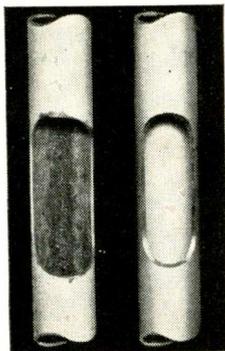
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CONSTRUCTION

This cycle repeats itself until the charge on C2 reaches the potential necessary to break down V2. When V2 conducts, the control relay RY2 is energized; this closes contacts RY2-a, RY2-b, and RY2-c, and opens contacts RY2-d and RY2-e. RY2-a can turn on an external electrical appliance; RY2-d can turn off an external electrical appliance; RY2-e turns off the timing circuit when relay RY2 is energized; contacts RY2-b are holding contacts to keep relay RY2 energized; and contacts RY2-c discharge C2 after relay RY2 has been energized.

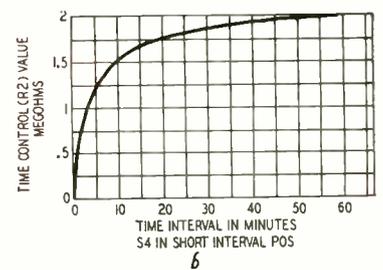
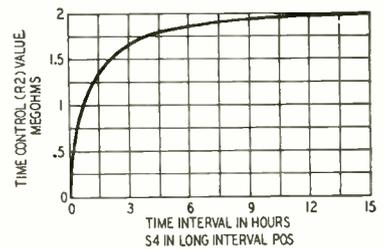


Fig. 3—Approximate long- and short-interval calibration curves for use with a linear timing-control potentiometer.

Resistors R3, R4, and the potentiometer R2 determine the time interval before relay RY2 is energized after the timer switch S2 has been closed. R2 determines the time it takes to charge C1 to the breakdown voltage of V1 and resistors R3 and R4 determine the number of times relay RY1 must energize before C2 charges to the breakdown potential of V2. (R3 is for long intervals and R4 is for short intervals.)

Since C1 is an electrolytic capacitor, there is some leakage through it, which causes the time required to charge C1 to a predetermined voltage to vary nonuniformly with uniform changes in the resistance of R2. This leakage is generally constant as long as the capacitor does not deteriorate, and thus does not affect the operation of the circuit. R1 is the critical resistance needed to make the circuit operate.

R5 and R6 are current-limiting resistors and R7 is a bleeder. C3 is the filter capacitor. C4 smooths out the current pulses passing through RY1. The pilot lamp PL was added to the circuit to provide a constant light source for V1. Gas-filled V-R tubes can be partially ionized by light, and this lamp helps maintain the breakdown potential of V1 at a constant value.

Using the timer

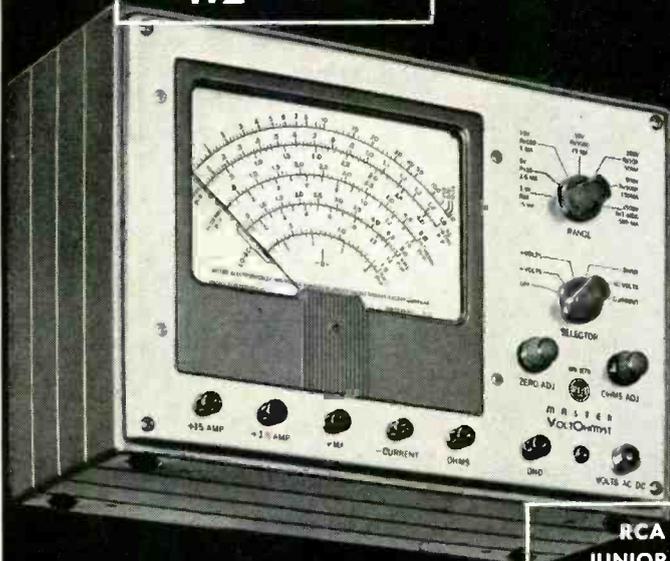
To operate the electronic interval timer, plug the timer line cord into any convenient a.c. outlet. Plug the electrical appliance to be controlled into the a.c. receptacle on the timer. Throw control switch S3 to the position desired

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(TURN ON or TURN OFF). Then set the timing control R2 for minimum time, turn on the switch S1 and allow a warmup period of 30 seconds. After this, set the time control R2 and the interval switch S4 for the time interval desired. The timer can then be thrown into operation at any time by simply throwing S2 to its ON position.

The time intervals for which the timer can be set cover a large range. The shortest interval is 6 seconds and the longest is 15.5 hours. However, the longest time interval can be increased easily to cover a period of several days by replacing R3 with a larger resistor (20 to 40 megohms).

Materials for Timer:

Resistors: 1—7,200 ohms, 5 watts; 1—39 ohms, 1 watt; 1—1.5 megohms, 1—200,000 ohms, 1—100,000 ohms, 1—47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt; 1—2-megohm, 1-watt potentiometer, linear or logarithmic taper (see text).
Capacitors: (Electrolytic) 1—50 μ f, 1—30 μ f, 150 volts. (Paper) 1—2 μ f, 1—0.5 μ f, 600 volts, oil-filled.
Miscellaneous: 1—OC3/VR-105, 1—1C21; 1—100-ma selenium rectifier; 1—s.p.s.t. relay (normally-open contacts), coil resistance 1,280 ohms, Leach type P-3 or equivalent; 1—5-pole, s.t. relay (three contacts normally open; 2 contacts normally closed), coil resistance 350 ohms; 2 octal sockets; 1—117-volt pilot lamp and socket (see text); 1 s.p.s.t. toggle switch; 2 s.p.d.t. toggle switches; 1 d.p.s.t. toggle switch; 1 dual power-outlet receptacle; line cord and plug; terminals, hardware, wire, solder.

Applications

The electronic interval timer can be put to many uses. Around the home it can turn the radio or TV set off at night, or turn it on in the morning; turn a washing machine off after a certain time interval; or turn various lights on or off.

Usefulness can be greatly increased by using two timers at once. This makes it possible to turn an electrical appliance on after a predetermined time interval and off after another interval.

Construction details

Surplus parts were used throughout the electronic interval timer so that the total cost was less than \$10. A transformerless circuit was used, to reduce cost, weight, and size. Relays RY1 and RY2 were purchased from surplus stores for 25 cents each. Relay RY1 requires 12 ma to energize it and relay RY2 requires 23 ma. This relay may have four double-throw switch sections or it may have one set of s.p.d.t. contacts, two s.p.s.t. normally open contacts, and one s.p.s.t. normally closed contact. A schematic of RY2 is shown in Fig. 2-a. The lamp PL, used to illuminate V1, is not critical. Any small 117-volt lamp will do.

In installing relay RY2 it is very important to make sure that contact RY2-b close *before* contact RY2-c, otherwise sparking will occur when the relay is energized. The original time-control potentiometer R4 was a good-quality volume control with a linear taper. Since the time interval does not vary uniformly with the time-control setting, you can get better adjustment and a more linear calibration scale by using a control with a *logarithmic* taper. The graphs in Fig. 3 provide approximate calibration curves as a starting point. END

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LIFE TEST MAGNETIC TUBES United States Testing Company Hoboken, N. J.			Test No. E-5526 Date 10-11-52 Engineer A.S.M.
Mfr.	Tubes Tested	Tubes Failed	Point Quality
A	8	3	76
B	8	4	79
C	8	6	62
D	8	4	74
E	8	4	67
F	8	5	42
G	8	4	52
H	8	5	30
SYLVANIA	8	0	93

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concluded that the averaged overall qualities measured on the Sylvania Tubes were superior to the averages of the other brands tested."*

*United States Testing Company, Inc., Test No. E-5526.

We'll be glad to send you full details of this report. Send your request to Sylvania Electric Products Inc., Department 3R-1704, 1740 Broadway, New York 19, N. Y.

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THE
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Industrial
Television Inc.

TECHNI-TOPICS

By LEN MAZEL

IT-90AB FEATURES AND UHF

UHF Note: Whenever a converter is used, ITI AutoBoosters can be utilized to boost the UHF picture.

Among the special features of the broad band, high gain IT-90AB Cascode Auto-Booster is the provision for input from either (1) One lead-in, from a single broad band antenna, or (2) Two leads, from a high and a low band antenna.

Arrangement (2) above can eliminate the necessity for a knife switch, providing the VHF channels to be boosted are all on one band. If they are low band, a UHF converter whose output channel is in the high band should be used. If the VHF stations requiring boost are all high-band, a low-band output converter should be used, if it is desired to avoid switches. In either of these cases, switches are avoided by running the VHF antenna lead to one IT-90AB input, and the UHF converter output lead to the second IT-90AB input.

Furthermore, the IT-90AB features individual gain controls for the high and low band. Regardless whether input arrangements (1) or (2) above are used, these controls permit adjustment of the gain of each band.

In addition to this, the IT-90AB Cascode AutoBooster can be pre-set to favor or reject any one channel. Rotating the coil form slugs will accomplish this. This adjustment can usually be made without even removing the chassis from the cabinet, by simply inserting a tuning wand through access holes found in the bottom of the IT-90AB cabinet.

Other features of the IT-90AB include automatic on-off, automatic tuning, full band width on all channels, and a constant impedance by-pass switch.

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1U469	6AL550	6BJ661	6SC776	12AU765	35B561
1U561	6AQ554	6BL798	6SF558	12AV788	35C561
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5U4G54	6AV646	6CD6G 1.29	6T879	12SK7GT .63	117Z3 . . .54
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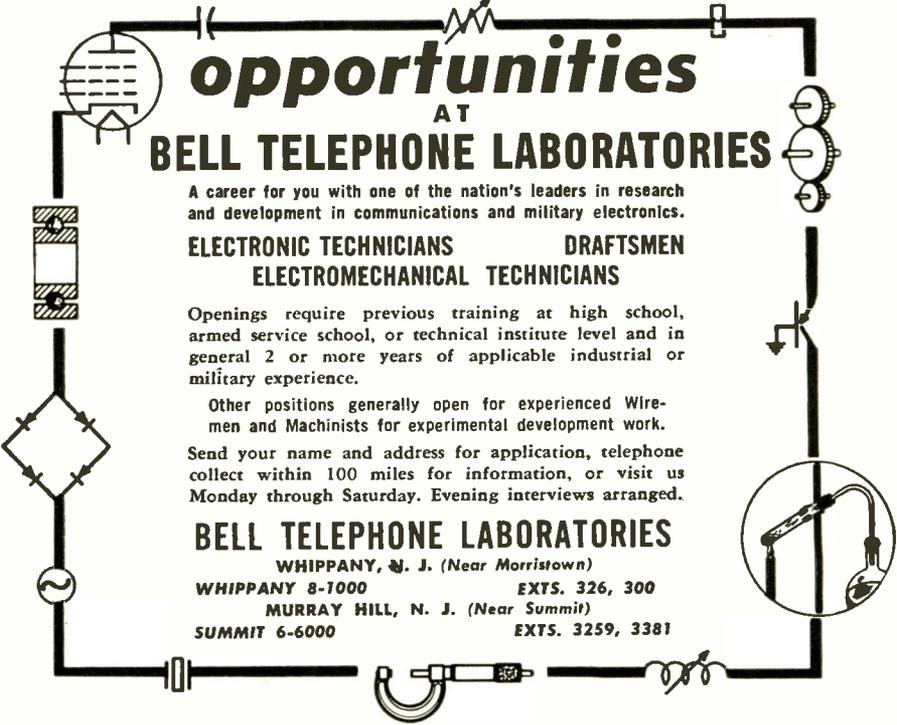
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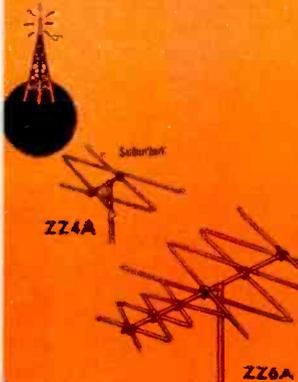
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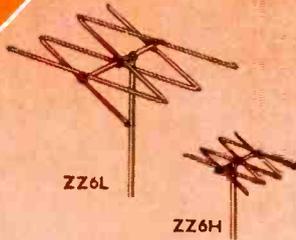
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TV ANTENNAS



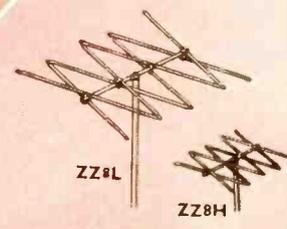
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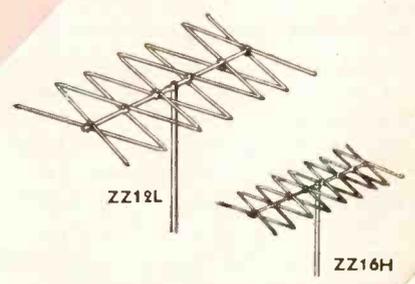
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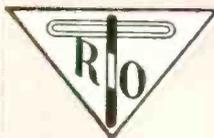
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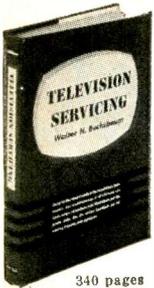
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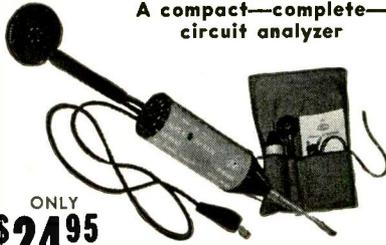
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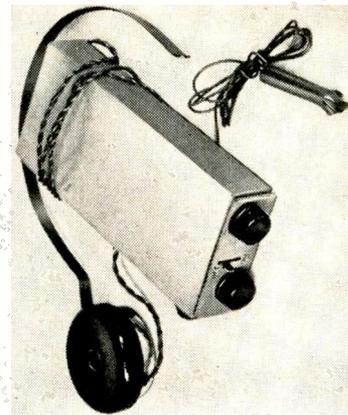
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Appearance of the vest-pocket receiver.

TWO-TUBE POCKET SET USES FAMOUS CIRCUIT

By **NICHOLAS A. TAX**

It was my ambition to build for myself a true vest-pocket radio set—one that would tune in all the local stations with good selectivity. Much time and many experiments resulted in the one described below.

The circuit I use is the old "three-circuit tuner," which dates back to the beginning of radio itself. Years ago it was considered highly sensitive and capable of reaching great distances, but was a bulky thing. The "variocoupler" itself was about 3 inches in diameter and 4 inches long, and the set required a good antenna and ground.

The tuned circuit

What I did here was to re-create the variocoupler in miniature and in a different form. The antenna and grid coils are wound on a rectangular plastic form 2 1/4 x 4 7/16 x 3/4 inches. This form is actually part of the tiny chassis. The antenna winding, L2, consists of 7 feet of No. 26 enameled wire. The grid winding, L3, has 25 feet 6 inches of the same wire. The two coils are spaced about 3/16-inch apart. This spacing allows a shaft to run through to L1, the tickler coil. I worked with this coil for about two months, trying to figure a way to control regeneration without enlarging the size of the set. Finally I hit on the idea of winding the tickler coil on a tiny triangular form fitted in one corner of the grid coil. When its windings are brought parallel to the grid coil, regeneration is at its highest point. This worked beautifully. The tickler coil is 18 feet of Belden 5-44 Litz wire, wound on a triangular form 5/8 x 1 1/4 x 1 1/4 inches. This form is made from cardboard dipped in liquid plastic. The shaft was made from an

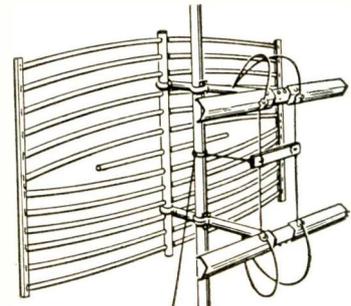


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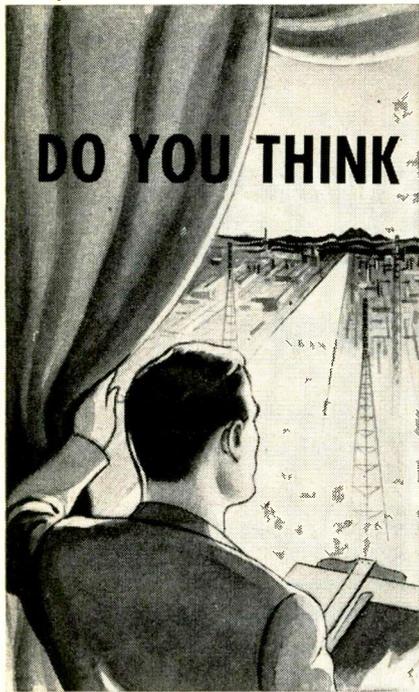


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8-penny nail. One end was ground down to about $\frac{1}{16}$ inch diameter and forced through the bottom of the form. A small piece of brass shim stock was soldered to the nail and clipped into the cardboard to strengthen it. Just above the shaft the fine wire was wound in three layers, one on top of the other, approximately 6 feet to the layer, with hot paraffin wax between each layer. This was done to prevent the following layer from displacing the other.

The tuning capacitor will be of special interest. I made a frame from 1-inch angle iron (dressed down considerably) and bent down a third side. To this I fitted a 100-580- μmf trimmer capacitor, removed the set-screw, placed a small block of brass on the blade, and made a shaft with an eccentric that moves the brass block, thus opening and closing the blade of the trimmer capacitor. There is less than a 180° turn with the knob which covers from 740 to 1600 kc. I tried various amounts of wire in the grid coil trying to get it to tune down to 550 kc, but gave up. Evidently a bigger trimmer capacitor is needed to do this. I did try a 45-380- μmf trimmer capacitor but had no luck.

The end of the tuning capacitor shaft is ground flat to prevent the knob from slipping.

Hand-made components

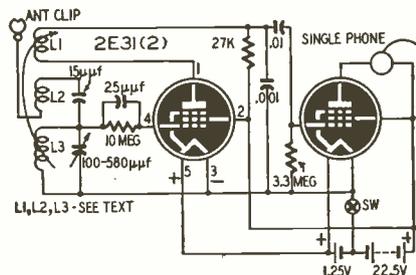
The switch was made from brass shim stock, as were the battery clips. The shim stock I was using was brittle and it was necessary to anneal it with a blowtorch so that it could be bent without breaking. All brass and metal parts were tinned with solder to give them a nice appearance and to prevent corrosion.

The plastic chassis was made from a refrigerator dish. Pieces were cut from it and cemented together with liquid plastic. It looks almost as if it had been molded in one piece.

Thin-head rivets were not available, so I used galvanized screen-wire tacks with the heads ground down almost paper thin.

To prevent the heat of the soldering iron from melting the plastic chassis under small brass parts, wires were soldered to them before they were riveted in place. This may not have been necessary, as I soldered one connection (A plus on battery clip) and immediately applied a damp cloth to it, with no harm to the chassis.

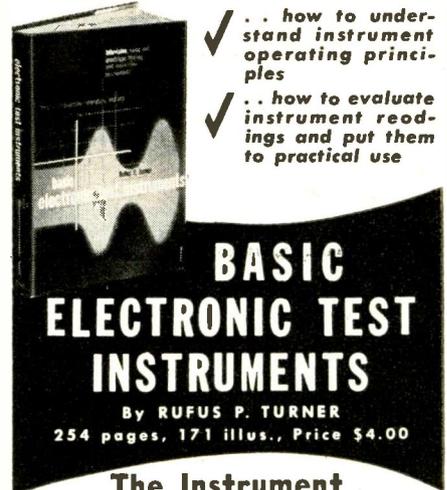
The set uses two 2E31 subminiature tubes, a hearing aid A cell, a 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ -volt B battery, small ceramic capacitors, and $\frac{1}{8}$ -watt resistors.



The vest-pocket receiver uses the ancient but excellent 3-circuit tuner.

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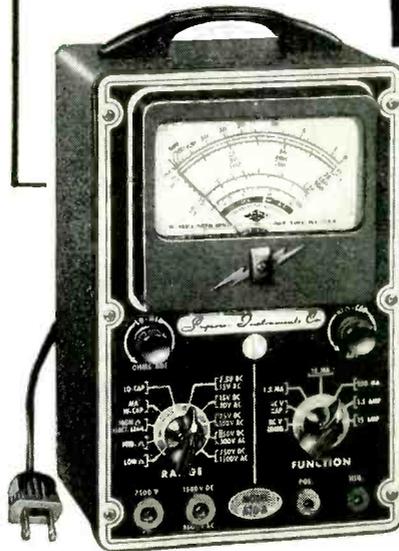
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- OUTPUT VOLTS: 0 to 15/30/150/300/1,500/3,000 Volts
- D.C. CURRENT: 0 to 1.5/15/150 Ma. 0 to 1.5/15 Amperes
- RESISTANCE: 0 to 1,000/100,000 Ohms 0 to 10 Megohms
- CAPACITY .001 to 1 Mfd. 1 to 50 Mfd. (Quality test for electrolytics)
- REACTANCE: 50 to 2,500 Ohms 2,500 Ohms to 2.5 Megohms
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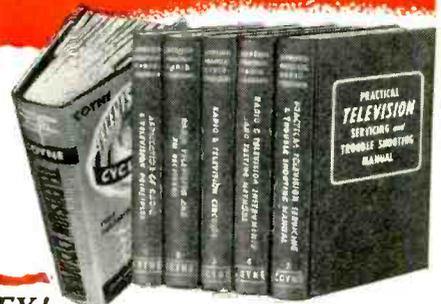
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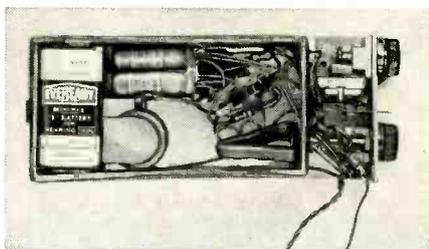
The audio is delivered by *one* head-phone from a standard, inexpensive 2,000-ohm pair of phones. A small metal head-band was cut from galvanized metal and fitted to the phone.

The two tubes were mounted in rubber, cemented to the chassis to prevent damage from shock and also to secure them nicely.

Very small terminal strips were used as tie-points. These were riveted in place on the chassis.

The case that houses the little set was made from cardboard and then given three coats of liquid plastic and two coats of enamel. The plastic gives it a smooth finish and stiffens it, rendering it unbreakable.

As you will note on the circuit, I have a 15- μ f ceramic capacitor at the start of the antenna winding. This was installed after much experimenting and completely eliminates the use of a ground wire which is almost always necessary with the old variocoupler. Also note that the antenna lead is con-



Triangle at lower right is the tickler; the other coils are wound on the case.

nected to the end of the winding nearest the grid coil. This gave the best results, and greater distance was obtained.

This little set requires fine adjustment with both knobs to bring in distant stations, and with such adjustment, they can be brought in clear and loud. I find the best way to tune is to place the set in your shirt pocket so that your hands are free to adjust both knobs at the same time. I have brought in stations 1,300 miles away at night when conditions are good.

The finger-stop on a dial telephone seems to serve very well for the antenna, for local stations, also metal parts of table or floor lamps.

Materials for vest-pocket receiver

Resistors: 1—10 megohms, 1—3.3 megohms; 1—27,000 ohms, 1/3 watt.

Capacitors: 1—15, 1—25, 1—100- μ f, ceramic or mica; 1—.01 μ f, paper; 1—100-580- μ f trimmer (see text).

Tubes: 2—2E31

Miscellaneous: 1 s.p.s.t. miniature switch, 1 single phone, A and B batteries, case, wiring, coils, hardware, etc. Many of these items are described in the text.

To give this set a fair test it should be tried in a wood-frame building. I have had very little luck in steel structures. It may work differently in other localities.

The cost of the set was about \$8.50, including batteries, tubes, and head-phone. This does not include all the small parts made by hand. These would probably run the cost up pretty high, as I spent six months of my spare time building it. (I enjoyed every minute of it.)

END

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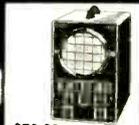
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- OUTPUT VOLTS: 0 to 15/30/150/300/1,500/3,000 Volts
- D.C. CURRENT: 0 to 1.5/15/150 Ma. 0 to 1.5/15 Amperes
- RESISTANCE: 0 to 1,000/100,000 Ohms 0 to 10 Megohms
- CAPACITY: .001 to 1 Mfd. 1 to 50 Mfd. (Quality test for electrolytics)
- REACTANCE: 50 to 2,500 Ohms 2,500 Ohms to 2.5 Megohms
- INDUCTANCE: .15 to 7 Henries 7 to 7,000 Henries
- DECIBELS: -6 to +18 +14 to +38 +34 to +58



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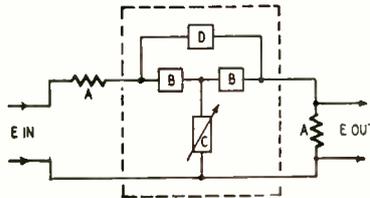


Fig. 1—Basic bridged-T filter network.

The new circuit is described by Myron G. Pawley in the *Journal of Research of the National Bureau of Standards*, Sept., 1950, page 193. Mr. Pawley has also obtained a patent* which covers several practical forms of his idea.

Fig. 1 is the basic bridged-T. Input and output load impedances are designated A. (These may be equivalent impedances reflected by transformer windings.) The network is shown within dotted lines, C being the variable shunt element. When correctly designed, this network provides constant attenuation, but the phase of the output signal will be shifted as C varies.

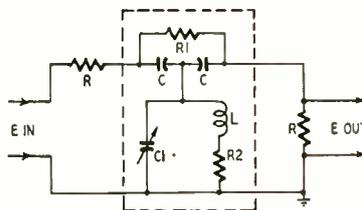


Fig. 2—Pawley bridged-T phase shifter.

One form of the invention appears in Fig. 2. The shunt element is shown here as a combination of resistance, capacitance, and inductance. The capacitor is the variable element. The following relationships must be maintained.

$$R_1 = 2R + 8R_2;$$

$$X_L = \frac{X_C}{2};$$

X_C must be much greater than R_1 ; X_{C1} must be much greater than X_L , which gives C_1 a value of about 100 μf at 4.17 kc, and about 2 μf at 29.1 mc.

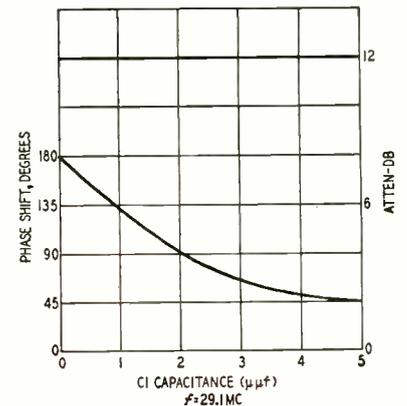
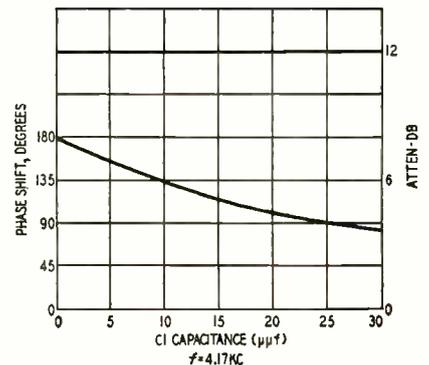


Fig. 3—Phase-shift versus capacitance curves for Pawley bridged-T networks at frequencies of 4.17 kc and 29.1 mc.

Typical circuit constants are listed in Table I for a frequency of 4.17 kc. Table II shows values for 29.1 mc. The corresponding graphs appear above in Fig. 3. In each case the attenuation remains constant at 12 db.

Another circuit for operation at 4.17 kc is shown in Fig. 4. Here a variable

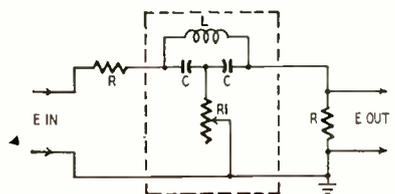


Fig. 4—Resistance controlled shifter.

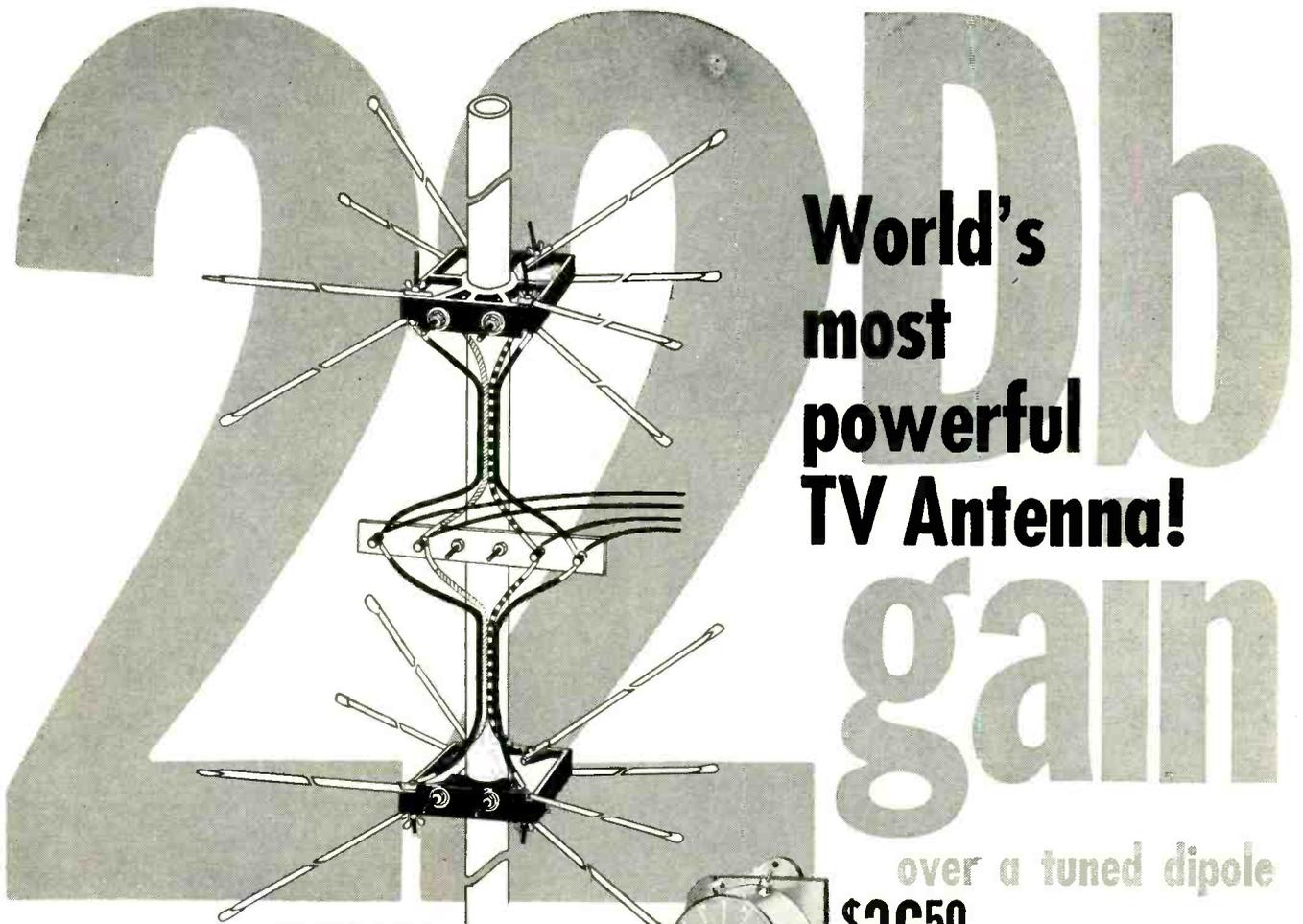
resistor R_1 controls the phase shift. For this circuit, the Q of L must be much greater than unity, and X_C must be much greater than

$$\frac{R}{2}$$

In addition we must choose $X_L = 4X_C$. These requirements are met by the circuit values listed in Table III. END

Table I		Table II		Table III	
R	1,000 ohms	R	50 ohms	R ₁	1,000 ohms
R ₁	5,120 ohms	R ₁	114 ohms	C	.004 μf
R ₂	390 ohms	R ₂	1.75 ohms	L	1.4 h
C	520 μμf	C	10.5 μμf	Q of L	94
L	1.4 h	L	1.44 μh		

*Pat. No. 2,606,966 assigned to the United States Government.



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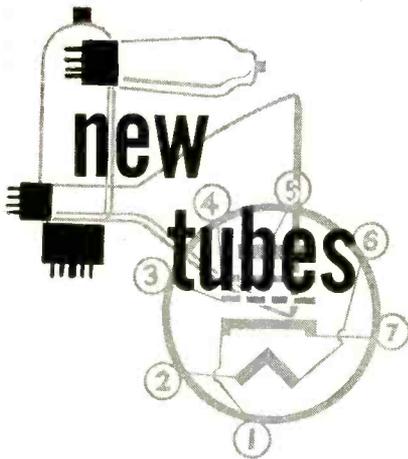
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THE trend in large-screen picture tubes seems to be toward reviving the spherical faceplate—apparently to increase the effective picture area. Rauland has announced two new 21-inch rectangular all-glass tubes of this type, with an effective screen area of 252 square inches, compared with 245 square inches for 21-inch rectangulars with cylindrical faceplates.

Type 21YP4 has low-voltage electrostatic focus and magnetic deflection; type 21ZP4 has both magnetic focus and deflection. Both tubes have gray filter faceplates, external conductive coatings, and the Rauland indicator-type ion trap, which glows when the ion-trap magnet is not positioned correctly.

New cathode-ray tubes

A British-made 1-inch all-glass cathode-ray tube is now available on the American market.



The *Cossor* 1CP1 has a standard Loktal base, electrostatic deflection, and fixed electrostatic focus, all of which simplify its application to compact test and monitoring equipment. The 1CP1 operates

at anode voltages of 500 to 800 (maximum), with spot diameter ranging from 0.3 mm (.012 inch) at the lower voltage, to 0.2 mm (.008 inch) at 800 volts.

At maximum anode voltage the deflection sensitivity of the plates nearest the anode is approximately 72 volts per inch; the plates farthest from the anode have a sensitivity of 88 volts per inch. The heater-cathode insulation will withstand a voltage difference of 250 volts maximum.

Bias for the 1CP1 can be obtained from a 10,000-ohm cathode resistor. The maximum circuit resistance between control grid and cathode is 1 megohm; maximum resistance between any deflecting plate and anode is 5 megohms.

The electrical characteristics and the application of the 1CP1 are similar to those of the 1-inch metal-shell RCA cathode-ray tube, type 913.

APRIL, 1953

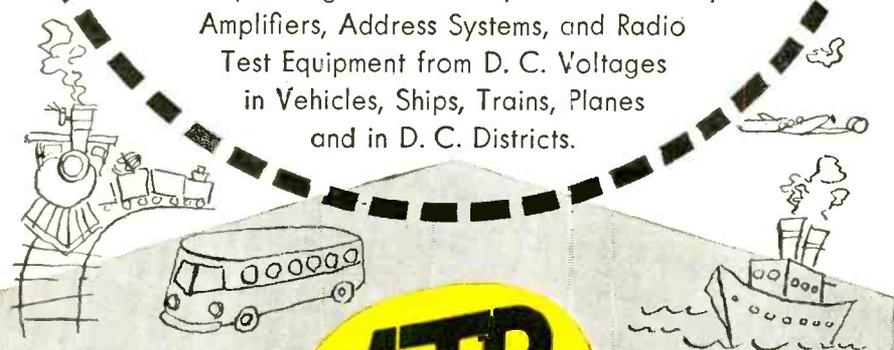
A yellow background featuring a stylized city skyline with various buildings and a car. In the center, the letters 'ATR' are written in a large, bold, white font inside a black oval.

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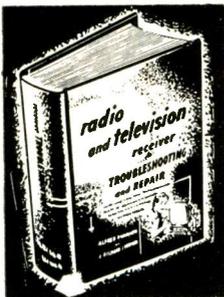
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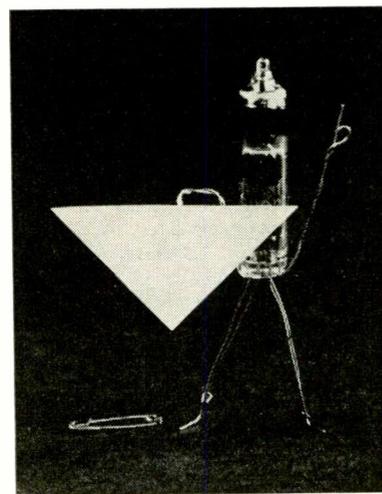
Du Mont has announced two new electrostatic focus and deflection cathode-ray tubes for oscilloscope use. They have exceptionally high deflection sensitivity, obtained by using extra-long deflection plates and limiting the useful display area to less than the full screen diameter. The right-angle relation between horizontal and vertical traces is accurate to 1°.

Type 3WP- is a 3-inch tube with an accelerator (ultor) rating of 2,500 volts maximum. Representative operating conditions for the 3WP- are: Accelerator voltage—1,500; focusing voltage—247 to 465; grid 1 voltage for visual extinction of undeflected spot—minus 45 to minus 75; grid-circuit resistance—1.5 megohms max.; grid 1 modulating voltage—50 volts max.; line width—.026 inch max.; light output (P1 phosphor) 7 foot lamberts minimum; deflection factors: D1-D2—62-76 volts per inch; D3-D4—43-52 volts per inch; useful scan: D1-D2—2.5 inches; D3-D4—2.25 inches.

Du Mont type 5ADP- is a 5-inch tube with similar high deflection-sensitivity characteristics, and the addition of a post-accelerator anode with a 6,000-volt maximum rating. With 3,000 volts on the post-accelerator, and 1,500 volts on the accelerator anode, the 5ADP- has a deflection sensitivity of 40-50 volts per inch for D1 and D2, and 31.5-38.5 volts per inch for D3 and D4.

Two other new Du Mont cathode-ray tubes are designed for observing high-frequency phenomena. These are the 5XP-A and 5XP-AM. Both types have electrostatic focus and deflection, and are equipped with post-accelerator anodes that may be operated as high as 25,500 volts. The 5XP-AM has a metal-backed screen which provides twice the light output of the 5XP-A. Vertical-deflection sensitivity is down only 10% at 200 mc. END

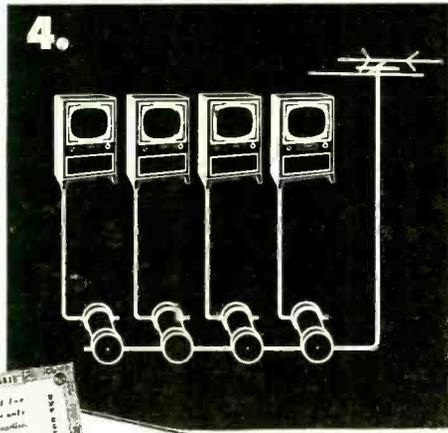
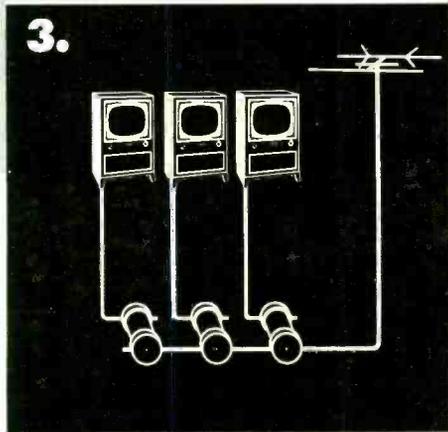
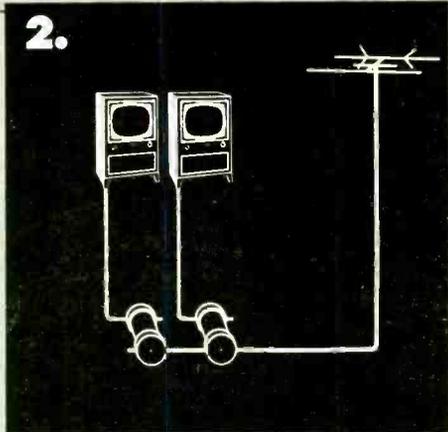
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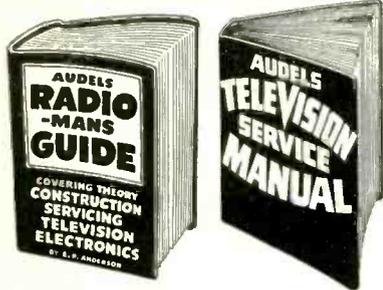
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5Y3C	.34	6BL7	.81	6X4	.34	25Z6GT	.42
5Y3GT	.30	6BQ6	.89	6X5GT	.33	35A5	.48
6AB4	.46	6BQ7	1.10	6Y6G	.59	35B5	.47
6AF4	1.40	6BZ7	1.10	7A7	.52	35C5	.47
6AQ5	.54	6C4	.34	12AT6	.38	35L6GT	.47
6AK5	.95	6CB6	.53	12AT7	.68	35W4	.31
6AK6	.63	6CD6	1.85	12AU6	.43	35Z5GT	.30
6AL5	.40	6F6GT	.45	12AU7	.55	50B5	.47
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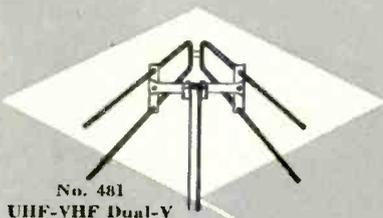
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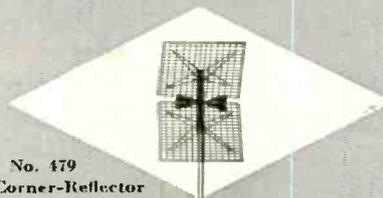
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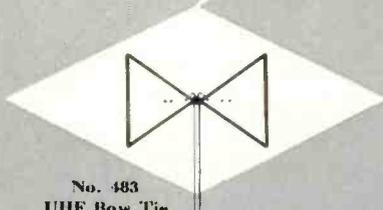
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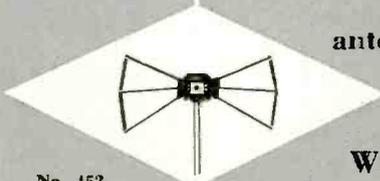
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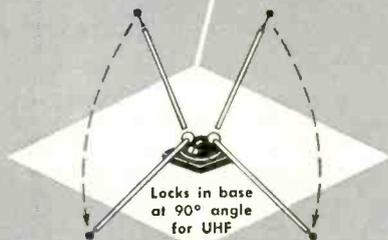
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Automatic on and off switch for booster, rotor, lamp or other equipment used with TV set. Eliminates unsightly tangle of wires. Housed in sturdy compact metal case.
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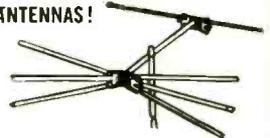


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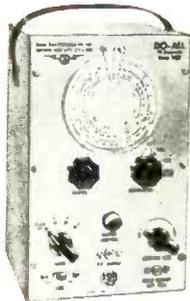
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Series 8010



MODEL 740A



MODEL 533M



MODEL 730



MODEL 808

A LONG TIME COMING — Worth waiting for! This complete TV.-FM-AM Service outfit can go with you to the receiver — or use the units individually in your shop or home. Check, test and align the set quickly, from antenna to picture tube or speaker. All the instruments for necessary measurements right at your fingertips. The Series 8010 Servishop includes:

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4. MODEL 808 . . . TV-RADIO-CR TUBE TESTER, REACTIVATOR AND VTVM
5. MODEL HVMP-1 . . . A High Voltage Multiplier Probe
6. HAND RUBBED — FINELY FINISHED NATURAL OAK CASE

If bought separately these units would cost over \$30.00 more

In ONE practical portable case of finely finished hand rubbed natural oak, with a compartment for tools, tubes, leads, etc.; SIZE: 15-3/4" x 13-5/16" x 11". WT. 35 lbs. (approx.) SERIES 8010 — Complete, ready to operate.

\$310.00
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Write for the new, colorful fully illustrated 1953 RCP catalog giving detailed specifications on the Series 8010 and other top-quality instruments in the RCP line. Address all requests to Dept. RE-4.

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It is not necessary to spend a large sum of money to modernize your old radio or to become a "High Fidelity" enthusiast. ESPEY chassis provide the Highest Quality at moderate prices.

Fully licensed under RCA and Hazeltine patents. The photo shows the Espey Model 511-C, supplied ready to play. Equipped with tubes, antenna, speaker, and all necessary hardware for mounting.

NEW FEATURES—Improved Frequency modulation circuit, drift compensated • 12 tubes plus rectifier, and pre-amplifier 12AT7 tube • 4 dual purpose tubes • High quality AM-FM reception • Push-pull beam power audio output 10 watts • Switch for easy changing to crystal or variable reluctance pick-ups • Multi-tap audio output transformer supplying 3.2—8—500 ohms.

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THE EDITOR
 RADIO-ELECTRONICS
 25 West Broadway, New York 7, N. Y.

U.H.F. ANTENNA

Ward Products Corp., Division of the Gabriel Co., 1148 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio, has designed its model TV-180 u.h.f. antenna, the Jazz Trombone, to convert existing v.h.f. antenna



installations to cover u.h.f. The model TV-180 covers all u.h.f. channels and features a uniform gain of 8 db across the band, low voltage standing-wave ratio and 300-ohm impedance. The all-aluminum unit is about 2 x 2 feet and weighs less than 2 pounds.

V.T.V.O.M. KIT

Allied Radio Corp., 833 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill., has announced the Knight vacuum-tube volt-ohm-milliammeter kit. The v.t.v.o.m. has 29 ranges, thus serving as a standard v.t.v.m. and replacing the v.o.m.

The ranges include a.c. peak-to-peak and r.m.s. volts, 6 ranges; d.c. volts, 6 ranges; ohms, 6 ranges and capacitance, 5 ranges. It reads up to 1,000 volts d.c. and 2,800 volts a.c.; to 1,000 meg and 5,000 μ f. Special



probes are available for extending the d.c. range to 30,000 volts and the a.c. range to read r.f. to 200 mc.

The unit has a 4 1/2-inch meter, 1% matched resistors, and a zero-center indication for FM discriminator alignment. Step-by-step instructions include schematic and pictorial diagrams for easy assembly and wiring.

HI-FI AMPLIFIER

Precision Electronics, 9101 King Ave., Franklin Park, Ill., has announced a new high-fidelity amplifier, the LJ2. Power output is 8 watts with a peak of 18 watts. Distortion at 8 watts is 1 1/2% harmonic and 4% intermodulation. Fre-

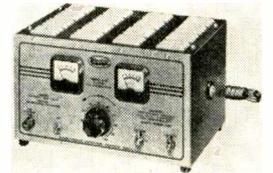


quency response is \pm 1 db 20 to 20,000 c.p.s. at 3-watt level. The model features selector switches from radio channel to magnetic pickup or mike, volume control, treble control with 18 db attenuation at 10,000 c.p.s., and bass control with off-on switch with 15 db boost at 50 c.p.s.

D.C. POWER SUPPLY

Electro Products Laboratories, Inc., 4501 N. Ravenswood Ave., Chicago 40, Ill., has released its model C-12 d.c. power supply, which provides adjustable d.c. voltage (0-16) from an a.c. source for all current loads from 1 to 8 amperes continuous output. It operates with intermittent loads up to 12 amperes.

It is designed to operate and test 6- and 12-volt auto radios and other electrical and electronic equipment in trucks, tanks, and other mobile units. It can also test d.c. equipment operated from a.c. lines.



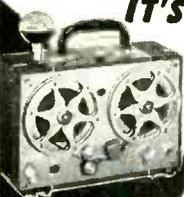
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 Inexpensive flashlight-type cells that last 100 hours.
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 Crystal-clear recordings up to 100 feet from microphone.

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Model 610-B
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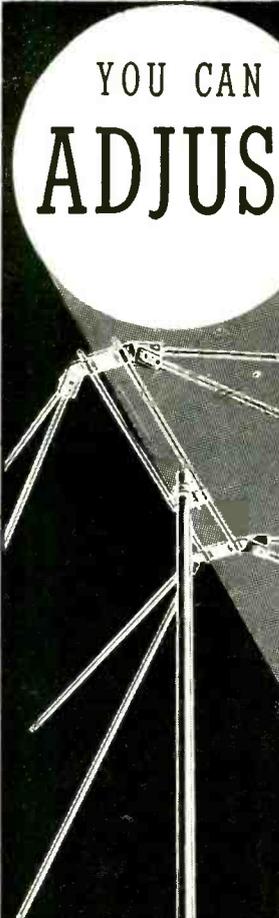
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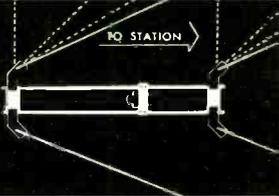
1203 Bryant Ave. (Dept. RE-4), New York 59, N. Y.
AMERICAN ELECTRONICS CO.

YOU CAN **ADJUST** THIS NEW 'V' ANTENNA FOR **UHF**
 VHF UHF-VHF

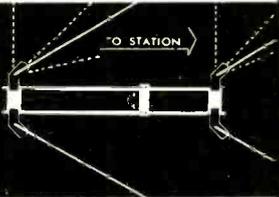


8 adjustable elements to answer your local problem!

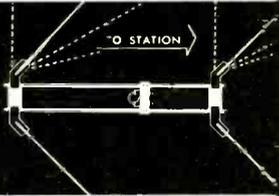
UHF elements at 45°
 Increases front-to-back ratio — eliminates side lobes.



UHF-VHF elements at 60°
 Gets them all (2-83) with high gain — eliminates dual antenna installations.



VHF elements at 90°
 Broad receptive pattern with high gain for vhf band.



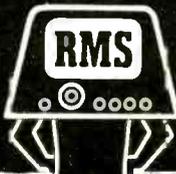
And More . . .

- Avoid rear pick-up in mountain areas.
- Get vhf stations widely separated but in same general direction.
- In Any Position — It's Always a High Gain End Fire-Array!

Plus this Feature!

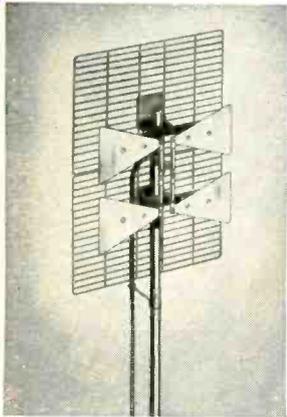
All antennas need protection at the signal take-off. RMS . . . first to recognize this . . . is first to answer it! With each antenna you get a tube of RMS Tenna-Tek; remarkable new corrosion-proofing substance!

See Your RMS Jobber Today!



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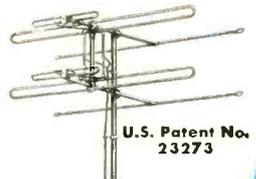
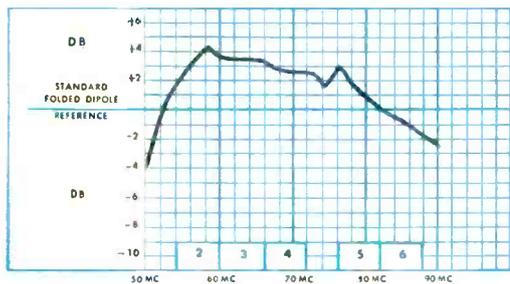


Illustrated are two 114-653 BO-TVs with 114-560 Reflectors stacked for greater gain with 114-558 Stacking Rods.

AMPHENOL

television
antennas

UHF / VHF



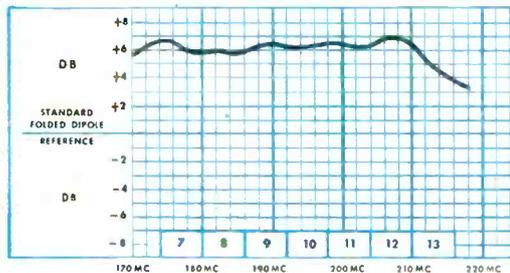
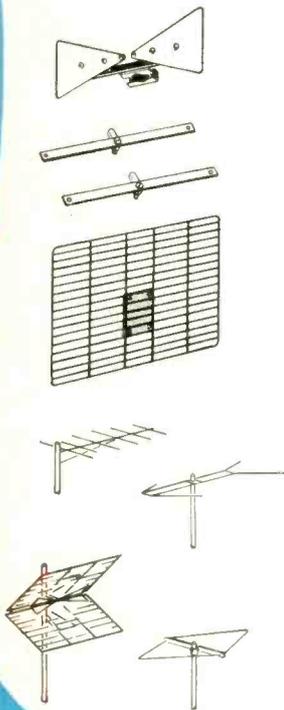
U.S. Patent No. 23273
Model 114-302 Stacked Array for maximum signal strength Model 114-005 Single Bay not illustrated

a custom antenna system for every UHF installation...

From roof top to TV set, every UHF installation is highly individualistic. Signal reception varies from locale to locale even when given conditions seem to be the same. Because of this, every dealer and installer will find it necessary to maintain a complete line of UHF antennas and accessories specifically designed to solve the varied problems of UHF reception.

The Amphenol line of UHF antennas, accessories and Tubular Twin-Lead is designed to answer every foreseeable reception problem arising with UHF TV. These antennas are not stop-gap, short term designs that will be soon obsolete but are scientifically designed to provide the best possible reception.

The antennas pictured at the left will shortly be in full production. As they become available they will make the Amphenol line of UHF antennas the most complete line offered by any one manufacturer.



-consider this evidence

AMPHENOL

VHF ANTENNAS

U.S. Patent No. 2543696



AMPHENOL

tubular
twin-lead

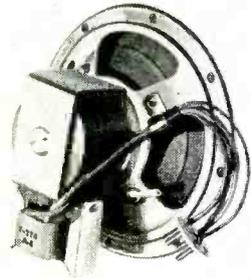
Amphenol's patented 14-271 Tubular Twin-Lead is unequalled as an economical, low-loss lead-in for UHF television. The concentrated field of energy between the two conductors is largely contained by the protective canopy of brown polyethylene dielectric formed by the tubular construction. Rain, snow, dirt or salt deposits on the line do not materially affect the impedance or electrical efficiency of Tubular Twin-Lead.

One of the most difficult and essential features to incorporate into a broadbanded antenna is high, uniform gain. The test charts above show the high, consistent gain curves of the Amphenol Inline Antenna. Lack of gain, or signal strength, results in "snow" and weak pictures. A more than 3 decibel change in gain across any VHF channel results in fuzziness.

The flat, consistently high gain of the Amphenol Inline Antenna assures you of a strong, clear TV signal on every VHF station.

NEW SPEAKER LINE

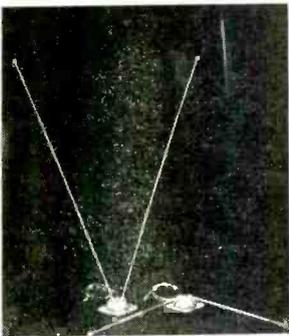
Heppner Manufacturing Co., Round Lake, Ill., has added the *Guaranteed Count* electro-dynamic speakers to its present line. Each field coil is guaranteed to contain the given number of turns within the standard tolerance. The round coil installed eliminates the



problems caused by egg-shaped coils. The speakers are available in 3-, 4-, 5-, 6 1/2-, 10-, and 12-inch sizes, with or without bucking coils, plugs, transformers, and/or brackets as specified.

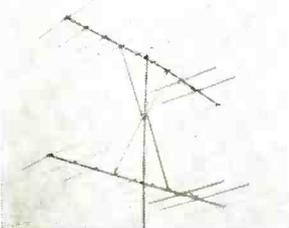
INDOOR ANTENNA

Brach Manufacturing Corp., 200 Central Ave., Newark, N. J., has announced an indoor u.h.f.-v.h.f. antenna, the model 482. Its conventional 3-element rods for v.h.f. fall into a 90° angle for u.h.f. The base of the unit is weighted to prevent tipping.



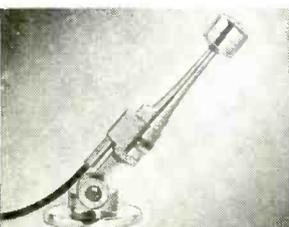
BROADBAND YAGI

JFD Manufacturing Co., Inc., 6101 16th Ave., Brooklyn 4, N. Y., is producing all-aluminum broadband Yagis for the v.h.f. bands. Model 10B713 covers channels 7-13; 10B2345, channels 2-5; 10B3456, channels 3-6; and 10B456, channels 4-6.



MICROPHONE STAND

Turner Company, 909 17th St., N.E., Cedar Rapids, Iowa, has introduced a matching stand for its model 80 crystal microphone. The stand pivots the mike at a 135° arc. Its heavy base prevents tipping and will not slide with

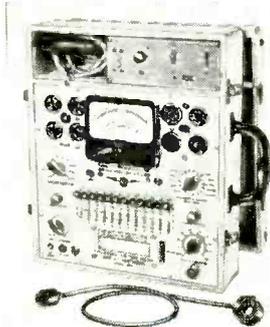


All specifications given on these pages are from manufacturers' data.

the weight of the cable. The stand is made of chrome-plated zinc and has a standard 3/8-inch 27 thread.

"SERVISHOP"

Radio City Products Co., Inc., 152 W. 25th St., New York 1, N. Y., has added the model 8873 to its *Servishop* series. The unit's free-point tester uses a 4 1/2-inch meter and has spare switches and socket blanks to test and reactivate all present and projected tubes and C-R tubes.



The v.t.v.m. is a 17-range instrument with an input impedance of 25 megohms and a zero center scale. A high-voltage probe is included to extend range to 30,000 volts. The built-in signal generator and audio oscillator supplies r.f., i.f., and a.f. signals for AM, FM, and amplifier circuits.

The unit measures 12 1/2 x 12 3/4 x 4 3/4 inches. It is housed in an oak carrying case, and weighs 12 1/2 pounds.

4.5-MC CRYSTAL

Electronic Instrument Co., Inc., 84 W 79th St., Brooklyn 11, N. Y., has released a 4.5-mc crystal, the model C4.5. It is designed for use with most FM and TV oscillators and is adapted to standard sockets and circuits.



INDOOR ANTENNA

Radio Merchandise Sales, Inc., 2016 Bronxdale Ave., New York 60, N. Y., has introduced an indoor antenna, the *Nevatip*. Its important feature is that it cannot be tipped over by the weight of its own elements. By lowering the center of gravity and increasing the weight of the base, gradually from the center to the sides, the manufacturers have produced an antenna of great stability.

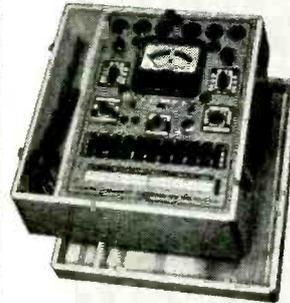
The adjustable 3-section telescoping elements are supplied in polished brass or aluminum.



TUBE CADDY

Argos Products Co., Genoa, Ill., has announced a deluxe *Tube Caddy* with a tool tray for TV service technicians. Other new features include heavier draw-type clasps, a stand-up support for the cover, and black and white leatheroid covering. The caddy is 18 x 14 1/2 x 9 1/4 inches. END

Compare...
prove EMC superiority



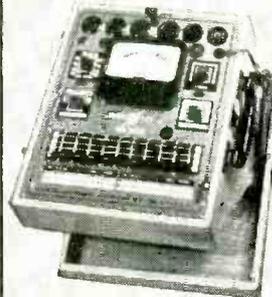
**model 206
MUTUAL CONDUCTANCE
TUBE TESTER**

- Checks mutual conductance on calibrated microhmo scale
- Checks tubes for gas content
- Detects both shorted and open elements
- Tests all tubes from .75V to 117 filament volts
- Tests all octal, octal end miniature tubes
- Checks individual sections of multi-purpose tubes
- Built-in roll chart
- Uses lever type switches.

MODEL 206P—With hand-rubbed oak carrying case (illustrated)

\$83.50

MODEL 206C—Sloping counter case **\$79.50**



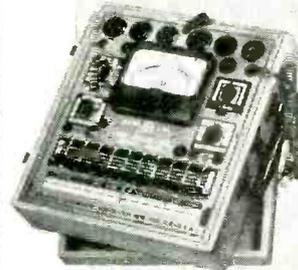
**model 205
TUBE TESTER**

- Tests all tubes including Naval and sub-miniatures
- Completely flexible lever type switching arrangement
- Tests all tubes from .75 volts to 117 filament volts by standard emission test
- Tests all cold cathode, magic eye, voltage regulator and ballast tubes
- Has pilot light indicator
- Line voltage control compensates for line variations between 105 and 135 volts
- Checks for shorts and leakages
- Three-color hammerstone panel.

MODEL 205P—with hand-rubbed oak carrying case (illustrated)

\$47.50

MODEL 205C—Sloping counter case **\$46.50**



**model 204
TUBE-BATTERY-OHM
CAPACITY TESTER**

- Tests all tubes including Naval and sub-miniature
- Tests all batteries under rated load
- Emission testing method gives easy, direct readings
- Tests resistance to 4 megohms
- Tests condensers from .01 to 1 mfd
- Uses four-position lever type switches
- Checks condenser leakage.

MODEL 204P—Portable oak case, removable cover (illustrated)

\$55.90

MODEL 204C—Sloping counter case **\$54.90**

— See them at your Jobbers —



Write Dept. RE-4 for Free Complete Catalogue of these and other Instruments.

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Steve-El Brand

PICTURE TUBES *Special!*

GUARANTEED FOR ONE FULL YEAR!

Brand New! No Rebuilds!

No.	Reg. Price	Special	Lots of 3
I2LP4A	\$31.00	\$17.89	\$15.99
I4BP4	34.95	18.95	16.95
I4CP4	34.95	18.95	16.95
I6HP4	47.00	19.50	18.99

Write for complete listing of other picture tubes at terrific savings.

Special! COMBINATION DEAL

16KV Flyback Transformer and 70" Ferrite Yoke Both for only **\$4.79**

WEN 250 Watt Soldering Gun **\$9.71**

G. I. 3 Speed Record Changer **16.99**
G. I. Single Speed Record Changer **10.95**

TUBES

Brand new, individually boxed. Many FAR BELOW WHOLESALE COST!

1A7	.62	6SL7	.52
1B3	.63	6SN7	.54
1P5	.64	6SQ7	.42
1R5	.49	6T8	.74
1T4	.49	6U6	.57
1U4	.48	6U8	.78
1U5	.48	6V6	.48
5U4	.38	6V8	.83
5W4	.46	6W4	.45
5Y3	.29	6W6	.52
6A7	.62	6X4	.34
6A8	.51	7C6	.42
6AG5	.62	7X7	.62
6AK5	1.14	12AT6	.48
6AK6	.64	12AU6	.48
6AL5	.41	12AU7	.56
6AU6	.43	12AV6	.52
6AX4	.59	12AX4	.59
6BA6	.48	12AZ7	.94
6BC5	.58	12BA6	.42
6BC7	.86	12BE6	.47
6BE6	.48	12SA7	.52
6BG6	1.21	12SK7	.49
6BH6	.62	12SL7	.57
6BJ6	.53	12SN7	.56
6BK7	.86	12SQ7	.42
6BQ6	.78	14AF7	.59
6BQ7	.86	19T8	.78
6CB6	.48	25BQ6	.77
6CD6	1.79	25W4	.48
6F6	.49	25L6	.48
6J6	.79	25Z6	.42
6K6	.41	32L7	.91
6L6A	.89	35Z5	.33
6L6G	.89	35L6	.48
6SA7	.52	50L6	.48
6SG7	.49	80	.38
6SK7	.49		

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LICENSING FOR N. Y.?

A bill to license all persons servicing television receivers has been introduced in the New York State Legislature by Assemblyman Thomas La Fauci. Mr. La Fauci is from New York City, scene of a recent exposé which resulted in the arrest of two technicians.

According to the bill, after October 1, 1953, no person would be permitted to "service or repair" TV sets without a license, which would cost \$25 per year. The Secretary of State would be empowered to make rules as to the minimum standards of service, rates, number of employees, and would prepare a standard contract to be used by service organizations.

The bill provides that persons who were engaged in television servicing January 1, 1953, and had been in the service business for periods totalling one full year within the 5-year period before October 1 would be eligible for licenses.

SERVICE PROGRAM AIRED

First of a series of public relations programs was broadcast over station WIP, Philadelphia, January 22 last. The program was arranged through the cooperative efforts of the new Philadelphia Television Servicing Dealers Association, and Mr. Arnold, program director of WIP.

Louis J. Smith of the TSDA and Miss Mary Biddle, staff-announcer of the station, presented a question-and-answer program, answering such questions as:

- "Why is there a service charge?"
- "Are the stories we read and hear about television service rackets true?"
- "Can most television sets be repaired in the home?"
- "What is a guarantee on repairs and what does it cover?"
- "Why must I pay again when I make a recall within the 90-day guarantee?"

OPPOSE SERVICE LICENSES

Ninety percent of 500 Illinois television and radio dealers surveyed recently by the National Appliance and Radio-TV Dealers Association oppose service licenses. This statement was made by the Association in filing a protest against a proposed law which would permit Illinois cities to pass laws licensing and regulating TV and radio service. Hearings on the bill—an amendment to the Illinois Cities and Villages Act—were to be held before the amendment was presented to the legislature, and NARDA expected to complete a survey of another 900 dealers in the State before the hearings.

NETSDA ELECTS OFFICERS

Roger Haines, Haddonfield, N. J., was elected 1953 president of the National Electronic Technicians and Service Dealers Association. David Van Nest, Trenton, N. J., was elected vice-president; John Wheaton, Long Island, N. Y., corresponding secretary; O. Capitelli, New York, N. Y., recording secretary; T. L. Clarkson, Harrisburg, Pa., treasurer; and Milan J. Krupa, Kings-

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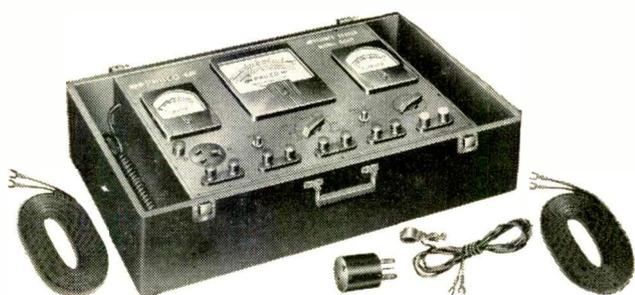
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This new Philco Appliance Tester Model 5007 permits complete analysis of over-all performance of refrigerators, air conditioners, ranges and household appliances. It provides accurate temperature measurements in degrees Fahrenheit from -30° to 600° on a large 6" meter. Ascertain power requirements of appliances up to 6 kilowatts, and includes an AC voltmeter for measuring voltages up to 260 volts. Gives positive check for shorts or open circuits on appliances. Equipped with all necessary "pick-up" elements for temperature determination.

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Weight: 9 lbs.



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MODEL 7052. A companion piece to Philco Model 7051 Emission Type Tube Checker. This model 7052 checks all tubes from sub-miniature to low power transmitting tubes. Checks shorts and leakages between elements of tubes. Determines noise characteristics. Ascertain gas content. Gives mutual Conductance readings directly in microhms. Permits forecasting remaining tube life. A portable or counter type tester with a beautiful blue leatherette finish. Operating Voltage: 105-130 Volts AC.

Size: 17" W. x 15" L. x 12" D. Weight: 22 lbs. (Shipping Wt. 34 lbs.)



VISUAL ALIGNMENT GENERATOR • MODEL 7008

FEATURES: AM Generator (and Marker): 3.2-250 mc. • FM Generator: 4-120 mc., and 145-260 mc. • Sweep-frequency width to 15 mc. (Flat to within .2db/mc.) • Audio Generator: 400 cycles • Only one input and output connection • Special oscilloscope circuits • Vertical-deflection Sensitivity: 25 millivolts/inch (with amplifier) • Swiveled cathode-ray-tube housing for compact carrying size • Telescoping light shield • High-frequency probe for signal tracing • Crystal calibrator to provide check points for marker generator.

APRIL, 1953



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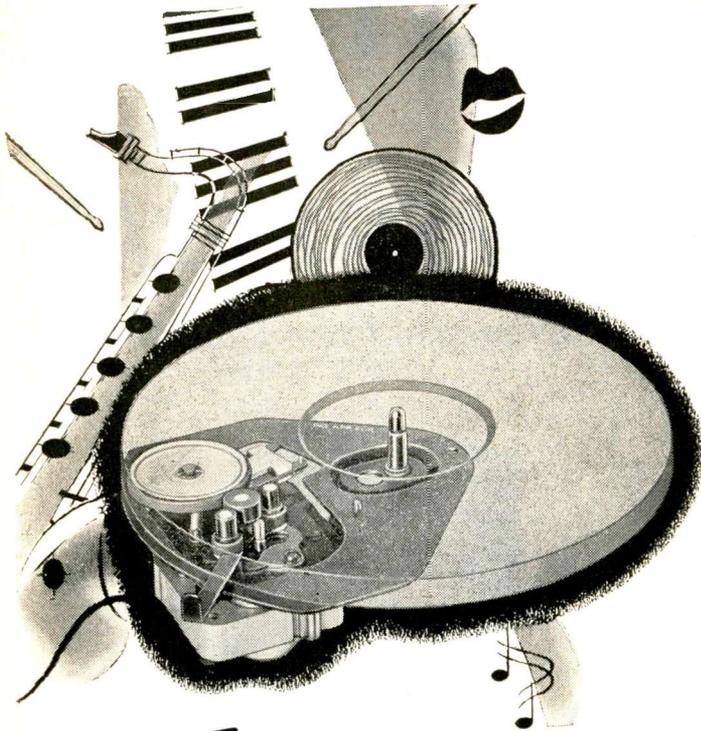
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ton, Pa., was named Sergeant-at-Arms.

The annual meeting, at which the election was held, was at Harrisburg, Pa. Plans were made for an expanded meeting to be held April 11-12 at the Alexander Hamilton Hotel in Paterson, N. J. Invitations to the April meeting will be sent to all known Eastern television and radio service associations.

STAMP OUT ABUSES

Los Angeles repairmen have initiated a broad move to keep television servicing on an ethical level. The Council of Radio and Electronic Servicemen, Inc. (CORES), has notified the city attorney, the Los Angeles Police Department, the Better Business Bureau, and the Chamber of Commerce that it is ready to handle all complaints about television servicing that may be made by TV set owners.

CORES has set up five boards of arbitration in convenient locations, so that complaints can be processed with the utmost promptness and maximum satisfaction to all concerned. A code of ethics and one of technical standards have been prepared as a guide to the boards.

B.C. PREPARES FOR TV

The January meeting of the British Columbia Provincial Council, Radio Electronic Technicians Association, was devoted chiefly to discussion on TV. Delegates from three provincial chapters were present, and visitors included W. Munton and J. Baird, president and secretary-treasurer of R.E.T.A. of Canada.

It was reported that the Association's various courses and lectures on TV are keeping attendance at meetings in Vancouver and Victoria at a high level, and increasing membership.

A suggested price list for TV servicing is to be ready for the next Provincial Council meeting May 24, at Chilliwack, B.C.

G-E HONORED

The annual award of the Federation of Radio Servicemen's Associations of Pennsylvania to the organization or individual whose actions had most benefited the service industry during 1952 was made to the General Electric Co. The award was made to that company specifically "for their initiative in providing a public relations program in behalf of the independent television technician."

ORGANIZE FOR TV

An association of dealers, distributors, service technicians and others vitally interested in television has been organized at Knoxville, Tenn. Known as the East Tennessee Television Service Dealers Association, the group is preparing for the time when TV will come to Knoxville two years hence. By organizing early and educating themselves and the set-owning public, the group expects to avoid the misunderstandings and confusion that have arisen in other new TV areas.

One of the objectives of the asso-

ciation, according to George Morton, chairman of the policy committee, is a city ordinance to license and bond TV service technicians. Meetings have already been arranged with the city's mayor and electrical inspector, for the purpose of drawing up such an ordinance.

NATESA MEETS IN KANSAS CITY

NATESA's Spring Convention—its first national convention for TV-service dealers, managers, and technicians—will be held Friday through Sunday, April 10, 11, and 12, in Kansas City. *Television Service Engineers, Inc.* of Greater Kansas City will play host to the more than 500 member guests expected to attend from all parts of the United States.

Exhibits of about 50 manufacturers

—with emphasis on u.h.f. TV equipment—will fill 1½ floors in the Continental Hotel.

The convention will open Friday afternoon with registration and a cocktail party. Business sessions will be held Saturday, with addresses by NATESA President Frank Moch and manufacturers' representatives. These will be followed by a banquet and floor show, and the presentation of awards.

The Sunday session will feature an optional ranch-style breakfast and round-table discussions.

FRSAP ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

Milan S. Krupa, of the Associated Radio Servicemen of Luzerne County, was elected president of the Federation of Radio Servicemen's Associations of Pennsylvania. He succeeds Dave Krantz,

who, after 6 years of continuous service, declined to continue as president of FRSAP. Mr. Krantz will head a new advisory council to be made up of the heads of all member chapters.

Other officers elected for one-year terms were Bertram Bregenzer, of the Radio Servicemen's Association of Pittsburgh, vice president; Fred Schmidt, of the Mid-State Radio Servicemen's Association (Harrisburg), treasurer; and Leon Helk, Lackawanna County Radio Servicemen's Association (Scranton), secretary.

A special committee under vice-president Bregenzer will aid the formation of new chapters. Requests for membership in FRSAP have already been received from servicemen's groups in Lancaster, Butler, Johnstown, Erie, and Sunbury

END

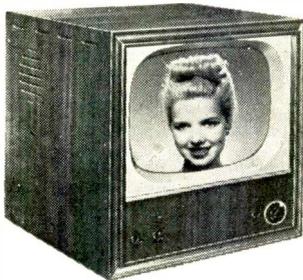
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H:41¼", D:23¾", W:34", Wgt: 100 lbs.
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All TeleSound cabinets illustrated are available in Ribbon Stripe Mahogany. Model 200 also available in Walnut. All cabinets can be had in Blonde Korina at 10% additional. These cabinets are custom built and drilled to fit standard 630 type chassis. We can supply them with undrilled panel to fit any other chassis you specify. Complete cabinet catalog available on request. All prices subject to change without notice.

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VIDEO 630-DX TV Chassis **\$159.50**

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Model 1930 TV Chassis **\$179.50**
Model 2431-P TV Chassis **\$159.50**
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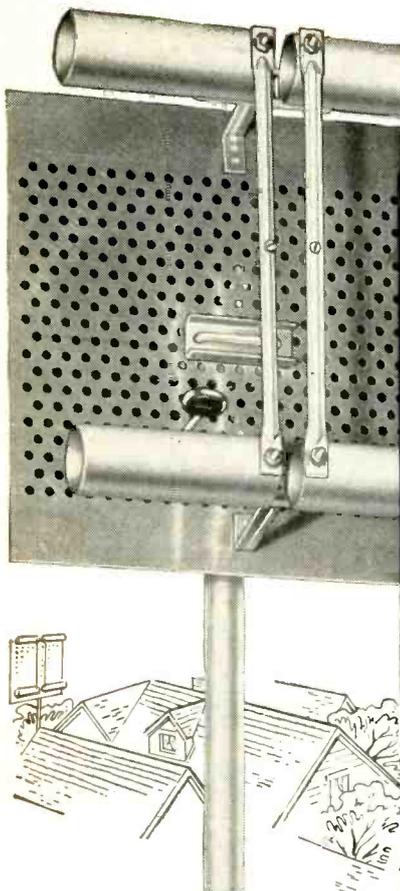
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200	\$209.50	\$218.25	\$220.50	-	-
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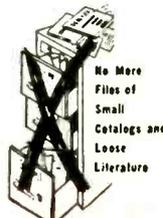


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NEW PATENTS

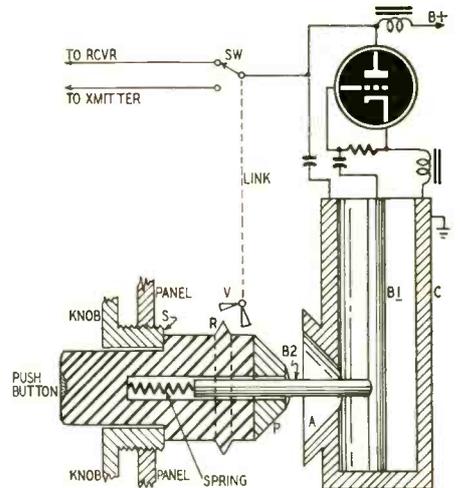
U.H.F. OSCILLATOR TUNING

Patent No. 2,618,705

John E. Allen, Lansdale, Pa.

(Assigned to Philco Corporation, Phila, Pa.)

This device overcomes the difficulty of u.h.f. switching. It generates two distinct frequencies from a single oscillator. One of these frequencies is fixed; the other is adjustable over a narrow range. A push-button switches from one to the other. The fixed frequency is suitable to control a transmitter. The other frequency may be the local oscillation for receiving. Both are stable because they are cavity-controlled.



The figure shows a coaxial-line cavity. C is the grounded outer conductor. B1 is the inner line which has an extended portion B2 passing through a flared aperture in C. A metallic, tapered plug P fits snugly into this aperture A. When the push-button is depressed. When desired, a catch (not shown) is set to hold the plug in this position. When P is inserted into A, the oscillator frequency is the natural frequency of the cavity.

When its catch is released, P is forcibly withdrawn from A by a spring. The plug comes to rest against the stop S. Due to capacitance between C and P, the frequency is now changed. This second frequency is adjustable by turning the threaded knob shown. Rotating it clockwise, for example, moves it deeper behind the panel so P cannot come out of A quite so far.

Note the annular ring R around the push-button. When the button is depressed, R acts against the pivoted vane V. V is moved counterclockwise. A mechanical link forces switch SW to its lower contact. Therefore the fixed frequency is fed to the transmitting circuits. When the button is released, V is moved clockwise by R. SW is now forced upward and makes contact with the receiver lead.

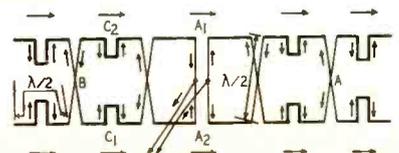
IMPROVED BROADSIDE ARRAY

Patent No. 2,622,198

Richard G. Clapp, Haverford, and Samuel H. Coladny and Bernard Wise, Philadelphia, Pa. (Assigned to Philco Corporation, Phila, Pa.)

A simple dipole radiates in only two directions. As the antenna is lengthened, minor lobes appear in its directional pattern. These undesirable lobes can be eliminated by proper control of the radiation. The antenna should radiate maximum power from its center. Radiation should fall off progressively as we pass to the ends. This principle is applied to a broadside array in this invention.

The diagram shows a 10-element array. It has 5 elements in each of 2 rows. Arrows show the instantaneous direction of current flow. By transposing the elements, current flows in the same direction in each horizontal element. Therefore the radiation is strengthened. The vertical elements cannot radiate. This is because each such pair carries opposing currents which cancel the radiation.



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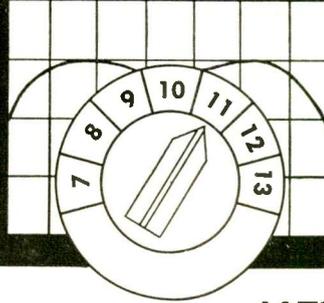
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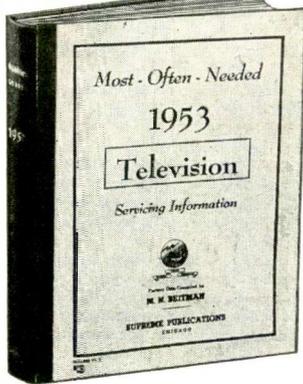


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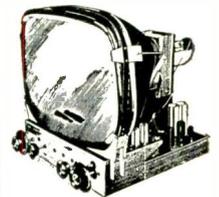
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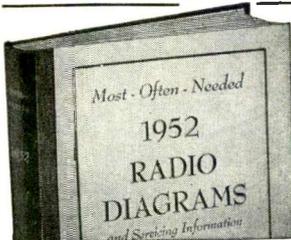
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DY-10	10.75	9.80
DY-10A	11.00	10.00
DY-11A	*	10.00
DY-12A	*	10.00

FLYBACKS

PART NO.	OLD LIST PRICE	NEW LIST PRICE
A-8128	10.50	10.00
A-8129	11.00	10.50
A-8130	11.00	10.00
A-8131	7.00	6.50
A-8132	*	10.50
A-8133	11.00	10.50
A-8134	11.00	10.50

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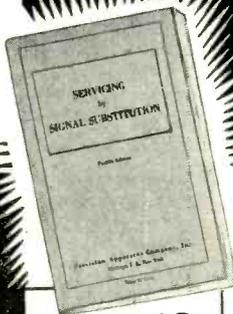


*New items: DY-11A is used in 172 models of 15 manufacturers. DY-12 is used in 160 models of 8 manufacturers. A-8132 is an exact replacement for Muntz TO-0031, used in over 300,000 sets. Ask your Stancor distributor for Bulletin Na. 461 listing applications of these units, or write Stancor direct for your free copy.

Stancor Transformers are listed in Photofact Folders, Tek-Files and Counterfacts.

Export Sales: Roburn Agencies, 39 Warren Street, New York 7, N. Y.

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PRECISION APPARATUS COMPANY, INC.
92-27 HORACE HARDING BLVD., ELMHURST 4, N. Y.

To reduce minor lobes, folds are introduced in some of the elements. These folds cannot radiate because the re-entrant parts carry opposite currents. However, these folds decrease the effective lengths of the horizontal radiators in the figure, the end elements have the greatest folds so they have least radiation. The next adjacent elements are folded to a lesser extent so they have greater radiation. The center elements have no folded stubs. Their radiation is maximum as desired. This variation in folding is the feature that is patented.

For maximum efficiency, the elements should radiate in accordance with the binomial expansion, a mathematical formula. For a 5-element row (as in this array) the horizontal elements should radiate in the following proportion: 1, 4, 6, 4, 1.

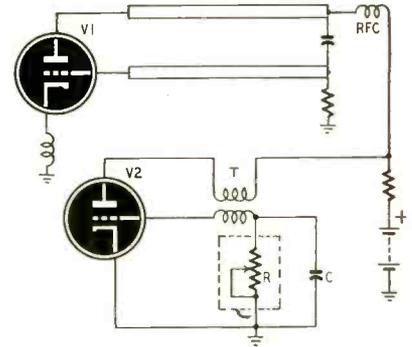
FM RADIOSONDE SYSTEM

Patent 2,613,347

William Todd, Neptune City, N. J.
(Assigned to United States of America as represented by the Secretary of War)

Generally speaking, FM communication requires an elaborate receiver and a simple transmitter. Therefore FM is suitable for radiosonde systems where the transmitter must be light and compact. This inventor points out other FM advantages and suggests its use in radiosonde work.

The figure shows the transmitter circuit. V1 is an oscillator tuned to about 400 mc. V2 is the modulator which conducts intermittently. When current flows, feedback impresses a large negative pulse on its grid. Then the tube is blocked



until C can discharge its negative voltage through R. This resistor is shown as a variable element. If, for example, it is reduced, the blocked interval becomes less. Then the average current through V2 is increased. Since V1 and V2 are coupled through a common dropping resistor, the r.f. tube gets less plate potential. As in any self-excited oscillator this means a change in carrier frequency.

Actually, R may be a thermistor or other element whose resistance depends upon temperature, humidity, pressure, etc. Any change in the resistance of R makes a corresponding variation in carrier frequency, which is interpreted at the receiver.

In FM, the carrier amplitude remains constant. This makes it easier to track the radiosonde transmitter. Also, a small change in frequency can be detected easier than can a small change in amplitude.

END

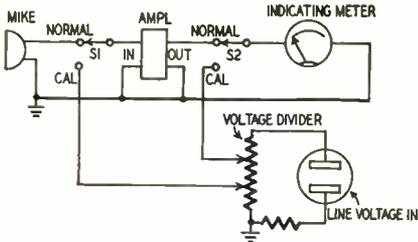


"I'm afraid my set is troubled with Flop-Over!"

RADIO-ELECTRONICS

AMPLIFIER CALIBRATION

Most radio and PA amplifiers do not need extra high stability. A slight change in amplifier gain from time to time does not matter. On the other hand, if the amplifier is part of a precision instrument, constant gain is of the utmost importance. For this reason, the General Radio sound-level meter includes an internal checking circuit. A gain test may be made quickly and at any time.



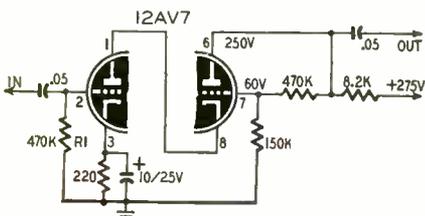
With switches S1 and S2 in positions shown, the amplifier is ready for normal use. To test its gain, S2 is thrown to CAL. The meter measures a relatively high voltage from the line voltage divider. This reading is noted. Now S2 is returned to NORMAL and S1 is switched to CAL. This feeds a small a.c. signal to the amplifier. If the amplifier gain is correct, the meter will show the same reading as before.

This is how the calibration circuit operates. Before leaving the factory, the voltage divider taps are adjusted and fixed so the voltage ratio between taps equals the amplifier gain. When the calibration is checked, the attenuation of the potentiometer is balanced by the amplifier gain. Since these are equal, the meter will give identical readings as described above. The actual meter deflection is not important.

AUDIO PREAMPLIFIER

Most modern audio amplifiers use some form of microphone or phono pre-amplifier to amplify the low-level signal to a point where it can be fed into the main amplifier. The input signal is usually very low so preamplifier designers try all sorts of tricks to minimize noise and hum.

I suppose that you would call this a cascode amplifier, but it differs from the cascode in that the grid of the second triode is not grounded at the signal frequency and some of the output signal from the second triode section is fed back into the grid through the 470,000-ohm resistor. The grid is 60 volts positive. I varied the positive grid voltage but it works better with the value shown. From ordinary observations, it would appear that this circuit is impossible but such is not the case.



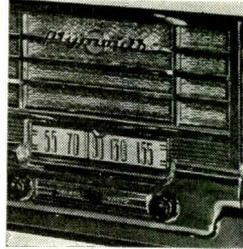
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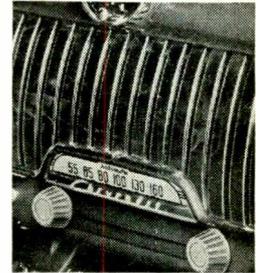
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VHF-UHF BOOSTER-CONVERTER

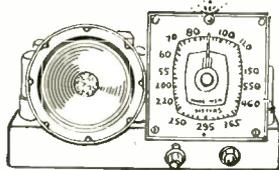
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This great new Booster-Converter enables all TV receivers now being made to receive UHF signals and also have the booster which is necessary for VHF in fringe areas. It employs its own power, a crystal mixer, and two tubes: a 6AF4, and a 6J6. Operates on 110-115 V. AC. The 6J6 is used in a balanced push-pull amplifier circuit and in the converter IF. The converted signal is then boosted and fed to the TV receiver. The booster is slug tuned and has a 75-300 ohm input and output. Provision for built-in UHF antenna. *Easy to install.*

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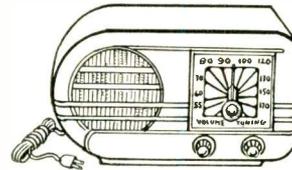
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7580 GARFIELD BLVD.
CLEVELAND 25, OHIO



The preamplifier was used to drive a 6F6 output tube with a radio and low output phono pickup and as far as I can determine with any other test, it has excellent low- and high-frequency

Materials for audio preamplifier

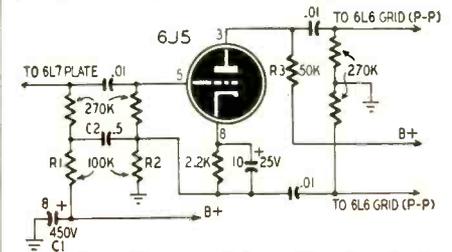
Resistors: 2—470,000, 1—150,000, 1—8,200, 1—220 ohms, 1/2 watt.
Capacitors: 2—.05 μf, 600 volts, paper; 1—10 μf, 25 volts, electrolytic.
Miscellaneous: 1—12AV7 tube; 1—nine-contact miniature socket. Chassis, hook-up wire, terminal lugs, hardware.

response. The combined gain of both sections is just about equal to a 6J5 but the audio quality is far better. I had no difficulty with any hum even though no part of the circuit was shielded. A 500,000-ohm volume control can be used in place of R1, if desired.—Wilbur J. Haniz.

PHASE INVERTER CIRCUIT

I don't recall when or where I saw this phase inverter described, but I do feel that you will like its performance in your favorite amplifier. I've used it for several years in a 25-watt amplifier and do not hesitate to recommend it to others.

If we disregard the presence of C2 and R1 and make R2 equal to R3, we have the popular hot-cathode or kangaroo inverter, which has a gain of about 0.9 from its grid to the grid of one of the push-pull tubes. The total gain is about 1.8. This low gain is the result of 50% negative feedback developed across the cathode load resistor, in series with the signal voltage applied to the phase inverter grid.



Adding R1 and C2 to the circuit increases the gain tremendously. (See pages 98 and 100, January, 1953, for the theory of this circuit.—Editor) The reactances of C1 and C2 are so low at audio frequencies that R1 and R2 are effectively in parallel. For balanced output from both halves of the inverter, the effective resistance of R1 and R2 in parallel should equal the resistance of R3. So we make R1 and R2 each twice the value of R3.

This inverter should be used with a pentode or other multigrid tube with a high plate resistance. I use a 6L7 with a plate resistance of about 800,000 ohms.—G. R. Anglado

SIMPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR

With low-cost r.f. type signal generators generally available, many service technicians and experimenters overlook the multivibrator as a signal generator suitable for accurate alignment of receiver r.f. and i.f. circuits. The average owner of a multivibrator-type signal generator uses it only for shooting trouble in sets that are dead or badly out of alignment. The major disadvantage of the usual multivibrator signal

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- 5-RESISTANCE RANGES 1,000-10,000—1 Meg-10 Megohm, 1,000 megohms, 10 megohms center on 1,000 megohm scale
- 5-DECIBEL RANGES -24 to -1.5, -8 to -15, +12 to +35, +21.5 to 44.5, +32 55

The Model 940 comes complete with test leads and operating instructions in a round cornered bakelite case. Factory assembled & calibrated.

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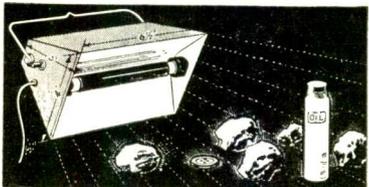
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- Due to the high input resistance of 16.5 megohms, the circuit under test will not be loaded down.
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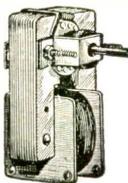


BLAK-RAY 4-watt lamp, model X-4, complete with U-V tube. This lamp gives long-wave ultra-violet radiation having a wave-length of 3654 to 4000 angstrom units. Some of the substances made to fluoresce visibly when illuminated by U-V light are certain woods, oils, minerals, milkstone, cloth, paints, plastics, yarn, drugs, crayons, etc. This lamp is self-filtering and the invisible U-V rays are harmless to the eyes and skin. Equipped with spectral-finish aluminum reflector. Consumes only 4 watts and can be plugged into any 110 volt 50-60 cycle A.C. outlet. Will give 2000 to 3000 hours of service. It weighs but 1 3/4 lbs. Approved by the Underwriters Laboratories and has a built-in transformer so that it may be safely used for long periods when necessary. Extra U-V tubes are available.

Ship wt. 4 lbs.
ITEM NO. 125
UNUSUAL BUY **\$14.75**

POWERFUL ALL PURPOSE MOTOR

Sturdy shaded pole A.C. induction motor. 15 watts, 3000 rpm. 3"x2"x1 3/4"; 4 mounting studs; 7/8" shaft, 3/16" diameter; 110-120 volts, 50-60 cycles. A.C. only. When geared down, this unit can operate an 18" turntable with a 200 lb. dead weight. Use it for fans, displays, timers and other purposes. Ship wt. 2 lbs.
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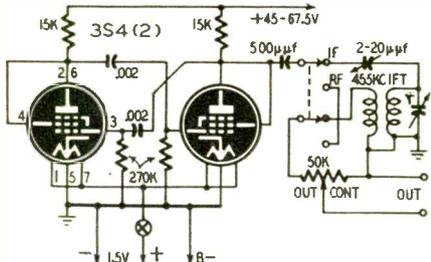
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generator is that its output signal is too broad for accurate alignment of i.f. circuits. This obstacle was overcome in a battery-operated multivibrator type signal generator described in *Radio and Electronics* (Wellington, New Zealand).

The diagram shows a pair of triode-connected 3S4's in a 400-cycle multivibrator circuit. When the output switch is in the I.F. position, the 400-cycle signal is applied to the tuned winding of a 455-kc i.f. transformer. This circuit is shocked into damped oscillations at a rate of 400 times per second. This, in effect, produces a 455-kc signal modulated by a rough 400-cycle note. With the switch in the R.F. position, the harmonics of the multivibrator fundamental blanket the spectrum up to about 30 mc.



The author describes the use of the unit for aligning superhets. Connect the output of the generator to the mixer circuit and peak the i.f. transformer trimmers for maximum output. Tune the set to the high-frequency end of the band, adjust the oscillator trimmer to about two-thirds capacitance, and feed the i.f. output of the generator to the antenna terminals of the set. Peak the antenna and r.f. trimmers for maximum output. Tune the set to the low end of the band and adjust the oscillator padder for maximum output.

Disconnect the generator, connect an antenna, and tune in a station on the high end of the band. Identify the station and check its frequency against the dial setting. If the dial setting is incorrect, set the dial correctly and retune the station with the oscillator trimmer. Use the generator to peak the antenna and r.f. trimmers. Tune in a station on the low end of the band and recheck the dial calibration. Readjust the oscillator padder to bring in the station at the correct dial setting. Repeat the process several times. Touch up the oscillator trimmer on the high end of the band and the padder at the low end so the dial calibration is correct at both ends of the dial. This procedure is particularly useful in lining up a newly constructed receiver.

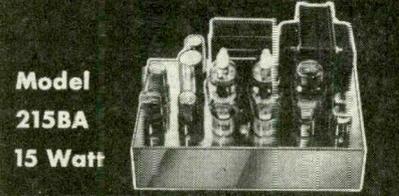
(Before you sneer at the idea of using a battery-powered signal generator, just stop and think how handy it will be for touching-up the alignment of auto radios and for simple servicing jobs at summer camps and in areas where a.c. is not available.—Editor)

Parts for signal generator
Resistors: 2—15,000, 2—270,000 ohms, 1/2 watt; 1—50,000-ohm potentiometer.
Capacitors: (Mica): 2—.002 µf, 1—500 µµf; 1—2-20-µµf mica or ceramic trimmer.
Miscellaneous: 2—7-pin miniature sockets; 2—3S4 tubes; 1—s.p.s.t., 1—d.p.d.t. toggle or rotary switch; 1—455-kc i.f. transformer. Batteries, hardware, hookup wire. **END**

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Model 50 PG
A high fidelity single unit amplifier with unusual performance. Power output, 10 watts, 20 watts peak. Distortion at 10 watts, 1% harmonic and 2% intermodulation. Frequency response ±.5 db, 30 to 20,000 CPS. (± 1 db, 30 to 20,000 CPS at 10 watt level). **\$550**

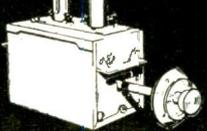


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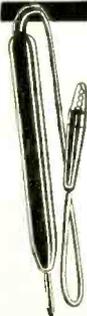
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DRILL SIZE REMINDER

The average radio service technician uses wood, machine, and sheet-metal screws so rarely that he usually has to waste a lot of time looking up data on the drill size for the holes. One way of having the desired data on hand when needed is to write it on the cover of the screw container.

For sheet-metal screws, record the size of the drill used for the pilot hole. On wood screws, write the drill size and depth of the starter hole. For machine screws, write the size of the smallest drill which will allow the screw to pass without binding or damaging the threads. Recording this data on the screw containers takes only a few moments and will save lots more time before a box of screws is exhausted.—*Ken Maxwell*

OSCILLOSCOPE BLANKING

Many TV sweep generators do not provide a means for blanking out the retrace curve on the scope when sweeping an i.f. or discriminator response curve. Since the sweep is a 60-cycle sine wave, it is possible to blank out the return trace by connecting one side of the scope's 6.3-volt heater winding to the intensity-modulation input terminal in the scope. With this connection, the single trace is easier to read and inspect.—*Bedrich Hrachovina*

SOLDERING TIPS

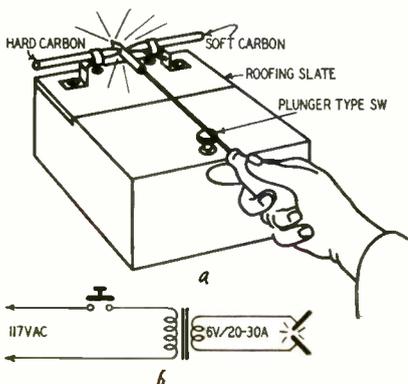
Before screwing in a new soldering iron tip, apply a coating of graphite to its threads. This prevents freezing and makes the tip easy to remove when it has worn out.—*Leonard Pfeiffer*

TV FOCUSING TRICK

Here is a trick to facilitate focusing a TV set: I use a strong reading glass to magnify the scanning lines. Then I adjust the focus control until the scanning lines are as sharp and distinct as possible.—*John A. Comstock*

QUICK IRON HEATER

This type of soldering-iron heater is rugged, safe, dependable, and unusually fast heating. The iron is heated by placing its tip in an arc between two carbon rods connected across the secondary of a 6-volt, 20-30-ampere filament transformer. The construction of the unit is shown in the illustration at *a*. The schematic is shown at *b*.



APRIL, 1953



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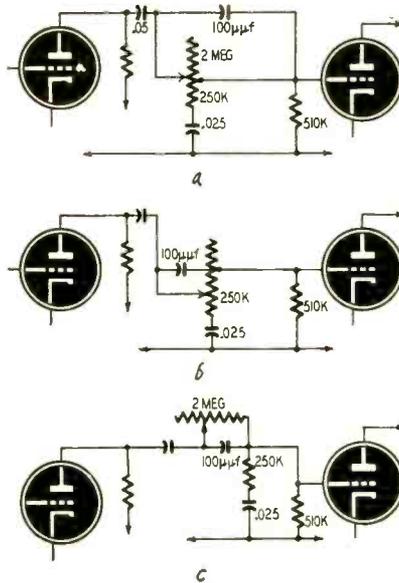
The heater is turned on by a micro-switch mounted inside the box with its plunger protruding on the outside. The hard carbon rod is the type used in arc lamps and movie projectors. The other is a soft type which may be taken from a discarded flashlight cell. Clamps for holding the carbons can be made from sheet metal or can be purchased from electrical supply dealers.

I find that this is the fastest practical method of heating large soldering irons. Long ice-picks (or lengths of drill rod) can be threaded and fitted into small, specially shaped copper tips used for getting into those tight places.

This heater develops a very high heat, so it takes a little practice to get the iron to the right temperature without burning it. A clock or watch with a sweep second hand is useful in timing the heating operation until you get the hang of it.—*J. Perkinson, Jr.*

NOVEL TONE CONTROL

While rebuilding a phono amplifier I found myself with just enough space on the control panel for one tone control while I wanted two separate controls for bass and treble boost. I considered using concentric controls, but abandoned the idea in favor of this single-control circuit which provides normal response or bass or treble cut, simply by turning the control toward opposite ends of its range.



The control circuit consists of a 2.5-megohm potentiometer tapped at 250,000 ohms and two capacitors. The control network is used between two high- μ triodes.

Response is normal when the arm of the control is opposite the tapped point as in drawing *a* in the illustration. The arm of the control is moved toward the low-resistance end for bass boost and toward the open end to boost the highs. Diagrams *b* and *c* show the equivalent circuits for treble and bass cut, respectively.—*Dr. Leon Greenberg.*

END

REMOTE FM TUNER

? Is there any way to adapt an FM tuner for remote control? Push-button tuning is desirable, but if this is not feasible, can the dial and control portion of the tuner be mounted at a distance from the rest of the tuner?—E. E. W., Burlingame, Calif.

A. For push-button tuning, replace each section of the tuning-capacitor gang with a multiposition rotary switch and small ceramic trimmer capacitors. The switch must have as many sections as there are tuning capacitor sections. There should be one capacitor and one switch position for each FM channel that you wish to receive. Wire the switch so it switches a different capacitor across the coil in each position. Adjust the capacitors—4-30- μ f units—for proper tuning of each channel.

If the distance between the tuning head and the main chassis of the tuner is limited to a few feet, you may be able to use flexible control shafts like those used in some automobile radios and military communications equipment. Cables longer than three or four feet are likely to cause backlash which will make tuning difficult. If the tuner has a.f.c., it will compensate for a small amount of backlash.

Another method of providing remote control for the FM tuner is to separate the tuning control, dial, and the r.f. amplifier, converter, and oscillator circuits from the i.f. circuits. The latter may be on the remote chassis with the power supply. The remainder of the components would then be installed on a small chassis to be placed at the operating position. The first i.f. transformer would be on the chassis with the i.f. strip and connected to the mixer plate through low-capacitance coaxial cable.

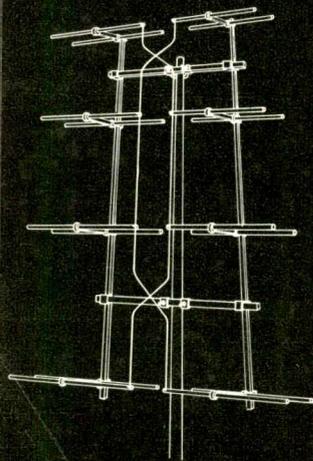
The capacitance of the cable will shunt the transformer primary, making it difficult to resonate the i.f. input circuit. If the transformer is slug-tuned, you may have to replace the fixed tuning capacitor with a smaller one or remove it entirely. If the circuit still doesn't tune to the i.f., try replacing the powdered-iron slug with a brass one.

IMPEDANCE MEASUREMENTS

? How can I measure the impedance of ribbon-type transmission lines without using involved formulas? I want to spot-check the impedance of ribbon line as it is being extruded in a plastics plant.—M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A. We would suggest using an r.f. impedance bridge or a standing-wave ratio indicator and a grid-dip oscillator or any convenient source of low-power r.f. voltage. Take a sample of the line and terminate it in a noninductive resistor having a resistance equal to the nominal characteristic impedance of the line. Feed in the r.f. signal and measure the standing-wave ratio on the bridge. When the impedance of the line equals the resistance of the load, the

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PHILCO 8-200

This set had a 60-cycle hum on all stations when the volume was turned up. It was found to be originating in the 14C6 circuit. All components checked good. The trouble was cleared up by resoldering all connections on the 14C6 socket.—*Manuel Silva*

BELMONT 12AX26 TV SET

In this model, sound bars may appear in the picture when the set is jarred or when the volume control is advanced. This trouble is usually caused by a microphonic tube in the i.f. strip.

To determine which tube is causing the trouble, gently tap each of the i.f. tubes while watching the picture. The bad tube will produce sound bars when you tap it. Replacing the tube will eliminate the difficulty.—*John A. Comstock*

ADMIRAL 20X1, 20Y1, 20Z1

Field reports and laboratory tests indicate that about 80% of the complaints of vertical foldover with high line voltage can be cleared up by replacing the 12AU7 vertical output tube. Try several 12AU7 tubes of brands other than Sylvaria before replacing the vertical output transformer.—*Admiral Service Bulletin*

ZENITH 5-S-127

The complaint was severe motorboating. The trouble was caused by a short between the B plus lead from the second i.f. transformer and one end of the white a.v.c. resistor.

The set was restored to normal operation by replacing the B plus lead with one having heavier insulation.—*Gordon V. Weeks*

SPARTON TV RECEIVERS

Insufficient width in Sparton rectangular-tube TV receivers may be caused by variations in the characteristics of the 6BQ6-GT horizontal output tubes. A 30,000-ohm resistor may be added across R110 and R111 (33,000 and 39,000 ohms, respectively) in series with the screen-grid lead. This increases the screen voltage and provides greater width.

If the 30,000-ohm resistor is already in the circuit and width is greater than necessary, the screen voltage and width may be reduced by removing the resistor.—*Sparton Service Division Bulletin*

TELE-KING 516M TV SETS

These models and others using the TVC chassis may have complaints of a constant buzzing in the audio with the volume turned down. If realigning the sound i.f.'s does not cure the trouble, shield the lead between the plate of the 6T8 (triode section) and the control grid of the 6AQ5 audio output tube. This lead is very long (about 18 inches) and picks up radiation from the vertical output transformer.—*Dock B. Gerald*

WESTINGHOUSE H-210, H-211

Sticking dial pointer is cured by lubricating two dial pulleys and increasing cord tension.—*Westinghouse Service Hints*

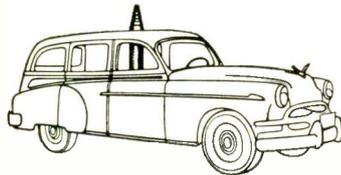
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1N5GT	.57	6AT6	.38	6S4	.46	12SA7GT	.52
1R5	.56	6AU6	.43	6S8GT	.68	12SK7GT	.50
1S4	.61	6AV6	.37	6SA7GT	.52	12SL7GT	.61
1S5	.47	6B4G	.96	6SH7GT	.57	12SQ7GT	.42
1T4	.56	6BA6	.45	6SK7GT	.50	12SN7GT	.54
1T5GT	.71	6BA7	.60	6SL7GT	.62	12SQ7GT	.42
1U4	.55	6B4G	.96	6SN7GT	.54	19BQ6G	1.39
1U5	.46	6BD5GT	.89	6SQ7GT	.42	25BQ6GT	.89
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2X2	1.50	6BF5	.60	6U8	.76	25W4GT	.48
3Q4	.60	6BF6	.39	6V6GT	.46	25Z6GT	.42
3Q5GT	.65	6BG6G	1.34	6W4GT	.45	35B5	.48
3S4	.55	6BH6	.57	6W6GT	.57	35C5	.48
3V4	.56	6BJ6	.48	6X4	.34	35C5	.48
5R4GY	.91	6BK7	.88	6X5GT	.33	35L6GT	.47
5U4G	.40	6BQ6GT	.89	6Y6G	.58	35W4	.30
5Y3GT	.29	6BQ7	.84	12AT6	.48	35Z6GT	.30
5Y4G	.39	6C4	.37	12AT7	.68	50A5	.48
6AB4	.46	6CB6	.53	12AU6	.43	50B5	.47
6AC5	.54	6CD6G	1.85	12AU7	.53	50C5	.47
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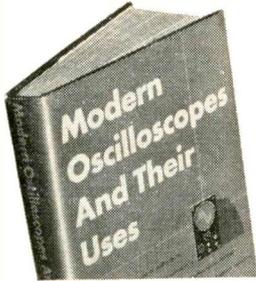
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UNUSUAL BRIGHTNESS PROBLEM

An Emerson model 585 was brought in with the complaint that the brightness control did not function properly. It was impossible to get uniform darkness over the screen.

When the brightness control was backed down, dark bars appeared at the sides of the screen. Continued rotation of the control resulted in the bars widening until they met in the center to black out the screen.

A Du Mont RA-112 came in with the same complaint. However, in this case, the picture got black on only one side.

In both cases the trouble was caused by an open filter capacitor on the B plus line to the first anode of the picture tube.—J. V. Cavaseno

60-CYCLE HUM IN RCA KCS38 CHASSIS

Complaints of 60-cycle hum in extremely strong signal areas can be cleared up by referring to Figs. 1 and 2 and making the following modifications:

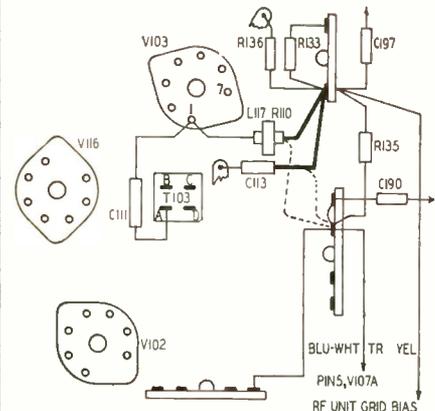


Fig. 1—Wiring changes in RCA KCS38.

Disconnect R110-L117 and C113 from their present tie-point at the junction of R135 and C190 and reconnect them to the adjacent tie-point at the junction of C197, R135, R136, and R133. The original wiring which is removed is shown in dashed lines on the pictorial diagram in Fig. 1 and on the schematic in Fig. 2.

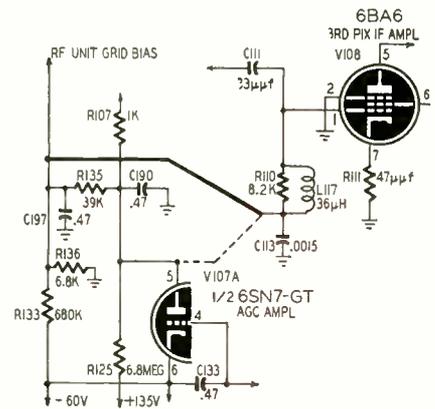


Fig. 2—Schematic of circuit changes.

The heavy lines indicate new wiring. These changes, which produce a greater a.g.c. voltage at the r.f. stage and first picture i.f. amplifier, have been made in late production models of the KCS38 chassis.—RCA Radio Phono TV Tips

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1/2" elements	4.25	3.75
WINDOW CONICALS	4.95	3.75

* MASTS *

5 FOOT SWEDGED	.79	.69
10 FOOT PLAIN	1.39	1.29

* TV WIRE *

42 Mil. 300 OHM	\$9.95 M Ft.
55 Mil. 300 OHM	14.95 M Ft.
72 OHM COAXIAL	45.00 M Ft.

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 Lots of 12 or more 1.19
 12" Heavy Slug Speaker Special 4.98

* CHASSIS 630 REGAL with Cascade Tuner \$149.50

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* We carry a complete stock of HI-FIDELITY and SOUND EQUIPMENT. Send us your requests. We also carry a complete line of popular makes of Radio and TV tubes, at 50% discount. Also many other special purpose and transmitting types, and all electronic parts and equipment at lowest prices. Send us a list of your requirements for prompt quotations.

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Quick-Wedge SCREW-HOLDING SCREWDRIVER

Ask for it at your Dealer Kedman Co., 233 S. 5 W., Salt Lake City, Utah

Harold P. Gilpin was appointed general sales manager of the Radio Tube and Television Picture Tube Divisions of SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS, with headquarters in New York City. He was formerly assistant general sales manager.



H. P. GILPIN

Richard G. Ellis was promoted to general sales manager of the AMERICAN ELECTRICAL HEATER CO., Detroit, manufacturer of American Beauty electric soldering irons. He was formerly a district sales manager. John A. Thomp-



From left to right: J. A. Thompsen, Ward Scranton, R. A. Kuhn, R. G. Ellis.

sen was appointed assistant general sales manager.

Peter L. Jensen, president of JENSEN INDUSTRIES, Chicago, manufacturer of



PETER JENSEN

phonograph needles, was honored on the *Welcome Travelers* radio and TV show the eve of his fiftieth anniversary in the "sound" business.

Dr. Russell R. Law joined HYTRON RADIO & ELECTRONICS Co., Danvers, Mass., as assistant to Charles F. Stromeyer, vice-president in charge of manufacturing and engineering. He will advise Mr. Stromeyer on special technological problems. Dr. Law was formerly with RCA at Harrison and Princeton, N. J.



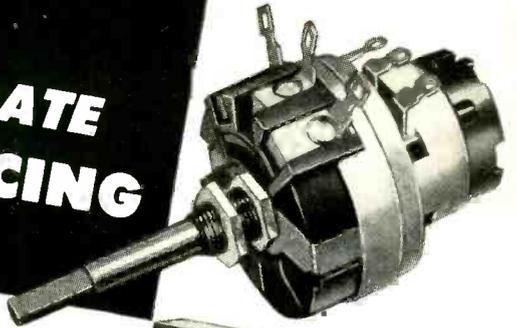
R. R. LAW



R. D. JORDAN

Roy D. Jordan, advertising and sales promotion manager of the Commercial and Government Equipment Department of GENERAL ELECTRIC, Syracuse, N. Y., and Neal F. Harmon, sales engineer and civil defense co-ordinator in the de-

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AMPERITE Studio Microphones at P.A. Prices

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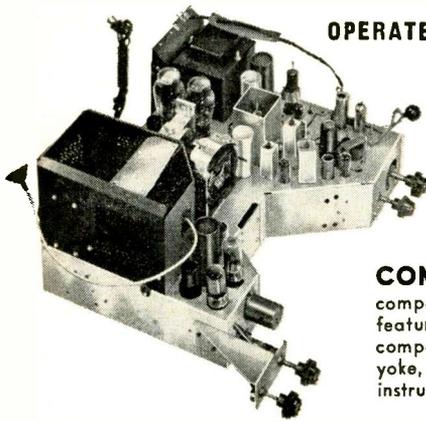
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OPERATES ALL 16" TO 24" PICTURE TUBES

Engineered in strict adherence to the genuine RCA #630, plus added features ★ ★ ★ ★

NOTHING BETTER AT ANY PRICE!

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COMPLETE SET OF PARTS including the components of the STANDARD KIT plus added features, more tubes, doubler components, AGC components. Cascode tuner, Cosine 70° deflection yoke, 12" speaker, etc., and the Brooks LIFE-SIZE instructions (less CRT & wire)

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THIS OFFER MAKES TV HISTORY... never ever so low a price, never ever such high quality... Quality and improvements in components that will enable the finished chassis to operate 10", 12½" and certain 16" picture tubes... This STANDARD KIT consists of a complete set of parts, similar to those used in the famous RCA #630 29-tube chassis, including all tubes, speaker, resistors in correct 5%, 10%, 20% tolerances, the new Cascade Tuner and the Brooks LIFE-SIZE Instructions (less CRT & wire)

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#630 SUPER DELUXE 31-TUBE TV CHASSIS — KNOWN MFR. — Licensed under RCA patents

COMPLETE READY TO PLUG IN AND PLAY including all tubes, CRT mounting brackets, 12" speaker, etc. No charges for extras of any kind. Each set is factory aligned and air tested. All parts are guaranteed 3 months. Our booklet "HINTS FOR BETTER PERFORMANCE ON YOUR #630 TV RECEIVER" is supplied with each set.....Your best buy at

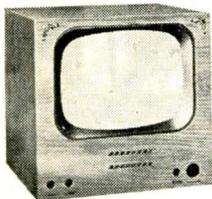
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5 LEADING STYLES in genuine mahogany or walnut (blond 10% extra). Ready drilled for any #630 TV chassis and cutout for any 14", 16", 17", 19", 20" or 21" picture tube or no extras in price. Also supplied with undrilled knob panel for any other TV set. EVERYTHING NECESSARY for an easy perfect assembly is included. Each cabinet is delivered complete as pictured with mask, safety glass, mounting brackets, backboard, backup, hardware and assembling instructions. Each cabinet is shipped in an air cushioned carton from FACTORY to YOU.

The VOGUE
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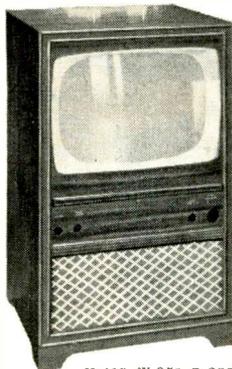
H-24", W-26", D-22"

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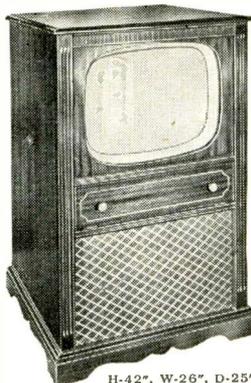


H-41", W-25", D-23"

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MANHATTAN for 24" or 27" CRT
H-46½", W-27¾", D-24" **\$86.22**

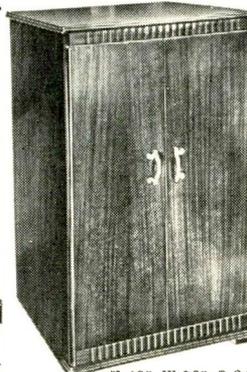
The STREAMLINER
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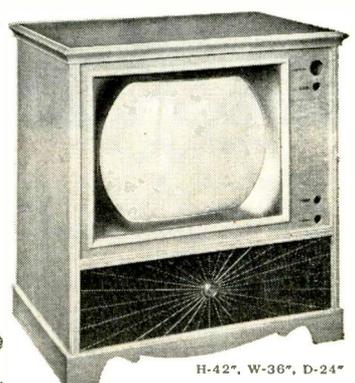


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Patterned after the popular credenza.
Available for all size picture tubes 16" to 27"



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For 16" to 27" CRT **\$109.62**

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Largest Selling Booster

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NEW MODEL



- Greater Pickup
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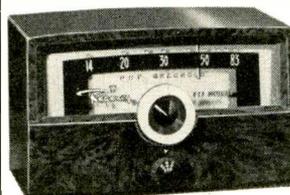
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Your price

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Regency spent a quarter-million dollars in the research and development of this U.H.F. CONVERTER
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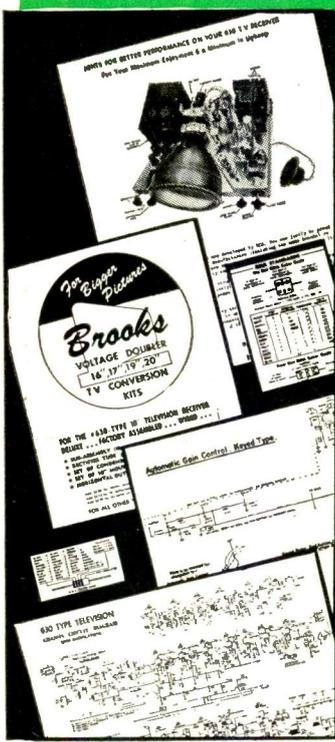
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EVERYONE INTERESTED IN TELEVISION should own this TV literature package • • • The information will be found useful on any make TV set. It's different and right to the point. It carries instructions that are up to the minute and not yet found in expensive text books. Indispensable to the TV technician yet easy enough for anyone with even a limited knowledge of TV to understand and follow.

SAVE MONEY ON REPAIRS—Important common occurrences are carefully analyzed and corrective procedures are suggested. You are told what to do—**WHEN THE RECEIVER FAILS TO OPERATE, WHEN THERE ARE GHOSTS, INTERFERENCE, NO PICTURE, PICTURE FOLD-OVER, NO RASTER, PICTURE BLOOMS, DISTORTED PICTURE, PICTURE ROLLS, NO SOUND, DISTORTED SOUND, CORONA EFFECTS, ETC. PICTURE TUBE ASSEMBLY and PATTERN ADJUSTMENTS** are outlined in detail (the ion trap adjustment caution may save you the price of a new picture tube). The **HORIZONTAL SYNCH, RCA TUNER and STANDARD TUNER** step by step adjustments alone are worth many times the cost of this package.

TUNING GUIDANCE and ANTENNA ADVICE will enable you to enjoy peak performance at its best.

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Comprises set of parts for the original #630 STANDARD or the SUPER DELUXE. Parentheses indicate amounts of parts needed in lots of two or over. *'s Indicate alternate or extra parts needed for the SUPER DELUXE or AGC.

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ESCAPTECHON PLATE, for tuner.....	.69	HI VOLTAGE CAGE ASSEMBLY, complete.....	3.73
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VERTICAL OUTPUT TRANS. 204T2.....	2.69	SOUND DISCRIMINATOR SHIELD.....	.19
VERTICAL BLOCKING TRANS. 208T2.....	1.32	DEFLECTION YOKE BRACKET.....	.29
HORIZONTAL OUTPUT TRANS. 211T1.....	2.47	DEFLECTION YOKE MOUNTING HOOD.....	.59
*HORIZONTAL OUTPUT TRANS. 211T5.....	3.98	FOCUS COIL BRACKETS.....set	.49
FOCUS COIL, 247 ohms, 202D1.....	2.29	CATHODE TRAP COIL SHIELD.....	.39
*FOCUS COIL, 470 ohms, 202D2.....	3.42	CHASSIS MOUNTING BRACKETS, set of 4.....	.44
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*DEFLECTION YOKE, Cosine 70° 206D1.....	3.98	WIDTH CONTROL BRACKET.....	.16
SOUND DISCRIMINATOR TRANS. 203K1.....	1.12	TUNER SHAFT BRACKET.....	.17
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FILTER CHOKE, 62 ohms.....	1.08	INTERLOCK SAFETY CONNECTOR (input).....	.17
CATHODE TRAP COIL.....	202K4.....	COMPLETE TERMINAL STRIP KIT, set of 30.....	.98
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HORIZONTAL LINEARITY COIL, 201R3.....	.39	MINIATURE WAFER SOCKETS (10), each.....	.07
3rd & 4th PIX COILS, (2) 202L1 each.....	.39	MINIATURE MOLDED SOCKETS (2), each.....	.12
FILAMENT CHOKES, (5) 204L1 each.....	.18	OCTAL WAFER SOCKETS (13), each.....	.07
VIDEO PEAKING COIL, 203L1.....	.18	CATHODE RAY TUBE SOCKET, 18" leads.....	.39
VIDEO PEAKING COIL, 203L2.....	.18	HV KINESCOPE LEAD, with clip.....	.39
VIDEO PEAKING COILS, (2) 203L3 each.....	.18	AUDIO OUTPUT TRANSFORMER (6K6).....	.69
VIDEO PEAKING COILS, (2) 203L4 each.....	.18	8" PM SPEAKER, heavy alnico #5 magnet.....	3.97
ION TRAP BEAM BENDER, double 203D3.....	.98	*12" PM SPEAKER, heavy alnico #5 magnet.....	6.94
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PICTURE & SOUND, 10k ohms 1 meg. & switch.....	1.14
VERTICAL & HORIZ. 50k ohms 1 meg.....	1.04
BRIGHTNESS CONTROL, 50k ohms.....	.44
HORIZ. CENTERING, wirewound 20 ohms.....	.57
HEIGHT CONTROL, 2.5 megohms.....	.48
VERTICAL LINEARITY, 5000 ohms.....	.44
VERTICAL CENTERING, wirewound, 20 ohms.....	.96
FOCUS CONTROL, wirewound, 1500 ohms.....	.98
HORIZONTAL DRIVE, 20k ohms.....	.44

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15kv.....	500 mmf.....	.67
*20kv.....	500 mmf.....	(3) each .79

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#630 TV KIT BUILDER-SET of INSTRUCTIONS BUILDING YOUR OWN #630 TV CHASSIS is now simplified with this COMPLETE SET OF BUILDING & WIRING INSTRUCTIONS. Covers all #630's, from the RCA 10" SET to the latest SUPER DE LUXE 31-tube 16" to 24" RECEIVER. EVERYTHING AT A GLANCE—LAYOUT CHARTS show chassis and components in actual LIFE-SIZE with instructions alongside the illustrations. INDISPENSABLE for BUILDING, CONVERTING or TROUBLE SHOOTING any #630 TV SET. Popular priced at only... **\$2.49** Postpaid

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Enclosed find \$ _____ Cash Check M.O.

Please send items checked, also include FREE "PICTURE TUBE INTERCHANGEABILITY GUIDE" and "HIGHLIGHTS OF TV OFFERS FOR 1953."

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Brooks LIFE-SIZE Instructions for \$2.49
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VIDEO & I.F. KIT (19 items)
POWER TRANSFORMER #201T6
VERTICAL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
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FOCUS COIL, 470 ohms #202D2
COSINE DEFLECTION YOKE 70°
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Including LIFE-SIZE TV builder instructions

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Finest, most accurate and the easiest Kit to install in a #630 or in any other make TV receiver. Improves performance, and insures a steady picture on all channels.
COMPLETE SET OF PARTS \$4.59
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Fits All 12 1/2" to 21" picture tubes
Complete—Including band that holds picture tube.
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Modernize a #630 or any TV Set
STANDARD CASCODE TUNER
For better all around performance
Complete with tubes, and Brooks CASCODE MANUAL with step-by-step instructions **\$22.49**

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 6-TUBE SUPER (8-Tube Performance) Installs easily in 15 minutes. Appearance and tone quality equal to expensive radios supplied by car manufacturers.

FOR
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 1948 to 1953 Inclusive Your Price
 List Price \$59.95 **\$41.97**
 Complete Ready to Install

ALSO AVAILABLE IN AUTOMATIC TUNING
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FORD 52-53 CHEVROLET 51-52-53
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List Price \$79.95 Your Price
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The ultimate in radio performance

AC-DC Superheterodyne: Powerful advanced design circuit that operates on AC or DC.
 Tubes: 1-12SA7, 1-12SG7, 1-12SQ7, 1-50L6, 1-35Z5.
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Brand New Factory Guaranteed Stock
 1 oz. mag. on 3" to 6", heavier mag. on 8" & 12"

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4" 1.29	8" 3.97
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75 ma.64	300 ma. 1.62
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150 ma.99	450 ma. 1.98



INDOOR TV ANTENNA
 • Newest, panorama high-gain type
 • Brass 3-section chrome plated dipoles
 • Absolutely tilt and tip-proof
 list price \$5.95 special at **\$1.99**



300 OHM TWIN LEAD-IN

100' — hank	\$1.98
500' — spool	8.91
1000' — 2-500' spools	17.82



72 OHM COAXIAL CABLE

100' — hank	\$ 4.84
500' — spool	22.99
1000' — 2-500' spools	43.86

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.25	600 V	\$.14
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20	150 V29
20/20	150 V39
30	150 V39
40/40/20	150 V-25V58
50/30	150 V58
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16	450 V46
16/16	450 V67
20	450 V48
30	450 V59
40	450 V76
.0005	1700 V15
.01	1700 V19
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(10% extra discount in lots of 1000)

SMALL PEANUT 1"x1"x2 1/8"	\$.89
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EXTRA LARGE 2 1/4"x2 1/4"x6 1/2"	2.97

Above are in blank-white, also available in beautiful red-black at 50% extra in price.

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ONE POUND ROSIN CORE SOLDER	\$.59
100 WATT SOLDERING IRON	1.78
SAPPHIRE PHONOGRAPH NEEDLE58
OUTPUT TRANSFORMER (50L6) . . . . .	.36
OUTPUT TRANSFORMER (6K6) . . . . .	.52
UNIVERSAL OUTPUT TRANS. (any tube) . . . . .	.89
OVAL ANTENNA LOOPS . . . . .	.29
VARI-LOOPSTICK ANTENNA . . . . .	.57
6 FOOT LINE CORD, molded plug . . . . .	.16
VARIABLE CONDENSER, 2 gang, super . . . . .	.59
I.F. TRANSFORMER, 456 kc . . . . .	.49
I.F. TRANSFORMER, FM 10.7 mc . . . . .	.58
VOLUME CONTROL L/S 1/4, 1/2, 1 or 2 meg . . . . .	.24
VOLUME CONTROL W/S 1/4, 1/2, 1 or 2 meg . . . . .	.47
FAMOUS MAKE CRYSTAL PICKUP	2.44
CRYSTAL CARTRIDGE, fits most pickups	1.42
UNIVERSAL PICKUP, 78, 45, 33 rpm	4.63
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PHONO MOTOR, 78, 45, 33 rpm	4.97
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TOGGLE SWITCH, DPDT46
AUTO VIBRATOR, 4 prong type99
HYTRON PROBING TWEEZERS35
HYTRON TUBE PULLER75
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HYTRON PICK-UP STICK05
HYTRON 7-PIN STRAIGHTENER55
HYTRON 9-PIN STRAIGHTENER55
HYTRON AUTO RADIO TOOL . . . . .	.24
SPRAYWAY PLASTIC SPRAY . . . . .	.98
SPRAYWAY ALUMINUM ENAMEL . . . . .	.98
TV HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE . . . . .	.49
TV COLOR ELECTRIC MOTOR	5.68
TV 10KV-500mmf CONDENSER (Cartwheel)19
TV BACK CUP, recesses C.R.T.59
16" PLASTIC SLEEVE for 16" C.R.T.29
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100 ASSORTED CERAMIC CONDENSERS 4-99

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100 ASSORTED KNOBS SCREW & PUSH-ON 3-97

10 VOLUME CONTROLS ASSORTED, WITH SWITCH 1/4, 1/2, 1, 2 meg. and others 2-94

10 VOLUME CONTROLS ASSORTED, LESS SWITCH 1/4, 1/2, 1, 2 meg. and others 1-94

BROOKS RADIO & TV CORP., 84 Vesey St., Dept. A, New York 7, N.Y. TELEPHONE Cortland 7-2359

partment, received a joint Charles A. Coffin Award, the highest honor presented by G-E to its employees. The award was made for their work in establishing a civil defense communications program.



R. ROBINSON

Ray Robinson joined JERROLD ELECTRONICS CORP., Philadelphia, as general manager. Previously, he had been with Philco several years in TV development and as Eastern Regional sales engineer.

Jay J. Greengard joined WALDOM ELECTRONICS, Chicago, maker of replacement cones and electronic components, as general manager. Mr. Greengard was formerly sales and advertising manager of the Talk-A-Phone Company.



J. J. GREENGARD



J. SUMMERS

Jim Summers formerly with Ampro Corp., was appointed advertising manager of SIMPSON ELECTRIC CO., Chicago, and its subsidiaries, Walsh Press & Die Co. and Size Control Co.

Obituaries

Edwin A. Nicholas, founder and ex-president of the FARNSWORTH TELEVISION & RADIO CORP., a member of the Board of Directors of its successor, the Capehart-Farnsworth Corp., and an executive with the parent company, I.T.&T., died at the Lutheran Hospital in Fort Wayne, Ind.

Dr. Emil E. Mayer, internationally known radio and electrical engineer who set up one of the first commercial trans-Atlantic radio stations in 1913, died in his home in New Rochelle, N. Y.

Personnel Notes

... William A. Demerel was promoted to vice-president of LA POINTE ELECTRONICS, Rockville, Conn., at 1 Milby M. Hancock, former general manager, was promoted to assistant to the president.

... Joseph N. Benjamin, was appointed vice-president of PILOT RADIO CORP., Long Island City, N. Y. Previously he had been manager of the Government Contracts Department.

... Monte Cohen was elected president of GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORP., Elizabeth, N. J. He was formerly executive vice-president of General Instrument and president of its subsidiary, the F. W. Sickles Division. He now assumes the presidency of both organizations.



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1A7GT	.47	5X4	.40	6BK7	.59	6W6GT	.44	24A	.63
1A8S	.30	5Y3G	.32	6BQ6GT	.59	6X4	.37	25AV5	.83
1B3	.65	5Y3GT	.32	6BQ7	.95	6X5GT	.37	25BQ6GT	.62
1B5	.30	5Y4G	.35	6BZ7	.95	6W8	.61	25L6GT	.70
1B7GT	.30	5Z3	.46	6C4	.37	6Y6G	.48	25W4	.56
1C5GT	.43	6A7	.59	6C5GT	.39	7A4	.47	25Z5	.43
1E7	.29	6A8	.62	6C6	.58	7AF7	.53	25Z6GT	.37
1G6	.30	6AB4	.44	6CB6	.44	7B4	.44	26	.45
1H4G	.30	6A6S	.43	6CD6G	1.11	7C6	.40	27	.39
1H5GT	.40	6AJ5	.90	6D6	.45	7E8	.30	32L7	.89
1L4	.46	6AK5	.75	6E5	.48	7X7	.70	35B5	.40
1LC5	.51	6AL5	.38	6F5GT	.39	12A8	.61	35C5	.39
1N5	.46	6AQ5	.39	6F6	.37	12A15	.37	35L6GT	.41
1P5	.57	6AQ6	.37	6GG6	.52	12A16	.37	35W4	.37
1Q5	.58	6AR5	.37	6HG6T	.41	12A17	.56	35Z4	.39
1R5	.45	6AS5	.50	6J5GT	.37	12A18	.38	35Z5GT	.37
1S5	.39	6AS6	.73	6J6	.52	12A19	.43	36	.60
1T4	.45	6AT6	.37	6J7G	.43	12A19	.39	41	.42
1T5	.53	6AU6	.38	6J8	.30	12AV7	.59	42	.42
1U4	.45	6AV5	.83	6K5	.47	12AX4	.48	43	.55
1U5	.39	6AV6	.37	6K6GT	.37	12AX7	.48	45	.55
1V	.60	6AX4	.53	6K7	.44	12AZ7	.69	45Z5	.49
1X2	.63	6B4G	.64	6L6	.64	12B6G	.38	50B5	.39
2A3	.70	6B6A	.39	6Q7	.45	12BD6	.45	50C5	.39
2X2	1.50	6B7A	.57	6S4	.38	12BE6	.39	50C6	.59
3A4	.45	6B8C5	.44	6S8	.53	12BF6	.39	50L6GT	.41
3E5	.46	6BD5GT	.59	6SA7GT	.43	12BH7	.63	50Y7	.50
3Q4	.48	6BD6	.45	6SD7GT	.41	12BY7	.65	57	.58
3Q5GT	.49	6BE6	.39	6SF5GT	.46	12J5GT	.42	58	.60
3S4	.46	6BF5	.41	6SG7GT	.41	12S8	.70	70L7GT	1.09
3V4	.47	6BF6	.37	6SH7	.73	12SA7GT	.44	75	.41
5U4G	.45	6BG6G	1.25	6SJ7GT	.41	12SF5	.50	76	.44
				6SK7GT	.41	12SG7GT	.52	77	.57
				6SL7GT	.48	12S7	.44	78	.47
				6SN7GT	.52	12SK7GT	.48	80	.35
				6SQ7GT	.37	12SL7GT	.47	83	.68
				6SR7GT	.45	12SN7GT	.52	85	.59
				6S57	.42	12SQ7	.44	117L7	.99
				6T8	.56	12SR7	.49	117Z3	.37
				6U4	.60	14J7	.30	807	1.50
				6U5	.44	14W7	.39	1274	.99
				6U6	.63	19BG6G	.95	20D5	1.85
				6U8	.61	19C8	.70	6113	1.00

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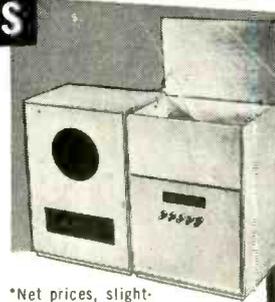
TERMS: A 25% deposit must accompany all orders—balance C.O.D. All shipments F.O.B. Irvington warehouse. Orders under \$10—\$1.00 handling charge. Subject to prior sale. Don't Delay . . . Order Today!

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All kits include 5/8" white pine plywood cut to size, baffle pre-cut for 12" or 15" speaker, Saran Plastic AcoustiCloth, Kimsul Acoustic Insulation, Assembly and finishing instructions, hardware, plastic wood, sandpaper and glue.

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Ideal housing for hi-fi components . . . removable panels make future changes easier. Loudspeaker cabinet acoustically-designed for either 12" or 15" speaker.

Overall dimensions: #80 27.00*
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20" H, 21 3/4" W, (inside dimensions) (12" speaker)
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6 cubic feet (15" speaker)

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Reproduces a quality of bass heretofore only possible through the use of far more expensive designs.

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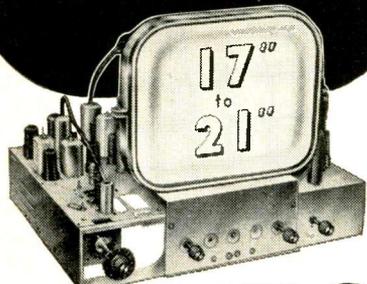
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No previous technical knowledge required . . . Easiest to assemble . . . New A4 circuit gives finest picture and sound . . . Ideal for fringe areas . . . Has Automatic Frequency Control . . . Automatic Gain Control . . . Retrace Elimination . . . Never obsolete because color and other developments can be added easily . . . Choice of 6 Kits.

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Do you plan to be a TV Technician, Service-Dealer, or Engineer? You'll benefit by assembling a Transvision TV Kit.

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You profit by gaining valuable practical knowledge . . . by saving on servicing costs . . . and by producing a TV chassis worth up to 100% above your cost.

UHF and REMOTE CONTROL may be had at small additional cost.

EXPORTERS: Foreign system of 625 lines can be accommodated.

For complete line of TV Cabinets, ask for folder.



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FAMOUS EDITOR of a national science magazine says: . . . my own assembly (of the kit) produced top-quality results, comparable with any set I've seen and better than most . . ."

FREE CATALOG describes 6 great new Transvision TV Kits.

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TRANSVISION, INC., NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y. Dept. RE4K

I'm enclosing \$_____ deposit. Send standard kit PACKAGE #1, with all Instruction Material. I'll pay the balance C.O.D.

Send FREE copy of your new TV Kit Catalog, Cabinet Folder, and Price Lists.

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____

THE FUND TOPS \$10,500

HELP - FREDDIE-WALK FUND

Recently the Help-Freddie-Walk Fund, organized to give assistance to little Freddie Thomason, four-year-old son of Herschel Thomason, radio technician of Magnolia, Arkansas, received a donation of \$38.37, accompanied by the following letter:

"With a feeling of gratitude by All Hands in being able to subscribe to such a worthy cause to help little Freddie walk, we, the Ship's Company and students of FAETULANT Detachment #2, U. S. Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida, forward this contribution."

It was sent in by L. Pierceall, chairman, Collections, Fleet Airborne Electronics Training Unit Atlantic, at Jacksonville, to whom a grateful acknowledgment has already been sent. However, we would like to express our special thanks to these men who, in the midst of training for the important role they will play in our country's defense, took time out to solicit funds to help Freddie walk.

Most of our readers know that Freddie was born without arms or legs. He has been fitted with artificial legs and is presently learning to walk for the first time in his young life. It takes faith and courage, not only on the part of Freddie but also his parents, to train a growing body to respond to such artificial stimulus, but Freddie is making wonderful progress. The enthusiastic support of his many hundreds of friends plays no small part in his determination to succeed—and soon.

It will be many years before the work of the Help-Freddie-Walk fund may be considered "done." Until such time, many thousands of dollars will be needed to finance the needs of this otherwise healthy, growing youngster. Therefore we urge every reader to help this worthy cause by sending in his contribution, no matter how small or how large, as soon and as often as possible. No donation is too small to receive our sincere thanks and acknowledgment. Make all checks, money orders, etc., payable to Herschel Thomason. Address all letters to:

HELP-FREDDIE-WALK FUND
c/o RADIO-ELECTRONICS Magazine
25 West Broadway
New York 7, New York

FAMILY CIRCLE CONTRIBUTIONS
Balance as of January 20, 1953 . . . \$ 578.50
Lucille B. Childs, Philadelphia, Pa. . . . 5.00
Teresa Lenore Russell, Medford, Mass. . . . 1.00

FAMILY CIRCLE Contributions as of February 19, 1953 . . . \$ 584.50

RADIO-ELECTRONICS CONTRIBUTIONS
Balance as of January 20, 1953 . . . \$9,844.22
Anonymous, Columbus, Ohio 5.00
Anonymous, Philadelphia, Pa. 3.00

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Morris Klein, Glassport, Pa.	5.00
Jim Schaller, Van Nuys, Calif.	1.00
Ship's Company and students of FAETULANT Detachment #2, U. S. Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Fla.	38.37
Carl C. Shirley, St. Petersburg, Fla.	2.00
C. O. Sims, Pitman, New Jersey	10.00
Mr. & Mrs. R. E. Slight, Massillon, Ohio	5.00
Albert Steinberg, Phila., Pa.	15.00
Ruth & Lois Vandebree, Noank, Conn.	1.00

RADIO-ELECTRONICS Contributions as of February 19, 1953 \$9,949.59
 FAMILY CIRCLE Contributions .. 584.50

TOTAL Contributions as of February 19, 1953 \$10,534.09

So Simple

"A child could fix a TV set,"
 They tell us, as we work and sweat.

"A child could do it," we reply,
 "But children are too smart to try."
 —JEANNE DEGOOD

CORRECTION

Clear Beam Television Antennas, Burbank, California, was omitted from our annual Antenna Directory (January) because of difficulties in mail service. The company manufactures v.h.f., u.h.f., and special u.h.f. lead-in, antennas and accessories.

Radio Thirty-Five Years Ago
 In Gernsback Publications

HUGO GERNSBACK
 Founder

Modern Electrics	1908
Wireless Association of America	1908
Electrical Experimenter	1913
Radio News	1919
Science & Invention	1920
Television	1927
Radio-Craft	1929
Short-Wave Craft	1930
Television News	1931

Some of the larger libraries still have copies of ELECTRICAL EXPERIMENTER on file for interested readers.

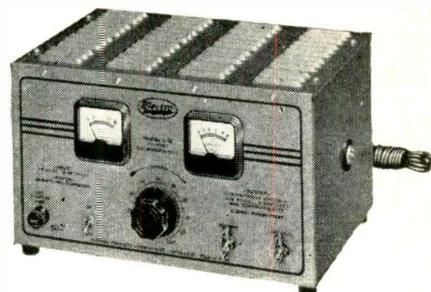
APRIL 1919

ELECTRICAL EXPERIMENTER

- Grand Opera in Your Home, by H. Gernsback.
- Guiding Airships with the "Radio Barrage", by Lee de Forest.
- The Moon's Rotation, by Nikola Tesla.
- How to Make a Direct-Reading Wave-meter and Decremeter, by H. Winfield Secor.
- German Radio Apparatus Used at Metz.
- Radiotelephony to Airplanes a Great Success. END

APRIL, 1953

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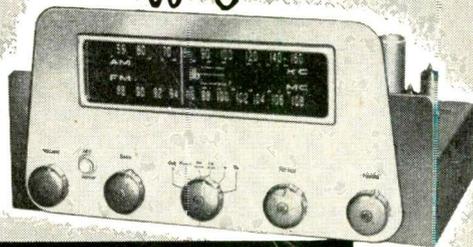
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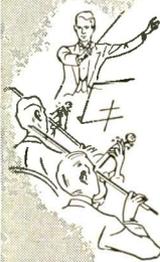
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BOGEN R-701 FM-AM TUNER

The Model R-701 is a truly superb FM-AM radio receiver designed expressly for the discriminating listener. It provides a quality of performance so brilliantly real and so vastly superior to standard mass produced receivers that it must be heard to be believed. Handsomely styled for custom installation, it is easily adaptable to any wall or cabinet closure. Six position function selector switch, volume control, and separate bass and treble correctors centralize all operation on one panel . . . permit remote location of the audio amplifier.

MODEL H010 — A superb all triode amplifier providing minimum distortion (less than 0.3% at 10 watts), maximum response (flat 10-50,000 cycles), tremendous dynamic range and overall balance. Ideal for use with the R701 Tuner.

MODEL D010 — New popular priced Hi-Fi custom Amplifier, designed for use with the new R701 Tuner. Can be mounted directly behind the tuner in most installations. Ten watts output at less than 1% distortion. Response flat 20-20,000 cps.



WRITE FOR LITERATURE TO DESK RE-4

DAVID BOGEN CO., INC.
 29 NINTH AVE., NEW YORK 14, N. Y.

A Quarter Century of Electronic Equipment Specialization

TRANSATLANTIC CROSSING

Dear Editor:

In your publication of December, 1951, under the heading, "Transatlantic Crossing' Remembered," you undertake to report the facts about the first transmission across the Atlantic on 200 meters.

The article states:

"Exactly 20 years before (December 12, 1901), Marconi—also using short wavelengths—had received a single letter across the Atlantic. Since then there had been no verified report of successful communication at such short wavelengths and the exploit had dropped to the status of a legend in the minds of communication engineers. But by 1921 reports of British reception of American amateur signals had been seeping through with enough insistence to persuade the American Radio Relay League to check and to make an official test."

The last sentence is not in accordance with the facts. There were no reports of British reception of American signals that "had been seeping through with enough insistence to persuade the American Radio Relay League to check and to make an official test." An official test had been made the preceding year and had resulted in a flat failure to hear any signals whatsoever.

So firmly was the idea implanted in the so-called science of the day that long waves were necessary to cross the Atlantic, that no engineer of the commercial organizations predicted anything but another flat failure. Even after the transmission and reception of the first message of IBCG, the comment of the commercial organizations was that it was an interesting event, but for steady communication long waves were the only thing of any importance. These statements are matters of record.

It would be appreciated by those who took part in this transmission and reception if you would publish this communication. It will correctly inform the present generation of hams of the situation as it really was in 1920.

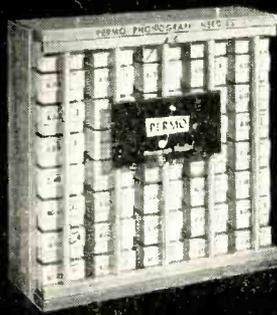
GEORGE E. BURGHARD, *Chairman*
IBCG Memorial Committee
New York City

MORE ON MEN AND DOGS

Dear Editor:

In the November, 1952, RADIO-ELECTRONICS, reader Herb Mesler reported severe interference from a nearby TV receiver on the 75-meter amateur band. An experience I had with the same problem may be of assistance to Mr. Mesler and others.

A TV set about 300 feet from my communications receiver radiated interference every 10.125 kc over the whole broadcast band and the 160- and 80-meter ham bands. The radiations were amplitude-modulated by 50 cycles. The 10.125-kc interval between points of interference is, of course, the horizontal sweep frequency in British television receivers. (The current British



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1/2 watt \$1.95

100 asst. Carbon Resistors, 1/2,
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100 asst. Ceramic Condensers... \$2.95

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Condensers \$2.49

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standard is 25 frames per second, of 405 lines each.—*Editor.*) The interfering radiations were obviously harmonics of the non-sinusoidal horizontal waveform.

Shielding the components in the horizontal-sweep circuit met with little success, as most of the interference was radiated by the picture tube. We finally decided to try shielding the whole interior of the TV-receiver cabinet with *Aquadag* (colloidal graphite). After this treatment the communications receiver could be operated within a few feet of the TV set with hardly any interference—even on frequencies below 300 kc, where the horizontal-sweep harmonics are strongest.

The *Aquadag* solution may be brushed on the inside of the cabinet. Don't forget to include the removable back, and bond the whole surface electrically where any discontinuities exist. The shield coating should be connected to the TV receiver chassis, except, of course, where the chassis is connected to one side of the power line. In this case make the connection through a .01- μ f, 600- or 1,000-volt flame-proof capacitor.

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LEARNING TAPE RECORDING

Dear Editor:

As a broadcast operator I have had some experience in using tape recordings and transcriptions, but no experience whatever in making them.

Can you recommend some books on the art of tape recording that I can study? Is there a school I can attend, or a correspondence course I can take?

CHARLES B. CARLON

Lomita, California

(There are few, if any, books and study courses which specialize in tape recording. This field is relatively new, and besides, not too much skill is needed to make good tapes. In fact, many educational and professional groups are making good tape recordings with semi-technical and even inexperienced personnel.

Study the manufacturer's instruction manuals and technical data on the equipment you intend to use. As a broadcast operator you already know how to handle microphones and amplifiers, and a little practice with a tape recorder will give you the necessary confidence.

Here are a few books that may help you. As stated before, these are not "tape" books, but each does have some data on tape machines. The dates give the issue of RADIO-ELECTRONICS in which each book was reviewed.

SOUND RECORDING AND REPRODUCTION by Godfrey and Amos (*Wireless World*)—Sept., 1952

MUSICAL ENGINEERING by Olson (*McGraw-Hill*)—June, 1952

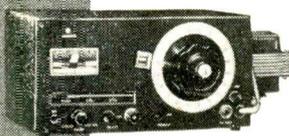
RECORDING AND REPRODUCTION OF SOUND by Read (*Howard W. Sams & Co.*)—May, 1952

TAPE RECORDERS by I. Queen—Series of four articles in RADIO-ELECTRONICS beginning in August, 1952—*Editor*)

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1S5	.76	6C4	.68	12A87	1.16
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AUDIO CATALOG

Califone's 1953 line of phonographs, transcription players, and sound systems is described in an 8-page, 2-color, illustrated catalog.

Free of charge from Califone Corp., 1041 N. Sycamore Ave., Hollywood 38, Calif.

MAGNETIC MATERIALS

A range of 20 high-permeability materials and 22 permanent magnet alloys are described in the 12-page booklet, *A Review of Magnetic Materials*. Typical properties are given in table form, and comparative information is discussed in the text and illustrated by 15 charts. Applications are drawn primarily from the communications field and illustrate typical uses for the various alloys.

Available gratis from the International Nickel Co., Dept. EZ, 67 Wall St., New York 5, N. Y.

TRANSFORMER CATALOG

Catalog No. T-100 is a cross-reference transformer catalog which matches Utah transformers to manufacturers' parts. Reference charts are supplemented by electrical and physical data for each item, together with tube applications for output transformers.

Copies free on request from Utah Radio Products Co., Inc., Huntington, Ind.

TRANSFORMER CATALOG

A new 14-page Stancor Transformer Catalog and Replacement Guide, listing replacement information on over 4,400 TV models and chassis is now available. Manufacturers' part numbers, listed in numerical order by type of transformer have Stancor replacements listed next to them. The guide also lists the electrical and physical specifications of Stancor transformers.

Copies on request from Standard Transformer Corp., 3580 Elston Ave., Chicago 18, Ill.

TEST EQUIPMENT

The 1953 Heathkit Test Equipment catalog is a 31-page booklet listing data and prices on all the kits the company now manufactures. Included are amplifiers, an a.f. meter, audio oscillator, FM tuner, grid dip meter, oscilloscope, signal generator, signal tracer, and v.t.v.m.

Copies gratis on request from the Heath Co., Benton Harbor 20, Mich.

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ELECTRON TUBES IN INDUSTRY, Third Edition, by Keith Henney and James D. Fahnestock. Published by McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, N. Y. 6 x 9 inches, 353 pages. Price \$6.00.

The electron tube is a very useful tool in modern industry and it becomes more important as time passes. It controls, counts, measures, generates heat by r.f.; it welds and performs many other duties. Of course, a tube needs appropriate circuits and components. This book presents an up-to-date and complete description of tubes, accessories, and circuits. It can be very helpful to technicians, maintenance engineers, and experimenters. The authors emphasize the practical side of the subject.

The first chapters discuss and review principles of circuits and tubes. One chapter on rectifiers and power supplies gives information on voltage multipliers, portable high-voltage units, and regulators. Detailed data and many schematics appear in the chapters on phototubes and thyratrons, so important in control equipment.

The chapter on measurement and control is particularly important and useful. It shows typical applications of tubes. Among the topics are: dimension control and measurement, register control strain gauges, elevator leveling, thermocouple circuits, and illumination control. Chapters on r.f. heating, welding, and counting, complete the volume.

—IQ

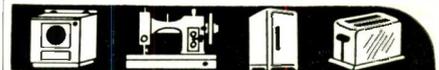
BASIC ELECTRONIC TEST INSTRUMENTS, by Rufus P. Turner. Published by Technical Division, Rinehart Books, Inc., 232 Madison Ave., New York 16, N. Y. 6 x 9 inches, 254 pages. Price \$4.00.

All basic test instruments for radio and electronic technicians are described here. The book shows how to make test set-ups, how to calibrate equipment, how to align and measure. Diagrams, tables and photographs are numerous. Examples and review questions are given to help the student.

The first chapters discuss meters for voltage, current, resistance, power, impedance. All types of a.c. and d.c. v.t.v.m.'s are described. Circuits and methods are given for finding L, C, and Q. The TV-FM technician will find much material on probes, sweep and marker generators, pattern generators, oscilloscopes, bridges, signal generators and tracers. The final chapter features tube testers. The book is suitable for test set constructors as well as trouble-shooters.—IQ

PRINCIPLES OF TELEVISION SERVICING, by Carter V. Rabinoff and Magdalena E. Wolbrecht. Published by McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, N. Y. 6 x 9 inches, 560 pages. Price \$7.50.

This text gives a minimum of theory. It shows how to use the scope, generator, and v.t.v.m. It contains much useful information for the service technician. Trouble-shooting hints and servicing notes appear at the end of many



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of the chapters. Correct waveforms at different points of the receiver are given as a check on the performance.

The first chapters provide a general survey. Then specific topics such as tuners, detectors, sweep circuits, power supplies, etc., are covered. Other chapters discuss alignment, antennas, trouble-shooting, test equipment, etc. There is even a chapter on record changers.

Many of the schematics suffer from excessive reduction in size. It might have been better to have edited them, leaving only those components and sections which are under discussion in the text. This would have made it easier to follow the function and operation of circuits. Many of the receivers described seem to be several years old.—IQ

HEARING AIDS, by Matthew Mandl. Published by the Macmillan Co., 60 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. 5 1/2 x 8 1/2 inches, 158 pages. Price \$3.50.

Written for the "15 million people in this country with hearing difficulties," this book is slanted more at the user than at the repair technician. Starting with a general chapter on hearing aids, in which various types and various components are described briefly, the author discusses the problems of the new user, the method of wearing an aid, the earpiece, and taking care of hearing aids and batteries.

Three chapters are devoted to repair. Two of these are aimed directly at the user, while the third is so handled as to be of more value to the technician. One general schematic of a hearing aid is printed, plus the diagram of a push-pull output circuit. A list of tools useful in hearing-aid trouble shooting is given, as well as a short table of common troubles.—FS

PHOTOELECTRIC TUBES, by A. Sommer. Published by Methuen & Co. Ltd. (London) and distributed in the United States by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 16, N. Y. 4 1/4 x 6 3/4 inches, 118 pages including index and bibliography. Price \$1.90.

This book is the second edition of one which was published earlier as *Photoelectric Cells*. It is devoted entirely to emission type phototubes. It does not cover barrier-layer or photoconductive types although the word photocell is still used for these devices in many places.

The work deals with the principles of photoelectric emission, the properties and manufacture of photocathodes, and the advantages and disadvantages of gas-filled and multiplier-type phototubes. The concluding chapter deals with applications of the phototube to problems of a photoelectric nature, but does not go into circuitry and design problems.

The book is definitely one for the phototube designer or student rather than one for the experimenter or engineer interested in circuit development.

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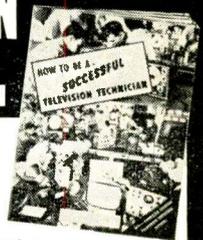
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ADVERTISING INDEX

All Channel Antenna Corp.	101
Allied Radio Corp.	19, 126
Almo Radio Co.	111
American Electronics Co.	112
American Phenolic Corp.	103
American Television and Radio Co.	112
Amperite Co., Inc.	131
Amplifier Corporation of America	111
Arky Radio, Inc.	116
Atlas Sound Corp.	141
Audal Publishers	106
Barry Electronics	144
Belden Manufacturing Co.	12
Bell Telephone Labs.	6, 22
Blonder-Tongue Labs.	92
Bogen Co., David	137
Brach Manufacturing Co.	107
Brooks Radio and TV Corp.	132, 133, 134
Brown Radio Co. Tom	92
Burroughs Radio Inc.	116
Candler System Co.	9
Capitol Radio Engineering Institute	10
Centralab—Div. of Globe Union	141
Century Electronics Co.	24, 25
Channel Master Corp.	131
Clarostat Manufacturing Co., Inc.	11
Cleveland Institute of Radio Electronics	106
Commissioned Electronics	140
Galvanics	128
Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corp.	90, 118
Coyne Electrical and TV Radio School	97, 114
Crescent School	124
Davis Electronics	124
DeCray, Frank W.	134
DeForest's Training, Inc.	7
Delco Radio	123
Edlie Electronics	119
Electro Devices	137
Electro Products Labs.	14, 15
Electro-Voice, Inc.	28
Electronic Instrument Co., Inc.	113
Electronic Measurements Corp.	122
Elliot Labs.	110
Espey Manufacturing Co., Inc.	128
Fair Radio Sales	108
Federated Purchaser	139
Feiler Engineering Co.	98, 139
G and G Radio Parts Service	142
G and H Wood Products	135
Gavronics	105
General Industries Co.	116
General Test Equipment	129
Greylock Electronic Supply Co.	69-79 Inclusive
Heath Co.	116
Herman Radio	95, 111
Hickok Electrical Instrument Co.	100
Hughes Research and Development Labs	98
Huron Supply Co.	83
Hytron Radio and Electronics Corp.	106, 110
I.D.E.A. Inc. (Regency)	98
Indiana Technical College	92
Industrial Television Inc.	13
Instructograph Co.	17
International Correspondence Schools	126
JFD Manufacturing Co., Inc.	88
Jensen Industries, Inc.	141
Jones and Laughlin Steel Corp.	130
Kapner and Co.	139
Kedman Co.	94
Lampkin Laboratories, Inc.	102
LaPointe Electronics	98
Lee Electronic Labs	70
Leotone Radio Corp.	3, 23
Mallory and Co., Inc., P. R.	Inside Back Cover
Mannfred Electronics	141
McGraw-Hill Book Co.	2, 25
Merit Coil and Transformer Co.	20
Metropolitan Supply Co.	106
Moss Electronic Distributing Co.	99
National Radio Institute	3
National Schools	18
Ohmite Manufacturing Co.	142
Opportunity Adlets	123
Oxford Electric Corp.	111, 123
Peninsula Television and Radio Supply	86
Perma-Power Co.	138
Permo, Inc.	115
Philo Corp.	106
Phillips Tube Co.	85
Plastoid Corp.	8
Precision Development Corp.	120
Precision Apparatus Co., Inc.	123
Precision Electronics	123
Prentice-Hall, Inc.	94, 131
Pres-Probe Co.	124
Progressive Electronics	108
Quietie Co.	114
RCA Institutes, Inc.	21
RCA Victor Division (Radio Corporation of America)	Inside Front Cover, 89, 105, Back Cover
Rad-Tel Tube Co.	135
Radelco Manufacturing Co.	122
Radiart Corp.	81, 140
Radio City Products	109
Radio Distributing Co.	111
Radio Merchandise Sales, Inc.	111
Radio Products Supply Co.	139

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Model 305MP Watt Ampl. as Pictured Above Features Mike & Phono Inputs, 150W Output, Cntrl. Late Compensated, Tone Cntrl. Design. Complete w/12B Tubes. \$14.98

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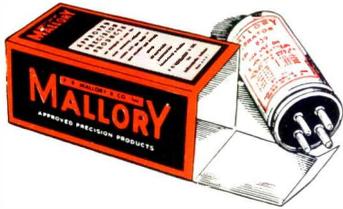
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HARRISON, N. J.